

Regulations of Construction Conditions And Specifications in the Emirate of Sharjah

Second: Wind Loads.

British Code No. 6399 – Part II- for the year 1995, or British Code No. 2 – Chapter five- Part II for the year 1972. It should be noted that the basic wind speed in the Emirate of Sharjah is (45m/second), and for industrial installations up to height of 10m, the wind speed shall be adopted as (100km/m).

Third: Live Loads on Ceiling.

British Code No. 6399 – Part III – 1988. Provided that calculations should take into account the dynamic impact and concentration of loads resulting from the air-conditioning sets and equipment, water tanks, sands accumulation on the roof partition edges and the impact of helicopters landing.

Fourth: Earthquakes Loads.

- 1. (Code USA Chapter 16 Division III to V UBC-Uniform Building) 1997. With the necessity of complying with the following values for the coefficients stated in the equation of calculating the horizontal static forces equivalent to earthquakes actions.
- 2. Tension coefficient based on the area shall be taken as a basis for the area (2A).
- 3. Soil coefficient, which shall be taken on the basis of table 16-j of earthquake code UBC 1997.

Article (2/76): Design Codes

Foundations:

British Code (BS 8004:1986).

Installations of reinforced concrete or post tensioning concrete, or ordinary concrete:

British Code No. 8110.

(BS 8110: Part 1: 1997) for design and construction.

(BS 8110: Part 2: 1985) for considerations relevant to design.

(BS 8110: Part 3: 1985) for tables and drawings relevant to design.

Steel Installations.

British Code No. 449 – Part 2- 1969, or British Code No. 5950.

(BS 5950, Part 1: 1985).

(BS 5950, Part 2: 1985).