

# Lenguajes y Compiladores

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# Repaso

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## Comandos

$\langle comm \rangle ::=$  **skip**  
|  $\langle var \rangle := \langle intexp \rangle$   
|  $\langle comm \rangle ; \langle comm \rangle$   
| **if**  $\langle boolexp \rangle$  **then**  $\langle comm \rangle$  **else**  $\langle comm \rangle$   
| **newvar**  $\langle var \rangle := \langle intexp \rangle$  **in**  $\langle comm \rangle$   
| **while**  $\langle boolexp \rangle$  **do**  $\langle comm \rangle$

# Un Lenguaje Imperativo Simple

## Expresiones

$\langle natconst \rangle ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid 2 \mid \dots$

$\langle intexp \rangle ::= \langle natconst \rangle$

$\mid \langle var \rangle$

$\mid - \langle intexp \rangle$

$\mid \langle intexp \rangle \oplus \langle intexp \rangle$

$\oplus \in \{+, -, *, /, \%, \mathbf{rem}\}$

$\langle boolconst \rangle ::= \mathbf{true} \mid \mathbf{false}$

$\langle boolexp \rangle ::= \langle boolconst \rangle$

$\mid \neg \langle boolexp \rangle$

$\mid \langle boolexp \rangle \otimes \langle boolexp \rangle$

$\mid \langle boolexp \rangle \oslash \langle boolexp \rangle$

$\otimes \in \{<, \leq, =, \neq, \geq, >\}$

$\oslash \in \{\wedge, \vee, \Rightarrow, \Leftrightarrow\}$

## Funciones semánticas

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Observación: en el codominio de  $\llbracket \_ \rrbracket^{comm}$  aparece  $\Sigma_{\perp}$  para dar cuenta de la no terminación.

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$$\llbracket c_0; c_1 \rrbracket \sigma = \llbracket c_1 \rrbracket \perp (\llbracket c_0 \rrbracket \sigma)$$

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## La ecuación

Sea  $b \in \langle boolexp \rangle$  y  $c \in \langle comm \rangle$ .

$$F_{b,c} : (\Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma_{\perp}) \rightarrow (\Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma_{\perp})$$
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# Fallas

---

Extender el lenguaje con fallas (de hecho una única falla).

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if n == 0:  
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- ¿Se necesitan los mismos cambios en la semántica?
- ¿Qué otros cambios necesitaríamos si quisiéramos distintos errores?

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Estados correctos (sin ninguna etiqueta) o estados erróneos.

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Nueva semántica de programas:

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## Propagación de errores

$$(\_)_{*}: (\Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma') \rightarrow (\Sigma' \rightarrow \Sigma')$$

$$f_{*}(\perp) = \perp$$

$$f_{*}(\langle \mathbf{abort}, \sigma \rangle) = \langle \mathbf{abort}, \sigma \rangle$$

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# Funciones de propagación de errores

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## Como *map* para listas

$$(\_)_{+}: (\Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma) \rightarrow (\Sigma' \rightarrow \Sigma')$$

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## Cómo “capturar” fallas

### Ejemplo

```
def safediv(n,m):  
    if m == 0:  
        raise Exception("A")  
    else:  
        return (n / m)  
  
try:  
    safediv(10,0)  
except Exception("A"):  
    print("err")
```

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donde  $+$  está definido por

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