

## Safety Data Sheet

### Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : ALPHA® Rosin Flux 800  
**Product code** : 115285  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**Date of issue/Date of revision** : September 19 2017.

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## Section 1. Identification

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

- : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
- SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3
- SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
- SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
- AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
- AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

- : Danger

#### Hazard statements

- : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- Causes mild skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

- : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

- : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

#### Storage

- : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Disposal

- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

- : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.



## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isopropyl alcohol	80-100	67-63-0
Proprietary petroleum distillate	1-10	-
petroleum distillate	1-10	-
Organic acid	1-10	-
Rosin/Resin	0.1-1.0	-
Rosin/Resin	0.1-1.0	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms



## Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Notes: Refers to Appendix A -- Carcinogens. ACGIH 2003 Adoption</b> STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).</b> TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Proprietary petroleum distillate	
petroleum distillate	

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol	<b>TW 勞委會、</b> 勞工作業環境空氣中有害物容許濃度標準、容許濃度 (Taiwan, 6/2014). STEL: 1228.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. <b>TW 勞委會、</b> 勞工作業環境空氣中有害物容許濃度標準、容許濃度 (Taiwan, 6/2014). STEL: 1312.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
petroleum distillate	

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol	<b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007).</b> PC-STEL: 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. <b>GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007).</b> PC-TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Proprietary petroleum distillate	
petroleum distillate	





## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol          Proprietary petroleum distillate          petroleum distillate	<b>Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013).</b> STEL: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 480 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. <b>Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013).</b> TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol          Proprietary petroleum distillate          petroleum distillate          Rosin/Resin	<b>DOSH USECHH (Malaysia, 4/2000).</b> TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. <b>DOSH USECHH (Malaysia, 4/2000).</b> TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Skin sensitizer.</b> STEL: 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume
Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol          Proprietary petroleum distillate          petroleum distillate	<b>Factories Order (PEL) (Singapore, 2/2006).</b> PEL (short term): 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 500 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 400 ppm 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. <b>Factories Order (PEL) (Singapore, 2/2006).</b> PEL (long term): 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 200 ppm 8 hours.

### Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Alcohol-like. [Slight]
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F) [Tag Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Vapor density** : >1 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.837
- Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
- VOC** : 826.4 g/l
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 399°C (750.2°F)

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**Other Hazardous decomposition products** : carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Routes of entry** : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6290 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.7 g/kg	-
petroleum distillate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	6400 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Organic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-
Rosin/Resin	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2.2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
Rosin/Resin	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.585 mg/l	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	>4000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4000 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
petroleum distillate	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat	-	96 hours 300 microliters	-
Organic acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	750 Micrograms	-

### Sensitization

Not available.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Negative	Positive	Positive	Rat	Oral: 1000 mg/ kg	-
	Positive	Negative	Positive	Rat - Female	Oral: 1242 mg/ kg Continuous Fixed dose	24 hours per day

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Isopropyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
Proprietary petroleum distillate	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness



## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5143.5 mg/kg
Dermal	253100 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	130772 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	694.7 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
Proprietary petroleum distillate	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours 4 days
Organic acid	Acute EC50 374200 to 400000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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## Section 12. Ecological information

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
petroleum distillate	5.65	105	low
Organic acid	-0.59	-	low
Rosin/Resin	1.9 to 7.7	-	high

### Mobility in soil




Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219
UN proper shipping name	Isopropanol solution	Isopropanol solution	Isopropanol solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-



## Section 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Taiwan

SDS complies with the Regulation of Labeling and Hazard Communication of Hazardous Chemicals

**List of chemicals reputed to be a "threat of imminent danger"** : This product contains substances considered to be a "Threat of imminent danger": Isopropyl alcohol, petroleum distillate, toluene.

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### China

SDS complies with the General Rules for Classification and Hazardous Communication of Chemicals GB-13690-2009, GB-30000 series, and GB/T 16438-2008.

**China inventory (IECSC)** : All components are listed or exempted.

### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

### List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

### Republic of Korea

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

**ISHA Article 37** : None of the components are listed.

**ISHA Article 38** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth** : Not applicable.

#### Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

Isopropyl alcohol

Proprietary petroleum distillate

petroleum distillate

**Exposure Standards established for Harmful Factors** : None of the components are listed.

**Harmful Factors Subject to Work Environment Measurement** : The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol

**Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up** : The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol

**Hazardous Substances Subject to Control** : The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol

#### B. Regulation according to TCCA

**TCCA Toxic chemicals** : Not applicable

Continued on next page



## Section 15. Regulatory information

- TCCA Observational chemicals** : None of the components are listed.
- TCCA Article 32 (Banned)** : None of the components are listed.
- TCCA Article 32 (Restricted)** : None of the components are listed.
- TCCA Article 17 (TRI)** : The following components are listed: 2-Propanol
- Korea inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Accident Precaution chemicals** : None of the components are listed.
- C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act** : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid  
Item: 2. Class 1 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid  
Threshold: 200 L  
Danger category: II  
Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
- D. Wastes regulation** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Singapore

#### Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

### International lists

#### National inventory

- Canada** : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
- Europe** : All components are listed or exempted.
- United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

- Date of issue/Date of revision** : September 19 2017.
- Date of previous issue** : August 1 2017.
- Version** : 2.01
- Prepared by** : **Regulatory Affairs Department**  
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- Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification





## Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 3, H316 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

**References** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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