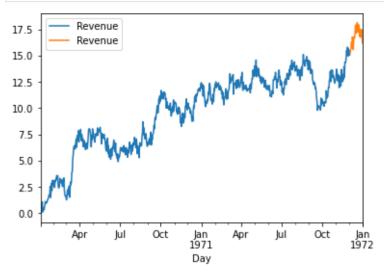
```
In [42]:
          # Import Libraries and dataset
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import matplotlib.mlab as mlab
          import statsmodels.api as sm
          import math
          import statsmodels.tsa.stattools as ts
          from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot acf, plot pacf
          from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
          from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
          from statsmodels.tsa.seasonal import seasonal decompose
          df = pd.read csv("C:/Users/hkeim/OneDrive/Documents/School/D213/Task One/teleco time series.c
          print(df.shape)
          print(df.info())
          print(df.head(5))
          print(df.index)
         (731, 2)
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 731 entries, 0 to 730
         Data columns (total 2 columns):
          # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
             _____
                      _____
                                      int64
          a
             Day
                      731 non-null
            Revenue 731 non-null
                                     float64
         dtypes: float64(1), int64(1)
         memory usage: 11.5 KB
         None
            Day
                Revenue
             1 0.000000
             2 0.000793
         1
         2
             3 0.825542
         3
             4 0.320332
              5 1.082554
         RangeIndex(start=0, stop=731, step=1)
In [43]:
          # Change 'Day' to datetime, set frequency
          df['Day'] = pd.to datetime(df['Day'], unit = 'D')
          df['Day'] = pd.date range('1970-01-02', periods = 731, freq = 'D')
          # Set 'Day' as index
          df.set_index('Day', inplace = True)
          revenue = df.resample('D').last()
          revenue.index
'1971-12-24', '1971-12-25', '1971-12-26', '1971-12-27',
                        '1971-12-28', '1971-12-29', '1971-12-30', '1971-12-31', '1972-01-01', '1972-01-02'],
                       dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='Day', length=731, freq='D')
In [44]:
          # Split into train and test (30%) sets
          revenue train, revenue test= np.split(revenue, [int(0.959 *len(revenue))])
          # Create an axis
          fig, ax = plt.subplots()
```

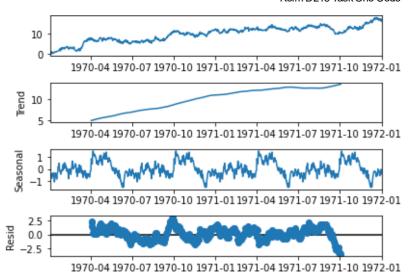
```
# Plot the train and test sets on the axis ax
revenue_train.plot(ax=ax)
revenue_test.plot(ax=ax)
plt.show()
```



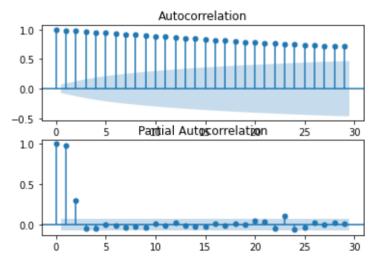
```
In [45]:
          # Export clean data for report purposes
          revenue.to csv("C:/Users/hkeim/OneDrive/Documents/School/D213/Task One/Keim D213 Task One Cle
In [46]:
          # Run the ADF test on the time series
          result = adfuller(df)
          # Print the test statistic and the p-value
          print('ADF Statistic:', result[0])
          print('p-value:', result[1])
          print('Critical Values:')
          for key, value in result[4].items():
                  print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))
         ADF Statistic: -1.924612157310184
         p-value: 0.3205728150793963
         Critical Values:
                 1%: -3.439
                  5%: -2.866
                  10%: -2.569
In [47]:
          # Decompose time series
```

```
In [47]:  # Decompose time series
    result=seasonal_decompose(df, model='additive', period=182).plot()
```

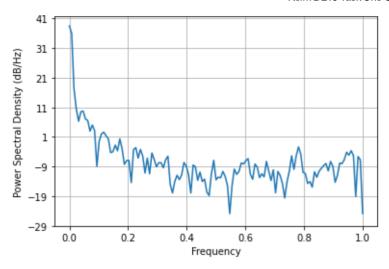
1/3/22, 12:54 PM



```
In [48]: # Plot ACF and PACF of time series
    series = revenue
    plt.figure()
    plt.subplot(211)
    plot_acf(series, ax=plt.gca())
    plt.subplot(212)
    plot_pacf(series, ax=plt.gca())
    plt.show()
```

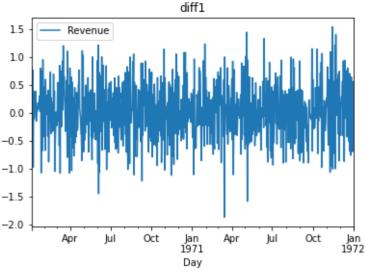


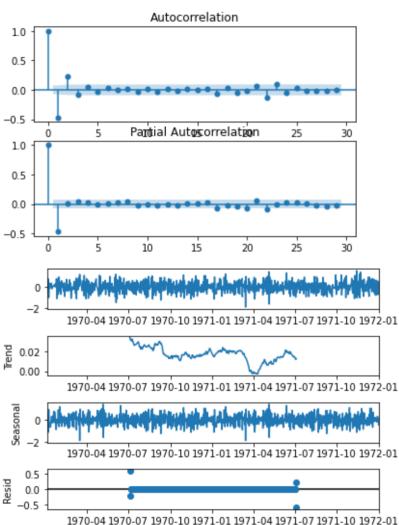
```
In [49]: # Plot the spectral density of the time series
plt.psd(revenue['Revenue'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [50]:
          # Calculate the difference of the time series 1
          revenue diff1 = df.diff().dropna()
          # Run ADF test on the differenced time series 1
          result = adfuller(revenue_diff1)
          # Print the test statistic and the p-value 1
          print('ADF Statistic 1:', result[0])
          print('p-value 1:', result[1])
          # Plot the differenced time series 1
          fig, ax = plt.subplots()
          revenue_diff1.plot(ax=ax)
          plt.title('diff1')
          plt.show()
          # Plot the ACF and PACF of the differenced time series 1
          series = revenue diff1
          plt.figure()
          plt.subplot(211)
          plot_acf(series, ax=plt.gca())
          plt.subplot(212)
          plot_pacf(series, ax=plt.gca())
          plt.show()
          # decompose time series 1
          result=seasonal decompose(revenue diff1, model='additive', period=364).plot()
```

ADF Statistic 1: -44.87452719387599 p-value 1: 0.0





```
In [51]: # Calculate the difference of the time series 2
    revenue_diff2 = revenue_diff1.diff().dropna()

# Run ADF test on the differenced time series 2
    result = adfuller(revenue_diff2)

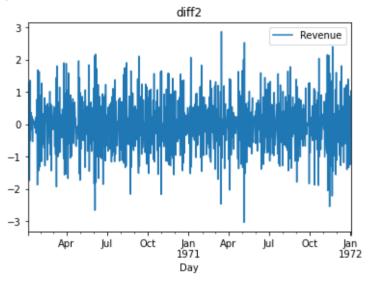
# Print the test statistic and the p-value 2
    print('ADF Statistic 2:', result[0])
    print('p-value 2:', result[1])
```

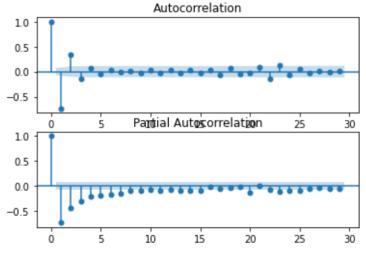
```
# Plot the differenced time series 2
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
revenue_diff2.plot(ax=ax)
plt.title('diff2')
plt.show()

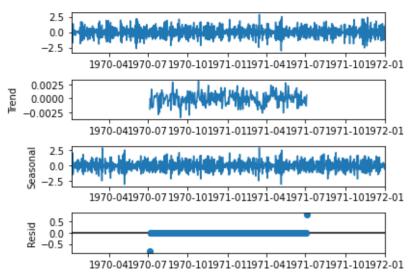
# Plot the ACF and PACF of the differenced time series 2
series = revenue_diff2
plt.figure()
plt.subplot(211)
plot_acf(series, ax=plt.gca())
plt.subplot(212)
plot_pacf(series, ax=plt.gca())
plt.show()

# decompose time series 2
result=seasonal_decompose(revenue_diff2, model='additive', period=364).plot()
```

ADF Statistic 2: -9.727189289782931 p-value 2: 9.207133401372169e-17







```
In [52]: # Create ARIMA() model
    arima = ARIMA(revenue_train, order=(2,2,2))

# Fit ARIMA model
    arima_results = arima.fit()

# Print summary
    print(arima_results.summary())
```

## SARIMAX Results

============			
Dep. Variable:	Revenue	No. Observations:	701
Model:	ARIMA(2, 2, 2)	Log Likelihood	-468.534
Date:	Mon, 03 Jan 2022	AIC	947.069
Time:	12:54:23	BIC	969.817
Sample:	01-02-1970	HQIC	955.863
•	- 12-03-1971		

Covariance Type: opg

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
ar.L1	-1.4459	0.105	-13.781	0.000	-1.651	-1.240
ar.L2	-0.4558	0.064	-7.119	0.000	-0.581	-0.330
ma.L1	-0.0238	0.112	-0.213	0.831	-0.243	0.195
ma.L2	-0.9758	0.117	-8.321	0.000	-1.206	-0.746
sigma2	0.2214	0.020	11.238	0.000	0.183	0.260

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):	0.02	Jarque-Bera (JB):	1.27
Prob(Q):	0.89	Prob(JB):	0.53
Heteroskedasticity (H):	0.97	Skew:	-0.00
<pre>Prob(H) (two-sided):</pre>	0.79	Kurtosis:	2.79

Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

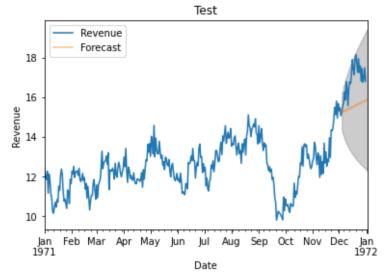
```
In [53]: # Make ARIMA forecast of next 30 values
    forecast = arima_results.get_forecast(steps = 30, dynamic = False)

# Summarize forecast and confidence intervals
    ci = forecast.conf_int()
    print(forecast.predicted_mean)
    print(ci)

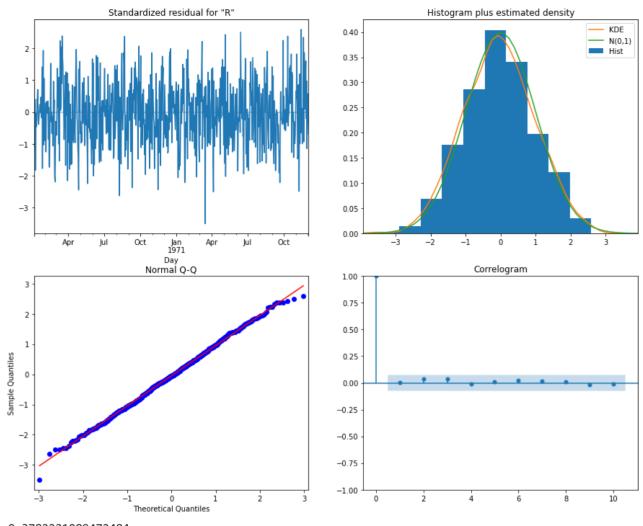
# Plot the forecast and confidence interval
```

```
ax = revenue.loc['1971'].plot(label='observed')
forecast.predicted mean.plot(ax=ax, label='Forecast', alpha=.5)
ax.fill_between(ci.index,
                 ci.iloc[:, 0],
                 ci.iloc[:, 1], color='k', alpha=.2)
ax.set_xlabel('Date')
ax.set_ylabel('Revenue')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Test')
plt.show()
1971-12-04
              15.332352
1971-12-05
              15.211518
1971-12-06
              15.333336
1971-12-07
              15.275360
1971-12-08
              15.366737
1971-12-09
              15.324122
1971-12-10
              15.407165
1971-12-11
              15,369599
1971-12-12
              15.449140
              15.414335
1971-12-13
              15.491480
1971-12-14
              15.458882
1971-12-15
1971-12-16
              15.533929
1971-12-17
              15.503358
1971-12-18
              15.576430
1971-12-19
              15.547790
1971-12-20
              15.618970
              15.592186
1971-12-21
1971-12-22
              15.661545
1971-12-23
              15.636548
1971-12-24
              15.704153
1971-12-25
              15.680877
1971-12-26
              15.746794
1971-12-27
              15.725174
1971-12-28
              15.789465
1971-12-29
              15.769442
1971-12-30
              15.832166
1971-12-31
              15.813680
1972-01-01
              15.874896
1972-01-02
              15.857891
Freq: D, Name: predicted_mean, dtype: float64
            lower Revenue upper Revenue
1971-12-04
                                16.255052
                14.409652
1971-12-05
                14.166558
                                16.256478
1971-12-06
                14.076999
                                16.589673
1971-12-07
                13.884039
                                16.666680
1971-12-08
                13.831009
                                16.902465
1971-12-09
                13.667020
                                16.981224
1971-12-10
                13.630329
                                17.184001
                13.484591
                                17.254607
1971-12-11
1971-12-12
                13.458264
                                17.440016
1971-12-13
                13.325441
                                17.503230
                                17.676721
1971-12-14
                13.306239
1971-12-15
                13.183381
                                17.734383
1971-12-16
                                17.898599
                13.169258
1971-12-17
                                17.952194
                13.054522
1971-12-18
                13.044112
                                18.108748
1971-12-19
                12.936236
                                18.159344
1971-12-20
                12.928587
                                18.309352
1971-12-21
                12.826653
                                18.357719
1971-12-22
                12.821082
                                18.502007
1971-12-23
                12.724389
                                18.548707
1971-12-24
                12.720389
                                18.687917
```

```
1971-12-25
                12.628385
                                18.733369
1971-12-26
                12.625574
                                18.868014
1971-12-27
                12.537810
                                18.912539
1971-12-28
                12.535893
                                19.043037
1971-12-29
                12.452000
                                19.086884
1971-12-30
                12.450747
                                19.213585
1971-12-31
                12.370413
                                19.256948
1972-01-01
                12.369641
                                19.380150
1972-01-02
                12.292599
                                19.423182
```



```
In [54]: # Diagnostic plots
    residuals = arima_results.resid
    mae = np.mean(np.abs(residuals))
    arima_results.plot_diagnostics(figsize=(15, 12))
    plt.show()
    print(mae)
```



## 0.3782221089472484

```
In [55]:
          # Final ARIMA model
          final = ARIMA(revenue, order=(2,2,2))
          results = final.fit()
          fin_forecast = results.get_forecast(steps = 30, dynamic = False)
          fin_ci = fin_forecast.conf_int()
          # Print summary
          print(arima_results.summary())
          # Diagnostic plots
          residuals_fin = results.resid
          mae_fin = np.mean(np.abs(residuals_fin))
          results.plot_diagnostics(figsize=(15, 12))
          plt.show()
          print(mae_fin)
          # Plot the forecast and confidence interval
          ax = revenue.loc['1971'].plot(label='observed')
          fin_forecast.predicted_mean.plot(ax=ax, label='Forecast', alpha=.5)
          ax.fill between(fin ci.index,
                          fin_ci.iloc[:, 0],
                          fin_ci.iloc[:, 1], color='k', alpha=.2)
          ax.set_xlabel('Date')
          ax.set_ylabel('Revenue')
          plt.legend()
```

```
plt.title('Final')
plt.show()
```

## SARIMAX Results

========		=======				:======
Dep. Varia	able:	Revenue		servations:		701
Model:		ARIMA(2, 2,	2) Log Li	kelihood		-468.534
Date:	Мо	n, 03 Jan 2	022 AIC			947.069
Time:		12:54	:25 BIC			969.817
Sample:		01-02-1	970 HQIC			955.863
		- 12-03-1	971			
Covariance	Type:		opg			
========		========	========	========		
	coef	std err	Z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
ar.L1	-1.4459	0.105	-13.781	0.000	-1.651	-1.240
ar.L2	-0.4558	0.064	-7.119	0.000	-0.581	-0.330
ma.L1	-0.0238	0.112	-0.213	0.831	-0.243	0.195
ma.L2	-0.9758	0.117	-8.321	0.000	-1.206	-0.746
sigma2	0.2214	0.020	11.238	0.000	0.183	0.260

 Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):
 0.02
 Jarque-Bera (JB):
 1.27

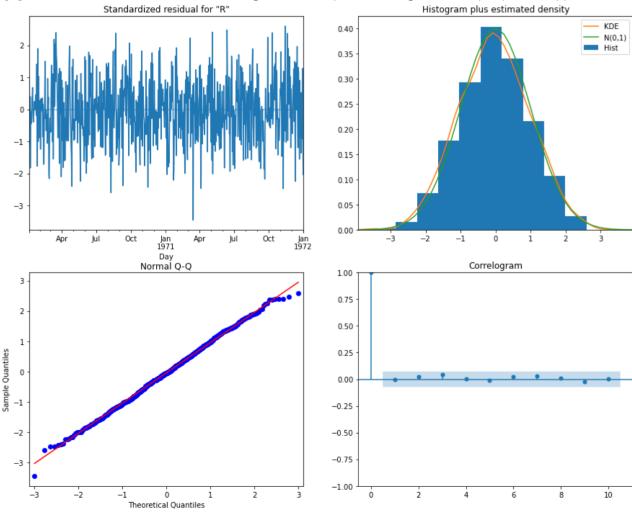
 Prob(Q):
 0.89
 Prob(JB):
 0.53

 Heteroskedasticity (H):
 0.97
 Skew:
 -0.00

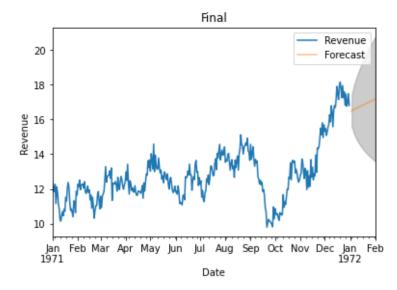
 Prob(H) (two-sided):
 0.79
 Kurtosis:
 2.79

## Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).



0.38097653837413714



In [ ]: