« Arduino and PCF8591 example

## Arduino and GUVA-S12SD UV Sensor

The **GUVA-S12SD UV Sensor** chip is suitable for detecting the UV radiation in sunlight. It can be used in any application where you want monitor for the amount of UV light and is simple to connect to any microcontroller. I recently noticed that some sellers had little modules for this sensor at a reasonable price so decided to purchase one



The module, with a typical UV detection wavelength of 200 – 370nm, outputs a calibrated analog voltage which varies with the UV light intensity so basically all you need to do is connect this to an ADC input and read in the value.

This value ties in with the UV index, this looks something like this

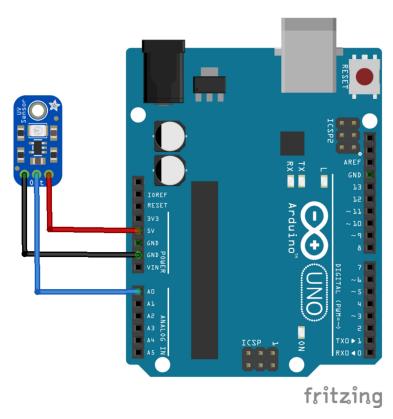
UV Index	0		2	<u></u>	4	5
Vout(mV)	<50	227	318	408	503	606
Analog Value	<10	46	65	83	103	124
UV Index	60	7	00	<b>o</b>	10	+1
Vout(mV)	696	795	881	976	1079	1170+
Analog Value	142	162	180	200	221	240

#### Connection

The connections are straightforward and described below, I used 3.3v from my Arduino. This was mainly for compatibility with other development boards but the module works with 5v.

- 1. GND: 0V (Ground) 2. VCC: 3.3V to 5.5V 3. OUT: 0V to 1V ( 0 to 10 UV Index)
- Layout

As said its a simple layout but here you go



#### Code

Source code

Simple code example that reads the value at A0 and outputs the results via the serial monitor, if you use 5v rather than 3.3v then you will need to change the 3.3 in the following line

sensorVoltage = sensorValue/1024\*3.3;

```
void setup()
{
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop()
{
    float sensorVoltage;
    float sensorValue;

    sensorValue = analogRead(A0);
    sensorVoltage = sensorValue/1024*3.3;
    Serial.print("sensor reading = ");
    Serial.println("");
    Serial.print("sensor voltage = ");
    Serial.print("sensor voltage = ");
    Serial.print(sensorVoltage);
```

#### Testing

Open the serial monitor and look at the readings

```
sensor reading = 46.00
sensor voltage = 0.15 V
sensor reading = 46.00
sensor voltage = 0.15 V
sensor reading = 46.00
sensor voltage = 0.15 V
sensor reading = 46.00
sensor voltage = 0.15 V
sensor reading = 46.00
sensor voltage = 0.15 V
```

Serial.println(" V"); delay(1000);

If you look at the image earlier that corresponds to UV index of 0 which is a relief because I tested this indoors

#### Links

0



No related posts.

### 2 comments to Arduino and GUVA-S12SD UV Sensor

# cjmcu محصول guva-s12sd خورشید uv مثرول تشخیص شدت اشعه 17th January 2017 at 7:37 am Log in to Reply

[...] نتايج خروجي [...] TestingOpen the serial monitor and look at the readingssensor reading = 46.00 sensor voltage = 0.15 V sensor reading = 46.00 sensor voltage = 46.00 sensor voltage = 46.00 sensor voltage =

<u>Iteration 1 – Site Title</u> 19th October 2017 at 12:46 am Log in to Reply

[...] http://arduinolearning.com/code/arduino-guva-s12sd-uv-sensor.php [...]