The Cycle and Lexical Phonology (sketch)

Jeffrey Heinz

March 1, 2021

Words from Icelandic and Catalan have presented cases that appear to show rule-ordering paradoxes (Kenstowicz, 1994).

Catalan

	'grind'	'sell'
3sg.	mol	ben
2sg.	$\operatorname{mol-s}$	ben-s
1sg.	mol-k	bεŋ
3sg. past	mul-íə	ben-íə

★ Provide a rule-ordering account of the above.

Now consider the forms below. Note that the underlying form of 'twenty' is assumed to be /bint/.

bint-á	'twentieth'	
bin	'twenty'	
bim pans	'twenty breads'	
bin kaps	'twenty heads'	

★ What does this data say about the ordering of the rules you provided?

Icelandic

Icelandic has a processes of [u]-epenthesis

dag+ur	'day m.nom.sg.'	bæ+r	'farm m.nom.sg.'
tek+ur	'take 2/3sg.pres.ind.'	$næ+r(\eth)$	'reach 2/3sg.pres.ind.'

It also has a process of j-deletion.

bylj+ar	'snowstorm gen.sg.'	krefj+i	'request 2pl.'
bylj+ir	'snowstorm nom.pl.'	krefj+a	'request 3pl.'
bylj+i	'snowstorm acc.pl.'	krefj+um	'request 1pl.'
bylj+a	'snowstorm dat.pl.'	kref	'request 1sg.'
bylj+um	'snowstorm dat.pl.'	kref+ur	'request 2/3sg.'
byl	'snowstorm acc.sg.'		
byl+s	'snowstorm gen.sg.'		
byl+ur	'snowstrom nom.sg.'		

★ What kind of relationship (interaction/ordering) are these two processes in?

Icelandic also exhibits a process of u-umlaut.

barn	'child'	börn-um	dat.pl.
svangt	'hungry'	svöng-u	dat.sg.
kall-a	'I call'	köll-um	'we call'

The data below suggests how u-umlaut interacts with u-epenthesis.

/harð+um/ /kalla+um	hörðum köllum	'hard dat.pl.' 'call 1sg.'
/saga+ur/ /dag+r/	sögur dagur	'sagas nom.pl.' 'day nom.sg.'

★ How do the two processes interact?

There is also a syncope process in Icelandic. While this process applies before case and derivational endings, it does not before the enclitic articles -inn and -ið.

	'hammer'	'acre'	'head'	'day'		'place'
nom.sg. dat.sg. inf.	hamar hamr+i hamr+a	akur akr+i	höfuð höfð+i	dag+ur dag+r+i	fóður fóðr+i fóðr+a	
def.nom.sg. dat.pl. def.data.sg.	hamar#inn	akur#inn ökr+um	höfuð#ið	dag+ur#inn	fóður#ið	stað#num

[★] Now what does the analysis look like?

References

Kenstowicz, Michael. 1994. Phonology in Generative Grammar. Blackwell Publishers.