Shading Coefficient (SC)	A measure of the amount of heat passing through glazing compared with the heat passing through a single clear glass. It is the ratio of solar heat gain at normal incidence through glazing to that occurring through an approximately 3 millimetre (1/8th inch) thick clear, double-strength glass.
Showroom	Any space allocated for conducting a commercial business such as displaying commodities for purpose of wholesale or retail sale, and has a road front façade not less than nine (9) metres wide.
Solar Reflectance Index (SRI)	The SRI is an index that combines reflectivity and emissivity, measuring a material's ability to reject solar heat. SRI is defined so that a standard black (reflectance 0.05 and emittance 0.90) is 0 and a standard white (reflectance 0.80 and emittance 0.90) is 100. Materials with higher SRI absorb less heat and can reduce the heat island effect.
Substrate	The base material to which a process, such as painting, is applied to produce new films or layers of a different material.
Thermal bridges	Component, or assembly of components, in a building envelope, where the insulation is not continuous and through which heat is transferred at a substantially higher rate than through the surrounding envelope area; such as a metal fastener, concrete beam, slab or column.
Thermal comfort	A condition experienced by building occupants which is satisfied with the thermal environment.
Thermal insulation	Materials, or the methods and processes used to reduce heat transfer. Heat energy can be transferred by conduction, convection or radiation. The flow of heat can be delayed by addressing one or more of these mechanisms and is dependent on the physical properties of the material employed to do this.