

Main Wind Force Resisting System and Components and Cladding – Part 1		All Heights		
Figure 27.4-3	External Pressure Coefficients, C_p	Arched Roofs		
Enclosed, Partially Enclosed Buildings and Structures				
Conditions	Rise-to-span ratio, r	C_p		
		Windward quarter	Center half	Leeward quarter
Roof on elevated structure	$0 < r < 0.2$	-0.9	$-0.7 - r$	-0.5
	$0.2 \leq r < 0.3^*$	$1.5r - 0.3$	$-0.7 - r$	-0.5
	$0.3 \leq r \leq 0.6$	$2.75r - 0.7$	$-0.7 - r$	-0.5
Roof springing from ground level	$0 < r \leq 0.6$	$1.4r$	$-0.7 - r$	-0.5

*When the rise-to-span ratio is $0.2 \leq r \leq 0.3$, alternate coefficients given by $6r - 2.1$ shall also be used for the windward quarter.

Notes:

- Values listed are for the determination of average loads on main wind force resisting systems.
- Plus and minus signs signify pressures acting toward and away from the surfaces, respectively.
- For wind directed parallel to the axis of the arch, use pressure coefficients from Fig. 27.4-1 with wind directed parallel to ridge.
- For components and cladding: (1) At roof perimeter, use the external pressure coefficients in Fig. 30.4-2A, B and C with θ based on spring-line slope and (2) for remaining roof areas, use external pressure coefficients of this table multiplied by 0.87.