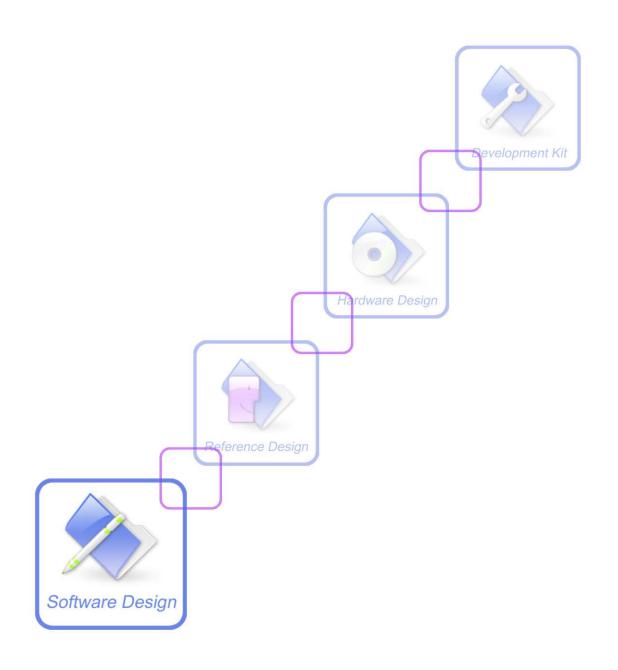


AT Command Set

SIMCOM_SIM7100JE_ATC_EN_V0.01





Document Title:	SIM7100JE AT Command Set	
Version:	0.01	
Date:	2015-02-09	
Status:	Release	
Document ID:	SIMCOM_SIM7100JE_ATC_EN_V0.01	

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Version History.

Version	Chapter	Comments
V0.01		Initial version



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1 Introduction

1.1 Scope

The present document describes the AT Command Set for the SIMCom Module:

SIM7100JF

More information about the SIMCom Module which includes the Software Version information can be retrieved by the command ATI. In this document, a short description, the syntax, the possible setting values and responses, and some examples of AT commands are presented.

Prior to using the Module, please read this document and the Version History to know the difference from the previous document.

In order to implement communication successfully between Customer Application and the Module, it is recommended to use the AT commands in this document, but not to use some commands which are not included in this document.

1.2 References

The present document is based on the following standards:

- [1] ETSI GSM 01.04: Abbreviations and acronyms.
- [2] 3GPP TS 27.005: Use of Data Terminal Equipment Data Circuit terminating Equipment (DTE DCE) interface for Short Message Service (SMS) and Cell Broadcast Service (CBS).
- [3] 3GPP TS 27.007: AT command set for User Equipment (UE).
- [4] WAP-224-WTP-20010710-a
- [5] WAP-230-WSP-20010705-a
- [6] WAP-209-MMSEncapsulation-20010601-a

1.3 Terms and abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

- AT ATtention; the two-character abbreviation is used to start a command line to be sent from TE/DTE to TA/DCE
- DCE Data Communication Equipment; Data Circuit terminating Equipment
- DCS Digital Cellular Network
- DTE Data Terminal Equipment
- DTMF Dual Tone Multi–Frequency
- EDGE Enhanced Data GSM Environment
- EGPRS Enhanced General Packet Radio Service



GPIO	General–Purpose Input/Output
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service

• GSM Global System for Mobile communications

HSDPA High Speed Downlink Packet Access
 HSUPA High Speed Uplink Packet Access

■ I2C Inter–Integrated Circuit

■ IMEI International Mobile station Equipment Identity

IMSI International Mobile Subscriber Identity

ME Mobile EquipmentMO Mobile-OriginatedMS Mobile Station

MT Mobile–Terminated; Mobile Termination

PCS Personal Communication System

■ PDU Protocol Data Unit

PIN Personal Identification Number

■ PUK Personal Unlock Key

SIM Subscriber Identity ModuleSMS Short Message Service

■ SMS–SC Short Message Service – Service Center

TA Terminal Adaptor; e.g. a data card (equal to DCE)
 TE Terminal Equipment; e.g. a computer (equal to DTE)

■ UE User Equipment

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

USIM Universal Subscriber Identity Module
 WCDMA Wideband Code Division Multiple Access

• FTP File Transfer Protocol

HTTP Hyper Text Transfer Protocol
 POP3 Post Office Protocol Version 3

■ POP3 client An client that can receive e-mail from POP3 server over TCP session

■ RTC Real Time Clock

SMTP Simple Mail Transfer Protocol

• SMTP client An client that can transfer text-based e-mail to SMTP server over TCP session

URC Unsolicited Result Code

1.4 Definitions and conventions

1. For the purposes of the present document, the following syntactical definitions apply:

CR> Carriage return character.

<LF> Linefeed character.

Name enclosed in angle brackets is a syntactical element. Brackets themselves do not appear in the command line.



[...] Optional subparameter of AT command or an optional part of TA information response

is enclosed in square brackets. Brackets themselves do not appear in the command line. If subparameter is not given, its value equals to its previous value or the recommended

default value.

underline Underlined defined subparameter value is the recommended default setting or factory

setting.

2. Document conventions:

• Display the examples of AT commands with *Italic* format.

- Not display blank-line between command line and responses or inside the responses.
- Generally, the characters <CR> and <LF> are intentionally omitted throughout this document.
- If command response is ERROR, not list the ERROR response inside command syntax.

NOTE: AT commands and responses in figures may be not following above conventions.

3. Special marks for commands or parameters:

SIM PIN – Is the command PIN protected?

YES - AT command can be used only when SIM PIN is READY.

NO - AT command can be used when SIM card is absent or SIM PIN validation is pending.

References – Where is the derivation of command?

3GPP TS 27.007 – 3GPP Technical Specification 127 007.

V.25ter – ITU–T Recommendation V.25ter.

Vendor – This command is supported by SIMCom.



2 AT Interface Synopsis

2.1 Interface settings

Between Customer Application and the Module, standardized RS-232 interface is used for the communication, and default values for the interface settings as following:

115200bps, 8 bit data, no parity, 1 bit stop, no data stream control.

2.2 AT command syntax

The prefix "AT" or "at" (no case sensitive) must be included at the beginning of each command line (except A/ and +++), and the character <CR> is used to finish a command line so as to issue the command line to the Module. It is recommended that a command line only includes a command.

When Customer Application issues a series of AT commands on separate command lines, leave a pause between the preceding and the following command until information responses or result codes are retrieved by Customer Application, for example, "OK" is appeared. This advice avoids too many AT commands are issued at a time without waiting for a response for each command.

In the present document, AT commands are divided into three categories: Basic Command, S Parameter Command, and Extended Command.

1. Basic Command

The format of Basic Command is "AT<x><n>" or "AT&<x><n>", "<x>" is the command name, and "<n>" is/are the parameter(s) for the basic command, and optional. An example of Basic Command is "ATE<n>", which informs the TA/DCE whether received characters should be echoed back to the TE/DTE according to the value of "<n>"; "<n>" is optional and a default value will be used if omitted.

2. S Parameter Command

The format of S Parameter Command is "ATS<n>=<m>", "<n>" is the index of the S-register to set, and "<m>" is the value to assign to it. "<m>" is optional; in this case, the format is "ATS<n>", and then a default value is assigned.

3. Extended Command

The Extended Command has several formats, as following table list:



Table 2-1: Types of Extended Command

Command Type	Syntax	Comments
Test Command	AT+ <name>=?</name>	Test the existence of the command; give some
		information about the command subparameters.
Read Command	AT+ <name>?</name>	Check the current values of subparameters.
Write Command	AT+ <name>=<></name>	Set user-definable subparameter values.
Execution Command	AT+ <name></name>	Read non-variable subparameters determined by
		internal processes.

NOTE: The character "+" between the prefix "AT" and command name may be replaced by other character. For example, using "#" or "\$"instead of "+".

2.3 Information responses

If the commands included in the command line are supported by the Module and the subparameters are correct if presented, some information responses will be retrieved by from the Module. Otherwise, the Module will report "ERROR" or "+CME ERROR" or "+CMS ERROR" to Customer Application.

Information responses start and end with <CR><LF>, i.e. the format of information responses is "<CR><LF><response><CR><LF>". Inside information responses, there may be one or more <CR><LF>. Throughout this document, only the responses are presented, and <CR><LF> are intentionally omitted.



3 AT Commands According V.25TER

3.1 A/ Repeat last command

Description

This command is used for implement previous AT command repeatedly (except A/), and the return value depends on the last AT command. If A/ is issued to the Module firstly after power on, the response "OK" is only returned.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
A/	The response the last AT command return

Examples

```
AT+GCAP

+GCAP:+CGSM,+FCLASS,+DS

OK

A/

+GCAP:+CGSM,+FCLASS,+DS

OK
```

3.2 ATD Dial command

Description

This command is used to list characters that may be used in a dialling string for making a call or controlling supplementary services.

NOTE:

- 1. Support several "P" or "p" in the DTMF string but the valid auto-sending DTMF after characters "P" or "p" should not be more than 29.
- 2. Auto-sending DTMF after character "P" or "p" should be ASCII character in the set 0-9, *, #.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V25.ter



2/9/2015

Syntax

Execution Commands	Responses
ATD <n>[<mgsm>][;]</mgsm></n>	Originate a voice call successfully: OK VOICE CALL: BEGIN Originate a data call successfully: CONNECT [<text>]</text>
	Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution: ERROR
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery: NO CARRIER
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT: +CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<n>

String of dialing digits and optionally V.25ter modifiers dialing digits:

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 * # + A B C

Following V.25ter modifiers are ignored:

, T P ! W @

<mgsm>

String of GSM modifiers:

- I Activates CLIR (disables presentation of own phone number to called party)
- i Deactivates CLIR (enables presentation of own phone number to called party)
- G Activate Closed User Group explicit invocation for this call only
- g Deactivate Closed User Group explicit invocation for this call only

<;>

The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax calls.

<text>

CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.

/err

Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

Examples

ATD10086;

OK

VOICE CALL:BEGIN



3.3 ATD><mem><n> Originate call from specified memory

Description

This command is used to originate a call using specified memory and index number.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Commands	Responses
ATD> <mem><n>[;]</n></mem>	Originate a voice call successfully:
	OK
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN
	Originate a data call successfully:
	CONNECT [<text>]</text>
	Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution: ERROR
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery: NO CARRIER
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT: +CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<mem> Phonebook storage: (For detailed description of storages see AT+CPBS) "DC" ME dialed calls list "MC" ME missed (unanswered received) calls list "RC" ME received calls list "SM" SIM phonebook "ME" UE phonebook "FD" SIM fixed dialing phonebook "ON" **MSISDN** list "LD" Last number dialed phonebook "EN" Emergency numbers <n>

Integer type memory location in the range of locations available in the selected memory, i.e. the index returned by AT+CPBR.

<;>

The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax calls.



<text>

CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.

<err>

Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

Examples

ATD>SM3;
OK
VOICE CALL: BEGIN

3.4 ATD><n> Originate call from active memory (1)

Description

This command is used to originate a call to specified number.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Commands	Responses
ATD> <n>[;]</n>	Originate a voice call successfully:
	OK
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN
	Originate a data call successfully:
	CONNECT [<text>]</text>
	Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution:
	ERROR
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery:
	NO CARRIER
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	TONE BRICORY

Defined values

 $\langle n \rangle$

Integer type memory location in the range of locations available in the selected memory, i.e. the index number returned by AT+CPBR.

<;>

The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax



calls.

<text>

CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.

<err>

Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

Examples

ATD>2;

OK

VOICE CALL: BEGIN

3.5 ATD><str> Originate call from active memory (2)

Description

This command is used to originate a call to specified number.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Commands	Responses
ATD> <str>[;]</str>	Originate a voice call successfully:
	OK
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN
	Originate a data call successfully:
	CONNECT [<text>]</text>
	Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution:
	ERROR
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery:
	NO CARRIER
	Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<str>

String type value, which should equal to an alphanumeric field in at least one phone book entry in the searched memories. <str> formatted as current TE character set specified by AT+CSCS.<str> must be double quoted.



<;>

The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax calls.

<text>

CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.

<err>

Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

Examples

```
ATD>"Kobe";

OK

VOICE CALL: BEGIN
```

3.6 ATA Call answer

Description

This command is used to make remote station to go off-hook, e.g. answer an incoming call. If there is no an incoming call and entering this command to TA, it will be return "NO CARRIER" to TA.

SIM PIN	References
YES	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Commands	Responses
ATA	For voice call:
	OK
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN
	For data call, and TA switches to data mode: CONNECT
	No connection or no incoming call:
	NO CARRIER

Examples

ATA

VOICE CALL: BEGIN

OK



3.7 ATH Disconnect existing call

Description

This command is used to disconnect existing call. Before using ATH command to hang up a voice call, it must set AT+CVHU=0. Otherwise, ATH command will be ignored and "OK" response is given only.

This command is also used to disconnect PS data call, and in this case it doesn't depend on the value of AT+CVHU.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
ATH	If AT+CVHU=0:
	VOICE CALL: END: <time></time>
	OK
	OK

Defined values

```
<time>
Voice call connection time:

Format - HHMMSS (HH: hour, MM: minute, SS: second)
```

Examples

```
AT+CVHU=0
OK
ATH
VOICE CALL:END:000017
OK
```

3.8 ATSO Automatic answer incoming call

Description

The S-parameter command controls the automatic answering feature of the Module. If set to 000, automatic answering is disabled, otherwise it causes the Module to answer when the incoming call indication (RING) has occurred the number of times indicated by the specified value; and the setting will not be stored upon power-off, i.e. the default value will be restored after restart.

SIM PIN References



YES	V.25ter
-----	---------

Syntax

Read Command	Responses
ATS0?	<n></n>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
ATS0= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<n></n>	
<u>000</u>	Automatic answering mode is disable. (default value when power-on)
001–255	Enable automatic answering on the ring number specified.
NOTE: 1.The	S-parameter command is effective on voice call and data call.
2.If <	n> is set too high, the remote party may hang up before the call can be answered
auto	omatically.

Examples

ATSO?		
000		
OK		
ATS0=003		
OK		

3.9 +++ Switch from data mode to command mode

Description

This command is only available during a connecting PS data call. The +++ character sequence causes the TA to cancel the data flow over the AT interface and switch to Command Mode. This allows to enter AT commands while maintaining the data connection to the remote device.

NOTE: To prevent the +++ escape sequence from being misinterpreted as data, it must be preceded and followed by a pause of at least 1000 milliseconds, and the interval between two '+' character can't exceed 900 milliseconds.

SIM PIN	References
YES	V.25ter



Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
+++	OK

Examples

```
+++
OK
```

3.10 ATO Switch from command mode to data mode

Description

<u>ATO</u> is the corresponding command to the <u>+++</u> escape sequence. When there is a PS data call connected and the TA is in Command Mode, <u>ATO</u> causes the TA to resume the data and takes back to Data Mode.

SIM PIN	References
YES	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
ATO	TA/DCE switches to Data Mode from Command Mode: CONNECT [<baud rate="">]</baud>
	If connection is not successfully resumed or there is not a connected CSD call: NO CARRIER
	ERROR

Examples

```
ATO
CONNECT 115200
```

3.11 ATI Display product identification information

Description

This command is used to request the product information, which consists of manufacturer identification, model identification, revision identification, International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI) and overall capabilities of the product.



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SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
ATI	Manufacturer: <manufacturer></manufacturer>
	Model: <model></model>
	Revision: <revision></revision>
	IMEI: <sn></sn>
	+GCAP: list of <name>s</name>
	OK

Defined values

<manufacturer>

The identification of manufacturer.

<model>

The identification of model.

<revision>

The revision identification of firmware.

<sn>

Serial number identification, which consists of a single line containing IMEI (International Mobile station Equipment Identity) number.

<name>

List of additional capabilities:

+CGSM GSM function is supported +FCLASS FAX function is supported +DS Data compression is supported

+ES Synchronous data mode is supported.

Examples

ATI

Manufacturer: SIMCOM INCORPORATED

Model: SIMCOM_SIM7100JE Revision: SIM7100JE _V4.5 IMEI: 351602000330570

+GCAP: +CGSM, +FCLASS, +DS

OK



3.12 AT+IPR Set local baud rate temporarily

Description

This command sets the baud rate of module's serial interface temporarily, after reboot the baud rate is set to default value. The default value is 115200.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+IPR=?	+IPR: (list of supported <speed>s)</speed>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+IPR?	+IPR: <speed></speed>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+IPR= <speed></speed>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+IPR	Set default value 115200:
	OK

Defined values

<speed>

Baud rate per second:

 $300,\ 600,\ 1200,\ 2400,\ 4800,\ 9600,\ 19200,\ 38400,\ 57600,\ \underline{115200},\ 230400,\ 460800,921600,\ 30000000,32000000,3686400,4000000$

Examples

AT+IPR? +IPR: 115200 OK AT+IPR=? +IPR:(300,600,1200,2400,4800,9600,19200,38400,57600,115200,230400,460800,921600, 3000000,3200000,3686400,4000000) OK AT+IPR=115200

11 1111 1152

OK



3.13 AT+ICF Set control character framing

Description

This command sets character framing which contains data bit, stop bit and parity bit.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+ICF=?	+ICF: (list of supported <format>s), (list of supported<parity>s) OK</parity></format>
Read Command	Responses
AT+ICF?	+ICF: <format>,<parity> OK</parity></format>
Write Command	Responses
AT+ICF=	OK
<format>[,<parity>]</parity></format>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+ICF	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

Examples

```
AT+ICF?

+ICF: 3,3

OK

AT+ICF=?

+ICF: (3),(0-3)

OK
```



AT+ICF=3,3 OK

3.14 AT+IFC Set local data flow control

Description

The command sets the flow control mode of the module.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+IFC=?	+IFC: (list of supported <dce>s), (list of supported<dte>s)</dte></dce>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+IFC?	+IFC: <dce>,<dte></dte></dce>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+IFC= <dce>[,<dte>]</dte></dce>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+IFC	Set default value:
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

Examples

AT+IFC?



```
+IFC: 0,0

OK

AT+IFC=?

+IFC: (0,2),(0,2)

OK

AT+IFC=2,2

OK
```

3.15 AT&C Set DCD function mode

Description

This command determines how the state of DCD PIN relates to the detection of received line signal from the distant end.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
AT&C[<value>]</value>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<value>

- 0 DCD line shall always be on.
- 1 DCD line shall be on only when data carrier signal is present.
- 2 Setting winks(briefly transitions off,then back on)the DCD line when data calls end.

Examples

AT&C1
OK

3.16 ATE Enable command echo

Description

This command sets whether or not the TA echoes characters.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter



Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
ATE[<value>]</value>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<value>
    0 - Echo mode off
    <u>1</u> - Echo mode on
```

Examples

```
ATE1
OK
```

3.17 AT&V Display current configuration

Description

This command returns some of the base configuration parameters settings.

SIM PIN	References
YES	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
AT&V	<text></text>
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<TEXT>
All relative configuration information.
```

Examples

```
AT&V
&C: 0; &D: 2; &F: 0; E: 1; L: 0; M: 0; Q: 0; V: 1; X: 0; Z: 0; S0: 0;

S3: 13; S4: 10; S5: 8; S6: 2; S7: 50; S8: 2; S9: 6; S10: 14; S11: 95;

+FCLASS: 0; +ICF: 3,3; +IFC: 2,2; +IPR: 115200; +DR: 0; +DS: 0,0,2048,6;

+WS46: 12; +CBST: 0,0,1;
```



..... OK

3.18 AT&D Set DTR function mode

Description

This command determines how the TA responds when DTR PIN is changed from the ON t o the OFF condition during data mode.

NOTE: After executing AT+CSUART=1, it takes effect.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
AT&D[<value>]</value>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<value>

- 0 TA ignores status on DTR.
- 1 ON->OFF on DTR: Change to Command mode with remaining the connected call
- <u>2</u> ON->OFF on DTR: Disconnect call, change to Command mode.During state DTR = OFF is auto-answer off.

Examples

```
AT&D1
OK
```

3.19 AT&S Set DSR function mode

Description

The command determines how the state of DSR pin works.

SIM PIN	References
YES	V.25ter

Syntax

|--|



AT&S <value></value>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<value>

- 0 DSR line shall always be on.
- 1 DSR line shall be on only when DTE and DCE are connected.

Examples

```
AT&SO
OK
```

3.20 ATV Set result code format mode

Description

This parameter setting determines the contents of the header and trailer transmitted with result codes and information responses.

NOTE: In case of using This command without parameter <value> will be set to 0.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.25ter

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
ATV[<value>]</value>	If < value > = 0
	0
	If < value > = 1
	OK

Defined values

Examples

ATV1		
OK		



3.21 AT&F Set all current parameters to manufacturer defaults

Description

This command is used to set all current parameters to the manufacturer defined profile.

NOTE:List of parameters reset to manufacturer default can be found in defined values, factory default settings restorable with AT&F[<value>].

Every ongoing or incoming call will be terminated.

SIM PIN	References
NO	V.250

Syntax

Execution Command	Responses
AT&F[<value>]</value>	OK

Defined values

<value></value>		
0 — Set some temporary TA parameters to manufacturer defaults. The setting after power on or reset is		
same as value 0.		
default values		
TA parameters	VALUE	
AT+CATR	0	
AT+CSUART	0	
AT+CPCM	0,0	
AT+CPCMFMT	2	
AT+CPCMSLOT	0	
AT+CNBP ①	0x0002000000680380	
AT+CNMP	2	
AT+CNAOP	2	
AT+CNSDP	2	
AT+CTZU	0	
AT+CRSL	2	
AT+CALM	0	
AT+CEMNLIST	0, ""	
AT+CVALARM	0,3400	
AT+CRFEN	1	
AT+CSDVC	1	



AT+CLVL ②	2
AT+CVAUXS	1
AT+CVAUXV	52
AT+CDTRISRS	0
AT+CDTRISRMD	0,0
AT+CGDCONT	1,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
AT+CGSOCKCONT	+CGSOCKCONT: 1,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 2,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 3,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 4,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 5,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 6,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 7,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 8,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 9,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 10,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 11,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 12,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 13,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 14,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 15,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
	+CGSOCKCONT: 16,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
AT+CPLMNWLIST	"", 1
AT+CPASSMGR	NULL (disable all passwords)
AT+CGPSSSL	0
AT+CGPSURL	""
AT+CGPSAUTO	0
①SIM7100JE default value is 0x000200000	00680380.
②These audio parameters is discrepant in d	ifferent Qualcomm platform version.

Examples

AT&F
OK
AT&FI
OK (then reset the module manually)

3.22 ATQ Set Result Code Presentation Mode

Description

Specify whether the TA transmits any result code to the TE or not. Text information transmitted in



response is not affected by this setting

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
ATQ <n></n>	If <n>=0:</n>
	OK
	If <n>=1:</n>
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
ATQ	Set default value:0
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<n>
0 – DCE transmits result code
1 – DCE not transmits result code

Examples

ATQ0 OK

3.23 ATX Set CONNECT Result Code Format

Description

This parameter setting determines whether the TA transmits unsolicited result codes or not. The unsolicited result codes are

<CONNECT><SPEED><COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL>[<TEXT>]

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
ATX <value></value>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses

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ATX	Set default value: 1
	OK
	ERROR

<value>

0 - CONNECT result code returned

1,2,3,4 - May be transmits extern result codes according to AT&E and AT\V settings. Refer to AT&E.

Examples

ATX1			
OK			

3.24 AT\V Set CONNECT Result Code Format About Protocol

Description

This parameter setting determines whether report the communication protocol. If PS call, it also determines wether report APN, uplink rate, downlink rate.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT\V <value></value>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
$AT \setminus V$	Set default value: 0
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<value>

- 0 Don't report
- 1 Report communication protocol. And report APN, uplink rate, downlink rate if PS call. Refer to AT&E. The maybe communication protocol report include "NONE","PPPoverUD","AV32K","AV64K","PACKET". And APN in string format while uplink rate and downlink rate in integer format with kb unit.



$AT \backslash VO$			
OK			

3.25 AT&E Set CONNECT Result Code Format About Speed

Description

This parameter setting determines to report Serial connection rate or Wireless connection speed. It is valid only ATX above 0.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT&E <value></value>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT&E	Set default value: 1
	OK

Defined values

<value>

- 0 Wireless connection speed in integer format.
- 1 Serial connection rate in integer format. Such as: "115200"

Examples

AT&E0 OK

3.26 AT&W Save the user setting to ME

Description

This command will save the user settings to ME which set by ATE, ATQ, ATV, ATX, AT&C AT&D, AT&S, AT\V, AT+IFC and ATS0.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005



Write Command	Responses
AT&W <value></value>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT&W	Set default value: 0
	OK
	ERROR

<value></value>	
0 – Save	

Examples

AT&WO			
OK			

3.27 ATZ Restore the user setting from ME

Description

This command will restore the user setting from ME which set by ATE, ATQ, ATV, ATX, AT&C AT&D, AT&S, AT\Q, AT\V, and ATS0.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
ATZ <value></value>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
	Tresponses
ATZ	Set default value: 0
	-

Defined values

<value></value>	
0 – Restore	



ATZ0 OK

3.28 AT+CGMI Request manufacturer identification

Description

This command is used to request the manufacturer identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the manufacturer.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGMI=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGMI	<manufacturer></manufacturer>
	OK

Defined values

<manufacturer>
The identification of manufacturer.

Examples

AT+CGMI SIMCOM INCORPORATED OK

3.29 AT+CGMM Request model identification

Description

This command is used to requests model identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the specific model.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Test Command	Responses	



AT+CGMM=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGMM	<model></model>
	OK

<model>
The identification of model.

Examples

AT+CGMM SIMCOM_SIM7100JE OK

3.30 AT+CGMR Request revision identification

Description

This command is used to request product firmware revision identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the version.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGMR=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGMR	+CGMR: <revision></revision>
	OK

Defined values

<revision>
The revision identification of firmware.

Examples

AT+CGMR +CGMR: 1575B09SIM7100JE OK



3.31 AT+CGSN Request product serial number identification

Description

This command requests product serial number identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the individual ME to which it is connected to.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGSN=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGSN	<sn></sn>
	OK

Defined values

<sn>

Serial number identification, which consists of a single line containing the IMEI (International Mobile station Equipment Identity) number of the MT.

Examples

AT+CGSN 351602000330570 OK

3.32 AT+CSCS Select TE character set

Description

Write command informs TA which character set <chest> is used by the TE. TA is then able to convert character strings correctly between TE and MT character sets.

Read command shows current setting and test command displays conversion schemes implemented in the TA.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007



Test Command	Responses
AT+CSCS=?	+CSCS: (list of supported <chset>s)</chset>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSCS?	+CSCS: <chset></chset>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSCS= <chset></chset>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSCS	Set subparameters as default value:
	OK

<chest></chest>	
Character set,	the definition as following:
<u>"IRA"</u>	International reference alphabet.
"GSM"	GSM default alphabet; this setting causes easily software flow control (XON
	/XOFF) problems.
"UCS2"	16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set; UCS2 character strings are
	converted to hexadecimal numbers from 0000 to FFFF.

Examples

AT+CSCS="IRA"		
OK		
AT+CSCS?		
+CSCS: "IRA"		
OK		

3.33 AT+CIMI Request international mobile subscriber identity

Description

Execution command causes the TA to return <IMSI>, which is intended to permit the TE to identify the individual SIM card which is attached to MT.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007



Test Command	Responses
AT+CIMI=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CIMI	<imsi></imsi>
	OK
	ERROR

<IMSI>
International Mobile Subscriber Identity (string, without double quotes).

Examples

AT+CIMI 460010222028133 OK

3.34 AT+GCAP Request overall capabilities

Description

Execution command causes the TA reports a list of additional capabilities.

SIM PIN	References
YES	V.25ter

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+GCAP=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+GCAP	+GCAP: (list of <name>s)</name>
	OK
	ERROR

<name></name>	
List of additional	capabilities.
+CGSM	GSM function is supported



+FCLASS	FAX function is supported
+DS	Data compression is supported
+ES	Synchronous data mode is supported.



4 AT Commands for Status Control

4.1 AT+CFUN Set phone functionality

Description

This command is used to select the level of functionality <fun> in the ME. Level "full functionality" is where the highest level of power is drawn. "Minimum functionality" is where minimum power is drawn. Level of functionality between these may also be specified by manufacturers. When supported by manufacturers, ME resetting with <rst> parameter may be utilized.

NOTE: AT+CFUN=6 must be used after setting AT+CFUN=7. If module in offline mode, must execute AT+CFUN=6 or restart module to online mode.

NOTE: If AT+CFUN=0/4 is used after setting AT+CFUN=7, module will restart to online mode;

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFUN=?	+CFUN: (list of supported <fun>s), (list of supported <rst>s)</rst></fun>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFUN?	+CFUN: <fun></fun>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFUN= <fun>[,<rst>]</rst></fun>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>





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- <u>1</u> full functionality, online mode
- 4 disable phone both transmit and receive RF circuits
- 5 Factory Test Mode
- 6 Reset
- 7 Offline Mode

<rst>

- 0 do not reset the ME before setting it to <fun> power level
- 1 reset the ME before setting it to <fun> power level. This value only takes effect when <fun> equals 1.

Examples

```
AT+CFUN?
+CFUN: 1
OK
AT+CFUN=0
OK
```

4.2 AT+CPIN Enter PIN

Description

This command is used to send the ME a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.). If the PIN is to be entered twice, the TA shall automatically repeat the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken towards MT and an error message, +CME ERROR, is returned to TE.

If the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2, the second pin is required. This second pin, <newpin>, is used to replace the old pin in the SIM.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPIN=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: <code></code>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPIN=	OK



<pin>[,<newpin>]</newpin></pin>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

```
<pin>
String type values.
<newpin>
String type values.
<code>
Values reserved by the present document:
    READY
                  - ME is not pending for any password
    SIM PIN
                  - ME is waiting SIM PIN to be given
    SIM PUK
                  - ME is waiting SIM PUK to be given
    PH-SIM PIN - ME is waiting phone-to-SIM card password to be given
    SIM PIN2
                  - ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given
    SIM PUK2
                  - ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given
    PH-NET PIN - ME is waiting network personalization password to be given
```

Examples

```
AT+CPIN?
+CPIN: SIM PUK2
OK
```

4.3 AT+CICCID Read ICCID from SIM card

Description

This command is used to Read the ICCID from SIM card

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CICCID=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CICCID	+ICCID: <iccid></iccid>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>



<ICCID>

Integrate circuit card identity, a standard ICCID is a 20-digit serial number of the SIM card, it presents the publish state, network code, publish area, publish date, publish manufacture and press serial number of the SIM card.

Examples

AT+CICCID +ICCID: 898600700907A6019125 OK

4.4 AT+CSIM Generic SIM access

Description

This command is used to control the SIM card directly.

Compared to restricted SIM access command AT+CRSM, AT+CSIM allows the ME to take more control over the SIM interface.

For SIM-ME interface please refer 3GPP TS 11.11.

NOTE: The SIM Application Toolkit functionality is not supported by AT+CSIM. Therefore the following SIM commands can not be used: TERMINAL PROFILE, ENVELOPE, FETCH and TEMINAL RESPONSE.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSIM=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSIM=	+CSIM: <length>, <response></response></length>
<length>,<command/></length>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<length>
Interger type; length of characters that are sent to TE in <command> or <response>
<command>
Command passed from MT to SIM card.



<response>

Response to the command passed from SIM card to MT.

Examples

```
AT+CSIM=?
OK
```

4.5 AT+CRSM Restricted SIM access

Description

By using AT+CRSM instead of Generic SIM Access AT+CSIM, TE application has easier but more limited access to the SIM database.

Write command transmits to the MT the SIM <command> and its required parameters. MT handles internally all SIM-MT interface locking and file selection routines. As response to the command, MT sends the actual SIM information parameters and response data. MT error result code +CME ERROR may be returned when the command cannot be passed to the SIM, but failure in the execution of the command in the SIM is reported in <sw1> and <sw2> parameters.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CRSM=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CRSM= <command/>	+CRSM: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>]</response></sw2></sw1>
[, <fileid>[,<p1>,<p2>,<p3></p3></p2></p1></fileid>	OK
[, <data>]]]</data>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

```
Command>
Command passed on by the MT to the SIM:
176 - READ BINARY
178 - READ RECORD
192 - GET RESPONSE
214 - UPDATE BINARY
220 - UPDATE RECORD
242 - STATUS
203 - RETRIEVE DATA
```



219 - SET DATA

<fileID>

Identifier for an elementary data file on SIM, if used by <command>.

The following list the fileID hex value, user needs to convet them to decimal.

EFs under MF

0x2FE2 ICCID

0x2F05 Extended Language Preferences

0x2F00 EF DIR

0x2F06 Access Rule Reference

EFs under USIM ADF

0x6F05 Language Indication

0x6F07 IMSI

0x6F08 Ciphering and Integrity keys

0x6F09 C and Ikeys for plt switched domain

0x6F60 User controlled PLMN selector w/Acc Tech

0x6F30 User ontrolled PLMN selector

0x6F31 HPLMN search period
0x6F37 ACM maximum value
0x6F38 USIM Service table
0x6F39 Accumulated Call meter

0x6F3F Group Identifier Level 0x6F3F Group Identifier Level 2 0x6F46 Service Provider Name

0x6F41 Price Per Unit and Currency table

0x6F45 Cell Bast Msg identifier selection
0x6F78 Access control class

0x6F7B Forbidden HLMNs
0x6F7E Location information
0x6FAD Administrative data

0x6F48 Cell B:ast msg il for data download

0x6FB7 Emergency all odes

0x6F50 Cell bast msg it range selection 0x6F73 Packet switched location information

0x6F3B Fixed dalling numbers

0x6F3C Short messages

0x6F40 MSISDN

0x6F42 SMS parameters

0x6F43 SMS Status

0x6F49 Service dalling numbers

0x6F4BExtension 20x6F4CExtension 30x6F47SMS reports

0x6F80 Incoming call information



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0x6F81	Outgoing all information
0x6F82	Incoming all tmer
0x6F83	Outgoing all imer
0x6F4E	Extension 5
0x6F4F	Capability Config Parameters 2
0x6FB5	Enh Multi Level Precedence and Pri
0x6FB6	Automatic answer for eMLPP service
0x6FC2	Group identity
0x6FC3	Key for hidden phonebook entries
0x6F4D	Barred dalling numbers
0x6F55	Extension 4
0x6F58	Comparison Method information
0x6F56	Enabled rvices able
0x6F57	Access Point Name Control List
0x6F2C	De-personalization Control Keys
0x6F32	Co-operative network list
0x6F5B	Hyperframe number
0x6F5C	Maximum value of Hyperframe number
0x6F61	OPLMN selector with access ech
0x6F5D	OPLMN selector
0x6F62	HPLMN selector with access technology
0x6F06	Access Rule reference
0x6F65	RPLMN list used access ech
0x6FC4	Network Parameters
0x6F11	CPHS: Voice Mail Waiting Indicator
0x6F12,	CPHS: Service String Table
0x6F13	CPHS: Call Forwarding Hag
0x6F14	CPHS: Operator Name String
0x6F15	CPHS: Customer Service Profile
0x6F16	CPHS: CPHS hformation
0x6F17	CPHS: Mailbox Number
0x6FC5	PLMN Network Name
0x6FC6	Operator FLMN List
0x6F9F	Dynamic Hags Status
0x6F92	Dynamic2 Hag Setting
0x6F98	Customer Service Profile Line2
0x6F9B	EF PARAMS - Welcome Message
0x4F30	Phone book eference fle
0x4F22	Phone book synchronization enter
0x4F23	Change ounter
0x4F24	Previous Unique Identifier
0x4F20	GSM aphering key Kc
0x4F52	GPRS aphering key



0x4F63	CPBCCH information
0x4F64	Investigation scan
0x4F40	MExE Service table
0x4F41	Operator Root Riblic Key
0x4F42	Administrator Root Rublic Key
0x4F43	Third party Root public key
0x6FC7	Mail Box Daling Number
0x6FC8	Extension 6
0x6FC9	Mailbox Identifier
0x6FCA	Message Waiting Indication Status
0x6FCD	Service Provider Display Information
0x6FD2	UIM_USIM_SPT_TABLE
0x6FD9	Equivalent HPLMN
0x6FCB	Call Forwarding Indicator Status
0x6FD6	GBA Bootstrapping parameters
0x6FDA	GBA NAF List
0x6FD7	MBMS Service Key
0x6FD8	MBMS User Key
0x6FCF	Extension 8
0x5031	Object Drectory File
0x5032	Token Information File
0x5033	Unused space Information File
EFs under Telec	com DF
0x6F3A	Abbreviated Daling Numbers
0x6F3B	Fixed dalling numbers
0x6F3C	Short messages
0x6F3D	Capability Configuration Parameters
0x6F4F	Extended CCP
0x6F40	MSISDN
0x6F42	SMS parameters
0x6F43	SMS Status
0x6F44	Last number dalled
0x6F49	Service Dalling numbers
0x6F4A	Extension 1
0x6F4B	Extension 2
0x6F4C	Extension 3
0x6F4D	Barred Daling Numbers
0x6F4E	Extension 4
0x6F47	SMS eports
0x6F58	Comparison Method Information
0x6F54	Setup Menu dements
0x6F06	Access Rule reference
0x4F20	Image



0x4F30	Phone book eference fle
0x4F22	Phone book synchronization center
0x4F23	Change ounter
0x4F24	Previous Unique Identifier
<p1> <p2></p2></p1>	<p3></p3>

Integer type; parameters to be passed on by the Module to the SIM.

<data>

Information which shall be written to the SIM (hexadecimal character format, refer AT+CSCS).

<sw1> <sw2>

Status information from the SIM about the execution of the actual command. It is returned in both cases, on successful or failed execution of the command.

<response>

Response data in case of a successful completion of the previously issued command.

"STATUS" and "GET RESPONSE" commands return data, which gives information about the currently selected elementary data field. This information includes the type of file and its size.

After "READ BINARY" or "READ RECORD" commands the requested data will be returned.

<response> is empty after "UPDATE BINARY" or "UPDATE RECORD" commands.

Examples

```
AT+CRSM=?
OK
```

4.6 AT+SPIC Times remain to input SIM PIN/PUK

Description

This command is used to inquire times remain to input SIM PIN/PUK.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SPIC=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SPIC	+SPIC: <pin1>,<puk1>,<pin2>,<puk2></puk2></pin2></puk1></pin1>
	OK

<pin1></pin1>	
Times remain to input PIN1 code.	



```
<puk1>
Times remain to input PUK1 code.
<pin2>
Times remain to input PIN2 code.
<puk2>
Times remain to input PUK2 code.
```

```
AT+SPIC=?

OK

AT+SPIC

+SPIC: 3,10,0,10

OK
```

4.7 AT+CSPN Get service provider name from SIM

Description

This command is used to get service provider name from SIM card.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSPN=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSPN?	+CSPN: <spn>,<display mode=""></display></spn>
	OK
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>



```
AT+CSPN=?

OK

AT+CSPN?

+CSPN: "CMCC",0

OK
```

4.8 AT+CSQ Query signal quality

Description

This command is used to return received signal strength indication <rssi> and channel bit error rate

 from the ME. Test command returns values supported by the TA as compound values.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSQ=?	+CSQ: (list of supported <rssi>s),(list of supported <ber>s) OK</ber></rssi>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSQ	+CSQ: <rssi>,<ber></ber></rssi>
	OK
	ERROR

<rssi></rssi>		
0	_	-113 dBm or less
1	_	-111 dBm
230	_	-10953 dBm
31	_	-51 dBm or greater
99	_	not known or not detectable
100	_	-116 dBm or less
101	_	-115 dBm
102	191 –	-11426dBm
191	_	-25 dBm or greater
199	_	not known or not detectable
100	199 –	expand to TDSCDMA, indicate RSCP received
<ber></ber>		
(in percent))	



```
0
    - <0.01%
1
    - 0.01% --- 0.1%
2
    - 0.1% --- 0.5%
3
    - 0.5% --- 1.0%
4
    - 1.0% --- 2.0%
5
    - 2.0% --- 4.0%
6
    - 4.0% --- 8.0%
    - >=8.0%
99

    not known or not detectable
```

```
AT+CSQ
+CSQ: 22,0
OK
```

4.9 AT+AUTOCSQ Set CSQ report

Description

This command is used to enable or disable automatic report CSQ information, when automatic report enabled, the module reports CSQ information every five seconds or only after <rssi> or
ber> is changed, the format of automatic report is "+CSQ: <rssi>,<ber>".

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+AUTOCSQ=?	+AUTOCSQ: (list of supported <auto>s),(list of supported<mod< td=""></mod<></auto>
	e>s)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+AUTOCSQ?	+AUTOCSQ: <auto>,<mode></mode></auto>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+AUTOCSQ= <auto>[,<</auto>	OK
mode>]	ERROR

<auto></auto>	
<u>0</u> –	disable automatic report



1 – enable automatic report

<mode>

- <u>0</u> CSQ automatic report every five seconds
- 1 CSQ automatic report only after <rssi> or <ber> is changed_

NOTE: If the parameter of <mode> is omitted when executing write command, <mode> will be set to default value.

Examples

```
AT+AUTOCSQ=?
+AUTOCSQ: (0-1),(0-1)

OK

AT+AUTOCSQ?
+AUTOCSQ: 1,1

OK

AT+AUTOCSQ=1,1

OK

+CSQ: 23,0 (when <rssi> or <ber> changing)
```

4.10 AT+CATR Configure URC destination interface

Description

This command is used to configure the serial port which will be used to output URCs. We recommend configure a destination port for receiving URC in the system initialization phase, in particular, in the case that transmitting large amounts of data, e.g. use TCP/UDP/FTP(S)/HTTP(S)/SSL and MT SMS related AT command.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CATR=?	+CATR: (list of supported <port>s)</port>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CATR?	+CATR: <port></port>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CATR= <port></port>	OK
	ERROR



```
AT+CATR=1
OK
AT+CATR?
+CATR: 1
OK
```

4.11 AT+CFBDURC Disable URC reporting

Description

This command is used to enable or disable URC reporting. The report of the following modules will not be regarded as URC: FTP/SMTP/POP3/HTTPS/SMTPS/HTTPS/COMMON CHANNEL.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFBDURC=?	+CFBDURC: (0,1)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFBDURC?	+CFBDURC: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+ CFBDURC= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR



```
AT+CFBDURC=1
OK
```

4.12 AT+CPOF Power down the module

Description

This command is used to power off the module. Once the AT+CPOF command is executed, The module will store user data and deactivate from network, and then shutdown.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPOF=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CPOF	OK

Examples

4.13 AT+CRESET Reset the module

Description

This command is used to reset the module.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CRESET=?	OK
Execute Command	Responses
AT+CRESET	OK



```
AT+CRESET=?

OK

AT+CRESET

OK
```

4.14 AT+CACM Accumulated call meter

Description

This command is used to reset the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter value in SIM file EF_{ACM} .

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CACM=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CACM?	+CACM: <acm></acm>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CACM= <passwd></passwd>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CACM	OK

Defined values

<pre><passwd></passwd></pre>	
String type, SIM PIN2.	
<acm></acm>	
String type, accumulated call meter value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC.</ccm>	



```
AT+CACM?
+CACM: "000000"
OK
```

4.15 AT+CAMM Accumulated call meter maximum

Description

This command is used to set the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter maximum value in SIM file EF_{ACMmax} .

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CAMM=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CAMM?	+CAMM: <acmmax></acmmax>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CAMM=	OK
<acmmax>[,<passwd>]</passwd></acmmax>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CAMM	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<acmmax>

String type, accumulated call meter maximum value similarly coded as <ccm> under AT+CAOC, value zero disables ACMmax feature.

<passwd>

String type, SIM PIN2.

Examples

AT+CAMM? +CAMM: "000000"



OK

4.16 AT+CPUC Price per unit and currency table

Description

This command is used to set the parameters of Advice of Charge related price per unit and currency table in SIM file EF_{PUCT} ..

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses			
AT+CPUC=?	OK			
Read Command	Responses			
AT+CPUC?	+CPUC: [<currency>,<ppu>]</ppu></currency>			
	OK			
	ERROR			
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>			
Write Command	Responses			
AT+CPUC= <currency>,</currency>	OK			
<ppu>[,<passwd>]</passwd></ppu>	ERROR			
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>			

Defined values

```
<currency>
String type, three-character currency code (e.g. "GBP", "DEM"), character set as specified by
command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.
<ppu>
String type, price per unit, dot is used as a decimal separator. (e.g. "2.66").
<passwd>
String type, SIM PIN2.
```

```
AT+CPUC?
+CPUC: "GBP", "2.66"
OK
```



4.17 AT+CCLK Real time clock management

Description

This command is used to manage Real Time Clock of the module.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCLK=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CCLK?	+CCLK: <time></time>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCLK= <time></time>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<time>

String type value; format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss \pm zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarters of an hour, between the local time and GMT; three last digits are mandatory, range -47...+48). E.g. 6th of May 2008, 14:28:10 GMT+8 equals to "08/05/06,14:28:10+32".

NOTE: 1. Time zone is nonvolatile, and the factory value is invalid time zone.

2. Command +CCLK? will return time zone when time zone is valid, and if time zone is 00, command +CCLK? will return "+00", but not "-00".

```
AT+CCLK="08/11/28,12:30:33+32"

OK

AT+CCLK?
+CCLK: "08/11/28,12:30:35+32"

OK

AT+CCLK="08/11/26,10:15:00"

OK

AT+CCLK?
+CCLK: "08/11/26,10:15:02+32"

OK
```



4.18 AT+CMEE Report mobile equipment error

Description

This command is used to disable or enable the use of result code "+CME ERROR: <err>" or "+CMS ERROR: <err>" as an indication of an error relating to the functionality of ME; when enabled, the format of <err> can be set to numeric or verbose string.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMEE=?	+CMEE: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CMEE?	+CMEE: <n></n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMEE= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CMEE	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<n>

0 - Disable result code, i.e. only "ERROR" will be displayed.

1 - Enable error result code with numeric values.

2 – Enable error result code with string values.

```
AT+CMEE?
+CMEE: 2

OK

AT+CPIN="1234","1234"

+CME ERROR: incorrect password

AT+CMEE=0

OK

AT+CPIN="1234","1234"
```



```
ERROR

AT+CMEE=1

OK

AT+CPIN="1234","1234"

+CME ERROR: 16
```

4.19 AT+CPAS Phone activity status

Description

This command is used to return the activity status <pas> of the ME. It can be used to interrogate the ME before requesting action from the phone.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses	
AT+CPAS=?	+CPAS: (list of supported <pas>s) OK</pas>	
Execution Command	Responses	
AT+CPAS	+CPAS: <pas></pas>	
	OK	

Defined values

```
RING (with incoming call)

AT+CPAS
+CPAS: 3

OK

AT+CPAS=?
+CPAS: (0,3,4)

OK
```



4.20 AT+SIMEI Set IMEI for the module

Description

This command is used to set the module's IMEI value.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

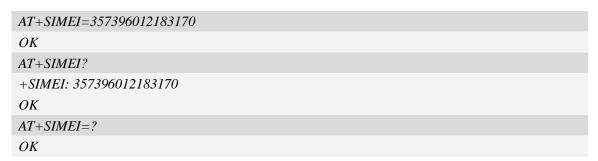
Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SIMEI=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+SIMEI?	+SIMEI: <imei></imei>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+SIMEI= <imei></imei>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<imei>
The 15-digit IMEI value.
```

Examples



4.21 AT+CSQDELTA Set RSSI delta change threshold

Description

This command is used to set RSSI delta threshold for signal strength reporting.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSQDELTA=?	+CSQDELTA: (list of supported <delta>s)</delta>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSQDELTA?	+CSQDELTA: <delta></delta>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSQDELTA= <delta></delta>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSQDELTA	Set default value (<delta>=5):</delta>
	OK

Defined values

<delta></delta>		
Range: from 0 to 5.		

Examples

```
AT+CSQDELTA?
+CSQDELTA: 5
OK
```

4.22 AT+CSVM Voice Mail Subscriber number

Description

Execution command returns the voice mail number related to the subscriber.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSVM=?	+CSVM: (0-1), "(0-9,+)", (128-255)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSVM?	+CSVM: <valid>, "<number>",<type></type></number></valid>



	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSVM= <valid>,</valid>	OK
" <number>",<type></type></number>	ERROR

<valid>
Whether voice mail number is valid:
0 — Voice mail number is invalid.
1 — Voice mail number is valid.
<number>
String type phone number of format specified by <type>.
<type>
Type of address octet in integer format. see also AT+CPBR <type>

Examples

```
AT+CSVM?
+CSVM: 1 ,"13697252277",129
OK
```

4.23 Indication of EONS

This module supports EONS function; the following table shows the URC related EONS.

OPL INIT	Description
OPL DONE	This indication means EF-OPL has been read successfully. Only after this URC is reported, the AT+COPS? can query the network name that supports EONS function.
PNN INIT	Description
PNN DONE	This indication means EF-PNN has been read successfully
OPL UPDATING	Description
OPL UPDATING	This indication means the EF-OPL is updating using OTA message. After updating, the "OPL DONE" should report.
PNN UPDATING	Description
PNN UPDATING	This indication means the EF-PNN is updating using OTA message. After updating, the "PNN DONE" should report.
PNN UPDATING	This indication means the EF-PNN is updating using OTA message. After updating, the "PNN DONE" should report.



4.24 Indication of Voice Mail

This module supports voice mail function; the subscriber number is configured by AT+CSVM command, the following table shows the URC related Voice Mail.

Box Empty	Description
+VOICEMAIL: EMPTY	This indication means the voice mail box is empty
New Message +VOICEMAIL: NEW MSG	Description This indication means there is a new voice mail message
+ VOICEMAIL. NEW WISO	notification received. This is for CPHS.
Voice Mail Status Updated	Description
+VOICEMAIL: WAITING,	This indication means that there are <count> number of voice</count>
<count></count>	mail messages that needs to be got.

Defined values

< count>

Count of voice mail message that waits to be got.

Examples

+VOICEMAIL: WAITING, <count>

+VOICEMAIL: WAITING, 5



5 AT Commands for Network

5.1 AT+CREG Network registration

Description

This command is used to control the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the ME network registration status, or code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>] when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell.

Read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the ME. Location information elements <lac> and <ci> are returned only when <n>=2 and ME is registered in the network.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CREG=?	+CREG: (list of supported <n>s) OK</n>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CREG?	+CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat></n>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CREG= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CREG	Set default value $(\langle n \rangle = 0)$:
	OK

Defined values



```
<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]
```

<stat>

- 0 not registered, ME is not currently searching a new operator to register to
- 1 registered, home network
- 2 not registered, but ME is currently searching a new operator to register to
- 3 registration denied
- 4 unknown
- 5 registered, roaming

<lac>

Two byte location area code in hexadecimal format(e.g. "00C3" equals 193 in decimal).

<ci>

Cell ID in hexadecimal format.

GSM: Maximum is two byte

WCDMA: Maximum is four byte

TDS-CDMA: Maximum is four byte

Examples

```
AT+CREG?
+CREG: 0,1
OK
```

5.2 AT+COPS Operator selection

Description

Write command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM/UMTS network operator. <mode> is used to select whether the selection is done automatically by the ME or is forced by this command to operator <oper> (it shall be given in format <format>). If the selected operator is not available, no other operator shall be selected (except <mode>=4). The selected operator name format shall apply to further read commands (AT+COPS?) also. <mode>=2 forces an attempt to deregister from the network. The selected mode affects to all further network registration (e.g. after <mode>=2, ME shall be unregistered until <mode>=0 or 1 is selected).

Read command returns the current mode and the currently selected operator. If no operator is selected, <format> and <oper> are omitted.

Test command returns a list of quadruplets, each representing an operator present in the network. Quadruplet consists of an integer indicating the availability of the operator <stat>, long and short alphanumeric format of the name of the operator, and numeric format representation of the operator. Any of the formats may be unavailable and should then be an empty field. The list of operators shall be in order: home network, networks referenced in SIM, and other networks.

It is recommended (although optional) that after the operator list TA returns lists of supported <mode>s and <format>s. These lists shall be delimited from the operator list by two commas. When executing AT+COPS=?, any input from serial port will stop this command.



SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+COPS=?	+COPS: [list of supported (<stat>,long alphanumeric <oper></oper></stat>
	,short alphanumeric <oper>,numeric <oper>[,< AcT>])s]</oper></oper>
	[,,(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <format>s)]</format></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Read Command	Responses
AT+COPS?	+COPS: <mode>[,<format>,<oper>[,< AcT>]]</oper></format></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+COPS= <mode>[,<form< td=""><td>OK</td></form<></mode>	OK
at>[, <oper>[,< AcT>]]]</oper>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+COPS	OK

Defined values

<mode> $\underline{0}$ – automatic 1 manual 2 – force deregister 3 - set only <format> - manual/automatic manual,but do not modify the network selection mode(e.g GSM,WCDMA) after module resets. <format> 0 - long format alphanumeric <oper> short format alphanumeric <oper> 2 – numeric <oper> <oper> string type, <format> indicates if the format is alphanumeric or numeric. <stat>



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```
0 - unknown
1 - available
2 - current
3 - forbidden

<AcT>

Access technology selected
0 - GSM
1 - GSM Compact
2 - UTRAN
7 - EUTRAN
```

Examples

```
AT+COPS?

+COPS: 0,0,"China Mobile Com",0

OK

AT+COPS=?

+COPS: (2,"China Unicom","Unicom","46001",0),(3,"China Mobile Com","DGTMPT",

"46000",0),,(0,1,2,3,4,5),(0,1,2)

OK
```

5.3 AT+CLCK Facility lock

Description

This command is used to lock, unlock or interrogate a ME or a network facility <fac>. Password is normally needed to do such actions. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Test Command	Responses
AT+CLCK=?	+CLCK: (list of supported <fac>s)</fac>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CLCK= <fac>,<mode></mode></fac>	OK



```
[,<passwd>[,<class>]]

When <mode>=2 and command successful:
+CLCK:<status>[,<class1>[<CR><LF>
+CLCK:<status>,<class2>
[...]]
OK
+CME ERROR:<err>
```

<fac></fac>	
"PF"	lock Phone to the very First inserted SIM card or USIM card
"SC"	lock SIM card or USIM card
"AO"	Barr All Outgoing Calls
"OI"	Barr Outgoing International Calls
"OX"	Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country
"AI"	Barr All hooming Calls
"IR"	Barr Incoming Calls when roaming outside the home country
"AB"	All Barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
"AG"	All outGoing barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
"AC"	All inComing barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
"FD"	SIM fixed dialing memory feature
"PN"	Network Personalization
"PU"	network subset Personalization
"PP"	service Provider Personalization
"PC"	Corporate Personalization
<mode></mode>	
0 -	unlock
1 –	lock
2 –	query status
<status></status>	
0 –	not active
1 –	active
<passwd></passwd>	
Password.	
atmin a tr	about the state of

string type; shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the ME user interface or with command Change Password +CPWD

<classX>

It is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default 7):

- 1 voice (telephony)
- 2 data (refers to all bearer services)
- 4 fax (facsimile services)
- 8 short message service
- 16 data circuit sync



```
32 – data circuit async
64 – dedicated packet access
128 – dedicated PAD access
255 – The value 255 covers all classes
```

Examples

```
AT+CLCK="SC",2
+CLCK: 0
OK
```

5.4 AT+CPWD Change password

Description

Write command sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by command Facility Lock AT+CLCK.

Test command returns a list of pairs which present the available facilities and the maximum length of their password.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPWD=?	+CPWD: (list of supported (<fac>,<pwdlength>)s) OK</pwdlength></fac>
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPWD=	OK
<fac>,<oldpwd>,<newpwd></newpwd></oldpwd></fac>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

```
<fac>
Refer Facility Lock +CLCK for other values:
    "SC"     SIM σ USIM PIN1
    "P2"     SIM or USIM PIN2
    "AB"     All Barring services
    "AC"     All inComing barring services (only for <mode>=0)
    "AG"     All outGoing barring services (only for <mode>=0)
    "AI"     Barr All Incoming Calls
    "AO"     Barr All Outgoing Calls
```



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```
"IR" Barr Incoming Calls when roaming outside the home country
```

"OI" Barr Outgoing International Calls

"OX" Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country

<oldpwd>

String type, it shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the ME user interface or with command Change Password AT+CPWD.

<newpwd>

String type, it is the new password; maximum length of password can be determined with dength>.

<pwdlength>

Integer type, max length of password.

Examples

```
AT+CPWD=?
+CPWD: ("AB",4),("AC",4),("AG",4),("AI",4),("AO",4),("IR",4),("OI",4),("OX",4),("SC",8),("P2",8)
OK
```

5.5 AT+CCUG Closed user group

Description

This command allows control of the Closed User Group supplementary service. Set command enables the served subscriber to select a CUG index, to suppress the Outgoing Access (OA), and to suppress the preferential CUG.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCUG=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CCUG?	+CCUG: <n>,<index>,<info></info></index></n>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCUG=	OK
<n>[,<index>[,<info>]]</info></index></n>	ERROR



	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CCUG	Set default value:
	OK

```
② - disable CUG temporary mode
1 - enable CUG temporary mode

<index>
②...9 - CUG index
10 - no index (preferred CUG taken from subscriber data)

<info>
② - no information
1 - suppress OA
2 - suppress preferential CUG
3 - suppress OA and preferential CUG
```

Examples

```
AT+CCUG?
+CCUG: 0,0,0
OK
```

5.6 AT+CUSD Unstructured supplementary service data

Description

This command allows control of the Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD). Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported. Parameter <n> is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code (USSD response from the network, or network initiated operation) +CUSD: <m>[,<str>,,<dcs>] to the TE. In addition, value <n>=2 is used to cancel an ongoing USSD session.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Test Command	Responses
AT+CUSD=?	+CUSD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses



AT+CUSD?	+CUSD: <n> OK</n>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CUSD=	OK
<n>[,<str>[,<dcs>]]</dcs></str></n>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CUSD	Set default value $(< n > = 0)$:
	OK

<n>

- 0 disable the result code presentation in the TA
- 1 enable the result code presentation in the TA
- 2 cancel session (not applicable to read command response)

<str>

String type USSD-string.

<dcs>

Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format (default 0).

<m>

- 0 no further user action required (network initiated USSD-Notify, or no further information needed after mobile initiated operation)
- 1 further user action required (network initiated USSD-Request, or further information needed after mobile initiated operation)
- 2 USSD terminated by network
- 4 operation not supported
- 5 network time out

Examples

```
AT+CUSD?
+CUSD: 1
OK
AT+CUSD=0
OK
```

5.7 AT+CAOC Advice of charge

Description



This command refers to Advice of Charge supplementary service that enables subscriber to get information about the cost of calls. With <mode>=0, the execute command returns the current call meter value from the ME.

This command also includes the possibility to enable an unsolicited event reporting of the CCM information. The unsolicited result code +CCCM: <ccm> is sent when the CCM value changes, but not more that every 10 seconds. Deactivation of the unsolicited event reporting is made with the same command.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CAOC=?	+CAOC: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CAOC?	+CAOC: <mode></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CAOC= <mode></mode>	+CAOC: <ccm></ccm>
	OK
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+ CAOC	Set default value (<mode>=1):</mode>
	OK

Defined values

<mode>

0 – query CCM value

<u>1</u> – deactivate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value

2 - activate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value

<ccm>

String type, three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30), value is in home units and bytes are similarly coded as ACMmax value in the SIM.



Examples

```
AT+CAOC=0
+CAOC: "000000"
OK
```

5.8 AT+CSSN Supplementary service notifications

Description

This command refers to supplementary service related network initiated notifications. The set command enables/disables the presentation of notification result codes from TA to TE.

When <n>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, intermediate result code +CSSI: <code1>[,<index>] is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result codes presented in the present document. When several different <code1>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSI result code.

When <m>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call, or when a forward check supplementary service notification is received, unsolicited result code +CSSU: <code2>[,<index>[,<number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>]]] is sent to TE. In case of MT call setup, result code is sent after every +CLIP result code (refer command "Calling line identification presentation +CLIP") and when several different <code2>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSU result code.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSSN=?	+CSSN: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <m>s)</m></n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSSN?	+CSSN: <n>,<m></m></n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSSN= <n>[,<m>]</m></n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<n>

Parameter sets/shows the +CSSI result code presentation status in the TA:



0 – disable

1 – enable

<m>

Parameter sets/shows the +CSSU result code presentation status in the TA:

- 0 disable
- 1 enable

<code1>

- 0 unconditional call forwarding is active
- 1 some of the conditional call forwarding are active
- 2 call has been forwarded
- 3 call is waiting
- 5 outgoing calls are barred

<index>

Refer "Closed user group +CCUG".

<code2>

- 0 this is a forwarded call (MT call setup)
- 2 call has been put on hold (during a voice call)
- 3 call has been retrieved (during a voice call)
- 5 call on hold has been released (this is not a SS notification) (during a voice call)

<number>

String type phone number of format specified by <type>.

<type>

Type of address octet in integer format; default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129.

<subaddr>

String type sub address of format specified by <satype>.

<satype>

Type of sub address octet in integer format, default 128.

Examples

```
AT+CSSN=1,1

OK

AT+CSSN?

+CSSN: 1,1

OK
```

5.9 AT+CPOL Preferred operator list

Description

This command is used to edit the SIM preferred list of networks.

SIM PIN References



YES 3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPOL=?	+CPOL: (list of supported <index>s), (list of supported <format>s)</format></index>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CPOL?	[+CPOL: <index1>,<format>,<oper1>[<gsm_act1>,<gsm_com< td=""></gsm_com<></gsm_act1></oper1></format></index1>
	pact_AcT1>, <utran_act1>,<lte_act1>][<cr><lf></lf></cr></lte_act1></utran_act1>
	+CPOL:
	<index2>,<format>,<oper2>[,<gsm_act1>,<gsm_compact_ac< td=""></gsm_compact_ac<></gsm_act1></oper2></format></index2>
	T1>, <utran_act1>,<lte_act1>]</lte_act1></utran_act1>
	[]]]
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPOL= <index></index>	OK
[, <format>[,<oper>][,<gsm< td=""><td>ERROR</td></gsm<></oper></format>	ERROR
_AcT1>, <gsm_compact_a< td=""><td>+CME ERROR: <err></err></td></gsm_compact_a<>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
cT1>, <utran_act1>,<lt< td=""><td></td></lt<></utran_act1>	
E_AcT1>]]	
NOTE: If using USIM card,	
the last four parameters must	
set.	

Defined values

Integer type, the order number of operator in the SIM preferred operator list. If only input <index>, command will delete the value indicate by <index>. <format> 0 – long format alphanumeric <oper> short format alphanumeric <oper> 2 numeric <oper> <operX> String type. <GSM_AcTn> GSM access technology: 0 - access technology not selected 1 - access technology selected <GSM_Compact_AcTn> GSM compact access technology:



```
0 - access technology not selected
1 - access technology selected

<UTRA_AcTn>

UTRA access technology:
0 - access technology not selected
1 - access technology selected

<LTE_AcTn>

LTE access technology:
0 - access technology not selected
1 - access technology selected
```

Examples

```
AT+CPOL?
+CPOL: 1,2,"46001",0,0,1,0
OK
AT+CPOL=?
+CPOL: (1-8),(0-2)
OK
```

5.10 AT+COPN Read operator names

Description

This command is used to return the list of operator names from the ME. Each operator code <numericX> that has an alphanumeric equivalent <alphaX> in the ME memory shall be returned.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+COPN=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+COPN	+COPN: <numeric1>,<alpha1>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></alpha1></numeric1>
	+COPN: <numeric2>,<alpha2></alpha2></numeric2>
	[]]
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>



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```
<numericX>
String type, operator in numeric format (see AT+COPS).
<alphaX>
String type, operator in long alphanumeric format (see AT+COPS).
```

Examples

```
AT+COPN
+COPN: "46000","China Mobile Com"
+COPN: "46001"," China Unicom"
......
OK
```

5.11 AT+CNMP Preferred mode selection

Description

This command is used to select or set the state of the mode preference.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CNMP=?	+CNMP: (list of supported < mode>s)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CNMP?	+CNMP: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNMP= <mode></mode>	OK
	If <mode> not supported by module, this command will return</mode>
	ERROR.
	ERROR

```
<mode>

2 - Automatic

13 - GSM Only

14 - WCDMA Only

38 - LTE Only
```



```
59 - TDS-CDMA Only
9 - CDMA Only
10 - EVDO Only
```

Examples

```
AT+CNMP=13
OK
AT+CNMP?
+CNMP: 2
OK
```

5.12 AT+CNBP Preferred band selection

Description

This command is used to select or set the state of the band preference.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CNBP?	+CNBP: <mode>[,<lte_mode>][,<tds_mode>]</tds_mode></lte_mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNBP= <mode>[,<lte_< td=""><td>OK</td></lte_<></mode>	OK
mode>][, <tds_mode>]</tds_mode>	ERROR

<mode></mode>		
64bit number, the value is "1" << " <pos>", then or by bit.</pos>		
Some special mode value declar	ed below:	
0x40000000 BAND_PREF_NO_CHANGE		
<pos></pos>		
Value:		
0xFFFFFFFF7FFFFFF	Any (any value)	
7	GSM_DCS_1800	
8	GSM_EGSM_900	
9	GSM_PGSM_900	
16	GSM_450	
17	GSM_480	



18	GSM_750
19	GSM_850
20	GSM_RGSM_900
21	GSM_PCS_1900
22	WCDMA_IMT_2000
23	WCDMA_PCS_1900
24	WCDMA_III_1700
25	WCDMA_IV_1700
26	WCDMA_850
27	WCDMA_800
48	WCDMA_VII_2600
49	WCDMA_VIII_900
50	WCDMA_IX_1700
<lte mode=""></lte>	

64bit number, the value is "1" << "<lte_pos>", then or by bit.

<lte_pos></lte_pos>	
Value:	
0x000007FF3FDF3FFF	Any (any value)
0	EUTRAN_BAND1(UL:1920-1980; DL:2110-2170)
1	EUTRAN_BAND2(UL:1850-1910; DL:1930-1990)
2	EUTRAN_BAND3(UL:1710-1785; DL:1805-1880)
3	EUTRAN_BAND4(UL:1710-1755; DL:2110-2155)
4	EUTRAN_BAND5(UL: 824-849; DL: 869-894)
5	EUTRAN_BAND6(UL: 830-840; DL: 875-885)
6	EUTRAN_BAND7(UL:2500-2570; DL:2620-2690)
7	EUTRAN_BAND8(UL: 880-915; DL: 925-960)
8	EUTRAN_BAND9(UL:1749.9-1784.9; DL:1844.9-1879.9)
9	EUTRAN_BAND10(UL:1710-1770; DL:2110-2170)
10	EUTRAN_BAND11(UL:1427.9-1452.9; DL:1475.9-1500.9)
11	EUTRAN_BAND12(UL:698-716; DL:728-746)
12	EUTRAN_BAND13(UL: 777-787; DL: 746-756)
13	EUTRAN_BAND14(UL: 788-798; DL: 758-768)
16	EUTRAN_BAND17(UL: 704-716; DL: 734-746)
17	EUTRAN_BAND18(UL: 815-830; DL: 860-875)
18	EUTRAN_BAND19(UL: 830-845; DL: 875-890)
19	EUTRAN_BAND20(UL: 832-862; DL: 791-821)
20	EUTRAN_BAND21(UL: 1447.9-1462.9; DL: 1495.9-1510.9)
22	EUTRAN_BAND23(UL: 2000-2020; DL: 2180-2200)
23	EUTRAN_BAND24(UL: 1626.5-1660.5; DL: 1525 -1559)
24	EUTRAN_BAND25(UL: 1850-1915; DL: 1930 -1995)
25	EUTRAN_BAND26(UL: 814-849; DL: 859 -894)
26	EUTRAN_BAND27(UL: 807.5-824; DL: 852 -869)
27	EUTRAN_BAND28(703-748; DL: 758-803)



28	EUTRAN_BAND29(UL:1850-1910 or 1710-1755;
DL:716-728)	
29	EUTRAN_BAND30(UL: 2305-2315; DL: 2350 - 2360)
32	EUTRAN_BAND33(UL: 1900-1920; DL: 1900-1920)
33	EUTRAN_BAND34(UL: 2010-2025; DL: 2010-2025)
34	EUTRAN_BAND35(UL: 1850-1910; DL: 1850-1910)
35	EUTRAN_BAND36(UL: 1930-1990; DL: 1930-1990)
36	EUTRAN_BAND37(UL: 1910-1930; DL: 1910-1930)
37	EUTRAN_BAND38(UL: 2570-2620; DL: 2570-2620)
38	EUTRAN_BAND39(UL: 1880-1920; DL: 1880-1920)
39	EUTRAN_BAND40(UL: 2300-2400; DL: 2300-2400)
40	EUTRAN_BAND41(UL: 2496-2690; DL: 2496-2690)
41	EUTRAN_BAND42(UL: 3400-3600; DL: 3400-3600)
42	EUTRAN_BAND43(UL: 3600-3800; DL: 3600-3800)
<term_mode></term_mode>	
0 – term permanent	
1 – term until a power	cycle

Examples

5.13 AT+CNAOP Acquisitions order preference

Description

This command is used to reset the state of acquisitions order preference.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CNAOP=?	+CNAOP: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CNAOP?	+CNAOP: <mode>[,<sys_mode1>[,<sys_mode2>[[,<sys_mode1< td=""></sys_mode1<></sys_mode2></sys_mode1></mode>
	o>]]]]



	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNAOP= <mode>[,<sys< td=""><td>OK</td></sys<></mode>	OK
_mode1>[, <sys_mode2>[[,</sys_mode2>	ERROR
<sys_mode10>]]]]</sys_mode10>	

Examples

```
AT+CNAOP=1

OK

AT+CNAOP?

+CNAOP: 7,9,5,3

OK
```

5.14 AT+CNSDP Preferred service domain selection

Description

This command is used to reset the state of the service domain preference.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses	



AT+CNSDP=?	+CNSDP: (list of supported <mode>s) OK</mode>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CNSDP?	+CNSDP: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNSDP= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR

<mode></mode>		
0 - CS Only		
1 - PS Only		
2 - CS + PS		

Examples

AT+CNSDP=2
OK
AT+CNSDP?
+CNSDP: 0
OK

5.15 AT+CPSI Inquiring UE system information

Description

This command is used to return the UE system information.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPSI=?	+CPSI: (scope of <time>)</time>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CPSI?	If camping on a gsm cell:
	+CPSI: <system mode="">,<operation mode="">,<mcc>-<mnc>,<l< td=""></l<></mnc></mcc></operation></system>
	AC>, <cell id="">,<absolute ch="" num="" rf="">,<rxlev>,</rxlev></absolute></cell>
	<track adjust="" lo=""/> , <c1-c2></c1-c2>



	OK
	If camping on a wcdma cell: +CPSI: <system mode="">,<operation mode="">,<mcc>-<mnc>,< LAC>,<cell id="">,<frequency band="">,<psc>,<freq>,<ssc>,<ec io="">,<rscp>,<qual>,<rxlev>,<txpwr> OK</txpwr></rxlev></qual></rscp></ec></ssc></freq></psc></frequency></cell></mnc></mcc></operation></system>
	If camping on a tds-cdma cell: +CPSI: <system mode="">,<operation mode="">,<mcc>-<mnc>,< LAC>,<cell id="">,<frequency band="">,<uarfcn>,<cpid>,<rscp>, <pathloss>,<timingadvance> OK</timingadvance></pathloss></rscp></cpid></uarfcn></frequency></cell></mnc></mcc></operation></system>
	If camping on a lte cell: +CPSI: <system mode="">,<operation mode="">,<mcc>-<mnc>,< TAC>,<scellid>,<pcellid>,<frequency band="">,<earfcn>,<dlb w="">,<ulbw>,<rsrq>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rssnr> OK</rssnr></rssi></rsrp></rsrq></ulbw></dlb></earfcn></frequency></pcellid></scellid></mnc></mcc></operation></system>
	If camping on a cdma/evdo cell: +CPSI: CDMA, <operation mode="">[,<mcc>-<mnc>,<cdma ch="" num="">,<cdma pilot="" pn="">,<cdma 0="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<cdma 1="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<cdma 0="" chain="" lna="">,<cdma 1="" chain="" lna="">,<cdma agc="" tx="">,<sid>,<nid>,<cdma ec="" io="">] +CPSI: EVDO,<operation mode="">[,<mcc>-<mnc>,<evdo ch="" num="">,<evdo 0="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<evdo 1="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,< EVDO TX AGC>,<evdo pn="" serving="">,<evdo rel0="" sci="">,<evdo rela="" sci="">,<evdo ec="" io="">]</evdo></evdo></evdo></evdo></evdo></evdo></evdo></mnc></mcc></operation></cdma></nid></sid></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></mnc></mcc></operation>
	OK If no service: +CPSI: NO SERVICE, Online OK
	ERROR
Write Command AT+CPSI= <time></time>	Responses OK ERROR

<time>

The range is 0-255, unit is second, after set <time> will report the system information every the seconds.

<System Mode>



System mode, values: "NO SERVICE", "GSM", "WCDMA", "LTE", "TDS"...

If module in LIMITED SERVICE state and +CNLSA command is set to 1, the system mode will display as "GSM-LIMITED", "WCDMA-LIMITED"...

<Operation Mode>

UE operation mode, values: "Online", "Offline", "Factory Test Mode", "Reset", "Low Power Mode".

<MCC>

Mobile Country Code (first part of the PLMN code)

<MNC>

Mobile Network Code (second part of the PLMN code)

<LAC>

Location Area Code (hexadecimal digits)

<Cell ID>

Service-cell ID.

<Absolute RF Ch Num>

AFRCN for service-cell.

<Track LO Adjust>

Track LO Adjust

<C1>

Coefficient for base station selection

<C2>

Coefficient for Cell re-selection

<Frequency Band>

Frequency Band of active set

<PSC>

Primary synchronization code of active set.

<Freq>

Downlink frequency of active set.

<SSC>

Secondary synchronization code of active set

<EC/IO>

Ec/Io value

<RSCP>

Received Signal Code Power

<Qual>

Quality value for base station selection

<RxLev>

RX level value for base station selection

<TXPWR>

UE TX power in dBm. If no TX, the value is 500.

<Cpid>

Cell Parameter ID

<Pathloss>

Path loss



<TimingAdvance>

Timing advance

<TAC>

Tracing Area Code

<PCellID>

Physical Cell ID

<earfcn>

E-UTRA absolute radio frequency channel number for searching LTE cells

<dlbw>

Transmission bandwidth configuration of the serving cell on the downlink

ulbw>

Transmission bandwidth configuration of the serving cell on the uplink

<RSRP>

Current reference signal received power in -1/10 dBm. Available for LTE

<RSRQ>

Current reference signal receive quality as measured by L1.

<RSSNR>

Average reference signal signal-to-noise ratio of the serving cell

Examples

AT+CPSI?

+CPSI: GSM, Online, 460-00, 0x182d, 12401, 27 EGSM 900, -64, 2110, 42-42

OK

AT+CPSI?

+CPSI: WCDMA, Online, 460-01,0xA809,11122855, WCDMA IMT 2000,279,10663,0,1.5,62,33,

52,500

OK

AT+CPSI=?

+CPSI: (0-255)

OK

5.16 AT+CNSMOD Show network system mode

Description

This command is used to return the current network system mode.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses	



AT+CNSMOD=?	+CNSMOD: (list of supported <n>s) OK</n>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CNSMOD?	+CNSMOD: <n>,<stat></stat></n>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNSMOD= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

<n>

- $\underline{0}$ disable auto report the network system mode information
- 1 auto report the network system mode information, command: +CNSMOD:<stat>

<stat>

- 0 no service
- 1 GSM
- 2 GPRS
- 3 EGPRS (EDGE)
- 4 WCDMA
- 5 HSDPA only(WCDMA)
- 6 HSUPA only(WCDMA)
- 7 HSPA (HSDPA and HSUPA, WCDMA)
- 8 LTE
- 9 TDS-CDMA
- 10 TDS-HSDPA only
- 11 TDS- HSUPA only
- 12 TDS- HSPA (HSDPA and HSUPA)
- 13 CDMA
- 14 EVDO
- 15 HYBRID (CDMA and EVDO)

Examples

```
AT+CNSMOD?
+CNSMOD: 0,2
OK
```



5.17 AT+CRUS Show cell set system information

Description

This command is used to return the mobile phone system information in WCDMA.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses	
AT+CRUS=?	ОК	
Execution Command	Responses	
AT+CRUS	+CRUS: Active SET, <activeset cells="" num="">[, <activeset cell1="" psc="">, <activeset cell1="" freq="">, <activeset cell1="" ssc=""> , <activeset cell1="" sttd=""> , <activeset cell1="" totecio=""> , <activeset cell1="" ecio=""> , <activeset cell1="" rscp=""> , <utms_sets cell="" tpc="">, <utms_sets cell="" seccpichovsf="">, <activeset cell1="" winsize=""> []] +CRUS: Sync Neighbor SET, <syncset cells="" num="">[, <syncset cell1="" psc="">, <syncset cell1="" freq="">, < SyncSET Cell1 SSC> , < SyncSET Cell1 Sttd> , < SyncSET Cell1 TotEcio> , < SyncSET Cell1 WinSize> []] +CRUS: Async Neighbor SET, <asyncset cell1="" winsize=""> []] +CRUS: Async Neighbor SET, <asyncset cell1="" num="">[, < AsyncSET Cell1 PSC>, < AsyncSET Cell1 Freq>, < AsyncSET Cell1 TotEcio> , < AsyncSET Cell1 Sttd> , < AsyncSET Cell1 TotEcio> , < AsyncSET Cell1 Sttd> , < AsyncSET Cell1 TotEcio> , < AsyncSET Cell1 Rscp> , < AsyncSET Cell1 WinSize> []] OK ERROR</asyncset></asyncset></syncset></syncset></syncset></activeset></utms_sets></utms_sets></activeset></activeset></activeset></activeset></activeset></activeset></activeset></activeset>	

<utms_sets cells="" num=""></utms_sets>
cells number
<utms_sets 1-n="" cell="" psc=""></utms_sets>
primary synchronization code of the cell
<utms_sets 1-n="" cell="" freq=""></utms_sets>
downlink frequency of the cell
<utms_sets 1-n="" cell="" ssc=""></utms_sets>
secondary synchronization code



<UTMS_SETS Cell 1-n Sttd>

if the CPICH of this cell uses STTD

<UTMS SETS Cell 1-n TotEcio>

the total Ec/Io in the best paths found in a sweep

<UTMS_SETS Cell 1-n 1 Ecio>

Ec/Io

<UTMS_SETS Cell 1-n Rscp>

CPICH RSCP

<UTMS_SETS Cell 1-n TPC>

Forward power control combination

<UTMS_SETS Cell 1-n SecCpichOvsf>

OVSF code of the secondary CPICH

<UTMS SETS Cell 1-n WinSize>

search window size for this cell

UTMS SETS contains:

ActiveSET active set

SyncSET neighbor (monitored) set for neighbors whose timing is known
AsyncSET neighbor (monitored) set for neighbors whose timing is unknown

Examples

AT+CRUS

- +CRUS: Active SET,1,2,10663,0,0,16,16,101,0,0,1536
- +CRUS: Sync Neighbor SET,2,42,10663,0,0,34,33,109,1536,35,10663,0,0,26,26,106,1536
- +CRUS: Async Neighbor SET,10,11,10663,0,0,0,49,121,0,6,10663,0,0,0,49,121,0,28, 10663, 0, 0,0, 49,121,0,247,10663,0,0,0,49,121,0,193,10663,0,0,0,49,121,0,493,10663,0,0,0,49,121,0,485,10663, 0,0,0,49,121,0,258,10663,0,0,0,49,121,0,109,10663,0,0,0,49,121,0,226,10663,0,0,38,49,121,1536 OK

5.18 AT+CNLSA Network limited service allowed

Description

This command is used to set network operation allowed or not in limited service state

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CNLSA=?	+ CNLSA: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses



AT+CNLSA?	+CNLSA: <n></n>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNLSA= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR

<n></n>	
<u>0</u> –	network operation not allowed in limited service state
1 -	network operation allowed in limited service state

Examples

```
AT+CNLSA?
+CNLSA: 0
OK
```

5.19 AT+CMGSI Inquiring mobile phone system information

Description

This command is used to inquire mobile phone system information

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMGSI=?	+CMGSI: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMGSI= <mode></mode>	The write command return the <mode> related signal info;</mode>
	If <mode>=2, get GSM signal info:</mode>
	+CMGSI: Main_Info, <mode>,<service_available>,<band>, <chan< td=""></chan<></band></service_available></mode>
	nel>
	+CMGSI: RX_Power,0x <rx_div_ind>,RX_Chain0,<is_radio_tune< td=""></is_radio_tune<></rx_div_ind>
	d>, <rx_pwr>,RX_Chain1,<is_radio_tuned>,<rx_pwr></rx_pwr></is_radio_tuned></rx_pwr>



```
+CMGSI: TX_Power,Not Supported
+CMGSI: Phy Cellid, <cellid valid>, <cellid>
+CMGSI: Log_Sinr10xdb,<sinr_valid>,<sinr>
OK
If <mode>=3, get WCDMA signal info:
+CMGSI: Main_Info,<mode>,<service_available>,<band>, <chan
+CMGSI: RX_Power,0x<rx_div_ind>,RX_Chain0,<is_radio_tune
d>,<rx_pwr>,<ecio>,<rscp>,RX_Chain1,<is_radio_tuned>,<rx_pw
r>,<ecio>,<rscp>
+CMGSI: TX_Power,<is_in_traffic>,<tx_pwr>,<pa_gain_state>
+CMGSI: Phy_Cellid,<cellid_valid>,<cellid>
+CMGSI: Log_Sinr10xdb,<sinr_valid>,<sinr>
OK
If <mode>=4, get LTE signal info:
+CMGSI: Main Info,<mode>,<service available>,<band>, <chan
nel>
+CMGSI: RX_Power,0x<rx_div_ind>,RX_Chain0,<is_radio_tune
d>,<rx_pwr>,<ecio>,<rsrp>,<phase>,RX_Chain1,<is_radio_tune
d>,<rx_pwr>,<ecio>,<rsrp>,<phase>
+CMGSI: TX_Power,<is_in_traffic>,<tx_pwr>,<pa_gain_state>
+CMGSI: Phy_Cellid,<cellid_valid>,<cellid>
+CMGSI: Log_Sinr10xdb,<sinr_valid>,<sinr>
OK
If <mode>=5, get TDS-CDMA signal info:
+CMGSI: Main_Info,<mode>,<service_available>,<band>, <chan
nel>
+CMGSI: RX_Power,0x<rx_div_ind>,RX_Chain0,<is_radio_tune
d>,<rx_pwr>,<ecio>,<rscp>,RX_Chain1,<is_radio_tuned>,<rx_pw
r>,<ecio>,<rscp>
+CMGSI: TX_Power,<is_in_traffic>,<tx_pwr>,<pa_gain_state>
+CMGSI: Phy_Cellid,<cellid_valid>,<cellid>
+CMGSI: Log_Sinr10xdb,<sinr_valid>,<sinr>
+CMGSI: Freq_DwPTSRssi,<pri_freq>,<scell_pri_freq_rssi_ch
0>,< scell_pri_freq_rssi_ch1>
+CMGSI: TX_Pwr_Info,<ul_tx_pwr0>,<ul_tx_pwr1>,<ul_tx_pwr
2>,<ul_tx_pwr3>,<ul_tx_pwr4>,<ul_tx_pwr5>
OK
ERROR
```



<mode>

- 2 GSM
- 3 WCDMA
- 4 LTE
- 5 TDS

<service available>

- 0 service not available
- 1 service is available

<band>

Active band of the current system

<channel>

Active channel of the current system.

<rx_div_ind>

Diversity bitmask to show which Rx chain has valid signal information.

0x00000000 - NO Rx chain available 0x00000001 - Rx chain 0 available

0x00000002 - Rx chain 1 available

0x00000003 - Rx chain 0 and Rx chain 1 available

< is_radio_tuned >

Indicates whether the Rx is tuned to a channel

- 0 radio is not tuned, delayed or invalid values are set depending on each technology
- 1 radio is tuned, instantaneous values are set for the signal information fields

< rx_pwr >

Rx power value in 1/10 dBm resolution

<ecio>

Ec/Io in -1/10 dBm

< is in traffic >

Indicates whether the device is in traffic

< tx_pwr >

Tx power value in 1/10 dBm. only meaningful when the device is in traffic. When there is no traffic, tx_pwr is invalid

< pa_gain_state >

Power amplifier gain state

< cellid_valid >

Serving cell physical ID is valid

- 0 cell ID is invalid
- 1 cell ID is valid

< cellid >

Serving cell physical ID

< sinr valid >

Serving cell SINR information measured in decibels

- 0 SINR is invalid
- 1 SINR is valid



```
< sinr >
        Serving cell SINR information
< rscp >
        Received signal code power in -1/10 dBm. Available for WCDMA
< rsrp >
        Current reference signal received power in -1/10 dBm. Available for LTE
< phase >
        Current phase in 1/100 degrees. Range: 0.00 to 360.00. Available for LTE only
```

Examples

```
AT+CMGSI=4
+CMGSI: Main_Info,4,1,39,38400
+CMGSI: RX_Power,0x000000003,RX_Chain0,1,-907,-98,-1175,0,RX_Chain1,1,-1039,-200,
-1400,0
+CMGSI: TX_Power,0,-32768,0
+CMGSI: Phy_Cellid,1,281
+CMGSI: Log_Sinr10xdb,1,143
OK
```

5.20 AT+CMGRMI Gets the neighbor measurement information

Description

This command is used to select or set the state of the mode preference.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMGRMI=?	+CMGRMI: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMGRMI= <mode>,[<i< td=""><td>If <mode>=4, get LTE signal info:</mode></td></i<></mode>	If <mode>=4, get LTE signal info:</mode>
nfo_type>]	[+CMGRMI: Main_Info, <mode>,<service_available>,<valid>, <i< td=""></i<></valid></service_available></mode>
	dle>, <ra_rnti>,<c_rnti>,<cqi_wb>,<enb_num_tx_antenna>]</enb_num_tx_antenna></cqi_wb></c_rnti></ra_rnti>
	[+CMGRMI: Serving_Cell, <earfcn>,<mcc>,<mc>,<tac>,<num_< td=""></num_<></tac></mc></mcc></earfcn>
	mnc_digits>, <serving_cell_id>,<freq_band_ind>,<dl_bandwidth>,</dl_bandwidth></freq_band_ind></serving_cell_id>
	<ul_bandwidth>,<serv_rssnr>,<cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell_rsrp>,<</cell_rsrp></cell_rsrq></cell_pci></serv_rssnr></ul_bandwidth>



```
cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>]
[+CMGRMI: CA_Scell,<earfcn >,<cell_id>,<freq_band_ind>,<dl
_bandwidth>,<serv_rssnr>,<cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell_rsrp>,<cel
l_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>,<scell_deact_timer>,<ca_activated>]
[+CMGRMI: LTE_Intra,<sib3_received>,<earfcn>,<serving_cell_
id>,<num_lte_cells>
[+CMGRMI: LTE_Intra_Cell1, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell_rsr
p>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: LTE_Intra_Cell2, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell_rsr
p>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: LTE_Intra_Cell8, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell_rsr
p>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
11111
[+CMGRMI: LTE_Inter,<num_freqs>,Freq1,<earfcn>,<num_lte_c
ells>,<idle_threshX_low>,<idle_threshX_high>,<idle_cell_resel_p
riority>,Freq2,<earfcn>,<num_lte_cells>,<idle_threshX_low>,<idl
e_threshX_high>,<idle_cell_resel_priority>
[+CMGRMI: LTE_InterFreq1_Cell1, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell
_rsrp>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: LTE_InterFreq1_Cell2, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell
_rsrp>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[...
[+CMGRMI: LTE_InterFreq1_Cell8, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell
_rsrp>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
11111
[+CMGRMI: LTE_InterFreq2_Cell1, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell
_rsrp>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: LTE_InterFreq2_Cell2, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell
_rsrp>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[...
[+CMGRMI: LTE_InterFreq2_Cell8, <cell_pci>,<cell_rsrq>,<cell
_rsrp>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
11111
[+CMGRMI: GSM_Info, <num_freq_groups>,Freq_Group1,<nu
m_gsm_arfcn>,<idle_cell_resel_priority>,<idle_thresh_gsm_hig
h>,<idle_thresh_gsm_low>,<idle_ncc_permitted>,Freq_Group2, <
num_gsm_arfcn>,<idle_cell_resel_priority>,<idle_thresh_gsm_hig
h>,<idle_thresh_gsm_low>,<idle_ncc_permitted>
[+CMGRMI: GSM_InfoFreq1_Cell1,<cell_arfcn>,<cell_band_190
0>,<cell_id_valid>,<cell_bsic_id>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev >
```



```
[+CMGRMI: GSM_InfoFreq1_Cell2,<cell_arfcn>,<cell_band_190
0>,<cell_id_valid>,<cell_bsic_id>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev >
[+CMGRMI: GSM_InfoFreq1_Cell8,<cell_arfcn>,<cell_band_190
0>,<cell_id_valid>,<cell_bsic_id>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev >
]]]]
[+CMGRMI: GSM_InfoFreq2_Cell1,<cell_arfcn>,<cell_band_190
0>,<cell_id_valid>,<cell_bsic_id>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev >
[+CMGRMI: GSM_InfoFreq2_Cell2,<cell_arfcn>,<cell_band_190
0>,<cell_id_valid>,<cell_bsic_id>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev >
[+CMGRMI: GSM_InfoFreq2_Cell8,<cell_arfcn>,<cell_band_190
0>,<cell_id_valid>,<cell_bsic_id>,<cell_rssi>,<cell_idle_srxlev >
]]]]]
[+CMGRMI: WCDMA_Info,<num_wcdma_freqs>,Freq1,<uarfc
n>,<num_wcdma_cells>,<idle_cell_resel_priority>,<idle_thresh_X
high>,<idle_thresh_Xlow>,Freq2,<uarfcn>,<num_wcdma_cells>,<
idle_cell_resel_priority>,<idle_thresh_Xhigh>,<idle_thresh_Xlo
w>
[+CMGRMI: WCDMA_InfoFreq1_Cell1,<cell_psc>,<cell_cpich_
rscp>,<cell_cpich_ecno>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: WCDMA_InfoFreq1_Cell2,<cell_psc>,<cell_cpich_
rscp>,<cell_cpich_ecno>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: WCDMA_InfoFreq1_Cell8,<cell_psc>,<cell_cpich_
rscp>,<cell_cpich_ecno>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
1111
[+CMGRMI: WCDMA_InfoFreq2_Cell1,<cell_psc>,<cell_cpich_
rscp>,<cell_cpich_ecno>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: WCDMA_InfoFreq2_Cell2,<cell_psc>,<cell_cpich_
rscp>,<cell_cpich_ecno>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
[+CMGRMI: WCDMA_InfoFreq2_Cell8,<cell_psc>,<cell_cpich_
rscp>,<cell_cpich_ecno>,<cell_idle_srxlev>
111111
[+CMGRMI: CDMA1x Info,<num cdma freqs>,Freq1,<channel
_num>,<band_class>,<num_cdma_cells>,Freq2, <channel_num>,
<bar><br/>dand class>,<num cdma cells>
[+CMGRMI: CDMA1x_InfoFreq1_Cell1,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot
_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[+CMGRMI: CDMA1x_InfoFreq1_Cell2,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot
```



```
_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[...
[+CMGRMI: CDMA1x_InfoFreq1_Cell8,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot
_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
]]]]
[+CMGRMI: CDMA1x_InfoFreq2_Cell1,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offset>,lot_pn_offse
_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[+CMGRMI: CDMA1x_InfoFreq2_Cell2,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot
_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[+CMGRMI: CDMA1x_InfoFreq2_Cell8,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pilot
_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
]]]]]
[+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_Info, <num_cdma_freqs>,Freq1,<chan
nel_num>,<band_class>,<num_cdma_cells>,Freq2, <channel_nu
m>,<band_class>,<num_cdma_cells>
[+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_InfoFreq1_Cell1,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pil
ot_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_InfoFreq1_Cell2,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pil
ot_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_InfoFreq1_Cell8,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pil
ot_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
]]]]
[+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_InfoFreq2_Cell1,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pil
ot_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_InfoFreq2_Cell2,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pil
ot_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
[+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_InfoFreq2_Cell8,<pilot_pn_offset>,<pil
ot_pn_phase>,<pilot_strength>
]]]]]
[+CMGRMI: CDrx_Cfg,<drx_enable>,<on_duration_timer>,<inac
tivity_timer>,<retx_timer>,<long_drx_cycle>,<long_drx_cycle_off
set>,<short_drx_cycle_enable>,<short_drx_cycle>,<short_drx_cycl
e_timer>]
[+CMGRMI: Cqi_Cfg,<cqi_enable>,<cqi_reporting_mode_aperio
dic_enable>,<cqi_reporting_mode_aperiodic>,<nom_pdsch_rs_epr
e_offset>,<cqi_reporting_periodic_present>,<cqi_periodic_enabl
e>,<cqi_periodic_pucch_resource_index>,<cqi_periodic_cqi_pmi_
cfg_index>,<cqi_periodic_format_indicator>,<cqi_periodic_subba
```



```
nd_cqi_k>,<cqi_periodic_ri_cfg_index_enable>,<cqi_periodic_ri_c
fg_index>,<cqi_periodic_sim_ack_nak_cqi>,<cqi_rel9_param_pres
ent>,<cqi_rel9_param_cqi_mask_enable>,<cqi_rel9_param_pmi_ri
_report_configured>]
[+CMGRMI: Ant_Cfg,<transmission_mode>,0x<codebook_subset
_restriction>,<tx_antenna_selection_enabled>,<tx_antenna_selecti
on_ctrl>]
[+CMGRMI: Idle_Drx_Cfg,<paging_cycle>,<nb>,<ue_id>]
OK
ERROR
```

<mode></mode>	
4 – LTE	
<info_type></info_type>	ue is "1" << " <pos>", then or by bit. If <mode> is TDS, returned ino will be</mode></pos>
as WCDMA. mode	ue is 1 << pos>, then of by bit. If < mode> is 1D3, feturied mo will be
<pos> Value:</pos>	
0xFFFFFFF	Any (any value)
0	Main info for WCDMA/LTE, if this bit set, the related info returned as "+ CMGRMI: Main_Info,"
1	WCDMA intra info for WCDMA mode, if this bit set, the related info
	returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: WCDMA_Intra,"
	"+ CMGRMI: WCDMA_Intra_Nbr1,"
	"+ CMGRMI: WCDMA_Intra_Serv1,"
2	WCDMA inter info for WCDMA mode, if this bit set, the related info
	returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: WCDMA_Inter,"
	"+ CMGRMI: WCDMA_InterFreq1_Cell1,"
3	GSM info for WCDMA mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: GSM_Info,"
	"+ CMGRMI: GSM_Info_Cell1,"
4	LTE info for WCDMA mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: LTE_Info,"
	"+ CMGRMI: LTE_InfoFreq1_Cell1,"
5	Serving cell info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: Serving_Cell,"
6	Carrier aggregation secondary cell info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the
	related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: CA_Scell,"



7	LTE intra info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: LTE_Intra,"
	"+ CMGRMI: LTE_Intra_Cell1,"
8	LTE inter info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: LTE_Inter,"
	"+ CMGRMI: LTE_InterFreq1_Cell1,"
9	GSM info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: GSM_Info,"
	"+ CMGRMI: GSM_InfoFreq1_Cell1,"
10	WCDMA info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: WCDMA_Info,"
	"+ CMGRMI: WCDMA_InfoFreq1_Cell1,"
11	CDMA1x info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: CDMA1x_Info,"
	"+ CMGRMI: CDMA1x_InfoFreq1_Cell1,"
12	CDMA high-rate packet data cell info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the
	related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_Info,"
	"+ CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_InfoFreq1_Cell1,"
13	Connected DRX configuration info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the
	related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: CDrx_Cfg,"
14	Channel quality indication configuration info for LTE mode, if this bit set,
	the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: Cqi_Cfg,"
15	Antenna configuration info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info
	returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: Ant_Cfg,"
16	Idle DRX info for LTE mode, if this bit set, the related info returned as
	"+ CMGRMI: Idle_Drx_Cfg,"

<service_available>

- 0 service not available
- 1 service is available

<is_data_valid>

Indicates whether the fields in the following are valid

- 0 None of the fields are valid
- 1 One or more of the fields is valid

<s_intra_search>

Cell selection parameter for the intrafrequency cell

<s_inter_search>

Cell selection parameter for the interfrequency cell

< s_search_RAT >



Cell selection parameter for the GSM cell

< freq >

Camped cell frequency

< rxagc >

Receiver automatic gain control on the camped frequency

< num_nbr_cells >

Number of intrafrequency neighbor cells reported

<num_serv_cells >

Number of serving cells (cells when in a soft handover) reported

< cell_psc >

Primary scrambling code

< cell_ecio >

Instantaneous cell received energy per chip and interference level

< cell_rscp >

Instantaneous cell received signal code power

< cell_set >

Intrafrequency cell type

< cell_rank >

Intrafrequency cell ranking

<num_freq >

Number of frequencies

<num_cells >

Number of cells to report per frequency

< cell arfcn >

Absolute radio frequency channel number. Range: 0 to 1023

< cell_bsic_id >

Base station identity code. Base station color code in least significant bit (or byte). Network color code in most significant bit (or byte)

< cell_rssi >

Received signal strength indicator. Range: 0 to -120

< cell_s_rxlev >

cell suitable receive level

< num_earfcn >

Number of LTE EARFCNs

< earfcn >

E-UTRA absolute radio frequency channel number for searching LTE cells

<priority>

Priority information. Invalid priority is -1

<cell id>

Physical cell ID of the detected cell

< cell_rsrp >

Maximum reference signal received power combined across Tx-Rx pairs. In linear scale

< cell_rsrq >



Maximum reference signal received quality value combined across Tx-Rx pairs. In linear scale

< valid >

Indicates the validity of the structure fields

- 0 None of the fields are valid
- 1 One or more of the fields is valid

<idle>

Indicates whether the UE is in Idle mode

- O All Idle mode substructs are considered invalid, except for serving cell information
- 1 UE is in Idle mode. All Idle mode substructs are considered valid

<ca_present >

Indicates whether the LTE CA SCell is present

- 0 CA SCell is not present
- CA SCell is present

< ra rnti >

Random access radio network temporary ID

< c_rnti >

Connected state, common, and UE-specific search space radio network temporary identification

< cqi_wb >

Wideband CQI information

<enb_num_tx_antenna>

Number of Tx antenna on an LTE base station

<timing_advance>

Timing advance is valid only if the LTE is in Connected mode; otherwise, it is set to Invalid Value

< doppler_measurement >

Doppler measurement

< mcc >

Mobile country code

< mnc >

Mobile network code

< tac >

Total access communication

<num_mnc_digits >

Number of digits in mobile network code

< serving_cell_id >

LTE serving cell ID. This is the cell ID of the serving cell and can be found in the cell list.

Range: 0 to 503

< freq_band_ind >

Operating band of the serving cell. Range: 1 to 64

< dl_bandwidth >

Transmission bandwidth configuration of the serving cell on the downlink. Range: 0 to 5

< ul_bandwidth >



Transmission bandwidth configuration of the serving cell on the uplink. Range: 0 to 5

< serv_rssnr >

Average reference signal signal-to-noise ratio of the serving cell over the last measurement period in decibels. Range: -10 to 30

<cell_pci>

Physical cell ID

<cell idle srxlev>

Suitable receive level

< scell_deact_timer >

SCell deactivation timer

< ca activated >

Indicates whether CA is activated or deactivated

CA is deactivated

1 - CA is activated

< serving_cell_id >

LTE serving cell ID

< num lte cells >

Number of LTE cells

<idle threshX low>

To be considered for reselection, the suitable receive level value of an evaluated lower priority cell must be greater than this value

< idle_threshX_high >

To be considered for reselection, the suitable receive level value of an evaluated higher priority cell must be greater than this value

< idle_cell_resel_priority >

Cell reselection priority

< num_freq_groups >

Number of GSM frequency groups and the size of the frequency group array

< num_gsm_arfcn >

Number of GSM ARFCNs indicated, and the size of the GSM array

< idle_thresh_gsm_high >

Reselection threshold for high priority layers

<idle_thresh_gsm_low>

Reselection threshold for low priority layers

<idle_ncc_permitted>

Bitmask that specifies whether a neighbor with a particular network color code is to be reported. Bit n set to 1 means that a neighbor with NCC n is to be included in the report

< num_wcdma_freqs >

Number of WCDMA frequencies and the size of the freq array

< uarfcn >

WCDMA layer frequency

< num_wcdma_cells >

Number of WCDMA cells indicated and the size of the WCDMA array



< idle_thresh_Xhigh >

Cell reselection priority. Range: 0 to 7

<idle thresh Xlow>

Reselection threshold for high priority layers

< num_cdma_freqs >

Number of CDMA frequencies and the size of the freq array

< channel num >

Channel number

< band class >

Band class

< num_cdma_cells >

Number of CDMA cells indicated and the size of the CDMA array

< pilot_pn_offset >

Neighbor cell pilot PN offset. Range: 0 to 511

< pilot_pn_phase >

Neighbor cell pilot PN phase. Range: 0 to 32767

< pilot_strength >

Neighbor cell pilot Ec/Io. Range: 1 to 63

< drx enable >

Indicates whether to enable the Dedicate mode DRX

0 - drx is not enabled

1 – drx is enabled

< on duration timer >

On Duration timer. The value is the number of PDCCH subframes. The psf1 value corresponds to one PDCCH subframe, psf2 corresponds to two PDCCH subframes, etc. Default: FFS

< inactivity_timer >

DRX Inactivity timer. The value is the number of PDCCH subframes. The psf1 value corresponds to one PDCCH subframe, psf2 corresponds to two PDCCH subframes, etc. Default: FFS

< retx timer >

DRX Retransmission timer. The value is the number of PDCCH subframes

< long_drx_cycle >

DRX cycle

< long_drx_cycle_offset >

DRX start offset

< short_drx_cycle_enable >

Indicates whether short_drx_cycle is enabled

< short_drx_cycle >

Short DRX cycle.

< short_drx_cycle_timer >

DRX short cycle timer. The value is in multiples of short_drx_cycle. A value of 1 corresponds to one short_drx_cycle value, 2 corresponds to two short_drx_cycle values, etc.



< cqi_enable >

Indicates whether CQI reporting is enabled

0 – cqi is not enabled

1 – cqi is enabled

< cqi_reporting_mode_aperiodic_enable >

Indicates whether the CQI aperiodic reporting mode is enabled

0 – cqi aperiodic is not enabled

cqi aperiodic is enabled

< cqi_reporting_mode_aperiodic >

CQI aperiodic reporting mode

< nom_pdsch_rs_epre_offset >

Provides the nominal measurement offset in dB between the physical downlink shared channel and the reference signal energy per resource block used by the UE when computing CQI

< cqi reporting periodic present >

Indicates whether the reporting periodic information is present

<cqi_periodic_enable>

Indicates whether periodic reporting is enabled

< cqi_periodic_pucch_resource_index >

Physical uplink control channel resource index. Range: 0 to 767.

< cqi_periodic_cqi_pmi_cfg_index >

CQI/PMI periodicity and offset configuration index. Range: 0 to 511

< cqi_periodic_format_indicator >

PUCCH CQI feedback type

< cqi_periodic_subband_cqi_k >

Parameter K. Used only if the CQI format indicator is set to CMAPI_LTE_L1_CQI_FORMAT_INDICATOR_PERIODIC_SUBBAND. Range: 1 to 4

<cqi_periodic_ri_cfg_index_enable>

Indicates whether the rank indicator configuration index is enabled

< cqi_periodic_ri_cfg_index >

Rank indicator configuration index.

< cqi_periodic_sim_ack_nak_cqi >

Indicates whether the simultaneous transmission of ACK/NACK and CQI is allowed

< cqi_rel9_param_present >

Indicates whether the CQI Release 9 parameters are present

< cqi_rel9_param_cqi_mask_enable >

Indicates whether the CQI mask is enabled

< cqi_rel9_param_pmi_ri_report_configured >

Indicates whether the Precoding Matrix Indicator and Rank Indicator report is configured

< transmission mode >

Antenna transmission mode for the PDSCH

< codebook_subset_restriction >

Bitmask of the codebook restriction. The bitmask is placed in the lower order bits

The number of bits are:



```
n2TxAntenna-tm3
        - n4TxAntenna-tm3
    6

    n2TxAntenna-tm4

    64 - n4TxAntenna-tm4
        - n2TxAntenna-tm5
    16 – n4TxAntenna-tm5
        - n2TxAntenna-tm6
    16 – n4TxAntenna-tm6
< tx_antenna_selection_enabled >
    Indicates whether the UE transmit antenna selection is enabled
< tx_antenna_selection_ctrl >
    Indicates whether the UE transmit antenna selection control is closed loop or open loop
< paging_cycle >
    UE paging cycle in milliseconds
< nb >
    Used to derive the number of paging groups
< ue id>
    UE identity (IMSI) mod 1024
```

```
AT+CMGRMI=4
+CMGRMI: Main_Info,4,1,1,1,0,3,3249,6,0,-1,20
+CMGRMI: Serving_Cell,38400,1120,15,6166,2,26575628,39,3,3,7,280,-146,-1169,-854,7
+CMGRMI: CA_Scell,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: LTE_Intra,1,38400,280,2
+CMGRMI: LTE_Intra_Cell1,280,-146,-1169,-854,7
+CMGRMI: LTE_Intra_Cell2,281,-146,-1162,-927,11
+CMGRMI: LTE_Inter,0,Freq1,0,0,0,0,0,Freq2,0,0,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: GSM_Info,0,Freq_Group1,0,0,0,0,0,Freq_Group2,0,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: WCDMA_Info,0,Freq1,0,0,0,0,0,Freq2,0,0,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: CDMA1x Info,0,Freq1,0,0,0,Freq2,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: CDMAprpd_Info,0,Freq1,0,0,0,Freq2,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: CDrx_Cfg,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: Cqi_Cfg,1,1,3,0,1,1,4,18,0,0,1,644,0,0,0,0
+CMGRMI: Ant_Cfg,2,0x000000000000000000,0,0
+CMGRMI: Idle_Drx_Cfg, 1280, 2,675
OK
```

5.21 AT+MONI Show cell system information

Description



This command is used to inquiring serving cell and neighbour cell system information in GSM

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+MONI=?	+MONI: <cellno>, <cellset></cellset></cellno>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+MONI?	When extracting data for the serving cell and the network name is
	known:
	+MONI: <netname>,BSIC:<bsic>,RxQual:<qual>,LAC:<lac>,Id:<i< td=""></i<></lac></qual></bsic></netname>
	d>, ARFCN: <arfcn>,PWR:<dbm>dBm,C1:<c1>-C2:<c2></c2></c1></dbm></arfcn>
	When extracting data for an adjacent cell:
	+MONI:Adj Cell <n>,[LAC:<lac>,Id:<id>],ARFCN:<arfcn>,PWR: <dbm>dBm, C1: <c1>-C2: <c2></c2></c1></dbm></arfcn></id></lac></n>
	[]
	OK
	When the network name is unknown:
	+MONI:Cc: <cc>,Nc<nc>,BSIC: -ksic>,RxQual:<qual>,LAC:<lac></lac></qual></nc></cc>
	,Id: <id>, ARFCN:<arfcn>,PWR:<dbm>dBm,C1:<c1>-C2:<c2></c2></c1></dbm></arfcn></id>
	When extracting data for an adjacent cell:
	+MONI:Adj Cell <n>,[LAC:<lac>,Id:<id>],ARFCN:<arfcn>,PWR:</arfcn></id></lac></n>
	<dbm>dBm, C1: <c1>-C2: <c2></c2></c1></dbm>
	[]
	OK
	When not in GSM mode
Write Command	OK Pasnonses
	Responses
AT+MONI= <cellset></cellset>	When $= 0$:
	+MONI: <netname>,BSIC: A DECN: Confere DWD: Claratic Clara</br></netname>
	d>, ARFCN: <arfcn>,PWR:<dbm>dBm,C1: <c1>-C2: <c2> OK</c2></c1></dbm></arfcn>
	When chosen in the range 1-6:
	+MONI:Adj Cell <n>,[LAC:<lac>,Id:<id>],ARFCN:<arfcn>,PWR: <dbm>dBm, C1: <c1>-C2: <c2></c2></c1></dbm></arfcn></id></lac></n>
	[]
	OK
	When = 7: it is a special request to obtain information from the
	men - 7. h is a special request to obtain information from the



whole set of cells, just like AT+MONI?
When requested cell number less than actual existed:
+MONI: no cell
OK
When not in GSM mode
OK
Responses
When extracting data for the serving cell and the network name is
known:
+MONI: <netname>,BSIC:<bsic>,RxQual:<qual>,LAC:<lac>,Id:<i< td=""></i<></lac></qual></bsic></netname>
d>, ARFCN: <arfcn>,PWR:<dbm>dBm,C1: <c1>-C2: <c2></c2></c1></dbm></arfcn>
When extracting data for an adjacent cell:
+MONI:Adj Cell <n>,[LAC:<lac>,Id:<id>],ARFCN:<arfcn>,PWR:</arfcn></id></lac></n>
<dbm>dBm, C1: <c1>-C2: <c2></c2></c1></dbm>
[]
OK
When the network name is unknown:
+MONI:Cc: <cc>,Nc<nc>,BSIC:<bsic>,RxQual:<qual>,LAC:<lac></lac></qual></bsic></nc></cc>
,Id: <id>, ARFCN:<arfcn>,PWR:<dbm>dBm,C1:<c1>-C2:<c2></c2></c1></dbm></arfcn></id>
When extracting data for an adjacent cell:
+MONI:Adj Cell <n>,[LAC:<lac>,Id:<id>],ARFCN:<arfcn>,PWR:</arfcn></id></lac></n>
<dbm>dBm, C1: <c1>-C2: <c2></c2></c1></dbm>
[]
OK
When not in GSM mode
OK

Defined values

<cellno></cellno>
available neighbour cells number currently received
< CellSet >
the last setting done with command, range is 0-7
<netname></netname>
name of network operator
<cc></cc>
country code
<nc></nc>
network operator code
<n></n>
progressive number of adjacent cell
base station identification code



```
<qual>
quality of reception
<lac>
localization area code
<id>
cell identifier
<arfcn>
assigned radio channel
<dBm>
received signal strength in dBm
```

```
AT+MONI?

+MONI: China Mobile,BSIC: 45,RXQual: 255,LAC: 6180,Id: 42545,ARFCN: 16,PWR: -74d

Bm,C1:30-C2:30

+MONI: Adj Cell1,[LAC: 6180,Id: 40995],ARFCN: 19,PWR: -86dBm,C1:16-C2:16

+MONI: Adj Cell2,[LAC: 6180,Id: 40994],ARFCN: 12,PWR: -96dBm,C1:6-C2:6

+MONI: Adj Cell3,[LAC: 6180,Id: 41057],ARFCN: 11,PWR: -95dBm,C1:7-C2:7

+MONI: Adj Cell4,[LAC: 6180,Id: 41073],ARFCN: 24,PWR: -94dBm,C1:8-C2:8

+MONI: Adj Cell5,[LAC: 6180,Id: 41074],ARFCN: 14,PWR: -92dBm,C1:10-C2:10

OK
```

5.22 AT+CEREG EPS network registration status

Description

The set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the MT's EPS network registration status in E-UTRAN, or unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]] when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell in E-UTRAN; in this latest case <AcT>, <tac> and <ci> are sent only if available.

NOTE 1: If the EPS MT in GERAN/UTRAN/E-UTRAN also supports circuit mode services and/or GPRS services, the +CREG command and +CREG: result codes and/or the +CGREG command and +CGREG: result codes apply to the registration status and location information for those services.

The read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the MT. Location information elements <tac>, <ci> and <AcT>, if available, are returned only when <n>=2 and MT is registered in the network.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 24.008 [8]



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CEREG=?	+CEREG: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CEREG?	+CEREG: <n>,<stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<act>]]</act></ci></tac></stat></n>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CEREG=[<n>]</n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CEREG	Set default value $(\langle n \rangle = 0)$:
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<n> <u>0</u> – disable network registration unsolicited result code 1 – enable network registration unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat> 2 - enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]] <stat> 0 – not registered, MT is not currently searching an operator to register to 1 – registered, home network 2 - not registered, but MT is currently trying to attach or searching an operator to register to 3 – registration denied 4 – unknown (e.g. out of E-UTRAN coverage) 5 – registered, roaming 6 - registered for "SMS only", home network (not applicable) 7 – registered for "SMS only", roaming (not applicable) 8 – attached for emergency bearer services only (See NOTE 2) <tac> string type; two byte tracking area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal) string type; four byte E-UTRAN cell ID in hexadecimal format <AcT>



A numberic parameter that indicates the access technology of serving cell

- 0 GSM (not applicable)
- 1 GSM Compact (not applicable)
- 2 UTRAN (not applicable)
- 3 GSM w/EGPRS (see NOTE 3) (not applicable)
- 4 UTRAN w/HSDPA (see NOTE 4) (not applicable)
- 5 UTRAN w/HSUPA (see NOTE 4) (not applicable)
- 6 UTRAN w/HSDPA and HSUPA (see NOTE 4) (not applicable)
- 7 E-UTRAN

Examples

AT+CEREG?

+ CEREG: 0,4

OK



6 AT Commands for Call Control

6.1 AT+CVHU Voice hang up control

Description

Write command selects whether ATH or "drop DTR" shall cause a voice connection to be disconnected or not. By voice connection is also meant alternating mode calls that are currently in voice mode.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CVHU=?	+CVHU: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CVHU?	+CVHU: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CVHU= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CVHU	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

```
<mode>
0 - "Drop DTR" ignored but OK response given. ATH disconnects.

1 - "Drop DTR" and ATH ignored but OK response given.
```

Examples

```
AT+CVHU=0
OK
AT+CVHU?
+CVHU: 0
OK
```



6.2 AT+CHUP Hang up call

Description

This command is used to cancel voice calls. If there is no call, it will do nothing but OK response is given. After running AT+CHUP, multiple "VOICE CALL END:" may be reported which relies on how many calls exist before calling this command.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CHUP=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CHUP	VOICE CALL: END: <time> [VOICE CALL: END: <time>] OK No call: OK</time></time>

Defined values

```
<time>
Voice call connection time.

Format - HHMMSS (HH: hour, MM: minute, SS: second)
```

Examples

```
AT+CHUP

VOICE CALL:END: 000017

OK
```

6.3 AT+CBST Select bearer service type

Description

Write command selects the bearer service <name> with data rate <speed>, and the connection element <ce> to be used when data calls are originated. Values may also be used during mobile terminated data call setup, especially in case of single numbering scheme calls.



YES 3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CBST=?	+CBST: (list of supported <speed>s), (list of supported <name>s), (list of supported <ce>s)</ce></name></speed>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CBST?	+CBST: <speed>,<name>,<ce></ce></name></speed>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CBST=	OK
<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]</ce></name></speed>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CBST	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<spe< th=""><th>ed></th><th></th><th></th></spe<>	ed>		
	0	_	autobauding(automatic selection of the speed; this setting is possible in case of 3.1
			kHz modem and non-transparent service)
	7	-	9600 bps (V.32)
	12	_	9600 bps (V.34)
	14	-	14400 bps(V.34)
	16	_	28800 bps(V.34)
	17	_	33600 bps(V.34)
	39	-	9600 bps(V.120)
	43	-	14400 bps(V.120)
	48	-	28800 bps(V.120)
	51	-	56000 bps(V.120)
	71	-	9600 bps(V.110)
	75	-	14400 bps(V.110)
	80	-	28800 bps(V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)
	81	-	38400 bps(V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)
	83	-	56000 bps(V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)
	84	-	64000 bps(X.31 flag stuffing)
	116	-	64000 bps(bit transparent)
	134	-	64000 bps(multimedia)
<nan< td=""><td>ne></td><td></td><td></td></nan<>	ne>		
	<u>0</u> –	As	synchronous modem
	1 -	Sy	nchronous modem



```
4 - data circuit asynchronous (RDI)

<ce>
0 - transparent
1 - non-transparent

NOTE: If <speed> is set to 116 or 134, it is necessary that <name> is equal to 1 and <ce> is equal to 0.
```

```
AT+CBST=0,0,1

OK

AT+CBST?

+CBST:0,0,1

OK
```

6.4 AT+CRLP Radio link protocol

Description

Radio Link Protocol(RLP) parameters used when non-transparent data calls are originated may be altered with write command.

Read command returns current settings for each supported RLP version <verX>. Only RLP parameters applicable to the corresponding <verX> are returned.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value. If ME/TA supports several RLP versions <verX>, the RLP parameter value ranges for each <verX> are returned in a separate line.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CRLP=?	+CRLP: (list of supported <iws>s), (list of supported <mws>s), (list of supported <t1>s), (list of supported <n2>s) [,<ver1></ver1></n2></t1></mws></iws>
	[,(list of supported <t4>s)]][<cr><lf></lf></cr></t4>
	+CRLP: (list of supported <iws>s), (list of supported <mws>s),</mws></iws>
	(list of supported <t1>s), (list of supported <n2>s) [,<ver2></ver2></n2></t1>
	[,(list of supported <t4>s)]]</t4>
	[]]
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CRLP?	+CRLP: <iws>, <mws>, <t1>, <n2> [,<ver1> [, <t4>]][<cr></cr></t4></ver1></n2></t1></mws></iws>
	<lf></lf>



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	+CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<t1>,<n2>[,<ver2>[,<t4>]] []] OK</t4></ver2></n2></t1></mws></iws>
Write Command AT+CRLP= <iws> [,<mws>[,<t1>[,<n2></n2></t1></mws></iws>	Responses OK
[,<\text{IIVS}[,<\tau\]]]]]	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CRLP	OK

Defined values

<ver>>, <verx></verx></ver>
RLP version number in integer format, and it can be 0, 1 or 2; when version indication is not
present it shall equal 1.
<iws></iws>
IWF to MS window size.
<mws></mws>
MS to IWF window size.
<t1></t1>
Acknowledgement timer.
<n2></n2>
Retransmission attempts.
<t4></t4>
Re-sequencing period in integer format.
NOTE: <t1> and <t4> are in units of 10 ms.</t4></t1>

Examples

```
AT+CRLP?

+CRLP:61,61,48,6,0

+CRLP:61,61,48,6,1

+CRLP:240,240,52,6,2

OK
```

6.5 AT+CR Service reporting control

Description



Write command controls whether or not intermediate result code "+CR: <serv>" is returned from the TA to the TE. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point during connect negotiation at which the TA has determined which speed and quality of service will be used, before any error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before the intermediate result code CONNECT is transmitted.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CR=?	+CR: (list of supported < mode>s)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CR?	+CR: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CR= <mode></mode>	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CR	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

```
<mode>
           disables reporting
    1 –
           enables reporting
<serv>
    ASYNC
                      asynchronous transparent
    SYNC
                      synchronous transparent
    RELASYNC
                      asynchronous non-transparent
    REL sync
                      synchronous non-transparent
    GPRS [<L2P>]
                      GPRS
The optional <L2P> proposes a layer 2 protocol to use between the MT and the TE.
```

Examples

```
AT+CR?
+CR:0
OK
AT+CR=1
```



6.6 AT+CRC Cellular result codes

Description

Write command controls whether or not the extended format of incoming call indication or GPRS network request for PDP context activation is used. When enabled, an incoming call is indicated to the TE with unsolicited result code "+CRING: <type>" instead of the normal RING.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CRC=?	+CRC: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CRC?	+CRC: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CRC= <mode></mode>	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CRC	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<mode></mode>			
$\underline{0}$ – disable extended	$\underline{0}$ – disable extended format		
1 – enable extended	1 – enable extended format		
<type></type>			
ASYNC	asynchronous transparent		
SYNC	synchronous transparent		
RELASYNC	asynchronous non-transparent		
REL SYNC	synchronous non-transparent		
FAX	facsimile		
VOICE	normal voice		
VOICE/XXX	voice followed by data(XXX is ASYNC, SYNC, REL ASYNC or REL		
	SYNC)		
ALT VOICE/XXX	alternating voice/data, voice first		
ALT XXX/VOICE	alternating voice/data, data first		
ALT FAX/VOICE	alternating voice/fax, fax first		



GPRS	GPRS network request for PDP context activation
OLKS	Of RS hetwork request for 1 D1 context activation

```
AT+CRC=1

OK

AT+CRC?

+CRC: 1

OK
```

6.7 AT+CLCC List current calls

Description

This command issued to return list of current calls of ME. If command succeeds but no calls are available, no information response is sent to TE.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CLCC=?	+CLCC: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CLCC?	+CLCC: <n></n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CLCC= <n></n>	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CLCC	+CLCC: <id1>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>[,<number>,<type>[,<</type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id1>
	alpha>]][<cr><lf></lf></cr>
	+CLCC: <id2>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>[,<number>,<type>[,<</type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id2>
	alpha>]]
	[]]
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values



<n>

- $\underline{0}$ Don't report a list of current calls of ME automatically when the current call status changes.
 - 1 Report a list of current calls of ME automatically when the current call status changes.

$\langle idX \rangle$

Integer type, call identification number, this number can be used in +CHLD command operations.

<dir>

- 0 mobile originated (MO) call
- 1 mobile terminated (MT) call

<stat>

State of the call:

- 0 active
- 1 held
- 2 dialing (MO call)
- 3 alerting (MO call)
- 4 incoming (MT call)
- 5 waiting (MT call)
- 6 disconnect

<mode>

bearer/teleservice:

- 0 voice
- 1 data
- 2 fax
- 9 unknown

<mpty>

- 0 call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties
- 1 call is one of multiparty (conference) call parties

<number>

String type phone number in format specified by <type>.

<tvne>

Type of address octet in integer format;

- 128 Restricted number type includes unknown type and format
- 145 International number type
- 161 national number. The network support for this type is optional
- 177 network specific number, ISDN format
- 129 Otherwise

<alpha>

String type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.

Examples



```
ATD10011;

OK

AT+CLCC

+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10011",129,"sm"

OK

RING (with incoming call)

AT+CLCC

+CLCC: 1,1,4,0,0,"02152063113",128,"gongsi"

OK
```

6.8 AT+CEER Extended error report

Description

Execution command causes the TA to return the information text <report>, which should offer the user of the TA an extended report of the reason for:

- The failure in the last unsuccessful call setup(originating or answering) or in-call modification.
- 2 The last call release.
- 3 The last unsuccessful GPRS attach or unsuccessful PDP context activation.
- 4 The last GPRS detach or PDP context deactivation.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CEER=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CEER	+CEER: <report></report>
	OK

Defined values

<report>
Wrong information which is possibly occurred.

Examples

AT+CEER
+CEER: Invalid/incomplete number

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OK

6.9 AT+CCWA Call waiting

Description

This command allows control of the Call Waiting supplementary service. Activation, deactivation and status query are supported. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. Parameter <n> is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CCWA: <number>,<type>,<class> to the TE when call waiting service is enabled. Command should be abortable when network is interrogated.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCWA=?	+CCWA: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CCWA?	+CCWA: <n></n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCWA=	When <mode>=2 and command successful:</mode>
<n>[,<mode>[,<class>]]</class></mode></n>	+CCWA: <status>,<class>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></class></status>
	+CCWA: <status>, <class>[]]</class></status>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CCWA	Set default value (<n>=0):</n>
	OK

Defined values

```
<n>
Sets/shows the result code presentation status in the TA

O - disable

1 - enable

<mode>
```



```
When <mode> parameter is not given, network is not interrogated:
    0 – disable
    1 – enable

    query status

<class>
It is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default 7)
          voice (telephony)

    data (refers to all bearer services)

    4
          fax (facsimile services)
    7
          - voice, data and fax(1+2+4)
    8

    short message service

    16

    data circuit sync

    32
          - data circuit async
    64

    dedicated packet access

    128 - dedicated PAD access
<status>
    0 – not active
    1 – active
<number>
String type phone number of calling address in format specified by <type>.
<type>
Type of address octet in integer format;
    128 - Restricted number type includes unknown type and format
    145 – International number type
    129 – Otherwise
```

```
AT+CCWA=?
+CCWA:(0-1)
OK
AT+CCWA?
+CCWA: 0
```

6.10 AT+CHLD Call related supplementary services

Description



This command allows the control the following call related services:

- 1. A call can be temporarily disconnected from the ME but the connection is retained by the network.
- 2. Multiparty conversation (conference calls).
- 3. The served subscriber who has two calls (one held and the other either active or alerting) can connect the other parties and release the served subscriber's own connection.

Calls can be put on hold, recovered, released, added to conversation, and transferred. This is based on the GSM/UMTS supplementary services.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CHLD=?	+CHLD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CHLD= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CHLD	OK
Default to $\langle n \rangle = 2$.	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

O - Terminate all held calls; or set User Determined User Busy for a waiting call
 1 - Terminate all active calls and accept the other call (waiting call or held call)
 1X - Terminate a specific call X
 2 - Place all active calls on hold and accept the other call (waiting call or held call) as the active call
 2X - Place all active calls except call X on hold
 3 - Add the held call to the active calls
 4 - Connect two calls and cut off the connection between users and them simultaneously

Examples

```
AT+CHLD=?
+CHLD: (0,1,1x,2,2x,3,4)
OK
```



6.11 AT+CCFC Call forwarding number and conditions

Description

This command allows control of the call forwarding supplementary service. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation, and status query are supported.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCFC=?	+CCFC: (list of supported <reason>s)</reason>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCFC= <reason>,<mode< td=""><td>When <mode>=2 and command successful:</mode></td></mode<></reason>	When <mode>=2 and command successful:</mode>
>[, <number>[,<type>[,<clas< td=""><td>+CCFC: <status>,<class1>[,<number>,<type></type></number></class1></status></td></clas<></type></number>	+CCFC: <status>,<class1>[,<number>,<type></type></number></class1></status>
s>[, <subaddr>[,<satype>[,<ti< td=""><td>[,<subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]][<cr><lf></lf></cr></time></satype></subaddr></td></ti<></satype></subaddr>	[, <subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]][<cr><lf></lf></cr></time></satype></subaddr>
me>]]]]]]	+CCFC: <status>,<class2>[,<number>,<type></type></number></class2></status>
	[, <subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]][]]</time></satype></subaddr>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

```
<reason>
    0 – unconditional
    1
          mobile busy
    2 - no reply
    3 – not reachable

    all call forwarding

    5 - all conditional call forwarding
<mode>
    0 – disable
    1 –
          enable

    query status

    3 - registration
    4 - erasure
<number>
String type phone number of forwarding address in format specified by <type>.
```



```
<type>
Type of address octet in integer format:
     145 – dialing string <number> includes international access code character '+'
     129
              otherwise
<subaddr>
String type sub address of format specified by <satype>.
Type of sub address octet in integer format, default 128.
<classX>
It is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default 7):
     1
           voice (telephony)
           data (refers to all bearer services)
    4

    fax (facsimile services)

     16

    data circuit sync

    32

    data circuit async

    64

    dedicated packet access

     128 - dedicated PAD access
    255 – The value 255 covers all classes
<time>
1...30 - when "no reply" is enabled or queried, this gives the time in seconds to wait before call
is forwarded, default value 20.
<status>
    0 – not active
```

1 – active

```
AT+CCFC=?
+CCFC: (0,1,2,3,4,5)
OK
AT+CCFC=0,2
+CCFC: 0,255
OK
```

6.12 AT+CLIP Calling line identification presentation

Description



This command refers to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the calling line identity (CLI) of the calling party when receiving a mobile terminated call.

Write command enables or disables the presentation of the CLI at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service CLIP in the network.

When the presentation of the CLI at the TE is enabled (and calling subscriber allows), +CLIP: <number>,<type>,,[,[<alpha>][,<CLI validity>]] response is returned after every RING (or +CRING: <type>; refer sub clause "Cellular result codes +CRC") result code sent from TA to TE. It is manufacturer specific if this response is used when normal voice call is answered.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CLIP=?	+CLIP: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CLIP?	+CLIP: <n>,<m></m></n>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CLIP= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CLIP	Set default value($\langle n \rangle = 0$):
	OK

Defined values



String type phone number of calling address in format specified by <type>.

<type>

Type of address octet in integer format;

- 128 Restricted number type includes unknown type and format
- 145 International number type
- 161 national number. The network support for this type is optional
- 177 network specific number, ISDN format
- 129 Otherwise

<alpha>

String type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phone book.

<CLI validity>

- 0 CLI valid
- 1 CLI has been withheld by the originator
- 2 CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitations of originating network

Examples

AT+CLIP=1

OK

RING (with incoming call)

+CLIP: "02152063113",128,,, "gongsi",0

6.13 AT+CLIR Calling line identification restriction

Description

This command refers to CLIR-service that allows a calling subscriber to enable or disable the presentation of the CLI to the called party when originating a call.

Write command overrides the CLIR subscription (default is restricted or allowed) when temporary mode is provisioned as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls. This adjustment can be revoked by using the opposite command.. If this command is used by a subscriber without provision of CLIR in permanent mode the network will act.

Read command gives the default adjustment for all outgoing calls (given in <n>), and also triggers an interrogation of the provision status of the CLIR service (given in <m>).

Test command returns values supported as a compound value.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses	



AT+CLIR=?	+CLIR: (list of supported <n>s) OK</n>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CLIR?	+CLIR: <n>,<m></m></n>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CLIR= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<n></n>		
0	_	presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the CLIR service
1	_	CLIR invocation
2	_	CLIR suppression
<m></m>		
0	_	CLIR not provisioned
1	_	CLIR provisioned in permanent mode
2	_	unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)
3	_	CLIR temporary mode presentation restricted
4	_	CLIR temporary mode presentation allowed

Examples

```
AT+CLIR=?
+CLIR:(0-2)
OK
```

6.14 AT+COLP Connected line identification presentation

Description

This command refers to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service COLP(Connected Line Identification Presentation) that enables a calling subscriber to get the connected line identity (COL) of the called party after setting up a mobile originated call. The command enables or disables the presentation of the COL at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service COLR in the network.

When enabled (and called subscriber allows), +COLP:<number>, <type> [,<subaddr>, <satype> [,<alpha>]] intermediate result code is returned from TA to TE before any +CR responses. It is



manufacturer specific if this response is used when normal voice call is established. When the AT+COLP=1 is set, any data input immediately after the launching of "ATDXXX;" will stop the execution of the ATD command, which may cancel the establishing of the call.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Dagnongag
	Responses
AT+COLP=?	+COLP: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+COLP?	+COLP: <n>,<m></m></n>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+COLP = < n >	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+COLP	Set default value($\langle n \rangle = 0$, $\langle m \rangle = 0$):
	OK

Defined values

Examples

$\Delta T + COLP$?	
+COLP: 1,0	
OK	
ATD10086;	
OICE CALL: BEGIN	



```
+COLP: "10086",129,,,
OK
```

6.15 AT+VTS DTMF and tone generation

Description

This command allows the transmission of DTMF tones and arbitrary tones which cause the Mobile Switching Center (MSC) to transmit tones to a remote subscriber. The command can only be used in voice mode of operation (active voice call).

NOTE: The END event of voice call will terminate the transmission of tones, and as an operator option, the tone may be ceased after a pre-determined time whether or not tone duration has been reached.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+VTS=?	+VTS: (list of supported <dtmf>s)</dtmf>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+VTS= <dtmf></dtmf>	OK
[, <duration>]</duration>	
ATT ATTECH TO SEE	ERROR
AT+VTS= <dtmf-string></dtmf-string>	

Defined values

<dtmf>

A single ASCII character in the set 0-9, *, #, A, B, C, D.

<duration>

Tone duration in 1/10 seconds, from 0 to 255. This is interpreted as a DTMF tone of different duration from that mandated by the AT+VTD command, otherwise, the duration which be set the AT+VTD command will be used for the tone (<duration> is omitted).

<dtmf-string>

A sequence of ASCII character in the set 0-9, *, #, A, B, C, D, and maximal length of the string is 29. The string must be enclosed in double quotes (""), and separated by commas between the ASCII characters (e.g. "1,3,5,7,9,*"). Each of the tones with a duration which is set by the AT+VTD command.



```
AT+VTS=1
OK
AT+VTS=1,20
OK
AT+VTS="1,3,5"
OK
AT+VTS=?
+VTS: (0-9,*,#,A,B,C,D)
OK
```

6.16 AT+VTD Tone duration

Description

This refers to an integer <n> that defines the length of tones emitted as a result of the AT+VTS command. A value different than zero causes a tone of duration <n>/10 seconds.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+VTD=?	+VTD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+VTD?	+VTD: <n></n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+VTD= <n></n>	OK

Defined values

<n>

Tone duration in integer format, from 0 to 255, and 0 is factory value.

Tone duration of every single tone is dependent on the network.

1...255 Tone duration of every single tone in 1/10 seconds.

Examples



```
OK
AT+VTD?
+VTD: 0
OK
AT+VTD=5
OK
```

6.17 AT+CSTA Select type of address

Description

Write command is used to select the type of number for further dialing commands (ATD) according to GSM/UMTS specifications.

Read command returns the current type of number.

Test command returns values supported by the Module as a compound value.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSTA=?	+CSTA:(list of supported <type>s)</type>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSTA?	+CSTA: <type></type>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSTA= <type></type>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSTA	OK

Defined values

<type>

Type of address octet in integer format:

145 - when dialling string includes international access code character "+"

161 – national number. The network support for this type is optional

177 - network specific number, ISDN format

129 – otherwise

NOTE: Because the type of address is automatically detected on the dial string of dialing command, command AT+CSTA has really no effect.



```
AT+CSTA?
+CSTA: 129
OK
AT+CSTA=145
OK
```

6.18 AT+CMOD Call mode

Description

Write command selects the call mode of further dialing commands (ATD) or for next answering command (ATA). Mode can be either single or alternating.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMOD=?	+CMOD: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CMOD?	+CMOD: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMOD= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CMOD	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<mode>

<u>0</u> – single mode(only supported)

NOTE: The value of <mode> shall be set to zero after a successfully completed alternating mode call. It shall be set to zero also after a failed answering. The power-on, factory and user resets shall also set the value to zero. This reduces the possibility that alternating mode calls are originated or answered accidentally.



```
AT+CMOD?
+CMOD: 0
OK
AT+CMOD=0
OK
```

6.19 AT+VMUTE Speaker mute control

Description

This command is used to control the loudspeaker to mute and unmute during a voice call or a video call which is connected. If there is not a connected call, write command can't be used.

When all calls are disconnected, the Module sets the subparameter as 0 automatically.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+VMUTE=?	+VMUTE: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+VMUTE?	+VMUTE: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+VMUTE= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

Examples

```
AT+VMUTE=1
OK
AT+VMUTE?
+VMUTE:1
OK
```



6.20 AT+CMUT Microphone mute control

Description

This command is used to enable and disable the uplink voice muting during a voice call or a video call which is connected. If there is not a connected call, write command can't be used.

When all calls are disconnected, the Module sets the subparameter as 0 automatically.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMUT=?	+CMUT: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CMUT?	+CMUT: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMUT= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

Examples

```
AT+CMUT=1

OK

AT+CMUT?
+CMUT: 1

OK
```

6.21 AT+MORING Enable or disable report MO ring URC

Description

This command is used to enable or disable report MO ring URC

SIM PIN References



NO	Vendor
----	--------

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+MORING=?	+MORING: (0-1)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+MORING?	+ MORING: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+MORING= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<mode>
Enable or disable report MO ring URC:

Output

Output
```

Examples

```
AT+MORING=1

OK

AT+MORING?
+MORING:1

OK

AT+MORING=?
+MORING: (0-1)

OK
```

6.22 AT+CSDVC Switch voice channel device

Description

This command is used to switch voice channel device. After changing current voice channel device and if there is a connecting voice call, it will use the settings of previous device (loudspeaker volume level, mute state of loudspeaker and microphone, refer to AT+CLVL, AT+VMUTE, and AT+CMUT).

SIM PIN References



NO	Vendor
----	--------

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSDVC=?	+CSDVC: (list of supported <dev>s)</dev>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSDVC?	+CSDVC: <dev></dev>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSDVC= <dev></dev>	OK

Defined values

<dev></dev>	
<u>1</u> -	handset
2 -	headset
3 -	speaker phone

Examples

```
AT+CSDVC=1
OK
AT+CSDVC?
+CSDVC:1
OK
```

6.23 AT+CLVL Loudspeaker volume level

Description

Write command is used to select the volume of the internal loudspeaker audio output of the device. Test command returns supported values as compound value.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CLVL=?	+CLVL: (list of supported < level>s)

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	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CLVL?	+CLVL: <level></level>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CLVL= <level></level>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<level>

Integer type value which represents loudspeaker volume level. The range is from 0 to 5, and 0 represents the lowest loudspeaker volume level, 2 is default factory value.

NOTE: < level> is nonvolatile, and it is stored when restart.

Examples

AT+CLVL?
+CLVL:2
OK
AT+CLVL=3
OK

6.24 AT+SIDET Digital attenuation of sidetone

Description

This command is used to set digital attenuation of sidetone. Please refer to related hardware design document for more information.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SIDET=?	+SIDET: (list of supported <en>s), (list of supported <st>s) OK</st></en>
Read Command	Responses
AT+SIDET?	+SIDET: <en>,<st></st></en>
W	OK
Write Command	Responses

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AT+SIDET= <en>,<st></st></en>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<st>

Digital attenuation of sidetone, integer type in decimal format and nonvolatile.

Range: from 0x52 to 0x2000.

Default value 0x52.

Examples

```
AT+SIDET: 1,0x52

OK

AT+SIDET=?
+SIDET: (0-1),(0,0x52-0x2000)

OK

AT+SIDET=1,0x1000

OK
```

7 AT Commands for SMS

7.1 AT+CSMS Select message service

Description

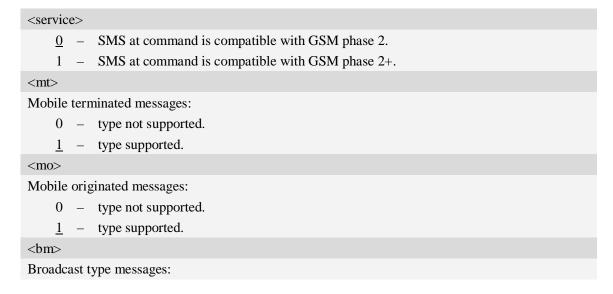
This command is used to select messaging service <service>.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Responses
+CSMS: (list of supported <service>s)</service>
OK
Responses
+CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm></bm></mo></mt></service>
OK
Responses
+CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm></bm></mo></mt>
OK
ERROR
+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values





```
0 - type not supported.
1 - type supported.
```

Examples

```
AT+CSMS=0
+CSMS:1,1,1
OK
AT+CSMS?
+CSMS:0,1,1,1
OK
AT+CSMS=?
+CSMS:(0-1)
OK
```

7.2 AT+CPMS Preferred message storage

Description

This command is used to select memory storages <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> to be used for reading, writing, etc.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPMS=?	+CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s), (list of supported <mem2>s), (list of supported <mem3>s) OK</mem3></mem2></mem1>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>,<mem3>,<used3>,<total3> OK ERROR +CMS ERROR: <err></err></total3></used3></mem3></total2></used2></mem2></total1></used1></mem1>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPMS= <mem1></mem1>	+CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3></total3></used3></total2></used2></total1></used1>
[, <mem2>[,<mem3>]]</mem3></mem2>	OK
	ERROR
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>



Defined values

```
<mem1>
String type, memory from which messages are read and deleted (commands List Messages
AT+CMGL, Read Message AT+CMGR and Delete Message AT+CMGD).
    "ME" and "MT"
                       FLASH message storage
    "SM"
                       SIM message storage
    "SR"
                       Status report storage
<mem2>
String type, memory to which writing and sending operations are made (commands Send Message
from Storage AT+CMSS and Write Message to Memory AT+CMGW).
    "ME" and "MT"
                       FLASH message storage
    "SM"
                       SIM message storage
    "SR"
                       Status report storage
<mem3>
String type, memory to which received SMS is preferred to be stored (unless forwarded directly to
TE; refer command New Message Indications AT+CNMI).
    "ME"
                       FLASH message storage
    "SM"
                       SIM message storage
<usedX>
Integer type, number of messages currently in <memX>.
Integer type, total number of message locations in <memX>.
```

Examples

```
AT+CPMS=?
+CPMS: ("ME","MT","SM","SR"),("ME","MT","SM","SR"),("ME","SM")
OK
AT+CPMS?
+CPMS: "ME", 0, 23, "ME", 0, 23, "ME", 0, 23
OK
AT+CPMS="SM","SM","SM"
+CPMS:3,50,3,50,3,50
OK
```

7.3 AT+CMGF Select SMS message format

Description

This command is used to specify the input and output format of the short messages.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMGF=?	+CMGF: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CMGF?	+CMGF: <mode></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMGF= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CMGF	Set default value (<mode>=0):</mode>
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<mode></mode>	
<u>0</u> –	PDU mode
1 -	Text mode

Examples

```
AT+CMGF?

+CMGF: 0

OK

AT+CMGF=?

+CMGF: (0-1)

OK

AT+CMGF=1
```

7.4 AT+CSCA SMS service centre address

Description

This command is used to update the SMSC address, through which mobile originated SMS are transmitted.

SIM PIN References



YES	3GPP TS 27.005
-----	----------------

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSCA=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSCA?	+CSCA: <sca>,<tosca></tosca></sca>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSCA= <sca>[,<tosca>]</tosca></sca>	OK

Defined values

<sca>

Service Center Address, value field in string format, BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer to command AT+CSCS), type of address given by <tosca>.

<tosca>

SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format, when first character of <sca> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129.

Examples

```
AT+CSCA="+8613012345678"

OK

AT+CSCA?

+CSCA: "+8613010314500", 145

OK
```

7.5 AT+CSMP Set text mode parameters

Description

This command is used to select values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in storage when text format message mode is selected.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command Responses

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AT+CSMP=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMP?	+CSMP: <fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dcs></dcs></pid></vp></fo>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMP=	OK
[<fo>[,<vp>[,<pid>[,<dcs>]]</dcs></pid></vp></fo>	
]]	

Defined values

< fo >

Depending on the Command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.

<vp>

Depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: GSM 03.40,TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167), in time-string format, or if is supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with quotes), (<vp> is in range 0... 255).

<pid>

GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0).

<dcs>

GSM 03.38 SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format depending on the command or result code.

Examples

AT+CSMP=17,23,64,244 OK

7.6 AT+CSDH Show text mode parameters

Description

This command is used to control whether detailed header information is shown in text mode result codes.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses	

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AT+CSDH=?	+CSDH: (list of supported <show>s)</show>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSDH?	+CSDH: <show></show>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSDH= <show></show>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSDH	Set default value (<show>=0):</show>
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<show>
O do not show header values defined in commands AT+CSCA and AT+CSMP (<sca>,
<tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dcs>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in +CMT,
AT+CMGL, AT+CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in AT+CMGR result code, do not show <pid>, <mn>,
<da>, <toda>, <toda>, <length> or <data>
1 - show the values in result codes
```

Examples

```
AT+CSDH?
+CSDH: 0
OK
AT+CSDH=1
OK
```

7.7 AT+CNMA New message acknowledgement to ME/TA

Description

This command is used to confirm successful receipt of a new message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS-STATUSREPORT) routed directly to the TE. If ME does not receive acknowledgement within required time (network timeout), it will send RP-ERROR to the network.

NOTE: The execute / write command shall only be used when AT+CSMS parameter <service> equals 1 (= phase 2+) and appropriate URC has been issued by the module, i.e.:

<+CMT> for <mt>=2 incoming message classes 0, 1, 3 and none;



```
<+CMT> for <mt>=3 incoming message classes 0 and 3; <+CDS> for <ds>=1.
```

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CNMA=?	if text mode(AT+CMGF=1):
	OK
	if PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0):
	+CNMA: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNMA= <n></n>	OK
	ERROR
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CNMA	OK
	ERROR
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<n>

Parameter required only for PDU mode.

- 0 Command operates similarly as execution command in text mode.
- 1 Send positive (RP-ACK) acknowledgement to the network. Accepted only in PDU mode.
- 2 Send negative (RP-ERROR) acknowledgement to the network. Accepted only in PDU mode.

Examples

```
AT+CNMI=1,2,0,0,0

OK

+CMT: "1380022xxxx","02/04/03,11:06:38",129,7,0<CR><LF>
Testing
(receive new short message)

AT+CNMA(send ACK to the network)

OK

AT+CNMA
```



+CMS ERROR: 340 (the second time return error, it needs ACK only once)

7.8 AT+CNMI New message indications to TE

Description

This command is used to select the procedure how receiving of new messages from the network is indicated to the TE when TE is active, e.g. DTR signal is ON. If TE is inactive (e.g. DTR signal is OFF). If set < mt > = 2, < mt > = 3 or < ds > = 1, make sure < mode > = 1, otherwise it will return error.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CNMI=?	+CNMI: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <mt>s),(list</mt></mode>
	of supported bm>s),(list of supported <ds>s),(list of supported</ds>
	 bfr>s)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CNMI?	+CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr></bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CNMI= <mode>[,<mt>[,</mt></mode>	OK
 //s/s>[, ds>[, <bfr>]]]]</bfr>	ERROR
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CNMI	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<mode></mode>		
<u>0</u>	_	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If TA result code buffer is full, indications
		can be buffered in some other place or the oldest indications may be discarded and
		replaced with the new received indications.
1	_	Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when
		TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode). Otherwise forward them directly
		to the TE.
2	_	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line

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data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise forward them directly to the TE.

<mt>

The rules for storing received SMS depend on its data coding scheme, preferred memory storage (AT+CPMS) setting and this value:

- 0 No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE.
- 1 If SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CMTI: <mem3>,<index>.
- 2 SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (store message)) are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code:
 - +CMT:[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or
 - +CMT:<oa>,[<alpha>],<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]
 - <CR> <LF><data>

(text mode enabled, about parameters in italics, refer command Show Text Mode Parameters AT+CSDH).

3 - Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in <mt>=2. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1.

< bm >

The rules for storing received CBMs depend on its data coding scheme, the setting of Select CBM Types (AT+CSCB) and this value:

- 0 No CBM indications are routed to the TE.
- 2 New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code:
 - +CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or
 - +CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data> (text mode enabled)

< ds >

- <u>0</u> No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE.
- 1 SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code:
 - +CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or
 - +CDS: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> (text mode enabled)
- 2 If SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDSI: <mem3>,<index>.

<bfr>

- TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 to 3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).
- 1 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 to 3 is entered.

Examples

AT+CNMI? + *CNMI*: 0,0,0,0,0



```
OK
AT+CNMI=?
+CNMI: (0,1,2),(0,1,2,3),(0,2),(0,1,2),(0,1)
OK
AT+CNMI=2,1 (unsolicited result codes after received messages.)
OK
```

7.9 AT+CGSMS Select service for MO SMS messages

Description

The write command is used to specify the service or service preference that the MT will use to send MO SMS messages.

The test command is used for requesting information on which services and service preferences can be set by using the AT+CGSMS write command

The read command returns the currently selected service or service preference.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Responses
+CGSMS: (list of supported <service>s)</service>
OK
Responses
+CGSMS: <service></service>
OK
Responses
OK
ERROR
+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<service>

A numeric parameter which indicates the service or service preference to be used

- 0 GPRS(value is not really supported and is internally mapped to 2)
- 1 circuit switched(value is not really supported and is internally mapped to 3)
- 2 GPRS preferred (use circuit switched if GPRS not available)
- 3 circuit switched preferred (use GPRS if circuit switched not available)

Examples

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```
AT+CGSMS?
+CGSMS: 3
OK
AT+CGSMS=?
+CGSMS: (0-3)
OK
```

7.10 AT+CMGL List SMS messages from preferred store

Description

This command is used to return messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the TE.

If the status of the message is 'received unread', the status in the storage changes to 'received read'.

SIM PIN	References	
YES	3GPP TS 27.005	

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMGL=?	+CMGL: (list of supported <stat>s)</stat>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMGL= <stat></stat>	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-S
	UBMITs and/or SMS-DELIVERs:
	+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa>/<da>,[<alpha>],[<scts>][,<tooa>/<t< td=""></t<></tooa></scts></alpha></da></oa></stat></index>
	oda>, <fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data< td=""></data<></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo>
	>[<cr><lf></lf></cr>
	+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa>/<da>,[<alpha>],[<scts>][,<tooa>/<t< td=""></t<></tooa></scts></alpha></da></oa></stat></index>
	oda>, <fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data< td=""></data<></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo>
	>[]]
	OK
	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-
	STATUS-REPORTs:
	+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<s< td=""></s<></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index>
	t>[<cr><lf></lf></cr>
	+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<s< td=""></s<></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></index>
	t>[]]
	OK
	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-
	COMMANDs:
	+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></ct></fo></stat></index>



```
+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[...]]
OK
If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM
storage:
+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages>
<CR><LF><<u>data</u>>[<CR><LF>
+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages>
<CR><LF><data>[...]]
OK
If PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0) and Command successful:
+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>[<C
R><LF>
+CMGL:<index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>
[...]]
OK
+CMS ERROR: <err>
```

Defined values

<stat>

1. Text Mode:

"REC UNREAD" received unread message (i.e. new message)

"REC READ" received read message
"STO UNSENT" stored unsent message
"STO SENT" stored sent message
"ALL" all messages

2. PDU Mode:

0 - received unread message (i.e. new message)

1 - received read message

2 - stored unsent message

3 - stored sent message

4 – all messages

<index>

Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.

<oa>

Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tooa>.

<da>

Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of



address given by <toda>.

<alpha>

String type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specific; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.

<scts>

TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>).

<tooa>

TP-Originating-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (default refer <toda>).

<toda>

TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.

<length>

Integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

<data>

In the case of SMS: TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format:

- 1. If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:
 - a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.
 - b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. character Π (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55))
- 2. If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65))
- 3. If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used:
 - a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.
 - b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.
- 4. If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.

<fo>

Depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.

<mr>

Message Reference

GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.



<ra>

Recipient Address

GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format;BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set(refer to command AT+CSCS);type of address given by <tora>

<tora>

Type of Recipient Address

GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)

< dt >

Discharge Time

GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format:"yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last digits),month,day,hour,minutes,seconds and time zone.

<st>

Status

GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format

0...255

<ct>

Command Type

GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format

0...255

<sn>

Serial Number

GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format

<mid>

Message Identifier

GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format

<page>

Page Parameter

GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format

<pages>

Page Parameter

GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format

<pdu>

In the case of SMS: SC address followed by TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).

Examples

AT+CMGL=?

+CMGL: ("REC UNREAD", "REC READ", "STO UNSENT", "STO SENT", "ALL")

OK

AT+CMGL="ALL"



```
+CMGL: 1,"STO UNSENT","+10011",,,145,4
Hello World
OK
```

7.11 AT+CMGR Read message

Description

This command is used to return message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> to the TE.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command AT+CMGR=?	Responses OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMGR= <index></index>	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-DELIVER:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,[<alpha>],<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,</dcs></pid></fo></tooa></scts></alpha></oa></stat>
	<sca>, <tosca>, <length>]<cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca>
	OK
	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-SUBMIT:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<da>,[<alpha>][,<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,[<vp>],<sca>, <tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></vp></dcs></pid></fo></toda></alpha></da></stat>
	OK
	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-STATUS-REPORT:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> OK</st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat>
	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-COMMAND:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<ct>[,<pid>,[<mn>],[<da>],[<toda>],<length>]<cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></length></toda></da></mn></pid></ct></fo></stat>
	OK
	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM storage:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><cr><lf><d< td=""></d<></lf></cr></pages></page></dcs></mid></sn></stat>
	ata>



OK
If PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0) and Command successful:
+CMGR: <stat>,[<alpha>],<length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length></alpha></stat>
OK
+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<index>

Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.

<stat>

1.Text Mode:

"REC UNREAD" received unread message (i.e. new message)

"REC READ" received read message
"STO UNSENT" stored unsent message
"STO SENT" stored sent message

2. PDU Mode:

- 0 received unread message (i.e. new message)
- 1 received read message.
- 2 stored unsent message.
- 3 stored sent message

<0a>

Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tooa>.

<alpha>

String type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specific; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.

<scts>

TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>).

<tooa>

TP-Originating-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (default refer <toda>).

<fo>

Depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.

<pid>

Protocol Identifier

GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format

0...255

<dcs>



Depending on the command or result code: SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format.

<sca>

RP SC address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tosca>.

<tosca>

RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>).

<length>

Integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data>> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).

<data>

In the case of SMS: TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format:

- 1 If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:
 - a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.
 - b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. character Π (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)).
- 2 If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (eg. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).
- 3 If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used:
 - a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.
 - b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.
- 4 If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.

<da>

Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.

<toda>

TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.

<vp>

Depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167) or in time-string format (refer <dt>).

<mr>



Message Reference

GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.

<ra>

Recipient Address

GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format;BCD numbers(or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set(refer to command AT+CSCS);type of address given by <tora>

<tora>

Type of Recipient Address

GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)

< dt >

Discharge Time

GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last digits),month,day,hour,minutes,seconds and time zone.

 $\langle st \rangle$

Status

GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format

0...255

<ct>

Command Type

GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format

0...255

<mn>

Message Number

GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Number in integer format

<sn>

Serial Number

GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format

<mid>

Message Identifier

GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format

<page>

Page Parameter

GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format

<pages>

Page parameter

GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format

<pdu>

In the case of SMS: SC address followed by TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (eg. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).

Examples



```
AT+CMGR=1
+CMGR: "STO UNSENT","+10011",,145,17,0,0,167,"+8613800100500",145,4
Hello World
OK
```

7.12 AT+CMGS Send message

Description

This command is used to send message from a TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT).

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMGS=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
If text mode (AT+CMGF=1): AT+CMGS= <da>[,<toda>]<</toda></da>	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1) and sending successfully: +CMGS: <mr></mr>
CR>Text is entered.	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
<ctrl-z esc=""> If PDU mode(AT+CMGF=</ctrl-z>	If PDU mode(AT+CMGF=0) and sending successfully:
0):	+CMGS: <mr> OK</mr>
AT+CMGS= <length><cr> PDU is entered</cr></length>	If sending fails:
<ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z>	ERROR
	If sending fails: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<da>

Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.

<toda>

TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.

<length>

integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data>> (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)



<mr>

Message Reference

GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.

NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

Examples

```
AT+CMGS="13012832788"<CR>(TEXT MODE)
> ABCD<ctrl-Z/ESC>
+CMGS: 46
OK
```

7.13 AT+CMSS Send message from storage

Description

This command is used to send message with location value <index> from preferred message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND).

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMSS=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMSS=	+CMSS: <mr></mr>
<index> [,<da>[,<toda>]]</toda></da></index>	OK
	ERROR
	If sending fails:
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<index>

Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.

<da>

Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.



<mr>

Message Reference

GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.

<toda>

TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.

NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

Examples

```
AT+CMSS=3
+CMSS: 0
OK
AT+CMSS=3,"13012345678"
+CMSS: 55
OK
```

7.14 AT+CMGW Write message to memory

Description

This command is used to store message (either SMS-DELIVER or SMS-SUBMIT) to memory storage <mem2>.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMGW=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
If text $mode(AT+CMGF=1)$:	+CMGW: <index></index>
AT+CMGW= <oa>/<da>[,<t< td=""><td>OK</td></t<></da></oa>	OK
ooa>/ <toda>[,<stat>]]<cr></cr></stat></toda>	ERROR
Text is entered.	
<ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z>	
If PDU mode(AT+CMGF=	
0):	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>
AT+CMGW= <length>[,<sta< td=""><td></td></sta<></length>	
t>] <cr>PDU is entered.</cr>	
<ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z>	



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Defined values

<index>

Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.

<oa>

Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tooa>.

<tooa>

TP-Originating-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (default refer <toda>).

<da>

Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.

<toda>

TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.

<length>

Integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> > (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).

<stat>

1. Text Mode:

"STO UNSENT" stored unsent message
"STO SENT" stored sent message

- 2. PDU Mode:
 - 2 stored unsent message
 - 3 stored sent message

NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

Examples

```
AT+CMGW="13012832788" < CR> (TEXT MODE)

ABCD<ctrl-Z/ESC>
+CMGW:1

OK
```

7.15 AT+CMGD Delete message

Description



This command is used to delete message from preferred message storage <mem1> location <index>. If <delflag> is present and not set to 0 then the ME shall ignore <index> and follow the rules for <delflag> shown below.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMGD=?	+CMGD: (list of supported <index>s)[,(list of supported <delflag>s)] OK</delflag></index>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMGD= <index>[,<delflag>]</delflag></index>	OK
	ERROR
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<index>

Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.

<delflag>

- 0 (or omitted) Delete the message specified in <index>.
- 1 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched.
- 2 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched.
- 3 Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages leaving unread messages untouched.
- 4 Delete all messages from preferred message storage including unread messages.

NOTE: If set <delflag>=1, 2, 3 or 4, <index> is omitted, such as AT+CMGD=,1.

Examples

```
AT+CMGD=1
OK
```

7.16 AT+CMVP Set message valid period

Description



This command is used to set valid period for sending short message.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMVP=?	+CMVP: (list of supported <vp>s)</vp>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CMVP?	+CMVP: <vp></vp>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMVP= <vp></vp>	OK
	ERROR
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

```
      Validity period value:

      0 to 143
      (+1) x 5 minutes (up to 12 hours)

      144 to 167
      12 hours + (-143) x 30 minutes

      168 to 196
      (-166) x 1 day

      197 to 255
      (-192) x 1 week
```

Examples

```
AT+CMVP=167
OK
AT+CMVP?
+CMVP: 167
OK
```

7.17 AT+CSALPHA Set If Try To Match Alpha In PB

Description

This command is used to set if try to match alpha In PB when read message.

SIM PIN References



YES Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSALPHA=?	+ CSALPHA: (list of supported <setting>s)</setting>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+ CSALPHA?	+ CSALPHA: < setting >
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+ CSALPHA =< setting >	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+ CSALPHA	Set default value (<setting>=1):</setting>
	OK

Defined values

```
< setting >

Output

o
```

Examples

```
AT+ CSALPHA?

+ CSALPHA: 0

OK

AT+ CSALPHA =?

+ CSALPHA: (0-1)

OK

AT+ CSALPHA = 1

OK
```

8 AT Commands for Phonebook

8.1 AT+CPBS Select phonebook memory storage

Description

This command selects the active phonebook storage, i.e. the phonebook storage that all subsequent phonebook commands will be operating on.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPBS=?	+CPBS: (list of supported <storage>s) OK</storage>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: <storage>[,<used>,<total>]</total></used></storage>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPBS= <storage></storage>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CPBS	Set default value "SM":
	OK

Defined values

<storage></storage>	
Values reserve	ed by the present document:
"DC"	ME dialed calls list
	Capacity: max. 100 entries
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage.
"MC"	ME missed (unanswered received) calls list
	Capacity: max. 100 entries
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage.



"RC"	ME received calls list
	Capacity: max. 100 entries
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage.
<u>"SM"</u>	SIM phonebook
	Capacity: depending on SIM card
"ME"	Mobile Equipment phonebook
	Capacity: max. 500 entries
<used></used>	
Integer type v	alue indicating the number of used locations in selected memory.
<total></total>	
Integer type v	alue indicating the total number of locations in selected memory.

Examples

```
AT+CPBS=?
+CPBS: ("SM","DC","MC","ME","RC")
OK
AT+CPBS="SM"
OK
AT+CPBS?
+CPBS: "SM",1,200
OK
```

8.2 AT+CPBR Read phonebook entries

Description

This command gets the record information from the selected memory storage in phonebook. If the storage is selected as "SM" then the command will return the record in SIM phonebook, the same to others.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPBR=?	+CPBR: (<minindex>-<maxindex>), [<nlength>], [<tlength>]</tlength></nlength></maxindex></minindex>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPBR=	[+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></text></type></number></index1>



<index1>[,<index2>]</index2></index1>	+CPBR: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>[]]]</text></type></number></index2>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<index1> Integer type value in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory. <index2> Integer type value in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory. <index> Integer type.the current position number of the Phonebook index. <minIndex> Integer type the minimum <index> number. <maxIndex> Integer type the maximum <index> number String type, phone number of format <type>, the maximum length is <nlength>. <type> Type of phone number octet in integer format, default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129. <text> String type field of maximum length <tlength>; often this value is set as name. <nlength> Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number>.

Examples

```
AT+CPBS?

+CPBS: "SM",2,200

OK

AT+CPBR=1,10

+CPBR: 1,"1234567890",129,"James"

+CPBR: 2,"0987654321",129,"Kevin"

OK
```

8.3 AT+CPBF Find phonebook entries

Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>.

Description



This command finds the record in phonebook (from the current phonebook memory storage selected with <u>AT+CPBS</u>) which alphanumeric field has substring <<u>findtext</u>>.If <<u>findtext</u>> is null, it will lists all the entries.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPBF=?	+CPBF: [<nlength>],[<tlength>]</tlength></nlength>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPBF=[<findtext>]</findtext>	[+CPBF: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></text></type></number></index1>
	+CPBF: <indexn>,<number>,<type>,<text>[]]]</text></type></number></indexn>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<findtext>

String type, this value is used to find the record. Character set should be the one selected with command AT+CSCS.

<index>

Integer type values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory.

<number>

String type, phone number of format <type>, the maximum length is <nlength>.

<type>

Type of phone number octet in integer format, default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129.

<text>

String type field of maximum length <tlength>; Often this value is set as name.

<nlength>

Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number>.

<tlength>

Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>.

Examples



```
+CPBF: 1,"1234567890",129," James "
OK
```

8.4 AT+CPBW Write phonebook entry

Description

This command writes phonebook entry in location number <index> in the current phonebook memory storage selected with AT+CPBS.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPBW=?	+CPBW:(list of supported <index>s),[<nlength>],</nlength></index>
	(list of supported <type>s),[<tlength>]</tlength></type>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPBW=[<index>][,<nu< td=""><td>OK</td></nu<></index>	OK
mber>[, <type>[,<text>]]]</text></type>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<index>

Integer type values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory. If <index> is not given, the first free entry will be used. If <index> is given as the only parameter, the phonebook entry specified by <index> is deleted. If record number <index> already exists, it will be overwritten. <number>

String type, phone number of format <type>, the maximum length is <nlength>.It must be an non-empty string.

<type>

Type of address octet in integer format, The range of value is from 128 to 255. If <number> contains a leading "+" <type> = 145 (international) is used. Supported value are:

- 128 Restricted number type includes unknown type and format
- 145 when dialling string includes international access code character "+"
- 161 national number. The network support for this type is optional
- 177 network specific number, ISDN format
- 129 otherwise

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NOTE: Other value refer TS 24.008 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7.

<text>

String type field of maximum length <tlength>; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.

<nlength>

Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number>.

<tlength>

Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>.

NOTE: If the parameters of <type> and <text> are omitted and the first character of <number> is '+', it will specify <type> as 145(129 if the first character isn't '+') and <text> as NULL.

Examples

```
AT+CPBW=3,"88888888",129,"John"

OK

AT+CPBW=,"66666666",129,"mary"

OK

AT+CPBW=1

OK
```

8.5 AT+CNUM Subscriber number

Description

Execution command returns the MSISDNs related to the subscriber (this information can be stored in the SIM or in the ME). If subscriber has different MSISDN for different services, each MSISDN is returned in a separate line.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CNUM=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CNUM	[+CNUM: <alpha>,<number>,<type>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></type></number></alpha>
	+CNUM: <alpha>, <number>,<type> []]]</type></number></alpha>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values



<alpha>

Optional alphanumeric string associated with <number>, used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.

<number>

String type phone number of format specified by <type>.

<tvpe>

Type of address octet in integer format.see also AT+CPBR <type>

Examples

AT+CNUM

+CNUM: ,"13697252277",129

OK



9 AT Commands for GPRS

9.1 AT+CGREG GPRS network registration status

Description

This command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code "+CGREG: <stat>" when <n>=1 and there is a change in the MT's GPRS network registration status.

The read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows Whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the MT.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGREG=?	+CGREG: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGREG?	+CGREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat></n>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGREG= <n></n>	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGREG	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<n></n>		
<u>0</u>	_	disable network registration unsolicited result code
1	_	enable network registration unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat></stat>
2	_	there is a change in the ME network registration status or a change of the network cell:
		+CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>
<stat></stat>		
0	_	not registered, ME is not currently searching an operator to register to
1	_	registered, home network
2	_	not registered, but ME is currently trying to attach or searching an operator to register
		to
3	_	registration denied



```
4 - unknown
5 - registered, roaming

<lac>
Two bytes location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g."00C3" equals 193 in decimal).

<ci>Cell ID in hexadecimal format.

GSM: Maximum is two byte

WCDMA: Maximum is four byte
```

Examples

```
AT+CGREG=?
+CGREG: (0-1)
OK
AT+CGREG?
+CGREG: 0,0
OK
```

9.2 AT+CGATT Packet domain attach or detach

Description

The write command is used to attach the MT to, or detach the MT from, the Packet Domain service. The read command returns the current Packet Domain service state.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGATT=?	+CGATT: (list of supported <state>s)</state>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGATT?	+CGATT: <state></state>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGATT= <state></state>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>



Defined values

```
<state>
Indicates the state of Packet Domain attachment:

0 - detached

1 - attached
```

Examples

```
AT+CGATT?
+CGATT: 0
OK
AT+CGATT=1
OK
```

9.3 AT+CGACT PDP context activate or deactivate

Description

The write command is used to activate or deactivate the specified PDP context (s).

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGACT=?	+CGACT: (list of supported <state>s)</state>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT: [<cid>, <state>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></state></cid>
	+CGACT: <cid>, <state></state></cid>
	[]]]
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGACT= <state></state>	OK
[, <cid>]</cid>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values



Examples

```
AT+CGACT?
+CGACT: 1,0
OK
AT+CGACT=?
+CGACT: (0,1)
OK
AT+CGACT=0,1
OK
```

9.4 AT+CGDCONT Define PDP context

Description

The set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter <cid>. The number of PDP contexts that may be in a defined state at the same time is given by the range returned by the test command. A special form of the write command (AT+CGDCONT=<cid>) causes the values for context <cid> to become undefined.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses	
AT+CGDCONT=?	+CGDCONT: (range of supported <cid>s),<pdp_type>,,,(list of supported <d_comp>s) OK</d_comp></pdp_type></cid>	
	ERROR	
Read Command	Responses	
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: [<cid>, <pdp_type>, <apn>,<pdp_addr>,</pdp_addr></apn></pdp_type></cid>	
	<d_comp>, <h_comp>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></h_comp></d_comp>	
	+CGDCONT: <cid>, <pdp_type>, <apn>, <pdp_addr>,</pdp_addr></apn></pdp_type></cid>	



	<d_comp>, <h_comp>[]]] OK</h_comp></d_comp>
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGDCONT= <cid>[,<pdp_type></pdp_type></cid>	OK
[, <apn>[,<pdp_addr> [,<d_comp>[,<h_comp>]]]]]</h_comp></d_comp></pdp_addr></apn>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGDCONT	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<cid>

(PDP Context Identifier) a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command.

1...16

<PDP_type>

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.

IP Internet Protocol

PPP Point to Point Protocol

IPV6 Internet Protocol Version 6

IPV4V6 Dual PDN Stack

<APN>

(Access Point Name) a string parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network.

<PDP_addr>

A string parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP.

Read command will continue to return the null string even if an address has been allocated during the PDP startup procedure. The allocated address may be read using command AT+CGPADDR.

<d_comp>

A numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression, this value may depend on platform:

- 0 off (default if value is omitted)
- 1 on
- 2 V.42bis

<h_comp>

A numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression, this value may depend on platform:

- $\underline{0}$ off (default if value is omitted)
- 1 on
- 2 RFC1144



```
3 - RFC2507
4 - RFC3095
```

Examples

```
AT+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0

OK

AT+CGDCONT=?
+CGDCONT: (1-16),"IP",,,(0-2),(0-4)
+CGDCONT: (1-16),"PPP",,,(0-2),(0-4)
+CGDCONT: (1-16),"IPV6",,,(0-2),(0-4)
+CGDCONT: (1-16),"IPV4V6",,,(0-2),(0-4)
```

9.5 AT+CGDSCONT Define Secondary PDP Context

Description

The set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a Secondary PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. The number of PDP contexts that may be in a defined state at the same time is given by the range returned by the test command. A special form of the set command, AT+CGDSCONT=<cid> causes the values for context number <cid> to become undefined.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command AT+CGDSCONT=?	Responses +CGDSCONT: (range of supported <cid>s),(list of <p_cid>s for active primary contexts), <pdp_type>,,, (list of supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s) OK ERROR</h_comp></d_comp></pdp_type></p_cid></cid>
Read Command AT+CGDSCONT?	Responses +CGDSCONT: [<cid>,<p_cid>,<d_comp>,<h_comp> [<cr><lf>+CGDSCONT: <cid>,<p_cid>,<d_comp>,<h_comp> []]]</h_comp></d_comp></p_cid></cid></lf></cr></h_comp></d_comp></p_cid></cid>



	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT +CGDSCONT- <cid>[<p,ci< td=""><td>OK</td></p,ci<></cid>	OK
+CGDSCONT= <cid>[,<p_ci d>[,<d_comp>[,<h_comp>]]]</h_comp></d_comp></p_ci </cid>	ERROR

Defined values

<cid>

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command.

NOTE: The <cid>s for network-initiated PDP contexts will have values outside the ranges indicated for the <cid> in the test form of the commands +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT.

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition which has been specified by use of the +CGDCONT command. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface. The list of permitted values is returned by the test form of the command.

<PDP_type>

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.

- IP Internet Protocol
- PPP Point to Point Protocol
- IPV6 Internet Protocol Version 6

IPV4V6 Dual PDN Stack

<d_comp>

a numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression (applicable for SNDCPonly) (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [61])

- 0 off
- 1 on (manufacturer preferred compression)
- 2 V.42bis

Other values are reserved.

<h_comp>

a numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [61] and 3GPP TS 25.323 [62])

- $\underline{0}$ off
- on (manufacturer preferred compression)



- 2 RFC1144 (applicable for SNDCP only)
- 3 RFC2507
- 4 RFC3095 (applicable for PDCP only)

Other values are reserved.

Examples

```
AT+CGDSCONT: 2,1,0,0

OK

AT+CGDSCONT=2,1

OK

AT+CGDSCONT=?
+CGDSCONT: (1-16),(1),"IP",,,(0-2),(0-4)
+CGDSCONT: (1-16),(1),"IPPP",,,(0-2),(0-4)
+CGDSCONT: (1-16),(1),"IPV6",,,(0-2),(0-4)
+CGDSCONT: (1-16),(1),"IPV4V6",,,(0-2),(0-4)

OK
```

9.6 AT+CGTFT Traffic Flow Template

Description

This command allows the TE to specify a Packet Filter - PF for a Traffic Flow Template - TFT that is used in the GGSN in UMTS/GPRS and Packet GW in EPS for routing of packets onto different QoS flows towards the TE. The concept is further described in the 3GPP TS 23.060 [47]. A TFT consists of from one and up to 16 Packet Filters, each identified by a unique packet filter identifier>. A Packet Filter also has an <evaluation precedence index> that is unique within all TFTs associated with all PDP contexts that are associated with the same PDP address.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses	
1 CSt Command	Responses	



AT+CGTFT=?

+CGTFT: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <packet filter identifier>s),(list of supported <evaluation precedence index>s),(list of supported <source address and subnet mask>s),(list of supported protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>s),(list of supported <destination port range>s),(list of supported <source port range>s),(list of supported <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>s),(list of supported <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>s),(list of supported <flow label (ipv6)>s),(list of supported <direction>s)

[<CR><LF>+CGTFT: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <packet filter identifier>s),(list of supported <evaluation precedence index>s),(list of supported <source address and subnet mask>s),(list of supported protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>s),(list of supported <destination port range>s),(list of supported <ipre>supported <

[...]]

OK ERROR

Read Command

AT+CGTFT?

Responses

+CGTFT: [<cid>,<packet filter identifier>,<evaluation precedence index>,<source address and subnet mask>,<protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>,<destination port range>,<source port range>,<ipsec security parameter index (spi)>,<type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>,<flow label (ipv6)>,<direction>

[<CR><LF>+CGTFT: <cid>,<packet filter identifier>,<evaluation precedence index>,<source address and subnet mask>,<protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>,<destination port range>,<source port range>,<ipsec security parameter index (spi)>,<type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>,<flow label (ipv6)>,<direction>

[...]]]

OK



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	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGTFT= <cid>[,[<packe< td=""><td>OK</td></packe<></cid>	OK
t filter	
identifier>, <evaluation< td=""><td>ERROR</td></evaluation<>	ERROR
precedence index>[, <source< td=""><td></td></source<>	
address and subnet	
mask>[, <protocol number<="" td=""><td></td></protocol>	
(ipv4) / next header	
(ipv6)>[, <destination port<="" td=""><td></td></destination>	
range>[, <source port<="" td=""/> <td></td>	
range>[, <ipsec security<="" td=""><td></td></ipsec>	
parameter index	
(spi)>[, <type (tos)<="" of="" service="" td=""><td></td></type>	
(ipv4) and mask / traffic	
class (ipv6) and	
mask>[, <flow label<="" td=""><td></td></flow>	
(ipv6)>[, <direction>]]]]]]]]]</direction>	
Execute Command	Responses
AT+CGTFT	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<cid>

a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the AT+CGDCONT and AT+CGDSCONT commands).

<PDP_type>

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.

IP Internet Protocol

PPP Point to Point Protocol

IPV6 Internet Protocol Version 6

IPV4V6 Dual PDN Stack

<packet filter identifier>

a numeric parameter, value range from 1 to 16.

<evaluation precedence index>

a numeric parameter. The value range is from 0 to 255.

<source address and subnet mask>

string type The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form:

"a1.a2.a3.a4.m1.m2.m3.m4" for IPv4 or



"a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a16.m1.m2.m3.m4.m5.m6.m7.m8.m9.m10.m1 1.m12.m13.m14.m15.m16", for IPv6.

cprotocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>

a numeric parameter, value range from 0 to 255.

<destination port range>

string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form "f.t".

<source port range>

string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form "f.t".

<ipsec security parameter index (spi)>

numeric value in hexadecimal format. The value range is from 00000000 to FFFFFFF.

<type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>

string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form "t.m".

<flow label (ipv6)>

numeric value in hexadecimal format. The value range is from 00000 to FFFFF. Valid for IPv6 only. <direction>

a numeric parameter which specifies the transmission direction in which the packet filter shall be applied.

- O Pre-Release 7 TFT filter (see 3GPP TS 24.008 [8], table 10.5.162)
- 1 Uplink
- 2 Downlink
- 3 Birectional (Up & Downlink)

Examples

AT+CGTFT?

+CGTFT: 2,1,0,"74.125.71.99.255.255.255.255",0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0

OK

AT+CGTFT=2,1,0,"74.125.71.99.255.255.255.255"

OK

AT+CGTFT=?

+CGTFT: "IP",(1-2),(0-255),,(0-255),(0-65535.0-65535),(0-65535.0-65535),(0-FFFFF) FFF),(0-255.0-255),(0-FFFFF)

+ CGTFT: "PPP", (1-2), (0-255), (0-255), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-FFFF-65535), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0-65555), (0

FFFF),(0-255.0-255),(0-FFFFF)

+CGTFT: "IPV6",(1-2),(0-255),,(0-255),(0-65535.0-65535),(0-65535.0-65535),(0-FFF

FFFFF),(0-255.0-255),(0-FFFFF)

+CGTFT:"IPV4V6",(1-16),(0-255),,(0-255),(0-65535.0-65535),(0-65535.0-65535),(0-FFFFFFFF)

,(0-255.0-255),(0-FFFFF)

OK



9.7 AT+CGQREQ Quality of service profile (requested)

Description

This command allows the TE to specify a Quality of Service Profile that is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network.. A special form of the set command (AT+CGQREQ=<cid>) causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGQREQ=?	+CGQREQ: <pdp_type>, (list of supported <pre> color supported <delay>s), (list of supported <reliability>s), (list of supported <pre> supported <pre> color supported <pre> colo</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></reliability></delay></pre></pdp_type>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGQREQ?	+CGQREQ: [<cid>, <pre>, <delay>, <reliability>, <peak>, <mean>[<cr><lf> +CGQREQ: <cid>, <pre>, <delay>, <reliability.>, <peak>, <mean>[]]] OK ERROR</mean></peak></reliability.></delay></pre></cid></lf></cr></mean></peak></reliability></delay></pre></cid>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGQREQ= <cid>[,<pre>,<pre>,<pre></pre></pre></pre></cid>	OK
[, <delay>[,<reliability> [,<peak> [,<mean>]]]]]</mean></peak></reliability></delay>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGQREQ	OK
	ERROR

Defined values



<cid>

A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command). The range is from 1 to 16.

<PDP_type>

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.

- IP Internet Protocol
- PPP Point to Point Protocol
- IPV6 Internet Protocol Version 6
- IPV4V6 Dual PDN Stack

cedence>

A numeric parameter which specifies the precedence class:

- <u>0</u> network subscribed value
- 1 high priority
- 2 normal priority
- 3 low priority

<delay>

A numeric parameter which specifies the delay class:

- 0 network subscribed value
- 1 delay class 1
- 2 delay class 2
- 3 delay class 3
- 4 delay class 4

<reliability>

A numeric parameter which specifies the reliability class:

- <u>0</u> network subscribed value
- 1 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that cannot cope with data loss
- 2 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with infrequent data loss
- 3 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss, GMM/-SM, and SMS
- 4 Real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss
- 5 Real-time traffic error non-sensitive application that can cope with data loss

<peak>

A numeric parameter which specifies the peak throughput class:

- <u>0</u> network subscribed value
- 1 Up to 1000 (8 kbit/s)
- 2 Up to 2000 (16 kbit/s)
- 3 Up to 4000 (32 kbit/s)
- 4 Up to 8000 (64 kbit/s)
- 5 Up to 16000 (128 kbit/s)
- 6 Up to 32000 (256 kbit/s)
- 7 Up to 64000 (512 kbit/s)
- 8 Up to 128000 (1024 kbit/s)
- 9 Up to 256000 (2048 kbit/s)



```
<mean>
A numeric parameter which specifies the mean throughput class:

    network subscribed value

    1
            100 (~0.22 bit/s)
    2
         - 200 (~0.44 bit/s)
    3
         - 500 (~1.11 bit/s)
    4
        - 1000 (~2.2 bit/s)
    5
        - 2000 (~4.4 bit/s)
    6
         - 5000 (~11.1 bit/s)
    7
         - 10000 (~22 bit/s)
    8
         - 20000 (~44 bit/s)
        - 50000 (~111 bit/s)
    10 – 100000 (~0.22 kbit/s)
    11 - 200000 (~0.44 kbit/s)
    12 - 500000 (~1.11 kbit/s)
    13 - 1000000 (~2.2 kbit/s)
    14 - 2000000 (~4.4 kbit/s)
    15 - 5000000 (~11.1 kbit/s)
    16 - 10000000 (~22 kbit/s)
    17 - 20000000 (~44 kbit/s)
    18 - 50000000 (~111 kbit/s)
    31 - optimization
```

Examples

```
AT+CGQREQ?
+CGQREQ:
OK

AT+CGQREQ=?
+CGQREQ: "IP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQREQ: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQREQ: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQREQ: "IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)

OK
```

9.8 AT+CGEQREQ 3G quality of service profile (requested)

Description

The test command returns values supported as a compound value.

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context for which a QOS was explicitly specified.

The write command allows the TE to specify a Quality of Service Profile for the context identified



by the context identification parameter <cid> which is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network.

A special form of the write command, AT+CGEQREQ=<cid> causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGEQREQ=?	+CGEQREQ: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <traffic class="">s),(list of supported <maximum bitrate="" ul="">s),(list of supported <maximum bitrate="" dl="">s),(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">s,(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">s),(list of supported <delivery order="">s),(list of supported <maximum sdu="" size="">s),(list of supported <sdu error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">s),(list of Supported <traffic handling="" priority="">s) OK ERROR</traffic></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></traffic></pdp_type>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGEQREQ?	+CGEQREQ: [<cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<ma bitrate="" dl="" ximum="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">,<residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="" priority="">][<cr><lf>+CGEQREQ: <cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<ma bitrate="" dl="" ximum="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">,<residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="" priority="">[]] OK ERROR</traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></ma></maximum></traffic></cid></lf></cr></traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></ma></maximum></traffic></cid>
Write Command	Responses



AT+CGEQREQ= <cid>[,<tr affic class>[,<maximum bit<br="">rate UL>[,<maximum bitrat<br="">e DL>[,<guaranteed bitrate<="" th=""><th>OK</th></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></tr </cid>	OK
UL>[, <guaranteed bitrate<br="">DL>[,<delivery order="">[,<m aximum SDU size>[,<sdu error ratio>[,<residual bit<="" td=""><td>ERROR</td></residual></sdu </m </delivery></guaranteed>	ERROR
error ratio>[, <delivery e<br="" of="">rroneous SDUs>[,<transfer delay>[,<traffic handling="" p<br="">riority>]]]]]]]]]]</traffic></transfer </delivery>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGEQREQ	OK ERROR

Defined values

<cid>

Parameter specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is also used in other PDP context-related commands. The range is from 1 to 16.

<Traffic class>

- 0 conversational
- 1 streaming
- 2 interactive
- 3 background
- 4 subscribed value

<Maximum bitrate UL>

This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP. As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Maximum bitrate DL>

This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP.As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Guaranteed bitrate UL>

This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered to UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g.AT+CGEQREQ=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.



<Guaranteed bitrate DL>

This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered to UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Delivery order>

This parameter indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not.

```
0 – no
1 – yes
2 – subscribed value
```

<Maximum SDU size>

This parameter indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets.

The range is from 0 to 1520. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<SDU error ratio>

This parameter indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous.SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic.As an example a target SDU error ratio of 5*10⁻³ would be specified as "5E3"(e.g.AT+CGEQREQ=..,"5E3",...).

```
"0E0" – subscribed value
"1E2"
"7E3"
"1E4"
"1E5"
"1E6"
"1E6"
```

<Residual bit error ratio>

This parameter indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. As an example a target residual bit error ratio of 5*10⁻³ would be specified as "5E3"(e.g.

```
AT+CGEQREQ=...,"5E3",..).
```

```
"0E0" – subscribed value
"5E2"
"1E2"
"5E3"
"4E3"
"1E4"
"1E5"
"1E6"
```

<Delivery of erroneous SDUs>

"6E8"



This parameter indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not.

0 - no

1 – yes

2 – no detect

3 - subscribed value

<Transfer delay>

This parameter indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP,in milliseconds.

The range is from 0 to 4000. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Traffic handling priority>

This parameter specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS Bearer compared to the SDUs of the other bearers.

The range is from 0 to 3. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<PDP_type>

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.

IP Internet Protocol

PPP Point to Point Protocol

IPV6 Internet Protocol Version 6

IPV4V6 Dual PDN Stack

```
AT+CGEQREQ?
+CGEQREQ:
OK
AT+CGEQREQ=?
+CGEQREQ: "IP",(0-4),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E
1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E
4", "1E5", "1E6", "6E8"),(0-3),(0,100-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
+CGEOREO: "PPP", (0-4), (0-384), (0-7168), (0-384), (0-7168), (0-2), (0-1520), ("0E0", "10E0")
E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1
E4", "1E5", "1E6", "6E8"), (0-3), (0,100-4000), (0-3), (0,1), (0,1)
+CGEQREQ: "IPV6",(0-4),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","
1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","
1E4", "1E5", "1E6", "6E8"), (0-3), (0,100-4000), (0-3), (0,1), (0,1)
+CGEQREQ: "IPV4V6",(0-4),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0", "1E1",
"1E2", "7E3", "1E3", "1E4", "1E5", "1E6"), ("0E0", "5E2", "1E2", "5E3", "4E3", "1E3", "1E4", "1E5", "1E
6", "6E8"),(0-3),(0,100-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
OK
```



9.9 AT+CGQMIN Quality of service profile (minimum acceptable)

Description

This command allows the TE to specify a minimum acceptable profile which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message. A special form of the set command, AT+CGQMIN=<cid> causes the minimum acceptable profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGQMIN=?	+CGQMIN: <pdp_type>, (list of supported <pre></pre></pdp_type>
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGQMIN?	+CGQMIN: [<cid>, <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></cid>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGQMIN= <cid>[,<pre>cedence></pre></cid>	OK
[, <delay>[,<reliability> [,<peak>[,<mean>]]]]]</mean></peak></reliability></delay>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGQMIN	OK ERROR

Defined values

<cid>



A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command). The range is from 1 to 16.

<PDP_type>

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.

- IP Internet Protocol
- PPP Point to Point Protocol
- IPV6 Internet Protocol Version 6
- IPV4V6 Dual PDN Stack

cedence>

A numeric parameter which specifies the precedence class:

- 0 network subscribed value
- 1 high priority
- 2 normal priority
- 3 low priority

<delay>

A numeric parameter which specifies the delay class:

- <u>0</u> network subscribed value
- 1 delay class 1
- 2 delay class 2
- 3 delay class 3
- 4 delay class 4

<reliability>

A numeric parameter which specifies the reliability class:

- 0 network subscribed value
- 1 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that cannot cope with data loss
- 2 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with infrequent data loss
- 3 Non real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss, GMM/-SM, and SMS
- 4 Real-time traffic, error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss
- 5 Real-time traffic error non-sensitive application that can cope with data loss

<peak>

A numeric parameter which specifies the peak throughput class:

- <u>0</u> network subscribed value
- 1 Up to 1000 (8 kbit/s)
- 2 Up to 2000 (16 kbit/s)
- 3 Up to 4000 (32 kbit/s)
- 4 Up to 8000 (64 kbit/s)
- 5 Up to 16000 (128 kbit/s)
- 6 Up to 32000 (256 kbit/s)
- 7 Up to 64000 (512 kbit/s)
- 8 Up to 128000 (1024 kbit/s)
- 9 Up to 256000 (2048 kbit/s)

<mean>



```
A numeric parameter which specifies the mean throughput class:

    network subscribed value

    1
         - 100 (~0.22 bit/s)
         - 200 (~0.44 bit/s)
    3
        - 500 (~1.11 bit/s)
    4
        - 1000 (~2.2 bit/s)
    5
        - 2000 (~4.4 bit/s)
    6
        - 5000 (~11.1 bit/s)
    7
         - 10000 (~22 bit/s)
    8
         - 20000 (~44 bit/s)
    9
         - 50000 (~111 bit/s)
    10 - 100000 (~0.22 kbit/s)
    11 - 200000 (~0.44 kbit/s)
    12 - 500000 (~1.11 kbit/s)
    13 – 1000000 (~2.2 kbit/s)
    14 - 2000000 (~4.4 kbit/s)
    15 - 5000000 (~11.1 kbit/s)
    16 – 10000000 (~22 kbit/s)
    17 – 20000000 (~44 kbit/s)
    18 - 50000000 (~111 kbit/s)
    31 – optimization
```

Examples

```
AT+CGQMIN:

OK

AT+CGQMIN=?

+CGQMIN: "IP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)

+CGQMIN: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)

+CGQMIN: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)

+CGQMIN: "IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)

OK
```

9.10 AT+CGEQMIN 3G quality of service profile (minimum acceptable)

Description

The test command returns values supported as a compound value.

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context for which a QOS was explicitly specified.



The write command allow the TE to specify a Quallity of Service Profile for the context identified by the context identification parameter <cid> which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate/Modify PDP Context Accept message.

A special form of the write command, AT+CGEQMIN=<cid> causes the requested for context number <cid> to become undefined.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command AT+CGEQMIN=?	Responses +CGEQMIN: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <traffic class="">s),(list of supported <maxim bitrate="" dl="" um="">s),(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">s,(list of supported <deliv ery="" order="">s),(list of supported <maximum sdu="" size="">s),(list of supported <sdu error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">s),(list of Supported <traffic handling="" priority="">s) OK</traffic></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></deliv></guaranteed></maxim></traffic></pdp_type>
Read Command AT+CGEQMIN?	Responses +CGEQMIN: [<cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<maximum bitrate="" dl="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">,<residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="" priority="">][<cr><lf> +CGEQMIN: <cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<ma< td=""></ma<></maximum></traffic></cid></lf></cr></traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></traffic></cid>
	ximum bitrate DL>, <guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">,<residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="" priority="">[]] OK ERROR</traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed>
Write Command	Responses



AT+CGEQMIN= <cid>[,<tr affic class>[,<maximum bit<br="">rate UL>[,<maximum bitrat<br="">e DL>[,<guaranteed bitrate<="" th=""><th>OK</th></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></tr </cid>	OK
UL>[, <guaranteed bitrate<br="">DL>[,<delivery order="">[,<m aximum SDU size>[,<sdu error ratio>[,<residual bit<="" td=""><td>ERROR</td></residual></sdu </m </delivery></guaranteed>	ERROR
error ratio>[, <delivery e<br="" of="">rroneous SDUs>[,<transfer delay>[,<traffic handling="" p<br="">riority>]]]]]]]]]]</traffic></transfer </delivery>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGEQMIN	OK ERROR

Defined values

<cid>

Parameter specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is also used in other PDP context-related commands. The range is from 1 to 16.

<Traffic class>

- 0 conversational
- 1 streaming
- 2 interactive
- 3 background
- 4 subscribed value

<Maximum bitrate UL>

This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP.As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQMIN=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Maximum bitrate DL>

This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP.As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQMIN=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Guaranteed bitrate UL>

This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered to UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g.AT+CGEQMIN=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.



<Guaranteed bitrate DL>

This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered to UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQMIN=...,32,...).

The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Delivery order>

This parameter indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not.

```
0 - no
1 - yes
2 - subscribed value
```

<Maximum SDU size>

This parameter indicates the maximum allowed SDU size inoctets.

The range is from 0 to 1520. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<SDU error ratio>

This parameter indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous.SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic.As an example a target SDU error ratio of 5*10⁻³ would be specified as "5E3"(e.g.AT+CGEQMIN=..,"5E3",...).

```
"0E0" – subscribed value
"1E2"
"7E3"
"1E4"
"1E5"
"1E6"
"1E6"
```

<Residual bit error ratio>

This parameter indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. As an example a target residual bit error ratio of 5*10⁻³ would be specified as "5E3"(e.g.

```
AT+CGEQMIN=...,"5E3",..).

"0E0" - subscribed value
"5E2"
"1E2"
"5E3"
"4E3"
"1E3"
"1E4"
"1E5"
"1E6"
"6E8"

<Delivery of erroneous SDUs>
```



This parameter indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not.

0 - no

1 – yes

2 – no detect

3 - subscribed value

<Transfer delay>

This parameter indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP,in milliseconds.

The range is from 0 to 4000. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<Traffic handling priority>

This parameter specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS Bearer compared to the SDUs of the other bearers.

The range is from 0 to 3. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.

<PDP_type>

(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.

IP Internet Protocol

PPP Point to Point Protocol

IPV6 Internet Protocol Version 6

IPV4V6 Dual PDN Stack

```
AT+CGEQMIN?
+CGEQMIN:
OK
AT+CGEQMIN=?
+CGEQMIN: "IP", (0-4), (0-384), (0-7168), (0-384), (0-7168), (0-2), (0-1520), ("0E0", "1E0")
1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E
4", "1E5", "1E6", "6E8"),(0-3),(0,100-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
+CGEOMIN: "PPP", (0-4), (0-384), (0-7168), (0-384), (0-7168), (0-2), (0-1520), ("0E0", "1
E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1
E4", "1E5", "1E6", "6E8"), (0-3), (0,100-4000), (0-3), (0,1), (0,1)
+CGEQMIN: "IPV6",(0-4),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","
1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","
1E4", "1E5", "1E6", "6E8"), (0-3), (0,100-4000), (0-3), (0,1), (0,1)
+CGEQMIN: "IPV4V6",(0-4),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E1",
"1E2", "7E3", "1E3", "1E4", "1E5", "1E6"), ("0E0", "5E2", "1E2", "5E3", "4E3", "1E3", "1E4", "1E5", "1E
6", "6E8"),(0-3),(0,100-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
OK
```



9.11 AT+CGDATA Enter data state

Description

The command causes the MT to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the network using one or more Packet Domain PDP types. This may include performing a PS attach and one or more PDP context activations.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGDATA=?	+CGDATA: (list of supported <l2p>s)</l2p>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGDATA=[<l2p>,[<ci d="">]]</ci></l2p>	CONNECT [<text>]</text>
	NO CARRIER
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<L2P>
A string parameter that indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used between the TE and MT.

PPP Point-to-point protocol for a PDP such as IP

<text>
CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.

<cid>
A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command).

1...16

```
AT+CGDATA=?
+CGDATA: ("PPP")

OK

AT+CGDATA="PPP",1

CONNECT
```



9.12 AT+CGPADDR Show PDP address

Description

The write command returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGPADDR=?	[+CGPADDR: (list of defined <cid>s)]</cid>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGPADDR=	[+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></pdp_addr></cid>
<cid>[,<cid>[,]]</cid></cid>	+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>[]]]</pdp_addr></cid>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGPADDR	[+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>]</pdp_addr></cid>
	+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>[]]]</pdp_addr></cid>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values

<cid>

A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command). If no <cid> is specified, the addresses for all defined contexts are returned.

1...16

<PDP_addr>

A string that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the AT+CGDCONT command when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <cid>. <PDP_addr> is omitted if none is available.



```
AT+CGPADDR = ?
+CGPADDR: (1)
OK
AT+CGPADDR=1
+CGPADDR: 1,"0.0.0.0"
OK
```

9.13 AT+CGCLASS GPRS mobile station class

Description

This command is used to set the MT to operate according to the specified GPRS mobile class.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGCLASS=?	+CGCLASS: (list of supported <class>s)</class>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGCLASS?	+CGCLASS: <class></class>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGCLASS= <class></class>	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGCLASS	Set default value:
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<class>

A string parameter which indicates the GPRS mobile class (in descending order of functionality) \underline{A} – class A (highest)



```
AT+CGCLASS=?
+CGCLASS: ("A")
OK
AT+CGCLASS?
+CGCLASS: "A"
OK
```

9.14 AT+CGEREP GPRS event reporting

Description

The write command enables or disables sending of unsolicited result codes, "+CGEV" from MT to TE in the case of certain events occurring in the Packet Domain MT or the network. <mode> controls the processing of unsolicited result codes specified within this command. <bfr> controls the effect on buffered codes when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered. If a setting is not supported by the MT, ERROR or +CME ERROR: is returned.

Read command returns the current <mode> and buffer settings.

Test command returns the modes and buffer settings supported by the MT as compound values.

SIM PIN	References
YES	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGEREP=?	+CGEREP: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <bfr>s)</bfr></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGEREP?	+CGEREP: <mode>,<bfr></bfr></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGEREP=	OK
<mode>[,<bfr>]</bfr></mode>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGEREP	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<mode>



- <u>0</u> buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT; if MT result code buffer is full, the oldest ones can be discarded. No codes are forwarded to the TE.
- 1 discard unsolicited result codes when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
- 2 buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE when MT-TE link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the TE.

<bfr>>

- MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when
 mode> 1 or 2 is entered.
- 1 MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).

The following unsolicited result codes and the corresponding events are defined:

```
+CGEV: REJECT < PDP type>, < PDP addr>
```

A network request for PDP context activation occurred when the MT was unable to report it to the TE with a +CRING unsolicited result code and was automatically rejected.

```
+CGEV: NW REACT <PDP_type>, <PDP_addr>, [<cid>]
```

The network has requested a context reactivation. The <cid> that was used to reactivate the context is provided if known to the MT.

```
+CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP_type>, <PDP_addr>, [<cid>]
```

The network has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT.

```
+CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP_type>, <PDP_addr>, [<cid>]
```

The mobile equipment has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT.

```
+CGEV: NW DETACH
```

The network has forced a Packet Domain detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.

```
+CGEV: ME DETACH
```

The mobile equipment has forced a Packet Domain detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.

```
+CGEV: NW CLASS <class>
```

The network has forced a change of MS class. The highest available class is reported (see AT+CGCLASS).

```
+CGEV: ME CLASS <class>
```

The mobile equipment has forced a change of MS class. The highest available class is reported (see AT+CGCLASS).

```
AT+CGEREP=?
+CGEREP: (0-2),(0-1)
```



```
OK
AT+CGEREP?
+CGEREP: 0,0
OK
```

9.15 AT+CGAUTH Set type of authentication for PDP-IP connections of GPRS

Description

This command is used to set type of authentication for PDP-IP connections of GPRS.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGAUTH=?	+CGAUTH:(range of supported <cid>s),(list of supported <auth< td=""></auth<></cid>
	type> s),,
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGAUTH?	+CGAUTH: <cid>,<auth_type>[,<user>]<cr><lf></lf></cr></user></auth_type></cid>
	+CGAUTH: <cid>,<auth_type>[,<user>]<cr><lf></lf></cr></user></auth_type></cid>
	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGAUTH= <cid>[,<aut< td=""><td>OK</td></aut<></cid>	OK
h_type>[, <passwd>[,<user>]]]</user></passwd>	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CGAUTH	OK
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

Defined values



<cid>

Parameter specifies a particular PDP context definition. This is also used in other PDP context-related commands.

1...16

<auth_type>

Indicate the type of authentication to be used for the specified context. If CHAP is selected another parameter <passwd> needs to be specified. If PAP is selected two additional parameters <passwd> and <user> need to specified.

0 – none

1 - PAP

2 - CHAP

3 - PAP or CHAP

<passwd>

Parameter specifies the password used for authentication.

<user>

Parameter specifies the user name used for authentication.

```
AT+CGAUTH=?
+CGAUTH: (1-16),(0-3),
OK
AT+CGAUTH=1,1,"123","SIMCOM"
OK
```



10 Hardware Related Commands

10.1 AT+CVALARM Low and high voltage Alarm

Description

This command is used to open or close the low voltage alarm function.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CVALARM=?	+CVALARM: (list of supported <enable>s), (list of supported low <voltage>s), (list of supported high <voltage>s) OK</voltage></voltage></enable>
Read Command AT+CVALARM?	Responses +CVALARM: <enable>,<low voltage="">, <high voltage=""> OK</high></low></enable>
Write Command	Responses OK
AT+CVALARM= <enable>[,<l ow="" voltage="">],[<high voltage="">]</high></l></enable>	ERROR

Defined values

```
AT+CVALARM=1,3400,4500
OK
```



AT+CVALARM? +CVALARM: 1,3400,4500 OK AT+CVALARM=?

10.2 AT+CVAUXS Set state of the pin named VREG_AUX1

Description

This command is used to set state of the pin which is named VREG_AUX1.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CVAUXS=?	+CVAUXS: (list of supported <state>s)</state>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CVAUXS?	+CVAUXS: <state></state>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CVAUXS= <state></state>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<state>
0 - the pin is closed.
1 - the pin is opend(namely, open the pin)

Examples

AT+CVAUXS=1	
OK	
AT+CVAUXS?	
+CVAUXS: 1	
OK	

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10.3 AT+CVAUXV Set voltage value of the pin named VREG_AUX1

Description

This command is used to set the voltage value of the pin which is named VREG_AUX1.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CVAUXV=?	+CVAUXV: (list of supported <voltage>s) OK</voltage>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CVAUXV?	+CVAUXV: <voltage> OK</voltage>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CVAUXV= <voltage></voltage>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<voltage>
Voltage value of the pin which is named VREG_AUX1. The unit is in 50*mV.

Examples

AT+CVAUXV=?
+CVAUXV:(30-61)
OK
AT+CVAUXV=40
OK
AT+CVAUXV?
+CVAUXV: 40
OK

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10.4 AT+CADC Read ADC value

Description

This command is used to read the ADC value from modem. ME supports 2 types of ADC, which are raw type and voltage type.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CADC=?	+CADC: (range of supported <adc>s)</adc>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CADC= <adc></adc>	+CADC: <value></value>
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<adc>
ADC type:

0 - raw type.
2 - voltage type(mv)

<value>
Integer type value of the ADC.
```

Examples

```
AT+CADC=?
+CADC:(0,2)
OK
AT+CADC=0
+CADC: 187
OK
```

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10.5 + KEY Keypad result code

Description

URCs (Unsolicited Result Code) for keypad when keypad interface mode is active (refer to AT+CGFUNC). Both key press and key release generate a URC.

Refer to related HD document for more information about keypad.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

```
Unsolicited Result Code
+KEY: <key>, [<key_row>, <key_column>], "<key_text>"
```

Defined values

<key></key>
Key code in hexadecimal fomat (e.g. 0x0A).
<key_row></key_row>
Key row number.
<key_column></key_column>
Key column number.
<key_text></key_text>
The key text on EVB (Evaluation Board) for reference.

The Rey text on E v B (Evaluation Board) for referen

KEY VALUE REFERENCE	CE		
<key></key>	<key_row></key_row>	<key_column></key_column>	<key_text></key_text>
0x01	2	4	"MSG"
0x02	1	3	"#"
0x03	1	1	"*"
0x04	1	2	"0"
0x05	4	1	"1"
0x06	4	2	"2"
0x07	4	3	"3"
0x08	3	1	"4"
0x09	3	2	"5"
0x0A	3	3	"6"
0x0B	2	1	"7"
0x0C	2	2	"8"
0x0D	2	3	"9"
0x0E	1	0	"BACK"
0x0F	4	0	"REJECT"



0x10	3	4	"UP"
0x11	0	4	"DOWN"
0x12	1	4	"CALL"
0x13	3	0	"MENU"
0x14	4	4	"SELECT"
0x15	0	0	"HANDFREE"
0x16	0	2	"NAMES"
0x17	0	3	"V+"
0x18	0	1	"V-"
0x19	2	0	"SET"
0xFF	row and colur	nn is same as the key pressed	"RELEASE"

Examples

```
(Press the menu key, and then release the key):
+KEY: 0x13, [3, 0], "MENU"
+KEY: 0xFF, [3, 0], "RELEASE"
```

10.6 AT+CLEDITST Adjust the LED's intensity

Description

This command is used to adjust the intensity of the LED. It also can be used to disable the driver.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CLEDITST=?	+CLEDITST: (list of supported <val>s)</val>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CLEDITST?	+CLEDITST: <val></val>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CLEDITST= <val></val>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values



```
<val>
    0: 0mA (disable driver)
    1: 5mA
    2: 10mA
    3: 15mA
    4: 20mA
    5: 25mA
    6: 30mA
    7: 35mA
    8: 40mA
```

Examples

```
AT+CLEDITST=2
OK
```

10.7 Read ADC2 value

Description

This command is used to read the ADC2 value from modem. ME supports 2 types of ADC, which are raw type and voltage type.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CADC2=?	+CADC2: (range of supported <adc>s)</adc>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CADC2= <adc></adc>	+CADC2: <value></value>
	OK
	ERROR

```
<adc>
ADC2 type:

0 - raw type.

2 - voltage type(mv)

<value>
```



Integer type value of the ADC2.

Examples

```
AT+CADC2=?
+CADC2:(0,2)
OK
AT+CADC2=0
+CADC2: 187
OK
```

10.8 AT+CMTE control the module whether power shutdown when the module's temperature upon the critical temperature

Description

This command is used to control the module whether power shutdown when the module's temperature upon the critical temperature

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Read Command	Responses
AT+CMTE?	+CMTE: <onoff></onoff>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMTE= <onoff></onoff>	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMTE=?	+CMTE:(0,1)
	OK



<onoff>

<u>0</u> – Disable temperature detection

1 – Enable temperature detection

Examples

```
AT+CMTE?
+CMTE:1
OK
AT+CMTE=1
OK
AT+CMTE=?
+CMTE:1
OK
```

NOTE:

- When temperature is extreme high or low, product will power off.
- URCs indicating the alert level "+CMTE:-1" or "+CMTE:1" are intended to enable the user to take appropriate
 precaution, such as protect the module from exposure to extreme conditions, or save or back up data etc.
- Level "+CMTE:-2" or "+CMTE:2" URCs are followed by immediate shutdown.

10.9 AT+CPMVT Low and high voltage Power Off

Description

This command is used to open or close the low and high voltage power off function.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command AT+CPMVT=?	Responses +CPMVT: (list of supported <enable>s), (list of supported low <voltage>s), (list of supported high <voltage>s) OK</voltage></voltage></enable>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CPMVT?	+CPMVT: <enable>,<low voltage="">, <high voltage=""> OK</high></low></enable>
Write Command	Responses

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AT+CPMVT= <enable>[,<low< th=""><th>OK</th></low<></enable>	OK
voltage>],[<high voltage="">]</high>	ERROR

Defined values

Examples

AT+CPMVT=1,3400,4500

OK

AT+CPMVT?
+CPMVT: 1,3400,4500

OK

AT+CPMVT=?
+CPMVT: (0-1),(2800-4300),(4000-4800)

OK

10.10 AT+CDELTA set the module go to recovery mode

Description

This command is used to set the module go to recovery mode.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Write Command AT+CDELTA	Responses OK
	ERROR

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Defined values

NOTE: the command will write flag to the module and reboot the module, then the module will reboot and read the flag and enter recovery mode to update the firmware.

Examples

AT+CDELTA OK

10.11 AT+CUSBDELETEADB delete the interface of the usb composition

Description

This command is used to delete the adb and mass storage interface of the usb composition

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CUSBDELETEADB=?	+CUSBDELETEADB: (list of supported <enable>s)</enable>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CUSBDELETEADB?	+DELETEADB: <enable></enable>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CUSBDELETEADB	OK
= <enable></enable>	ERROR

Defined values

<enable>

<u>0</u> – add the adb and mass storage interface

1 – deleta the adb and mass storage interface

Examples

AT+ CUSBDELETEADB = I OK



10.12 AT+CRIIC Read values from register of IIC device

Description

This command is used to read values from register of IIC device.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CRIIC=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CRIIC=	+CRIIC: <data></data>
<addr>,<reg>,<len></len></reg></addr>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<addr></addr>
Device address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<reg></reg>
Register address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<len></len>
Read length. Range:1-4; unit:byte.
<data></data>
Data read. Input format must be hex, such as $0xFF - 0xFFFFFFF$.

Examples

```
AT+CRIIC=0x0F, 0x0F, 2
+CRIIC: FFFF
OK
```

10.13 AT+CWIIC Write values to register of IIC device

Description

This command is used to write values to register of IIC device.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CWIIC=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CWIIC=	OK
<addr>,<reg>,<data>,<len></len></data></reg></addr>	ERROR

Defined values

<addr></addr>
Device address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<reg></reg>
Register address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<len></len>
Read length. Range: 1-4; unit: byte.
<data></data>
Data written. Input format must be hex, such as $0xFF - 0xFFFFFFF$.

Examples

```
AT+CWIIC=0x0F, 0x0F, 0x1234, 2
+CWIIC: 0x1234
OK
```

10.14 AT+CBC Read the voltage value of the power supply

Description

This command is used to read the voltage value of the power supply

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Read Command	Responses
AT+CWIIC	+CBC: <vol>V</vol>
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<vol>



The voltage value, such as 3.8.

Examples

```
AT+CBC
+CBC: 3.591V
OK
```

11 SPI Related Commands

11.1 AT+CSPISETCLK SPI clock rate setting

Description

This command is used to set SPI clock configuration and trigger mode.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETCLK=?	+CSPISETCLK: (range of supported <polarity>s)</polarity>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETCLK?	+CSPISETCLK: <polarity></polarity>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETCLK= <polarit< td=""><td>OK</td></polarit<>	OK
y>	ERROR

Defined values

<polarity>

- 0 the SPI clock signal is low when the clock is idle
- 1 the SPI clock signal is high when the clock is idle

Examples

```
AT+CSPISETCLK = 1

OK

AT+CSPISETCLK?
```

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```
+CSPISETCLK: 1
OK
AT+CSPISETCLK=?
+CSPISETCLK: (0-1)
OK
```

11.2 AT+CSPISETCS SPI chip select setting

Description

This command is used to set SPI chip select polarity and mode.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETCS=?	+CSPISETCS: (range of supported <polarity>s)</polarity>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETCS?	+CSPISETCS: <polarity></polarity>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETCS= <polarity></polarity>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<polarity>
0     the SPI chip select is active low
1     the SPI chip select is active high
```

Examples

```
AT+CSPISETCS = 1

OK

AT+CSPISETCS?

+CSPISETCS: 1

OK

AT+CSPISETCS = ?

+CSPISETCS: (0-1)

OK
```



11.3 AT+CSPISETF SPI clock frequency setting

Description

This command is used to set SPI clock frequency

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETF=?	+CSPISETF: (range of supported <max>s)</max>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETF?	+CSPISETF: <max></max>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETF= <max></max>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<max>
In master mode, set the maximum SPI clock frequency by the slave device 0...24000000

Examples

```
AT+CSPISETF = 10000000

OK

AT+CSPISETF?
+CSPISETF:,10000000

OK

AT+CSPISETF = ?
+CSPISETF: (0-24000000)

OK
```

11.4 AT+CSPISETPARA SPI transfer parameters setting

Description

This command is used to set SPI transfer parameters



SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETPARA=?	+CSPISETPARA: (range of supported <bit>s)</bit>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETPARA?	+CSPISETPARA: <bit></bit>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSPISETPARA= <bit></bit>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<br/>
set the number of bits to use per transfer unit, only support 8,16,32 bits<br/>
0...32
```

Examples

```
AT+CSPISETPARA = 16

OK

AT+CSPISETPARA?
+CSPISETPARA: 16

OK

AT CSPISETPARA=?
+CSPISETPARA: (0-32)

OK
```

11.5 AT+CSPIW Write data to SPI

Description

This command is used to write data to SPI.

NOTE: If you want to write data only when you use SPI to connect to some special slave device, you can set <reg> to 0xFFFF.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax



Test Command	Responses
AT+CSPIW=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSPIW= <reg>,<data>,<</data></reg>	OK
len>	ERROR

Defined values

```
<reg>
    Register address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.

<data>
    Data written. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF – 0xFFFFFFF.

<len>
    Read length.The unit is byte
    1...4
```

Examples

11.6 AT+CSPIR Read data from SPI

Description

This command is used to read data from SPI.

NOTE: If you want to read data only when you use SPI to connect to some special slave device, you can set $\langle reg \rangle$ to 0xFFFF.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSPIR=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSPIR= <reg>,<len></len></reg>	+CSPIR: <data></data>
	OK
	ERROR



<reg>

Register address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.

<data>

Data read. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF - 0xFFFFFFF.

<len>

Read length. The unit is byte.

1...4

Examples

AT+CSPIR=0x0F, 2

+CSPIR: 0x1234

OK



12 AT Commands for SIM Application Toolkit

12.1 AT+STIN SAT Indication

Description

Every time the SIM Application issues a Proactive Command, via the ME, the TA will receive an indication. This indicates the type of Proactive Command issued.

AT+STGI must then be used by the TA to request the parameters of the Proactive Command from the ME. Upon receiving the +STGI response from the ME, the TA must send AT+STGR to confirm the execution of the Proactive Command and provide any required user response, e.g. a selected menu item.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+STIN=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+STIN?	+STIN: <cmd_id></cmd_id>
	OK

Unsolicited Result Codes

```
+STIN: <cmd_id>
Proactive Command notification

21 - display text

22 - get inkey

23 - get input

24 - select item

+STIN: 25
```

Notification that SIM Application has returned to main menu. If user doesn't do any action in 2 minutes, application will return to main menu automatically.

```
<md_id>
21 - display text
22 - get inkey
```



```
23 - get input
24 - select item
25 - set up menu
0 - none command
```

Examples

```
AT+STIN?
+STIN: 24
OK
```

12.2 AT+STGI Get SAT information

Description

Regularly this command is used upon receipt of an URC "+STIN" to request the parameters of the Proactive Command. Then the TA is expected to acknowledge the AT+STGI response with AT+STGR to confirm that the Proactive Command has been executed. AT+STGR will also provide any user information, e.g. a selected menu item. The Proactive Command type value specifies to which "+STIN" the command is related.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+STGI=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+STGI= <cmd_id></cmd_id>	<i>If</i> < <i>cmd_id</i> >=10: OK
	If <cmd_id>=21: +STGI:21,<prio>,<clear_mode>,<text_len>,<text> OK</text></text_len></clear_mode></prio></cmd_id>
	If <cmd_id>=22: +STGI: 22,< rsp_format>,< help>,<text_len>,<text> OK</text></text_len></cmd_id>
	If <cmd_id>=23: +STGI:23,<rsp_format>,<max_len>,<min_len>,<help>,<show>,<t ext_len>,<text> OK</text></t </show></help></min_len></max_len></rsp_format></cmd_id>
	If <cmd_id>=24: +STGI:24,<help>,<softkey>,<present>,<title_len>,<title>,<item_n</td></tr></tbody></table></title></title_len></present></softkey></help></cmd_id>



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```
um>
+STGI:24,<item_id>,<item_len>,<item_data>
[...]
OK

If <cmd_id>=25:
+STGI:25,<help>,<softkey>,<title_len>,<title>,<item_num>
+STGI:25,<item_id>,<item_len>,<item_data>
[...]
OK
```

```
<cmd_id>
    21

    display text

    22

    get inkey

    23

    get input

    24

    select item

    25
          - set up menu
<pri>>
Priority of display text

    Normal priority

    1

    High priority

<clear_mode>
    0 – Clear after a delay
    1

    Clear by user

<text_len>
    Length of text
<rsp_format>

    SMS default alphabet

    1
         YES or NO
         - numerical only
    3 - UCS2
<help>
    0 – Help unavailable
    1
         - Help available
<max_len>
    Maximum length of input
<min_len>
    Minimum length of input
<show>
    0

    Hide input text

    1

    Display input text

<softkey>
```



- 0 No softkey preferred
- 1 Softkey preferred

cpresent>

Menu presentation format available for select item

- 0 Presentation not specified
- 1 Data value presentation
- 2 Navigation presentation

<title len>

Length of title

<item_num>

Number of items in the menu

<item_id>

Identifier of item

<item len>

Length of item

<title>

Title in ucs2 format

<item_data>

Content of the item in ucs2 format

<text>

Text in ucs2 format.

Examples

AT+STGI=25

at+stgi=25

- +STGI:25,0,0,10,"795E5DDE884C59295730",15
- +STGI:25,1,8,"8F7B677E95EE5019"
- +STGI:25,2,8,"77ED4FE17FA453D1"
- +STGI:25,3,8,"4F1860E05FEB8BAF"
- +STGI:25,4,8,"4E1A52A17CBE9009"
- +STGI:25,5,8,"8D448D3963A88350"
- +STGI:25,6,8,"81EA52A9670D52A1"
- +STGI:25,7,8,"8F7B677E5F6994C3"
- +STGI:25,8,8,"8BED97F367425FD7"
- +STGI:25,9,10,"97F34E506392884C699C"
- +STGI:25,10,8,"65B095FB59296C14"
- +STGI:25,11,8,"94C358F056FE7247"
- +STGI:25,12,8,"804A59294EA453CB"
- +STGI:25,13,8,"5F005FC34F1195F2"
- +STGI:25,14,8,"751F6D3B5E388BC6"
- +STGI:25,21,12,"00530049004D53614FE1606F"

OK



12.3 AT+STGR SAT respond

Description

The TA is expected to acknowledge the AT+STGI response with AT+STGR to confirm that the Proactive Command has been executed. AT+STGR will also provide any user information, e.g. a selected menu item.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+STGR=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+STGR= <cmd_id>[,<dat< td=""><td>OK</td></dat<></cmd_id>	OK
a>]	

```
<md id>
    22

    get inkey

     23

    get input

     24
          - select item
     25

    set up menu

     83
           - session end by user
    84
          - go backward
<data>
If <cmd_id>=22:
    Input a character
If <cmd_id>=23:
    Input a string.
    If <rsp_format> is YES or NO, input of a character in case of ANSI character set requests one
    byte, e.g. "Y".
    If <rsp_format> is numerical only, input the characters in decimal number, e.g. "123"
    If <rsp_faomat> is UCS2, requests a 4 byte string, e.g. "0031"
    <rsp_faomat> refer to the response by AT+STGI=23
If <cmd id>=24:
     Input the identifier of the item selected by user
If <cmd_id>=25:
     Input the identifier of the item selected by user
If <cmd_id>=83:
```



Examples

```
AT+STGR=25,1
OK
+STIN: 24
```

12.4 AT+STK STK Switch

Description

This command is used to disable or enable the STK function. If the argument is 1, it is enabled. While if the argument is 0, it is disabled.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+STK=?	+STK: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+STK?	+STK: <value></value>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+STK= <value></value>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+STK	Set default value (<value>=1):</value>
	OK

Defined values

```
<value>
0 - Disable STK
1 - Enable STK
```

Examples



AT+STK=1 OK



13 AT Commands for Hardware

13.1 AT+IPREX Set local baud rate permanently

Description

This command sets the baud rate of module's serial interface permanently, after reboot the baud rate is also valid.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

apported <speed>s)</speed>
15200:

Defined values

<speed>

Baud rate per second:

 $300,\ 600,\ 1200,\ 2400,\ 4800,\ 9600,\ 19200,\ 38400,\ 57600,\ \underline{115200},\ 230400,\ 460800,921600,\ 30000000,3200000,3686400,4000000$

Examples

AT+IPREX?

+IPREX: 115200

OK

AT+IPREX=?

+ IPREX: (300,600,1200,2400,4800,9600,19200,38400,57600,115200,230400,460800,921600,



```
3000000,3200000,3686400,4000000)

OK

AT+IPREX=115200

OK
```

13.2 AT+CFGRI Indicate RI when using URC

Description

This command is used to config whether pulling down the RI pin of UART when URC reported. If <status> is 1, host may be wake up by RI pin.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFGRI=?	+CFGRI: (range of supported <status>s)</status>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFGRI?	+CFGRI: <status></status>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFGRI= <status></status>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CFGRI	Set < status > = 0
	OK

Defined values

Examples

```
AT+CFGRI=?
+CFGRI: (0-1)
OK
AT+CFGRI?
+CFGRI: 0
OK
```

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```
AT+CFGRI=1
OK
AT+CFGRI
OK
```

13.3 AT+CSCLK Control UART Sleep

Description

This command is used to enable UART Sleep or always work, if set to 1, UART can sleep when DTR pull high if set to 0, UART always work

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSCLK=?	+CSCLK: (range of supported <status>s)</status>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSCLK?	+CSCLK: <status></status>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSCLK = <status></status>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSCLK	Set < status > = 0
	OK

Defined values

<stat< th=""><th>us></th><th></th></stat<>	us>	
<u>0</u>	off	
1	on	

Examples

```
AT+CSCLK = ?
+CSCLK: (0-1)
OK
AT+CSCLK?
```

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```
+CSCLK: 0
OK
AT+CSCLK = 1
OK
AT+CSCLK
OK
```

13.4 AT+CURCD Set delay time for UART DTR Sleep

Description

This command is used to set delay time(ms) for UART DTR sleep,

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CURCD=?	+CURCD: (range of supported <status>s)</status>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CURCD?	+CURCD: <status></status>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CURCD = <time></time>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CURCD	<i>Set <time> = 500</time></i>
	OK

Defined values

<time></time>	
<u>500</u>	

Examples

```
AT+CURCD=?
+CSCLK: (0-10000)
OK
```



```
AT+CURCD?
+CSCLK: 500
OK
AT+CURCD = 1000
OK
AT+CURCD
```

13.5 AT+CRIRS Reset RI pin of serial port

Description

This command is used to reset RI pin of serial port (Null modem Mode). After This command is executed, when a voice (video) call or a SMS is coming or URC is reported, RI pin will be asserted. It can wake up host.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CRIRS=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CRIRS	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

None

Examples



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13.6 AT+CMUX Enable the multiplexer over the UART

Description

This command is used to enable the multiplexer over the UART, after enabled four virtual ports can be used as AT command port or MODEM port, the physical UART can no longer transfer data directly under this case.

By default all of the four virtual ports are used as AT command port.

Second serial port is not support this command.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CMUX=?	+CMUX: 0,0,0, (1-1500),(0),(0),(2-1000)
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CMUX=	OK
<value>[, <subset>[, <port< td=""><td>ERROR</td></port<></subset></value>	ERROR
_speed>[, <n1>[, <t1>[,</t1></n1>	
< N2 > [, < T2 > [, < T3 > [, < k]	
>]]]]]]]	

```
< value >:
    0 - currently only 0 is supported (basic operation mode).
< subset >:
    Currently omitted
< port_speed >:
    Currently omitted, you can set speed before enable multiplexer
< N1>:
    1-1500
< T1>:
    Currently omitted
< N2>:
    Currently omitted
< T2>:
    2-1000
< T3>:
```



```
Currently omitted
< k >:
Currently omitted
```

Examples

```
AT+CMUX=0
OK
```

NOTE: Currently only basic operation mode is supported.

13.7 AT+CGFUNC Enable/disable the function for the special GPIO

Description

SIM7100JE supplies many GPIOs, all of which can be used as General Purpose Input/Output pin, interrupt pin and some of them can be used as function pin.

This command is used to enable/disable the function for the special GPIO. Please consult the document "SIM7100_GPIO_Application_note" for more details.

The configuration will be saved automatically.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CGFUNC=?	+CGFUNC: (list of supported <gpio>s),(list of supported <function>s) OK</function></gpio>
Read Command	Responses
AT+CGFUNC= <gpio></gpio>	+CGFUNC: <gpio>,<function></function></gpio>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGFUNC= <gpio>,</gpio>	OK
<function></function>	ERROR

<gpio></gpio>	
40: GPIO40/PCM_MCLK	
41: GPIO41/WAKEUP_HOST	



```
42: GPIO42/USIM_DET
43:GPIO43/WAKE_ME
44: GPIO44/SD_DET

<FUNC>
0: gpio function.
1: function1
2: function2
```

Examples

```
AT+CGFUNC=41,1
OK
AT+CGFUNC=41
+CGFUNC: 41,1
OK
```

13.8 AT+CGDRT Set the direction of specified GPIO

Description

This command is used to set the specified GPIO to input or output state. If setting to input state, then this GPIO can not be set to high or low value.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT+CGDRT= <gpio_num>,</gpio_num>	OK
<gpio_io></gpio_io>	ERROR

Defined values

Examples

```
AT+CGDRT=43,0
OK
```



13.9 AT+CGSETV Set the value of specified GPIO

Description

This command is used to set the value of the specified GPIO to high or low.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT+CGSETV= <gpio_num>,</gpio_num>	OK
<gpio_hl></gpio_hl>	ERROR

Defined values

Examples

13.10 AT+CGGETV Get the value of specified GPIO

Description

This command is used to get the value (high or low) of the specified GPIO.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT+CGGETV= <gpio_num></gpio_num>	+CGGETV: <gpio_num>,<gpio_hl></gpio_hl></gpio_num>

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OK
ERROR

Defined values

```
<gpio_num>
40-44

<gpio_hl>
    0 - low
    1 - high

NOTE: The GPIO must be set to GPIO FUNCTION through AT+CGFUNC, then it will set success.
```

Examples

```
AT+CGGETV=42
+CGGETV: 42,0
OK
```

13.11 AT+CGISR Set GPIO interrupt trigger condition

Description

The module supplies many GPIOs, all of which can be used as General Purpose Input/Oupt pin, interrupt pin and some of them can be used as function pin.

This command is used to set one GPIO pin as an interrupt source, and then set the detect type[optional] and polarity type[optional], and enable interrupt. Please consult the document "SIM7100_GPIO_Application_note" for more details.

SIM PIN	References
No	

Syntax

Read Command	Responses
AT+CGISR= <gpio></gpio>	+CGISR: < GPIO >, <detect>,<polarity>,<urc></urc></polarity></detect>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CGISR=<	OK
GPIO >, <detect>,<polarity>,</polarity></detect>	
[<urc>]</urc>	



Examples

```
AT+CGISR=41

+CGISR: 41,0,1,GPIO_41_ISR! If the pin ISR is opened

OK

+CGISR: 41,0,0,0 If the pin ISR is not opened

OK

AT+CGISR=41,0,1

OK
```

NOTE:

- 1. if the interruption is triggered SIM7100 will send the following URC to host, URC is your ISR string or GPIO < GPIO > ISR
- 2. Default <detect> is 0 and default <polarity> is 1.
- 3. After setting one GPIO pin as an interrupt source successfully, the setting will be saved.

14AT Commands for File System

The file system is used to store files in a hierarchical (tree) structure, and there are some definitions and conventions to use the Module.

Local storage space is mapped to "C:".

NOTE: General rules for naming (both directories and files):

- 1 The length of actual fully qualified names of directories and files can not exceed 254.
- 2 Directory and file names can not include the following characters:

```
\ : * ? " < > | , ;
```

- 3 Between directory name and file/directory name, use character "/" as list separator, so it can not appear in directory name or file name.
- 4 The first character of names must be a letter or a numeral or underline, and the last character can



not be period "." and oblique "/".

14.1 AT+FSCD Select directory as current directory

Description

This command is used to select a directory. The Module supports absolute path and relative path. Read Command will return current directory without double quotation marks.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSCD=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+FSCD?	+FSCD: <curr_path></curr_path>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSCD= <path></path>	+FSCD: <curr_path></curr_path>
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<path>
String without double quotes, directory for selection.
NOTE: If <path> is "..", it will go back to previous level of directory.
<curr_path>
String without double quotes, current directory.
```

Examples

```
AT+FSCD=C:

+FSCD: C:/

OK

AT+FSCD=C:/

+FSCD: C:/

OK

AT+FSCD?

+FSCD: C:/
```



```
AT+FSCD=..
+FSCD: C:/
OK
```

14.2 AT+FSMKDIR Make new directory in current directory

Description

This command is used to create a new directory in current directory.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSMKDIR=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSMKDIR= <dir></dir>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<dir>

String without double quotes, directory name which does not already exist in current directory.

Examples

```
AT+FSMKDIR= SIMTech

OK

AT+FSCD?
+FSCD: C:/

OK

AT+FSLS
+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:
SIMTech

OK
```

14.3 AT+FSRMDIR Delete directory in current directory

Description

This command is used to delete existing directory in current directory.



SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSRMDIR=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSRMDIR= <dir></dir>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<dir>
String without double quotes.

Examples

AT+FSRMDIR=SIMTech
OK
AT+FSCD?
+ <i>FSCD</i> : <i>C</i> :/
OK
AT+FSLS
+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:
Audio
Picture
Video
VideoCall
OK

14.4 AT+FSLS List directories/files in current directory

Description

This command is used to list informations of directories and/or files in current directory.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Responses		
	Responses	Responses

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AT+FSLS=?	+FSLS: (list of supported <type>s) OK</type>
Read Command	Responses
AT+FSLS?	+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES: <dir_num>,FILES:<file_num> OK</file_num></dir_num>
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSLS= <type></type>	[+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:
	dist of subdirectories>
	<cr><lf>]</lf></cr>
	[+FSLS: FILES:
	dist of files>
	<cr><lf>]</lf></cr>
	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+FSLS	[+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:
	dist of subdirectories>
	<cr><lf>]</lf></cr>
	[+FSLS: FILES:
	dist of files>
	<cr><lf>]</lf></cr>
	OK

Defined values

Examples

AT+FSLS?
+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:2,FILES:2
OK
AT+FSLS
+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:
FirstDir
SecondDir



```
+FSLS: FILES:
image_0.jpg
image_1.jpg

OK

AT+FSLS=2
+FSLS: FILES:
image_0.jpg
image_1.jpg

OK
```

14.5 AT+FSDEL Delete file in current directory

Description

This command is used to delete a file in current directory. Before do that, it needs to use AT+FSCD select the father directory as current directory.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSDEL=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSDEL= <filename></filename>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<filename>

String with or without double quotes, file name which is relative and already existing.

If <filename> is *.*, it means delete all files in current directory.

If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the filename parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

Examples



14.6 AT+FSRENAME Rename file in current directory

Description

This command is used to rename a file in current directory.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSRENAME=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSRENAME=	OK
<old_name>,<new_name></new_name></old_name>	ERROR

Defined values

<old_name>

String with or without double quotes, file name which is existed in current directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

<new_name>

New name of specified file, string with or without double quotes. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

Examples

```
AT+FSRENAME=image_0.jpg, image_1.jpg

OK

AT+FSRENAME= "my test.jpg", {non-ascii}"E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067"

OK
```

14.7 AT+FSATTRI Request file attributes

Description

This command is used to request the attributes of file which exists in current directory.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSATTRI=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSATTRI= <filename></filename>	+FSATTRI: <file_size>, <create_date></create_date></file_size>
	OK

Defined values

<filename>

String with or without double quotes, file name which is in current directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

<file_size>

The size of specified file, and the unit is in Byte.

<create_date>

Create date and time of specified file, the format is YYYY/MM/DD HH/MM/SS Week.

Week - Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat, Sun

Examples

AT+FSATTRI=image_0.jpg +FSATTRI: 8604, 2008/04/28 10:24:46 Tue OK AT+FSATTRI={non-ascii}"E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067" +FSATTRI: 6296, 2012/01/06 00:00:00 Sun

OK

14.8 AT+FSMEM Check the size of available memory

Description

This command is used to check the size of available memory. The response will list total size and used size of local storage space if present and mounted.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSMEM=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses



AT+FSMEM	+FSMEM: C:(<total>, <used>)</used></total>
	OK

<total>
The total size of local storage space.
<used>
The used size of local storage space.

NOTE: The unit of storage space size is in Byte.

Examples

```
AT+FSMEM
+FSMEM: C:(11348480, 2201600)
OK
```

14.9 AT+FSLOCA Select storage place

Description

This command is used to set the storage place for media files.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSLOCA=?	+FSLOCA: (list of supported <loca>s)</loca>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+FSLOCA?	+FSLOCA: <loca></loca>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSLOCA= <loca></loca>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

Examples



```
AT+FSLOCA=0
OK
AT+FSLOCA?
+FSLOCA: 0
OK
```

14.10 AT+FSCOPY Copy an appointed file

Description

This command is used to copy an appointed file on C:/ to an appointed directory on C:/, the new file name should give in parameter.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+FSCOPY=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+FSCOPY= <file1>,<file< td=""><td>+FSCOPY: <percent></percent></td></file<></file1>	+FSCOPY: <percent></percent>
2>[<sync_mode>]</sync_mode>	[+FSCOPY: <percent>]</percent>
	OK
	OK
	+FSCOPY: <percent></percent>
	[+FSCOPY: <percent>]</percent>
	+FSCOPY: END
	If found any error:
	SD CARD NOT PLUGGED IN
	FILE IS EXISTING
	FILE NOT EXISTING
	DIRECTORY IS EXISTED
	DIRECTORY NOT EXISTED
	FORBID CREATE DIRECTORY UNDER \"C:/\"
	FORBID DELETE DIRECTORY
	INVALID PATH NAME
	INVALID FILE NAME
	SD CARD HAVE NO ENOUGH MEMORY
	EFS HAVE NO ENOUGH MEMORY
	FILE CREATE ERROR
	READ FILE ERROR
	WRITE FILE ERROR



ERROR

Defined values

<file1>

The sources file name or the whole path name with sources file name. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

<file2>

The destination file name or the whole path name with destination file name. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

<percent>

The percent of copy done. The range is 0.0 to 100.0

<sync_mode>

The execution mode of the command:

- <u>0</u> synchronous mode
- 1 asynchronous mode

NOTE:

- 1. The <file1> and <file2> should give the whole path and name, if only given file name, it will refer to current path (AT+FSCD) and check the file's validity.
- 2. If <file2> is a whole path and name, make sure the directory exists, make sure that the file name does not exist or the file name is not the same name as the sub folder name, otherwise return error.
- 3. <percent> report refer to the copy file size. The big file maybe report many times, and little file report less.
- 4. If <sync_mode> is 1, the command will return OK immediately, and report final result with +FSCOPY: END.

Examples

```
AT+FSCD?
+FSCD: C:/
OK

AT+FSCOPY= C/TESTFILE,COPYFILE (Copy file TESTFILE on C:/ to C:/COPYFILE)
+FSCOPY: 1.0
+FSCOPY: 9.7
+FSCOPY: 19.4
...
+FSCOPY: 100.0
OK

AT+FSCOPY= "my test.jpg", {non-ascii}"E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067"
+FSCOPY:1.0
+FSCOPY:100.0
```



OK



15 AT Commands for File Transmission

15.1 AT+CFTRANRX Transfer a file to EFS

Description

This command is used to transfer a file to EFS.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTRANRX=?	+CFTRANRX: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTRANRX=" <filepat< td=""><td>></td></filepat<>	>
h>", <len></len>	OK
	>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<filepath></filepath>
The path of the file on EFS.
<len></len>
The length of the file data to send.
NOTE
The <filepath> must be a full path with the directory path.</filepath>

Examples

```
AT+CFTRANRX="c:/MyDir/t1.txt",10
>testcontent
OK
```



15.2 AT+CFTRANTX Transfer a file from EFS to host

Description

This command is used to transfer a file from EFS to host. Before using this command, the AT+CATR must be used to set the correct port used.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTRANTX=?	+CFTRANTX: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTRANTX=" <filepath< td=""><td>[</td></filepath<>	[
>"	+CFTRANTX: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTRANTX: DATA, <len></len>
]
	+CFTRANTX: 0
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<filepath>
The path of the file on EFS.
<len>
The length of the following file data to output.

NOTE
The <filepath> must be a full path with the directory path.
```

Examples

```
AT+CFTRANTX="c:/MyDir/t1.txt"
+CFTRANTX: DATA, 10
Testcontent
+CFTRANTX: 0
OK
```



16 AT Commands for Internet Service

16.1 Common

16.1.1 AT+CIPDNSSET Set DNS query parameters

Description

This command is used to set DNS query parameters. The timeout value for performing DNS query is <net_open_time> + 3000ms + 1000ms*<dns_query_retry_counter>. Here <net_open_time> is the time for opening PS network. <dns_query_retry_counter> is the retry counter for sending DNS query using UDP packet.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPDNSSET=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPDNSSET?	+CIPDNSSET: <max_net_retries>, <net_timeout>, <max_query_retries> OK</max_query_retries></net_timeout></max_net_retries>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPDNSSET=[<ma< td=""><td>OK</td></ma<>	OK
x_net_retries>][,	ERROR
[<net_timeout>][,</net_timeout>	
[<max_query_retries>]]]</max_query_retries>	

Defined values

<max_net_retries>

Maxmimum retry times for opening PS network to perform DNS query. The range is from 0 to 3. Default value is 3.

<net_timeout>

Timeout value for each opening PS network operation when performing DNS query. The range is from 3000ms to 120000ms. Default value is 30000ms.

<max_query_retries>



Maximum retry times for performing DNS query using UDP packet. The range is from 0 to 7. Default value is 7.

Examples

```
AT+CIPDNSSET: 1,30000,3

OK

AT+CIPDNSSET=1,30000,1

OK
```

16.1.2 AT+CDNSGIP Query the IP address of given domain name

Description

This command is used to query the IP address of given domain name.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CDNSGIP=?	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CDNSGIP= <domain< td=""><td>If successful, return:</td></domain<>	If successful, return:
name>	+CDNSGIP: 1, <domain name="">,<ip address=""></ip></domain>
	OK
	If fail,return:
	+CDNSGIP: 0, <dns code="" error=""></dns>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<domain name>

A string parameter (string should be included in quotation marks) which indicates the do ma-in name.

<IP address>

A string parameter (string should be included in quotation marks) which indicates the IP address corresponding to the domain name.



<dns error code>

A numeric parameter which indicates the error code.

10 DNS ŒNERAL ERROR

Examples

```
AT+CDNSGIP=?

OK

AT+CDNSGIP="www.google.com"
+CDNSGIP: 1,"www.google.com","203.208.39.99"

OK
```

16.1.3 AT+CDNSGHNAME Query the domain name of given IP address

Description

This command is used to query the domain name of given IP address.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CDNSGHNAME=?	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CDNSGHNAME= <ip< td=""><td>If successful, return:</td></ip<>	If successful, return:
address>	+CDNSGHNAME: <index>,<domain name="">,<ip address=""></ip></domain></index>
	OK
	If fail, return:
	+CDNSGHNAME: 0, <dns code="" error=""></dns>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<domain name>

A string parameter (string should be included in quotation marks) which indicates the do ma-in name.

<IP address>



A string parameter (string should be included in quotation marks) which indicates the IP address corresponding to the domain name.

<dns error code>

A numeric parameter which indicates the error code.

10 DNS ŒNERAL ERROR

<index>

A numeric parameter which indicates DNS result index. This value is always 1 if performing successfully. Currently only the first record returned from the DNS server will be reported.

Examples

```
AT+CDNSGHNAME=?

OK

AT+CDNSGHNAME=" 58.32.231.148"

+CDNSGHNAME: 1,"mail.sim.com","58.32.231.148"

OK
```

16.1.4 AT+CPING Ping destination address

Description

This command is used to ping destination address.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CPING=?	+CPING: IP address, (list of supported
	\(\dest_addr_type \s), (1-100), (4-188),
	(1000-10000),(10000-100000), (16-255)
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CPING= <dest_addr>,<dest_ad< td=""><td>OK</td></dest_ad<></dest_addr>	OK
dr_type>	
[, <num_pings>[,<data_packet_size< td=""><td>If ping's result_type = 1</td></data_packet_size<></num_pings>	If ping's result_type = 1
>[, <interval_time>[,<wait_time></wait_time></interval_time>	+CPING:
[, <ttl>]]]]</ttl>	<pre><result_type>,<resolved_ip_addr>,<data_packet_size>,<rtt>,</rtt></data_packet_size></resolved_ip_addr></result_type></pre>
	<ttl></ttl>



```
If ping's result_type = 2
+CPING: <result_type>

If ping's result_type = 3
+CPING:
<result_type>,<num_pkts_sent>,<num_pkts_recvd>,<num_p
kts_lost>,<min_rtt>,<max_rtt>,<avg_rtt>
ERROR
```

<dest_addr>

The destination is to be pinged; it can be an IP address or a domain name.

<dest_addr_type>

Integer type. Address family type of the destination address

- 1 IPv4.
- 2 IPv6(reserved)

<num_pings>

Integer type. The num_pings specifies the number of times the ping request (1-100) is to be sent. The default value is 4.

<data_packet_size>

Integer type. Data byte size of the ping packet (4-188). The default value is 64 bytes.

<interval_time>

Integer type. Interval between each ping. Value is specified in milliseconds (1000ms-10000ms). The default value is 2000ms.

<wait time>

Integer type. Wait time for ping response. An ping response received after the timeout shall not be processed. Value specified in milliseconds (10000ms-100000ms). The default value is 10000ms.

<TTL>

Integer type. TTL(Time-To-Live) value for the IP packet over which the ping(ICMP ECHO Request message) is sent (16-255), the default value is 255.

<result_type>

- 1 Ping success
- 2 Ping time out
- 3 Ping result

<num_pkts_sent>

Indicates the number of ping requests that were sent out.

<num pkts recvd>

Indicates the number of ping responses that were received.

<num_pkts_lost>

Indicates the number of ping requests for which no response was received.

<min_rtt>



Indicates the minimum Round Trip Time(RTT).

<max_rtt>
Indicates the maximum RTT.

<avg_rtt>
Indicates the average RTT.

<resolved_ip_addr>
Indicates the resolved ip address.

< rtt>
Round Trip Time.

Examples

AT+CPING=?
+CPING:IP address,(1,2), (1-100), (4-188),(1000-10000),(10000-100000), (16-255)
OK
AT+CPING="www.baidu.com",1,4,64,1000,10000,255
OK
+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,410,255
+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,347,255
+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,346,255
+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,444,255
+CPING: 3,4,4,0,346,444,386

16.1.5 AT+CPINGSTOP Stop an ongoing ping session

Description

This command is used to stop an ongoing ping session.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Write Command	Responses
AT+CPINGSTOP	+CPING:
	<result_type>,<num_pkts_sent>,<num_pkts_recvd>,<num_p< td=""></num_p<></num_pkts_recvd></num_pkts_sent></result_type>
	kts_lost>, <min_rtt>,<max_rtt>,<avg_rtt></avg_rtt></max_rtt></min_rtt>
	OK



	OK ERROR
Test Command	Responses
AT+CPINGSTOP=?	OK

```
<result_type>
1 – Ping success
2 – Ping time out
3 – Ping result
<num_pkts_sent>
Indicates the number of ping requests that were sent out.
<num_pkts_recvd>
Indicates the number of ping responses that were received.
<num_pkts_lost>
Indicates the number of ping requests for which no response was received.
<resolved_ip_addr>
Indicates the resolved ip address.
<min_rtt>
Indicates the minimum Round Trip Time (RTT).
<max_rtt>
Indicates the maximum RTT.
<avg_rtt>
Indicates the average RTT.
```

Examples

AT+CPINGSTOP	
OK	

16.2 TCP/UDP

16.2.1 AT+CIPCCFG Configure parameters of socket

Description

This command is used to configure parameters of socket. For the write command, the parameter part cannot be empty.

-	
SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Syntax

m . a	
Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPCCFG=?	+CIPCCFG: (list of supported <nmretry>s),(list of supported</nmretry>
	<delaytm>s),(list of supported <ack>s),(list of supported</ack></delaytm>
	<pre><errmode>s),(list of supported <headertype>s), (list of supported</headertype></errmode></pre>
	<asyncmode>s), (list of supported <timeoutval>s)</timeoutval></asyncmode>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPCCFG?	+CIPCCFG: <nmretry>,<delaytm>,<ack>,<errmode>,<header-< td=""></header-<></errmode></ack></delaytm></nmretry>
	Type>, <asyncmode>,<timeoutval></timeoutval></asyncmode>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPCCFG=	OK
[<nmretry>][,[<delaytm>]</delaytm></nmretry>	ERROR
[,[<ack>][,[<errmode>][,]<</errmode></ack>	
HeaderType>][,[[<asyncmo< td=""><td></td></asyncmo<>	
de>][,[<timeoutval>]]]]]]]</timeoutval>	
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CIPCCFG	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<NmRetry>

a numeric parameter which is number of retransmission to be made for an IP packet. The default value is 10.

<DelayTm>

a numeric parameter which is number of milliseconds to delay to output data of Receiving. The default value is 0.

<Ack>

NOTE: This parameter is only used to be compatible with old TCP/IP command set.

<errMode>

a numeric parameter which sets mode of reporting error result code.

- 0 error result code with numeric values
- 1 error result code with string values

< HeaderType >



a numeric parameter that select which data header of receiving data, it only takes effect in multi-client mode.

- 0 add data header, the format is "+IPD<data length>"
- 1 add data header, the format is "+RECEIVE,<link num>,<data length>"

< AsyncMode >

NOTE: This parameter is only used to be compatible with old TCP/IP command set.

< TimeoutVal >

a numeric parameter that set the minimum retransmission timeout value for TCP connection. The unit is millisecond. The range is 500-120000.

Examples

```
AT+CIPCCFG=?
+CIPCCFG: (0-10),(0-1000),(0),(0-1),(0-1),(0),(500-120000)

OK

AT+CIPCCFG=3,500,1,1,1,0,500

OK
```

16.2.2 AT+CIPHEAD Add an IP head when receiving data

Description

This command is used to add an IP head when receiving data.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPHEAD=?	+CIPHEAD: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPHEAD?	+CIPHEAD: <mode></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPHEAD= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CIPHEAD	Set default value:
	OK



<mode>
a numeric parameter which indicates whether adding an IP header to received data or not

0 - not add IP header

1 - add IP header, the format is "+IPD(data length)"

Examples

```
AT+CIPHEAD=?
+CIPHEAD: (0-1)
OK
AT+CIPHEAD=0
OK
```

16.2.3 AT+CIPSRIP Show Remote IP address and Port

Description

This command is used to set whether display IP address and port of sender when receiving data.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPSRIP=?	+CIPSRIP: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPSRIP?	+CIPSRIP: <mode></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPSRIP= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CIPSRIP	Set default value:
	OK

Defined values

<mode>



a numeric parameter which indicates whether show the prompt of where the data received or not before received data.

0 - do not show the prompt

 $\underline{1}$ - show the prompt, the format is as follows:

"RECV FROM:<IP ADDRESS>:<PORT>"

Examples

```
AT+CIPSRIP=?
+CIPSRIP: (0-1)
OK
AT+CIPSRIP=1
OK
```

16.2.4 AT+CIPMODE Select TCP/IP application mode

Description

This command is used to select transparent mode (data mode) or non-transparent mode (command mode). The default mode is non-transparent mode.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPMODE=?	+CIPMODE: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPMODE?	+CIPMODE: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPMODE= <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CIPMODE	Set default value (<mode>=0):</mode>
	OK

Defined values



1 - Transparent mode

Examples

```
AT+CIPMODE?
+CIPMODE: 1

OK

AT+CIPMODE=1

OK

AT+CIPMODE=?
+CIPMODE: (0-1)

OK

AT+CIPMODE

OK
```

16.2.5 AT+NETOPEN Open socket

Description

This command opens packet network,

NOTE: The test command and the write command of AT+NETOPEN is reserved for being compatible with old TCP/IP command set, and the old TCP/IP command set is not recommended to be used any longer.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Read Command	Responses
AT+NETOPEN?	+NETOPEN: <net_state></net_state>
	OK
	ERROR
	+IP ERROR: <err_info></err_info>
	ERROR
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Responses
AT+NETOPEN	OK
	+NETOPEN: <err></err>
	+NETOPEN: <err></err>
	OK
	+NETOPEN: <err></err>
	ERROR



+IP ERROR: <err_info> ERROR</err_info>
ERROR

<net_state>
a numeric parameter that indicates the state of PDP context activation:

0 network dose (deactivated)
1 network open(activated)

<err >
The result of operation, 0 is success, other value is failure.

<err_info>
A string parameter that displays the cause of occurring error.

Examples

AT+NETOPEN	
OK	
+NETOPEN: 0	
AT+NETOPEN?	
+NETOPEN: 1, 1	
OK	

16.2.6 AT+NETCLOSE Close socket

Description

This command closes network. Before calling this command, all opened sockets must be closed first.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+NETCLOSE=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+NETCLOSE	OK
	+NETCLOSE: <err></err>
	+NETCLOSE: <err></err>
	OK



+NETCLOSE: <err> ERROR</err>
+IP ERROR: <error message=""></error>
ERROR
ERROR

<err>
The result of operation, 0 is success, other value is failure.

The list of all error message:

Invalid parameter

<error message>

Operation not supported

No data

Examples

AT+NETCLOSE

OK
+NETCLOSE: 0

16.2.7 AT+IPADDR Inquire socket PDP address

Description

This command inquires the IP address of current active socket PDP.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+IPADDR=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+IPADDR	+IPADDR: < ip_address>
	OK
	+IP ERROR: <err_info></err_info>
	ERROR
	ERROR



<ip_address>
A string parameter that identifies the IP address of current active socket PDP.
<err_info>
A string parameter that displays the cause of occurring error.

Examples

```
AT+IPADDR
+IPADDR: 10.71.155.118
OK
```

16.2.8 AT+SERVERSTART Startup TCP server

Description

This command starts up TCP server, and the server can receive the request of TCP client. After the command executes successfully, an unsolicited result code is returned when a client tries to connect with module and module accepts request. The unsolicited result code is +CLIENT: < link_num>,<server_index>,<client_IP>:<port>.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+SERVERSTART=?	OK
	+SERVERSTART: (list of supported <port>), (list of supported <</port>
	server_index >)
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SERVERSTART?	[+SERVERSTART: <server_index>,< port ></server_index>
]
	OK
	+CIPERROR: <err></err>
	ERROR
	EKKOK



	ERROR
	+IP ERROR: <error message=""></error>
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+SERVERSTART= <port< td=""><td>OK</td></port<>	OK
>, <server_index>[,<backlog< td=""><td>+CIPERROR: <err></err></td></backlog<></server_index>	+CIPERROR: <err></err>
>]	ERROR
	ERROR

<server_index>

The TCP server index(The range of permitted values is 0 to 3).

<backlog>

The maximum connections can be queued in listen queue. The range is from 1 to 3. Default is 3.

<err>

The result of operation, 0 is success, other value is failure.

<error message>

The list of all error message:

Invalid parameter

Operation not supported

No data

Examples

AT+SERVERSTART?

+SERVERSTART: 0, 1000

+SERVERSTART: 2, 2000

OK

16.2.9 AT+SERVERSTOP Stop TCP server

Description

This command stops TCP server. Before stopping a TCP server, all sockets with <server_index> equals to the closing TCP server index must be closed first.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SERVERSTOP=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SERVERSTOP= <server< td=""><td>+SERVERSTOP: <server_index>,<err></err></server_index></td></server<>	+SERVERSTOP: <server_index>,<err></err></server_index>
_index>	OK
	OK
	+SERVERSTOP: <server_index>,<err></err></server_index>
	+SERVERSTOP: <server_index>,<err></err></server_index>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<server_index></server_index>	
The TCP server index(The range of permitted values is 0 to 3).	
<err></err>	
The result of operation, 0 is success, other value is failure.	

Examples

```
AT+SERVERSTOP=?

OK

AT+SERVERSTOP=0

+SERVERSTOP: 0,0

OK
```

16.2.10 AT+CIPOPEN Establish connection in multi-socket mode

Description

This command is used to establish a connection with TCP server and UDP server, The sum of all of connections is $10\,^\circ$

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPOPEN=?	+CIPOPEN: (list of supported <link_num>s), (list of supported</link_num>



	<type>s)</type>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPOPEN?	+CIPOPEN: <link_num> [,<type>,<serverip>,<serverport>,<index>]</index></serverport></serverip></type></link_num>
	+CIPOPEN: <link_num> [,<type>,<serverip>,<serverport>,<index>]</index></serverport></serverip></type></link_num>
	[]
	OK
	ERROR
	LKROK
	+IP ERROR: <error message=""></error>
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPOPEN=	OK
	+CIPOPEN: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
rIP>, <serverport>[,<localp< td=""><td>Open connection successfully in transparent mode:</td></localp<></serverport>	Open connection successfully in transparent mode:
ort>]	CONNECT [<text>]</text>
	Open connection failed in transparent mode:
	CONNECT FAIL
	+CIPOPEN: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	ERROR
	ERROR
AT+CIPOPEN=	+CIPOPEN: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
link_num>,"UDP",,,<loc< td=""><td>OK(if udp open)</td></loc<>	OK(if udp open)
alPort>	+CIPOPEN: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	ERROR
	·
	ERROR

```
link_num>
a numeric parameter that identifies a connection. The range of permitted values is 0 to 9. If
AT+CIPMODE=1 is set, the link_num> is restricted to be only 0.
<type>
a string parameter that identifies the type of transmission protocol.
    TCP Transfer Control Protocol
    UDP User Datagram Protocol
If AT+CIPMODE=1 is set, the <type> is restricted to be only "TCP".
<serverIP>
```



A string parameter that identifies the IP address of server. The IP address format consists of 4 octets, separated by decimal point: "AAA.BBB.CCC.DDD". Also the domain name is supported here. If the domain name is input here, the timeout value for the AT+CIPOPEN shall be decided by AT+CIPDNSSET.

<serverPort>

a numeric parameter that identifies the port of TCP server, the range of permitted values is 0 to 65535.

NOTE: When open port as TCP, the port must be the opened TCP port;

When open port as UDP, the port may be any port.

But, for Qualcomm, connecting the port 0 is as an invalid operation.

<localPort>

a numeric parameter that identifies the port of local socket, the range of permitted values is 0 to 65535.

<index>

a numeric parameter that identifies the server index that the client linked when as a TCP server.

- -1 Not as a TCP server
- 0-3 TCP server index

<text>

CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.

<err>

The result of operation, 0 is success, other value is failure.

<error message>

The list of all error message:

Invalid parameter

Operation not supported

No data

Examples

```
AT+CIPOPEN=0, "TCP", "116.228.221.51",100

OK
+CIPOPEN: 0,0

AT+CIPOPEN=1, "UDP",,,8080
+CIPOPEN: 0,0

OK

AT+CIPOPEN=?
+CIPOPEN: (0-9), ("TCP", "UDP")

OK

AT+CIPOPEN: 0, "TCP", "116.228.221.51", 100, -1
+CIPOPEN: 1
+CIPOPEN: 2
+CIPOPEN: 3
```



```
+CIPOPEN: 4
+CIPOPEN: 5
+CIPOPEN: 6
+CIPOPEN: 7
+CIPOPEN: 8
+CIPOPEN: 9
OK
```

16.2.11 AT+CIPSEND Send data through TCP or UDP connection

Description

This command is used to send data to remote side. The <length> field can be empty, when it is empty, Each <Ctrl+Z> character present in the data should be coded as <ETX><Ctrl+Z>. Each <ESC> character present in the data should be coded as <ETX><ESC>. Each <ETX> character will be coded as <ETX><ETX>. Single <Ctrl+Z> means end of the input data. Single <ESC> is used to cancel the sending.

 $\langle ETX \rangle$ is 0x03, and $\langle Ctrl+Z \rangle$ is 0x1A, $\langle ESC \rangle$ is 0x1B.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPSEND=?	+CIPSEND: (list of supported < link_num>s), (list of supported < length >s)
	OK
	+CIPERROR: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPSEND?	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPSEND= <link_num>,</link_num>	OK
[<length>]<cr>data for</cr></length>	+CIPSEND: link_num>,<reqsendlength>, <cnfsendlength></cnfsendlength></reqsendlength>
send	+CIPERROR: <err></err>
(If the <length> field is</length>	ERROR
empty, the <ctrl+z> needs to</ctrl+z>	ERROR
be entered after all data is	
input. <esc> is use to</esc>	



cancel the sending.)	
(This format is for TCP connect)	
AT+CIPSEND= <link_num>,</link_num>	If sending successfully(udp sending):
[<length>],<serverip>,<serv< td=""><td>OK</td></serv<></serverip></length>	OK
erPort> <cr>data for send</cr>	+CIPSEND: link_num>, <reqsendlength>, <cnfsendlength></cnfsendlength></reqsendlength>
(If the <length> field is</length>	+CIPERROR: <err></err>
empty, the <ctrl+z> needs to</ctrl+z>	ERROR
be entered after all data is	ERROR
input. <esc> is use to</esc>	
cancel the sending.)	
(This format is for UDP	
connect)	

link_num>

a numeric parameter that identifies a connection. The range of permitted values is 0 to 9.

<length>

a numeric parameter which indicates the length of sending data, it must be between 1 and 1500.

<serverIP>

A string parameter that identifies the IP address of server. The IP address format consists of 4 octets, separated by decimal point: "AAA.BBB.CCC.DDD".

<serverPort>

a numeric parameter that identifies the port of TCP server, the range of permitted values is 0 to 65535.

NOTE: When open port as TCP, the port must be the opened TCP port;

When open port as UDP, the port may be any port.

But, for Qualcomm, connecting the port 0 is as an invalid operation.

<reqSendLength>

a numeric parameter that requested number of data bytes to be transmitted.

<cnfSendLength>

a numeric parameter that confirmed number of data bytes to be transmitted.

- -1 the connection is disconnected.
- 0 own send buffer or other side's congestion window are full.

Note: If the <cnfSendLength> is not equal to the <reqSendLength>, the socket then cannot be used further.

<err_info>

A string parameter that displays the cause of occurring error.



Examples

```
AT+CIPSEND=0,1
> S
OK
+CIPSEND: 0, 1, 1
AT+CIPSEND=1,1,"116.236.221.75",6775
OK
+CIPSEND: 1, 1, 1
AT+CIPSEND=2,
>Hello<Ctrl+Z>
OK
+CIPSEND: 2,5,5
AT+CIPSEND=3,,"116.236.221.75",6775
>Hello World<Ctrl+Z>
OK
+CIPSEND: 2,11,11
AT+CIPSEND=2,
>Hello<ESC>
ERROR
AT+CIPSEND=?
+CIPSEND: (0-9), (1-1500)
OK
```

16.2.12 AT+CIPRXGET Get the network data manually

Description

This command is used to get the network data manually.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPRXGET=?	+CIPRXGET: (0-4),(0-9),(1-1500)
	OK
	ERROR



D 10	D.
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPRXGET?	+CIPRXGET: <mode></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
(AT+CIPRXGET=1):	1. $If < mode > = 0 \text{ or } 1$:
AT+CIPRXGET= <mode>,<</mode>	OK
cid>[, <len>]</len>	2. If <mode> = 2 or 3:</mode>
	+CIPRXGET: <mode>,<cid>,<read_len>,<rest_len></rest_len></read_len></cid></mode>
	<data></data>
	OK
	3. If <mode> = 4:</mode>
	+CIPRXGET: 4, <cid>,<rest_len></rest_len></cid>
	OK
	If ERROR occurred
	ERROR
	+IP ERROR: <error message=""></error>
	ERROR

Senned values
<mode></mode>
0 - set the way to get the network data automatically
1 – set the way to get the network data manually
2 - read data, the max read length is 1500
3 - read data in HEX form, the max read length is 750
4 – get the rest data length
<cid></cid>
A numeric parameter that identifies a connection. The range of permitted values is 0 to 9.
<len></len>
The data length to be read.
Not required, the default value is 1500 when <mode>=2, and 750 when <mode>=3.</mode></mode>
<read_len></read_len>
The length of the data that have read.
<rest_len></rest_len>
The data length which not read in the buffer.
< data >
The read data.



<error message>

The list of all error message:

Invalid parameter

Operation not supported

No data

NOTE:

- 1. When <mode> is set to 1 and the 2-4 mode will take effect.
- 2. If AT+CIPRXGET=1, it will report +CIPRXGET: 1,<cid>(multi client) when received data and the buffer is empty.

Examples

AT+CIPRXGET=?

+CIPRXGET: (0-4),(1-1500)

OK

AT+CIPRXGET?

+CIPRXGET: 1

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=1

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=2,100

+CIPRXGET: 2,100,1300

0123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789 01234567890123456789

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=3,100

+CIPRXGET: 3,100,1200

30313233343536373839303132333435363738393031323334353637383930313233343536373839 303132333435363738393031323334353637383930313233343536373839 3031323334353637383930313233343536373839

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=4

+CIPRXGET: 4,1200

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=2,0,100

+CIPRXGET: 2,0,100,1300

01234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789



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OK

AT+CIPRXGET=3,0,100
+CIPRXGET: 3,0,100,1200
303132333435363738393031323334353637383930313233343536373839
303132333435363738393031323334353637383930313233343536373839
3031323334353637383930313233343536373839

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=4,0
+CIPRXGET: 4,0,1200

OK

16.2.13 AT+CIPCLOSE Close TCP or UDP socket

Description

This command is used to close TCP or UDP socket.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CIPCLOSE=?	+CIPCLOSE: (list of supported < link_num>s)
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CIPCLOSE?	+CIPCLOSE: <link0_state>,<link1_state>,<link2_state>,</link2_state></link1_state></link0_state>
	statestate<
	
	OK
	+CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	ERROR
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CIPCLOSE=	OK
link_num>	+CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	+CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	OK



+CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err> ERROR</err></link_num>
ERROR

```
link_num>
a numeric parameter that identifies a connection. The range of permitted values is 0 to 9.
<linkx_state>
a numeric parameter that identifies state of <link_num>. the range of permitted values is 0 to 1.

0     disconnected
1     connected
<err_info>
A string parameter that displays the cause of occurring error.
```

Examples

```
AT+CIPCLOSE?
+CIPCLOSE: 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0

OK

AT+CIPCLOSE=?
+CIPCLOSE: (0-9)

OK

AT+CIPCLOSE=0

OK
+CIPCLOSE: 0,0
```

16.2.14 Information elements related to TCP/IP

The following table lists information elements which may be reported.

Information		Description	
+CIPEVENT:	NETWORK	CLOSED	Network is closed for network error(Out
UNEXPECTEDL	Y		of service, etc). When this event happens,
			user's application needs to check and
			close all opened sockets, and then uses
			AT+NETCLOSE to release the network
			library if AT+NETOPEN? shows the
			network library is still opened.
+IPCLOSE: <clie< td=""><td>nt_index>, <close_< td=""><td>_reason></td><td>Socket is closed passively.</td></close_<></td></clie<>	nt_index>, <close_< td=""><td>_reason></td><td>Socket is closed passively.</td></close_<>	_reason>	Socket is closed passively.
			<cli>index> is the link number.</cli>
			<close_reason>:</close_reason>
			0 - Closed by local, active



	1 - Closed by remote, passive2 - Closed for sending timeout
+CLIENT: <	TCP server accepted a new socket client,
link_num >, <server_index>,<client_ip>:<port></port></client_ip></server_index>	the index is <link_num>, the TCP server</link_num>
	index is <server_index>. The peer IP</server_index>
	address is <client_ip>, the peer port is</client_ip>
	<port>.</port>

16.2.15 Unsolicited TCP/IP command <err> Codes

0	operation succeeded
1	Network failure
2	Network not opened
3	Wrong parameter
4	Operation not supported
5	Failed to create socket
6	Failed to bind socket
7	TCP server is already listening
8	Busy
9	Sockets opened
10	Timeout
11	DNS parse failed for AT+CIPOPEN
255	Unknown error

16.3 FTP

16.3.1 AT+CFTPPORT Set FTP server port

Description

This command is used to set FTP server port.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPORT=?	+CFTPPORT: (list of supported <port>s)</port>
	OK
Read Command	Responses



AT+CFTPPORT?	+CFTPPORT: <port></port>	
	OK	
Write Command	Responses	
AT+CFTPPORT= <port></port>	OK	
	+CME ERROR	

<port>
The FTP server port, from 1 to 65535, and default value is 21.

Examples

AT+CFTPPORT=21	
OK	
AT+CFTPPORT?	
+CFTPPORT:21	
OK	
<i>AT+CFTPPORT=?</i>	
+CFTPPORT: (1-65535)	
OK	

16.3.2 AT+CFTPMODE Set FTP mode

Description

This command is used to set FTP passive/proactive mode. Default is proactive mode.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPMODE=?	+CFTPMODE: (list of supported < mode>s)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPMODE?	+CFTPMODE: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPMODE= <mode></mode>	OK
	+CME ERROR



```
<mode>
The FTP access mode:
0 - passive mode.

1 - proactive mode.
```

Examples

```
AT+CFTPMODE=1

OK

AT+CFTPMODE?
+CFTPMODE: 1

OK

AT+CFTPMODE=?
+CFTPMODE: (0,1)

OK
```

16.3.3 AT+CFTPTYPE Set FTP type

Description

This command is used to set FTP type. Default is binary type.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPTYPE=?	+CFTPTYPE: (list of supported <type>s)</type>
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPTYPE?	+CFTPTYPE: <type></type>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPTYPE= <type></type>	OK
	+CME ERROR

Defined values



Examples

```
AT+CFTPTYPE=A

OK

AT+CFTPTYPE?
+CFTPTYPE: A

OK

AT+CFTPTYPE=?
+CFTPTYPE: (A,I)

OK
```

16.3.4 AT+CFTPSERV Set FTP server domain name or IP address

Description

This command is used to set FTP server domain name or IP address.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSERV=?	+CFTPSERV: "ADDRESS"
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSERV?	+CFTPSERV: " <address>"</address>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSERV=	OK
" <address>"</address>	+CME ERROR

Defined values

```
<address>
The FTP server domain name or IP address. The maximum length is 100.
```

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSERV="www.mydomain.com"

OK

AT+CFTPSERV?

+CFTPSERV: "www.mydomain.com"

OK

AT+CFTPSERV=?
```



```
+CFTPSERV: "ADDRESS"

OK

AT+CFTPSERV="10.0.0.127"

OK
```

16.3.5 AT+CFTPUN Set user name for FTP access

Description

This command is used to set user name for FTP server access.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPUN=?	+CFTPUN: "NAME"
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPUN?	+CFTPUN: " <name>"</name>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPUN=" <name>"</name>	OK
	+CME ERROR

Defined values

<name>
The user name for FTP server access. The maximum length is 30.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPUN="myname"

OK

AT+CFTPUN="anonymous"

OK

AT+CFTPUN?
+CFTPUN: "myname"

OK

AT+CFTPUN=?
+CFTPUN=?
```



16.3.6 AT+CFTPPW Set user password for FTP access

Description

This command is used to set user password for FTP server access.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPW=?	+CFTPPW: "PASSWORD"
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPW?	+CFTPPW: " <password>"</password>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPW=" <password></password>	OK
"	+CME ERROR

Defined values

<password>
The user password for FTP server access. The maximum length is 40.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPPW="mypass"

OK

AT+CFTPPW?
+CFTPPW: "mypass"

OK

AT+CFTPPW=?
+CFTPPW: "mypass"

OK
```

16.3.7 AT+CFTPGETFILE Get a file from FTP server to EFS

Description

This command is used to download a file from FTP server to module EFS.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPGETFILE=?	+CFTPGETFILE: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH", (list of supported
	<dir>s) [, (list of supported <rest_size>s)]</rest_size></dir>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPGETFILE=	OK
" <filepath>",<dir>[,<rest_siz< td=""><td>+CFTPGETFILE: 0</td></rest_siz<></dir></filepath>	+CFTPGETFILE: 0
e>]	+CME ERROR
	OK
	+CFTPGETFILE: <err></err>

Defined values

<filepath>

The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfers file from the current remote FTP directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<dir>

The directory to save the downloaded file:

0 – current directory [refer to AT+FSCD]

<rest_size>

The value for FTP "REST" command which is used for broken transfer when transferring failed last time. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.

<err>

The error code of FTP operation.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPGETFILE="/pub/mydir/test1.txt",0

OK
...
+CFTPGETFILE: 0

AT+CFTPGETFILE=" test2.txt",0

OK
...
+CFTPGETFILE: 0

AT+CFTPGETFILE: 0

AT+CFTPGETFILE={non-ascii}" B2E2CAD42E747874",0

OK
...
+CFTPGETFILE: 0
```



16.3.8 AT+CFTPPUTFILE Upload a file from module EFS to FTP server

Description

This command is used to upload a file from the module EFS to FTP server.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPUTFILE=?	+CFTPPUTFILE: [{non-ascii}] "FILEPATH", (list of supported <dir>s)[, (list of supported <rest_size>s)]</rest_size></dir>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPUTFILE=" <filep< td=""><td>OK</td></filep<>	OK
ath>", <dir>[,<rest_size>]</rest_size></dir>	+CFTPPUTFILE: 0
	+CME ERROR
	OK
	+CFTPPUTFILE: <err></err>

Defined values

<filepath>

The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfers file to the current remote FTP directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<dir>

The directory that contains the file to be uploaded:

0 – current directory [refer to AT+FSCD]

<rest size>

The value for FTP "REST" command which is used for broken transfer when transferring failed last time. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.

<err>

The error code of FTP operation.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPPUTFILE="/pub/mydir/test1.txt",0, 10

OK
+CFTPPUTFILE: 0

AT+CFTPPUTFILE=" test2.txt",0

OK
```



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```
...
+CFTPPUTFILE: 0

AT+CFTPPUTFILE={non-ascii}" B2E2CAD42E747874",0

OK
...
+CFTPPUTFILE: 0
```

16.3.9 AT+CFTPGET Get a file from FTP server and output it to SIO

Description

This command is used to get a file from FTP server and output it to serial port. This command may have a lot of DATA transferred to DTE using serial port, The AT+CATR command is recommended to be used.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPGET=?	+CFTPGET: [{non-ascii}] "FILEPATH" [, (list of supported <rest_size>s)] OK</rest_size>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPGET=" <filepath></filepath>	OK
"[, <rest_size>]</rest_size>	+CFTPGET: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPGET: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPGET: 0
	If the file size is 0: OK
	+CFTPGET: 0
	OK
	[+CFTPGET: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPGET: DATA, <len></len>
]
	+CFTPGET: <err></err>



<filepath>

The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfer file from the current remote FTP directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<rest_size>

The value for FTP "REST" command which is used for broken transfer when transferring failed last time. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.

<len>

The length of FTP data contained in this packet.

<err>

The error code of FTP operation.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPGET: "/pub/mydir/test1.txt", 10

OK
+CFTPGET: DATA, 1020,
...
+CFTPGET: DATA, 1058,
...
...
+CFTPGET: 0

AT+CFTPGET: 0

AT+CFTPGET={non-ascii}"/2F74657374646972/B2E2CAD42E747874"

OK
+CFTPGET: DATA, 1020,
...
+CFTPGET: 0

AT+CFTPGET: 0

AT+CFTPGET: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH" [,(0-2147483647)]

OK
```

16.3.10 AT+CFTPPUT Upload the DATA from SIO to FTP server

Description

This command is used to upload the DATA from serial port to FTP server as a file . Each <Ctrl+Z> character present in the data flow of serial port when downloading FTP data will be coded as <ETX><Ctrl+Z>. Each <ETX> character will be coded as <ETX><ETX>. Single <Ctrl+Z> means end of the FTP data.

 $\langle ETX \rangle$ is 0x03, and $\langle Ctrl+Z \rangle$ is 0x1A.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPUT=?	+CFTPPUT: [{non-ascii}] "FILEPATH" [, (list of supported <rest_size>s)]</rest_size>
	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CFTPPUT=" <filepath>"</filepath>	+CFTPPUT: BEGIN
[, <rest_size>]</rest_size>	OK
	+CME ERROR
	[+CFTPPUT: BEGIN]
	+CFTPPUT: <err_code></err_code>
	ERROR

Defined values

<filepath>

The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfers file to the current remote FTP directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<rest_size>

The value for FTP "REST" command which is used for broken transfer when transferring failed last time. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.

<err code>

Refer to "Unsolicited FTP Codes".

Examples

```
AT+CFTPPUT: "/pub/mydir/test1.txt", 20
+CFTPPUT: BEGIN
.....<Ctrl+Z>
OK
AT+CFTPPUT={non-ascii}"/2F74657374646972/B2E2CAD42E747874"
+CFTPPUT: BEGIN
.....<Ctrl+Z>
OK
AT+CFTPPUT=?
+CFTPPUT: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH" [,(0-2147483647)]
OK
```

16.3.11 AT+CFTPLIST List the items in the directory on FTP server

Description



This command is used to list the items in the specified directory on FTP server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPLIST=?	+CFTPLIST: [{non-ascii}] "FILEPATH"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPLIST=" <dir>"</dir>	OK
	[+CFTPLIST: DATA, <len></len>
]
	+CFTPLIST: <err></err>
	+CME ERROR

Defined values

```
<dir>
The directory to be listed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir>
    parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.
<len>
The length of data reported
<err>
The result code of the listing
```

Examples

```
OK
+CFTPLIST: DATA,193

drw-rw-rw- 1 uxr group 0 Sep 1 18:01 .

drw-rw-rw- 1 uxr group 0 Sep 1 18:01 .

-rw-rw-rw- 1 uxr group 2017 Sep 1 \(\pi\):24 198\(\pha\)106_000128.jpg

+CFTPLIST: 0
```

16.3.12 AT+CFTPMKD Create a new directory on FTP server

Description

This command is used to create a new directory on the FTP server. The maximum length of the full path name is 256.



SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPMKD=?	+CFTPMKD: [{non-ascii}]"DIR"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPMKD=" <dir>"</dir>	OK
	+CFTPMKD: <err></err>
	ERROR

Defined values

<dir>

The directory to be created. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<err>

The result code of the command

Examples

16.3.13 AT+CFTPRMD Delete a directory on FTP server

Description

This command is used to delete a directory on FTP server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPRMD=?	+CFTPRMD: [{non-ascii}]"DIR"
	OK
Write Command	Responses

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```
AT+CFTPRMD="<dir>" OK +CFTPRMD:<err>
ERROR
```

<dir>

The directory to be removed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<err>

The result code of the command

Examples

```
AT+CFTPRMD="/testdir"

OK

AT+CFTPRMD={non-ascii}"74657374646972"

OK
```

16.3.14 AT+CFTPDELE Delete a file on FTP server

Description

This command is used to delete a file on FTP server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPDELE=?	+CFTPDELE: [{non-ascii}]"FILENAME"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPDELE=" <filenam< td=""><td>OK</td></filenam<>	OK
e>"	+CFTPDELE: <err></err>
	ERROR

Defined values

<filename>

The name of the file to be deleted. If the file name contains non-ASCII characters, the <filename>



parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.
<err>
The result code of the command

Examples

```
AT+CFTPDELE="test"

OK

AT+CFTPDELE={non-ascii}"74657374"

OK
```

16.3.15 Unsolicited FTP Codes (Summary of CME ERROR Codes)

Code of <err></err>	Description
201	Unknown error for FTP
202	FTP task is busy
203	Failed to resolve server address
204	FTP timeout
205	Failed to read file
206	Failed to write file
207	Not allowed in current state
208	Failed to login
209	Failed to logout
210	Failed to transfer data
211	FTP command rejected by server
212	Memory error
213	Invalid parameter
214	Network error
215	Failed to connect socket
216	Failed to send data using socket
217	Failed to receive data using socket
218	Failed to verify user name and password
219	Socket connect timeout

16.4 FTPS

These AT Command of FTPS related need the AT+CATR command to be set with the used port. AT+CATR=0 may cause some problem.



16.4.1 AT+CFTPSSTART Acquire FTPS protocol stack

Description

This command is used to acquire FTPS protocol stack.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSSTART	OK +CFTPSSTART: <err> +CFTPSSTART: <err> OK ERROR</err></err>

Defined values

<err>

The result code of the acquiring FTP/FTPS stack. 0 is success. Other values are failure.

Examples

16.4.2 AT+CFTPSSTOP Stop FTPS protocol stack

Description

This command is used to stop FTPS protocol stack. Currently only explicit FTPS mode is supported.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSSTOP	OK +CFTPSSTOP: <err> +CFTPSSTOP: <err></err></err>

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OK
ERROR

<err>

The result code of the stopping FTP/FTPS stack. 0 is success. Other values are failure.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSSTOP

OK
+CFTPSSTOP: 0
```

16.4.3 AT+CFTPSLOGIN Login the FTPS server

Description

This command is used to login the FTPS server. Each time, AT+CFTPSSTART command must be executed before executing AT+CFTPSLOGIN command.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSLOGIN=" <host></host>	OK
", <port>,"<username>", "<p< th=""><td>+CFTPSLOGIN: <err></err></td></p<></username></port>	+CFTPSLOGIN: <err></err>
assword>"[<server_type>]</server_type>	+CFTPSLOGIN: <err></err>
	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<host>
The host address, maximum length is 256

<port>
The host listening port for SSL, the range is from 1 to 65535

<username>
The user name, maximum length is 256

<password>
The user password, maximum length is 256

<server_type>
The type of server:
```



- 0 FTP server.
- 1 Explicit FTPS server with AUTH SSL.
- 2 Explicit FTPS server with AUTH TLS.
- <u>3</u> Implicit FTPS server.

<err>

The result code of the FTP/FTPS login. 0 is success. Other values are failure.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSLOGIN="www.myftpsserver.com",990, "myname", "mypassword",3

OK
+CFTPSLOGIN: 0
```

16.4.4 AT+CFTPSLOGOUT Logout the FTPS server

Description

This command is used to logout the FTPS server.

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSLOGOUT	OK +CFTPSLOGOUT: <err> +CFTPSLOGOUT: <err> OK ERROR</err></err>

Defined values

<err>

The result code of FTP/FTPS logout. 0 is success. Other values are failure.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSLOGOUT

OK
+CFTPSLOGOUT: 0
```

16.4.5 AT+CFTPSMKD Create a new directory on FTPS server

Description

This command is used to create a new directory on the FTPS server. The maximum length of the full path name is 256.

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SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSMKD=?	+CFTPSMKD: "DIR"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSMKD=" <dir>"</dir>	OK
	+CFTPSMKD: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<dir>
The directory to be created

Examples

16.4.6 AT+CFTPSRMD Delete a directory on FTPS server

Description

This command is used to delete a directory on FTPS server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSRMD=?	+CFTPSRMD: "DIR"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSRMD=" <dir>"</dir>	OK
	+CFTPSRMD: <err></err>
	ERROR

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ERROR

Defined values

<dir>

The directory to be removed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSRMD="testdir"

OK

AT+CFTPSRMD={non-ascii}"74657374646972"

OK
```

16.4.7 AT+CFTPSDELE Delete a file on FTPS server

Description

This command is used to delete a file on FTPS server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSDELE=?	+CFTPSDELE: "FILENAME"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSDELE=" <filena< td=""><td>OK</td></filena<>	OK
me>"	+CFTPSDELE: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<filename>

The name of the file to be deleted. If the file name contains non-ASCII characters, the <filename> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

Examples

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AT+CFTPDELE={non-ascii}"74657374"
OK

16.4.8 AT+CFTPSCWD Change the current directory on FTPS server

Description

This command is used to change the current directory on FTPS server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSCWD=?	+CFTPSCWD: "DIR"
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSCWD=" <dir>"</dir>	OK
	+CFTPSCWD: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<dir>

The directory to be changed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSCWD="testdir"

OK

AT+CFTPSCWD={non-ascii}"74657374646972"

OK
```

16.4.9 AT+CFTPSPWD Get the current directory on FTPS server

Description

This command is used to get the current directory on FTPS server.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

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Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSPWD	+CFTPSPWD: " <dir>"</dir>
	OK
	+CFTPSPWD: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<dir></dir>	
The current directory on FTPS server.	

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSPWD
+CFTPSPWD: "/testdir"
OK
```

16.4.10 AT+CFTPSTYPE Set the transfer type on FTPS server

Description

This command is used to set the transfer type on FTPS server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSTYPE=?	+CFTPSTYPE: (A,I)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSTYPE?	+CFTPSTYPE: <type></type>
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSTYPE= <type></type>	OK
	+CFTPSTYPE: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values



```
<type>
The type of transferring:

A - ASCII.

I - Binary.
```

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSTYPE=A
OK
```

16.4.11 AT+CFTPSLIST List the items in the directory on FTPS server

Description

This command is used to list the items in the specified directory on FTPS server

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSLIST=" <dir>"</dir>	OK
	+CFTPSLIST: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPSLIST: <err></err>
	ERROR
Execute Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSLIST	OK
	+CFTPSLIST: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPSLIST: <err></err>
	OK
	+CFTPSLIST: <err></err>
	+CFTPSLIST: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<dir>
The directory to be listed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.
<len>
```



```
The length of data reported
<err>
The result code of the listing
```

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSLIST="/testd"
OK
+CFTPSLIST: DATA,193
                                     0 Sep 1 18:01.
drw-rw-rw- 1 uær
                     group
                                     0 Sep 1 18:01 ..
drw-rw-rw- 1 uær
                     group
-rw-rw-rw- 1 uær
                                  2017 Sep 1 П:24 198@106_000128.jpg
                     group
+CFTPSLIST: 0
AT+CFTPSLIST
OK
+CFTPSLIST: DATA,193
drw-rw-rw-
          1 user
                                     0 Sep 1 18:01.
                     group
                                     0 Sep 1 18:01 ..
drw-rw-rw-
          1 uær
                      group
-rw-rw-rw- 1 uær
                     group
                                  2017 Sep 1 П:24 198@106_000128.jpg
+CFTPSLIST: 0
```

16.4.12 AT+CFTPSGETFILE Get a file from FTPS server to EFS

Description

This command is used to download a file from FTPS server to module EFS.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSGETFILE=?	+CFTPSGETFILE: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH", (0)[, (0-2147483647)]
	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPGETFILE=	OK
" <filepath>",<dir>[,<rest_siz< td=""><td>+CFTPSGETFILE: 0</td></rest_siz<></dir></filepath>	+CFTPSGETFILE: 0
e>]	+CFTPSGETFILE: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR
	OK
	+CFTPSGETFILE: <err></err>



<filepath>

The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfers file from the current remote FTPS directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<dir>

The directory to save the downloaded file, refer to AT+FSCD.

<rest size>

The rest size of the file.

<err>

The error code of FTPS operation.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSGETFILE="/pub/mydir/test1.txt",1

OK

...

+CFTPSGETFILE: 0

AT+CFTPSGETFILE=" test2.txt",2

OK

...

+CFTPSGETFILE: 0

AT+CFTPSGETFILE={non-ascii}" B2E2CAD42E747874",2

OK

...

+CFTPSGETFILE: 0

AT+CFTPSGETFILE: 0

AT+CFTPSGETFILE: 0
```

16.4.13 AT+CFTPSPUTFILE Upload a file in module EFS to FTPS server

Description

This command is used to upload a file in the module EFS to FTPS server.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE=?	+CFTPSPUTFILE: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH", (0)[, (0-2147483647)]
	OK



Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE=	OK
" <filepath>",<dir>[,<rest_siz< td=""><td>+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0</td></rest_siz<></dir></filepath>	+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0
e>]	+CFTPSPUTFILE: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR
	OK
	+CFTPSPUTFILE: <err></err>

<filepath>

The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfers file to the current remote FTPS directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<dir>

The directory that contains the file to be uploaded, refer to AT+FSCD.

<rest size>

The rest size of the file.

<err>

The error code of FTPS operation.

Examples

```
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE="/pub/mydir/test1.txt",1

OK

AT+CFTPSPUTFILE=" test2.txt",1

OK

...

+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0

AT+CFTPSPUTFILE={non-ascii}" B2E2CAD42E747874",1

OK

...

+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0

AT+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0

AT+CFTPSPUTFILE=?

OK
```

16.4.14 AT+CFTPSGET Get a file from FTPS server to serial port

Description



This command is used to get a file from FTPS server and output it to serial port. This command may have a lot of DATA transferred to DTE using serial port, The AT+CATR command is recommended to be used.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSGET=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSGET=	OK
" <filepath>" [,<rest_size>]</rest_size></filepath>	+CFTPSGET: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPSGET: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPSGET: 0
	+CFTPSGET: <err></err>
	ERROR
	ERROR
	+CFTPSGET: DATA, <len></len>
	l
	+CFTPSGET: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPSGET: <err></err>

Defined values

<filepath>

The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfer file from the current remote FTPS directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<rest_size>

The rest size of the file.

<len>

The length of FTPS data contained in this packet.

<err>

The error code of FTPS operation.

Examples



```
AT+CFTPSGET= "/pub/mydir/test1.txt"

OK

+CFTPSGET: DATA, 1020,
...

+CFTPSGET: DATA, 1058,
...

+CFTPSGET: 0

AT+CFTPSGET= {non-ascii}"/2F74657374646972/B2E2CAD42E747874"}

OK

+CFTPSGET: DATA, 1020,
...

+CFTPSGET: 0

AT+CFTPSGET: 0

AT+CFTPSGET=?

OK
```

16.4.15 AT+CFTPSPUT Put a file to FTPS server

Description

This command is used to put a file to FTPS server through serial port. The AT+CFTPSPUT= ["<filepath>",]<len>[,<rest_size>] is used to download the data to be sent. The AT+CFTPSPUT is used to wait the result of sending. Only parameter "<filepath>" is provided, <rest_size> is optional, in other case <rest_size> is not used.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSPUT=?	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSPUT?	+CFTPSPUT: <unsent_len> OK</unsent_len>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSPUT=[" <filepath< td=""><td>></td></filepath<>	>
>",] <len>[,<rest_size>]</rest_size></len>	OK +CFTPSPUT: <result> ERROR ERROR</result>
Execute Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSPUT	OK



+CFTPSPUT: <result></result>
ERROR

<filepath>
The path of the file on FTPS server.

<unsent_len>
The length of the data in the sending buffer which is waiting to be sent.

<len>
The length of the data to send, the maximum length is 1024.

<rest_size>
The rest size of the file.

<result>
The final result of the sending.

Examples

AT+CFTPSPUT="t1.txt",10

>testcontent

OK

AT+CFTPSPUT

OK

+CFTPSSPUT: 0

AT+CFTPSPUT?

+CFTPSPUT: 88

OK

16.4.16AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP Set FTPS data socket address type

Description

This command is used to set FTPS server data socket IP address type

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP=?	+CFTPSSINGLEIP: (0,1)
	OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP?	+ CFTPSSINGLEIP: <singleip></singleip>



	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP= <sin< td=""><td>OK</td></sin<>	OK
gleip>	ERROR

<singleip>

The FTPS data socket IP address type:

- <u>0</u> decided by PORT response from FTPS server
- 1 the same as the control socket.

Examples

AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP=1

OK

AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP?
+CFTPSSINGLEIP:1

OK

AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP=?
+CFTPSSINGLEIP: (0,1)

OK

16.4.17 Unsolicited FTPS Codes

Code		Description
+CFTPSNOTIFY: CLOSED	PEER	The FTPS session is closed by the server.

16.4.18 Unsolicited FTPS command <err> Codes

0	FTPS operation succeeded
1	SSL verify alert
2	Unknown FTPS error
3	FTPS busy
4	FTPS server closed connection
5	Timeout
6	FTPS transfer failed
7	FTPS memory error
8	Invalid parameter
9	Operation rejected by FTPS server



10 Network error	
------------------	--

16.5 HTTPS

16.5.1 AT+CHTTPSSTART Acquire HTTPS protocol stack

Description

This command is used to acquire HTTPS protocol stack.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSSTART	OK ERROR

Examples

AT+CHTTPSSTART OK

16.5.2 AT+CHTTPSSTOP Stop HTTPS protocol stack

Description

This command is used to stop HTTPS protocol stack.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSSTOP	OK ERROR

Examples

AT+CHTTPSSTOP OK



16.5.3 AT+CHTTPSOPSE Open HTTPS session

Description

This command is used to open a new HTTPS session. Every time, AT+CHTTPSSTART command must be executed before executing AT+CHTTPSOPSE command.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Write Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSOPSE=" <host< td=""><td>OK</td></host<>	OK
>", <port>[,<server_type>]</server_type></port>	ERROR

Defined values

Examples

```
AT+CHTTPSOPSE="www.mywebsite.com",443
OK
```

16.5.4 AT+CHTTPSCLSE Close HTTPS session

Description

This command is used to close the opened HTTPS session.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSCLSE	OK

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EDDOD
ERROR

Examples

```
AT+CHTTPSCLSE
OK
```

16.5.5 AT+CHTTPSSEND Send HTTPS request

Description

This command is used to send HTTPS request. The AT+CHTTPSSEND=<len> is used to download the data to be sent. The AT+CHTTPSSEND is used to wait the result of sending.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSSEND=?	+CHTTPSSEND: (1-4096)
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSSEND?	+CHTTPSSEND: <unsent_len></unsent_len>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSSEND= <len></len>	>
	OK
	ERROR
Execute Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSSEND	OK
	+CHTTPSSEND: <result></result>
	ERROR

Defined values

<unsent_len></unsent_len>
The length of the data in the sending buffer which is waiting to be sent.
<len></len>
The length of the data to send
<result></result>
The final result of the sending.

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- 0 ok
- 1 unknown error
- 2 busy
- 3 server closed
- 4 timeout
- 5 transfer failed
- 6 memory error
- 7 invalid parameter
- 8 network error

Examples

```
AT+CHTTPSSEND=88

>GET / HTTP/1.1

Host: www.mywebsite.com

User-Agent: MY WEB AGENT

Content-Length: 0

OK

AT+CHTTPSSEND

OK

+CHTTPSSEND: 0

AT+CHTTPSSEND?

+CHTTPSSEND: 88

OK
```

16.5.6 AT+CHTTPSRECV Receive HTTPS response

Description

This command is used to receive HTTPS response after sending HTTPS request.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Read Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSRECV?	+CHTTPSRECV: LEN, <cache_len></cache_len>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CHTTPSRECV= <max_< td=""><td>ОК</td></max_<>	ОК
recv_len>	+CHTTPSRECV: DATA, <len></len>



```
...
+CHTTPSRECV: DATA,<len>
...
+CHTTPSRECV:<result>
+CHTTPSRECV:<result>
ERROR
ERROR
```

<len>

The length of the data received.

<max_recv_len>

Maximum bytes of data to receive in the current AT+CHTTPSRECV calling. Minimum is 1.

<cache_len>

The cache length.

<result>

The final result of the receiving.

- 0 ol
- 1 unknown error
- 2 busy
- 3 server closed
- 4 timeout
- 5 transfer failed
- 6 memory error
- 7 invalid parameter
- 8 network error

Examples

AT+CHTTPSRECV=249

OK

+CHTTPSRECV: DATA,249

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Language: zh-CN

Content-Length: 57

Date: Tue, 31 Mar 2009 01:56:05 GMT

Connection: Close Proxy-Connection: Close

<html>

<header>test</header>

< body >



```
Test body </body> +CHTTPSRECV: 0
```

16.5.7 Unsolicited HTTPS Codes

Code	Description
+CHTTPS: RECV EVENT	When the AT+CHTTPSRECV is not called, and there is data cached in the receiving buffer, this event will be reported.
+CHTTPSNOTIFY: PEER CLOSED	The HTTPS session is closed by the server.

16.5.8 Unsolicited HTTPS command <err> Codes

0	Operation succeeded
1	Unknown error
2	Busy
3	Server closed
4	Operation timeout
5	Transfer failed
6	Memory error
7	Invalid parameter
8	Network error

16.6 HTP

These AT Commands of HTP related are used to synchronize system time with HTTP server.

16.6.1 AT+CHTPSERV Set HTP server info

Description

This command is used to add or delete HTP server information. There are maximum 16 HTP servers.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses	

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AT+CHTPSERV=?	+CHTPSERV:"ADD","HOST",(1-65535), (0-1)[,"PROXY",(1-65535)] +CHTPSERV: "DEL",(0-15) OK
Read Command	Responses
AT+CHTPSERV?	+CHTPSERV: <index>"<host>",<port>,<http_version></http_version></port></host></index>
	[," <proxy>",<proxy_port>]</proxy_port></proxy>
	+CHTPSERV: <index>"<host>",<port>[,"<proxy>",< proxy_port>]</proxy></port></host></index>
	OK
	OK (if HTP server not setted)
Write Command	Responses
AT+CHTPSERV=	OK
" <cmd>","<host_or_idx>"[,<</host_or_idx></cmd>	ERROR
port>, <http_version></http_version>	
[," <proxy>",<proxy_port>]]</proxy_port></proxy>	

<cmd>

This command to operate the HTP server list.

"ADD": add a HTP server item to the list

"DEL": delete a HTP server item from the list

<host_or_idx>

If the <cmd> is "ADD", this field is the same as <host>, needs quotation marks; If the <cmd> is "DEL", this field is the index of the HTP server item to be deleted from the list, does not need quotation marks.

<host>

The HTP server address.

<port>

The HTP server port.

The HTTP version of the HTP server:

0-HTTP 1.0

1-HTTP 1.1

cproxy>

The proxy address

cproxy_port>

The port of the proxy

<index>

The HTP server index.



Examples

```
AT+CHTPSERV="ADD", "www.google.com",80,1
OK
```

16.6.2 AT+CHTPUPDATE Updating date time using HTP protocol

Description

This command is used to updating date time using HTP protocol.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CHTPUPDATE=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CHTPUPDATE?	+CHTPUPDATE: <status></status>
	OK
Execute Command	Responses
AT+CHTPUPDATE	OK
	+CHTPUPDATE: <err></err>
	ERROR

Defined values

<status>
The status of HTP module:
 Updating: HTP module is synchronizing date time
 NULL: HTP module is idle now

<err>
The result of the HTP updating

Examples

AT+CHTPUPDATE	
OK	
+CHTPUPDATE: 0	

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16.6.3 Unsolicited HTP Codes

Code of <err></err>	Description
0	Operation succeeded
1	Unknown error
2	Wrong parameter
3	Wrong date and time calculated
4	Network error

16.7 **SMTP**

16.7.1 AT+SMTPSRV Set SMTP server address and port number

Description

This synchronous command is used to set SMTP server's address and server's port number. SMTP client will initiate TCP session with the specified server to send an e-mail. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current SMTP server address and port number.

Execution command will clear SMTP server address and set the port number as default value.

NOTE: After an e-mail is sent successfully or unsuccessfully, SMTP server address and port number won't be cleared.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSRV=?	+SMTPSRV: (list of supported <port>s)</port>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSRV?	+SMTPSRV: <server>, <port></port></server>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSRV= <server></server>	OK
[, <port>]</port>	ERROR



Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSRV	OK
	ERROR

<server>

SMTP server address, non empty string with double quotes, mandatory and ASCII text string up to 128 characters.

<port>

Port number of SMTP server in decimal format, from 1 to 65535, and default port is 25 for SMTP.

Examples

```
AT+SMTPSRV="smtp.server.com",25

OK

AT+SMTPSRV?
+SMTPSRV: "smtp.server.com", 25

OK

AT+SMTPSRV

OK

AT+SMTPSRV?
+SMTPSRV?
+SMTPSRV: "", 25

OK
```

16.7.2 AT+SMTPAUTH SMTP server authentication

Description

This synchronous command is used to control SMTP authentication during connection with SMTP server. If SMTP server requires authentication while logging in the server, TE must set the authentication control flag and provide user name and password correctly before sending an e-mail. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current SMTP server authentication control flag, if the flag is 0, both <user> and <pwd> are empty strings.

Execution Command cancels SMTP server authentication and clear user name and password.

NOTE: After an e-mail is sent successfully or unsuccessfully, server authentication won't be cleared.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPAUTH=?	+SMTPAUTH: (list of supported <flag>s)</flag>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPAUTH?	+SMTPAUTH: <flag>, <user>, <pwd></pwd></user></flag>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+SMTPAUTH=	OK
<flag>[, <user>, <pwd>]</pwd></user></flag>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPAUTH	OK
	ERROR

<flag>

SMTP server authentication control flag, integer type.

<u>0</u> – SMTP server doesn't require authentication, factory value.

1 – SMTP server requires authentication.

<user>

User name to be used for SMTP authentication, non empty string with double quotes and up to 128 characters.

<pwd>

Password to be used for SMTP authentication, string with double quotes and up to 128characters.

NOTE: If <flag> is 0, <user> and <pwd> must be omitted (i.e. only <flag> is present).

```
AT+SMTPAUTH: 0, "", ""

OK

AT+SMTPAUTH=1, "username", "password"

OK

AT+SMTPAUTH?

+SMTPAUTH: 1, "username", "password"

OK

AT+SMTPAUTH: 0, "", ""
```



OK

16.7.3 AT+SMTPFROM Sender address and name

Description

This synchronous command is used to set sender's address and name, which are used to construct e-mail header. The sender's address must be correct if the SMTP server requires, and if the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current sender's address and name.

Execution command will clear sender's address and name.

NOTE: After an e-mail is sent successfully or unsuccessfully, sender address and name won't be cleared.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFROM=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFROM?	+SMTPFROM: <saddr>, <sname></sname></saddr>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFROM=	OK
<saddr>[, <sname>]</sname></saddr>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFROM	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<saddr>

E-mail sender address (MAIL FROM), non empty string with double quotes, mandatory and ASCII text up to 128 characters. <saddr> will be present in the header of the e-mail sent by SMTP client in the field: "From:".

<sname>

E-mail sender name, string with double quotes, and alphanumeric ASCII text up to 64 characters. <sname> will be present in the header of the e-mail sent by SMTP client in the field: "From:".



```
AT+SMTPFROM="senderaddress@server.com", "sendername"

OK

AT+SMTPFROM?

+SMTPFROM: "senderaddress@server.com", "sendername"

OK

AT+SMTPFROM

OK

AT+SMTPFROM?

+SMTPFROM?

+SMTPFROM: "", ""

OK
```

16.7.4 AT+SMTPRCPT Recipient address and name (TO/CC/BCC)

Description

This synchronous command is used to set recipient address/name and kind (TO/CC/BCC). If only the parameter of "kind" is present, the command will clear all recipients of this kind, and if only parameters of "kind" and "index" are present, the command will clear the specified recipient. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current recipient address/name and kind list.

Execution command will clear all recipient information.

NOTE: After an e-mail is sent successfully, all recipients will be cleared, if unsuccessfully, they won't be cleared.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

supported



<index>[,<raddr>[,<rname>]</rname></raddr></index>	ERROR
]]	
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPRCPT	OK
	ERROR

```
Recipient kind, the kinds of TO and CC are used to construct e-mail header in the field: "To: " or "Cc: ".
0 - TO, normal recipient.
1 - CC, Carbon Copy recipient.
2 - BCC, Blind Carbon Copy recipient.
<index>
Index of the kind of recipient, decimal format, and from 0 to 4.
<raddr>
Recipient address, non empty string with double quotes, and up to 128 characters.
<rname>
Recipient name, string type with double quotes, and up to 64characters.
```

Examples

```
AT+SMTPRCPT=0, 0, "rcptaddress_to@server.com", "rcptname_to"

OK

AT+SMTPRCPT:
+SMTPRCPT: 0, 0, "rcptaddress_to@server.com", "rcptname_to"

OK

AT+SMTPRCPT=1, 0, "rcptaddress_cc@server.com", "rcptname_cc"

OK

AT+SMTPRCPT:
+SMTPRCPT:
+SMTPRCPT: 0, 0, "rcptaddress_to@server.com", "rcptname_to"
+SMTPRCPT: 1, 0, "rcptaddress_cc@server.com", "rcptname_cc"

OK
```

16.7.5 AT+SMTPSUB E-mail subject

Description



This synchronous command is used to set the subject of e-mail, which is used to construct e-mail header. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly. Read command returns current e-mail subject.

Execution command will clear the subject.

NOTE: After an e-mail is sent successfully, the subject will be cleared, if unsuccessfully, it won't be cleared.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSUB=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSUB?	+SMTPSUB: <subject></subject>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSUB= <subject></subject>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSUB	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<subject>

E-mail subject, string with double quotes, and ASCII text up to 512 characters. <subject> will be present in the header of the e-mail sent by SMTP client in the field: "Subject: ". For write command, if the subject contains non-ASCII characters, this parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

```
AT+SMTPSUB? \\ +SMTPSUB: "" \\ OK \\ AT+SMTPSUB="THIS IS A TEST MAIL" \\ OK \\ AT+SMTPSUB=\{non-ascii\}"E6B58BE8AF95E982AEE4BBB6" \\ OK
```



AT+SMTPSUB? +SMTPSUB: "THIS IS A TEST MAIL" OK

16.7.6 AT+SMTPBODY E-mail body

Description

This command is used to set e-mail body, which will be sent to SMTP server with text format.

Read command returns current e-mail body. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Execute command will switch the serial port from command mode to data mode, so TE can enter more ASCII text as e-mail body (up to 5120), and CTRL-Z (ESC) is used to finish (cancel) the input operation and switch the serial port back to command mode.

NOTE: After an e-mail is sent successfully, the body will be cleared, if unsuccessfully, it won't be cleared. When execute command AT+SMTPBODY, and display ">>", the prevenient body will be cleared.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPBODY=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPBODY?	+SMTPBODY: <body></body>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+SMTPBODY= <body></body>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPBODY	>>
	ERROR

Defined values

<body>

E-mail body, string with double quotes, and printable ASCII text up to 512 or 5120 characters.

NOTE: In data mode, "BACKSPACE" can be used to cancel an ASCII character.



Examples

```
AT+SMTPBODY="THIS IS A TEST MAIL FROM SIMCOM MODULE"
OK
AT+SMTPBODY?
+SMTPBODY: "THIS IS A TEST MAIL FROM SIMCOM MODULE"
OK
AT+SMTPBODY
>> This is a test mail.<CTRL-Z>
OK
AT+SMTPBODY?
+SMTPBODY: "This is a test mail."
OK
AT+SMTPBODY
>> This is a test mail.<ESC>
OK
AT+SMTPBODY?
+SMTPBODY: ""
OK
```

16.7.7 AT+SMTPBCH E-mail body character set

Description

This synchronous command is used to set the body character set of e-mail. If the process sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current e-mail body character set.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPBCH=?	+SMTPBCH: "CHARSET"
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPBCH?	+SMTPBCH: <charset></charset>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses



AT+SMTPBCH= <charset></charset>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPBCH	OK
	ERROR

<charset>

E-mail body character, string with double quotes. By default, it is "utf-8". The maximum length is 30 bytes.

Examples

```
AT+SMTPBCH=?
+SMTPBCH: "CHARSET"

OK

AT+SMTPBCH="gb2312"

OK

AT+SMTPBCH?
+SMTPBCH: "gb2312"

OK
```

16.7.8 AT+SMTPFILE Select attachment

Description

The synchronous command is used to select file as e-mail attachment. If the process sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current all selected attachments with full path.

Execute command will clear all attachments.

NOTE: After an e-mail is sent successfully, attachment will be cleared, if unsuccessfully, it won't be cleared. The same file can't be selected twice.

AT+SMTPFILE=<index> is used to delete the relevant attachments.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFILE=?	+SMTPFILE: (list of supported <index>s)</index>
	OK
	ERROR

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Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFILE?	[+SMTPFILE: <index>, <filename>, <filesize></filesize></filename></index>
	[<cr><lf>]]</lf></cr>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFILE=	OK
<index>[, <filename>]</filename></index>	[+SMTP: OVERSIZE]
	ERROR
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPFILE	OK
	ERROR

<index>

Index for attachments, from 1 to 10. According to the sequence of <index>, SMTP client will encode and send all attachments.

<filename>

String type with double quotes, the name of a file which is under current directory (refer to file system commands). SMTP client doesn't allow two attachments with the same file name. For write command, if the file name contains non-ASCII characters, this parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<filesize>

File size in decimal format. The total size of all attachments can't exceed 10MB.

```
AT+SMTPFILE=1,"file1.txt"

OK

AT+SMTPFILE=1,{non-ascii}"E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067"

OK

AT+SMTPFILE?
+SMTPFILE: 1, "C:/file1.txt"

OK

AT+SMTPFILE=2,"file2.txt"

OK

AT+SMTPFILE: 1, "C:/file1.txt"

OK

OK

AT+SMTPFILE: 2, "file2.txt"

OK

OK

OK
```



16.7.9 AT+SMTPSEND Initiate session and send e-mail

Description

This asynchronous command is used to initiate TCP session with SMTP server and send an e-mail after all mandatory parameters have been set correctly. After SMTP client has connected with specified SMTP server and SMTP client receives an indication that indicates SMTP server is working well, the command will return "+SMTP: OK", but it doesn't indicate that the e-mail is already sent successfully.

After the e-mail is sent and the session is closed, an Unsolicited Result Code (URC) will be returned to TE, "+SMTP: SUCCESS" indicates the e-mail is sent successfully, and other URCs indicate a failed result and the session is closed.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSEND=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSEND?	+SMTPSEND: <ongoing></ongoing>
	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSEND	OK
	+SMTP: OK
	+SMTP: <code></code>
	+SMTP: OK
	+SMTP: <code></code>
	OK
	+SMTP: <code></code>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

<ongoing>

Whether or not an e-mail is sent in process. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, SMTP client can't send the e-mail again.



0 – Not ongoin	ıg.
1 – Ongoing.	
<code></code>	
SUCCESS	SMTP client has sent the e-mail successfully.
ONGOING	The process of sending an e-mail is ongoing.
PARAM ERROR	Mandatory parameter isn't set (SMTP server, or sender/recipient address)
NETWORK ERROR	Invalid SMTP server.
	Network is bad for establishing session or sending data to SMTP server.
SERVER ERROR	SMTP server released the session.
	SMTP server rejects the operation with wrong response.
	SMTP server doesn't give SMTP client a response in time.
AUTH REQUIRED	Authentication is required by SMTP server.
AUTH ERROR	SMTP server rejects the session because of bad user name and password
	combination.
USER CANCEL	User called AT+SMTPSTOP.

Examples

AT+SMTPSEND?	
+SMTPSEND: 0	
OK	
AT+SMTPSEND	
+SMTP: OK	
OK	
+SMTP: SUCCESS	

16.7.10 AT+SMTPSTOP Force to stop sending e-mail

Description

The synchronous command is used to force to stop sending e-mail and close the TCP session while sending an e-mail is ongoing. Otherwise, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSTOP=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+SMTPSTOP	OK



ERROR	

Examples

```
AT+SMTPSEND?
+SMTPSEND: 1
OK
AT+SMTPSTOP
OK
```

16.8 SMTPS

This chapter supports SMTP / SMTPS two kinds server. The old SMTP only supports SMTP server, and the old SMTP AT commands are for compatibility with previous customers. New customers are recommended to use the commands in this chapter.

16.8.1 AT+CSMTPSSRV Set SMTP server address and port number

Description

This command is used to set SMTP server address and server's port number. SMTP client will initiate TCP session with the specified server to send an e-mail. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current SMTP server address and port number.

Execution command will clear SMTP server address and set the port number as default value.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSRV=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSRV?	+CSMTPSSRV: <server>,<port>,<server_type></server_type></port></server>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSRV= <server></server>	OK
, <port>[, <server_type>]</server_type></port>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses



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AT+CSMTPSSRV	ОК
	ERROR

Defined values

<server>

SMTP server address, non empty string with double quotes, mandatory and ASCII text string up to 127 characters.

<port>

Port number of SMTP server in decimal format, from 1 to 65535, and default port is 465 for SMTPS

<server_type>

The type of server:

- 1 SMTP server.
- <u>2</u> SMTPS server with SSL3.0/TLS1.0 supported

Examples

```
AT+CSMTPSSRV="smtp.server.com",425

OK

AT+CSMTPSSRV?
+CSMTPSSRV: "smtp.server.com",425,2

OK

AT+CSMTPSSRV

OK

AT+CSMTPSSRV

OK

AT+CSMTPSSRV?
+CSMTPSSRV: "",465,2

OK
```

16.8.2 AT+CSMTPSAUTH SMTP server authentication

Description

This synchronous command is used to control SMTP authentication during connection with SMTP server. If SMTP server requires authentication while logging in the server, TE must set the authentication control flag and provide user name and password correctly before sending an e-mail. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current SMTP server authentication control flag, if the flag is 0, both <user> and are empty strings.

Execution Command clears user name and password.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSAUTH=?	+CSMTPSAUTH: (list of supported <flag>s)</flag>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSAUTH?	+CSMTPSAUTH: <flag>, <user>, <pwd></pwd></user></flag>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSAUTH=	OK
<flag>[, <user>, <pwd>]</pwd></user></flag>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSAUTH	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<flag>

SMTP server authentication control flag, integer type.

- <u>0</u> SMTP server doesn't require authentication, factory value.
- 1 SMTP server requires authentication.

<user>

User name to be used for SMTP authentication, non empty string with double quotes and up to 127 characters.

<pwd>

Password to be used for SMTP authentication, string with double quotes and up to 127 characters.

NOTE: If <flag> is 0, <user> and <pwd> must be omitted (i.e. only <flag> is present).

```
AT+CSMTPSAUTH: 0, "", ""

OK

AT+CSMTPSAUTH=1, "username", "password"

OK

AT+CSMTPSAUTH?

+CSMTPSAUTH: 1, "username", "password"

OK

AT+CSMTPSAUTH: 0

AT+CSMTPSAUTH

OK

AT+CSMTPSAUTH

OK
```



```
+CSMTPSAUTH: 0, "", ""
OK
```

16.8.3 AT+CSMTPSFROM Sender address and name

Description

This synchronous command is used to set sender's address and name, which are used to construct e-mail header. The sender's address must be correct if the SMTP server requires, and if the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current sender's address and name.

Execution command will clear sender's address and name.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFROM=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFROM?	+CSMTPSFROM: <saddr>, <sname></sname></saddr>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFROM=	OK
<saddr>[, <sname>]</sname></saddr>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFROM	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<saddr>

E-mail sender address (MAIL FROM), non empty string with double quotes, mandatory and ASCII text up to 127 characters. <saddr> will be present in the header of the e-mail sent by SMTP client in the field: "From:".

<sname>

E-mail sender name, string with double quotes, and alphanumeric ASCII text up to 63 characters. <sname> will be present in the header of the e-mail sent by SMTP client in the field: "From:".

Examples

AT+CSMTPSFROM="senderaddress@server.com", "sendername"



```
OK
AT+CSMTPSFROM?
+CSMTPSFROM: "senderaddress@server.com", "sendername"
OK
AT+CSMTPSFROM
OK
AT+CSMTPSFROM?
+CSMTPSFROM: "", ""
OK
```

16.8.4 AT+CSMTPSRCPT Recipient address and name (TO/CC/BCC)

Description

This synchronous command is used to set recipient address/name and kind (TO/CC/BCC). If only the parameter of "kind" is present, the command will clear all recipients of this kind, and if only parameters of "kind" and "index" are present, the command will clear the specified recipient. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current recipient address/name and kind list.

Execution command will clear all recipient information.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSRCPT=?	+CSMTPSRCPT: (list of supported <kind>s), (list of supported</kind>
	<index>s)</index>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSRCPT?	[+CSMTPSRCPT: <kind>, <index>, <raddr>, <rname></rname></raddr></index></kind>
	[<cr><lf>]]</lf></cr>
	OK
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSRCPT=	OK
<kind>[, <index></index></kind>	EDDOD
[, <raddr>[,<rname>]]]</rname></raddr>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses



AT+CSMTPSRCPT	OK
	ERROR

<kind>

Recipient kind, the kinds of TO and CC are used to construct e-mail header in the field: "To: " or "Cc: ".

- 0 TO, normal recipient.
- 1 CC, Carbon Copy recipient.
- 2 BCC, Blind Carbon Copy recipient.

<index>

Index of the kind of recipient, decimal format, and from 0 to 4.

<raddr>

Recipient address, non empty string with double quotes, and up to 127 characters.

/rname

Recipient name, string type with double quotes, and up to 63 characters.

Examples

```
AT+CSMTPSRCPT=0, 0, "rcptaddress_to@server.com", "rcptname_to"

OK

AT+CSMTPSRCPT?

+CSMTPSRCPT: 0, 0, "rcptaddress_to@server.com", "rcptname_to"

OK

AT+CSMTPSRCPT=1, 0, "rcptaddress_cc@server.com", "rcptname_cc"

OK

AT+CSMTSPRCPT?

+CSMTPSRCPT: 0, 0, "rcptaddress_to@server.com", "rcptname_to"

+CSMTPSRCPT: 1, 0, "rcptaddress_cc@server.com", "rcptname_to"

OK
```

16.8.5 AT+CSMTPSSUB E-mail subject

Description

This synchronous command is used to set the subject of e-mail, which is used to construct e-mail header. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly. Read command returns current e-mail subject.

Execution command will clear the subject.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSUB=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSUB?	+CSMTPSSUB: <subject_len>,<subject_character><cr><lf></lf></cr></subject_character></subject_len>
	[<subject>]</subject>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSUB= <subject< td=""><td>></td></subject<>	>
_len>[, <subject_character>]</subject_character>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSUB	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<subject>

E-mail subject, string with double quotes, and ASCII text up to 511 characters. <subject> will be present in the header of the e-mail sent by SMTPS client in the field: "Subject: ". For write command, it can input any binary data.

<subject_len>

The length of subject content

<subject_character>

The character set of subject. Default is utf-8. The maximum length is 19 bytes.

Examples

AT+CSMTPSSUB? +CSMTPSSUB: 0, "utf-8" OK AT+CSMTPSSUB=19, "utf-8" > THIS IS A TEST MAIL OK AT+CSMTPSSUB? +CSMTPSSUB: 19, "utf-8" THIS IS A TEST MAIL OK



16.8.6 AT+CSMTPSBODY E-mail body

Description

This command is used to set e-mail body, which will be sent to SMTP server with text format. Read command returns current e-mail body. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly. Execution command clears email body.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBODY=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBODY?	+CSMTPSBODY: <body_len><cr><lf></lf></cr></body_len>
	[<body>]</body>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBODY= <body< td=""><td>></td></body<>	>
_len>	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBODY	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<body></body>	
E-mail body, up to 5120 characters.	
<body_len></body_len>	
The length of email body.	

```
AT+CSMTPSBODY=38

> THIS IS A TEST MAIL FROM SIMCOM MODULE

OK

AT+CSMTPSBODY?
+CSMTPSBODY: 38
```



THIS IS A TEST MAIL FROM SIMCOM MODULE OK

16.8.7 AT+CSMTPSBCH E-mail body character set

Description

This synchronous command is used to set the body character set of e-mail. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current e-mail body character set.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBCH=?	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBCH?	+CSMTPSBCH: <charset></charset>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBCH= <charset< td=""><td>OK</td></charset<>	OK
>	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSBCH	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<charset>

E-mail body character, string with double quotes. By default, it is "utf-8". The maximum length is 19 bytes.

```
AT+CSMTPSBCH=?

OK

AT+CSMTPSBCH="gb2312"

OK
```



```
AT+CSMTPSBCH?
+CSMTPSBCH: "gb2312"
OK
```

16.8.8 AT+CSMTPSFILE Select attachment

Description

The synchronous command is used to select file as e-mail attachment. If the process of sending an e-mail is ongoing, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

Read command returns current all selected attachments with full path.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFILE=?	+CSMTPSFILE: (list of supported <index>s)</index>
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFILE?	[+CSMTPSFILE: <index>, <filename>, <filesize></filesize></filename></index>
	[<cr><lf>]]</lf></cr>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFILE=	OK
<index>[, <filename>]</filename></index>	[+CSMTPS: <err>]</err>
	ERROR
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSFILE	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

<index>

Index for attachments, from 1 to 10. According to the sequence of <index>, SMTP client will encode and send all attachments.

<filename>

String type with double quotes, the name of a file which is under current directory (refer to file



system commands). SMTP client doesn't allow two attachments with the same file name. For write command, if the file name contains non-ASCII characters, this parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.

<filesize>

File size in decimal format. The total size of all attachments can't exceed 10MB.

<err>

The error information.

Examples

```
AT+CSMTPSFILE=1, "file1.txt"

OK

AT+CSMTPSFILE=1, {non-ascii}" E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067"

OK

AT+CSMTPSFILE?

+CSMTPSFILE: 1, "C:/file1.txt"

OK

AT+CSMTPSFILE=2, "file2.txt"

OK

AT+CSMTPSFILE: 1, "C:/file1.txt"

+CSMTPSFILE: 1, "C:/file1.txt"

+CSMTPSFILE: 2, "C:/file2.txt"

OK
```

16.8.9 AT+CSMTPSSEND Initiate session and send e-mail

Description

This asynchronous command is used to initiate TCP/SSL session with SMTP server and send an e-mail after all mandatory parameters have been set correctly.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSEND=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSEND	OK
	+CSMTPSSEND: <err></err>
	ERROR
	+CSMTPSSEND: <err></err>



ERROR	
-------	--

<err>

The error information. 0 indicates success. Other values indicate failure.

Examples

AT+CSMTPSSEND
OK
+CSMTPSSEND: 0

16.8.10 AT+CSMTPSSTOP Force to stop sending e-mail

Description

The synchronous command is used to force to stop sending e-mail and close the TCP/SSL session while sending an e-mail is ongoing. Otherwise, the command will return "ERROR" directly.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSTOP=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSSTOP	OK
	ERROR

Examples

AT+CSMTPSSTOP OK

16.8.11 AT+CSMTPSCLEAN Clean mail content and setting

Description

The synchronous command is used to clean mail content and setting.

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SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSCLEAN=?	OK
	ERROR
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSMTPSCLEAN	OK
	ERROR

Examples

AT+CSMTPSCLEAN	
OK	

16.8.12 Unsolicited SMTPS command <err> Codes

0	SMTPS operation succeeded
1	Busy
2	Over size
3	Duplicate file
4	Time out
5	Transfer failed
6	Memory error
7	Invalid parameter
8	Network error
9	EFS operation error
10	SMTP server error
11	Authentication failure
12	User cancel
255	Unknown error



16.9 Common Channel Service

The common channel related AT commands needs the AT+CATR to be set to the used port. AT+CATR=0 may cause some problem.

16.9.1 AT+CCHSTART Acquire common channel service

Description

This command is used to acquire common channel service.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CCHSTART	OK +CCHSTART: <err> +CCHSTART: <err> OK ERROR</err></err>

Defined values

<err>

The result code of the acquiring common channel service. 0 is success. Other values are failure.

Examples

16.9.2 AT+CCHSTOP Stop common channel service

Description

This command is used to stop common channel service.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor



Execute Command	Responses
AT+CCHSTOP	OK +CCHSTOP: <err> +CCHSTOP: <err> OK ERROR</err></err>

<err>

The result code of the stoping common channel service. 0 is success. Other values are failure.

Examples

```
AT+CCHSTOP

OK
+CCHSTOP: 0
```

16.9.3 AT+CCHOPEN Open a channel

Description

This command is used to connect peer using common channel service.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCHOPEN=?	+CCHOPEN: (0,1), " ADDRESS", list of <port>s [,list of <channel_type>s [,list of <bind_port>s]] OK ERROR</bind_port></channel_type></port>
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCHOPEN= <session_i< td=""><td>OK</td></session_i<>	OK
d>, " <host>",<port>[<chann< td=""><td>+CCHOPEN: <session_id>,<err></err></session_id></td></chann<></port></host>	+CCHOPEN: <session_id>,<err></err></session_id>
el_type>,[<bind_port>]]</bind_port>	+CCHOPEN: <session_id>,<err></err></session_id>
	OK
	Open channel successfully in transparent mode:
	CONNECT [<text>]</text>
	Open channel failed in transparent mode:
	CONNECT FAIL



ERROR

Defined values

<session id>

The session index to operate. It's from 0 to 1. In transparent mode, only 0 is valid.

<host>

The host address, maximum length is 256

<port>

The peer port for channel, the range is from 1 to 65535

<channel_type>

The type of channel:

0 – UDP.

1 - TCP client.

2 - SSLv3.0/TLSv1.0 client.

d_port>

The local port for channel, the range is from 1 to 65535

<text>

CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.

<err>

The result code of the opening common channel. 0 is success. Other values are failure.

Examples

AT+CCHOPEN=0, "www.myserver.com",443,2

OK
+CCHOPEN: 0 0

AT+CCHOPEN=0, "www.myserver.com",443,1

OK

+*CCHOPEN*: 0,0

16.9.4 AT+CCHCLOSE Close a channel

Description

This command is used to disconnect from peer.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Write Command	Responses
AT+CCHCLOSE= <session_< td=""><td>OK</td></session_<>	OK



```
id> +CCHCLOSE: <session_id>,<err> +CCHCLOSE: <session_id>,<err> OK ERROR
```

```
<session_id>
The session index to operate. It's from 0 to 1.
<err>
The result code of the closing common channel. 0 is success. Other values are failure.
```

Examples

```
AT+CCHCLOSE=0
OK
+CCHCLOSE: 0,0
```

16.9.5 AT+CCHSEND Send data to peer

Description

This command is used to send data to peer. If the first parameter of AT+CCHSET is set to 1, the +CCHSEND: <session_id>, <err> will be reported after AT+CCHSEND is finished.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCHSEND=?	+CCHSEND: (0,1),(1-2048)
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CCHSEND?	+CCHSEND: 0, <unsent_len_0>,1,<unsent_len_1></unsent_len_1></unsent_len_0>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCHSEND	>
= <session_id>,<len></len></session_id>	OK
	ERROR

Defined values

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<session_id>
The session index to operate. It's from 0 to 1.
<len>
The length of data to send. Its range is from 1 to 2048.
<unsent_len_0>
The data of channel session 0 cached in DS layer which is waiting to be sent.
<unsent_len_1>
The data of channel session 1 cached in DS layer which is waiting to be sent.

Examples

AT+CCHSEND=0, 125

>GET/HTTP/1.1

Host: www.google.com.hk

User-Agent: MAUI htp User Agent

Proxy-Connection: keep-alive

Content-Length: 0

OK

16.9.6 AT+CCHRECV Receive data from the channel

Description

This command is used to receive data from the channel.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Read Command	Responses
AT+CCHRECV?	+CCHRECV: LEN, <cache_len_0>,1,<cache_len_1></cache_len_1></cache_len_0>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCHRECV= <session_i< td=""><td>ОК</td></session_i<>	ОК
d>[, <max_recv_len>]</max_recv_len>	[+CCHRECV: DATA, <session_id>,<len></len></session_id>
	+CCHRECV: DATA, <session_id>,<len></len></session_id>
]
	+CCHRECV: <session_id>, <result></result></session_id>
	ERROR



<session_id>

The session index to operate. It's from 0 to 1.

<max_recv_len>

Maximum bytes of data to receive in the current AT+CCHRECV calling. 0 means maximum 2048 bytes.

<cache_len_0>

The length of RX data cached for session 0.

<cache_len_1>

The length of RX data cached for session 1.

<result>

The final result of the receiving.

- 0 ok
- 1 unknown error
- 2 busy
- 3 server closed
- 4 timeout
- 5 transfer failed
- 6 memory error
- 7 invalid parameter
- 8 network error

<len>

The length of data followed.

Examples

AT+CCHRECV=1

OK

+*CCHRECV: DATA*, *1*, 249

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Type: text/html
Content-Language: zh-CN

Content-Length: 57

Date: Tue, 31 Mar 2009 01:56:05 GMT

Connection: Close

Proxy-Connection: Close

<*html>*

<header>test</header>

<body>
Test body

</body>



+CCHRECV:1, 0

16.9.7 AT+CCHSET Set the parameter of common channel service

Description

This command is set the parameter of common channel service. It must be called before AT+CCHSTART.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCHSET=?	+CCHSET: (0,1),(0,1)
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses
AT+CCHSET?	+CCHSET: <report_send_result>,<recv_mode></recv_mode></report_send_result>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCHSET	OK
AT+CCHSET	OK
= <report_send_result>[,<rec< td=""><td>ERROR</td></rec<></report_send_result>	ERROR
v_mode>]	

Defined values

<report_send_result>

Whether to report result of CCHSEND:

<u>0</u> – No.

1 - Yes.

<recv_mode>

The receiving mode:

<u>0</u> – Output the data to MCU whenever received data.

1 - Module caches the received data and notify MCU with +CCHEVENT: <session_id>,

RECV EVENT. MCU can use AT+CCHRECV to receive the cached data(manual receiving mode).



16.9.8 AT+CCHADDR Get the IPv4 address for common channel service

Description

This command is used to get the IPv4 address after calling AT+CCHSTART.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Execute Command	Responses
AT+CCHADDR	+CCHADDR: < ip_address> OK ERROR

Defined values

<ip_address>

A string parameter that identifies the IPv4 address of the common channel service when connecting to Packet network.

Examples

AT+CCHADDR +CCHADDR: 10.71.155.118 OK

16.9.9 AT+CCHMODE Set the mode of common channel service

Description

This command is set the mode of common channel service. This AT command must be called before calling AT+CCHSTART.

SIM PIN	References
YES	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCHMODE=?	+CCHMODE: (0,1)
	OK
	ERROR
Read Command	Responses

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AT+CCHMODE?	+CCHMODE: <mode></mode>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+ CCHMODE = <mode></mode>	OK
	ERROR

<mode>
The mode of common channel service:

<u>0</u> - Normal.

1 - Transparent mode.

Examples

AT+CCHMODE=1 OK

16.9.10Unsolicited common channel Codes

Code	Description
+CCHEVENT: <session_id>, RECV EVENT</session_id>	In manual receiving mode, when new data of a channel arriving to the module, this unsolicited result code will be reported to MCU.
+CCH_PEER_CLOSED: <session_id></session_id>	The channel is closed by the peer.

16.9.11 Unsolicited common channel command <err> Codes

0	Operation succeeded
1	Alerting state(reserved)
2	Unknown error
3	Busy
4	Peer closed
5	Operation timeout
6	Transfer failed
7	Memory error
8	Invalid parameter
9	Network error



16.10 SSL Certificate & Key Management

16.10.1 AT+CCERTDOWN Transfer a certificate file to Module

Description

This command is used to transfer a certificate or key file to the module.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCERTDOWN=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCERTDOWN=" <filen< td=""><td>></td></filen<>	>
ame>", <len></len>	OK
	>
	ERROR
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<filename>
The name of the certificate/key file. The file name must have type like ".der" or ".pem", and the .pem file cannot be protected using password.
<len>
The length of the file data to send.
```

Examples

```
AT+CCERTDOWN="client_key.der",611
>file content...
OK
```

16.10.2 AT+CCERTLIST List certificate/key in module

Description

This command is used to list certificate/key files which has already been downloaded to the module.



SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCERTLIST=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CCERTLIST	[
	dist of files> with "+CCERTLIST:" header
	<cr><lf>]</lf></cr>
	OK

Defined values

st of files>

The certificate/key files which has been downloaded to the module.

Examples

```
AT+CCERTLIST=?

OK

AT+CCERTLIST

+CCERTLIST: "ca_cert.der"

+CCERTLIST: "client_cert.der"

+CCERTLIST: "client_key.der"

+CCERTLIST: "server_cert.pem"

+CCERTLIST: "server_key.pem"
```

16.10.3 AT+CCERTDELE Delete certificate/key in the module

Description

This command is used to delete a certificate/key file in the module.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor



Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CCERTDELE=?	OK
Write Command	Responses
AT+CCERTDELE= <filena< td=""><td>OK</td></filena<>	OK
me>	ERROR

Defined values

<filename>

String with or with double quotes, file name which is relative and already existing.

Examples

16.10.4 AT+CSSLCA Set the CA used in the module

Description

This command is used to set the CA used in following SSL operation. The command only can be used after AT+CHTTPSSTART/AT+CCHSTART/AT+CFTPSSTART, and before any SSL open operation.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSSLCA=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CSSLCA?	(list of +CSSLCA: <chain_index>,<filename>s) OK</filename></chain_index>
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSSLCA= <chain_ind ex="">,<filename></filename></chain_ind>	OK
	ERROR

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Defined values

```
<chain_index>
The index of CA in the chain. The range is from 0 to 3.
<filename>
The name of the CA file.
```

Examples

```
AT+CSSLCA=0, "rootca.der"

OK

AT+CSSLCA=1, "intermediate.der"

OK
```

16.10.5 AT+CSSLCERT Set the certificate file used in the module

Description

This command is used to set the certificate file used in following SSL operation. The command only can be used after AT+CHTTPSSTART/AT+CCHSTART/AT+CFTPSSTART, and before any SSL open operation.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSSLCERT=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CSSLCERT?	+CSSLCERT: <filename>,<ca_chain_index></ca_chain_index></filename>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSSLCERT= <filenam< td=""><td>OK</td></filenam<>	OK
e>, <ca_chain_index></ca_chain_index>	ERROR

Defined values

<ca_chain_index>

The index of CA file in the chain. The range is from 0 to 3. The <filename> certificate file has been signed using this CA file.

<filename>



The name of the certificate file.

Examples

```
AT+CSSLCERT="mycert.der",0
OK
```

16.10.6 AT+CSSLKEY Set the key file used in the module

Description

This command is used to set the key file used in following SSL operation. The command only can be used after AT+CHTTPSSTART/AT+CCHSTART/AT+CFTPSSTART, and before any SSL open operation.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSSLKEY=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CSSLKEY?	+CSSLKEY: <filename>,<sll_key_type></sll_key_type></filename>
	OK
	ERROR
Write Command	Responses
AT+CSSLKEY= <filename< td=""><td>OK</td></filename<>	OK
>[, <sll_key_type>]</sll_key_type>	EDDOD
	ERROR

Defined values

```
<filename>
The name of the key file.
<sll_key_type>
0 - SSL_KEY_TYPE_RSA
1 - SSL_KEY_TYPE_DSA
```

Examples

```
AT+CSSLKEY="myKEY.der",0
OK
```



16.10.7 AT+CSSLLOADCK Load certificate/key

Description

This command is used to load the certificate/key files which has been set using AT+CSSLCA/AT+CSSLCERT/AT+CSSLKEY. The command only can be used after AT+CHTTPSSTART/AT+CCHSTART/AT+CFTPSSTART, and before any SSL open operation.

SIM PIN	References
NO	Vendor

Syntax

Test Command	Responses
AT+CSSLLOADCK=?	OK
Execution Command	Responses
AT+CSSLLOADCK	OK
	ERROR

Examples

AT+CSSLLOADCK=?
OK
AT+CSSLLOADCK
OK

17 AT Commands Samples

17.1 SMS commands

Commands and Responses	Comments
AT+CMGF=1	Set SMS system into text mode, as opposed to
OK	PDU mode.
AT+CPMS="SM","SM","SM"	Select memory storages.
+CPMS: 0,40,0,40,0,40	
OK	
AT+CNMI=2,1	Set new message indications to TE.
OK	
AT+CMGS="+861358888xxxx"	Set new message indications to TE.
>This is a test < <i>Ctrl</i> + <i>Z</i> >	
+CMGS:34	
OK	
+CMTI:"SM",1	Unsolicited notification of the SMS arriving.
AT+CMGR=1	Read SMS message that has just arrived.
+CMGR: "REC UNREAD",	NOTE: The number should be the same as
"+86135888xxxx", ,"08/01/30,	that given in the +CMTI notification.
20:40:31+00"	
This is a test	
OK	
AT+CMGR=1	Reading the message again changes the status
+CMGR: "REC READ",	to "READ" from "UNREAD".
"+861358888xxxx",,"08/01/30,	
20:40:31+00"	
This is a test	
OK	
AT+CMGS="+861358888xxxx"	Send another SMS to myself.
>Test again< <i>Ctrl</i> +Z>	
+CMGS:35	
OK	
+CMTI:"SM",2	Unsolicited notification of the SMS arriving.
AT+CMGL="ALL"	Listing all SMS messages.
+CMGL: 1, "REC READ", "+861358888xxxx", ,	
"08/01/30,20:40:31+00"	
This is a test	



+CMGL: 2, "REC UNREAD","", "+861358888xx xx", , "08/01/30,20:45:12+00" Test again OK	
AT+CMGD=1 OK	Delete an SMS message.
AT+CMGL="ALL" +CMGL: 2,"REC READ","+861358888xxxx", "08/01/30,20:45:12+00" Test again OK	List all SMS messages to show message has been deleted.

18 Appendixes

18.1 Verbose code and numeric code

Verbose result code	Numeric (V0 set)	Description
OK	0	Command executed, no errors, Wake up after reset
CONNECT	1	Link established
RING	2	Ring detected
NO CARRIER	3	Link not established or disconnected
ERROR	4	Invalid command or command line too long
NO DIALTONE	6	No dial tone, dialing impossible, wrong mode
BUSY	7	Remote station busy
NO ANSWER	8	Connection completion timeout

18.2 Response string of AT+CEER

Number	Response string
CS internal cause	
0	Phone is offline
21	No service available
25	Network release, no reason given
27	Received incoming call
29	Client ended call
34	UIM not present
35	Access attempt already in progress



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36	Access failure, unknown source
38	
	Concur service not supported by network
29	No response received from network
45	GPS call ended for user call
46	SMS call ended for user call
47	Data call ended for emergency call
48	Rejected during redirect or handoff
100	Lower-layer ended call
101	Call origination request failed
102	Client rejected incoming call
103	Client rejected setup indication
104	Network ended call
105	No funds available
106	No service available
108	Full service not available
109	Maximum packet calls exceeded
301	Video connection lost
302	Video call setup failure
303	Video protocol closed after setup
304	Video protocol setup failure
305	Internal error
CCturnels	
CS network cause	Unaccionad/mallaceted grapher
1	Unassigned/unallocated number
1 3	No route to destination
1 3 6	No route to destination Channel unacceptable
1 3 6 8	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring
1 3 6 8 16	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing
1 3 6 8 16 17	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy
1 3 6 8 16 17 18	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding
1 3 6 8 16 17 18	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27 28	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order Invalid/incomplete number
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27 28 29	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order Invalid/incomplete number Facility rejected
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27 28 29 30	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order Invalid/incomplete number Facility rejected Response to Status Enquiry
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27 28 29 30 31	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order Invalid/incomplete number Facility rejected Response to Status Enquiry Normal, unspecified
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27 28 29 30 31 34	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order Invalid/incomplete number Facility rejected Response to Status Enquiry Normal, unspecified No circuit/channel available
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27 28 29 30 31 34 38	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order Invalid/incomplete number Facility rejected Response to Status Enquiry Normal, unspecified No circuit/channel available Network out of order
1 3 6 8 16 17 18 19 21 22 26 27 28 29 30 31 34	No route to destination Channel unacceptable Operator determined barring Normal call clearing User busy No user responding User alerting, no answer Call rejected Number changed Non selected user clearing Destination out of order Invalid/incomplete number Facility rejected Response to Status Enquiry Normal, unspecified No circuit/channel available



43	Access information discarded
44	Requested circuit/channel not available
47	Resources unavailable, unspecified
49	Quality of service unavailable
50	Requested facility not subscribed
55	Incoming calls barred within the CUG
57	Bearer capability not authorized
58	Bearer capability not available
63	Service/option not available
65	Bearer service not implemented
68	ACM >= ACMmax
69	Requested facility not implemented
70	Only RDI bearer is available
79	Service/option not implemented
81	Invalid transaction identifier value
87	User not member of CUG
88	Incompatible destination
91	Invalid transit network selection
95	Semantically incorrect message
96	Invalid mandatory information
97	Message non-existent/not implemented
98	Message type not compatible with state
99	IE non-existent/not implemented
100	Conditional IE error
101	Message not compatible with state
102	Recovery on timer expiry
111	Protocol error, unspecified
117	Interworking, unspecified
CS network reject	
2	IMSI unknown in HLR
3	Illegal MS
4	IMSI unknown in VLR
5	IMEI not accepted
6	Illegal ME
7	GPRS services not allowed
8	GPRS & non GPRS services not allowed
9	MS identity cannot be derived
10	Implicitly detached
11	PLMN not allowed
12	Location Area not allowed
13	Roaming not allowed
14	GPRS services not allowed in PLMN



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15	No Suitable Cells In Location Area
16	
	MSC temporarily not reachable
17	Network failure
20	MAC failure
21	Synch failure
22	Congestion
23	GSM authentication unacceptable
32	Service option not supported
33	Requested service option not subscribed
34	Service option temporarily out of orde
38	Call cannot be identified
40	No PDP context activated
95	Semantically incorrect message
96	Invalid mandatory information
97	Message type non-existent
98	Message type not compatible with state
99	Information element non-existent
101	Message not compatible with state
161	RR release indication
162	RR random access failure
163	RRC release indication
164	RRC close session indication
165	RRC open session failure
166	Low level failure
167	Low level failure no redial allowed
168	Invalid SIM
169	No service
170	Timer T3230 expired
171	No cell available
172	Wrong state
173	Access class blocked
174	Abort message received
175	Other cause
176	Timer T303 expired
177	No resources
178	Release pending
179	Invalid user data
PS internal cause lookup	
0	Invalid connection identifier
1	Invalid NSAPI
2	Invalid Primary NSAPI
3	Invalid field



4	SNDCP failure
5	RAB setup failure
6	No GPRS context
7	PDP establish timeout
8	PDP activate timeout
9	PDP modify timeout
10	PDP inactive max timeout
11	PDP lowerlayer error
12	PDP duplicate
13	Access technology change
14	PDP unknown reason
PS network cause	
25	LLC or SNDCP failure
26	Insufficient resources
27	Missing or unknown APN
28	Unknown PDP address or PDP type
29	User Aauthentication failed
30	Activation rejected by GGSN
31	Activation rejected, unspecified
32	Service option not supported
33	Requested service option not subscribed
34	Service option temporarily out of order
35	NSAPI already used (not sent)
36	Regular deactivation
37	QoS not accepted
38	Network failure
39	Reactivation required
40	Feature not supported
41	Semantic error in the TFT operation
42	Syntactical error in the TFT operation
43	Unknown PDP context
44	PDP context without TFT already activated
45	Semantic errors in packet filter
46	Syntactical errors in packet filter
81	Invalid transaction identifier
95	Semantically incorrect message
96	Invalid mandatory information
97	Message non-existent/not implemented
98	Message type not compatible with state
99	IE non-existent/not implemented
100	Conditional IE error
101	Message not compatible with state



Protocol error, unspecified

18.3 Summary of CME ERROR codes

Description

This result code is similar to the regular ERROR result code. The format of <err> can be either numeric or verbose string, by setting AT+CMEE command.

SIM PIN	References
NO	3GPP TS 27.007

Syntax

+CME ERROR: <err>

Defined values

<err></err>	
Values (nun	neric format followed by verbose format):
0	phone failure
1	no connection to phone
2	phone adaptor link reserved
3	operation not allowed
4	operation not supported
5	PH-SIM PIN required
6	PH-FSIM PIN required
7	PH-FSIM PUK required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	incorrect password
17	SIM PIN2 required
18	SIM PUK2 required
20	memory full
21	invalid index
22	not found
23	memory failure
24	text string too long
25	invalid characters in text string
26	dial string too long



27	invalid characters in dial string
30	no network service
31	network timeout
32	network not allowed - emergency calls only
40	network personalization PIN required
41	network personalization PUK required
42	network subset personalization PIN required
43	network subset personalization PUK required
44	service provider personalization PIN required
45	service provider personalization PUK required
46	corporate personalization PIN required
47	corporate personalization PUK required
100	Unknown
103	Illegal MESSAGE
106	Illegal ME
107	GPRS services not allowed
111	PLMN not allowed
112	Location area not allowed
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area
132	service option not supported
133	requested service option not subscribed
134	service option temporarily out of order
148	unspecified GPRS error
149	PDP authentication failure
150	invalid mobile class
257	network rejected request
258	retry operation
259	invalid deflected to number
260	deflected to own number
261	unknown subscriber
262	service not available
263	unknown class specified
264	unknown network message
273	minimum TFTS per HDP address violated
274	TFT precedence index not unique
173	The operation is overtime
175	The storage for address is full
176	Not find the address
177	Invalid parameter
178	Failed to read mss
180	Memory error
181	Invalid fle format
183	The box is empty



186	It's not allowed to edit now	
187	No content in the buffer	
190	Network error	
191	Failed to read file	
192	None	
"CME ERROR" codes of FTP:		
201	Unknown error for FTP	
202	FTP task is busy	
203	Failed to resolve server address	
204	FTP timeout	
205	Failed to read file	
206	Failed to write file	
207	It's not allowed in current state	
208	Failed to login	
209	Failed to logout	
210	Failed to transfer data	
211	FTP command rejected by server	
212	Memory error	
213	Invalid parameter	
214	Network error	

Examples

```
AT+CPIN="1234","1234"
+CME ERROR: incorrect password
```

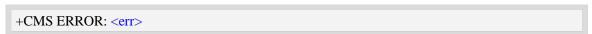
18.4 Summary of CMS ERROR codes

Description

Final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> indicates an error related to mobile equipment or network. The operation is similar to ERROR result code. None of the following commands in the same command line is executed. Neither ERROR nor OK result code shall be returned. ERROR is returned normally when error is related to syntax or invalid parameters. The format of <err> can be either numeric or verbose. This is set with command AT+CMEE.

SIM PIN	References
	3GPP TS 27.005

Syntax



Defined values



<err> 300 ME failure 301 SMS service of ME reserved 302 Operation not allowed 303 Operation not supported 304 Invalid PDU mode parameter 305 Invalid text mode parameter 310 SIM not inserted 311 SIM PIN required 312 PH-SIM PIN required 313 SIM failure 314 SIM busy 315 SIM wrong 316 SIM PUK required 317 SIM PIN2 required 318 SIM PUK2 required 320 Memory failure 321 Invalid memory index 322 Memory full 330 SMSC address unknown 331 no network service 332 Network timeout 340 NO +CNMA ACK EXPECTED 341 Buffer overflow 342 SMS size more than expected 500 unknown error

Examples

AT+CMGS=02112345678

+CMS ERROR: 304



Contact us

Shanghai SIMCom Wireless Solutions Ltd.

Add: Building A, SIM Technology Building, No.633, Jinzhong Road, Changning District 200335

Tel: +86 21 3252 3300 Fax: +86 21 3252 3301

URL: http:/www.sim.com/wm/