International Variables: Example

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Here, we use data from the Bureau of Economic Analysis to examine economic openness and movements in goods and capital. We create new variables, including the trade balance and net capital flows. Each can be depicted in several different ways.

Procedure

First, we open the data from the course website:

```
data<-read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/hegerty/ECON343/main/343_BOP_DATA.csv",header=
TRUE)
head(data,2)</pre>
```

```
##
      i.. Gross.domestic.product
## 1 1960
                            542.6
## 2
       NA
                            541.1
     Exports.of.goods.and.services.and.income.receipts..credits.
##
## 1
## 2
                                                              7762
##
     Imports.of.goods.and.services.and.income.payments..debits.
## 1
## 2
                                                             7232
##
     Net.U.S..acquisition.of.financial.assets.excluding.financial.derivatives..net.increase.in.a
ssets...financial.outflow....
## 1
1066
## 2
1156
##
     Direct.investment.assets Portfolio.investment.assets
## 1
                           664
                                                        266
## 2
                           586
                                                        166
     Net.U.S..incurrence.of.liabilities.excluding.financial.derivatives..net.increase.in.liabili
ties...financial.inflow....
## 1
926
## 2
912
     Direct.investment.liabilities Portfolio.investment.liabilities
##
                                                                  197
## 1
                                 89
## 2
                                102
                                                                   27
```

We will have to rename the variables. Make sure to keep them concise and and informative.

We can examine the original variable names to guide us as we make new names:

colnames(data)

```
[1] "ï.."
##
   [2] "Gross.domestic.product"
##
   [3] "Exports.of.goods.and.services.and.income.receipts..credits."
   [4] "Imports.of.goods.and.services.and.income.payments..debits."
##
   [5] "Net.U.S..acquisition.of.financial.assets.excluding.financial.derivatives..net.increase.
##
in.assets...financial.outflow...."
   [6] "Direct.investment.assets"
   [7] "Portfolio.investment.assets"
   [8] "Net.U.S..incurrence.of.liabilities.excluding.financial.derivatives..net.increase.in.lia
bilities...financial.inflow...."
   [9] "Direct.investment.liabilities"
## [10] "Portfolio.investment.liabilities"
```

```
colnames(data)<-c("YEAR","Y","X","M","KOUT","FDIOUT","PORTOUT","KIN","FDIIN","PORTIN")
head(data)</pre>
```

```
M KOUT FDIOUT PORTOUT KIN FDIIN PORTIN
##
     YEAR
              Υ
                  Χ
## 1 1960 542.6 7355 7005 1066
                                  664
                                          266 926
                                                     89
                                                           197
      NA 541.1 7762 7232 1156
                                  586
                                          166 912
                                                    102
                                                           27
## 2
      NA 545.6 7650 6814 956
## 3
                                 754
                                          111 381
                                                     93
                                                           138
      NA 540.2 7791 6683 923
## 4
                                  936
                                          120 77
                                                     31
                                                           211
## 5 1961 545.0 7827 6588 1320
                                  774
                                          135 435
                                                            88
                                                     68
## 6
      NA 555.5 7773 6867 1029
                                  551
                                          246 620
                                                     86
                                                          -195
```

We can also drop the first column. It has four observations per year, but three are empty:

```
data<-data[,-1]
```

Now, we create new variables: The trade balance and its share of GDP; net capital flows; ratios of inflows to outflows; and an "openness measure." We also measure FDI and portfolio investment liabilities as shares of GDP. These all have different uses and are measured in different ways. Balances are in dollars (or other currency), shares are measured as percentages, and ratios have no units and equal 1 if the numerator and denominator are balanced. These new variables are added directly to the set of existing variables:

```
data$TB<-data$X-data$M

data$TBSHARE<-100*data$TB/data$Y

data$TBRATIO<-data$X/data$M

data$TRADEOPEN<-(data$X+data$M)/data$Y

data$KA<-data$KOUT-data$KIN

data$FINOPEN<-(data$KIN+data$KOUT)/data$Y

data$FDIINSHARE<-data$FDIIN/data$Y

data$PORTINSHARE<-data$PORTIN/data$Y

head(data)</pre>
```

```
M KOUT FDIOUT PORTOUT KIN FDIIN PORTIN
                                                                TBSHARE TBRATIO
##
             Χ
                                                          TB
## 1 542.6 7355 7005 1066
                            664
                                     266 926
                                               89
                                                     197
                                                          350
                                                               64.50424 1.049964
## 2 541.1 7762 7232 1156
                                    166 912
                                              102
                                                      27
                                                          530
                                                               97.94862 1.073285
                            586
## 3 545.6 7650 6814
                     956
                            754
                                    111 381
                                               93
                                                     138 836 153.22581 1.122689
## 4 540.2 7791 6683 923
                                    120 77
                                                     211 1108 205.10922 1.165794
                            936
                                               31
## 5 545.0 7827 6588 1320
                            774
                                    135 435
                                               68
                                                      88 1239 227.33945 1.188069
## 6 555.5 7773 6867 1029
                            551
                                    246 620
                                               86
                                                    -195
                                                         906 163.09631 1.131935
    TRADEOPEN KA FINOPEN FDIINSHARE PORTINSHARE
##
## 1 26.46517 140 3.671213 0.16402506 0.36306672
## 2
     27.71022 244 3.821844 0.18850490
                                       0.04989836
     26.51026 575 2.450513 0.17045455
## 3
                                       0.25293255
     26.79378 846 1.851166 0.05738615
                                       0.39059608
## 4
     26.44954 885 3.220183 0.12477064 0.16146789
## 5
     26.35464 409 2.968497 0.15481548 -0.35103510
```

Next we set these variables as a time series:

```
datats<-ts(data,start=c(1960,1),frequency = 4)
head(datats)</pre>
```

```
M KOUT FDIOUT PORTOUT KIN FDIIN PORTIN
                                                               TB
                                                                    TBSHARE
            Υ
                 Χ
## [1,] 542.6 7355 7005 1066
                                664
                                        266 926
                                                   89
                                                         197
                                                              350
                                                                   64.50424
## [2,] 541.1 7762 7232 1156
                                586
                                        166 912
                                                  102
                                                          27
                                                              530
                                                                   97.94862
## [3,] 545.6 7650 6814 956
                                754
                                        111 381
                                                         138
                                                             836 153.22581
                                                   93
## [4,] 540.2 7791 6683 923
                                        120 77
                                                         211 1108 205.10922
                                936
                                                   31
## [5,] 545.0 7827 6588 1320
                                774
                                        135 435
                                                   68
                                                          88 1239 227.33945
## [6,] 555.5 7773 6867 1029
                                        246 620
                                                        -195 906 163.09631
                                551
                                                   86
         TBRATIO TRADEOPEN KA FINOPEN FDIINSHARE PORTINSHARE
## [1,] 1.049964 26.46517 140 3.671213 0.16402506 0.36306672
## [2,] 1.073285 27.71022 244 3.821844 0.18850490
                                                    0.04989836
## [3,] 1.122689 26.51026 575 2.450513 0.17045455
                                                    0.25293255
## [4,] 1.165794 26.79378 846 1.851166 0.05738615
                                                    0.39059608
## [5,] 1.188069 26.44954 885 3.220183 0.12477064 0.16146789
## [6,] 1.131935 26.35464 409 2.968497 0.15481548 -0.35103510
```

There are too many variables to plot at once, so we focus on the new ones.

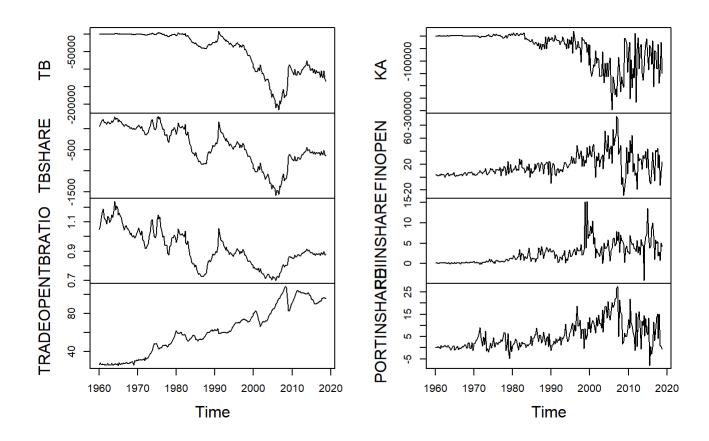
```
dim(datats)

## [1] 236 17
```

```
colnames(datats)
```

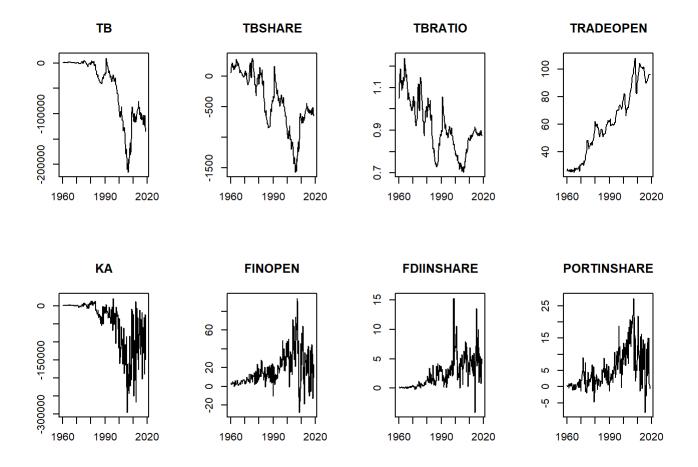
```
"X"
                                      "M"
##
   [1] "Y"
                                                     "KOUT"
                                                                    "FDIOUT"
                                      "FDIIN"
                                                     "PORTIN"
                                                                    "TB"
   [6] "PORTOUT"
                       "KIN"
                       "TBRATIO"
                                      "TRADEOPEN"
                                                     "KA"
                                                                   "FINOPEN"
## [11] "TBSHARE"
## [16] "FDIINSHARE"
                       "PORTINSHARE"
```

```
plot(datats[,10:17],main="")
```



We could make it a little more visually appealing:

```
par(mfrow=c(2,4))
for(i in 10:17){
plot(datats[,i],xlab="",ylab="",main=colnames(datats)[i])
}
```



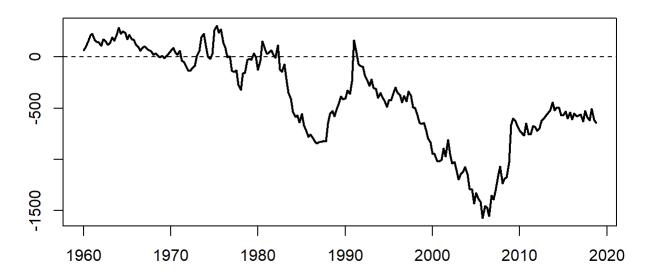
par(mfrow=c(1,1))

Many of these move in the same direction and others in opposite directions, as would be expected given the Balance of Payments equations.

We can focus on the TB ratio in column 11: This is (X-M)/Y.

plot(datats[,11],xlab="",ylab="",main = "U.S. Trade Balance (X-M), as a share of GDP",lwd=2)
abline(h=1,lty=2,lwd=1)

U.S. Trade Balance (X-M), as a share of GDP



The U.S. trade deficit has gotten wider in recent decades, but in the aftermath of the 2008 recession, the gap narrowed. This would be expected, since a drop in income should result in fewer imports, all else equal.