Information Retrievel with PostgreSQL

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Outline

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Task definition

- How looks and performs an IRS made of a relational database
- Similar to Apache Solr
- Finding different database models
- Python api for the database creation and communication
- Crawl Wikipages to gather some text data
- Special type in PostgreSQL named tsvector (full text search)

First goal

Support some boolean search querys like AND

Outline

Realization

Wiki crawler

- Based on package wikipedia version 1.4.0
- Takes number of pages and category as input
- Also searches in subcategories
- Variable level of subcategories

Database pipeline

- Used package psycopg2 version 2.8.5
- custom converter for tsvector

3 database model approaches

tsvector

- all done with tsvector
- full text search with tsvector
- rating of tsvector
- weighting of tsvector
- tokenization and lemmatization
- tsquery

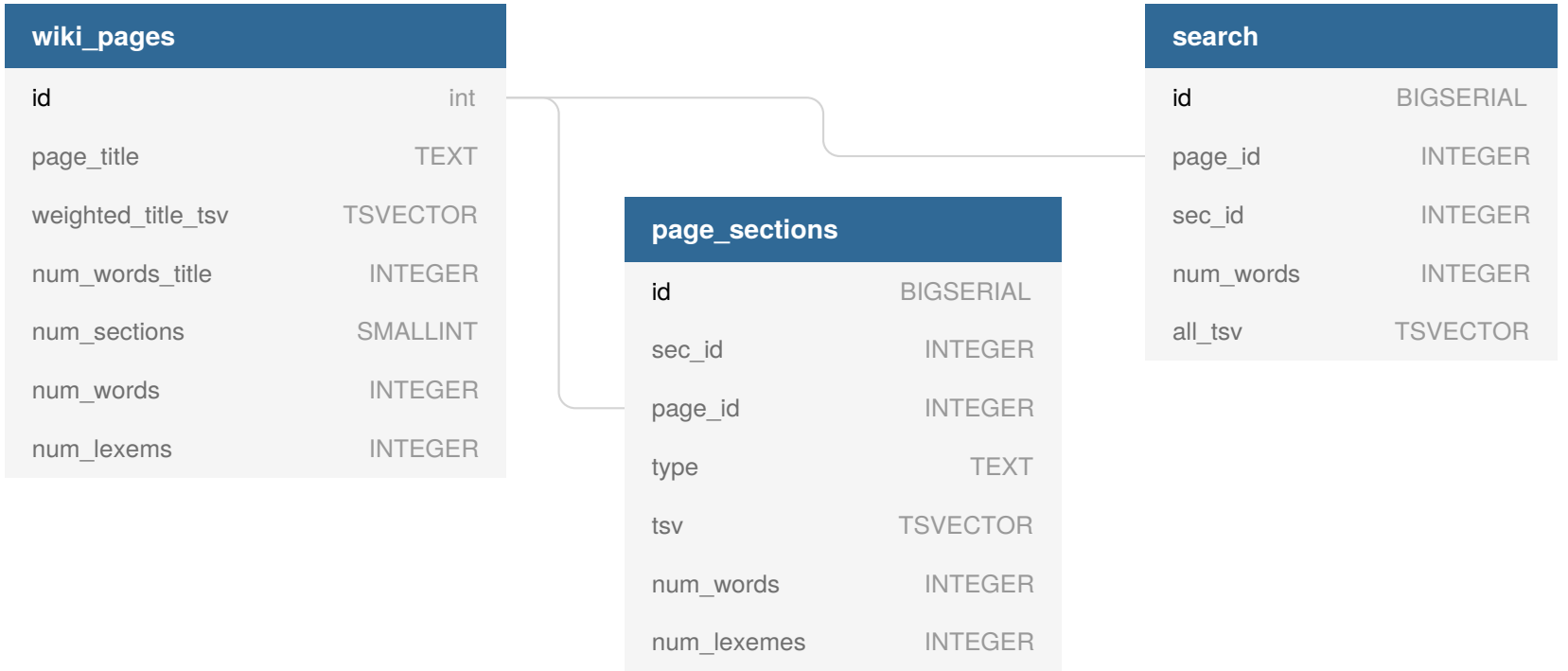
Mix

- raw tsvecot + word-matrix for each doc
- needs a lot of memory
- customizable

word-matrix

- one big word-matrix
- probably slow

Database model



Tsvector

Possibilities

- Full text search
- GIN-Index
- Automatic tokenization and lemmatization
- Adding weights
- Predefined rating function

Limitations

- The number of lexemes must be less than $2\hat{6}4$
- Max position value: 16383
- No more than 256 positions per lexeme
- Relative small set of manipulation methods
- Limited rating

Example

{'a':1,6,10 'and':8 'cat':3 'fat':2,11 'mat':7 'on':5 'rat':12 'sat':4}

Outline

Adding your custom C-functions to PostgreSQL

Prerequisites

- Developer version of PostgreSQL
- Installation of make
- Root privilege on database

Folder structure

```
Extension
├── function.c
├── Makefile
├── function.control
├── function--1.0.sql
└── README.function
```

Steps

(1) make install

(2) CREATE EXTENSION "extension"

Example

```
1  #include "postgres.h"
2  #include "fmgr.h"
3  #include "utils/geo_decls.h"
4
5  #ifdef PG_MODULE_MAGIC
6      PG_MODULE_MAGIC;
7  #endif
8
9  PG_FUNCTION_INFO_V1(add_one);
10
11 Datum
12 add_one(PG_FUNCTION_ARGS)
13 {
14     int32   arg = PG_GETARG_INT32(0);
15     PG_RETURN_INT32(arg + 1);
16 }
```

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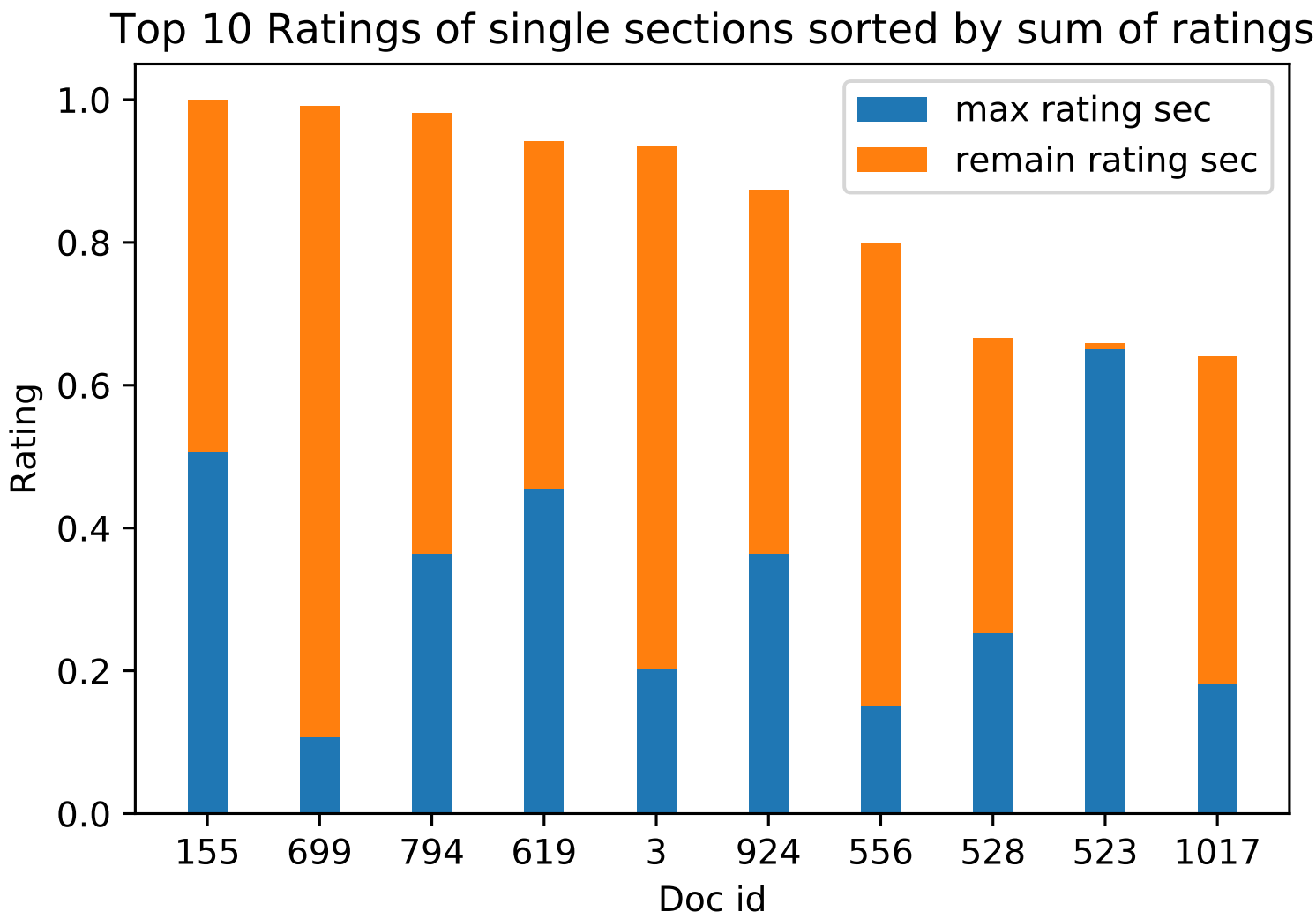
Idea

- Originates from a misunderstanding
- Thought the task is to rank whole wiki pages
- User wants the best section and not the "best" document
- So how is the relationship between page and section ranking

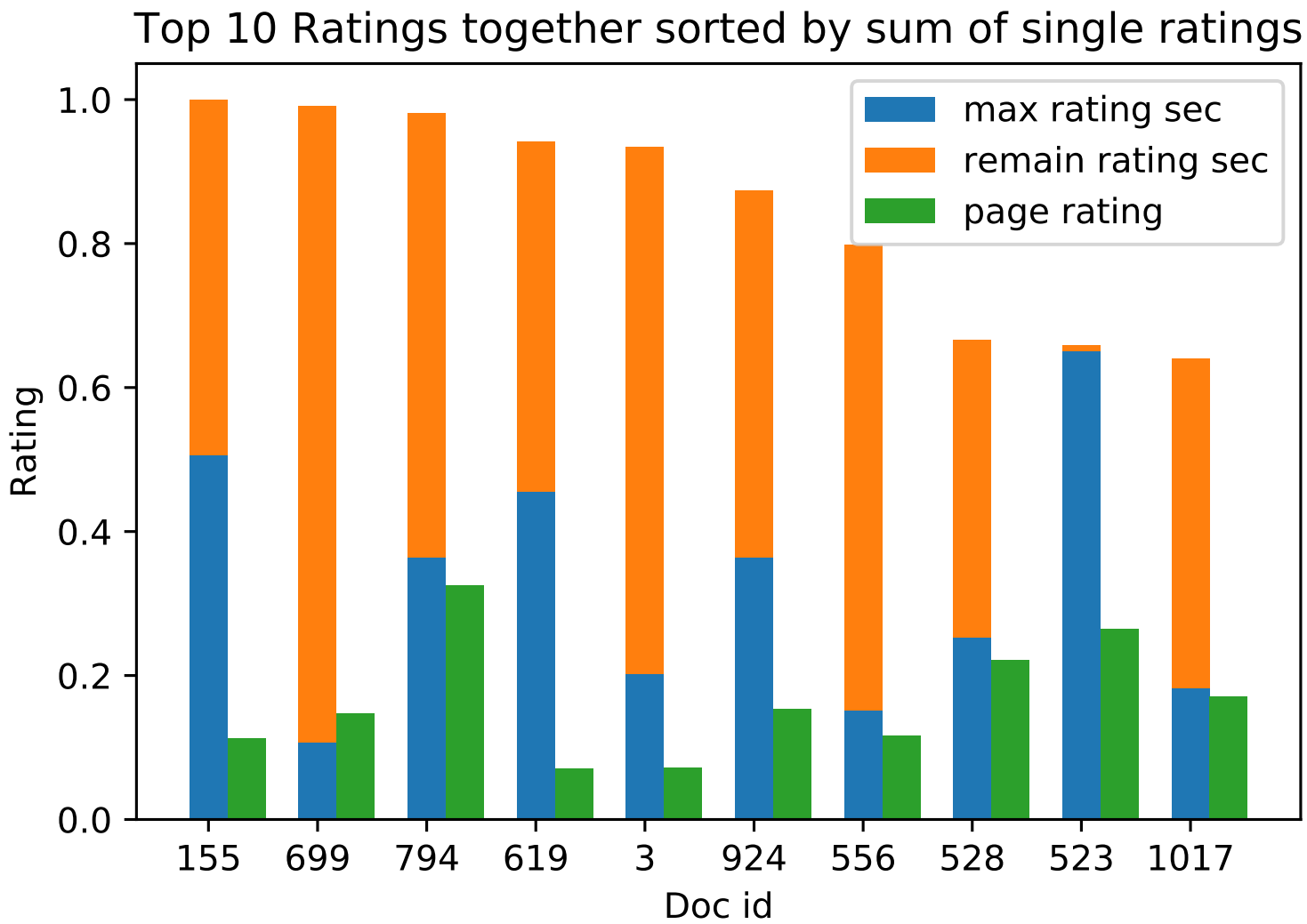
Calculation of Rating

- **section**: rating / num_words_of_section
- **page**: sum_of_ratings / num_words_of_page

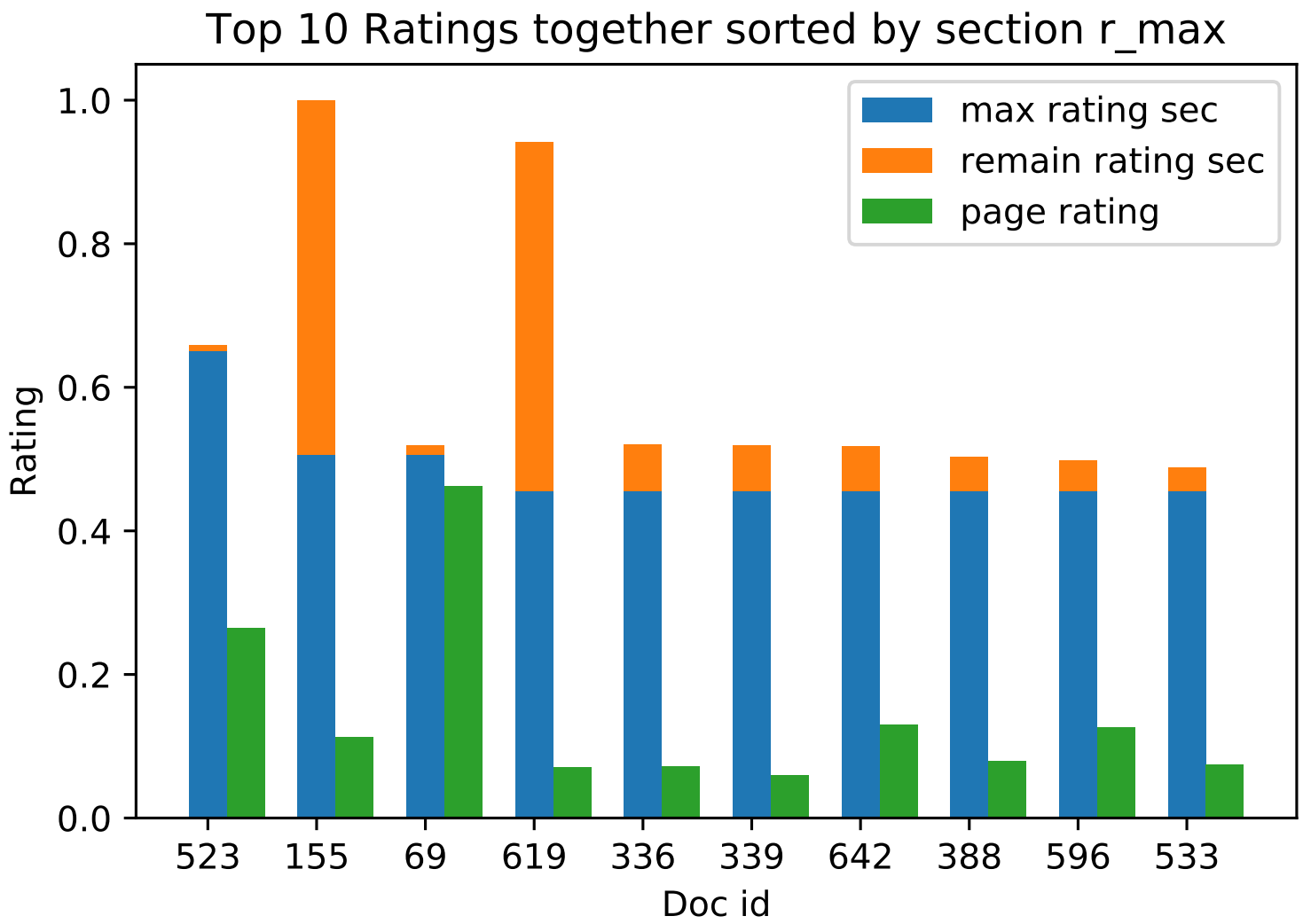
Query:"game", sorted by sum of section rankings



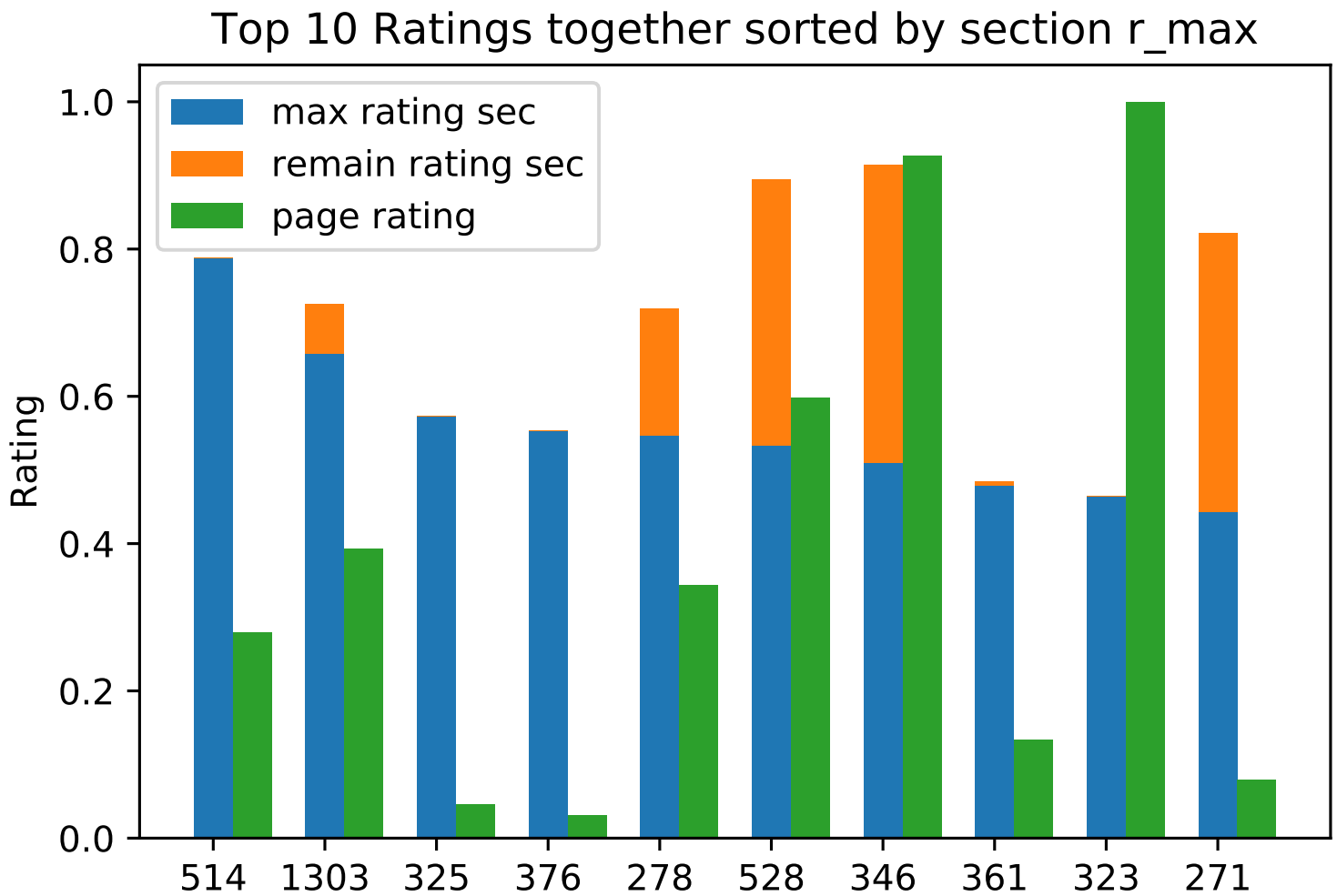
Query:"game", adding the rank for the whole page



Query:"game", ordered by max section rating



Query:"game AND team AND ball", ordered by max section rating



distance between ratings

Calculating Distance

- To calculate the difference between pageranking and sectionranking
- Distance first of max section rank to first of max page rank, distance of second max section ranking to second of max page rank and so on...

Query "game"

- result pages: 1176
- Top 10 - 289.5 avg(dist)
- Top 20 - 250.9 avg(dist)
- Top 30 - 183.2 avg(dist)
- Top 40 - 155.5 avg(dist)

Query "game & team & ball"

- result pages: 274
- Top 10 - 36.0 avg(dist)
- Top 20 - 40.6 avg(dist)
- Top 30 - 36.6 avg(dist)
- Top 40 - 34.0 avg(dist)

Outline

Conclusion and future work

Conclusion

- Ratings for sections and page return total different results
- Tsvector has a lot of potential
- PostgreSQL is easy customizable
- TODO comparing performance and ranking to solr

Future work

- Improve the rating algorithm with tf idf information (ts_stat)
- Tests on big datasets

Questions

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