

class14

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```
#DEseq setup and analysis
```

```
library(DESeq2)
```

```
Loading required package: S4Vectors
```

```
Loading required package: stats4
```

```
Loading required package: BiocGenerics
```

```
Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,  
colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,  
get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply,  
match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int,  
Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort,  
table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min
```

```
Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
```

The following object is masked from 'package:utils':

findMatches

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

expand.grid, I, unname

Loading required package: IRanges

Loading required package: GenomicRanges

Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

Loading required package: matrixStats

Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars

Loading required package: Biobase

Welcome to Bioconductor

Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.

Attaching package: 'Biobase'

The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':

rowMedians

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

anyMissing, rowMedians

```
metaFile <- "GSE37704_metadata.csv"
countFile <- "GSE37704_featurecounts.csv"
```

```
# Import metadata and take a peak
colData = read.csv(metaFile, row.names=1)
head(colData)
```

```
              condition
SRR493366 control_sirna
SRR493367 control_sirna
SRR493368 control_sirna
SRR493369      hoxa1_kd
SRR493370      hoxa1_kd
SRR493371      hoxa1_kd
```

```
# Import countdata
countData = read.csv(countFile, row.names=1)
head(countData)
```

	length	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370
ENSG00000186092	918	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	718	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	1982	23	28	29	29	28
ENSG00000278566	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	3214	124	123	205	207	212

	SRR493371
ENSG00000186092	0
ENSG00000279928	0
ENSG00000279457	46
ENSG00000278566	0
ENSG00000273547	0
ENSG00000187634	258

Note we need to remove the odd first \$length col

```
# Note we need to remove the odd first $length col
countData <- as.matrix(countData[,-1])
head(countData)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000186092	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000278566	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258

```
# Filter count data where you have 0 read count across all samples.
countData <- countData[rowSums(countData)>0, ]
head(countData)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258
ENSG00000188976	1637	1831	2383	1226	1326	1504
ENSG00000187961	120	153	180	236	255	357
ENSG00000187583	24	48	65	44	48	64
ENSG00000187642	4	9	16	14	16	16

```
dds = DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=countData,
                              colData=colData,
                              design=~condition)
```

Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in design formula are characters, converting to factors

```
dds = DESeq(dds)
```

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

```
dds
```

```
class: DESeqDataSet
dim: 15975 6
metadata(1): version
assays(4): counts mu H cooks
rownames(15975): ENSG00000279457 ENSG00000187634 ... ENSG00000276345
               ENSG00000271254
rowData names(22): baseMean baseVar ... deviance maxCooks
colnames(6): SRR493366 SRR493367 ... SRR493370 SRR493371
colData names(2): condition sizeFactor
```

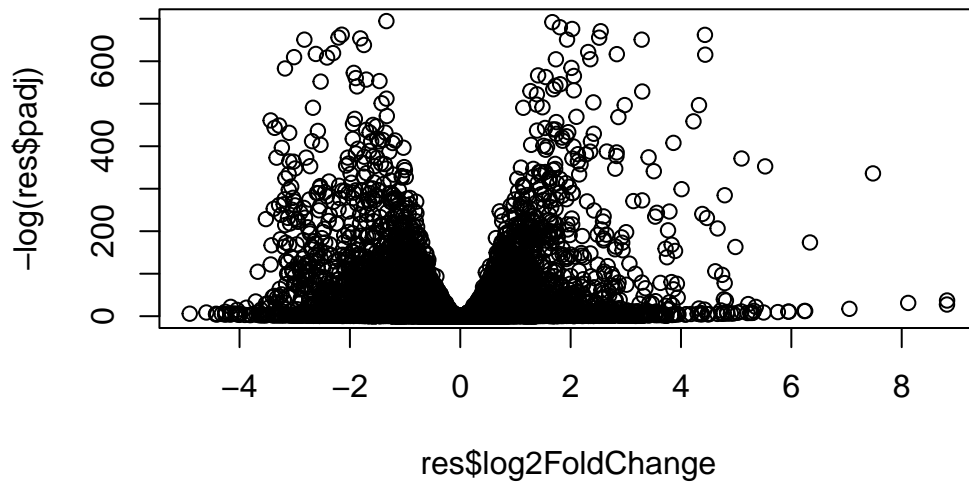
```
res = results(dds, contrast=c("condition", "hoxa1_kd", "control_sirna"))
```

Q. Call the `summary()` function on your results to get a sense of how many genes are up or down-regulated at the default 0.1 p-value cutoff.

```
summary(res)
```

```
out of 15975 with nonzero total read count
adjusted p-value < 0.1
LFC > 0 (up)      : 4349, 27%
LFC < 0 (down)    : 4396, 28%
outliers [1]      : 0, 0%
low counts [2]    : 1237, 7.7%
(mean count < 0)
[1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results
[2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results
```

```
plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj) )
```



Q. Improve this plot by completing the below code, which adds color and axis labels

```
# Make a color vector for all genes
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res) )
```

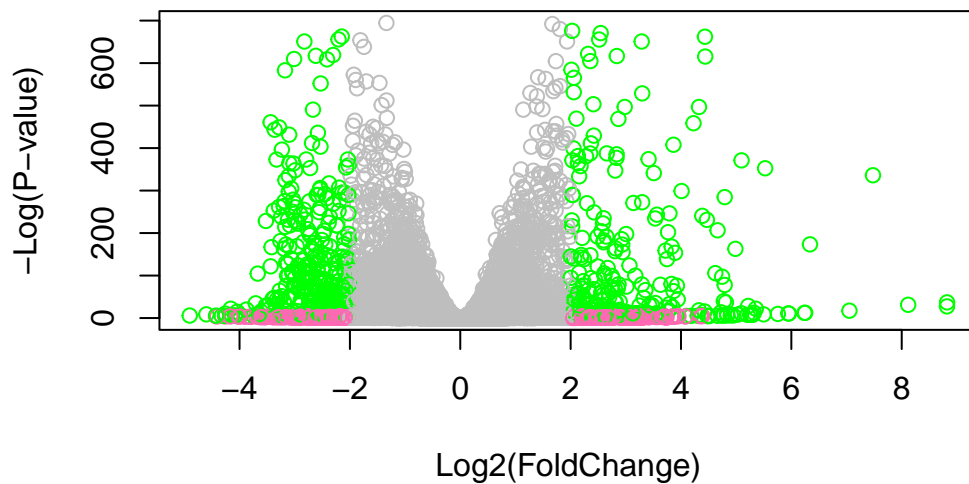
```

# Color red the genes with absolute fold change above 2
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "hotpink"

# Color blue those with adjusted p-value less than 0.01
# and absolute fold change more than 2
inds <- (res$padj<0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "green"

plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), col=mycols, xlab="Log2(FoldChange)", ylab="-Log(

```



```

library("AnnotationDbi")

```

Warning: package 'AnnotationDbi' was built under R version 4.3.2

```

library("org.Hs.eg.db")

```

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

[1]	"ACCNUM"	"ALIAS"	"ENSEMBL"	"ENSEMBLPROT"	"ENSEMBLTRANS"
[6]	"ENTREZID"	"ENZYME"	"EVIDENCE"	"EVIDENCEALL"	"GENENAME"
[11]	"GENETYPE"	"GO"	"GOALL"	"IPI"	"MAP"
[16]	"OMIM"	"ONTOLOGY"	"ONTOLOGYALL"	"PATH"	"PFAM"
[21]	"PMID"	"PROSITE"	"REFSEQ"	"SYMBOL"	"UCSCKG"
[26]	"UNIPROT"				

```
res$symbol = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,  
  keys=row.names(res),  
  keytype="ENSEMBL",  
  column="SYMBOL",  
  multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$entrez = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,  
  keys=row.names(res),  
  keytype="ENSEMBL",  
  column="ENTREZID",  
  multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$name = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,  
  keys=row.names(res),  
  keytype="ENSEMBL",  
  column="GENENAME",  
  multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
head(res, 10)
```


log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1_kd vs control_sirna

Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna

DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns

	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
ENSG00000279457	29.913579	0.1792571	0.3248216	0.551863	5.81042e-01
ENSG00000187634	183.229650	0.4264571	0.1402658	3.040350	2.36304e-03
ENSG00000188976	1651.188076	-0.6927205	0.0548465	-12.630158	1.43990e-36
ENSG00000187961	209.637938	0.7297556	0.1318599	5.534326	3.12428e-08
ENSG00000187583	47.255123	0.0405765	0.2718928	0.149237	8.81366e-01
ENSG00000187642	11.979750	0.5428105	0.5215598	1.040744	2.97994e-01
ENSG00000188290	108.922128	2.0570638	0.1969053	10.446970	1.51282e-25
ENSG00000187608	350.716868	0.2573837	0.1027266	2.505522	1.22271e-02
ENSG00000188157	9128.439422	0.3899088	0.0467163	8.346304	7.04321e-17
ENSG00000237330	0.158192	0.7859552	4.0804729	0.192614	8.47261e-01
	padj	symbol	entrez	name	
	<numeric>	<character>	<character>	<character>	
ENSG00000279457	6.86555e-01	NA	NA	NA	
ENSG00000187634	5.15718e-03	SAMD11	148398	sterile alpha motif ..	
ENSG00000188976	1.76549e-35	NOC2L	26155	NOC2 like nucleolar ..	
ENSG00000187961	1.13413e-07	KLHL17	339451	kelch like family me..	
ENSG00000187583	9.19031e-01	PLEKHN1	84069	pleckstrin homology ..	
ENSG00000187642	4.03379e-01	PERM1	84808	PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..	
ENSG00000188290	1.30538e-24	HES4	57801	hes family bHLH tran..	
ENSG00000187608	2.37452e-02	ISG15	9636	ISG15 ubiquitin like..	
ENSG00000188157	4.21963e-16	AGRN	375790	agrin	
ENSG00000237330	NA	RNF223	401934	ring finger protein ..	

Q. Finally for this section let's reorder these results by adjusted p-value and save them to a CSV file in your current project directory.

```
res = res[order(res$pvalue),]  
write.csv(res, file="deseq_results.csv", row.names=FALSE)
```

I will use KEGG and GO...

##Section 2 Pathway Analysis

```
library(pathview)  
library(gage)  
library(gageData)  
  
data(kegg.sets.hs)
```

```

data(sigmet.idx.hs)

# Focus on signaling and metabolic pathways only
kegg.sets.hs = kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]

# Examine the first 3 pathways
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)

$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
[1] "10"    "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"

$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
[1] "10"    "1066" "10720" "10941" "151531" "1548" "1549" "1551"
[9] "1553" "1576" "1577" "1806" "1807" "1890" "221223" "2990"
[17] "3251" "3614" "3615" "3704" "51733" "54490" "54575" "54576"
[25] "54577" "54578" "54579" "54600" "54657" "54658" "54659" "54963"
[33] "574537" "64816" "7083" "7084" "7172" "7363" "7364" "7365"
[41] "7366" "7367" "7371" "7372" "7378" "7498" "79799" "83549"
[49] "8824" "8833" "9" "978"

$`hsa00230 Purine metabolism`
[1] "100"    "10201" "10606" "10621" "10622" "10623" "107" "10714"
[9] "108"    "10846" "109" "111" "11128" "11164" "112" "113"
[17] "114"    "115" "122481" "122622" "124583" "132" "158" "159"
[25] "1633" "171568" "1716" "196883" "203" "204" "205" "221823"
[33] "2272" "22978" "23649" "246721" "25885" "2618" "26289" "270"
[41] "271" "27115" "272" "2766" "2977" "2982" "2983" "2984"
[49] "2986" "2987" "29922" "3000" "30833" "30834" "318" "3251"
[57] "353" "3614" "3615" "3704" "377841" "471" "4830" "4831"
[65] "4832" "4833" "4860" "4881" "4882" "4907" "50484" "50940"
[73] "51082" "51251" "51292" "5136" "5137" "5138" "5139" "5140"
[81] "5141" "5142" "5143" "5144" "5145" "5146" "5147" "5148"
[89] "5149" "5150" "5151" "5152" "5153" "5158" "5167" "5169"
[97] "51728" "5198" "5236" "5313" "5315" "53343" "54107" "5422"
[105] "5424" "5425" "5426" "5427" "5430" "5431" "5432" "5433"
[113] "5434" "5435" "5436" "5437" "5438" "5439" "5440" "5441"
[121] "5471" "548644" "55276" "5557" "5558" "55703" "55811" "55821"
[129] "5631" "5634" "56655" "56953" "56985" "57804" "58497" "6240"
[137] "6241" "64425" "646625" "654364" "661" "7498" "8382" "84172"
[145] "84265" "84284" "84618" "8622" "8654" "87178" "8833" "9060"
[153] "9061" "93034" "953" "9533" "954" "955" "956" "957"

```

```
[161] "9583"    "9615"
```

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
      1266      54855      1465      51232      2034      2317
-2.422719  3.201955 -2.313738 -2.059631 -1.888019 -1.649792
```

```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
```

```
attributes(keggres)
```

```
$names
[1] "greater" "less"    "stats"
```

```
# Look at the first few down (less) pathways
head(keggres$less, 3)
```

		p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val	q.val
hsa04110	Cell cycle	8.995727e-06	-4.378644	8.995727e-06	0.001448312
hsa03030	DNA replication	9.424076e-05	-3.951803	9.424076e-05	0.007586381
hsa03013	RNA transport	1.375901e-03	-3.028500	1.375901e-03	0.073840037
		set.size	exp1		
hsa04110	Cell cycle	121	8.995727e-06		
hsa03030	DNA replication	36	9.424076e-05		
hsa03013	RNA transport	144	1.375901e-03		

The top two here (hsa04110 and hsa03030) appear to be the main sets picked out. I will now use `pathview()` to pull these pathways and color up my genes that intersect with the two pathways

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/helenakhalil/Desktop/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png

```
# A different PDF based output of the same data
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110", kegg.native=FALSE)
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Warning: reconcile groups sharing member nodes!

```
      [,1] [,2]
[1,] "9"  "300"
[2,] "9"  "306"
```

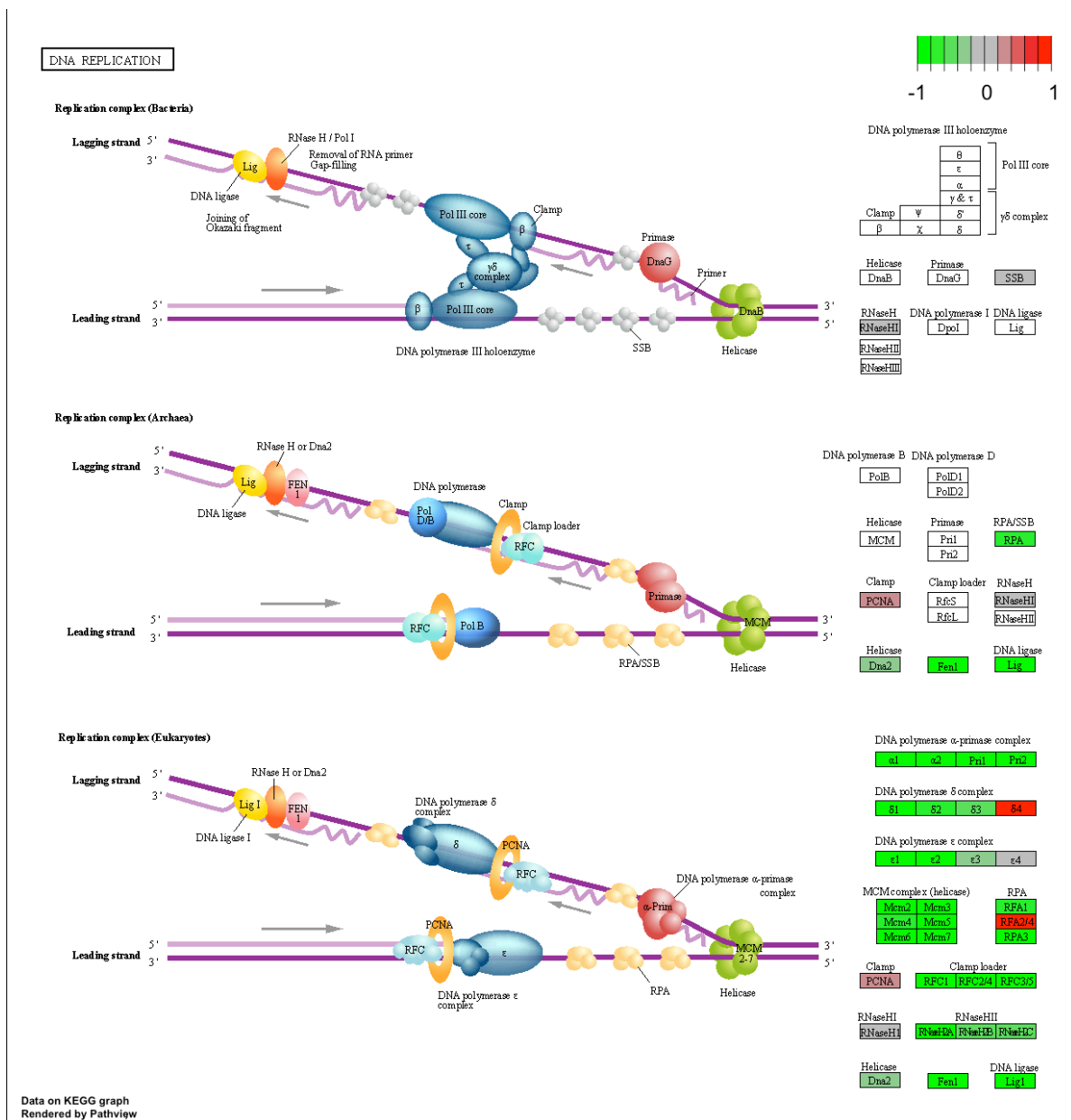
Info: Working in directory /Users/helenakhalil/Desktop/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.pdf

```
## Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways here for demo purposes only
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$less)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids = substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids
```

```
[1] "hsa04110" "hsa03030" "hsa03013" "hsa03440" "hsa04114"
```



Info: Working in directory /Users/helenakhalil/Desktop/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa03013.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/helenakhalil/Desktop/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa03440.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/helenakhalil/Desktop/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04114.pathview.png

Q. Can you do the same procedure as above to plot the pathview figures for the top 5 down-regulated pathways?

##Section 3 Gene Ontology

```
data(go.sets.hs)
data(go.subs.hs)

# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
gobpsets = go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]

gobpres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)

lapply(gobpres, head)
```

\$greater

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	8.519724e-05	3.824205	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	1.396681e-04	3.653886	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	1.432451e-04	3.643242	1.432451e-04
G0:0007610 behavior	1.925222e-04	3.565432	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	5.932837e-04	3.261376	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295 tube development	5.953254e-04	3.253665	5.953254e-04
	q.val	set.size	exp1

G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	0.1952430	113	8.519724e-05
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	0.1952430	339	1.396681e-04
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	0.1952430	424	1.432451e-04
G0:0007610	behavior	0.1968058	426	1.925222e-04
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	0.3566193	257	5.932837e-04
G0:0035295	tube development	0.3566193	391	5.953254e-04

\$less

		p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
G0:0048285	organelle fission	1.536227e-15	-8.063910	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280	nuclear division	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067	mitosis	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087	M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.169934e-14	-7.797496	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059	chromosome segregation	2.028624e-11	-6.878340	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236	mitotic prometaphase	1.729553e-10	-6.695966	1.729553e-10

		q.val	set.size	exp1
G0:0048285	organelle fission	5.843127e-12	376	1.536227e-15
G0:0000280	nuclear division	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0007067	mitosis	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15
G0:0000087	M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.195965e-11	362	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059	chromosome segregation	1.659009e-08	142	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236	mitotic prometaphase	1.178690e-07	84	1.729553e-10

\$stats

		stat.mean	exp1
G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	3.824205	3.824205
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	3.653886	3.653886
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	3.643242	3.643242
G0:0007610	behavior	3.565432	3.565432
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	3.261376	3.261376
G0:0035295	tube development	3.253665	3.253665

##Section 4 Reactome Analysis

We can use reactome as either its (original) R package or via it's newer online we- server. The later has some potentially useful pathways viewing functionality so lets try it out online

To use it online we need a list of significant genes at the alpha <0.05 level as a plain text file. We can make this in R like thi:

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
```



```
[1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
```

```
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quo
```

Now upload this here: (<https://reactome.org/PathwayBrowser/#TOOL=AT>)

Q: What pathway has the most significant “Entities p-value”? Do the most significant pathways listed match your previous KEGG results? What factors could cause differences between the two methods?

The cell cycle (Mitotic) is the highest and it has the lowest p-value and it matches from the previous results. The data base size can cause differences between the two methods.