

Main Wind Force Resisting System – Part 1		All Heights		
Velocity Pressure Exposure Coefficients, $K_h$ and $K_z$				
Table 27.3-1				
Height above ground level, $z$		Exposure		
ft	(m)	B	C	D
0-15	(0-4.6)	0.57	0.85	1.03
20	(6.1)	0.62	0.90	1.08
25	(7.6)	0.66	0.94	1.12
30	(9.1)	0.70	0.98	1.16
40	(12.2)	0.76	1.04	1.22
50	(15.2)	0.81	1.09	1.27
60	(18)	0.85	1.13	1.31
70	(21.3)	0.89	1.17	1.34
80	(24.4)	0.93	1.21	1.38
90	(27.4)	0.96	1.24	1.40
100	(30.5)	0.99	1.26	1.43
120	(36.6)	1.04	1.31	1.48
140	(42.7)	1.09	1.36	1.52
160	(48.8)	1.13	1.39	1.55
180	(54.9)	1.17	1.43	1.58
200	(61.0)	1.20	1.46	1.61
250	(76.2)	1.28	1.53	1.68
300	(91.4)	1.35	1.59	1.73
350	(106.7)	1.41	1.64	1.78
400	(121.9)	1.47	1.69	1.82
450	(137.2)	1.52	1.73	1.86
500	(152.4)	1.56	1.77	1.89

**Notes:**

- The velocity pressure exposure coefficient  $K_z$  may be determined from the following formula:  
 For  $15 \text{ ft.} \leq z \leq z_g$                       For  $z < 15 \text{ ft.}$   
 $K_z = 2.01 (z/z_g)^{2/\alpha}$                        $K_z = 2.01 (15/z_g)^{2/\alpha}$
- $\alpha$  and  $z_g$  are tabulated in Table 26.9.1.
- Linear interpolation for intermediate values of height  $z$  is acceptable.
- Exposure categories are defined in Section 26.7.