

# AMS 562 Homework 3

Due: Monday, 10/22, 11:59 pm

## Background:

Nonlinear root finding builds the foundation for optimization problems. Given any function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , which is continuous and smooth, we want to find a(all) root(s) of it, say  $x$ , so that  $f(x) = 0$ . One of the most basic algorithms for the root finding problems is *interval bisection method*, which is built on top of the *intermediate value theorem*, i.e. a root  $x^* \in [a, b]$  exists for a continuous and smooth function  $f$  if  $f(a)f(b) \leq 0$ . The following shows the *pseudo code* of the interval bisection method.

```
Algorithm: Interval Bisection
Inputs: function  $f$ , interval  $[a, b]$ 
Output:  $x^*$ , s.t.  $f(x^*) = 0$ 

while  $(b - a) > \epsilon$ , do
     $m = a + \frac{b-a}{2}$ 
    if  $f(m)$  and  $f(a)$  have the same sign, then
         $a = m$ 
    else
         $b = m$ 
    end if
end while
 $x^* = m$ 
```

## Your task is:

Write a program that uses the interval bisection method to find **a single** root of  $\sin(x)$  and  $x^2 - 2$ . In addition, report the cost of iterations regarding the loop statement. Your program should take **three command line** input arguments, i.e. `./my_prog <func-choice> <a> <b> <maxit>`, where **a** and **b** define the interval, and **maxit** is maximal iteration counts allowed. Notice that the implementation of the bisection method must go **after** the **main** function.

## Hints:

1. Regarding `func-choice`, you can use either string or integers, but you must let the user know what to input.
2.  $\epsilon$  is a numerical tolerance, which should be small, say  $1 \times 10^{-6}$ .