Other Structures		All Heights	
Figure 29.5-1	Force Coefficients, $C_f$	Chimneys, Tanks, Rooftop	
		<b>Equipment, &amp; Similar Structures</b>	

Cross-Section	Type of Surface	h/D		
Cross-Section	Type of Surface	1	7	25
Square (wind normal to face)	All	1.3	1.4	2.0
Square (wind along diagonal)	All	1.0	1.1	1.5
Hexagonal or octagonal	All	1.0	1.2	1.4
	Moderately smooth	0.5	0.6	0.7
Round $(D\sqrt{q_z} > 2.5)$	Rough (D'/D = $0.02$ )	0.7	0.8	0.9
$(D\sqrt{q_z} > 5.3, D \text{ in m}, q_z \text{ in N/m}^2)$	Very rough (D'/D = $0.08$ )	0.8	1.0	1.2
Round $(D\sqrt{q_z} \le 2.5)$ $(D\sqrt{q_z} \le 5.3, D \text{ in m}, q_z \text{ in N/m}^2)$	All	0.7	0.8	1.2

## **Notes:**

- 1. The design wind force shall be calculated based on the area of the structure projected on a plane normal to the wind direction. The force shall be assumed to act parallel to the wind direction.
- 2. Linear interpolation is permitted for h/D values other than shown.
- 3. Notation:
  - D: diameter of circular cross-section and least horizontal dimension of square, hexagonal or octagonal cross-sections at elevation under consideration, in feet (meters);
  - D': depth of protruding elements such as ribs and spoilers, in feet (meters); and
  - h: height of structure, in feet (meters); and
  - $q_z$ : velocity pressure evaluated at height z above ground, in pounds per square foot (N/m<sup>2</sup>).
- 4. For rooftop equipment on buildings with a mean roof height of  $h \le 60$  ft, use Section 29.5.1.