# Nocow Library

ヘクト

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# 1 幾何

## 1.1 注意事項

- sgn 関数の定義はちゃんと写す
- istream を使う時は p の代入を忘れない
- 交点を求める前に交差判定が必要 iss(a,b) ill(a,b) == parallel(a,b)
- angle の定義には気をつける
- complex の比較関数は namespace std の中で書く

#### 1.2 ベクトル

```
1 // Description: ベクトル
2 // Verifyed: various problem
3 using namespace placeholders;
4 using R = long double;
5 const R EPS = 1e-9L; // [-1000,1000]->EPS=1e-8 [-10000,1000]->EPS=1e-7
6 inline int sgn(const R& r) {return (r > EPS) - (r < -EPS);}
7 inline R sq(R x) {return sqrt(max(x, 0.0L));}
9 const R INF = 1E40L;
10 const R PI = acos(-1.0L);
using P = complex<R>;
12 using L = struct {P s, t;};
13 using VP = vector<P>;
14 using C = struct {P c; R r;};
16 #define at(a,i) (a[(i + a.size()) % a.size()])
18 auto% operator >> (istream% is, P% p) { R x, y; is >> x >> y, p = P(x, y); return is;}
19 auto& operator << (ostream& os, P& p) { os << real(p) << " " << imag(p); return os;}
21 namespace std {
22 bool operator < (const P& a, const P& b) { return sgn(real(a - b)) ? real(a - b) < 0 : sgn(imag(a - b)) < 0;}
23 bool operator == (const P& a, const P& b) { return sgn(real(a - b)) == 0 && sgn(imag(a - b)) == 0;}
24 }
26 inline R dot(P o, P a, P b) {return real(conj(a - o) * (b - o));}
27 inline R det(P o, P a, P b) {return imag(conj(a - o) * (b - o));}
28 inline P vec(L 1) {return 1.t - 1.s;}
29 auto sdot = bind(sgn, bind(dot, _1, _2, _3));
30 auto sdet = bind(sgn, bind(det, _1, _2, _3));
32 //projection verify AOJ CGL_1_A
_{33} P proj(L 1, P p) { R u = real((p - 1.s) / vec(1)); return (1 - u) * 1.s + u * 1.t;}
```

#### 1.3 点集合

#### 1.3.1 凸包

```
// convex_hull Verify AOJ CGL_4_A
VP convex_hull(VP pol){
    int n=pol.size(),k=0,t=1;
```

```
auto cmp_x=[](P a, P b)->bool{
           int sr = sgn(real(a-b)), si=sgn(imag(a-b));
           return sr ? sr < 0:si < 0;
      };
      sort(begin(pol),end(pol),cmp_x);
10
      VP res(2*n);
11
12
      auto push = [\&](P p) -> void{
           while (k>t \text{ and } sdet(res[k-1], res[k-2], p) <=-1) k--;
14
           res[k++]=p;
15
      };
16
17
      for_each(begin(pol),end(pol),push);
18
      t = k:
      for_each(rbegin(pol)+1,rend(pol),push);
20
      res.resize(k-1);
      return res;
23 }
```

#### 1.3.2 最近点対

```
1 // closest point pair Verify AOJ CGL_5_A
2 R cpp(VP a, int flag = 1) {
      const int n = a.size(), m = n / 2;
      if (n <= 1) return INF;</pre>
      auto cmp_x = [](P a, P b) -> bool{
          int sr = sgn(real(a - b)), si = sgn(imag(a - b));
          return sr ? sr < 0 : si < 0;
      };
10
      if (flag) sort(begin(a), end(a), cmp_x);
11
12
      VP b(begin(a), begin(a) + m), c(begin(a) + m, end(a));
13
      R x = real(a[m]), d = min(cpp(b, 0), cpp(c, 0));
14
15
16
      auto cmp_y = [](P a, P b)->bool{
17
          int sr = sgn(real(a - b)), si = sgn(imag(a - b));
18
          return si ? si < 0 : sr < 0;
19
      };
20
21
      sort(begin(a), end(a), cmp_y);
```

```
deque<P> e;
24
      for (auto &p : a) {
          if (abs(real(p) - x) >= d) continue;
26
27
          for (auto &q : e) {
28
              if (imag(p - q) >= d) break;
              d = min(d, abs(p - q));
31
32
          e.push_front(p);
      }
      return d;
35 }
```

## 1.3.3 最遠点対

```
1 // farthest point pair Verify AOJ CGL_4_B
2 R fpp(VP pol) {
      int n = pol.size(), i = 0, j = 0;
      if (n <= 2) return abs(pol[0] - pol[1]);
      R res = 0.0;
      auto cmp_x = [](P a, P b) -> bool{
          int sr = sgn(real(a - b)), si = sgn(imag(a - b));
          return sr ? sr < 0 : si < 0;
      };
10
11
      rep(k, n) {
12
          if (!cmp_x(pol[i], pol[k]))i = k;
          if (cmp_x(pol[j], pol[k]))j = k;
14
      }
15
16
      int si = i, sj = j;
      while (i != sj || j != si) {
18
          res = max(res, abs(pol[i] - pol[j]));
19
          P li = vec(L{at(pol, i), at(pol, i + 1)});
20
          P lj = vec(L\{at(pol, j), at(pol, j + 1)\});
          if(sdet(0, li, lj) < 0)
22
              i = (i + 1) \% n;
          else
24
              j = (j + 1) \% n;
25
      }
26
      return res;
27
```

### 1.4 直線と線分

```
1 // vertical parallel
2 // verified: AOJ CGL_2_A
3 bool vertical(L a, L b) {return sdot(0, vec(a), vec(b)) == 0;}
4 bool parallel(L a, L b) {return sdet(0, vec(a), vec(b)) == 0;}
5 bool eql(L a, L b) { return parallel(a, b) and sdet(a.s, a.t, b.s) == 0;}
 7 // crossing determination
 8 // verified: AOJ CGL_2_B
9 bool iss(L a, L b) {
      int sa = sdet(a.s, a.t, b.s) * sdet(a.s, a.t, b.t);
      int sb = sdet(b.s, b.t, a.s) * sdet(b.s, b.t, a.t);
      return max(sa, sb) < 0;
13 }
15 // crossing point
16 // verified: AOJ CGL_2_C
17 P cross(L a, L b) {
      Ru = det(a.s, b.s, b.t) / det(0, vec(a), vec(b));
      return (1 - u) * a.s + u * a.t;
20 }
22 // distance
23 // verified: AOJ CGL_2_D
24 R dsp(L 1, P p) {
      P h = proj(1, p);
      if (sdot(1.s, 1.t, p) <= 0) h = 1.s;
      if (sdot(1.t, 1.s, p) <= 0) h = 1.t;
      return abs(p - h);
29 }
31 R dss(L a, L b) {
      if(iss(a,b)) return 0;
      return min({dsp(a, b.s), dsp(a, b.t), dsp(b, a.s), dsp(b, a.t)});
34 }
```

#### 1.5 多角形

```
1 // Polygon
```

```
3 // area
 4 // verified: ADJ 1100 CGL_3_A
 5 R area(const VP% pol) {
       R sum = 0.0;
      rep(i, pol.size()) sum += det(0, at(pol, i), at(pol, i + 1));
      return abs(sum / 2.0L);
 9 }
10
11 // convex_polygon determination
12 // verified: CGL_3_B
13 bool is_convex(const VP& pol) {
       rep(i, pol.size()){
14
           if(sdet(at(pol, i), at(pol, i + 1), at(pol, i + 2)) < 0){</pre>
               return false;
           }
17
      }
18
       return true;
20 }
22 // polygon realation determination in 2 on 1 out 0 (possible non-convex)
23 // verified: AOJ CGL_3-C
24 int in_polygon(const VP& pol, const P& p) {
       int res = 0;
       auto simag = [](const P & p) {return sgn(imag(p));};
       rep(i, pol.size()) {
27
           P = at(pol, i), b = at(pol, i + 1);
           if (sdet(p, a, b) == 0 \text{ and } sdot(p, a, b) <= 0) \text{ return } 1;
           bool f = simag(p - a) >= 0, s = simag(p - b) < 0;
30
           if (simag(b - a)*sdet(a, b, p) == 1 \text{ and } f == s) \text{ res } += (2 * f - 1);
31
      }
32
       return res ? 2 : 0;
34 }
36 // polygon realation determination (possible non-convex)
37 // verified: not AOJ 2514
38 bool in_polygon(const VP& pol, const L& 1) {
       VP check = \{l.s, l.t\};
      rep(i, pol.size()) {
40
           L edge = \{at(pol, i), at(pol, i + 1)\};
           if (iss(1, edge)) check.emplace_back(cross(1, edge));
42
      }
43
44
       auto cmp_x = [](P a, P b) -> bool{
45
           int sr = sgn(real(a - b)), si = sgn(imag(a - b));
46
           return sr ? sr < 0 : si < 0;
47
      };
```

```
sort(begin(check), end(check), cmp_x);
50
      rep(i, check.size() - 1) {
51
          P m = (at(check, i) + at(check, i + 1)) / 2.0L;
52
          if (in_polygon(pol, m) == false) return false;
53
      }
54
      return true;
55
56 }
57
58 // convex cut
59 // verified: AOJ CGL_4_C
60 VP convex_cut(const VP% pol, const L% 1) {
      VP res;
      rep(i, pol.size()) {
          P = at(pol, i), b = at(pol, i + 1);
          int da = sdet(1.s, 1.t, a), db = sdet(1.s, 1.t, b);
          if (da >= 0) res.emplace_back(a);
          if (da * db < 0) res.emplace_back(cross({a, b}, 1));</pre>
      }
      return res;
69 }
```

### 1.6 円

```
1 // Circle // verified: AOJ 1183
2 enum RCC {OUT = 2, ON_OUT = 1, ISC = 0, ON_IN = -1, IN = -2};
3 int rcc(C a, C b) {
      R d = abs(a.c - b.c);
      return sgn(d - a.r - b.r) + sgn(d - abs(a.r - b.r));
6 }
8 // circle crossing determination
9 bool icp(C c, P p, int end = 0) {return sgn(abs(p - c.c) - c.r) <= -end;}</pre>
10 bool ics(C c, L s, int end = 0) {
      if (sgn(dsp(s, c.c) - c.r) > end) return false;
      if (icp(c, s.s, end) and icp(c, s.t, end)) return false;
      return true:
14 }
15 // common area between circles
16 R area(C a, C b) {
      int r = rcc(a, b);
      if (r >= ON_OUT) return 0.0L;
      if (r <= ON_IN) return min(norm(a.r), norm(b.r)) * PI;</pre>
      R d = abs(b.c - a.c), rc = (norm(d) + norm(a.r) - norm(b.r)) / (2.0 * d);
```

```
R t = acos(rc / a.r), p = acos((d - rc) / b.r);
      return norm(a.r) * t + norm(b.r) * p - d * a.r * sin(t);
23 }
25 // cross point between circle and line
26 // verified: ADJ CGL_7_D
27 P cir(C c, R t) {return c.c + polar(c.r, t);}
28 VP cross(C c, L 1) {
      P h = proj(1, c.c);
      P e = polar(sq(norm(c.r) - norm(h - c.c)), arg(vec(1)));
      return VP{h - e, h + e};
32 }
34 // cross point between circles
35 // verified: AOJ CGL_7_E
36 VP cross(C a, C b) {
      P d = b.c - a.c;
      P w = (norm(d) + norm(a.r) - norm(b.r)) / (2.0L * norm(d)) * d;
      return cross(a, \{a.c + w, a.c + w + 1il * d\});
40 }
42 // circle tangent
43 // verified: AOJ CGL_7_F
44 L tan(C c, P p) {return L{p, p + 1il * (p - c.c)};}
46 P helper(C c, P d, R r, P j) {
      P \text{ tmp} = sq(norm(d) - norm(r)) * j;
      P dir = (r + tmp) / norm(d) * d;
      return c.c + c.r * dir;
50 }
51
52 VP contact(C c, P p) {
      VP ret;
      P d = p - c.c;
      for (P j : { -1il, 1il}) ret.emplace_back(helper(c, d, c.r, j));
      sort(begin(ret), end(ret));
      ret.erase(unique(begin(ret), end(ret)), end(ret));
      return ret;
59 }
61 // circle tangent
62 // Verified: AOJ CGL_7_G
63 VP contact(C a, C b) {
      VP ret;
      P d = b.c - a.c;
      for (int s : { -1, 1}) {
```

```
if (rcc(a, b) >= s) {
               for (P j : { -1i, 1i}) {
                   R r = a.r + s * b.r;
                   ret.emplace_back(helper(a, d, r, j));
               }
           }
72
73
       sort(begin(ret), end(ret));
74
       ret.erase(unique(begin(ret), end(ret)), end(ret));
75
76
       return ret;
77 }
78
79 // common area of circle and polygon
80 // verified: AOJ CGL_7_H
81 R area_helper(C c, P a, P b) {
       if (icp(c, a) and icp(c, b)) return det(0, a, b) / 2.01;
       return norm(c.r) * arg(conj(a) * b) / 2.01;
84 }
86 R area(C c, P a, P b) {
       L 1 = \{a, b\};
       if (sgn(min(\{c.r, abs(a), abs(b), abs(b - a)\})) == 0) return 0.0;
       if (ics(c, 1) == false) return area_helper(c, a, b);
90
91
       R res = 0.0; VP ary;
92
       ary.push_back(a);
       for (auto &p : cross(c, 1)) if (sdot(p, a, b) < 0) ary.push_back(p);
94
       ary.push_back(b);
       rep(i, ary.size() - 1) res += area_helper(c, at(ary, i), at(ary, i + 1));
       return res:
99 }
100
101 R area(C c, VP pol) {
       R res = 0;
102
       rep(i, pol.size()) {
           P = a = at(pol, i) - c.c, b = at(pol, i + 1) - c.c;
104
           res += area(C{0.0L, c.r}, a, b);
105
       }
106
       return res;
107
108 }
```

## 1.7 線分アレンジメント

```
1 // segments arrangement AOJ 1050
2 G segment_arrangement(const vector<L> &seg, vector<P> &point){
      int n=seg.size();
      rep(i,n){
          auto &l=seg[i];
          point.emplace_back({l.s,l.t});
          rep(j,i) if(iss(seg[i],seg[j],1)) point.emplace_back(cross(1,seg[j]));
      }
      uniq(point);
10
      int m=point.size();
11
      G graph(m);
12
13
      for(auto &l:seg){
14
          vector<int> idx:
15
          rep(j,m) if(sdot(point[j],l.s,l.t)<0) idx.emplace_back(j);</pre>
16
          sort(_all(idx),[&](int i,int j){return norm(point[i]-1.s)<norm(point[j]-1.s)});</pre>
          rep(j,1,idx.size){
               int a=idx[j-1],b=idx[j];
20
               add_edge(graph,a,b,abs(point[a]-point[b]));
          }
22
      }
23
      return graph;
24
```

#### 1.8 円アレンジメント

```
const int vmax=5010;
struct node{int to;R cost;};
vector<node> graph[vmax];

// Points not verify
R toRagian(R degree){ return degree*PI/180.0;}
R ang (P p){return arg(p);}
R ang (P bs,P a,P b) {R res=arg((b-bs)/(a-bs));return res<0?res+2*PI:res;}
P rot (P bs,P a,R tht){P tar=a-bs;return bs+polar(abs(tar),arg(tar)+tht);}

const int vmax=5010;
struct node{int to;R cost;};
vector<node> graph[vmax];

inline void add_edge(int f,int t,R c){reg(graph[f],{t,c}),reg(graph[t],{f,c});}
```

```
17 // AOJ 1352
19 void circle_arrangement(const VC &circle, VP &point){
      VP candiate:
      auto can=[&](P p){
21
          for(auto &c:circle)if(icp(c,p,1)) return;
22
          reg(candiate,p);
23
      };
24
25
      auto check1=[&](P p){
26
          for(auto &c:circle)if(icp(c,p,1)) return false;
27
          return true:
28
      };
29
30
      auto check2=[&](L s){
31
          for(auto &c:circle)if(ics(c,s,1)) return false;
32
          return true;
33
      };
34
35
      for(auto &c1:circle){
36
          rep(j,4) can(cir(c1,j*PI/2.0));
37
          for(auto &p:point) for(auto &l:tan(c1,p)) can(proj(1,c1.c));
38
          for(auto &c2:circle){
              if(rcc(c1,c2)==ISC) for(auto &p:pcc(c1,c2)) can(p);
               for(auto &1:tan(c1,c2)) can(proj(1,c1.c)),can(proj(1,c2.c));
41
          }
42
      }
43
44
      uniq(candiate),move(_all(candiate),back_inserter(point));
45
      for(auto &c:circle){
46
          vector<pair<R,int>> idx;
          rep(i,point.size()){
              if(sgn(norm(c.c-point[i])-norm(c.r))==0)
49
                   reg(idx, {arg(point[i]-c.c),i});
51
          sort(_all(idx)),reg(idx,{idx[0].first+2*PI,idx[0].second});
52
          rep(i,1,idx.size()){
              R a1=idx[i-1].first,a2=idx[i].first;
54
              P mid=cir(c, (a1+a2)/2.0);
               if(check1(mid)) add_edge(idx[i-1].second,idx[i].second,c.r*(a2-a1));
56
          }
57
      }
58
      rep(i,point.size())rep(j,i){
59
          L l={point[i],point[j]};
60
          if(check2(1)) add_edge(i,j,abs(1.t-1.s));
61
      }
62
```

63 }

## 1.9 ボロノイ図

```
1 VP normalize_polygon(VP pol) {
      rep(i, pol.size()) {
          if (ccw(pol[(i + n - 1) \% n], pol[i], pol[(i + 1) \% n]) == 0N)
              pol.erase(begin(pol) + i--);
      }
      return pol;
9 L bisector(P a, P b) {
      const P mid = (a + b) / P(2, 0);
      return L{mid, mid + (b - a)*P(0, 1)};
12 }
13
14 VP voronoi_cell(VP pol, VP v, int s) {
      rep(i, v.size()) {
15
          if (i == s) continue;
          pol = convex_cut(pol, bisector(v[s], v[i]));
17
      }
      return pol;
19
20 }
```