

```

/*
    CE2812 Lab 2
    Knight Rider LEDs in C
    Evan Heinrich
    12/10/2021
*/

#include "registers.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "uart_driver.h"
#include "LED.h"
#include "delay.h"

#define F_CPU 16000000UL
#define MOTION 50

// main
int main(void){
    // Initialize required libraries
    init_usart2(57600,F_CPU);
    delay_Init();
    LED_Init();

    // Infinite loop
    while(1==1) {
        // Starting position
        int light = 1;

        // Shift left loop
        for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
            int shifted = light << i;
            LED_PrintNum(shifted);
            delay_ms(MOTION);
        }

        // Light shifted all the way to the left
        light = 1 << 9;

        // Shift right loop
        for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
            int shifted = light >> i;
            LED_PrintNum(shifted);
            delay_ms(MOTION);
        }
    }

    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);

    return 0;
}

```

```

/*
    CE2812
    Delay code
    Evan Heinrich
    Created Lab2
    Note: Uses TIM2 prescaled to 1kHz
*/

#include "registers.h"
#include <inttypes.h>
void delay_Init() {
    // Initialize Variables
    volatile uint32_t* addr = 0;
    volatile uint32_t contents = 0;
    volatile uint32_t mask = 0;

    // Enable TIM2 in APB1ENR
    addr = (uint32_t*)RCC_APB1ENR;           // Set target address
    mask = 1 << 0;                             // Set mask
    contents = *addr | mask; // Read & modify
    *addr = contents;                          // Write

    // Set TIM2 CR configurations
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_CR1;               // Set target address
    mask = (1<<3)|(1<<4);                     // Set mask for one-pulse and count down
    contents = *addr | mask; // Read & modify
    *addr = contents;                          // Write

    // Set TIM2 prescale (no RMW needed)
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_PSC;               // Set target address
    *addr = 16000;                            // Set prescale to 16kHz

    // Prescale fix
    // Forces an event to be generated and then
    // clears it right away which tricks the timer
    // into applying the prescale somehow
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_EGR;
    *addr = 1;
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_SR;
    *addr &= ~(1);

    return;
}

```

```

void delay_ms(uint32_t delay) {
    // Initialize Variables
    volatile uint32_t* addr = 0;
    volatile uint32_t contents = 0;
    volatile uint32_t mask = 0;

    // Assert counting is not enabled
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_CR1;      // Set target address
    mask = ~(1<<0);                  // Set mask to clear CEN
    contents = *addr & mask;          // Read & modify
    *addr = contents;                 // Write

    // Write the desired count (no RMW necessary)
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_CNT;      // Set target address
    *addr = delay;                    // Write desired delay

    // Enable count
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_CR1;      // Set target address
    mask = (1<<0);                    // Set mask
    contents = *addr | mask;          // Read & modify
    *addr = contents;                 // Write

    // Busy loop
    addr = (uint32_t*)TIM2_CR1;
    mask = (1<<0);
    contents = *addr & mask;

    while(contents != 0) {
        contents = *addr & mask;
    }

    return;
}

```

```

/*
    CE2812
    LED Driver
    Evan Heinrich
    Created Lab2
    Displays a 10-bit number on the LEDs on the MSOE Devboard
*/

#include "registers.h"
#include <inttypes.h>
void LED_Init() {
    // Initialize Variables
    volatile uint32_t* addr = 0;
    volatile uint32_t mask = 0;

    // Enable GPIOB in AHB1
    addr = (uint32_t*) RCC_AHB1ENR; // Set target address
    mask = 1<<1; // Set mask to enable GPIOB
    *addr |= mask; // Slick read modify write

    // Set pins PB5-PB15 (skip PB11) as outputs
    addr = (uint32_t*) GPIOB_MODER; // Set target address
    mask = 0x55155400; // Mask to set appropriate pins
    *addr |= mask; // RMW

    return;
}

void LED_PrintNum(uint32_t num) {
    // Initialize Variables
    volatile uint32_t* addr = 0;

    // Split the argument because PB11 is skipped
    uint32_t temp = num & (1023);

    // Upper 4 bits
    uint32_t upper = temp & 960;

    // Lower 6 bits
    uint32_t lower = temp & 63;

    // Value to be displayed with PB11 skipped
    uint32_t output = ((upper << 1) | lower) << 5;

    // Clear LEDs via BSRR
    addr = (uint32_t*)GPIOB_BSRR;
    *addr = 0xFFFF0000;

    *addr = output;
    return;
}

```

```
/*
    CE2812
    Register addresses for our NODE F446RE boards
    Evan Heinrich
    NOTE: Running list of all registers used, updated as new
    peripherals are used
*/
```

```
#ifndef REG_LIST_ALIVE
#define REG_LIST_ALIVE 1

#define RCC_APB1ENR 0x40023840
#define RCC_AHB1ENR 0x40023830
#define TIM2_CR1 0x40000000
#define TIM2_PSC 0x40000028
#define TIM2_CNT 0x40000024
#define TIM2_EGR 0x40000014
#define TIM2_SR 0x40000010
#define TIM2_ARR 0x4000002C
#define GPIOB_MODER 0x40020400
#define GPIOB_ODR 0x40020414
#define GPIOB_BSRR 0x40020418
```

```
#endif
```

```
/*
    CE2812
    LED Header
    Evan Heinrich
    Created Lab2
*/
```

```
#ifndef LED_DRIVER_ALIVE
#define LED_DRIVER_ALIVE 1

void LED_Init();

void LED_PrintNum(uint32_t);

#endif
```

```
/*
    CE2812
    Delay header
    Evan Heinrich
    Created Lab2
*/
```

```
#ifndef DELAY_DRIVER_ALIVE
#define DELAY_DRIVER_ALIVE 1

void delay_Init();

void delay_ms(uint32_t);

#endif
```