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Agenda

- Key concepts of Azure Service Fabric
- Understanding the architecture of Azure Service Fabric
- Reliable Services
- Reliable Actors
- Service Upgrades
- Capacity Planning



Current distributed computing challenges

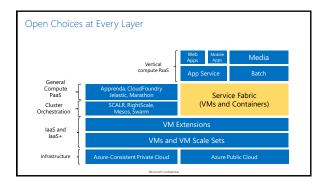
- Developing massively scalable applications that are self-healing
- Dynamically scaling applications
- Handling infrastructure failures
- Managing the lifecycle of the application without downtime, ie, upgrades

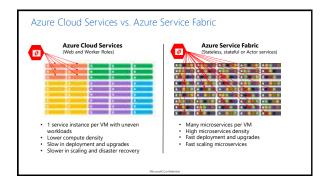
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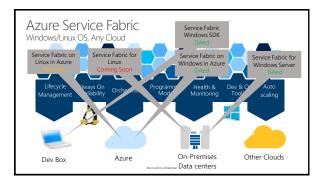
What is Azure Service Fabric?

"A distributed systems platform that makes it possible to build scalable, reliable, lowlatency managed services and applications for the cloud."

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Service Fabric Capabilities

- Application deployment services:
 Rolling update with rollback Upgrade and patch microservices within applications independently
 - Strong versioning
 Side-by-side support
- Leadership election
- Naming service for discovery of applications
- Partitioning support
- Azure Load balancing and placement constraints
- · Consistent state replication framework
- Ability to scale-up or scale-down your Service Fabric cluster

Example PaaS Services Built On Service Fabric

Azure SQL Database	Scale-out relational database
Azure DocumentDB	NoSQL store for JSON documents Integrated with O365
Azure Power BI	BI Pro Data Analysis Services
Azure Networking	Regional Network Manager for cross cluster/DC VNET
Azure Compute and Networking	Resource Providers for Compute (CRP), Networking (NRP), Storage (SRP)
Event Hubs	Streaming messaging and event processing
Service Bus	Service Bus Resource Provider (SBRP)
Intune	Unified management of PCs and devices on the cloud.
Bing Cortana	Personal assistant

In production for six years We're releasing the same bits we run

Service Fabric and microservices

- A microservice is whatever you want it to be:
- ASP.NET application (no support for applications that require IIS)
 node.js, Java VMs
- Arbitrary .exe
- Stateless microservices
 - Stateless microservices (e.g. protocol gateways, web proxies, etc.) do not maintain any mutable state outside of any request and its response from the service.
 Azure Cloud Services worker roles are an example of stateless service
- Stateful microservices
 - Reliability of state through replication and local persistence
 - Reduces the complexity and number of components in traditional three-tier architecture

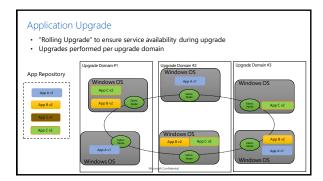
Service Fabric and microservices (con't)

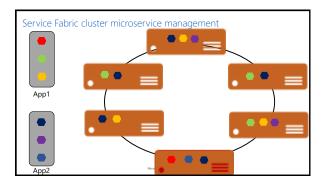
- A microservice is (logic + state) that is independently versioned, deployed, and scaled
- Have a unique name that can be resolved
- e.g. fabric:/myapplication/myservice
- Interacts with other microservices over well defined interfaces and protocols like REST
- ${\color{black} \bullet}$ Remains always logically consistent in the presence of failures
- Are hosted inside a process (code + config)
- Are typically developed by a small engineering team

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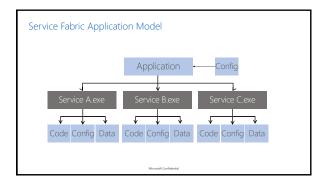
A Service Fabric application is... A set of services that make up the application Used for packaging, deployment and versioning Staged in an app repository; copied and launched on demand App Repository Windows OS Windows OS Windows OS Service B Windows OS

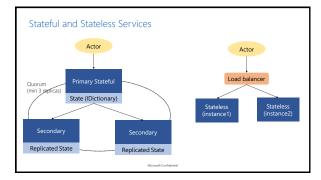
Multiple copies of the same app type and version per cluster – different app names Each application instance is managed and versioned independently App Repository Windows OS Age 8-17 App 8-17 Mindows OS App 8-17 App 8-17 Mindows OS Mindows OS





Service Fabric Key Concepts Cluster Node Application/Application Type Service/Service Type Application Package







Demonstration

Creating a Service Fabric Cluster in the Portal



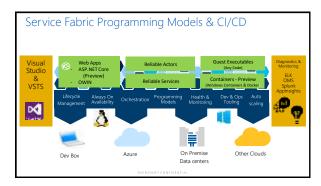


Questions for You...

- What are you trying you do independently without the use of Service Fabric?
- Do you scale all or part of the app?
- How do you version or upgrade the app?
- Do you use different technologies in the app?
- Do you have different teams building the app?
- Have you thought about how you scale?
- Does your app need to scale or is there a fixed scale limit?
- Do you know how the different parts of the app are required to scale?
- How do you partition your data?

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Reliable Services API Build stateless services using existing technologies such as ASP.NET Build stateful services using reliable collections Manage the concurrency and granularity of state changes using transactions Communicate with services using the technology of your choice e.g. WebAPI and WCF Corcurrent Collections State Concurrent Collections State C

Reliable Actor API

- Build reliable stateless and stateful objects with a virtual Actor programming model
- Suitable for applications with multiple independent units of state and compute
- Automatic state management and turn based concurrency (single threaded execution)



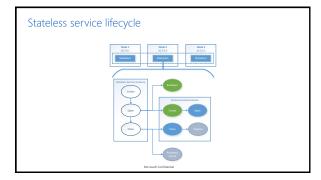
Reliable Services (Stateless & Stateful)

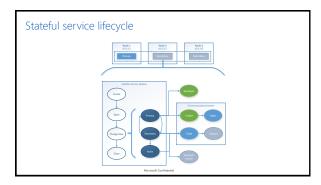
- Programming model benefits
 Networking naming service support
 Self-reporting of instance's load metrics
 Integrate with code, config. & data upgrades
 Efficiency (higher density): Multiple services (types & instances) in a single process
 Your class object is notified of service start/stop similar to Azure Cloud Services' RoleEntryPoint

Types of Reliable Services

- Stateless Reliable Services
- Stateful Reliable Services

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Reliable Services Service Lifecycle Operations

Reliable services provides a simple life cycle to plug in the code

- CreateReplicaListeners/CreateServiceInstanceListeners determines the protocol the service will use to listen for traffic
- RunAsync Business logic to runs when service starts ~ generally not for a long running process
- OnCloseAsync graceful close of service
- OnAbort abrupt halt to a service

Visual Studio's Service Template

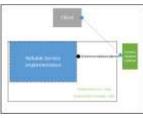
- App project has

 - "Services" node referencing 1+ service projects
 Application Parameters: Local.1Node.xml, Local.5Node.xml & Cloud.xml
 - Publish Profiles: Local.1Node.xml, Local.5Node.xml & Cloud.xml
 Scripts: Deploy-FabricApplication.ps1

 - ApplicationManifest.xml
 - Right-click to Build, Edit manifest versions, Package, Publish



Architecture - Stateless



- · No state is maintained
- Replication of service deploys service in different nodes

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Stateless Service Base Class

namespace Microsoft.ServiceFabric.Services.Runtime {
 public abstract class StatelessService {

// Override this for a polling service
// IMPORTANT: SF signals cancellationToken when moving/upgrading instance; honor this!
protected virtual Task RunAsync(CancellationToken cancellationToken);

// Override this for a listening service protected virtual IEnumerable\(\) For the content of the content

protected virtual Task OncloseAsync(CancellationToken cancellationToken); // Graceful close (Dispose) protected virtual void Onabort(); // Non-graceful close

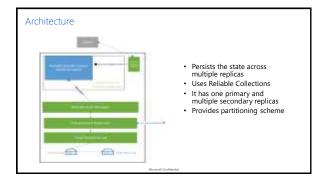
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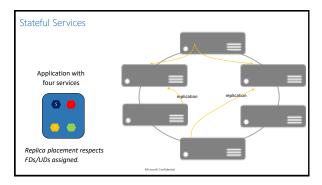
What are Stateless Services used for?

- Web API interfaces ~ no UI
- Services where data is going to be stored externally but not with the service
- Authentication layer for OWIN

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Stateful Reliable Services

- Provides Reliable Dictionary/Queue collection classes

 - Enables low-latency access to HOT data
 Reduces dependency on external storage services
 Partitioned for data scalability

 - Replicated for availability
 - Transacted (within a partition) for ACID semantics
 - · Persisted for quick node failure recovery



Many Actor Models Provide 2 Main Features

- Turn-based threading
 - · Pro: No concurrency issues in a single Actor
 - Con: Hurts scalability as no operations execute simultaneously (including reads)
 New requests are blocked while current request runs

 - You must ensure that all operations are short; beware I/O requests to other Actor/server
 - Can't query an Actor's progress while it is in progress
- Automatic partition placement
 Pro: Actors are distributed across partitions giving location transparency

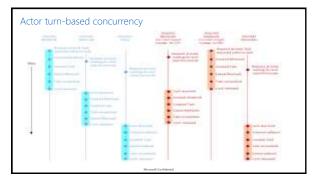
 - Con: All Actor access requires network communication
 Client must be .NET since protocol is proprietary
 Causes performance issues when doing query/batch operations

 - Cross-actor transactions are not supported
 Note: You must still decide # partitions based on Actor resource requirements

Service Fabric Reliable Actor model

- Based on the Actor Pattern
- Always stateful instance ID guarantees that calls to same instance ID gets same actor
- Asynchronous single threaded model
- API to build stateless and stateful objects through the virtual actor programming mode
- Provides actor proxy for actor-to-actor and client-to-actor communication
- Runtime automatically maintains lifecycle of actors
- https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/service-fabric-reliable-actors-introduction/

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Reliable Actor timers

- Simple wrapper around the .Net timer type
- Respects turn-based concurrency of actor model
- Must be registered and unregistered by code in the actor
- When a timer is due the Actor runtime will call your callback method
- No other Actor methods or timer/reminder callbacks will be in progress until this callback completes
- Actor runtime saves actor objects state when callback is complete
- All timers are stopped (unregistered) whenever garbage collection takes place

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Rel	iable Actor Reminder
	Similar to Timer, respects t
	Reminders are triggered up

- turned-based concurrency
- Reminders are triggered under all circumstances until you unregister them (timers will stop triggering after garbage collection)
- The Actor runtime persists information about the actor's reminders
- Must be registered and unregistered by code in the actor
- When a reminder is due the Actor runtime will call your callback method
- Actor must implement the IRemindable interface ~ you will need to implement the ReceiveReminderAsync method
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} Actor runtime saves actor objects state when ReceiveReminderAsync is complete \end{tabular} \label{table}$

Reliable	Actor	reentrancy

- Reliable actors support logical call context-based re-entrancy (default)
- ActorA -> ActorB->ActorC...ActorC can call back to ActorA
- Any other message that is a part of a different context will be blocked
- · Two options for Actor reentrancy
- LogicalCallContext (default)
- Disallowed disables reentrancy
- Reentrancy is usually configured when the service is registered

Actors -				

- Actors are good for small individual pieces of code
- Actors are good for smaller discrete things where you do not build large
- Actors are particularly poor for looking across a wide range of devices etc
- Best practice is to have a reliable dictionary store all your messages that come in and then you spin actors from all those
- Start by first using the Service model and understand the service model well, then consider using the actor model
- If you have an actor that stores state and you are finished with the actor, make sure you delete the actor to delete the state

Demonstration

Stateless and Stateful Microservices





Rolling Upgrades

- \bullet Services are taken down during code package updates, but not during config or data packages upgrades
- Upgrades are performed on cluster Update Domains
- Upgrades Types
 - Monitored Auto: By Upgrade Domain (UD) one by one , health checks and failure action: (can do auto roll back)
 - Unmonitored Auto: Upgrade Domain (UD) one by one, no health checks
 - Unmonitored Manual: You manually upgrade each Upgrade Domain (UD)

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Service Fabric Clusters

- · Clusters in Azure

 - A set of VM scale set machines
 Deployed through the Azure Portal, ARM templates or PowerShell
- Standalone clusters on Windows Server
 - Authoritorie Clusters on Windows Server

 You can deploy and run Service Fabric in ANV environment that allows interconnected Windows Server
 computers

 A setup package is provided by Microsoft with sample scripts/templates https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-fabric/service-fabric-cluster-creation-for-windows-server

Capacity Planning: How Many Nodes?

- It's all about getting your work done on PC/VM with limited hardware resources
- Think about near & long term resource requirements
- Since each PC/VM has limited resources, you must spread your workload across many Get data to fit (RAM/Disk); most important for stateful apps (depending on amount of data)
 Get speed (CPU/network); most important for stateless apps

Capacity Planning: How Many Nodes? (con't)	
Judging CPU/network for apps is hard: depends greatly on the computation complexity & specific I/O patterns	-
However, for stateless apps, you can monitor performance and simply increase/decrease nodes to accommodate the load	
Judging RAM/disk is easier; estimate data sizes, costs, and expected trends with a spreadsheet	
GB per PC/VM can be disk or RAM (whichever you desire) Consider app's future & management issues (failures & upgrades impacting scalability, etc.)	-
Service Fabric VM Cost Calculator	
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	,
Resources	
Download the Service Fabric developer SDK	
http://aka.ms/ServiceFabricSDK http://aka.ms/ServiceFabric	
Download the samples for GitHub	
http://github.com/Azure/ServiceFabric-Samples • Learn from the tutorials and videos	
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