Assignment 8

Remember to number your answers 1a. 1b., etc. so I know which questions you're answering. Be sure to show your work and reasoning for full credit.

- 1. (5 points) "I watched the meteor shower yesterday. I hope the Big Dipper isn't the next one to go, that's my favorite constellation!" your friend confides in you. Correct his response.
- 2. (35 points) We discussed the formation of the solar system form the nebular cloud.
 - (a) (15 points) Summarize in your own words the formation of the solar system from the solar nebula to the present solar system. Include terms like nebular cloud, accretion, protoplanet, protostar, and planetesimal.
 - (b) (5 points) Why are the planets of the outer solar system so much larger than those of the inner solar system?
 - (c) (5 points) How is our solar system different than typical stellar systems?
 - (d) (5 points) What are "hot Jupiters", and how do they come to be?
 - (e) (5 points) When did the solar system start forming?
- 3. (15 points) Using the magnitudes of Venus (-4.4) and the Sun (-26.8), how much brighter is the Sun than Venus?
- 4. (10 points) A star is observed through a telescope behind a filter. Through a UV-filter, it measures a magnitude of 20. Through a blue filter, 25, and through a yellow filter, 18 (all in arbitrary units). What is the star's B-V color index?
- 5. (18 points) Name and briefly describe the three types of binary stars, what information can be found from each, and the method through which this information is found.
- 6. (20 points) In nuclear physics we use the notation A_ZU , where U is the the element (uranium in this case), A the combined number of neutrons and protons, and Z the number of protons alone. Deuterium (3_IH) fuses with with tritium (3_2H) to create Helium (4_2He). The mass of deuterium is 2 u, tritium 3 u, and helium 4 u. How much energy is released in this reaction, in Joules? Use the conversion 1 $u = 1.66 \times 10^{-27}$ kg, and the definition 1 J=1 $\frac{kg m^2}{s^2}$.