最小编辑距离算法 Minimum Edit Distance

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编辑距离

编辑前字符串s

编辑后字符串t

编辑操作p:插入、删除、替换

"编辑距离"定义为"编辑操作的次数"

源文: She is a star with the theatre company.

机器译文: 她是与剧院公司的一颗星。

参考译文: 她是剧团的明星。

计算机器译文 跟正确答案之 间的距离

编辑距离: 6

删除次数(4次): 与公司 ~ 颗

替换次数(2次): 剧院→剧团 星→明星

最小编辑距离

原始串 sot

目标串 stop

• 插入操作

(insertCost权值): 1

• 删除操作

(deleteCost权值): 1

• 替换操作

(substituteCost) : 2

```
s o t 编辑操作1
```

→ stot (1.插入, 1分, 累计1分)

→ stop (2.替换, 2分, 累计3分)

编辑距离: 3

s o t

→ s t t (1.替换, 2分, 累计2分)

→ s t o (2.替换, 2分, 累计4分)

→ stop (3.插入,1分,累计5分)

编辑距离:5

编辑操作2

最小编辑距离计算: 动态规划

```
insertCost = 1

deleteCost = 1

substituteCost = 0 if target[i] = source[j]

= 2 otherwise
```

i: 目标串字符位置序号

j: 原始串字符位置序号

D(i,j): 从j变化到i的距离值

source_i: j位置的字符

target_i: i位置的字符

最小编辑距离算法描述

```
function Min-Edit_Distance (target, source)
n = length(target);
m = length(source);
create distance matrix d[n, m];
d[0,0]=0;
d[0,1]=1,...d[0,m]=m;
d[1,0]=1,...d[n,0]=n;
for each i from 1 to n do
   for each j from 1 to m do
         d[i, j] = min(d[i-1, j] + insertCost(target_i),
                       d[i-1, j-1] + substituteCost(source_i, target_i),
                       d[i, j-1] + deleteCost(source<sub>i</sub>));
return d[n, m];
```

source j

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

Create matrix d [n, m];

•	<i>J</i>					
	3	t				
	2	O				
	1	S				
	0	#	S	t	О	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

$$d[0,0] = 0;$$

 $d[0,1] = 1; ...; d[0,m] = m;$
 $d[1,0] = 1; ...; d[n,0] = n;$

target_i

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

source	j						
	3	t					
	2	О					
	1	S	0				
	0	#	S	t	О	p	
	#	0	1	2	3	4	
<u> </u>							⇒ target

$$i=1$$
 $j=1$

$$d[1,1] = min \begin{cases} d[0,1] + insert(t[1]) = 2 \\ d[0,0] + substitute(s[1],t[1]) = 0 \\ d[1,0] + delete(s[1]) = 2 \end{cases} = 0$$

source;

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

<i>J</i>						
3	t					
2	О	1				
1	S	0				
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
						→ target

$$i=1 j=2$$

$$d[1,2] = min \begin{cases} d[0,2] + insert(t[1]) = 3 \\ d[0,1] + substitute(s[2],t[1]) = 3 \\ d[1,1] + delete(s[2]) = 1 \end{cases} = 1$$

source ;

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

<i>J</i>						
3	t	2				
2	О	1				
1	S	0				
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
						targe targe

$$i=1 j=3$$

$$d[1,3] = min \begin{cases} d[0,3] + insert(t[1]) = 4 \\ d[0,2] + substitute(s[3],t[1]) = 4 \\ d[1,2] + delete(s[3]) = 2 \end{cases} = 2$$

source;

ı

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

J						
3	t	2				
2	О	1				
1	S	0	1			
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
		•	<u> </u>	•	•	→ targe

$$i=2 j=1$$

$$d[2,1] = min \begin{cases} d[1,1] + insert(t[2]) = 1 \\ d[1,0] + substitute(s[1],t[2]) = 3 \\ d[2,0] + delete(s[1]) = 3 \end{cases} = 1$$

source ;

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

<i>)</i>	Ī	1	Ī	r	ſ	
3	t	2				
2	О	1	2			
1	S	0	1			
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
		•	•	•	•	─ targe

$$i=2$$
 $j=2$

$$d[2,2] = min \begin{cases} d[1,2] + insert(t[2]) = 2 \\ d[1,1] + substitute(s[2],t[2]) = 2 \\ d[2,1] + delete(s[2]) = 2 \end{cases} = 2$$

source;

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

<i>J</i>						
3	t	2	1			
2	О	1	2			
1	S	0	1			
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
	•		•		•	⇒ targe

$$i=2 j=3$$

$$d[2,3] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[1,3] + insert(t[2]) = 3 \\ d[1,2] + substitute(s[3],t[2]) = 1 \\ d[2,2] + delete(s[3]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

source ;

o t

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

Create matrix d [n, m];

_	J					
	3	t	2	1		
	2	O	1	2		
	1	S	0	1	2	
	0	#	S	t	O	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

 \rightarrow target_i

$$i=3 j=1$$

$$d[3,1] = min \begin{cases} d[2,1] + insert(t[3]) = 2 \\ d[2,0] + substitute(s[1],t[3]) = 4 \\ d[3,0] + delete(s[1]) = 4 \end{cases} = 2$$

source ;

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

<i>J</i>						
3	t	2	1			
2	o	1	2	1		
1	S	0	1	2		
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
			•		•	→ target

$$i=3 j=2$$

$$d[3,2] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[2,2] + insert(t[3]) = 3 \\ d[2,1] + substitute(s[2],t[3]) = 1 \\ d[3,1] + delete(s[2]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

source j

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

<i>,</i>	1					
3	t	2	1	2		
2	О	1	2	1		
1	S	0	1	2		
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
		•	•			→ target

$$i=3$$
 $j=3$

$$d[3,3] = min \begin{cases} d[2,3] + insert(t[3]) = 2 \\ d[2,2] + substitute(s[3],t[3]) = 4 \\ d[3,2] + delete(s[3]) = 2 \end{cases} = 2$$

source j

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

<i>J</i>			Ţ			
3	t	2	1	2		
2	О	1	2	1		
1	S	0	1	2	3	
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
						target

$$i=4$$
 $j=1$

$$d[4,1] = min \begin{cases} d[3,1] + insert(t[4]) = 3 \\ d[3,0] + substitute(s[1],t[4]) = 5 \\ d[4,0] + delete(s[1]) = 5 \end{cases} = 3$$

source j

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

·						1
3	t	2	1	2		
2	О	1	2	1	2	
1	S	0	1	2	3	
0	#	S	t	О	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	
						•target

$$i=4$$
 $j=2$

$$d[4,2] = min \begin{cases} d[3,2] + insert(t[4]) = 2 \\ d[3,1] + substitute(s[2],t[4]) = 4 \\ d[4,1] + delete(s[2]) = 4 \end{cases} = 2$$

 $\mathsf{source}_{\,j}$

source: s o t

target: s t o p

n = length (target) = 4

m = length (source) = 3

Create matrix d [n, m];

▲.	J					
	3	t	2	1	2	3
	2	O	1	2	1	2
	1	S	0	1	2	3
	0	#	S	t	O	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

⁺target;

$$i=4$$
 $j=3$

$$d[4,3] = min \begin{cases} d[3,3] + insert(t[4]) = 3 \\ d[3,2] + substitute(s[3],t[4]) = 3 \\ d[4,2] + delete(s[3]) = 3 \end{cases} = 3$$

```
s o t 编辑操作①
s t o t (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分)
s t o p (2. t替换p, 2分, 累计3分)
```

```
s o t 编辑操作③
s t o t (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分)
s t o p t (2. 插入p, 1分, 累计2分)
s t o p <sup>+</sup> (3. 删除t, 1分, 累计3分)
```

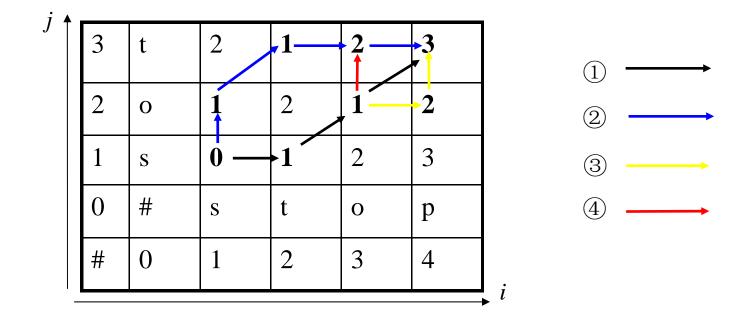
```
sot 编辑操作②

s t (1. 删除o, 1分, 累计1分)

s t o (2. 插入o, 1分, 累计2分)

s t o p (3. 插入p, 1分, 累计3分)
```

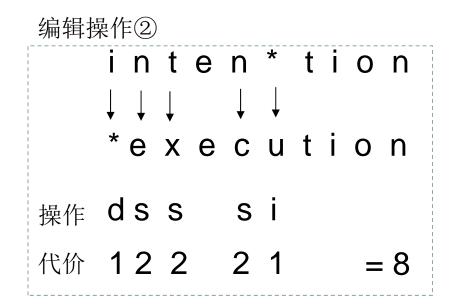
```
s t o t 编辑操作④
s t o t (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分)
s t o ↓ (2. 删除t, 1分, 累计2分)
s t o p (3. 插入p, 1分, 累计3分)
```



最小编辑距离计算练习

intention → execution

编辑操作① intention ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ execution 操作 ssss 代价 2 2 2 2 = 10



s: 替换操作 d: 删除操作 i: 插入操作

最小编辑距离计算练习

source

n	9									
0	8									
i	7									
t	6									
n	5									
е	4									
t	3									
n	2									
i	1									
#	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	#	е	X	е	С	u	t	i	0	n

target

最小编辑距离计算练习

source

n	9	8	9	10	11	12	11	10	9	8
0	8	7	8	9	10	11	10	9	8	9
i	7	6	7	8	9	10	9	8	9	10
t	6	5	6	7	8	9	8	9	10	11
n	5	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	10
е	4	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	9
t	3	4	5	6	7	8	7	8	9	8
n	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	7	8	7
i	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	7	8
#	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	#	е	X	е	С	u	t	i	0	n

target

参考文献

 Daniel Jurafsky & James H. Martin, 2000, Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition, Chapter 5, section 5.6, pp153-156, Prentice-Hall Inc..