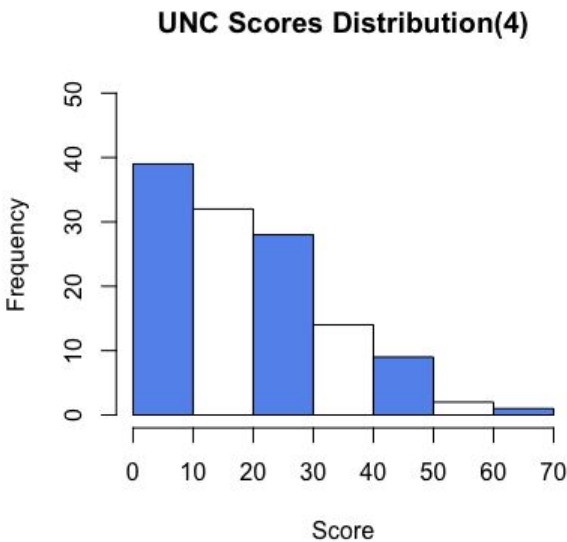
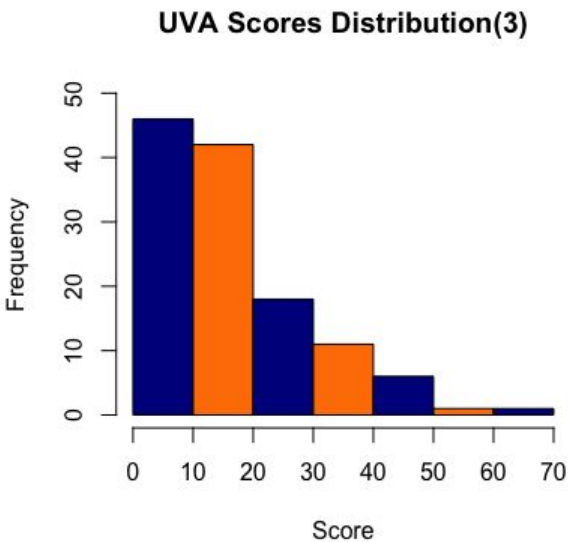
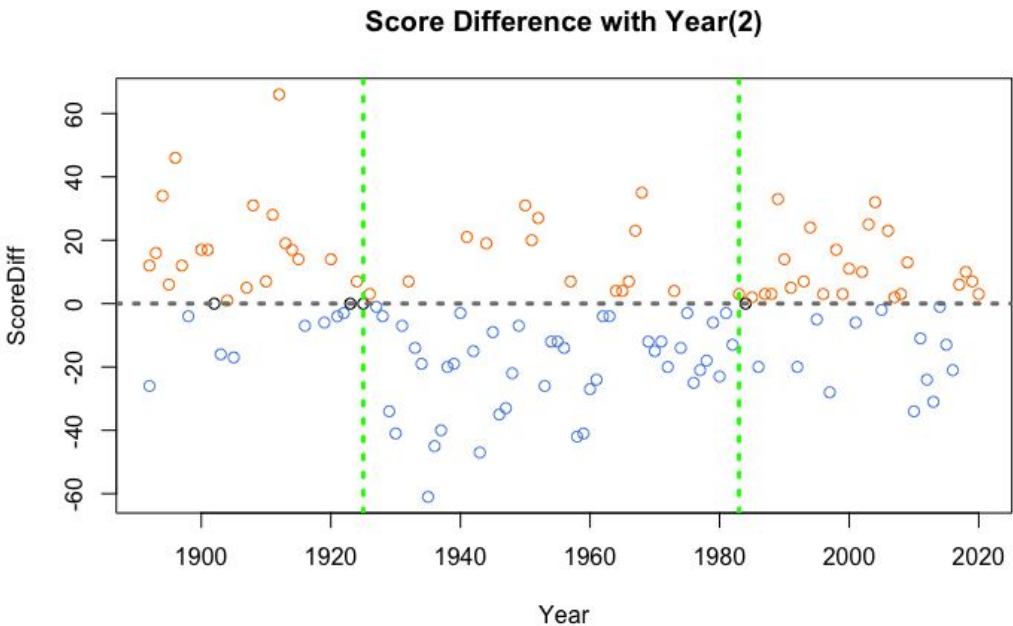


- UVA played most of the tied games away.
- Home/away status had a limited impact on its lost games.
- The majority of UVA's won games were played home.

- From the earliest game to around 1924, UVA dominated the game with much more wins and larger score difference; the same applies to UNC between 1925 and 1983.
- Since 1984, the score difference became smaller and the number of wins amongst the rival schools were balanced.



- Both UVA and UNC seems to have a right-tailed distribution of scores, but UVA is more skewed, as it has more games with scores of 20 or less.

- UNC has a smaller variation in score distributions in won and lost games;
- UNC also has a stronger home advantage compared to UVA, as UNC's average score varied significantly in different fields.

