



# Securing Django Admin login with OTP (2 Factor Authentication)

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Multi factor authentication is one of the most basic principle when adding security for our applications. In this tutorial, we will be adding multi factor authentication using OTP Method. This article is in continuation of Blog CMS Project in Django. Check this out here – [Building Blog CMS \(Content Management System\) with Django](#)

## Setup 2 Factor Authentication for Django Project

We will install TOTP package for our blog CMS which will add OTP security for our admin login. First install django-otp package

```
pip install django-otp
```

and add `'django_otp, django_otp.plugins.otp_totp'` in our installed apps and `django_otp.middleware.OTPMiddleware` in middleware section of our settings file.

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## Python3

```
INSTALLED_APPS = [  
    'django.contrib.admin',  
    'django.contrib.auth',  
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',  
    'django.contrib.sessions',  
    'django.contrib.messages',  
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',  
    'django_otp',  
    'django_otp.plugins.otp_totp'  
]
```

```
MIDDLEWARE = [  
    'django.middleware.common.CommonMiddleware',  
    'django.middleware.csrf.CsrfViewMiddleware',  
    'django.contrib.auth.middleware.AuthenticationMiddleware',  
    'django.contrib.messages.middleware.MessageMiddleware',  
    'django.middleware.clickjacking.XFrameOptionsMiddleware',  
    'django_otp.middleware.OTPMiddleware'
```

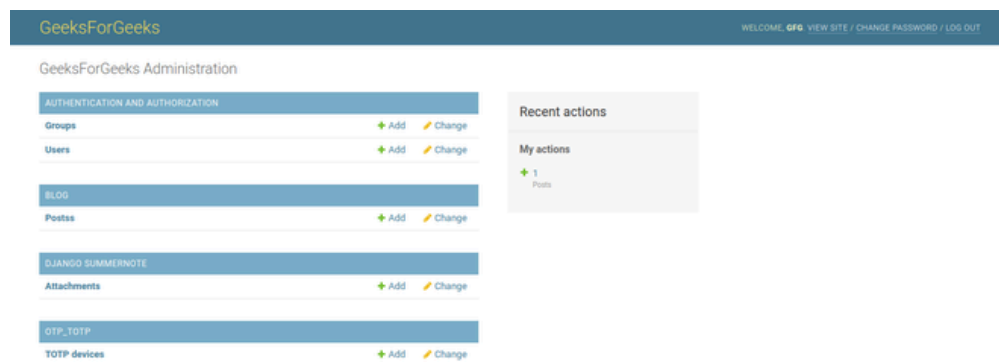
```
'django.middleware.security.SecurityMiddleware',  
'django.contrib.sessions.middleware.SessionMiddleware',  
'django.middleware.common.CommonMiddleware',  
'django.middleware.csrf.CsrfViewMiddleware',  
'django.contrib.auth.middleware.AuthenticationMiddleware',  
'django.contrib.messages.middleware.MessageMiddleware',  
'django.middleware.clickjacking.XFrameOptionsMiddleware',  
'django_otp.middleware.OTPMiddleware'  
]
```

Now run,

```
# migrate our app  
python3 manage.py migrate
```

## Creating a TOTP Device –

Now log into django admin to create an TOTP device. You can see it after logging in



*login page*

Click add and fill the details to create a new TOTP qrcode

*add TOTP devices*

Now again go into totp device section and open the QRcode and scan it with your TOTP apps like Authy, Google Authenticator apps.



*scan the qrcode*

## Set Admin OTP Class –

Now go into django urls.py file in gfgblog, not in blog urls.py and add the lines


## Python3

```
from django_otp.admin import OTPAdminSite

admin.site.__class__ = OTPAdminSite
```

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Now logout and login into django admin you have enter OTP everytime you need to login into django admin.

A screenshot of a web login form titled "GeeksForGeeks". The form is white with a blue header bar containing the text "GeeksForGeeks". It contains three input fields: "Username:", "Password:", and "OTP Token:". Below the "OTP Token:" field is a blue "Log in" button. The form is centered on a light gray background.

*django admin with OTP*

#### Some Basic Security Principles to follow

- Keep Debug = False in Production
- Limit Allowed hosted to our Server IP, localhost, and hostnames
- Keep Secret key strong and safe
- All ways use HTTPS in Production
- Keep a check on user uploads if being managed by multiple users
- Keep your database secure and don't use SQLite in Production
- Try to use Security and content headers in production, a few headers are given below add these in Settings.py

## Python3

```
SECURE_SSL_REDIRECT = True
SESSION_COOKIE_SECURE = True
SESSION_COOKIE_SECURE = True
SECURE_BROWSER_XSS_FILTER = True
SECURE_HSTS_SECONDS = 31536000
SECURE_HSTS_INCLUDE_SUBDOMAINS = True
SECURE_HSTS_PRELOAD = True
SECURE_CONTENT_TYPE_NOSNIFF = True
CSRF_COOKIE_SECURE = True
```

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