

Library TBSWAstro

Function block “ AstroSunRiset ”

The function block calculates the times of sunrise and sunset based on a given geolocation.

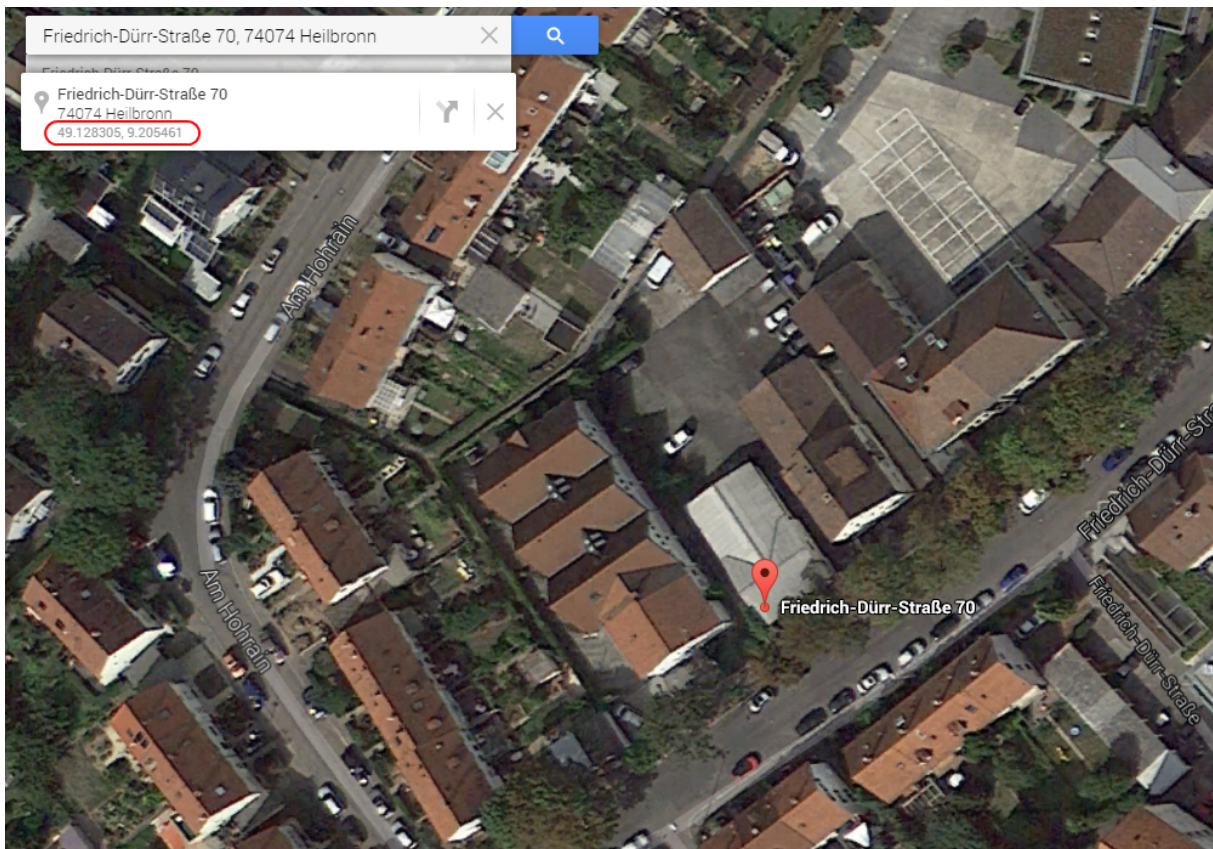
The following can be calculated:

- Sunrise and sunset times for the current date
 - With or without taking into account the values set on the PLC for time zone and summer/winter time
- Sunrise and sunset on any given date

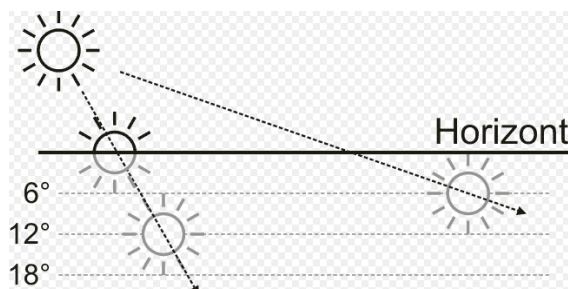
The geolocation is specified using latitude and longitude (as REAL values).

The coordinates can be determined, for example, in Google Maps by zooming in on the desired destination and clicking on it .




⇒ **Fub -Inputs “ longitude ”, “ latitude ”**



The direct time (sun crosses the horizon) can be calculated, as well as the so-called civil sunrise /sunset (sun 6° below the horizon) and the nautical sunrise/sunset (sun 12° below the horizon).



⇒ Fub input “type” with the following constants:

	astroTYPE_NAUTICAL	USINT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2
	astroTYPE_DIRECT	USINT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0
	astroTYPE_CIVIL	USINT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1




The calculation is performed for the current date (read internally by the FUB) if no specific date is set.

⇒ Fub input “ pCalcDT ” = 0

If a calculation is to be performed for a specific date, a pointer to a structure of type " DTStructure " must be passed to the input " pCalcDT " where the elements " year ", " month " and " day " are set to the desired values.

⇒ Fub input “ pCalcDT ” = ADR(myDate)

PLC settings regarding time zone and summer/winter time are taken into account in the result if the function block input “ gmResult ” is not set.

 Time synchronization	
 Time zone	(GMT +01:00) Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna
 Adjust clock for daylight saving	on

⇒ Fub input “ gmResult ” = FALSE

If the result is to be calculated without taking the settings into account, the input must be set to TRUE; in this case, the GMT time will be returned as the result.

⇒ Fub input “ gmResult ” = TRUE

The result of the calculation is returned in a variable of type " AstroSunRisetCalcResult_type ". This variable must be declared in the task and connected as a pointer to the function block .

⇒ Fub input “ pResult ” = ADR(myResult)

 AstroSunRisetCalcResult_type	
 sunrise	AstroSunRiseSetTime_type <input type="checkbox"/>
 sunset	AstroSunRiseSetTime_type <input type="checkbox"/>
 sunriset_result	INT <input type="checkbox"/>
 AstroSunRiseSetTime_type	
 hour	USINT <input type="checkbox"/>
 minute	USINT <input type="checkbox"/>

The result then contains sunrise and sunset times in hour and minute (e.g., " myResult.sunrise.hour " = hour of sunrise).

The element " myResult.sunriset_result " contains information about whether the calculation was correct (myResult.sunriset_result = 0). If this value is not 0, the result is invalid (e.g., because the sun does not set at the specified geolocation at the time of calculation).

The function block requires several cycles to complete the calculation; therefore, it must be called repeatedly until the FUB output “ status ” is not equal to BUSY (65535).

⇒ Fub output “ status ” <> 65535

FE	AstroSunRiset				calculates sunrise / sunset
➤	enable	BOOL	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_INPUT	enable function block
➤	longitude	REAL	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_INPUT	longitude of position to calc for, set as REAL value (e.g. see google maps)
➤	latitude	REAL	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_INPUT	latitude of position to calc for, set as REAL value (e.g. see google maps)
➤	type	USINT	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_INPUT	type of calculation: direct or civil or nautical sunrise / sunset
➤	pCalcDT	UDINT	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_INPUT	if NULL(set to 0), actual date time is used (if set, set date you want to calc for as pointer to DTStructure) type
➤	gmtResult	BOOL	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_INPUT	if FALSE, timezone and daylight saving time settings are included in result
➤	pResult	UDINT	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_INPUT	pointer to result variable of type "AstroSunRisetCalcResult_type"
➤	status	UINT	<input type="checkbox"/>	VAR_OUTP...	65535 = busy

Example call

```

PROGRAM _INIT

    longitude := 9.205461;
    latitude := 49.128305;
    type := astroTYPE_DIRECT;
    enable := FALSE;
    tCalcDT;
    useGMT := FALSE;
    result;

END_PROGRAM

PROGRAM _CYCLIC

    IF blTestCalcDt = TRUE THEN
        pCalcDT := ADR(tCalcDT);
    ELSE
        pCalcDT := 0;
    END_IF

    CalcSunRiset_0(enable := enable, type := type, longitude := longitude, latitude := latitude, pCalcDT := pCalcDT, gmtResult := useGMT, pResult := ADR(result));
    IF CalcSunRiset_0.status <> 65535 THEN
        enable := FALSE;
    END_IF

END_PROGRAM

```

◆	longitude	REAL
◆	latitude	REAL
◆	type	USINT
◆	enable	BOOL
◆	result	AstroSunRisetCalcResult_type
◆	CalcSunRiset_0	AstroSunRiset
◆	useGMT	BOOL
◆	tCalcDT	DTStructure
◆	pCalcDT	UDINT
◆	blTestCalcDt	BOOL

Functionality used

The code is based on a public domain implementation; the functionality described above only provides a "wrapper" for the calculation for Automation Studio.

Original code from:

```

/*
SUNRISET.C - computers Sun rise/set times, start/end of Twilight, and
              the length of the day at any date and latitude

Written as DAYLEN.C, 1989-08-16

Modified to SUNRISET.C, 1992-12-01

(c) Paul Schlyter , 1989, Released in 1992
    to the public domain by Paul Schlyter , December 1992

*/

```