EX.NO: 02 221501048

31/01/2025

VISUALIZATION OF TIMESERIES DATA

AIM:

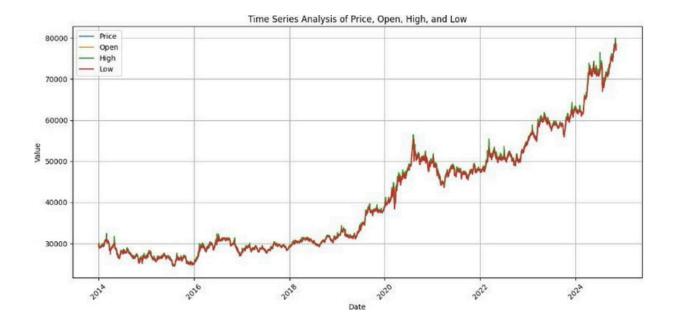
To write a python program for visualizing the time series data.

ALGORITHM:

- 1) Import required library files
- 2) Prepare the data
- 3) Visualize the data using different methods

CODE:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
data = pd.read csv("Gold Price.csv")
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Convert 'Date' column to datetime objects if it's not already
data['Date'] = pd.to datetime(data['Date'])
# Set 'Date' as the index for easier time series plotting
data = data.set index('Date')
# Create the plot plt.figure(1,figsize=(12, 6)) # Adjust
figure size as needed
plt.plot(data['Price'], label='Price')
plt.plot(data['Open'], label='Open')
plt.plot(data['High'], label='High')
plt.plot(data['Low'], label='Low')
# Customize the plot
plt.title('Time Series Analysis of Price, Open, High, and Low')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Value')
plt.legend() # Display the legend
plt.grid(True) # Add gridlines for better readability
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
# Show the plot
plt.tight layout() # Adjust plot layout to prevent labels from overlapping
plt.show()
```

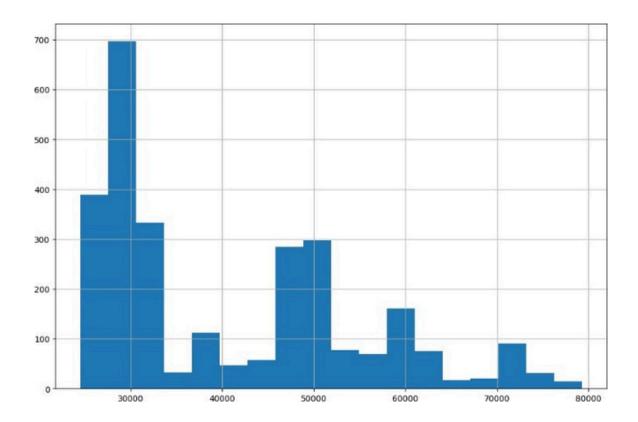


```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))

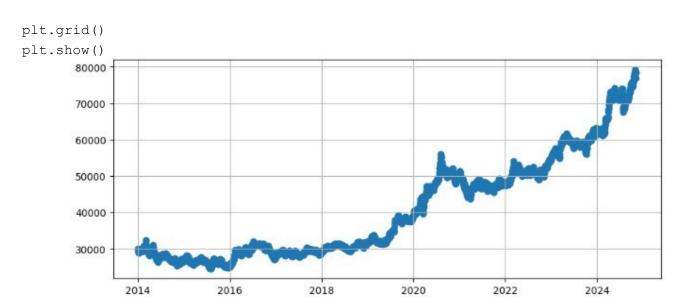
plt.plot(data['Price'],label = 'price')
plt.plot(data['Open'],label = 'open')
plt.plot(data['High'],label = 'high')
plt.plot(data['Low'],label = 'low')
plt.grid(True)
plt.legend()
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

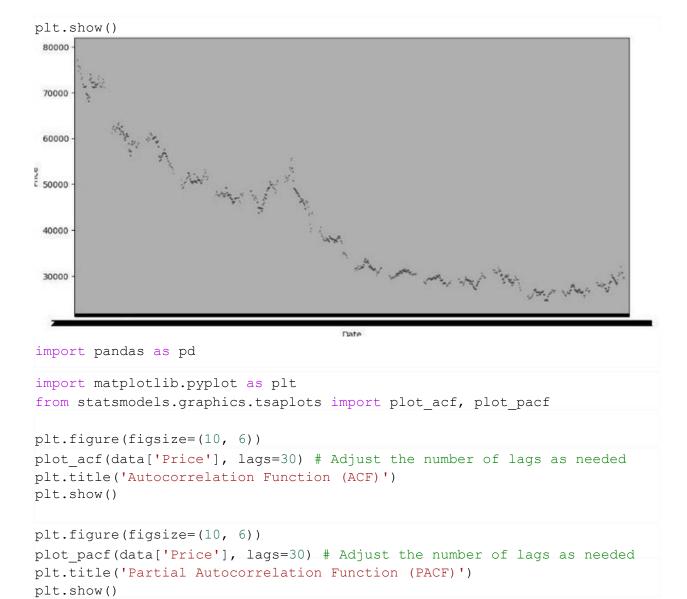
plt.figure(2,figsize= (12,8))
plt.hist(data['Price'],bins ='auto')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(2, figsize=(10, 4))
plt.scatter(data.index, data['Price'])
```



```
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(3,figsize=(12,6))
sns.boxplot(x=data.index,y=data['Price'],data = data)
plt.grid()
```



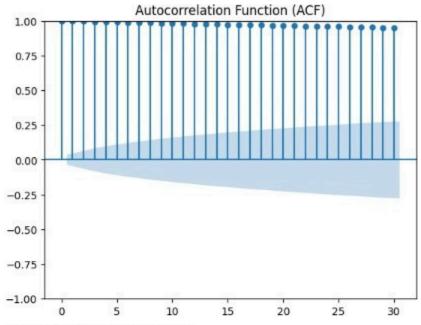
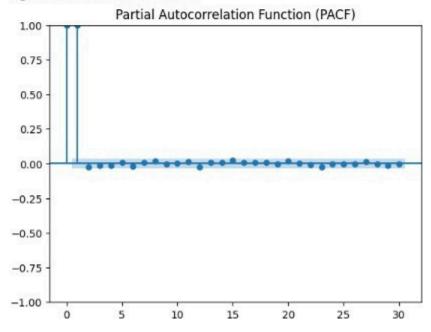


Figure size 1000x600 with 0 Axes>



RESULT:

The Visualization of timeseries data has been created .