ICT & Infra S3 Supporting Services and Monitoring week 13

Class:	CB01
Student number:	4961854
Student name:	Heiko Morales

Introduction

Introduce basic monitoring using Prometheus so you may apply new skills.

Goals:

- Instrument an application using Prometheus
- Visualize data using Grafana

Please note that there are no strict requirements or recommendations on which platform you should run the components in this assignment. You can choose any OS and use Docker, if you find it more convenient.

Assignment 1. Setting up and Running Prometheus and Grafana

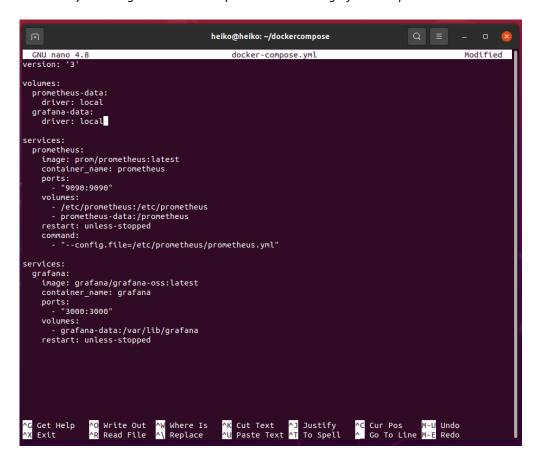
Difficulty: $\star\star\star\star\star$.

- 1. Visit the Prometheus website and download the most recent version of Prometheus for your OS. You might, for instance, consider running it not on your Windows laptop, but on a Linux EC2 in AWS, or <u>in a Docker</u>
 - a. These instructions <u>here</u> that were used in the demo are for Windows only, and they might be a bit outdated and incomplete, compared with the official manual
- 2. Run Prometheus with default config, explore startup log and then explore the Prometheus UI
 - a. Check Prometheus' own metrics at http://localhost:9090/metrics
 - b. Browse to the UI at http://localhost:9090 and check the Status pages:
 - Configuration
 - Targets
 - Service Discovery
- 3. Explore metrics for Linux servers and a batch processing app
 - a. The Batch application used in the demo is located here
 - b. Follow the instructions, used in the demo and provide the proofs below
- 4. Run one more instance of the batch processing app on a different host and reconfigure the Prometheus so that it scrapes data from that instance as well. Provide the new configuration file below, as well as updated list of targets from UI.
- 5. Install Grafana (or sign up for Grafana Cloud) and get it connected to your Prometheus server
 - a. explore the metrics and create a dashboard showing the metrics from your batch apps and the overall health of the systems you monitor

Provide below the explanations and the screenshots and upload the file to Canvas.

6 1		
Solution:		
Join Com.		

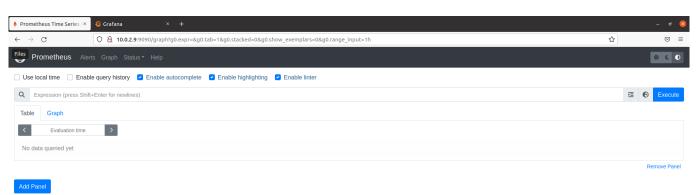
We start by installing the two most important containers grafana and prometheus.

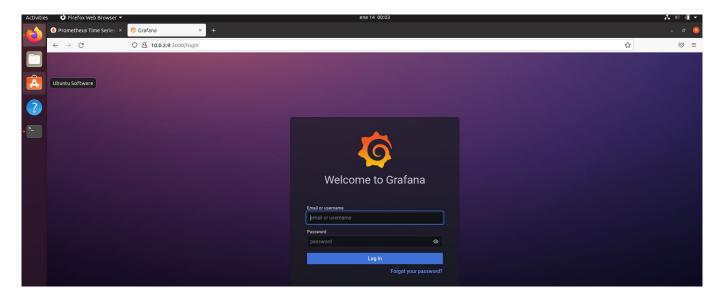


We install these in docker and see if they have been created

```
mpose$ sudo docker ps
                                                           COMMAND
CONTAINER ID
                   IMAGE
                                                                                             CREATED
                                                                                                                         STATUS
                                                                                                                                                    PORTS
                            NAMES
6c85648bf08b prom/prometheus:latest
:::9090->9090/tcp prometheus
b8a5de12cfbe grafana/grafana-oss:latest
:::3000->3000/tcp grafana
                                                           "/bin/prometheus --c..."
                                                                                            19 seconds ago
                                                                                                                         Up 18 seconds
                                                                                                                                                    0.0.0.0:9090->9090/tcp.
                                                          "/run.sh"
                                                                                             About a minute ago
                                                                                                                         Up About a minute
                                                                                                                                                    0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp,
```

once created we can see if the web pages are deployed





Later we will go to the targets and we will see how only the localhost is monitored



We install the node exporter and cadvisor systems in docker compose. the first will provide us with data about the server hardware and the second with data about the docker containers.

```
node_exporter:
  image: quay.io/prometheus/node-exporter:latest
  container_name: node_exporter
  command:
    - '--path.rootfs=/host'
  pid: host
  restart: unless-stopped
  volumes:
    - '/:/host:ro,rslave'
cadvisor:
  image: google/cadvisor:latest
  container_name: cadvisor
  volumes:
    - '/:/rootfs:ro'
    - '/var/run:/var/run:ro'
    - '/sys:/sys:ro'
    - '/var/lib/docker/:/var/lib/docker:ro'
    - '/dev/disk/:/dev/disk:ro'
  devices:

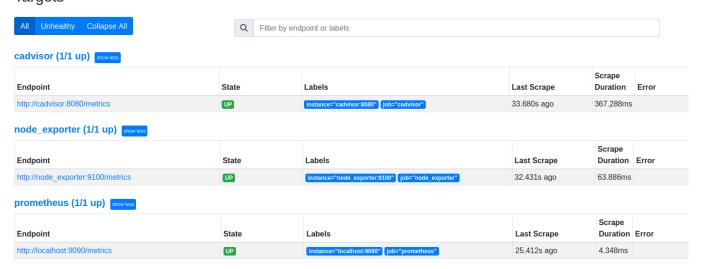
    /dev/kmsg
```

Next, in the Prometheus configuration, let's add the two new systems just implemented.

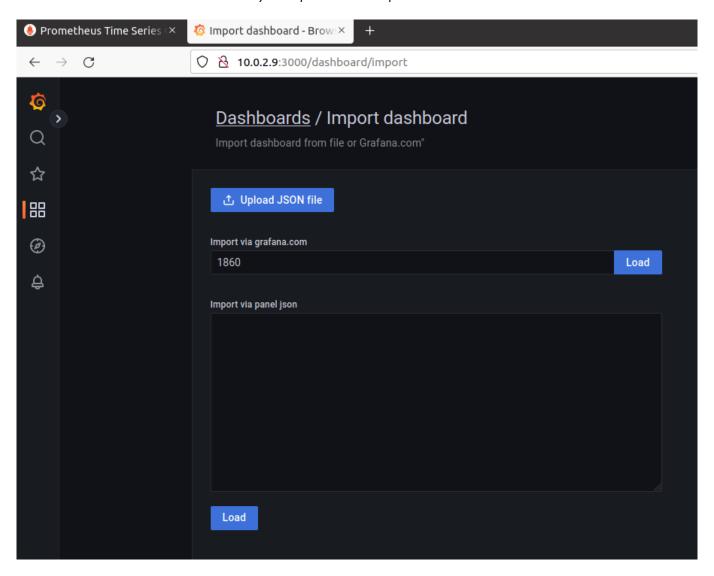
```
F
                                                         heiko@heiko: ~/dockercompose
 GNU nano 4.8
                                                        /etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml
global:
 scrape_interval:
                        15s # By default, scrape targets every 15 seconds.
scrape configs:
 # The job name is added as a label `job=<job_name>` to any timeseries scraped from this config.
 - job_name: 'prometheus'
# Override the global default and scrape targets from this job every 5 seconds.
   scrape_interval: 5s
   static_configs:
      targets: ['localhost:9090']
  job_name: 'node_exporter'
    static_configs:
      - targets: ['node_exporter:9100']
  - job_name: 'cadvisor'
   static_configs:
      targets: ['cadvisor:8080']
```

and as we see in the targets we are already monitoring more endpoints

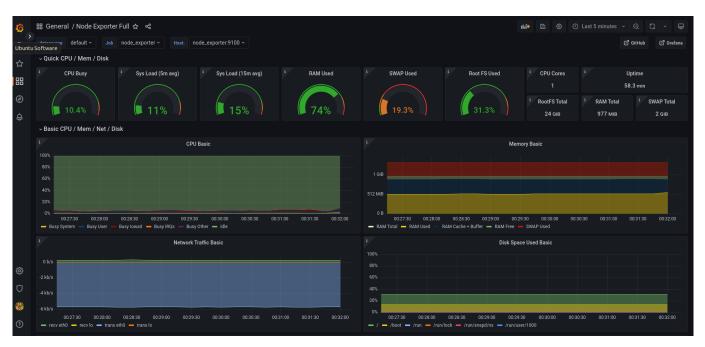
Targets



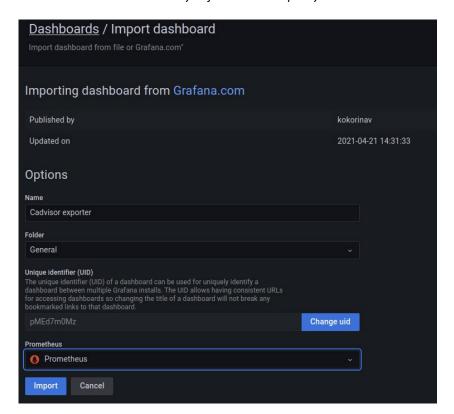
now to visualize the data in a more visual way we import the node exporter dashboard



And we are already monitoring all the hardware of the device.



now to monitor the containers you just have to import your dashboard



and we already have available all the monitoring of the exposed services / containers.

