

Topographic Multipliers for Exposure C										
	K ₁ Multiplier				K ₂ Multiplier			K ₃ Multiplier		
H/L _h	2-D	2-D	3-D	x/L _h	2-D	All	z/L _h	2-D	2-D	3-D
	Ridge	Escarp.	Axisym.		Escarp.	Other		Ridge	Escarp.	Axisym.
			Hill			Cases				Hill
0.20	0.29	0.17	0.21	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
0.25	0.36	0.21	0.26	0.50	0.88	0.67	0.10	0.74	0.78	0.67
0.30	0.43	0.26	0.32	1.00	0.75	0.33	0.20	0.55	0.61	0.45
0.35	0.51	0.30	0.37	1.50	0.63	0.00	0.30	0.41	0.47	0.30
0.40	0.58	0.34	0.42	2.00	0.50	0.00	0.40	0.30	0.37	0.20
0.45	0.65	0.38	0.47	2.50	0.38	0.00	0.50	0.22	0.29	0.14
0.50	0.72	0.43	0.53	3.00	0.25	0.00	0.60	0.17	0.22	0.09
				3.50	0.13	0.00	0.70	0.12	0.17	0.06
				4.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.09	0.14	0.04
							0.90	0.07	0.11	0.03
							1.00	0.05	0.08	0.02
							1.50	0.01	0.02	0.00
							2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Notes:

- 1. For values of H/L_h, x/L_h and z/L_h other than those shown, linear interpolation is permitted.
- 2. For $H/L_h > 0.5$, assume $H/L_h = 0.5$ for evaluating K_1 and substitute 2H for L_h for evaluating K_2 and K_3 .
- 3. Multipliers are based on the assumption that wind approaches the hill or escarpment along the direction of maximum slope.
- 4. Notation:
 - H: Height of hill or escarpment relative to the upwind terrain, in feet (meters).
 - L_h: Distance upwind of crest to where the difference in ground elevation is half the height of hill or escarpment, in feet (meters).
 - K₁: Factor to account for shape of topographic feature and maximum speed-up effect.
 - K₂: Factor to account for reduction in speed-up with distance upwind or downwind of crest.
 - K₃: Factor to account for reduction in speed-up with height above local terrain.
 - x: Distance (upwind or downwind) from the crest to the building site, in feet (meters).
 - z: Height above ground surface at building site, in feet (meters).
 - μ: Horizontal attenuation factor.
 - γ: Height attenuation factor.