- **703.2.3 Restrained classification.** Fire-resistance-rated assemblies tested under ASTM E 119 or UL 263 shall not be considered to be restrained unless evidence satisfactory to the *building official* is furnished by the *registered design professional* showing that the construction qualifies for a restrained classification in accordance with ASTM E 119 or UL 263. Restrained construction shall be identified on the plans.
- **703.3 Alternative methods for determining fire resistance.** The application of any of the alternative methods listed in this section shall be based on the fire exposure and acceptance criteria specified in ASTM E 119 or UL 263. The required *fire resistance* of a building element, component or assembly shall be permitted to be established by any of the following methods or procedures:
 - 1. Fire-resistance designs documented in sources.
 - 2. Prescriptive designs of fire-resistance-rated building elements, components or assemblies as prescribed in Section 720.
 - 3. Calculations in accordance with Section 721.
 - 4. Engineering analysis based on a comparison of building element, component or assemblies designs having *fire-resistance ratings* as determined by the test procedures set forth in ASTM E 119 or UL 263.
 - 5. Alternative protection methods as allowed by Section 104.11.
- **703.4 Noncombustibility tests.** The tests indicated in Sections 703.4.1 and 703.4.2 shall serve as criteria for acceptance of building materials as set forth in Sections 602.2, 602.3 and 602.4 in Type I, II, III and IV construction. The term "noncombustible" does not apply to the flame spread characteristics of *interior finish* or *trim* materials. A material shall not be classified as a noncombustible building construction material if it is subject to an increase in combustibility or flame spread beyond the limitations herein established through the effects of age, moisture or other atmospheric conditions.
 - **703.4.1 Elementary materials.** Materials required to be noncombustible shall be tested in accordance with ASTM E 136.
 - **703.4.2 Composite materials.** Materials having a structural base of noncombustible material as determined in accordance with Section 703.4.1 with a surfacing not more than 0.125 inch (3.18 mm) thick that has a *flame spread index* not greater than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84 or UL 723 shall be acceptable as noncombustible materials.
- **703.5 Fire-resistance-rated glazing.** Fire-resistance-rated glazing, when tested in accordance with ASTM E 119 or UL 263 and complying with the requirements of Section 707, shall be permitted. Fire-resistance-rated glazing shall bear a *label* or other identification showing the name of the manufacturer, the test standard and the identifier "W-XXX," where the "XXX" is the *fire-resistance rating* in minutes. Such *label* or identification shall be issued by an agency and shall be permanently affixed to the glazing.
- **703.6 Marking and identification.** Fire walls, fire barriers, fire partitions, smoke barriers and smoke partitions or any other wall required to have protected openings or penetrations shall be effectively and permanently identified with signs or stenciling. Such identification shall: