

Conditions to which “insanitary” shall apply include the following:

- (1) Any trap that does not maintain a proper trap seal.
- (2) Any opening in a drainage system, except where lawful, that is not provided with an approved liquid-sealed trap.
- (3) Any defective fixture, trap, pipe, or fitting.
- (4) Any trap, except where in this code exempted, directly connected to a drainage system, the seal of which is not protected against siphonage and back-pressure by a vent pipe.
- (5) Any connection, cross-connection, construction, or condition, temporary or permanent, that would permit or make possible by any means whatsoever for any unapproved foreign matter to enter a water distribution system used for domestic purposes.
- (6) The foregoing enumeration of conditions to which the term “insanitary” shall apply, shall not preclude the application of that term to conditions that are, in fact, insanitary.

Interceptor (Clarifier) – A device designed and installed so as to separate and retain deleterious, hazardous, or undesirable matter from normal wastes and permit normal sewage or liquid wastes to discharge into the disposal terminal by gravity.

Interior Cylinder Fill Panels – Lockable interior panels that provide firefighters the ability to regulate breathing air pressure and refill SCBA cylinders.

Interior Cylinder Fill Stations and Enclosures – Free-standing fill containment stations that provide firefighters the ability to regulate breathing air pressure and refill SCBA cylinders.

Invert – The lowest portion of the inside of a horizontal pipe.

Ion Exchange – A water treatment process. An electric charge is used to remove charged particles from solution.

Irrigation – the application of brackish or treated wastewater for the purpose of supplying moisture for plant growth.

Brackish Water – Water containing dissolved minerals in amounts that exceed normally acceptable standard municipal, domestic, and irrigation uses.

Treated Wastewater – Liquid waste discharged by domestic residences, commercial properties, and industry that has been subjected to one or more physical, chemical, and biological processes to reduce its pollution of health hazard to meet specific reuse requirements.

212.0 – J –

Joint, Brazed – Any joint obtained by joining of metal parts with alloys that melt at temperatures

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exceeding 450°C (840°F), but less than the melting temperature of the parts to be joined.

Joint, Fusion Welding – A joining method of plastic pipe and fittings by melting using heat alone, the surface of the parts to be joined together to form a union.

Joint, Mechanical – A joint that is not screwed, caulked, threaded, soldered, cemented, brazed or welded. A connection between pipes, fittings, or pipe and fittings using a form of internal gasket to assemble where compression is applied along the centerline of the pieces being joined.

Joint, Soldered – A joint obtained by the joining of metal parts with metallic mixtures or alloys that melt at a temperature up to and including 450°C (840°F).

Joint, Solvent Welding – A joining method by the process of fusing the materials of plastic pipe and fittings together by dissolving the surfaces to be joined with a solvent, cleaner or both and placing the softened surfaces together to cure.

213.0 – K –

No definitions

214.0 – L –

Labeled – Equipment or materials bearing a label of a listing agency (accredited conformity assessment body). See Listed (third-party certified).

Lavatories in Sets – Two or three lavatories that are served by one trap.

Lead Free Pipe and Fittings – Containing not more than 8 percent lead.

Lead Free Solder and Flux – Containing not more than 0.2 percent lead.

Leader – An exterior vertical drainage pipe for conveying storm water from roof or gutter drains. See Downspout.

Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Facilities – Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) facilities means tanks, containers, container valves, regulating equipment, meters, and/or appurtenances for the storage and supply of liquefied petroleum gas for any building, structure, or premises.

Liquid Waste – The discharge from any fixture, appliance, or appurtenance in connection with a plumbing system that does not receive fecal matter.

Listed (Third-party certified) – Equipment or materials included in a list published by a listing agency (accredited conformity assessment body) that maintains periodic inspection on current production of listed equipment or materials and whose listing states either that the equipment or material complies with approved standards or has been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.