

Hubble parameter:

$$\begin{aligned} H^2 &= H_0^2 \left[\frac{\Omega_r}{a^4} + \frac{\Omega_m}{a^3} - \frac{Kc^2}{a^2 H_0^2} + \Omega_\Lambda \right] \\ &= H_0^2 \left[\frac{\Omega_r}{a^4} + \frac{\Omega_m}{a^3} + \frac{1 - \Omega_0}{a^2} + \Omega_\Lambda \right] \end{aligned}$$

Comoving distance:

$$\begin{aligned} dt &= \frac{da}{\dot{a}} \Rightarrow -dw = \frac{cdt}{a} = \frac{cda}{a\dot{a}} = \frac{cda}{a^2 H} \\ w(z_1, z_2) &= \frac{c}{H_0} \int_{a(z_2)}^{a(z_1)} \frac{da}{\sqrt{a\Omega_m + a^2(1 - \Omega_m - \Omega_\Lambda) + a^4\Omega_\Lambda}}, z_1 < z_2 \\ &= \frac{c}{H_0} \int_{z_1}^{z_2} \frac{dz}{\sqrt{(1+z)^3\Omega_m + (1+z)^2(1 - \Omega_m - \Omega_\Lambda) + \Omega_\Lambda}}, z_1 < z_2 \\ &= \frac{c}{H_0} \alpha(z_1, z_2) \end{aligned}$$

The search radius is $Rh^{-1} \text{Mpc}$. Then, the search radius in arcmin is

$$\begin{aligned} w\theta &= \frac{c}{H_0} \theta \alpha(z_1, z_2) = \frac{c \times 10^5 \text{Km} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}}{100h \text{Km} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \text{Mpc}^{-1}} \theta \alpha(z_1, z_2) = Rh^{-1} \text{Mpc} \\ \Rightarrow \theta &= \frac{R}{1000c\alpha(z_1, z_2)} \frac{180 \times 60}{\pi} = \frac{10.8R}{c\pi\alpha(z_1, z_2)} \end{aligned}$$

The $\alpha(z_1, z_2)$

Process

1). Run Prepare_data.py collect data from each field. The data will be selected by some cutoffs. The name of the result file is "cata_result_ext.hdf5".

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"mpirun -np .... prepare_data.py collect"
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2). Run the sym_mc_plot_cfht.py for cutoffs. Then determine the cutoff threshold (flux_alt or ..) according to the results (multiplicative bias and additive bias).

3). Run prepare_data.py to select the data needed. The name of the result file is "cata_result_ext_cut.hdf5".

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"mpirun -np .... prepare_data.py select"
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4). Run the C++ program to build the grid and assign the source to each grid for final calculation.

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"mpirun -n .... "
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