indicated in Section 1017.1 shall be increased in accordance with the following:

- 1. The building shall be of Type I or II construction.
- Exit access travel distance shall not exceed the distances given in Table 412.6.
- **412.6.1 Ancillary areas.** Rooms, areas and spaces ancillary to the primary manufacturing area shall be permitted to egress through such area having a minimum height as indicated in Table 412.6. Exit access travel distance within the ancillary room, area or space shall not exceed that indicated in Table 1017.2 based on the occupancy classification of that ancillary area. Total exit access travel distance shall not exceed that indicated in Table 412.6.
- **[F] 412.7 Heliports and helistops.** *Heliports* and *helistops* shall be permitted to be erected on buildings or other locations where they are constructed in accordance with Sections 412.7.1 through 412.7.5.
  - **[F] 412.7.1 Size.** The landing area for helicopters less than 3,500 pounds (1588 kg) shall be not less than 20 feet (6096 mm) in length and width. The landing area shall be surrounded on all sides by a clear area having an average width at roof level of 15 feet (4572 mm), and all widths shall be not less than 5 feet (1524 mm).
  - **[F] 412.7.2 Design.** Helicopter landing areas and the supports thereof on the roof of a building shall be noncombustible construction. Landing areas shall be designed to confine any flammable liquid spillage to the landing area itself and provisions shall be made to drain such spillage away from any *exit* or *stairway* serving the helicopter landing area or from a structure housing such *exit* or *stairway*. For structural design requirements, see Section 1607.6.
  - **412.7.3 Means of egress.** The *means of egress* from *heliports* and *helistops* shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 10. Landing areas located on buildings or structures shall have two or more *means of egress*. For landing areas less than 60 feet (18 288 mm) in length or less than 2,000 square feet (186 m²) in area, the second *means of egress* is permitted to be a fire escape, *alternating tread device* or ladder leading to the floor below.
  - **[F] 412.7.4 Rooftop heliports and helistops.** Rooftop *heliports* and *helistops* shall comply with NFPA 418.
  - **[F] 412.7.5 Standpipe system.** In buildings equipped with a standpipe system, the standpipe shall extend to the roof level in accordance with Section 905.3.6.

## SECTION 413 COMBUSTIBLE STORAGE

- **413.1 General.** High-piled stock or rack storage in any occupancy group shall comply with the *International Fire Code*.
- 413.2 Attic, under-floor and concealed spaces. Attic, under-floor and concealed spaces used for storage of combustible materials shall be protected on the storage side as required for 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction. Openings shall be protected by assemblies that are *self-closing* and are of noncombustible construction or solid wood core not less than  $1^{3}/_{4}$  inch (45 mm) in thickness.

**Exception:** Neither fire-resistance-rated construction nor opening protectives are required in any of the following locations:

- Areas protected by approved automatic sprinkler systems.
- 2. Group R-3 and U occupancies.

## SECTION 414 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- **[F] 414.1 General.** The provisions of Sections 414.1 through 414.6 shall apply to buildings and structures occupied for the manufacturing, processing, dispensing, use or storage of hazardous materials.
  - **[F] 414.1.1 Other provisions.** Buildings and structures with an occupancy in Group H shall comply with this section and the applicable provisions of Section 415 and the *International Fire Code*.
  - **[F] 414.1.2 Materials.** The safe design of hazardous material occupancies is material dependent. Individual material requirements are found in Sections 307 and 415, the *International Mechanical Code* and the *International Fire Code*.
    - **[F] 414.1.2.1 Aerosol products.** Level 2 and 3 aerosol products shall be stored and displayed in accordance with the *International Fire Code*. See Section 311.2 and the *International Fire Code* for occupancy group requirements.
  - **[F] 414.1.3 Information required.** A report shall be submitted to the *building official* identifying the maximum expected quantities of hazardous materials to be stored, used in a *closed system* and used in an *open system*, and subdivided to separately address hazardous material classification categories based on Tables 307.1(1) and

TABLE 412.6
AIRCRAFT MANUFACTURING EXIT ACCESS TRAVEL DISTANCE

| HEIGHT (feet) <sup>b</sup> | MANUFACTURING AREA (sq. ft.) <sup>a</sup> |           |           |           |           |             |
|----------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
|                            | ≥ 150,000                                 | ≥ 200,000 | ≥ 250,000 | ≥ 500,000 | ≥ 750,000 | ≥ 1,000,000 |
| ≥ 25                       | 400                                       | 450       | 500       | 500       | 500       | 500         |
| ≥ 50                       | 400                                       | 500       | 600       | 700       | 700       | 700         |
| ≥ 75                       | 400                                       | 500       | 700       | 850       | 1,000     | 1,000       |
| ≥ 100                      | 400                                       | 500       | 750       | 1,000     | 1,250     | 1,500       |

For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

- a. Contiguous floor area of the aircraft manufacturing facility having the indicated height.
- b. Minimum height from finished floor to bottom of ceiling or roof slab or deck.