

DEFINITIONS

200

Acoustical Control

Controlling noise sources, transmission path and/or receiver in order to reach an acceptable noise environment for a particular space.

Addition

An extension or increase in floor area or height of a building outside of the existing building envelope (walls and roofs).

Adhesive

Material used to bond one surface to another by attachment.

Air Break

A piping arrangement where a drain from an appliance or fixture discharges into an airspace and then into another fixture, receptacle, or interceptor; used to prevent back siphonage or backflow.

Air Contaminants

Unwanted airborne constituent that may reduce acceptability or adequacy of the air quality.

Air Leakage

Air that escapes from or to a building through a joint, coupling, junction, or the surfaces which enclose the building. The flow of uncontrolled air within a building through cracks or openings.

Air Tightness (of a building)

The property of an enclosure or barrier that precludes the passage of air.

Air Volume

The amount (volume) of air delivered to a space through ventilation (typically specified in l/s or m³/m).

Air, Ventilation

The share of supply air that is outdoor air, plus any recirculated air that has been filtered or otherwise treated to maintain acceptable indoor air quality.

Airborne Sound Insulation

Insulation against noise originating in air, such as voices, music, motor traffic and wind.

Architecture Accent Lighting

Lighting that highlights an area or object of a building to emphasise that area or object.