

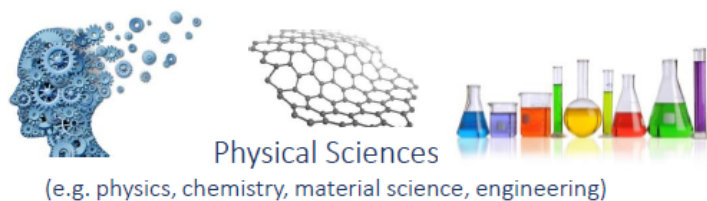
European Materials Modelling Ontology

VERSION 0.9.9

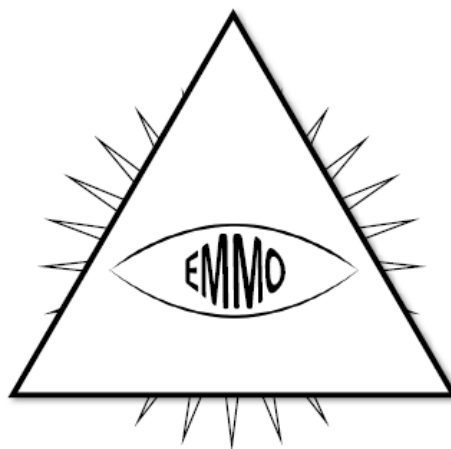
European Materials Modelling Council (EMMC)



May 28, 2019



Analytical Philosophy
(e.g. mereotopology, semiotics, logic)



Information and Communication
Technologies
(e.g. reasoners, platforms, formats)

Abstract

EMMO is an ontology that is created by the European Materials Modelling Council (EMMC) to provide a formal way to describe the fundamental concepts of physics, chemistry and materials science. EMMO is designed to pave the road for semantic interoperability providing a generic common ground for describing materials, models and data that can be adapted by all domains.

It is a representational framework of predefined classes and axioms (ontology) provided by experts (EMMC) that enables end users (industry, research, academy) to represent real life physical entities (materials, devices), models and properties using ontological signs (individuals) in a standard way to facilitate interactions and exchanges (data, software, knowledge) between all involved material modelling and characterization communities and stakeholders.

Keywords: EMMO, materials science, modelling, characterisation, materials, ontology

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Contents

1	Introduction	6
	What is an ontology	7
	Primitive elements in EMMO	8
	Individuals	8
	Classes	8
	Axioms	9
	Theoretical foundations	9
	Semiotics	9
	Set theory	9
	Mereology	9
	Topology	9
	Metrology	10
	Description logic	10
	EMMO Structure	13
	EMMO Core	13
	EMMO Materials	14
	EMMO Semiotics	14
	EMMO Formal languages	15
	EMMO Data formats	15
	EMMO Math	15
	EMMO Properties	15
	EMMO Models	15
	EMMO Characterisation	15
	How to read this document	15
	Annotations	15
	Graphs	15
2	EMMO relations	17
	relation branch	18
	relation	18
	active_relation	18
	passive_relation	18
	encloses branch	19
	encloses	19
	has_part	19
	has_spatial_part	19
	has_spatial_proper_part	20
	has_spatial_direct_part	20
	has_temporal_part	20
	has_temporal_proper_part	20
	has_temporal_direct_part	21
	has_proper_part	21
	has_spatial_proper_part	21
	has_spatial_direct_part	21

has_temporal_proper_part	21
has_temporal_direct_part	22
has_spacetime_direct_part	22
has_proper_participant	22
has_participant	22
has_proper_participant	23
has_subdimension	23
has_time_slice	23
has_projection	23
has_space_slice	23
has_sign branch	24
has_sign	24
has_index	24
has_icon	24
has_model	25
has_convention	25
is_value_for	25
has_property	25
has_member branch	25
has_member	25
is_enclosed_by branch	26
is_enclosed_by	26
is_part_of	27
is_proper_part_of	27
is_temporal_proper_part_of	27
is_temporal_direct_part_of	28
is_spatial_proper_part	28
is_spatial_direct_part_of	28
is_spacetime_direct_part_of	28
is_proper_participant	29
is_spatial_part_of	29
is_spatial_proper_part	29
is_spatial_direct_part_of	29
is_temporal_part_of	30
is_temporal_proper_part_of	30
is_temporal_direct_part_of	30
is_participant_of	30
is_proper_participant	30
is_subdimension_of	31
is_space_slice_of	31
is_projection_of	31
is_time_slice_of	31
stands_for branch	32
stands_for	32
is_convention_for	32
has_value	32
is_property_for	32
is_index_of	33
is_icon_of	33
is_model_for	33
is_member_of branch	33
is_member_of	33

3 EMMO classes	34
emmo branch	34
emmo	34
set	34

item	38
space	38
line	40
surface	42
point	44
volume	46
hybrid	47
world_sheet	48
world_volume	50
world_line	52
time	53
interval	55
instant	57
spacetime branch	59
spacetime	60
void	60
physical branch	62
physical	62
existent	64
vacuum	65
matter	66
electron_cloud	66
molecule	66
nucleon	67
proton	68
neutron	68
atom	68
standalone_atom	69
neutral_atom	69
ion_atom	70
e-bonded_atom	70
nucleus	71
state branch	71
state	71
mesoscopic	73
molecule	73
atomic	74
atom	74
standalone_atom	75
neutral_atom	75
ion_atom	76
e-bonded_atom	76
subatomic	77
electron_cloud	77
nucleon	78
proton	78
neutron	78
nucleus	79
continuum	79
fluid	80
solid	80
elementary branch	81
elementary	81
massive	82
quark	82
electron	83

massless	83
photon	83
gluon	84
graviton	84
process branch	85
process	85
physical_phenomenon	86
semiosis	86
theorization	87
observation	87
measurement	87
role branch	88
role	88
semiotic_role	89
interpreter	89
observer	90
measurement_instrument	90
object	90
sign branch	91
sign	91
interpretant	92
index	93
conventional	93
variable	94
constant	94
parameter	95
unknown	95
theory	96
physics_equation	96
natural_law	97
physical_law	97
material_law	98
material_relation	98
icon	99
model	99
physics_equation	100
material_relation	100
mathematical_model	101
data_based_model	101
physics_based_model	102
continuum_model	102
mesoscopic_model	103
electronic_model	103
atomistic_model	104
symbolic branch	104
symbolic	105
formed	105
mathematical	106
equation	106
physics_equation	107
material_relation	107
mathematical_model	108
data_based_model	108
physics_based_model	108
continuum_model	109
mesoscopic_model	109

electronic_model	110
atomistic_model	110
quantitative_property	111
physical_quantity	111
measurement_unit	112
descriptive_property	112
symbol	113
math_symbol	113
number	114
variable	114
constant	115
parameter	115
unknown	116
property branch	116
property	116
subjective_property	118
physical_property	118
qualitative_property	119
quantitative_property	119
physical_quantity	120
measurement_unit	120
descriptive_property	121

4 Appendix 122

Chapter 1

Introduction

EMMO is a multidisciplinary effort to develop a standard representational framework (the ontology) based on current materials modelling knowledge, including physical sciences, analytical philosophy and information and communication technologies. This multidisciplinaryity is illustrated by the figure on the title page. It provides the connection between the physical world, materials characterisation world and materials modelling world.

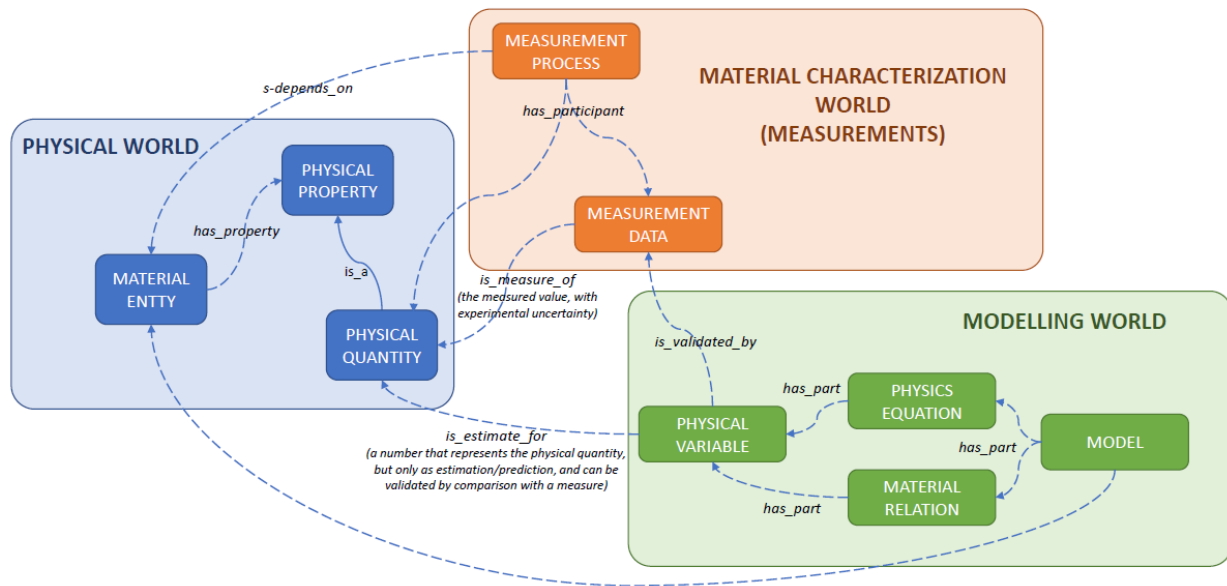


Figure 1.1: EMMO provides the connection between the physical world, materials characterisation world and materials modelling world.

EMMO is based on and is consistent with the [Review of Materials Modelling](#), [CEN Workshop Agreement](#) and [MODA template](#). However, while these efforts are written for humans, EMMO is defined using the [Web Ontology Language \(OWL\)](#), which is machine readable and allows for machine reasoning. In terms of semantic representation, EMMO brings everything to a much higher level.

As illustrated in the figure below, EMMO covers all aspects of materials modelling and characterisation, including:

- the **material** itself, which must be described in a rigorous way
- the **observation process** involving an observer that perceives the real world
- the **properties** that is measured or modelled
- the **physics laws** that describes the material behaviour
- the **physical models** that approximate the physics laws

- the **solver** including the numerical discretisation method that leads to a solvable mathematical representation under certain simplifying assumptions
- the **numerical solver** that performs the calculations
- the **post processing** of experimental or simulated data

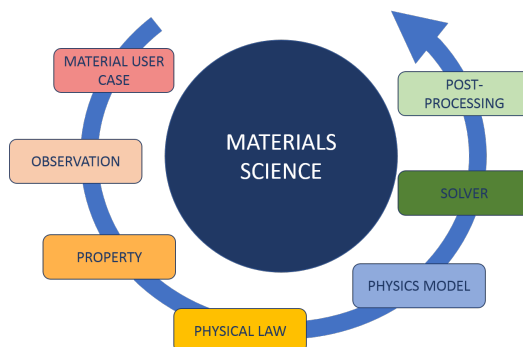


Figure 1.2: The aspects of materials modelling and characterisation covered by EMMO.

What is an ontology

In short, an ontology is a specification of a conceptualization. The word *ontology* has a long history in philosophy, in which it refers to the subject of existence. The so-called [ontological argument](#) for the existence of God was proposed by Anselm of Canterbury in 1078. He defined God as “*that than which nothing greater can be thought*”, and argued that “*if the greatest possible being exists in the mind, it must also exist in reality. If it only exists in the mind, then an even greater being must be possible – one which exists both in the mind and in reality*”. Even though this example has little to do with today's use of ontologies in computer science, it illustrates the basic idea; the ontology defines some basic premises (concepts and relations between them) from which it is possible to reason to gain new knowledge.

For a more elaborated and modern definition of the ontology we refer the reader to the one provided by [Tom Gruber \(2009\)](#). Another useful introduction to ontologies is the paper [Ontology Development 101: A Guide to Creating Your First Ontology](#) by Noy and McGuinness (2001), which is based on the [Protege](#) software, with which EMMO has been developed.

A taxonomy is a hierarchical representation of classes and subclasses connected via **is_a** relations. Hence, it is a subset of the ontology excluding all, but the **is_a** relations. The main use of taxonomies are for classifications. The figure shows a simple example of a taxonomy illustrating a categorisation of four classes into a hierarchy of more higher of levels of generality.

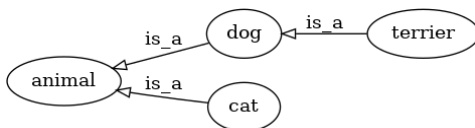


Figure 1.3: Example of a taxonomy.

In EMMO is the taxonomy a rooted directed acyclic graph (DAG). This is an important since many classification methods relies on this property, see e.g. [Valentini \(2014\)](#) and [Robison et al \(2015\)](#). Note, that EMMO is a DAG does not prevent some classes from having more than one parent. A **quantitative_property** is for instance both **formed** and an **objective_property**. See [appendix](#) for the full EMMO taxonomy.

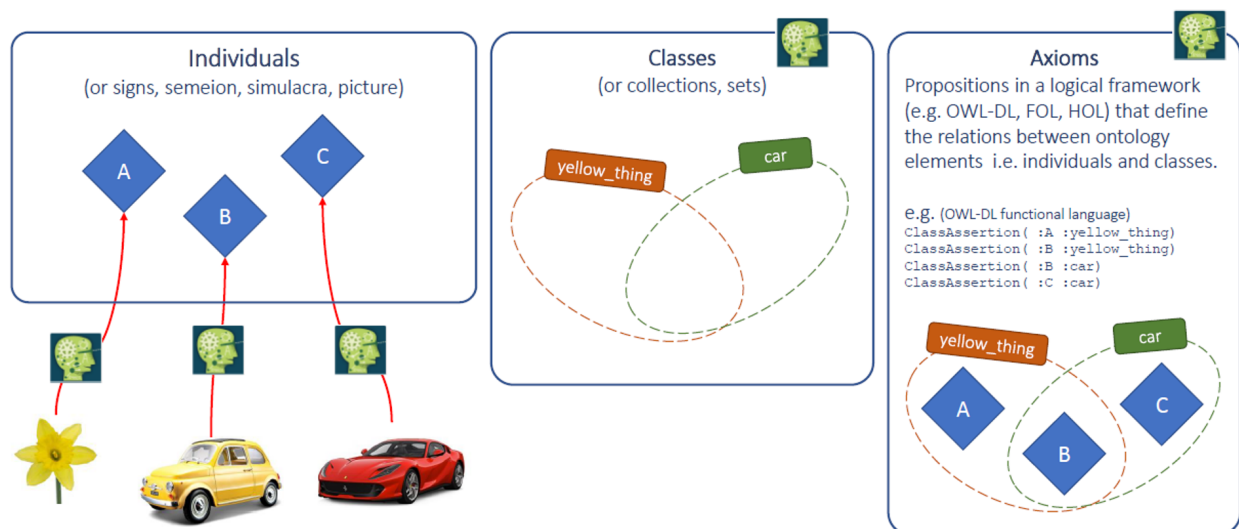


Figure 1.4: The primitive building blocks of EMMO.

Primitive elements in EMMO

Individuals

Individuals are the basic, “ground level” components of EMMO. They may include concrete objects such as cars, flowers, stars, persons and molecules, as well as abstract individuals such as a measured height, a specific equation and software programs.

Individuals are not simple, but possess attributes in form of axioms that are defined by the user (interpreter) upon declaration.

Classes

Classes represents concepts. They are the building blocks that we use to create an ontology as a representation of knowledge. We distinguish between *defined* and *non-defined* classes.

Defined classes are defined by the requirements for being a member of the class. In the graphical representations of EMMO, defined classes are orange. For instance, in the graph of the top-level entity branch below, **set** and **abstract** are defined classes. **set** is defined via the **has_member** relationship, while **abstract** is defined via the **has_abstract_part** relationship.

Non-defined classes are defined as an abstract group of objects, whos members are defined as belonging to the class. They are yellow in the graphical representations.

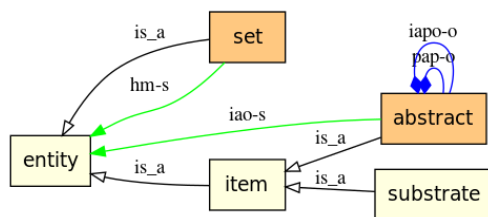


Figure 1.5: Example of the top-level entity branch showing some classes and relationships between them.

Axioms

Axioms are propositions in a logical framework that define the relations between the individuals and classes. They are used to categorise individuals in classes and to define the *defined* classes.

The simplest form of a class axiom is a class description that just states the existence of the class and gives it an unique identifier. In order to provide more knowledge about the class, class axioms typically contain additional components that state necessary and/or sufficient characteristics of the class. OWL contains three language constructs for combining class descriptions into class axioms:

- `rdfs:subClassOf` allows one to say that the class extension of a class description is a subset of the class extension of another class description.
- `owl:equivalentClass` allows one to say that a class description has exactly the same class extension as another class description.
- `owl:disjointWith` allows one to say that the class extension of a class description has no members in common with the class extension of another class description.

See the section about [Description logic](#) for more information about these language constructs. Axioms are also used to define relations between relations. These are further detailed in the chapter on [\[Relations\]](#).

Theoretical foundations

EMMO build upon several theoretical frameworks.

Semiotics

Semiotics is the study of meaning-making. It is the dicipline of formulating something that possibly can exists in a defined space and time in the real world. It is introduced in EMMO via the `semion` class and used as a way to reduce the complexity of a physical to a simple sign (symbol). A `semion` is a physical entity that represents an abstract object.

Set theory

Set theory is the theory of membership. This is introduced via the `set` class, representing the collection of all individuals (signs) that represents a collection of items. Sets are defined via the `has_member` / `is_member_of` relations.

Mereology

Mereology is the science of parthood. It is introduced via the `item` class and based on the mereological `has_part` / `is_part_of` relations.

EMMO makes a strong distinction between membership and parthood relations. In contrast to sets, items can only have parts that are themselves items. This means for instance that parthood is only between substrates of the same dimensionality. Hence, the boundary of an item is not a part of the item since it has a lower dimensionality.

For further information, see [Casati and Varzi “Parts and Places” \(1999\)](#).

Topology

Topology is the study of geometrical properties and spatial (and time-wise) relations. It is introduced in combination with mereology (and therefore often referred to as **mereotopology**) via the `substrate` class, which represents

the place in space and time in which every real world item exists. Substrates in EMMO are always topologically connected in space and time.

Mereotopological relationships are defined with the `encloses` / `is_enclosed_by` relations.

Metrology

Metrology is the science of measurements. It is used to introduce units and link them to properties.

Description logic

Description logic (DL) is a formal knowledge representation language in which the *axioms* are expressed. It is less expressive than **first-order logic (FOL)**, but commonly used for providing the logical formalism for ontologies and semantic web. EMMO is expressed in the **Web Ontology Language (OWL)**, which is in turn is based on DL. This opens for features like reasoning.

Since it is essential to have a basic notion of OWL and DL, we include here a very brief overview. For a proper introduction to OWL and DL, we refer the reader to sources like [Grau et.al. \(2008\)](#), [OWL2 Primer](#) and [OWL Reference](#).

OWL distinguishes six between types of class descriptions:

1. a class identifier (a IRI reference)
2. an exhaustive enumeration of individuals that together form the instances of a class (`owl:oneOf`)
3. a property restriction (`owl:someValuesFrom`, `owl:allValuesFrom`, `owl:hasValue`, `owl:cardinality`, `owl:minCardinality`, `owl:maxCardinality`)
4. the intersection of two or more class descriptions (`owl:intersectionOf`)
5. the union of two or more class descriptions (`owl:unionOf`)
6. the complement of a class description (`owl:complementOf`)

Except for the first, all of these refer to *defined classes*. The table below shows the notation in OWL, DL and the **Manchester OWL syntax**, all commonly used for the definitions. The Manchester syntax is used by [Protege](#) and is designed to not use DL symbols and to be easy and quick to read and write. Several other syntaxes exists for DL. An interesting example is the pure Python syntax proposed by [Lamy \(2017\)](#), which is used in the open source [Owready2](#) Python package.

Table 1.1: Notation for DL and Protege. A and B are classes, R is an active relation, S is an passive relation, i and j are individuals and n is a literal.

OWL constructor	DL	Manchester	Read	Meaning
	$A \doteq B$?	A is defined to be equal to B	Class <i>definition</i>
<code>rdf:subclassOf</code>	$A \sqsubseteq B$	A subclass_of B	all A are B	Class <i>inclusion</i>
<code>owl:equivalentTo</code>	$A \equiv B$	A equivalent_to B	A is equivalent to B	Class <i>equivalence</i>
<code>owl:intersectionOf</code>	$A \sqcap B$	A and B	A and B	Class <i>intersection (conjunction)</i>
<code>owl:unionOf</code>	$A \sqcup B$	A or B	A or B	Class <i>union (disjunction)</i>
<code>owl:complementOf</code>	$\neg A$	not A	not A	Class <i>complement (negation)</i>
<code>owl:oneOf</code>	$\{a, b, \dots\}$	$\{a, b, \dots\}$	one of a, b, ...	Class <i>enumeration</i>
<code>rdf:type</code>	$a : A$	a is_a A	a is a A	Class <i>assertion</i>

OWL constructor	DL	Manchester	Read	Meaning
	$(a, b) : R$	a object property assertion b	a is R-related to b	Property <i>assertion</i>
	$(a, n) : R$	a data property assertion n	a is R-related to n	Data <i>assertion</i>
	\top	?	top	A special class with every individual as an instance
owl:allValuesFrom	\perp $\forall R.A$? R only A	bottom all A with R	The empty class <i>Universal restriction</i>
owl:someValuesFrom	$\exists R.A$	R some A	some A with R	<i>Existential restriction</i>
owl:cardinality	$= nR.A$	R exactly n A		<i>Cardinality restriction</i>
owl:minCardinality	$\leq nR.A$	R min n A		<i>Minimum cardinality restriction</i>
owl:maxCardinality	$\geq nR.A$	R max n A		<i>Maximum cardinality restriction</i>
owl:hasValue	$\exists R\{a\}$	R value a		
rdfs:domain	$\exists R.\top \sqsubseteq A$	R domain A		
rdfs:range	$\top \sqsubseteq \forall R.A$	R range A		
owl:inverseOf	$S \equiv R^{-}$	S inverse_of R	S is inverse of R	Property <i>inverse</i>

Examples

Here are some examples of different class descriptions using both the DL and Manchester notation.

Inclusion (`rdf:subclassOf`)

Inclusion (*sqsubseq*) defines necessary conditions. Necessary and sufficient (\equiv) conditions defined with equivalence.

An employee is a person.

DL: `employee sqsubseq person`

Manchester: `employee is_a person`

Enumeration (`owl:oneOf`)

The color of a wine is either white, rose or red:

DL: `wine_color \equiv {white, rose, red}`

Manchester: `wine_color equivalent_to {white, rose, red}`

Property restriction (`owl:someValuesFrom`)

A mother is a woman that has a child (some person):

DL: `mother \equiv woman \sqcap \exists has_child.person`

Manchester: `mother equivalent_to woman and has_child some person`

Property restriction (owl:allValuesFrom)

All parents that only have daughters:

DL: $\text{parents_with_only_daughters} \equiv \text{person} \sqcap \forall \text{has_child.woman}$

Manchester: $\text{parents_with_only_daughters}$ equivalent_to person and has_child only woman

Property restriction (owl:hasValue)

The owl:hasValue restriction allows to define classes based on the existence of particular property values. There must be at least one matching property value.

All children of Mary:

DL: $\text{Marys_children} \equiv \text{person} \sqcap \exists \text{has_parent}\{ \text{Mary} \}$

Manchester: Marys_children equivalent_to person and has_parent value Mary

Property cardinality (owl:cardinality)

The owl:cardinality restriction allows to define classes based on the maximum (owl:maxCardinality), minimum (owl:minCardinality) or exact (owl:cardinality) number of occurrences.

A person with one parent:

DL: $\text{half_orphan} \equiv \text{person} \text{ and } =1\text{has_parent.person}$

Manchester: half_orphan equivalent_to person and has_parent exactly 1 person

Intersection (owl:intersectionOf)

Individuals of the intersection of two classes, are simultaneously instances of both classes.

A man is a person that is male:

DL: $\text{man} \equiv \text{person} \sqcap \text{male}$

Manchester: man equivalent_to person and male

Union (owl:unionOf)

Individuals of the union of two classes, are either instances of one or both classes.

A person is a man or woman:

DL: $\text{person} \equiv \text{man} \sqcup \text{woman}$

Manchester: person equivalent_to man or woman

Complement (owl:complementOf)

Individuals of the union of two classes, are either instances of one or both classes.

A person is a man or woman:

DL: $\text{person} \equiv \text{man} \sqcup \text{woman}$

Manchester: person equivalent_to man or woman

EMMO Structure

EMMO is structures in a hierarchical set of modules covering all aspects materials modelling. The modules and their interdependencies are shows in the figure below. Each module correspond to a separate OWL file. The special module `emmo-all.owl` includes all of EMMO.

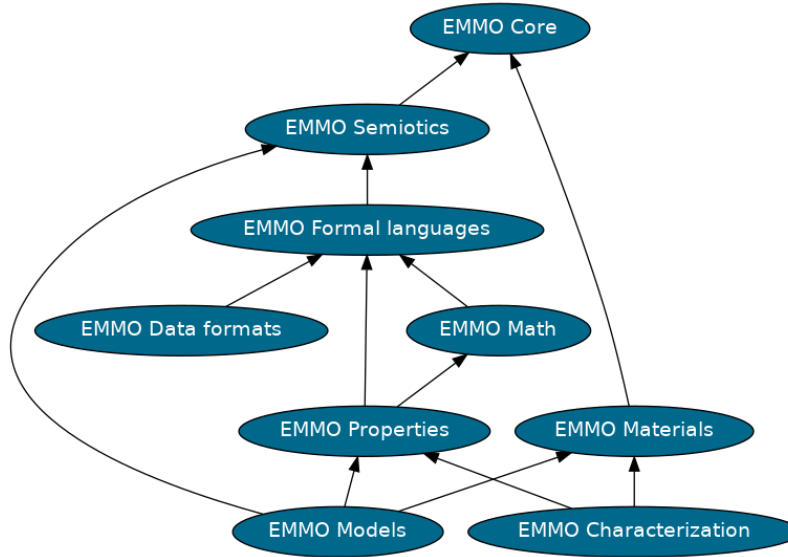


Figure 1.6: EMMO modules.

EMMO Core

EMMO core contains three levels as illustrated in the figure below.

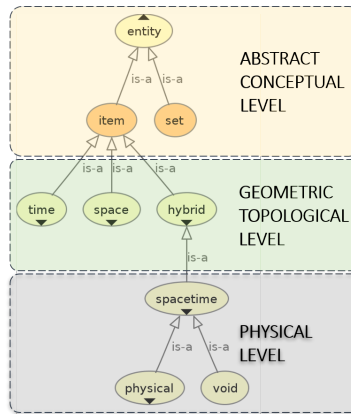


Figure 1.7: Toplevel structure of EMMO Core.

- **The abstract conceptual level** makes a clear separation between **set** (set theory) and **item** (mereotopology).
- **The geometric/topological level** contains the space (3D) and time (1D) in which all items unfolds.
- **The physical level** holds the 4D **spacetime** in which all real world entities exists. A **spacetime** that can be perceived by (interact with) the interpreter is a **physical**. If the **spacetime** entity is empty in terms of perception, it is a **void**.

EMMO defines a parthood hierarchy under **physical** by introducing the following concepts (illustrated in the figure below):

- **elementary** is the fundamental, non-divisible constituent of entities
- **state** is a **physical** whose parts have a constant cardinality during its life time
- **existent** is a succession of states

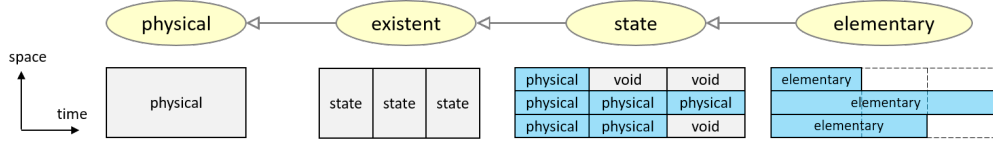


Figure 1.8: Parthood hierarchy under **physical**.

Via the mereological direct parthood relation, EMMO can describe entities made of parts at different levels of granularity. This is paramount for cross scale interoperability. Every material in EMMO is placed on a granularity level and the ontology gives information about the direct upper and direct lower level classes using the non-transitive direct parthood relations.

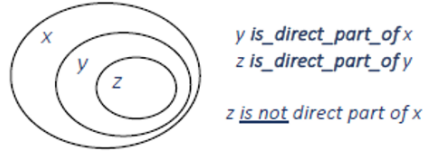


Figure 1.9: Direct parthood.

EMMO Materials

EMMO Material contains a first draft of a materials ontology. It relies on direct parthood to identify granularity levels. It is generic and flexible enough to represent both classical and quantum mechanical systems in a way that is compatible with different interpretations (e.g. the Copenhagen and De Broglie-Bohm interpretations of quantum mechanics) and levels of approximations (e.g. classical physics and Born-Oppenheimer approximation).

EMMO Semiotics

The semiotics module introduces three connected branches, **symbolic**, **semiosis** and **semiotic_role** in addition to the **has_sign/stands_for** family of relations.

Since the EMMO must represent models and properties (which are signs that stand for a physical entity), the semiotic process must be described also within the EMMO itself. The concepts of Peirce semiotics (interpreter, object, sign) are included in the semiotic branch, together with the semiosis process.

EMMO Formal languages

EMMO Data formats

EMMO Math

EMMO Properties

EMMO Models

EMMO Characterisation

How to read this document

Annotations

All entities and relations in EMMO have some attributes, called *annotations*. In many cases, only the necessary *IRI* and *relations* are provided. However, more descriptive annotations, like *elucidation* and *comment* will be added with time. Possible annotations are:






- **Elucidation** is a human readable explanation and clarification of the documented class or relation.
- **Example** clarifies the elucidation through an example. A class may have several examples, each addressing different aspects.
- **Comment** is a clarifying note complementing the definition and elucidation. A class may have several comments, each clarifying different aspects.
- **IRI** stands for *international resource identifier*. It is an identifier that uniquely identifies the class or relation. IRIs are similar to URIs, but are not restricted to the ASCII character set. Even though the IRIs used in EMMO appears to be URLs, they currently do not point to any existing content. This might change in the future.
- **Relations** is a list of relations applying to the current class or relation. The relations for relations are special and will be elaborated on in the introduction to chapter [Relations]. Some of the listed relations are defined in the OWL sources, while other are inferred by the reasoner.





The relations are using the Manchester OWL syntax introduced in section [Description logic](#).

Graphs

The generated graphs borrows some syntax from the [Unified Modelling Language \(UML\)](#), which is a general purpose language for software design and modelling. The table below shows the style used for the different types of relations and the concept they corresponds to in UML.

Table 1.2: Notation for arrow styles used in the graphs. Only active relations are listed. Corresponding passive relations uses the same style.

Relation	UML arrow	UML concept
is-a		inheritance
disjoint_with		association
equivalent_to		association
encloses		aggregation
has_abstract_part		aggregation

Relation	UML arrow	UML concept
has_abstraction		aggregation
has_representation		aggregation
has_member		aggregation
has_property		aggregation

All relationships have a direction. In the graphical visualisations, the relationships are represented with an arrow pointing from the subject to the object. In order to reduce clutter and limit the size of the graphs, the relations are abbreviated according to the following table:

Table 1.3: Abbreviations of relations used in the graphical representation of the different subbranches.

Relation	Abbreviation
has_part only	hp-o
is_part_of only	ipo-o
has_member some	hm-s
is_member_of some	imo-s
has_abstraction some	ha-s
is_abstraction_of some	iao-s
has_abstract_part only	pap-o
is_abstract_part_of only	iapo-o
has_space_slice some	hss-s
is_space_slice_of some	isso-s
has_time_slice some	hts-s
is_time_slice_of some	itso-s
has_projection some	hp-s
is_projection_of some	ipo-s
has_proper_part some	hpp-s
is_proper_part_of some	ippo-s
has_proper_part_of some	hppo-s
has_spatial_direct_part min	hsdp-m
has_spatial_direct_part some	hsdp-s
has_spatial_direct_part exactly	hsdp-e

UML represents classes as a box with three compartment; name, attributes and operators. However, since the classes in EMMO have no operators and it gives little meaning to include the OWL annotations as attributes, we simply represent the classes as boxes.

As already mentioned, defined classes are colored orange, while undefined classes are yellow.

Chapter 2

EMMO relations

In the language of OWL, relations are called *properties*. However, since relations describe relations between classes and individuals and since **properties** has an other meaning in EMMO, we call them *relations* here.

[Resource Description Framework \(RDF\)](#) is a W3C standard that is widely used for describing informations on the web and is one of the standards that OWL builds on. RDF expresses information in form of *subject-predicate-object* triplets. The subject and object are resources (aka items to describe) and the predicate expresses a relationship between the subject and the object.

In EMMO, are the subject and object classes or individuals (or data) while the predicate is a relation. An example of an relationship is the statement *dog is_a animal*. Here is **dog** the subject, **is_a** the predicate and **animal** the object. We distinguish between **active relations** where the subject is acting on the object and **passive relations** where the subject is acted on by the object.

OWL distinguishes between `owl:ObjectProperty` that link classes or individuals to classes or individuals and `owl:DatatypeProperty` that links individuals to data values. Since EMMO only deals with classes, we will only be discussing object properties. However, in actual applications build on EMMO, datatype properties will be important.

The characteristics of the different properties is described by the following *property axioms*:

- `rdf:subPropertyOf` is used to define that a property is a subproperty of some other property. For instance, in the figure below showing the relation branch, we see that **active_relation** is a subproperty of **relation**.

The `rdf:subPropertyOf` axioms forms a taxonomy-like tree for relations.

- `owl:equivalentProperty` states that two properties have the same property extension.
- `owl:inverseOf` axioms relate active relations to their corresponding passive relations, and vice versa. The root relation **relation** is its own inverse.
- `owl:FunctionalProperty` is a property that can have only one (unique) value *y* for each instance *x*, i.e. there cannot be two distinct values *y1* and *y2* such that the pairs (*x,y1*) and (*x,y2*) are both instances of this property. Both object properties and datatype properties can be declared as “functional”.
- `owl:InverseFunctionalProperty`
- `owl:TransitiveProperty` states that if a pair (*x,y*) is an instance of *P*, and the pair (*y,z*) is also instance of *P*, then we can infer the the pair (*x,z*) is also an instance of *P*.
- `owl:SymmetricProperty` states that if the pair (*x,y*) is an instance of *P*, then the pair (*y,x*) is also an instance of *P*.

A popular example of a symmetric property is the **friend_of** relation.

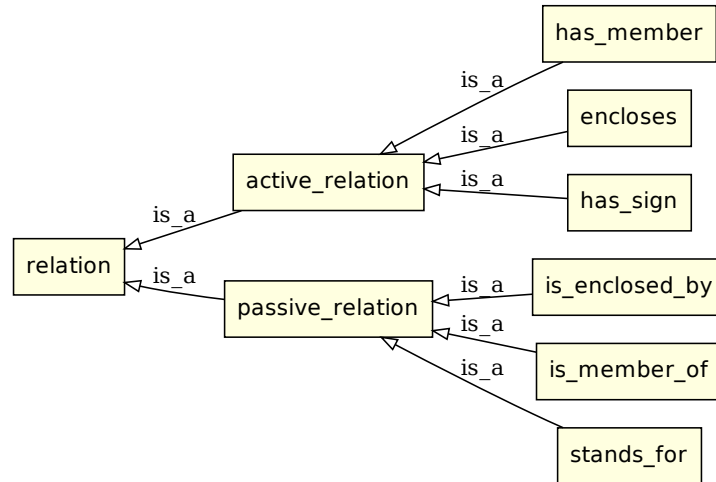


Figure 2.1: The relation branch.

relation branch

relation

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_ec2472ae_cf4a_46a5_8555_1556f5a6c3c5

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:topObjectProperty

active_relation

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_14545acf_f816_4991_a4e6_ae2af81f019c

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **relation**

passive_relation

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_73a66fb4_ca19_44f2_9c62_8592f4683097

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **relation**

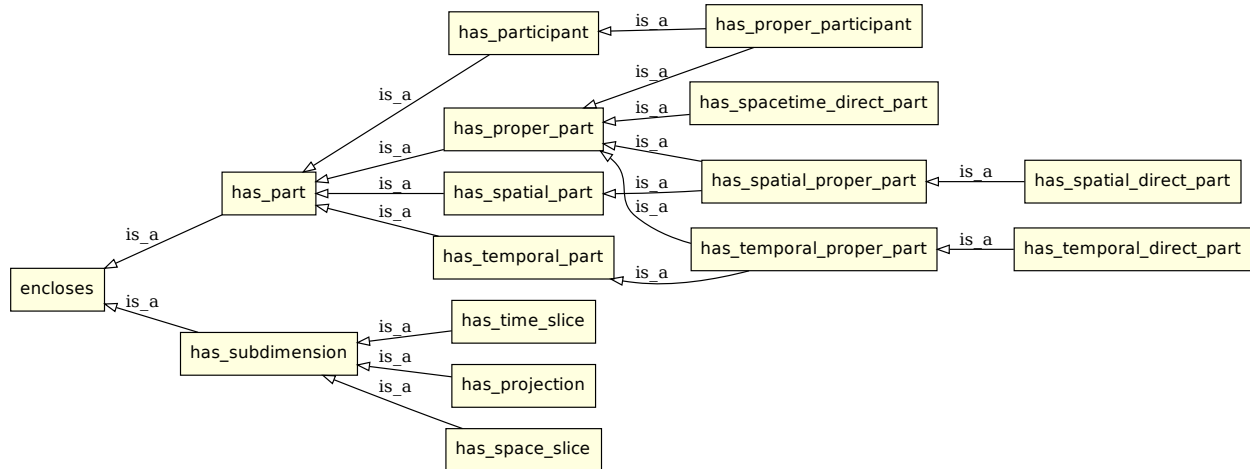


Figure 2.2: The encloses branch.

encloses branch

encloses

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_8c898653_1118_4682_9bbf_6cc334d16a99

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **active_relation**
- Inverse(emmo-core.passive_relation)
- inverse_of is_enclosed_by

has_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_17e27c22_37e1_468c_9dd7_95e137f73e7f

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **encloses**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_enclosed_by)
- inverse_of is_part_of

has_spatial_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_42eef0b0_cc64_4380_b912_8cc37e87506c

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **has_part**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_part_of)

- inverse_of is_spatial_part_of

has_spatial_proper_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_05b6fce2_322b_49b4_84aa_ab3c544cf1a1

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a has_spatial_part
- is_a has_proper_part
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_proper_part_of)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_spatial_part_of)
- inverse_of is_spatial_proper_part

has_spatial_direct_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_b2282816_b7a3_44c6_b2cb_3feff1ceb7fe

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a has_spatial_proper_part
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_spatial_proper_part)
- inverse_of is_spatial_direct_part_of

has_temporal_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_7afbed84_7593_4a23_bd88_9d9c6b04e8f6

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a has_part
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_part_of)
- inverse_of is_temporal_part_of

has_temporal_proper_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_90993ca7_7668_4225_92c9_3f1a20f346f2

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a has_temporal_part
- is_a has_proper_part
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_proper_part_of)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_temporal_part_of)
- inverse_of is_temporal_proper_part_of

has__temporal__direct__part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_65a2c5b8_e4d8_4a51_b2f8_e55effc0547d

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a [has__temporal__proper__part](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is__temporal__proper__part_of)
- inverse_of [is__temporal__direct__part_of](#)

has__proper__part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_9380ab64_0363_4804_b13f_3a8a94119a76

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a [has__part](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is__part_of)

has__spatial__proper__part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_05b6fce2_322b_49b4_84aa_ab3c544cf1a1

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a [has__spatial__part](#)
- is_a [has__proper__part](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is__proper__part_of)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is__spatial__part_of)
- inverse_of [is__spatial__proper__part](#)

has__spatial__direct__part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_b2282816_b7a3_44c6_b2cb_3feff1ceb7fe

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a [has__spatial__proper__part](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is__spatial__proper__part)
- inverse_of [is__spatial__direct__part_of](#)

has__temporal__proper__part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_90993ca7_7668_4225_92c9_3f1a20f346f2

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **has_temporal_part**
- is_a **has_proper_part**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_proper_part_of)
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_temporal_part_of)
- inverse_of **is_temporal_proper_part_of**

has_temporal_direct_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_65a2c5b8_e4d8_4a51_b2f8_e55effc0547d

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a **has_temporal_proper_part**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_temporal_proper_part_of)
- inverse_of **is_temporal_direct_part_of**

has_spacetime_direct_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_d0f7e48a_e435_4e55_bf0b_8579d2949214

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a **has_proper_part**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_proper_part_of)
- inverse_of **is_spacetime_direct_part_of**

has_proper_participant

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_c5aae418_1622_4d02_93c5_21159e28e6c1

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **has_proper_part**
- is_a **has_participant**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_proper_part_of)
- Inverse(emmo-process.is_participant_of)
- inverse_of **is_proper_participant**

has_participant

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_ae2d1a96_bfa1_409a_a7d2_03d69e8a125a

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty

- is_a **has_part**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_part_of)
- inverse_of **is_participant_of**

has_proper_participant

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_c5aae418_1622_4d02_93c5_21159e28e6c1

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **has_proper_part**
- is_a **has_participant**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_proper_part_of)
- Inverse(emmo-process.is_participant_of)
- inverse_of **is_proper_participant**

has_subdimension

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_2e8510db_ae65_44a7_b2f8_cc1111cdac24

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **encloses**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_enclosed_by)
- inverse_of **is_subdimension_of**

has_time_slice

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_23a627c3_741d_4030_ba93_8a5444ec53a0

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has_subdimension**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_subdimension_of)
- inverse_of **is_time_slice_of**

has_projection

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_257b531b_afe6_4363_93b1_032c95b574b6

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has_subdimension**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_subdimension_of)
- inverse_of **is_projection_of**

has_space_slice

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_43411a26_c4ff_4deb_a232_74f73e6ab8dc

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has_subdimension**
- Inverse(emmo-core.is_subdimension_of)
- inverse_of **is_space_slice_of**

has__sign branch

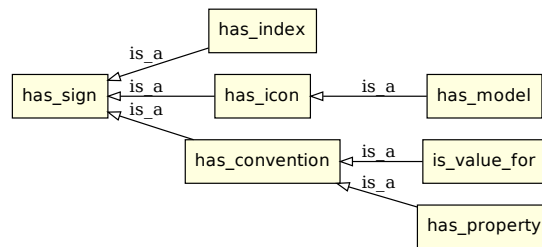


Figure 2.3: The has__sign branch.

has__sign

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_60577dea_9019_4537_ac41_80b0fb563d41

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **active_relation**
- Inverse(emmo-core.passive_relation)
- inverse_of **stands_for**

has__index

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_297999d6_c9e4_4262_9536_bd524d1c6e21

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has_sign**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.stands_for)

has__icon

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_39c3815d_8cae_4c8f_b2ff_eeba24bec455

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has_sign**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.is_icon_of)
- inverse_of **is_model_for**

has__model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_24c71baf_6db6_48b9_86c8_8c70cf36db0c

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has__icon**
- Inverse(emmo-models.is__model_for)

has__convention

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_eb3518bf_f799_4f9e_8c3e_ce59af11453b

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has__sign**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.stands_for)

is__value_for

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_3446e167_c576_49d6_846c_215bb8878a55

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has__convention**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.is__convention_for)
- inverse_of **has__value**

has__property

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_e1097637_70d2_4895_973f_2396f04fa204

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **has__convention**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.is__convention_for)
- inverse_of **is__property_for**

has__member branch

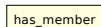


Figure 2.4: The has__member branch.

has__member

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_6b7276a4_4b9d_440a_b577_0277539c0fc4

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a **active_relation**
- Inverse(emmo-core.passive_relation)
- inverse_of is_member_of

is_enclosed_by branch

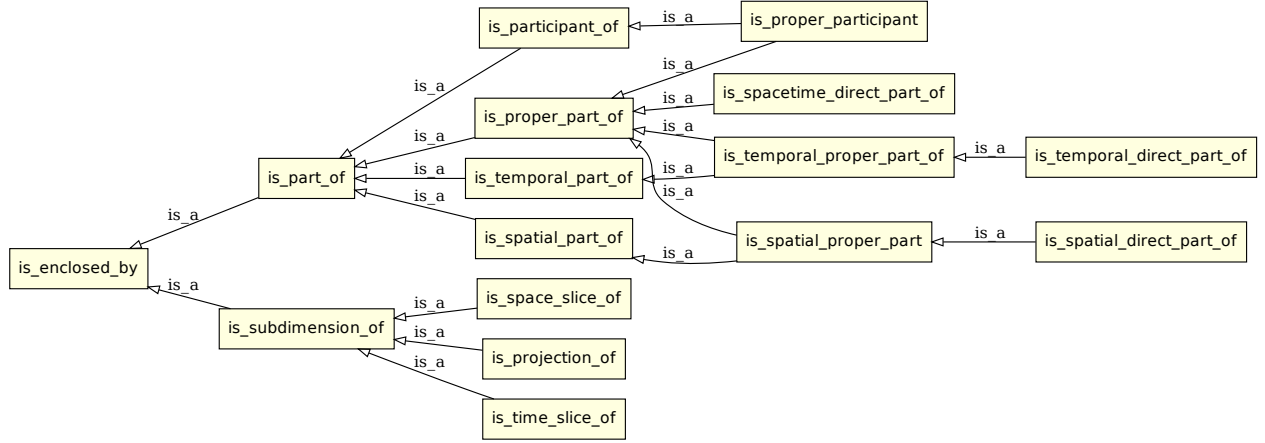


Figure 2.5: The is_enclosed_by branch.

is_enclosed_by

Comment: Actually, the connection relation upon which is based the enclosure relation is considered as primitive, i.e. undefined and only declared by the user.

For practical purpose however, the EMMO bases the relations on enclosure level, giving the lower relations for granted, and considering enclosure as primitive, even if it's derived by lower level axioms.

Comment: Definition: $C_{xy} := x$ is connected with y

Axiom: 1) C_{xx} (x is always connected with itself (reflexivity)) Axiom: 2) $C_{xy} \rightarrow C_{yx}$ (if x is connected with y than y is connected with x (symmetry))

Definition: $E_{xy} \iff (C_{zx} \rightarrow C_{zy})$ Definition: x is enclosed in y

Theorem: E is reflexive, transitive and antisymmetric.

Axiom: 3) $(E_{xa} \iff E_{xb}) \iff a=b$ (extensionality axiom)

Axiom (see 'is_part_of' relation for definition of P_{xy}): 4) $P_{xy} \rightarrow E_{xy}$ (if x is part of y then y encloses x (monotonicity))

Axioms 1) 2) 3) defines the Ground Topology (T). Axioms 1) 2) 3) 4) defines the Mereology (MT).

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_10d3981e_95a7_472b_b24e_2be29744f1ab

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **passive_relation**
- Inverse(emmo-core.active_relation)

- inverse_of **encloses**

is_part_of

Comment: Dimensionality between domain and range cannot change.

Comment: P is the is_part_of relation.

Axioms: 1) Pxx (reflexivity) 2) $(Pxy \ \&\& \ Pyz) \rightarrow Pxz$ (transitivity) 3) $(Pxy \ \&\& \ Pyz) \rightarrow x=y$ (antisymmetry) 4) $\neg(Pyx) \rightarrow \text{exists } z (Pzy \text{ and } \neg Ozx)$ (strong supplementation)

with:

$Ozx := \text{exists } z (Pzx \text{ and } Pzy)$ (overlap)

(Extensional Mereology)

Comment: Since EMMO is based on Mereology (MT), the axiom $Pxy \rightarrow Exy$ (x is part of y implies x is enclosed by y) implies that 'is_part_of' is a subproperty of 'is_enclosed_by'.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_85fc27bc_5e42_4baa_bf85_5a2dc4a26a1f

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **is_enclosed_by**
- Inverse(emmo-core.encloses)
- inverse_of **has_part**

is_proper_part_of

Comment: Definition: $PPxy := Pxy \ \&\& \ \neg(x=y)$

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_756d158a_cd64_44ba_b2e5_c3853ba2f3b2

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **is_part_of**
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_part)
- inverse_of **has_proper_part**

is_temporal_proper_part_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_548343f9_4257_47fe_aaab_488587ed41f0

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a **is_proper_part_of**
- is_a **is_temporal_part_of**
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_temporal_part)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_proper_part)
- inverse_of **has_temporal_proper_part**

is_temporal_direct_part_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_0e2cb46a_107e_4c40_a4fd_4621dd77a7b8

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a is_temporal_proper_part_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_temporal_proper_part)
- inverse_of has_temporal_direct_part

is_spatial_proper_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_7bb33ab7_cc3e_418d_a57c_97651533c865

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a is_proper_part_of
- is_a is_spatial_part_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_spatial_part)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_proper_part)
- inverse_of has_spatial_proper_part

is_spatial_direct_part_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_0c4f91af_55e4_448b_9bd4_5dfe4007af05

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a is_spatial_proper_part
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_spatial_proper_part)
- inverse_of has_spatial_direct_part

is_spacetime_direct_part_of

Elucidation: DP_{xy} :=

y can be partitioned in a set of x_i proper parts that: - for all i,j x_i and x_j do not overlap - the union of x_i covers the whole D - there exists no k proper part of y for which PP_{xk} - x is direct part of only y

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_ea69f6b1_95b2_4721_b24a_b1a1dfa643a6

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a is_proper_part_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_proper_part)

- inverse_of [has_spacetime_direct_part](#)

is_proper_participant

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_dfd0f9d7_f425_45bb_93de_9fc7981eafdc

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a [is_proper_part_of](#)
- is_a [is_participant_of](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_proper_part)
- Inverse(emmo-process.has_participant)
- inverse_of [has_proper_participant](#)

is_spatial_part_of

Elucidation: A partitioning that extends along the whole temporal dimension of an hybrid.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_bb7eac59_80cd_476f_8d66_c1a849056ef9

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a [is_part_of](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_part)

is_spatial_proper_part

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_7bb33ab7_cc3e_418d_a57c_97651533c865

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a [is_proper_part_of](#)
- is_a [is_spatial_part_of](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_spatial_part)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_proper_part)
- inverse_of [has_spatial_proper_part](#)

is_spatial_direct_part_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_0c4f91af_55e4_448b_9bd4_5dfe4007af05

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a [is_spatial_proper_part](#)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_spatial_proper_part)
- inverse_of [has_spatial_direct_part](#)

is_temporal_part_of

Elucidation: A partitioning that extends along the whole spatial dimension of a substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_bc0907d3_f33f_40a4_a832_ec3e2acd00ef

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a is_part_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_part)
- inverse_of has_temporal_part

is_temporal_proper_part_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_548343f9_4257_47fe_aaab_488587ed41f0

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a is_proper_part_of
- is_a is_temporal_part_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_temporal_part)
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_proper_part)
- inverse_of has_temporal_proper_part

is_temporal_direct_part_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_0e2cb46a_107e_4c40_a4fd_4621dd77a7b8

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a is_temporal_proper_part_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_temporal_proper_part)
- inverse_of has_temporal_direct_part

is_participant_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_748696de_8257_47c1_a53c_d09df0ff71c5

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a is_part_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_part)
- inverse_of has_participant

is_proper_participant

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_dfd0f9d7_f425_45bb_93de_9fc7981eafdc

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a is_proper_part_of
- is_a is_participant_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_proper_part)
- Inverse(emmo-process.has_participant)
- inverse_of has_proper_participant

is_subdimension_of

Comment: Dimensionality between domain and range must change.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_ba33e345_1293_4331_8c1c_9fb2c7f5f51b

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a is_enclosed_by
- Inverse(emmo-core.encloses)

is_space_slice_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_16176737_0379_4a26_957a_c298abe76d21

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a is_subdimension_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_subdimension)
- inverse_of has_space_slice

is_projection_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_3713d0eb_773f_4543_8ebc_123dfd0e472a

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a is_subdimension_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_subdimension)
- inverse_of has_projection

is_time_slice_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_d76118fd_0c1d_42d8_96ec_6dea2d76050d

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a is_subdimension_of
- Inverse(emmo-core.has_subdimension)
- inverse_of has_time_slice

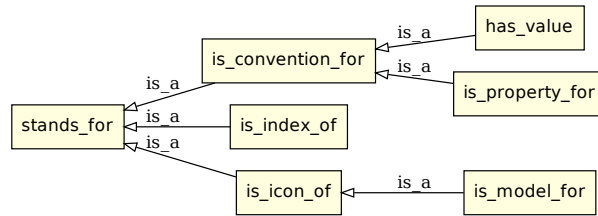


Figure 2.6: The stands_for branch.

stands_for branch

stands_for

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_72a3342f_ba51_49b6_bf5b_4eb948e2a172

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **passive_relation**
- Inverse(emmo-core.active_relation)

is_convention_for

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_233f6eca_6714_449e_8484_cb93ac832a0f

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **stands_for**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.has_sign)
- inverse_of **has_convention**

has_value

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_0e9f1075_e4ea_4a91_ab90_a772b4880e95

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **is_convention_for**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.has_convention)
- inverse_of **is_value_for**

is_property_for

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_7b8b789f_b9a8_488b_8019_45ed4e61deac

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **is_convention_for**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.has_convention)
- inverse_of **has_property**

is_index_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_a0ce0efc_0794_43d4_8891_052c12b1b8af

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **stands_for**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.has_sign)

is_icon_of

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_c96aa488_aac9_4982_8b8d_97f69e238818

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **stands_for**
- Inverse(emmo-semiotics.has_sign)

is_model_for

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_05eef8df_e29a_43bf_8afd_4de96d38317f

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a **is_icon_of**
- inverse_of **has_icon**

is_member_of branch

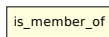


Figure 2.7: The is_member_of branch.

is_member_of

Comment: The primitive relation that assigns an ‘item’ to a ‘set’.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_e55ff268_c351_4caf_8a8a_2899e50e2a46

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a **passive_relation**
- Inverse(emmo-core.active_relation)
- inverse_of **has_member**

Chapter 3

EMMO classes

emmo is a class representing the collection of all the individuals (signs) that are used in the ontology. Individuals are declared by the EMMO users when they want to apply the EMMO to represent the world.

emmo branch

The root of all classes used to represent the world. It has two children; *set* and *item*.

set is the class representing the collection of all the individuals (signs) that represents a collection of items. It is the branch of *membership*.

- a set is declared using the *has_member* primitive relation
- a set individual has no parts but only members
- a set is not of the same entity types as its members (e.g. the set of men is not a man)
- a set individual has a determinate number of members

item Is the class that collects all the individuals that are members of a set (it's the most comprehensive set individual). It is the branch of parthood (mereology).

- based on *has_part* mereological relation that can be axiomatically defined
- a fusion is the sum of its parts (e.g. a car is made of several mechanical parts, an molecule is made of nuclei and electrons)
- a fusion is of the same entity type as its parts (e.g. a physical entity is made of physical entities parts)
- a fusion can be partitioned in more than one way

emmo

Elucidation: The class representing the collection of all the individuals declared in this ontology.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_802d3e92_8770_4f98_a289_ccaaab7fdddf

Relations:

- *is_a* owl:Thing

set

Definition: The class of individuals that 'has_member' some 'item' (i.e. that stand for a collection of 'item' individuals).

Elucidation: The class representing the collection of all the individuals (signs) that represents a collection of 'item' individuals.

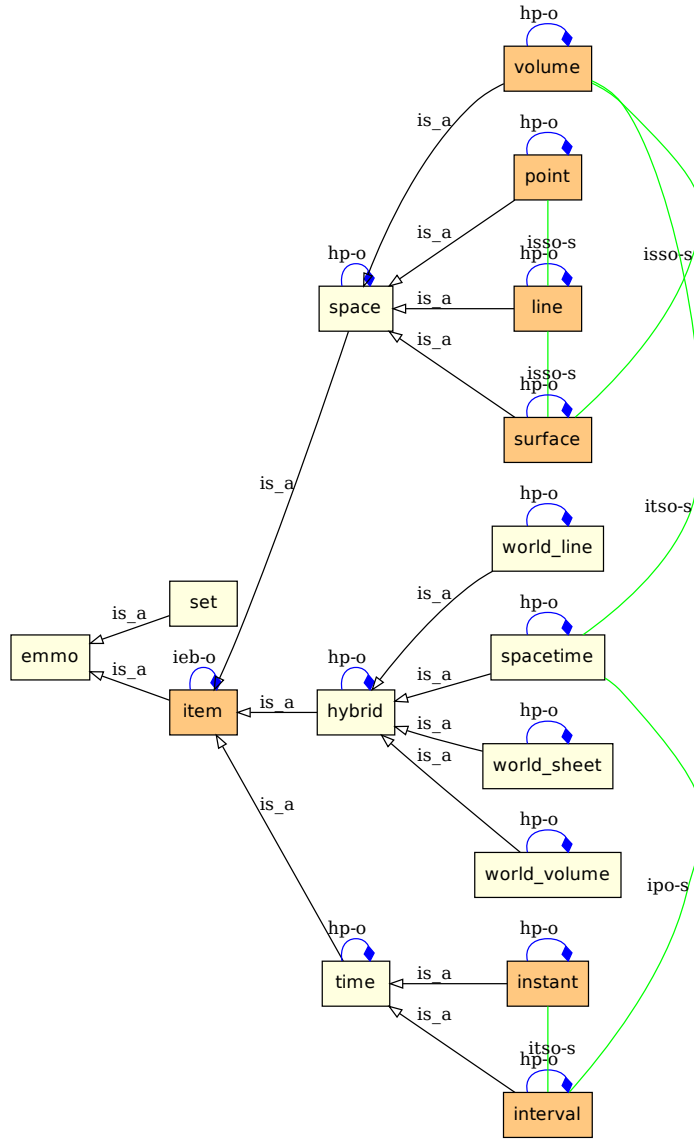


Figure 3.1: The emmo branch.

Comment: ‘set’ class can be used to declare individuals that stand for collections of things that do not form a whole in mereological sense.

e.g. the set of users of a particular software, the set of atoms that have been part of that just dissociated molecule, or even the set of atoms that are part of a molecule considered as single individual entities and not a mereological fusion.

Comment: A ‘set’ individual cannot be member of a ‘set’ (to avoid Russel’s paradox).

Comment: Since OWL classes are intended as sets, we can consider the ‘set’ branch as a meta-ontological branch, since ‘item’ class and all its subclasses are then individuals of ‘set’.

It is also possible to define a relation ‘is_subset_of’ valid only between ‘set’ individuals that is equivalent to the ‘is_a’ relation between classes in the ‘item’ branch. However this is not done in the EMMO for the sake of simplicity.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_2d2ecd97_067f_4d0e_950c_d746b7700a31

Relations:

- is_a **emmo**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **hybrid**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **physical**
- disjoint_with **spacetime**
- disjoint_with **item**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **state**
- disjoint_with **existent**
- disjoint_with **electron_cloud**
- disjoint_with **mesoscopic**
- disjoint_with **photon**
- disjoint_with **standalone_atom**
- disjoint_with **molecule**
- disjoint_with **massive**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**
- disjoint_with **neutral_atom**
- disjoint_with **nucleon**
- disjoint_with **matter**
- disjoint_with **atomic**
- disjoint_with **quark**
- disjoint_with **subatomic**
- disjoint_with **gluon**
- disjoint_with **electron**
- disjoint_with **e-bonded_atom**
- disjoint_with **fluid**
- disjoint_with **continuum**
- disjoint_with **proton**
- disjoint_with **solid**
- disjoint_with **ion_atom**
- disjoint_with **neutron**
- disjoint_with **massless**
- disjoint_with **graviton**
- disjoint_with **atom**

- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void

item

Elucidation: Superclass for all individuals that are subjected to MT Mereotopology.

Elucidation: The class that collects all the individuals that are member of a set (it's the most comprehensive set individual).

Comment: An 'item' is a fundamental mereotopological (MT) entity, so that the primitive property of enclosure can be defined for it.

MT relations occurs only between 'item' individuals. 'item' is the highest superclass for all wholes and parts.

'item'-s are always topologically connected spaces (a topological space X is said to be disconnected if it is the union of two disjoint nonempty open sets. Otherwise, X is said to be connected).

In the EMMO the 'item' individuals exists in a 4D substrate. 'item' individuals span through time (1D) and space (3D) dimensions and sub-dimensions.

Comment: Parthood relations does not change dimensionality of an 'item' individual (e.g. a 4D individual has only 4D parts, a spacetime has no space parts).

Changes in dimensionality come from pure topological relations between subspaces (i.e. slicing).

Comment: The 'item' class and all its sub-classes are 'set' individuals.

The 'item' branch will be used to represent the world things and can be seen in practice as the ontology core.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_eb3a768e_d53e_4be9_a23b_0714833c36de

Relations:

- is_a **emmo**
- (**is_enclosed_by** only **item**)
- (**encloses** only **item**)
- equivalent_to (**is_enclosed_by** some **item**)
- equivalent_to (**encloses** some **item**)
- disjoint_with **set**

space

Comment: Pure space entities.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_1ca51de7_6aa5_45d3_94ae_1df14d9aad5e

Relations:

- is_a **item**
- (**has_part** only **space**)
- (**is_part_of** only **space**)
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **hybrid**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **physical**
- disjoint_with **spacetime**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **state**
- disjoint_with **existent**
- disjoint_with **electron_cloud**

- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property

- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary

line

Elucidation: 1D space entity

Elucidation: A 1D (space) + 0D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_13399199_cb46_4641_a951_cf032d5996ae

Relations:

- is_a space
- (has_part only line)
- (is_part_of only line)
- equivalent_to (is_space_slice_of some surface)
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with hybrid
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum

- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property

- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary

surface

Elucidation: 2D space entity

Elucidation: A 2D (space) + 0D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_54dc7f83_6c93_4bec_a0ff_3ea96f6ce16a

Relations:

- is_a space
- (has_part only surface)
- (is_part_of only surface)
- equivalent_to (is_space_slice_of some volume)
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with hybrid
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid

- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol

- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet

point

Elucidation: 0D space entity

Elucidation: A 0D (space) + 0D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_6a572193_effc_43a1_ab52_b2cec846b37e

Relations:

- is_a space
- (has_part only point)
- (is_part_of only point)
- equivalent_to (is_space_slice_of some line)
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with hybrid
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton

- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set

- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface

volume

Elucidation: 3D space entity

Elucidation: A 3D (space) + 0D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_7152d8e4_7c94_4a67_87b9_6de9c021e1b5

Relations:

- is_a space
- (has_part only volume)
- (is_part_of only volume)
- equivalent_to (is_time_slice_of some spacetime)
- disjoint_with hybrid
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant

- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point

hybrid

Comment: Entities that unfolds in space and time.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_718157a4_4580_4c59_815b_74ad3fdffca8

Relations:

- is_a **item**
- (**has_part** only **hybrid**)
- (**is_part_of** only **hybrid**)
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**

world_sheet

Elucidation: 1D space entity unfolding in time

Elucidation: A 1D (space) + 1D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_2efbd83b_97c7_412a_805e_9866aa572885

Relations:

- is_a **hybrid**
- (**has_part** only **world_sheet**)
- (**is_part_of** only **world_sheet**)
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **physical**
- disjoint_with **spacetime**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **state**
- disjoint_with **existent**
- disjoint_with **electron_cloud**
- disjoint_with **mesoscopic**
- disjoint_with **photon**
- disjoint_with **standalone_atom**
- disjoint_with **molecule**
- disjoint_with **massive**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**
- disjoint_with **neutral_atom**
- disjoint_with **nucleon**
- disjoint_with **matter**
- disjoint_with **atomic**
- disjoint_with **quark**
- disjoint_with **subatomic**
- disjoint_with **gluon**
- disjoint_with **electron**
- disjoint_with **e-bonded_atom**
- disjoint_with **fluid**

- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol

- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set

world_volume

Elucidation: 2D space entity unfolding in time

Elucidation: A 2D (space) + 1D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_a984ae65_ea32_44aa_9fab_c8493fed3e0

Relations:

- is_a hybrid
- (has_part only world_volume)
- (is_part_of only world_volume)
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number

- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point

- disjoint_with volume

world_line

Elucidation: 0D space entity unfolding in time

Elucidation: A 0D (space) + 1D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_fee4fbb6_03a4_4e09_8af1_de772829963b

Relations:

- is_a hybrid
- (has_part only world_line)
- (is_part_of only world_line)
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model

- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime
- disjoint_with instant

time

Comment: Pure time entities.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_bdc95950_1798_4619_b1f5_19e3155411e4

Relations:

- is_a **item**
- (**has_part** only **time**)
- (**is_part_of** only **time**)
- disjoint_with **physical**
- disjoint_with **spacetime**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **state**
- disjoint_with **existent**
- disjoint_with **electron_cloud**
- disjoint_with **mesoscopic**
- disjoint_with **photon**
- disjoint_with **standalone_atom**
- disjoint_with **molecule**
- disjoint_with **massive**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**
- disjoint_with **neutral_atom**
- disjoint_with **nucleon**
- disjoint_with **matter**
- disjoint_with **atomic**
- disjoint_with **quark**
- disjoint_with **subatomic**
- disjoint_with **gluon**
- disjoint_with **electron**
- disjoint_with **e-bonded_atom**
- disjoint_with **fluid**
- disjoint_with **continuum**
- disjoint_with **proton**
- disjoint_with **solid**
- disjoint_with **ion_atom**
- disjoint_with **neutron**
- disjoint_with **massless**
- disjoint_with **graviton**
- disjoint_with **atom**
- disjoint_with **nucleus**
- disjoint_with **math_symbol**
- disjoint_with **number**
- disjoint_with **variable**
- disjoint_with **mathematical**
- disjoint_with **constant**
- disjoint_with **parameter**
- disjoint_with **equation**
- disjoint_with **unknown**
- disjoint_with **physics_equation**
- disjoint_with **physical_phenomenon**
- disjoint_with **continuum_model**
- disjoint_with **mesoscopic_model**
- disjoint_with **theorization**
- disjoint_with **electronic_model**
- disjoint_with **atomistic_model**
- disjoint_with **theory**
- disjoint_with **model**
- disjoint_with **physical_law**
- disjoint_with **data_based_model**
- disjoint_with **physics_based_model**
- disjoint_with **natural_law**

- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with hybrid
- disjoint_with world_volume

interval

Elucidation: 1D time entity

Elucidation: A 0D (space) + 1D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_ac8e5770_cb05_4d82_ac83_93de968cdd8e

Relations:

- is_a time
- (has_part only interval)
- (is_part_of only interval)
- equivalent_to (is_projection_of some spacetime)
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime
- disjoint_with instant

- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity

- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property
- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with hybrid
- disjoint_with world_volume

instant

Elucidation: 0D time entity

Elucidation: A 0D (space) + 0D (time) substrate.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_eeb837b9_3995_4805_8662_5c2a59aeb494

Relations:

- is_a time
- (has_part only instant)
- (is_part_of only instant)
- equivalent_to (is_time_slice_of some interval)
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive

- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with theory
- disjoint_with model
- disjoint_with physical_law
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with natural_law
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with material_law
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with role
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with observer
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property
- disjoint_with descriptive_property

- disjoint_with quantitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_instrument
- disjoint_with semiosis
- disjoint_with interpreter
- disjoint_with interpretant
- disjoint_with symbolic
- disjoint_with index
- disjoint_with conventional
- disjoint_with formed
- disjoint_with object
- disjoint_with symbol
- disjoint_with sign
- disjoint_with semiotic_role
- disjoint_with icon
- disjoint_with elementary
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with hybrid
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with spacetime

spacetime branch

The space and time that the real world manifest itself in (the Universe).

It has several important subclasses:

- **physical**: is declared to be **EquivalentTo**: **field** or **matter**
- **matter**: a subclass of *spacetime* that expresses some mass property
- **field**: a subclass of *spacetime* that can be perceived by the ontologist, but expresses no mass property
- **vacuum**: is a field that has no *elementary* parts
- **void**: a vacuum that has no *field* parts

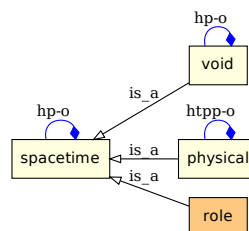


Figure 3.2: The spacetime branch.

spacetime

Elucidation: 3D space entity unfolding in time

Elucidation: A 3D (space) + 1D (time) substrate.

Comment: A ‘spacetime’ can be a ‘physical’ (perceivable) or a ‘void’ (pure geometrical entity that originates no perception).

‘spacetime’ is then the superclass for every real world entity which are represented as 3D (space) +1D (time) entities.

Comment: The EMMO basic assumption is that the real world (the world outside us) manifests itself as a one spacetime entity, the Universe.

Some mereological parts (regions) of the Universe express peculiar properties that can be perceived by (they interact with) an interpreter/ontologist.

These mereological parts can be categorized in matter spacetimes or field spacetimes individuals.

‘physical’ class is the union of ‘field’ and ‘matter’ classes.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_d82fd6c6_aebe_440f_9dd2_24a4eb3a417b

Relations:

- is_a hybrid
- (has_part only spacetime)
- (is_part_of only spacetime)
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time

void

Definition: A ‘spacetime’ that has no ‘elementary’ parts.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_29072ec4_ffcb_42fb_bdc7_26f05a2e9873

Relations:

- is_a spacetime
- (has_part only void)
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with physical
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

- disjoint_with state
- disjoint_with existent
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with mesoscopic
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with standalone_atom
- disjoint_with molecule
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with atomic
- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with subatomic
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with fluid
- disjoint_with continuum
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with solid
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with mathematical
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with equation
- disjoint_with unknown
- disjoint_with physics_equation
- disjoint_with physical_phenomenon
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with theorization
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with data_based_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with material_relation
- disjoint_with mathematical_model
- disjoint_with process
- disjoint_with physical_quantity
- disjoint_with observation
- disjoint_with subjective_property
- disjoint_with physical_property
- disjoint_with measurement
- disjoint_with qualitative_property
- disjoint_with measurement_unit
- disjoint_with property

- disjoint_with **descriptive_property**
- disjoint_with **quantitative_property**
- disjoint_with **semiosis**
- disjoint_with **symbolic**
- disjoint_with **formed**
- disjoint_with **symbol**
- disjoint_with **elementary**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**

physical branch

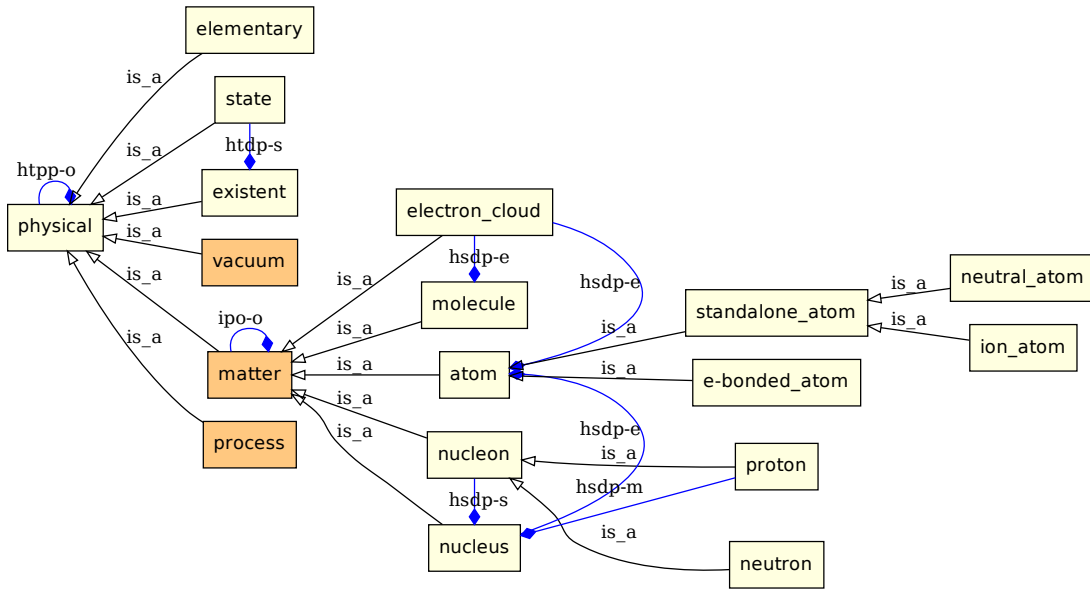


Figure 3.3: The physical branch.

physical

Elucidation: A ‘spacetime’ that is an ‘elementary’ or has some ‘elementary’ as proper parts and whose temporal proper parts are only ‘physical’-s (i.e. it can be perceived without interruptions in time).

Comment: A ‘physical’ is the class that contains all the individuals that represents real world perceivable entities. Real world entities must be perceived by the ontologist declaring the corresponding individual.

Comment: A ‘physical’ must include at least an ‘elementary’ part, but can also include void parts.

A ‘physical’ may include as part also the ‘void’ surrounding or enclosed by its ‘physical’ sub parts.

There are no particular criteria for ‘physical’-s structure, except that is made of some ‘elementary’-s as proper parts and not only ‘void’.

This is done in order to: a) take into account the quantum nature of physical systems, in which the actual position of sub-components (e.g. electrons in an atom) is not known except for its probability distribution function (according to the Copenhagen interpretation.) b) take into account the fact that large entities (e.g. devices, cars, materials) have some void into them.

e.g. a ‘spacetime’ that has spatial parts an atom and a cubic light year of ‘void’ extending for some time can be a ‘physical’ individual.

Comment: A ‘physical’ with dimensions other than 3D+1D (i.e. ‘physical’ and not ‘spacetime’) cannot exist, since perception is a process (unfolds in time).

For this reason, ‘physical’-s exist only in space and time (3D + 1D), so ‘physical’ is a subclass of ‘spacetime’.

e.g. you always have an aperture time when you take a picture or measure a property. Instantaneous perceptions are idealizations (abstractions) or a very small time measurement.

Comment: In the EMMO there are no relations such as ‘occupies_space’, since ‘physical’-s are themselves ‘spacetime’ entities.

Comment: The EMMO can be used to represent real world entities as ‘physical’-s that are easy to connect to classical or quantum mechanical based models.

Classical mechanics poses no representational issues, for the EMMO: the 4D representation of ‘physical’-s is consistent with classical physics systems.

However, the representation of ‘physical’-s that are typically analyzed through quantum mechanics (e.g. molecules, atoms, clusters), is not straightforward.

- 1) De Broglie - Bohm interpretation The most simple approach is to rely on Bohmian mechanics, in which each particle is supposed to exist in a specific position between measurements (hidden variables approach), while its trajectory is calculated using a Guiding Equation based on a quantum field calculated with the Schroedinger Equation.

While this approach is really easy to implement in an ontology, since each entity has its own well defined 4D region, its mathematical representation failed to receive large consensus due to the difficulties to include relativistic effects, to be extended to subnuclear scale and the strong non-locality assumption of the quantum field.

Nevertheless, the Bohmian mechanics is a numerical approach that is used in electronic models to reduce the computational effort of the solution of Schroedinger Equation.

In practice, an EMMO user can declare a ‘physical’ individual that stand for the whole quantum system to be described, and at the same time all sub-parts individuals can be declared, having them a well defined position in time, according to De Broglie - Bohm interpretation. The Hamiltonian can be calculated by considering the sub-part individuals.

‘physical’-s are then made of ‘physical’ parts and ‘void’ parts that stand for the space between ‘physical’-s (e.g. the void between electrons and nucleus in an atom).

- 2) Copenhagen interpretation In this interpretation the properties (e.g. energy level, position, spin) of a particle are not defined in the interval between two measurements and the quantum system is entangled (i.e. properties of particles in the system are correlated) and described by a global wavefunction obtained solving the Schroedinger Equation.

Upon measurement, the wavefunction collapses to a combination of close eigenstates that provide information about observables of the system components (e.g. position, energy).

The EMMO can be used to represent ‘physical’-s that can be related to Copenhagen based models. In practice, the user should follow these steps:

- a) define the quantum system as a ‘physical’ individual (e.g. an H2 molecule) under a specific class (e.g. ‘h2_molecule’). This individual is the whole.
- b) define the axioms of the class that describe how many sub-parts are expected for the whole and their class types (e.g. ‘h2_molecule’ has axioms ‘has_proper_part exactly 2 electron’ and ‘has_proper_part exactly 2 nucleus’)
- c) the user can now connect the whole to a Schroedinger equation based model whose Hamiltonian is calculated through the information coming only from the axioms. No individuals are declared for the subparts!

- d) a measurement done on the quantum system that provides information on the sub-part observables is interpreted as wavefunction collapse and leads to the end of the whole and the declaration of the sub-parts individuals which can be themselves other quantum systems

e.g. if the outer electron of the H2 molecule interacts with another entity defining its state, then the whole that stands for the entangled H2 molecule becomes a ‘physical’ made of an electron individual, a quantum system made of one electron and two nuclei and the void between them.

e.g. in the Born-Oppenheimer approximation the user represent the atom by un-entangling nucleus and electronic cloud. The un-entanglement comes in the form of declaration of individual as parts.

e.g. the double slit experiment can be represent in the EMMO as: a) before the slit: a ‘physical’ that extend in space and has parts ‘electron’ and ‘void’, called ‘single_electron_wave_function’. ‘electron’ and ‘void’ are only in the axioms and not declared individuals. b) during slit passage: a ‘physical’ made of one declared individual, the ‘electron’. c) after the slit: again ‘single_electron_wave_function’ d) upon collision with the detector: ‘physical’ made of one declared individual, the ‘electron’.

Comment: The purpose of the ‘physical’ branch is to provide a representation of the real world entities, while the models used to explain or predict the behaviour of the entities lay under the ‘semeion’ branch.

More than one model can be connected to the same ‘physical’.

e.g. Navier-Stokes or Euler equation applied to the same fluid

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_c5ddfdb_a_c074_4aa4_ad6b_1ac4942d300d

Relations:

- is_a **spacetime**
- is_a **elementary** or (has_proper_part some **elementary**)
- (has_temporal_proper_part only **physical**)
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**

existent

Definition: A ‘physical’ which is made only of ‘state’ temporal direct parts and at least one temporal direct part..

Comment: ‘existent’ is the most important class to be used for representing real world changing things.

This class is used to represent the whole life of a complex state-changing physical entity that for the all the extent of its life has a meaning for the ontologist.

e.g. a car, a supersaturated gas with nucleating nanoparticles, an atom that becomes ionized and then recombines with an electron.

Comment: A ‘physical’ and not ‘existent’ individual is something not classifiable because no common terms or definitions have been developed to name it. Such type of individual can be declared but it has no class (at least not yet) in the taxonomy.

i.e. an heterogeneous heap of elementaries, appearing and disappearing in time.

Comment: A superclass that contains in a taxonomy all physicals that can be classified in some way by the ontologist.

Comment: ex-sistere (latin): to stay (to persist through time) outside others of the same type (to be distinct from the rest).

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_52211e5e_d767_4812_845e_eb6b402c476a

Relations:

- is_a physical
- (has_temporal_direct_part some state)
- (has_temporal_direct_part only state)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

vacuum

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_3c218fbe_60c9_4597_8bcf_41eb1773af1f

Relations:

- is_a physical
- equivalent_to physical and not (has_part some massive)
- disjoint_with neutral_atom
- disjoint_with nucleon
- disjoint_with matter
- disjoint_with e-bonded_atom
- disjoint_with proton
- disjoint_with ion_atom
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with atom
- disjoint_with nucleus
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with electron_cloud
- disjoint_with standalone_atom

- disjoint_with molecule

matter

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_5b2222df_4da6_442f_8244_96e9e45887d1

Relations:

- is_a physical
- (is_part_of only matter)
- equivalent_to (has_part some massive)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

electron_cloud

Elucidation: A ‘spacetime’ that stands for a quantum system made of electrons.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_1067b97a_84f8_4d22_8ace_b842b8ce355c

Relations:

- is_a matter
- is_a subatomic
- (has_spatial_direct_part some electron)
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

molecule

Elucidation: An atom_based state defined by an exact number of e-bonded atomic species and an electron cloud made of the shared electrons.

Example: H₂O, C₆H₁₂O₆, CH₄

Comment: An entity is called essential if removing one direct part will lead to a change in entity class.

An entity is called redundant if removing one direct part will not lead to a change in entity class.

Comment: This definition states that this object is a non-periodic set of atoms or a set with a finite periodicity.

Removing an atom from the state will result in another type of atom_based state.

e.g. you cannot remove H from H₂O without changing the molecule type (essential). However, you can remove a C from a nanotube (redundant). C₆₀ fullerene is a molecule, since it has a finite periodicity and is made of a well defined number of atoms (essential). A C nanotube is not a molecule, since it has an infinite periodicity (redundant).

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_3397f270_dfc1_4500_8f6f_4d0d85ac5f71

Relations:

- is_a mesoscopic
- is_a matter
- (has_spatial_direct_part min 2 e-bonded_atom)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 electron_cloud)
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

nucleon

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_50781fd9_a9e4_46ad_b7be_4500371d188d

Relations:

- is_a matter
- is_a subatomic
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

proton

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_8f87e700_99a8_4427_8ffb_e493de05c217

Relations:

- is_a nucleon
- (has_spatial_direct_part some quark)
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

neutron

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_df808271_df91_4f27_ba59_fa423c51896c

Relations:

- is_a nucleon
- (has_spatial_direct_part some quark)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with proton

atom

Elucidation: An ‘atom’ is a ‘nucleus’ surrounded by an ‘electron_cloud’, i.e. a quantum system made of one or more bounded electrons.

Example: A standalone atom has direct part one ‘nucleus’ and one ‘electron_cloud’.

An O ‘atom’ within an O₂ ‘molecule’ is an ‘e-bonded_atom’.

In this material branch, H atom is a particular case, with respect to higher atomic number atoms, since as soon as it shares its electron it has no nucleus entangled electron cloud.

We cannot say that H₂ molecule has direct part two H atoms, but has direct part two H nucleus.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_eb77076b_a104_42ac_a065_798b2d2809ad

Relations:

- is_a **matter**
- is_a **atomic**
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **electron_cloud**)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **nucleus**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**

standalone_atom

Elucidation: An atom that does not share electrons with other atoms.

Comment: A standalone atom can be bonded with other atoms by intermolecular forces (i.e. dipole–dipole, London dispersion force, hydrogen bonding), since this bonds does not involve electron sharing.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_2fd3f574_5e93_47fe_afca_ed80b0a21ab4

Relations:

- is_a **atom**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

neutral_atom

Elucidation: A standalone atom that has no net charge.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_4588526f_8553_4f4d_aa73_a483e88d599b

Relations:

- is_a **standalone_atom**
- disjoint_with **ion_atom**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**

ion_atom

Elucidation: A standalone atom with an unbalanced number of electrons with respect to its atomic number.

Comment: The ion_atom is the basic part of a pure ionic bonded compound i.e. without electron sharing,

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_db03061b_db31_4132_a47a_6a634846578b

Relations:

- is_a **standalone_atom**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**
- disjoint_with **neutral_atom**

e-bonded_atom

Elucidation: An electronic bonded atom that shares at least one electron to the atom_based entity of which is part of.

Comment: A real bond between atoms is always something hybrid between covalent, metallic and ionic.

In general, metallic and ionic bonds have atoms sharing electrons.

Comment: The bond types that are covered by this definition are the strong electronic bonds: covalent, metallic and ionic.

Comment: This class can be used to represent molecules as simplified quantum systems, in which outer molecule shared electrons are un-entangled with the inner shells of the atoms composing the molecule.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_8303a247_f9d9_4616_bdc_d_f5cbd7b298e3

Relations:

- is_a **atom**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**

nucleus

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_f835f4d4_c665_403d_ab25_dca5cc74be52

Relations:

- is_a **matter**
- is_a **subatomic**
- (has_spatial_direct_part some **nucleon**)
- (has_spatial_direct_part min 1 **proton**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**

state branch

state

Elucidation: A ‘physical’ whose direct parts are only ‘physical’-s or ‘void’-s direct spatial parts.

Example: e.g. the existent in my glass is declared at $t = t_{\text{start}}$ as made of two direct parts: the ice and the water. It will continue to exists as state as long as the ice is completely melt at $t = t_{\text{end}}$. The new state will be

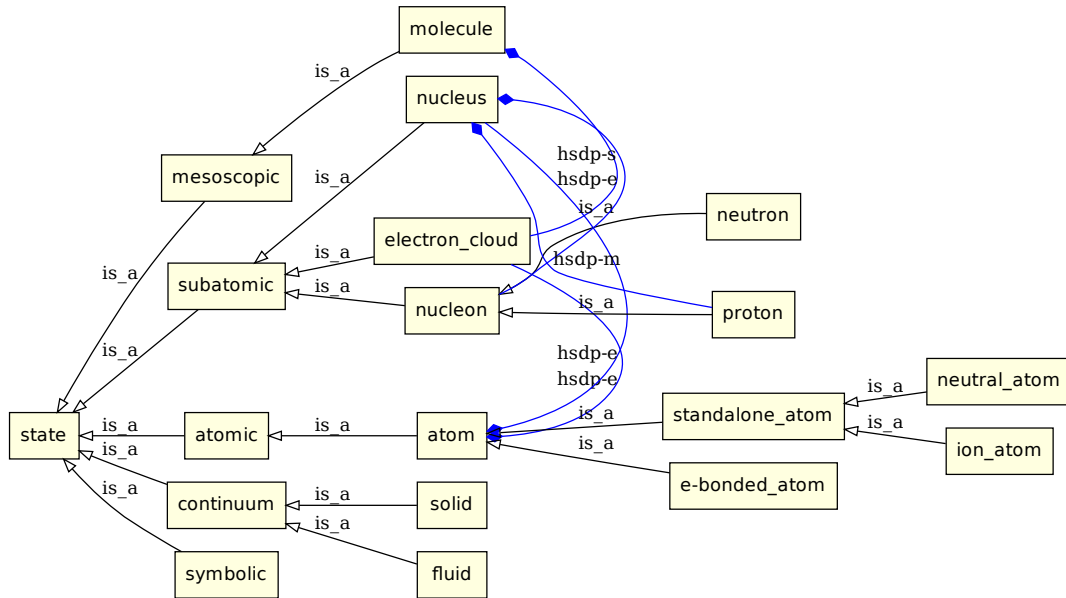


Figure 3.4: The state branch.

completely made of water. Between t_{start} and t_{end} there is an exchange of molecules between the ice and the water, but this does not affect the existence of the two states.

If we partition the existent in my glass as ice surrounded by several molecules (we do not use the object water as direct part) then the appearance of a molecule coming from the ice will cause a state to end and another state to begin.

Comment: Direct partitions declaration is a choice of the ontology developer that chooses the classes to be used as direct parts, according to its own world view.

A 'state' can always be direct partitioned in 'elementary'-s and 'void' or 'physical'.

e.g. the water in my glass can be seen as a single object without declaring direct parts, or as made of H₂O molecules direct parts.

Comment: The definition of 'state' implies that its direct parts (i.e. 'physicals') are not gained or lost during its temporal extension (they exist from the left to the right side of the time interval), so that the granularity of a 'state' is constant.

This does not mean that there cannot be a change in the internal structure of the 'state' direct parts. It means only that this change must not affect the existence of the direct part itself.

There is no change in granularity or cardinality of direct parts within a 'state'.

The use of spatial direct parthood in 'state' definition means that a 'state' cannot overlap in space another 'state'.

Comment: The usefulness of 'state' is that it makes it possible to describe the evolution in time of an 'existent' in terms of series of 'state'-s that can take into account the disappearance or appearance of parts within a 'physical'.

A 'state' is a recognizable granularity level of matter, in the sense that its direct parts do not appear or disappear within its lifetime as it can be for a generic 'existent'.

Comment: There is no change in granularity or cardinality of parts within a state.

The use of spatial direct parthood in state definition means that a state cannot overlap in space another state

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-direct#EMMO_36c79456_e29c_400d_8bd3_0eedddb82652

Relations:

- is_a **physical**
- (has_spatial_direct_part some **physical**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

mesoscopic

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_174cf221_9d16_427c_abea_e217a948969b

Relations:

- is_a **state**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

molecule

Elucidation: An atom_based state defined by an exact number of e-bonded atomic species and an electron cloud made of the shared electrons.

Example: H₂O, C₆H₁₂O₆, CH₄

Comment: An entity is called essential if removing one direct part will lead to a change in entity class.

An entity is called redundant if removing one direct part will not lead to a change in entity class.

Comment: This definition states that this object is a non-periodic set of atoms or a set with a finite periodicity.

Removing an atom from the state will result in another type of atom_based state.

e.g. you cannot remove H from H₂O without changing the molecule type (essential). However, you can remove a C from a nanotube (redundant). C₆₀ fullerene is a molecule, since it has a finite periodicity and is made of a well defined number of atoms (essential). A C nanotube is not a molecule, since it has an infinite periodicity (redundant).

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_3397f270_df1_4500_8f6f_4d0d85ac5f71

Relations:

- is_a **mesoscopic**
- is_a **matter**
- (has_spatial_direct_part min 2 **e-bonded_atom**)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **electron_cloud**)
- disjoint_with **vacuum**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

atomic

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_5c4aff3c_c30c_4507_86d5_b4df41eb9f2f

Relations:

- is_a **state**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

atom

Elucidation: An ‘atom’ is a ‘nucleus’ surrounded by an ‘electron_cloud’, i.e. a quantum system made of one or more bounded electrons.

Example: A standalone atom has direct part one ‘nucleus’ and one ‘electron_cloud’.

An O ‘atom’ within an O₂ ‘molecule’ is an ‘e-bonded_atom’.

In this material branch, H atom is a particular case, with respect to higher atomic number atoms, since as soon as it shares its electron it has no nucleus entangled electron cloud.

We cannot say that H₂ molecule has direct part two H atoms, but has direct part two H nucleus.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_eb77076b_a104_42ac_a065_798b2d2809ad

Relations:

- is_a **matter**
- is_a **atomic**
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **electron_cloud**)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **nucleus**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**

standalone_atom

Elucidation: An atom that does not share electrons with other atoms.

Comment: A standalone atom can be bonded with other atoms by intermolecular forces (i.e. dipole–dipole, London dispersion force, hydrogen bonding), since this bonds does not involve electron sharing.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_2fd3f574_5e93_47fe_afca_ed80b0a21ab4

Relations:

- is_a **atom**
- disjoint_with **vacuum**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

neutral_atom

Elucidation: A standalone atom that has no net charge.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_4588526f_8553_4f4d_aa73_a483e88d599b

Relations:

- is_a **standalone_atom**
- disjoint_with **ion_atom**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**

- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

ion_atom

Elucidation: A standalone atom with an unbalanced number of electrons with respect to its atomic number.

Comment: The ion_atom is the basic part of a pure ionic bonded compound i.e. without electron sharing,

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_db03061b_db31_4132_a47a_6a634846578b

Relations:

- is_a standalone_atom
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with neutral_atom

e-bonded_atom

Elucidation: An electronic bonded atom that shares at least one electron to the atom_based entity of which is part of.

Comment: A real bond between atoms is always something hybrid between covalent, metallic and ionic.

In general, metallic and ionic bonds have atoms sharing electrons.

Comment: The bond types that are covered by this definition are the strong electronic bonds: covalent, metallic and ionic.

Comment: This class can be used to represent molecules as simplified quantum systems, in which outer molecule shared electrons are un-entangled with the inner shells of the atoms composing the molecule.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_8303a247_f9d9_4616_bdc_d_f5cbd7b298e3

Relations:

- is_a atom

- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

subatomic

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_7d66bde4_b68d_41cc_b5fc_6fd98c5e2ff0

Relations:

- is_a state
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

electron_cloud

Elucidation: A ‘spacetime’ that stands for a quantum system made of electrons.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_1067b97a_84f8_4d22_8ace_b842b8ce355c

Relations:

- is_a matter
- is_a subatomic
- (has_spatial_direct_part some electron)
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume

- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

nucleon

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_50781fd9_a9e4_46ad_b7be_4500371d188d

Relations:

- is_a matter
- is_a subatomic
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

proton

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_8f87e700_99a8_4427_8ffb_e493de05c217

Relations:

- is_a nucleon
- (has_spatial_direct_part some quark)
- disjoint_with neutron
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

neutron

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_df808271_df91_4f27_ba59_fa423c51896c

Relations:

- is_a nucleon
- (has_spatial_direct_part some quark)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum
- disjoint_with proton

nucleus

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_f835f4d4_c665_403d_ab25_dca5cc74be52

Relations:

- is_a matter
- is_a subatomic
- (has_spatial_direct_part some nucleon)
- (has_spatial_direct_part min 1 proton)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with vacuum

continuum

Elucidation: A state that is a collection of sufficiently large number of other parts such that: - it is the bearer of qualities that can exist only by the fact that it is a sum of parts - the smallest partition dV of the state volume in which we are interested in, contains enough parts to be statistically consistent: $n \text{ [}/\text{m}^3\text{]} \times dV \text{ [m}^3\text{]} \gg 1$

Comment: A continuum is made of a sufficient number of parts that it continues to exist as a continuum individual even after the loss of one of them i.e. a continuum is a redundant.

Comment: A continuum is not necessarily small (i.e. composed by the minimum amount of states to fulfill the definition).

A single continuum individual can be the whole fluid in a pipe.

Comment: A continuum is the bearer of properties that are generated by the interactions of parts such as viscosity and thermal or electrical conductivity.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_8b0923ab_b500_477b_9ce9_8b3a3e4dc4f2

Relations:

- is_a **state**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

fluid

Elucidation: A continuum that has no fixed shape and yields easily to external pressure.

Example: Gas, liquid, plasma,

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_87ac88ff_8379_4f5a_8c7b_424a8fff1ee8

Relations:

- is_a **continuum**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

solid

Elucidation: A continuum characterized by structural rigidity and resistance to changes of shape or volume, that retains its shape and density when not confined.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_a2b006f2_bbfd_4dba_bcaa_3fca20cd6be1

Relations:

- is_a **continuum**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**

- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

elementary branch

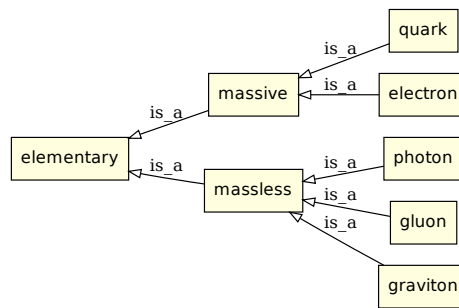


Figure 3.5: The elementary branch.

elementary

Elucidation: The basic constituent of ‘physical’-s that can be proper partitioned only in time.

Comment: ‘elementary’ is by definition the most simple example of ‘state’.

Comment: According to mereology, this should be call ‘a-tomistic’ in the strict etimological sense of the word (from greek, a-tomos: un-divisible).

Mereology based on such items is called atomistic mereology.

However, in order not to confuse the lexicon between mereology and physics (in which an atom is a divisible physical entity) we prefer to call it ‘elementary’, recalling the concept of elementary particle coming from the standard particles model.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-core#EMMO_0f795e3e_c602_4577_9a43_d5a231aa1360

Relations:

- is_a physical
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume

- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

massive

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_385b8f6e_43ac_4596_ad76_ac322c68b7ca

Relations:

- is_a elementary
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with photon

quark

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_72d53756_7fb1_46ed_980f_83f47efbe105

Relations:

- is_a massive
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with massless
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with photon

electron

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_8043d3c6_a4c1_4089_ba34_9744e28e5b3d

Relations:

- is_a **massive**
- disjoint_with **massless**
- disjoint_with **graviton**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **photon**
- disjoint_with **quark**
- disjoint_with **gluon**

massless

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_e5488299_8dab_4ebb_900a_26d2abed8396

Relations:

- is_a **elementary**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **massive**
- disjoint_with **quark**
- disjoint_with **electron**

photon

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_25f8b804_9a0b_4387_a3e7_b35bce5365ee

Relations:

- is_a **massless**
- disjoint_with **massive**

- disjoint_with quark
- disjoint_with gluon
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

gluon

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_7db59e56_f68b_48b7_ae99_891c35ae5c3b

Relations:

- is_a massless
- disjoint_with electron
- disjoint_with graviton
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with photon
- disjoint_with massive
- disjoint_with quark

graviton

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-material#EMMO_eb3c61f0_3983_4346_a0c6_e7f6b90a67a8

Relations:

- is_a massless
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface

- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **photon**
- disjoint_with **massive**
- disjoint_with **quark**
- disjoint_with **gluon**
- disjoint_with **electron**

process branch

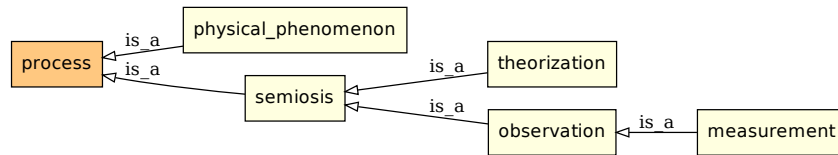


Figure 3.6: The process branch.

process

Definition: A ‘process’ is defined as a temporal part of a ‘physical’ that is categorized in a primitive process subclass according to what type of process we want to represent.

Strictly speaking, every ‘physical’ is a process since in a 4D representation it always has a time dimension, but in the EMMO we restrict the meaning of ‘process’ to ‘physical’-s whose evolution in time have a particular meaning for the ontologist.

i.e. a ‘process’ is not only something that unfolds in time (which is automatically represented in a 4D ontology), but something happening that has a meaning for the interpreter.

Elucidation: A ‘process’ is always a ‘physical’, since a ‘void’ does not have elements that evolves in time.

However, ‘void’ parts inside a ‘process’ can have a ‘role’.

Elucidation: A temporal part of a ‘physical’ that identifies a particular type of evolution in time.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_43e9a05d_98af_41b4_92f6_00f79a09bfce

Relations:

- is_a **physical**
- equivalent_to (has_participant some **role**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**

- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physical_phenomenon

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_314d0bd5_67ed_437e_a609_36d46147cea7

Relations:

- is_a process
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

semiosis

Elucidation: A ‘process’, that has participant an ‘interpreter’, that is aimed to produce a ‘sign’ representing another participant, the ‘interpreted’.

Example: Me looking a cat and saying loud: “Cat!” -> the semiosis process

me -> interpreter cat -> object (in Peirce semiotics) the cat perceived by my mind -> interpretant “Cat!” -> sign, the produced sign

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_008fd3b2_4013_451f_8827_52bceab11841

Relations:

- is_a process
- (has_spatial_direct_part some interpreter)
- (has_proper_participant some object)
- (has_proper_participant some sign)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant

- disjoint_with world_line

theorization

Elucidation: The ‘semiosis’ process of interpreting a ‘physical’ and provide a complec sign, ‘theory’ that stands for it and explain it to another interpreter.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_6c739b1a_a774_4416_bb31_1961486fa9ed

Relations:

- is_a semiosis
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

observation

Elucidation: A ‘semiosis’ that involves an ‘observer’ that perceives another ‘entity’ (the ‘object’) through a specific perception mechanism and produces a ‘property’ (the ‘sign’) that stands for the result of that particular perception.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_10a5fd39_06aa_4648_9e70_f962a9cb2069

Relations:

- is_a semiosis
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

measurement

Elucidation: An ‘observation’ that results in a quantitative comparison of a ‘property’ of an ‘object’ with a standard reference.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_463bcfda_867b_41d9_a967_211d4d437cfb

Relations:

- is_a **observation**
- (has_spatial_direct_part some measurement_instrument)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

role branch

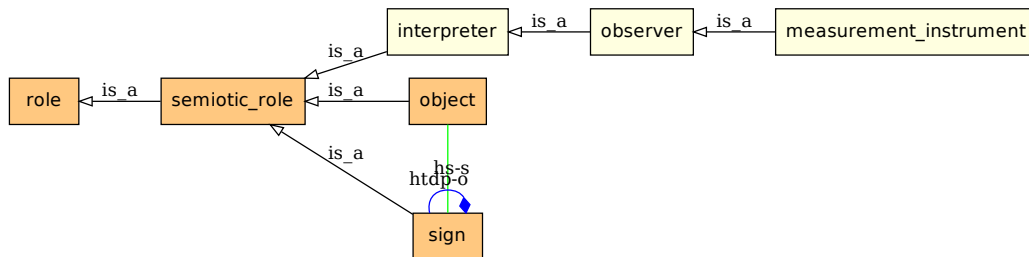


Figure 3.7: The role branch.

role

Elucidation: A portion of a ‘process’ that participate to the ‘process’ with a specific role.

In the EMMO the relation of participation to a process falls under mereology.

It can be a ‘physical’ or a ‘void’.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-process#EMMO_49804605_c0fe_4538_abda_f70ba1dc8a5d

Relations:

- is_a **spacetime**
- equivalent_to (is_participant_of some process)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**

- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

semiotic_role

Elucidation: The class of semiotic elements used in Peirce’s semiotic theory.

“Namely, a sign is something, A, which brings something, B, its interpretant sign determined or created by it, into the same sort of correspondence with something, C, its object, as that in which itself stands to C.” (Peirce 1902, NEM 4, 20–21).

The triadic elements: - ‘sign’: the sign A (e.g. a name) - ‘interpretant’: the sign B as the effects of the sign A on the interpreter (e.g. the mental concept of what a name means) - ‘object’: the object C (e.g. the entity to which the sign A and B refer to)

This class includes also the ‘interpeter’ i.e. the entity that connects the ‘sign’ to the ‘object’

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_b803f122_4acb_4064_9d71_c1e5fd091fc9

Relations:

- is_a **role**
- (**is_participant_of** some **semiosis**)
- equivalent_to **interpreter** or **object** or **sign**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

interpreter

Elucidation: The entity (or agent, or observer, or cognitive entity) who connects ‘sign’, ‘interpretant’ and ‘object’.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_0527413c_b286_4e9c_b2d0_03fb2a038dee

Relations:

- is_a **semiotic_role**
- (**is_spatial_direct_part_of** some **semiosis**)
- (**has_spatial_direct_part** some **interpretant**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**

- disjoint_with world_line

observer

Elucidation: An ‘interpreter’ that perceives another ‘entity’ (the ‘object’) through a specific perception mechanism and produces a ‘property’ (the ‘sign’) that stands for the result of that particular perception.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_1b52ee70_121e_4d8d_8419_3f97cd0bd89c

Relations:

- is_a interpreter
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

measurement_instrument

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_f2d5d3ad_2e00_417f_8849_686f3988d929

Relations:

- is_a observer
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

object

Elucidation: The object, in Peirce semiotics.

Comment: Here is assumed that the concept of ‘object’ is always relative to a ‘semiotic’ process. An ‘object’ does not exist per se, but it’s always part of an interpretation.

The EMMO relies on strong reductionism, i.e. everything real is a formless collection of elementary particles: we give a meaning to real world entities only by giving them boundaries and defining them using ‘sign’-s.

In this way the ‘sign’-ed entity becomes an ‘object’, and the ‘object’ is the basic entity needed in order to apply a logical formalism to the real world entities (i.e. we can speak of it through its sign, and use logics on it through its sign).

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_6f5af708_f825_4feb_a0d1_a8d813d3022b

Relations:

- is_a semiotic_role
- (is_spatial_direct_part_of some semiosis)
- equivalent_to (has_sign some sign)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

sign branch

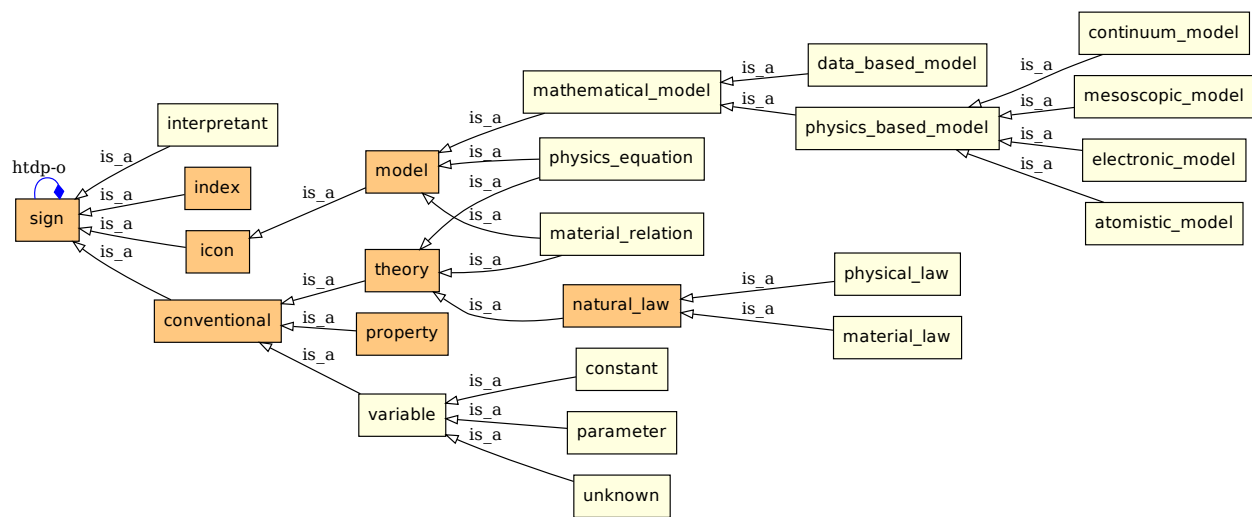


Figure 3.8: The sign branch.

sign

Elucidation: An ‘existent’ that is used as sign (“semeion” in greek) that stands for another ‘physical’ through an abstraction process.

Example: A novel is made of chapters, paragraphs, sentences, words and characters (in a direct parthood mereological hierarchy).

Each of them are ‘sign’-s.

A character can be the a-tomistic ‘sign’ for the class of texts.

The horizontal segment in the character “A” is direct part of “A” but it is not a ‘sign’ itself.

For plain text we can propose the ASCII symbols, for math the fundamental math symbols.

Comment: A ‘sign’ can have temporal-direct-parts which are ‘sign’ themselves.

A ‘sign’ usually have ‘sign’ spatial direct parts only up to a certain elementary semiotic level, in which the part is only a ‘physical’ and no more a ‘sign’ (i.e. it stands for nothing). This elementary semiotic level is peculiar to each particular system of signs (e.g. text, painting).

Just like an ‘elementary’ in the ‘physical’ branch, each ‘sign’ branch should have an a-tomistic mereological part.

Comment: According to Peirce, ‘sign’ includes three subcategories: - symbols: that stand for an object through convention - indices: that stand for an object due to causal contiguity - icon: that stand for an object due to similitudes e.g. in shape or composition

Comment: In a 4D ontology one could question if a ‘sign’ should be defined as a spatial direct part of a ‘semiosis’ i.e. a proper part of a ‘semiosis’ during all its existence.

e.g. one can say that an unread text is not a ‘sign’: it was a ‘sign’ during the ‘semiosis’ process in which it was written, but after that it is something else, until somebody read it again.

However, this is not the case for an ontology, since declaring an individual under the ‘sign’ class (a semiosis outside the EMMO, a meta-semiosis) is equivalent to say that for the ontologist (an interpreter outside the EMMO, a meta-interpreter) the real entity (an object outside the EMMO, a meta-object) is a ‘sign’.

So the ‘semiosis’ process within the EMMO is about how other ‘interpreter’-s deal with the ‘sign’-s here declared.

Comment: It can be defined as the semiotic branch of the EMMO.

‘sign’ subclasses categorize the type of signs that are used to create representations/models of the real world entities.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_b21a56ed_f969_4612_a6ec_cb7766f7f31d

Relations:

- is_a **semiotic_role**
- (is_part_of some **semiosis**)
- (has_temporal_direct_part only **sign**)
- equivalent_to **index** or **conventional** or **icon**
- equivalent_to (stands_for some **emmo**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

interpretant

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_054af807_85cd_4a13_8eba_119dfdaaf38b

Relations:

- is_a **sign**
- (is_proper_part_of some **interpreter**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**

- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

index

Elucidation: A 'sign' that stands for an 'object' due to causal contingency.

Example: Smoke stands for a combustion process (a fire).

My facial expression stands for my emotional status.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_0cd58641_824c_4851_907f_f4c3be76630c

Relations:

- is_a sign
- equivalent_to (is_index_of some emmo)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

conventional

Elucidation: A 'sign' that stand for an 'object' through convention, norm or habit, without any resemblance to it.

Comment: In Peirce semiotics this kind of sign category is called symbol. However, since symbol is also used in formal languages, the name is changed in conventional.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_35d2e130_6e01_41ed_94f7_00b333d46cf9

Relations:

- is_a sign
- equivalent_to (is_convention_for some emmo)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume

- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

variable

Comment: A ‘variable’ is a ‘symbol’ that stands for a numerical defined ‘mathematical’ entity like e.g. a number, a vector, a matrix.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_1eed0732_e3f1_4b2c_a9c4_b4e75eeb5895

Relations:

- is_a math_symbol
- is_a conventional
- (has_value some number)
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

constant

Elucidation: A ‘variable’ that stand for a well known constant.

Comment: $\pi = 3.14$

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_ae15fb4f_8e4d_41de_a0f9_3997f89ba6a2

Relations:

- is_a variable
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface

- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

parameter

Example: Viscosity, the total energy of the system given by an Hamiltonian, the force between two atoms.

Comment: A variable whose value is assumed to be known independently from the equation, but whose value is not explicitated in the equation.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_d1d436e7_72fc_49cd_863b_7bfb4ba5276a

Relations:

- is_a **variable**
- disjoint_with **continuum_model**
- disjoint_with **mesoscopic_model**
- disjoint_with **electronic_model**
- disjoint_with **atomistic_model**
- disjoint_with **physics_based_model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

unknown

Elucidation: The dependent variable for which an equation has been written.

Example: Velocity, for the Navier-Stokes equation.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_fe7e56ce_118b_4243_9aad_20eb9f4f31f6

Relations:

- is_a **variable**
- disjoint_with **continuum_model**
- disjoint_with **mesoscopic_model**
- disjoint_with **electronic_model**
- disjoint_with **atomistic_model**
- disjoint_with **physics_based_model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**

- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

theory

Elucidation: A ‘conventional’ that stand for a ‘physical’.

Comment: The ‘theory’ is e.g. a proposition, a book or a paper whose sub-symbols suggest in the mind of the interpreter an interpretant structure that can represent a ‘physical’.

It is not an ‘icon’ (like a math equation), because it has no common resemblance or logical structure with the ‘physical’.

In Peirce semiotics: legisign-symbol-argument

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_8d2d9374_ef3a_47e6_8595_6bc208e07519

Relations:

- is_a conventional
- equivalent_to (stands_for some process)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physics_equation

Elucidation: An ‘equation’ that stands for a ‘physical_law’ by mathematically defining the relations between physics_quantities.

Comment: The Newton’s equation of motion.

The Schrodinger equation.

The Navier-Stokes equation.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_27c5d8c6_8af7_4d63_beb1_ec37cd8b3fa3

Relations:

- is_a equation
- is_a theory
- is_a model
- (is_model_for some physical_phenomenon)
- disjoint_with line

- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

natural_law

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_db9a009e_f097_43f5_9520_6cbc07e7610b

Relations:

- is_a theory
- equivalent_to (is_convention_for some physical_phenomenon)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physical_law

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_9c32fd69_f480_4130_83b3_fb25d9face14

Relations:

- is_a natural_law
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

material__law

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_f19ff3b4_6bfe_4c41_a2b2_9affd39c140b

Relations:

- is_a **natural__law**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world__sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world__volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world__line**

material__relation

Elucidation: An ‘equation’ that stands for a physical assumption specific to a material, and provides an expression for a ‘physics__quantity’ (the dependent variable) as function of other variables, physics__quantity or data (independent variables).

Example: The Lennard-Jones potential.

A force field.

An Hamiltonian.

Comment: A material__relation can e.g. return a predefined number, return a database query, be an equation that depends on other physics__quantities.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_e5438930_04e7_4d42_ade5_3700d4a52ab7

Relations:

- is_a **equation**
- is_a **theory**
- is_a **model**
- (**is__model__for** some **physical__phenomenon**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world__sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world__volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world__line**

icon

Elucidation: A ‘sign’ that stands for an ‘object’ by resembling or imitating it, in shape or by sharing a similar logical structure.

Example: A picture that reproduces the aspect of a person.

An equation that reproduces the logical connection of the properties of a physical entity.

Comment: Three subtypes of icon are possible:

- (a) the image, which depends on a simple quality (e.g. picture)
- (b) the diagram, whose internal relations, mainly dyadic or so taken, represent by analogy the relations in something (e.g. math formula, geometric flowchart)
- (c) the metaphor, which represents the representative character of a sign by representing a parallelism in something else

[Wikipedia]

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_d7788d1a_020d_4c78_85a1_13563fcec168

Relations:

- is_a **sign**
- equivalent_to (is_icon_of some **emmo**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

model

Elucidation: A ‘sign’ that not only stands for a ‘physical’ or a ‘process’, but it is also a simplified representation, aimed to assist calculations for its description or for predictions of its behaviour.

A ‘model’ represents a ‘physical’ or a ‘process’ by direct similitude (e.g. small scale replica) or by capturing in a logical framework the relations between its properties (e.g. mathematical model).

Comment: A ‘model’ prediction is always a prediction of the properties of an entity, since an entity is known by an interpreter only through perception.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_939483b1_0148_43d1_8b35_851d2cd5d939

Relations:

- is_a **icon**
- equivalent_to (is_model_for some **physical**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**

- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

physics__equation

Elucidation: An ‘equation’ that stands for a ‘physical_law’ by mathematically defining the relations between physics_quantities.

Comment: The Newton’s equation of motion.

The Schrodinger equation.

The Navier-Stokes equation.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_27c5d8c6_8af7_4d63_beb1_ec37cd8b3fa3

Relations:

- is_a **equation**
- is_a **theory**
- is_a **model**
- (is_model_for some **physical_phenomenon**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

material__relation

Elucidation: An ‘equation’ that stands for a physical assumption specific to a material, and provides an expression for a ‘physics_quantity’ (the dependent variable) as function of other variables, physics_quantity or data (independent variables).

Example: The Lennard-Jones potential.

A force field.

An Hamiltonian.

Comment: A material_relation can e.g. return a predefined number, return a database query, be an equation that depends on other physics_quantities.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_e5438930_04e7_4d42_ade5_3700d4a52ab7

Relations:

- is_a **equation**
- is_a **theory**

- is_a **model**
- (is_model_for some **physical_phenomenon**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

mathematical_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_f7ed665b_c2e1_42bc_889b_6b42ed3a36f0

Relations:

- is_a **mathematical**
- is_a **model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

data_based_model

Elucidation: A computational model that uses data to create new insight into the behaviour of a system.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_a4b14b83_9392_4a5f_a2e8_b2b58793f59b

Relations:

- is_a **mathematical_model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**

- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physics_based_model

Elucidation: A solvable set of one Physics Equation and one or more Materials Relations.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_b29fd350_39aa_4af7_9459_3faa0544cba6

Relations:

- is_a mathematical_model
- (has_spatial_direct_part some material_relation)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 physics_equation)
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with unknown

continuum_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_4456a5d2_16a6_4ee1_9a8e_5c75956b28ea

Relations:

- is_a physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number

- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with unknown

mesoscopic_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_53935db0_af45_4426_b9e9_244a0d77db00

Relations:

- is_a physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with unknown

electronic_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_6eca09be_17e9_445e_abc9_000aa61b7a11

Relations:

- is_a physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter

- disjoint_with unknown

atomistic_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_84cad45_6758_46f2_ba2a_5ead65c70213

Relations:

- is_a physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with unknown

symbolic branch

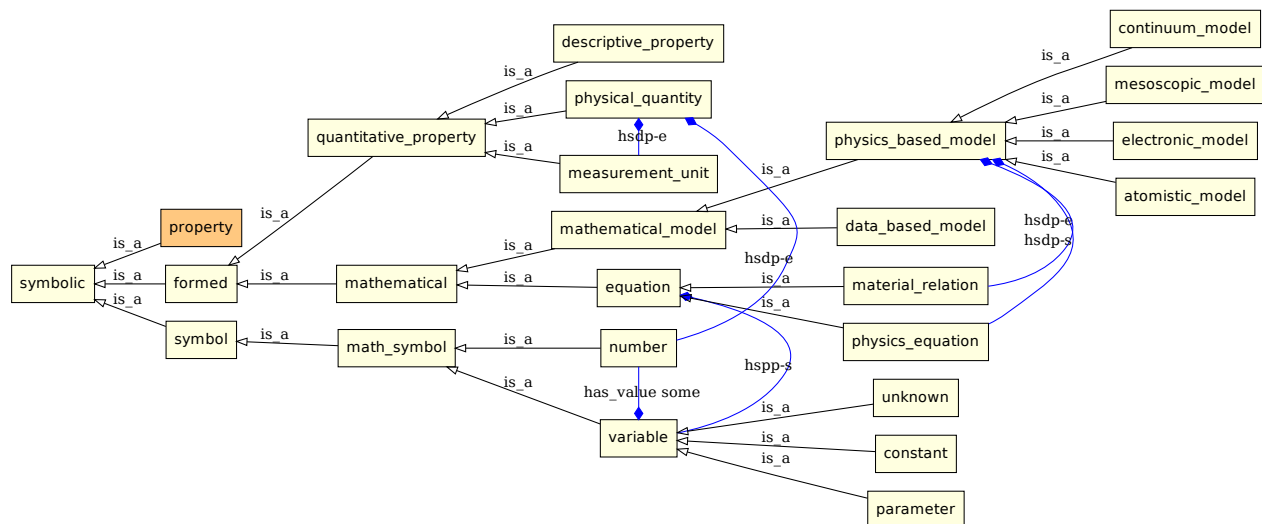


Figure 3.9: The symbolic branch.

symbolic

Elucidation: A ‘symbol’ or a composition of ‘symbol’-s.

Example: fe@è0 emmo !5*a cat

Comment: In formal languages it is called a string of symbols.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_057e7d57_aff0_49de_911a_8861d85cef40

Relations:

- is_a **state**
- is_a **symbol** or (has_spatial_direct_part some **symbol**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

formed

Elucidation: A composition of ‘symbol’-s respecting a specific language syntactic rules (well-formed).

Example: The word “cat” considered as a collection of ‘symbol’-s respecting the rules of english language.

In this example the ‘symbolic’ entity “cat” is not related to the real cat, but it is only a word (like it would be to an italian person that ignores the meaning of this english word).

If an ‘interpreter’ skilled in english language is involved in a ‘semiotic’ process with this word, that “cat” became also a ‘sign’ i.e. it became for the ‘interpreter’ a representation for a real cat.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_50ea1ec5_f157_41b0_b46b_a9032f17ca10

Relations:

- is_a **symbolic**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

mathematical

Comment: The class of general mathematical symbols.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_54ee6b5e_5261_44a8_86eb_5717e7fdb9d0

Relations:

- is_a **formed**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

equation

Comment: The class of ‘mathematical’-s that stand for a mathematical expression that puts in relation some variables and that can always be represented as:

$$f(v_0, v_1, \dots, v_n) = g(v_0, v_1, \dots, v_n)$$

where f is the left hand and g the right hand side expressions and v_0, v_1, \dots, v_n are the variables.

e.g.

$$x^2 + 3x = 5x$$

$$dv/dt = a$$

$$\sin(x) = y$$

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_e56ee3eb_7609_4ae1_8bed_51974f0960a6

Relations:

- is_a **mathematical**
- (**has_spatial_proper_part** some **variable**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

physics__equation

Elucidation: An ‘equation’ that stands for a ‘physical_law’ by mathematically defining the relations between physics_quantities.

Comment: The Newton’s equation of motion.

The Schrodinger equation.

The Navier-Stokes equation.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_27c5d8c6_8af7_4d63_beb1_ec37cd8b3fa3

Relations:

- is_a **equation**
- is_a **theory**
- is_a **model**
- (is_model_for some **physical_phenomenon**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

material__relation

Elucidation: An ‘equation’ that stands for a physical assumption specific to a material, and provides an expression for a ‘physics_quantity’ (the dependent variable) as function of other variables, physics_quantity or data (independent variables).

Example: The Lennard-Jones potential.

A force field.

An Hamiltonian.

Comment: A material_relation can e.g. return a predefined number, return a database query, be an equation that depends on other physics_quantities.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_e5438930_04e7_4d42_ade5_3700d4a52ab7

Relations:

- is_a **equation**
- is_a **theory**
- is_a **model**
- (is_model_for some **physical_phenomenon**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**

- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

mathematical_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_f7ed665b_c2e1_42bc_889b_6b42ed3a36f0

Relations:

- is_a mathematical
- is_a model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

data_based_model

Elucidation: A computational model that uses data to create new insight into the behaviour of a system.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_a4b14b83_9392_4a5f_a2e8_b2b58793f59b

Relations:

- is_a mathematical_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physics_based_model

Elucidation: A solvable set of one Physics Equation and one or more Materials Relations.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_b29fd350_39aa_4af7_9459_3faa0544cba6

Relations:

- is_a **mathematical_model**
- (has_spatial_direct_part some material_relation)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 physics_equation)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **math_symbol**
- disjoint_with **number**
- disjoint_with **variable**
- disjoint_with **constant**
- disjoint_with **parameter**
- disjoint_with **unknown**

continuum_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_4456a5d2_16a6_4ee1_9a8e_5c75956b28ea

Relations:

- is_a **physics_based_model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **math_symbol**
- disjoint_with **number**
- disjoint_with **variable**
- disjoint_with **constant**
- disjoint_with **parameter**
- disjoint_with **unknown**

mesoscopic_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_53935db0_af45_4426_b9e9_244a0d77db00

Relations:

- is_a **physics_based_model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **math_symbol**
- disjoint_with **number**
- disjoint_with **variable**
- disjoint_with **constant**
- disjoint_with **parameter**
- disjoint_with **unknown**

electronic_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_6eca09be_17e9_445e_abc9_000aa61b7a11

Relations:

- is_a **physics_based_model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**
- disjoint_with **math_symbol**
- disjoint_with **number**
- disjoint_with **variable**
- disjoint_with **constant**
- disjoint_with **parameter**
- disjoint_with **unknown**

atomistic_model

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-models#EMMO_84cad45_6758_46f2_ba2a_5ead65c70213

Relations:

- is_a **physics_based_model**

- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line
- disjoint_with math_symbol
- disjoint_with number
- disjoint_with variable
- disjoint_with constant
- disjoint_with parameter
- disjoint_with unknown

quantitative__property

Elucidation: A ‘property’ that can be quantified with respect to a standardized reference physical instance (e.g. the prototype meter bar, the kg prototype) or method (e.g. resilience) through a measurement process.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_dd4a7f3e_ef56_466c_ac1a_d2716b5f87ec

Relations:

- is_a physical_property
- is_a formed
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physical__quantity

Elucidation: A “symbolic” entity that is made of a ‘number’ and a ‘measurement_unit’.

By definition it also stands for the result of a measurement process, and so it is also a ‘sign’.

Comment: Measured or simulated ‘physical property’-s are always defined by a physical law, connected to a physical entity through a model perspective and measurement is done according to the same model.

Systems of units suggests that this is the correct approach, since except for the fundamental units (length, time, charge) every other unit is derived by mathematical relations between these fundamental units, implying a physical laws or definitions.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_02c0621e_a527_4790_8a0f_2bb51973c819

Relations:

- is_a **quantitative_property**
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **number**)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **measurement_unit**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

measurement_unit

Elucidation: A ‘quantitative_property’ that stands for the standard reference magnitude of a specific class of measurement processes, defined and adopted by convention or by law.

Quantitative measurement results are expressed as a multiple of the ‘measurement_unit’.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_b081b346_7279_46ef_9a3d_2c088fcd79f4

Relations:

- is_a **quantitative_property**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

descriptive_property

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_c46f091c_0420_4c1a_af30_0a2c8ebcf7d7

Relations:

- is_a **quantitative_property**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**

- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

symbol

Elucidation: An elementary mark of a specific symbolic code (alphabet).

Example: The class of letter “A” is the symbol as idea and the letter A is the mark.

Comment: Subclasses of ‘symbol’ are alphabets, in formal languages terminology.

Comment: Symbols of a formal language need not be symbols of anything. For instance there are logical constants which do not refer to any idea, but rather serve as a form of punctuation in the language (e.g. parentheses). Symbols of a formal language must be capable of being specified without any reference to any interpretation of them. (Wikipedia)

Comment: The class is the idea of the symbol, while the individual of that class stands for a specific mark (or token) of that idea.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-semiotics#EMMO_a1083d0a_c1fb_471f_8e20_a98f881ad527

Relations:

- is_a symbolic
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

math_symbol

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_031d61af_6405_41de_8880_df2f85a53383

Relations:

- is_a symbol
- (has_spatial_proper_part only not mathematical)
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space

- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

number

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_1a663927_3b68_4618_acd3_a8aa0d406329

Relations:

- is_a math_symbol
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

variable

Comment: A ‘variable’ is a ‘symbol’ that stands for a numerical defined ‘mathematical’ entity like e.g. a number, a vector, a matrix.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_1eed0732_e3f1_4b2c_a9c4_b4e75eeb5895

Relations:

- is_a math_symbol
- is_a conventional
- (has_value some number)
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space

- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

constant

Elucidation: A ‘variable’ that stand for a well known constant.

Comment: $\pi = 3.14$

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_ae15fb4f_8e4d_41de_a0f9_3997f89ba6a2

Relations:

- is_a variable
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

parameter

Example: Viscosity, the total energy of the system given by an Hamiltonian, the force between two atoms.

Comment: A variable whose value is assumed to be known independently from the equation, but whose value is not explicitated in the equation.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_d1d436e7_72fc_49cd_863b_7bfb4ba5276a

Relations:

- is_a variable
- disjoint_with continuum_model
- disjoint_with mesoscopic_model
- disjoint_with electronic_model
- disjoint_with atomistic_model
- disjoint_with physics_based_model

- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

unknown

Elucidation: The dependent variable for which an equation has been written.

Example: Velocity, for the Navier-Stokes equation.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-math#EMMO_fe7e56ce_118b_4243_9aad_20eb9f4f31f6

Relations:

- is_a **variable**
- disjoint_with **continuum_model**
- disjoint_with **mesoscopic_model**
- disjoint_with **electronic_model**
- disjoint_with **atomistic_model**
- disjoint_with **physics_based_model**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

property branch

property

Elucidation: A ‘sign’ that stands for an ‘object’ that the ‘interpreter’ perceived through a well defined ‘observation’ process.

(a property is always a partial representation of an ‘object’ since it reflects the ‘object’ capability to be part of a specific ‘observation’ process)

Example: Hardness is a subclass of properties.

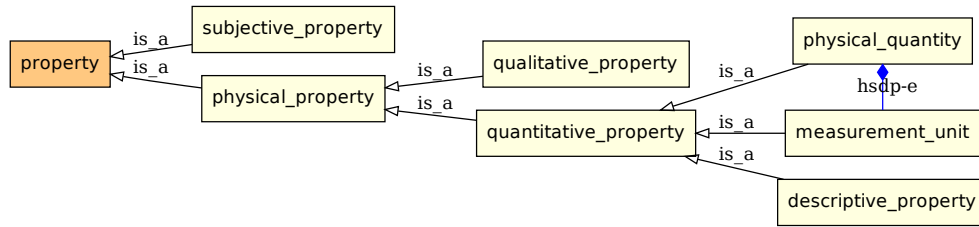


Figure 3.10: The property branch.

Vickers hardness is a subclass of hardness that involves the procedures and instruments defined by the standard hardness test.

Example: Let's define the class 'colour' as the subclass of the properties that involve photon emission and an electromagnetic radiation sensible observer.

An individual C of this class 'colour' can be defined by declaring the process individual (e.g. daylight illumination) and the observer (e.g. my eyes)

Stating that an entity E has `_property C`, we mean that it can be observed by such setup of process + observer (i.e. observed by my eyes under daylight).

This definition can be generalized by using a generic human eye, so that the observer can be a generic human.

This can be used in material characterization, to define exactly the type of measurement done, including the instrument type.

Comment: We know real world entities through observation/perception.

A non-perceivable real world entity does not exist (or it exists on a plane of existence that has no intersection with us and we can say nothing about it).

Perception/observation of a real world entity occurs when the entity stimulates an observer in a peculiar way through a well defined perception channel.

For this reason each property is related to a specific observation process which involves a specific observer with its own perception mechanisms.

The observation process (e.g. a look, a photo shot, a measurement) is performed by an observer (e.g. you, a camera, an instrument) through a specific perception mechanism (e.g. retina impression, CMOS excitation, piezoelectric sensor activation) and involves an observed entity.

An observation is a semiotic process, since it stimulates an interpretant within the interpreter who can communicate the perception result to other interpreters through a sign which is the property.

Property subclasses are specializations that depend on the type of observation processes.

e.g. the property 'colour' is related to a process that involves emission or interaction of photon and an observer who can perceive electromagnetic radiation in the visible frequency range.

Properties usually rely on symbolic systems (e.g. for colour it can be palette or RGB).

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_b7bcff25_ffc3_474e_9ab5_01b1664bd4ba

Relations:

- `is_a` **symbolic**
- `is_a` **conventional**
- `equivalent_to` (`is_property_for` some **emmo**)
- `disjoint_with` **line**
- `disjoint_with` **space**

- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

subjective_property

Elucidation: A ‘property’ that cannot be univocally determined and is strongly ‘observer’ dependent.

Example: The beauty of that girl. The style of your clothing.

Comment: A ‘subjective_property’ cannot be used to univocally compare ‘object’-s.

e.g. you cannot evaluate the beauty of a person on objective basis.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_251cfb4f_5c75_4778_91ed_6c8395212fd8

Relations:

- is_a property
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physical_property

Elucidation: A ‘property’ that is determined by each ‘observer’ following a well defined ‘observation’ procedure through a specific perception channel.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_2a88cdf_ec4a_4ec5_af1c_0343372fc978

Relations:

- is_a property
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume

- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

qualitative__property

Elucidation: An ‘physical_property’ that cannot be quantified.

Example: CFC is a ‘sign’ that stands for the fact that the morphology of atoms composing the microstructure of an entity is predominantly Cubic Face Centered

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_909415d1_7c43_4d5e_bbeb_7e1910159f66

Relations:

- is_a physical_property
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

quantitative__property

Elucidation: A ‘property’ that can be quantified with respect to a standardized reference physical instance (e.g. the prototype meter bar, the kg prototype) or method (e.g. resilience) through a measurement process.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_dd4a7f3e_ef56_466c_ac1a_d2716b5f87ec

Relations:

- is_a physical_property
- is_a formed
- disjoint_with line
- disjoint_with space
- disjoint_with void
- disjoint_with set
- disjoint_with world_sheet
- disjoint_with surface
- disjoint_with point
- disjoint_with volume
- disjoint_with world_volume
- disjoint_with interval
- disjoint_with time
- disjoint_with instant
- disjoint_with world_line

physical_quantity

Elucidation: A “symbolic” entity that is made of a ‘number’ and a ‘measurement_unit’.

By definition it also stands for the result of a measurement process, and so it is also a ‘sign’.

Comment: Measured or simulated ‘physical property’-s are always defined by a physical law, connected to a physical entity through a model perspective and measurement is done according to the same model.

Systems of units suggests that this is the correct approach, since except for the fundamental units (length, time, charge) every other unit is derived by mathematical relations between these fundamental units, implying a physical laws or definitions.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_02c0621e_a527_4790_8a0f_2bb51973c819

Relations:

- is_a **quantitative_property**
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **number**)
- (has_spatial_direct_part exactly 1 **measurement_unit**)
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

measurement_unit

Elucidation: A ‘quantitative_property’ that stands for the standard reference magnitude of a specific class of measurement processes, defined and adopted by convention or by law.

Quantitative measurement results are expressed as a multiple of the ‘measurement_unit’.

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_b081b346_7279_46ef_9a3d_2c088fcd79f4

Relations:

- is_a **quantitative_property**
- disjoint_with **line**
- disjoint_with **space**
- disjoint_with **void**
- disjoint_with **set**
- disjoint_with **world_sheet**
- disjoint_with **surface**
- disjoint_with **point**
- disjoint_with **volume**
- disjoint_with **world_volume**
- disjoint_with **interval**
- disjoint_with **time**
- disjoint_with **instant**
- disjoint_with **world_line**

descriptive__property

IRI: http://emmc.info/emmo-properties#EMMO_c46f091c_0420_4c1a_af30_0a2c8ebcf7d7

Relations:

- is_a [quantitative__property](#)
- disjoint_with [line](#)
- disjoint_with [space](#)
- disjoint_with [void](#)
- disjoint_with [set](#)
- disjoint_with [world__sheet](#)
- disjoint_with [surface](#)
- disjoint_with [point](#)
- disjoint_with [volume](#)
- disjoint_with [world__volume](#)
- disjoint_with [interval](#)
- disjoint_with [time](#)
- disjoint_with [instant](#)
- disjoint_with [world__line](#)

Chapter 4

Appendix

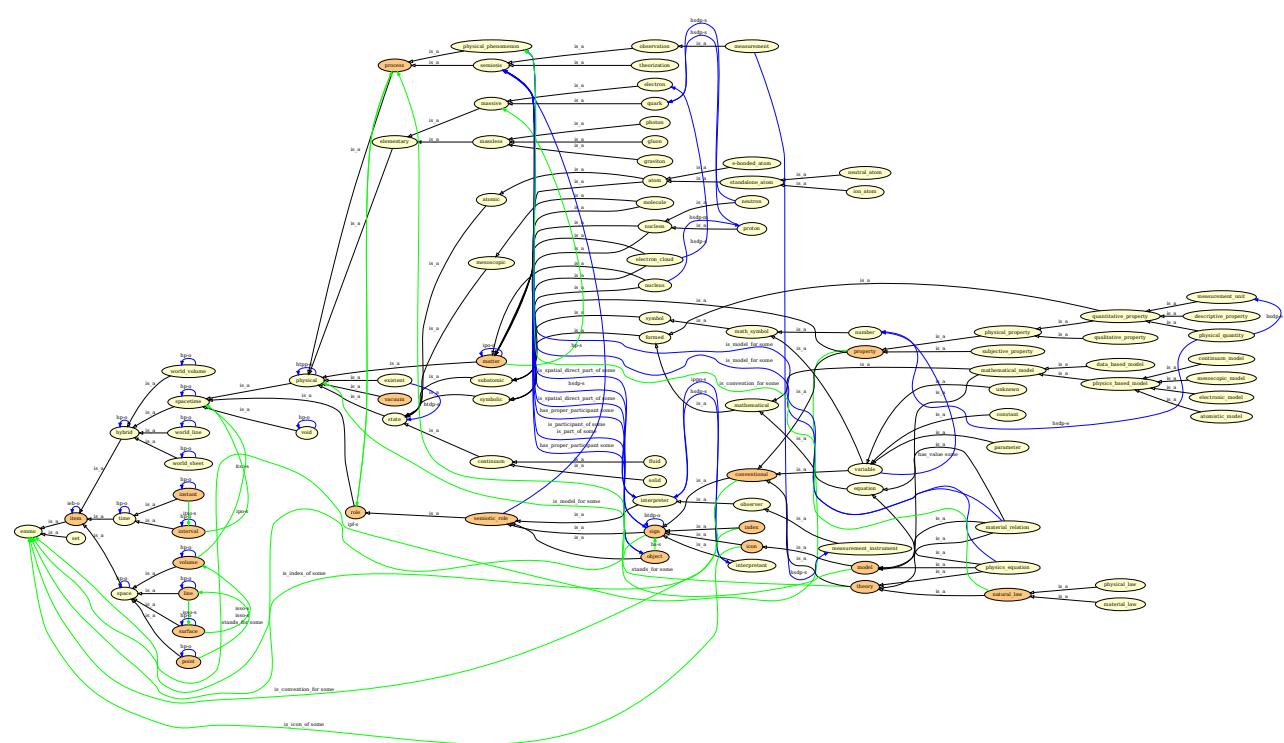


Figure 4.1: The complete EMMO taxonomy.