



SHACL Workshop

November 12, 2025

Aas, Norway

DigiPass
Know Your Products!

**Harmonization of Advanced Materials
Ecosystems serving strategic Innovation
Markets to pave the way to a
Digital Materials & Product Passport**

Know Your Products!

COORDINATION AND KNOWLEDGE SHARING ACROSS MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT COMMUNITIES (CSA):

DigiPass CSA project has been funded by the European Commission for the programme HORIZON-CL4-2023-RESILIENCE-01, Grant Agreement No 101138510
WIKKI LIMITED, UK participant in Horizon Europe Project DigiPass, is supported by UKRI grant number 10100819: DigiPass



Why



read

write

transfer

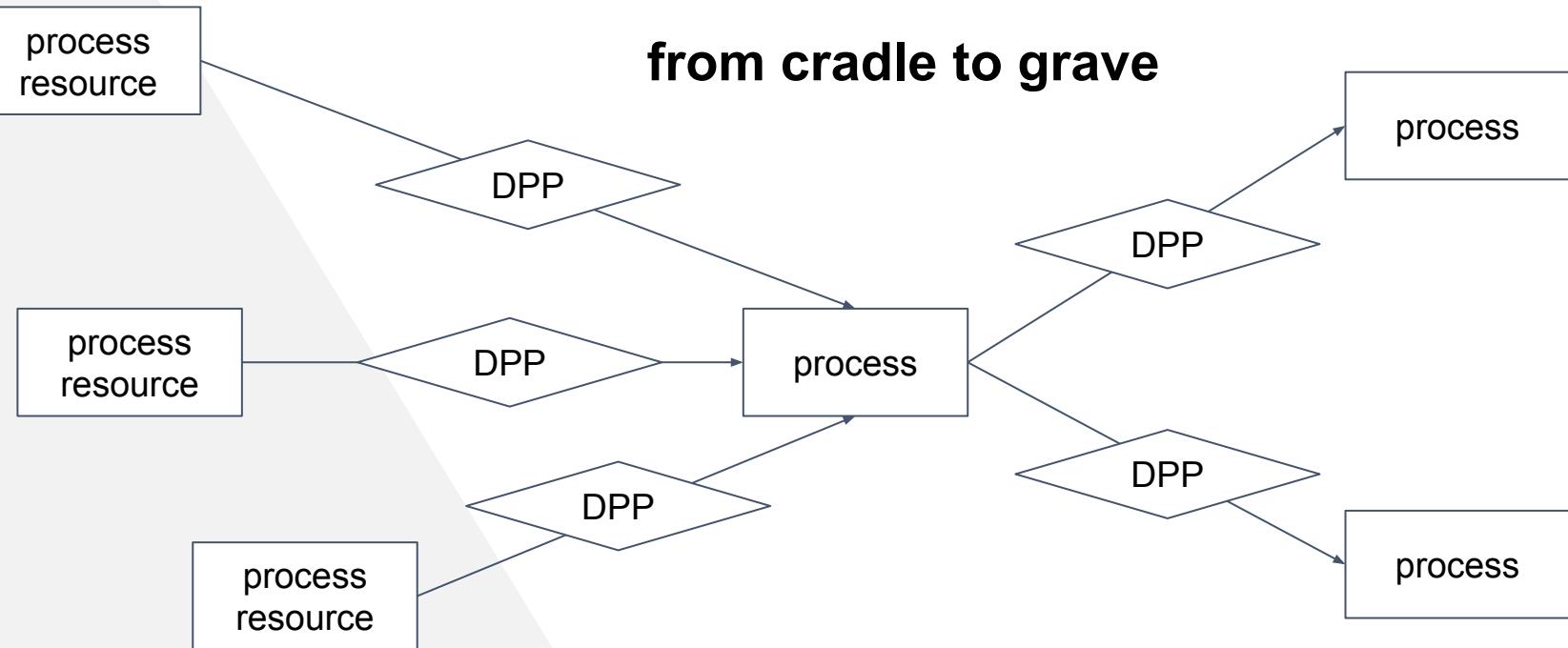
store

check

validate



Process network/chaining → DPP network/chaining



Data handling is the backbone of any platform

computer readable → interoperability

DPPs are linked data sets



Language independent

IRI

International Resource Identifiers

<https://www.example.com/exit>

出口

Chūkōu

出口

出口

thon sgø

keluar

keluar

dalje

dalje

puka

puka

Ausgang

sortie

uscita

kijárat

Program

- Basics -- RDF
- What is SHACL
- SHACL Components
- SHACL example with focus on generating a GUI form
- Quick presentation of exercises
- Useful links



RDF (Resource Definition Framework)

- based on triples **Subject Predicate Object** -- small sentences
- form graphs
 - nodes: subjects and objects
 - arcs: predicates

desirable:

all elements are linked to IRIs,
thus implementing a ontology-domain-specific language

What is SHACL

SHACL stands for **SHApe Constraint Language**.

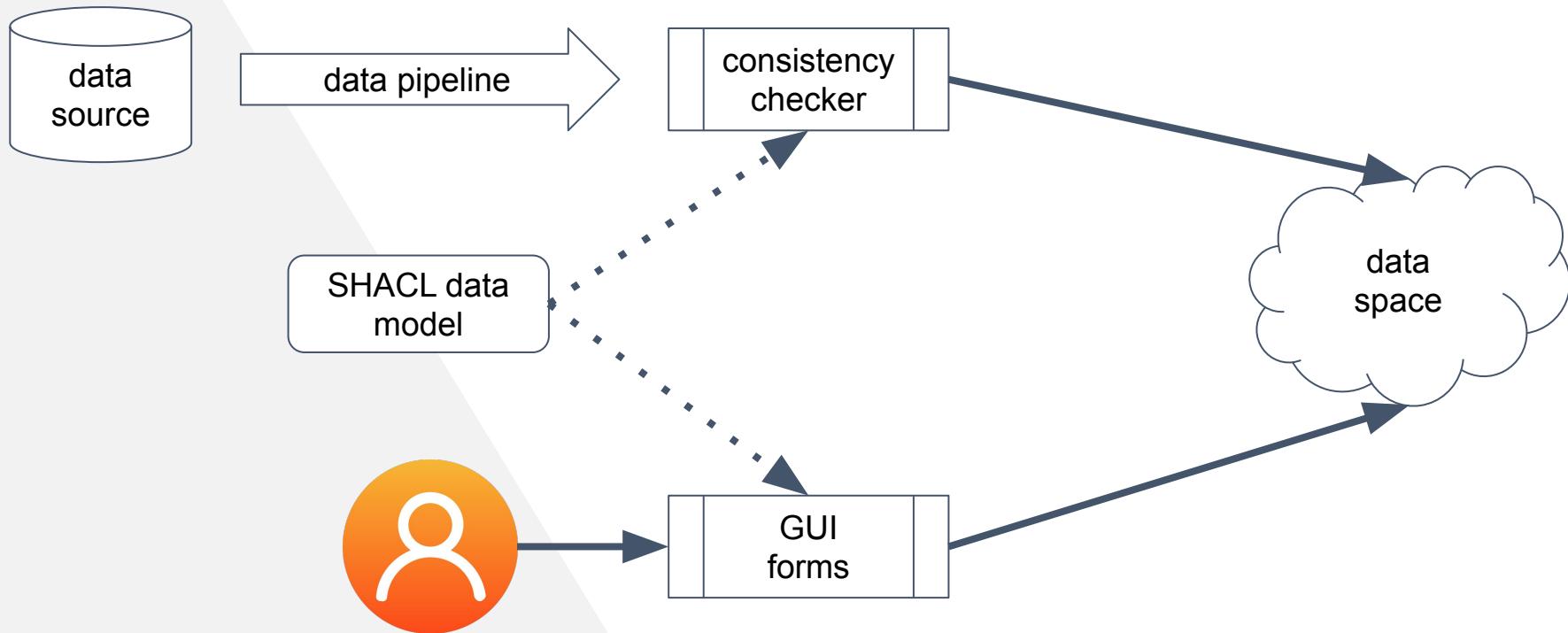
SHACL is designed to describe data models including data type and constraints

SHACL was designed for checking the consistency of data with the data model.

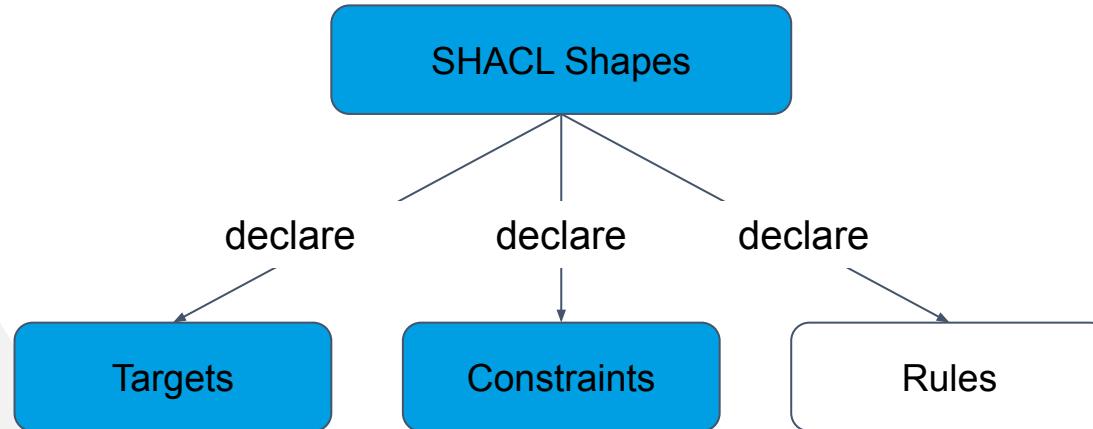
SHACL ensures conformance of RDF data to a defined schema (model) *.

*TopQuadrant -- vocabulary inspired by IBM resource shapes -- architecture & rules inspired by SPIN -- syntax inspired by ShEx

Model for checking → model for GUI input forms



SHACL components



target data to
conform to model

how data looks

infer on existing
data

*TopQuadrant

A SHACL model is a **shapes graph**.

A **node shape** captures the characteristics of a specific shapes graph node.

A **property shape** captures the characteristic and constraints of focus graph nodes that are reached via a

- a path -- sh:path: ex:parent
- inverse path -- sh:path: [sh:inversePath ex:parent]
- sequence of paths -- sh:path: (ex:parent ex:firstName)
- alternative paths -- sh:alternativePath (ex:pathA | ex:pathB)

Constraint Type	Constraints Component	Node Shape	Property Shape
Value Type	<code>class</code> , <code>datatype</code> , <code>nodeKind</code> , <code>targetClass</code>	yes	yes
Cardinality	<code>minCount</code> , <code>maxCount</code>	no	yes
Values	<code>node</code> , <code>in</code> , <code>hasValue</code> , <code>path</code>	yes	yes
Value Range	<code>minInclusive</code> , <code>maxInclusive</code> , <code>minExclusive</code> , <code>maxExclusive</code>	no	yes
String-based	<code>minLength</code> , <code>maxLength</code> , <code>pattern</code> , <code>languageIn</code> , <code>uniqueLang</code>	yes	yes
Property Pair Constraints	<code>equals</code> , <code>disjoint</code> , <code>lessThan</code> , <code>lessThanOrEquals</code>	no	yes
Logical Constraints	<code>not</code> , <code>and</code> , <code>or</code> , <code>xone</code>	yes	yes
Qualified Shapes	<code>qualifiedValueShape</code> , <code>qualifiedMinCount</code> , <code>qualifiedMaxCount</code>	no	yes
Closed Shapes	<code>closed</code> , <code>ignoredProperties</code>	yes	no
Non-validating Constraints	<code>name</code> , <code>value</code> , <code>defaultValue</code>	yes	yes

SHACL example with focus of generating GUI

```
# define prefixes to improve readability
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/> .
@prefix sh:     <http://www.w3.org/ns/shacl#> .
@prefix xsd:    <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .

# define root shape with the identifier PersonShape
ex:PersonShape a sh:NodeShape ;
  sh:targetClass ex:Person ;
  sh:property [
    sh:name "first name" ;
    sh:path ex:firstName ;
    sh:minCount 1 ;
    sh:datatype xsd:string ;
  ] ;
  sh:property[
    sh:name "last name" ;
    sh:path ex:lastName ;
    sh:minCount 1 ;
    sh:maxCount 1 ;
    sh:datatype xsd:string ;
    sh:maxLength 20] .
```

Retrofitted example from TopQuadrant

```
# define prefixes to improve readability
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/> .
@prefix sh: <http://www.w3.org/ns/shacl#> .
@prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .

# define root shape with the identifier PersonShape
ex:PersonShape a sh:NodeShape ;
    sh:targetClass ex:Person ;
    sh:pattern "^.+http://mydomain.com/person/" ;
    sh:property ex:Person-first-name ; # add property node for first name
    sh:property ex:Person-last-name . # add property node for last name

ex:Person-first-name # property node for first name
    sh:name "first name" ;
    sh:path ex:firstName ;
    sh:minCount 1 ;
    sh:datatype xsd:string . # prompt "first name"
                                # applies to all instances of "firstName" in class "Person"
                                # minimal number of first names == 1
                                # data type == string

ex:Person-last-name # property node for last name
    sh:name "last name" ;
    sh:path ex:lastName ;
    sh:minCount 1 ;
    sh:maxCount 1 ;
    sh:datatype xsd:string ;
    sh:maxLength 20 . # prompt "last name"
                      # applies to all instances of "lastName" in class "Person"
                      # minimal number of last name == 1
                      # maximal number of last name == 1
                      # data type == string
                      # maximal number of characters == 20
```

Quick view on exercises



Workflow

1. Download the exercises as a zip file and unpack it in a suitable location
2. In your favourite browser manoeuvre to the location:
<https://ulb-darmstadt.github.io/shacl-form/#try-your-own>
3. Open your favourite text editor
4. Load in exercise_person_given_name_using_schema.txt
5. Select all and paste into the left widget in the Darmstadt playground
6. Selecting the middle widget shows the form.
7. Try to fill the form. If successful, the result shows in the right widget.
8. You can choose to export the result, which yields a ttl file with the data model.





Person exercise

Download zip file via my webpage:

<https://preisig.folk.ntnu.no>

or via my github

<https://github.com/heinz-preisig/Dissemination/blob/master/README.md>

The exercises contain some tips attached to the posed question.

Some reading is required.

Useful links

Main documents

[**SHACL W3C document**](#) The primary SHACL document

[**SHACL Advanced Features**](#)

[**SHACL core**](#) Newest language definition document

[**SHACL Compact Syntax**](#) syntax in ANTLR format

[**RDF11-concepts**](#) RDF base document

[**RDF 1.1 Turtle**](#) The primary Turtle document

[**SCHEMA ontology**](#) A handy ontology for various purposes

[**Regular Expressions**](#) regular expressions



Information on SHACL

[**SHACL slides**](#) TopQuadrant SHACL overview

[**SHACL Wikipedia**](#) English WikiPedia entry for SHACL

[**SHACL slides**](#) Swiss Personalized Health Network

[**SHACL slides**](#) Linköping University

[**SHACL slides**](#) Czech technical University -- RDF validation shows shape and data graph

[**SHACL slides**](#) SHACL by example

[**Book**](#) Validating RDF Data

[**A different SHACL Wiki**](#) Uses a software tool Logseq forming a knowledge graph



GUI form generation DASH

[DASH Data Shapes](#) Root webpage

Software

[pySHACL](#) A Python validator for SHACL

Relation to Graph Databases

[neo4j](#) Validating Neo4j graphs against SHACL



Videos

[TopQuadrant](#) Part 1

[TopQuadrant](#) Part 2

[Video](#) Validation example 1

[Video](#) Validation example 2

Cheat sheet

[cheat sheet](#) The only cheat sheet found





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