

# Personalized Prediction of Recurrent Stress Events Using Self-Supervised Learning on Multimodal Time-Series Data

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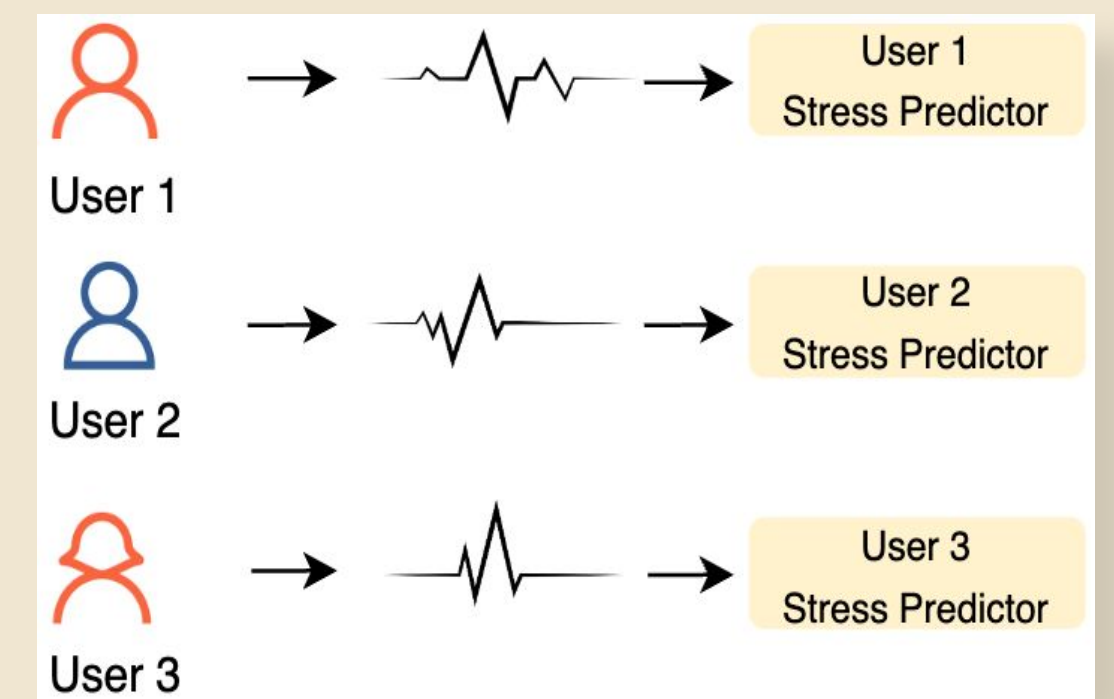
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## Problem Statement

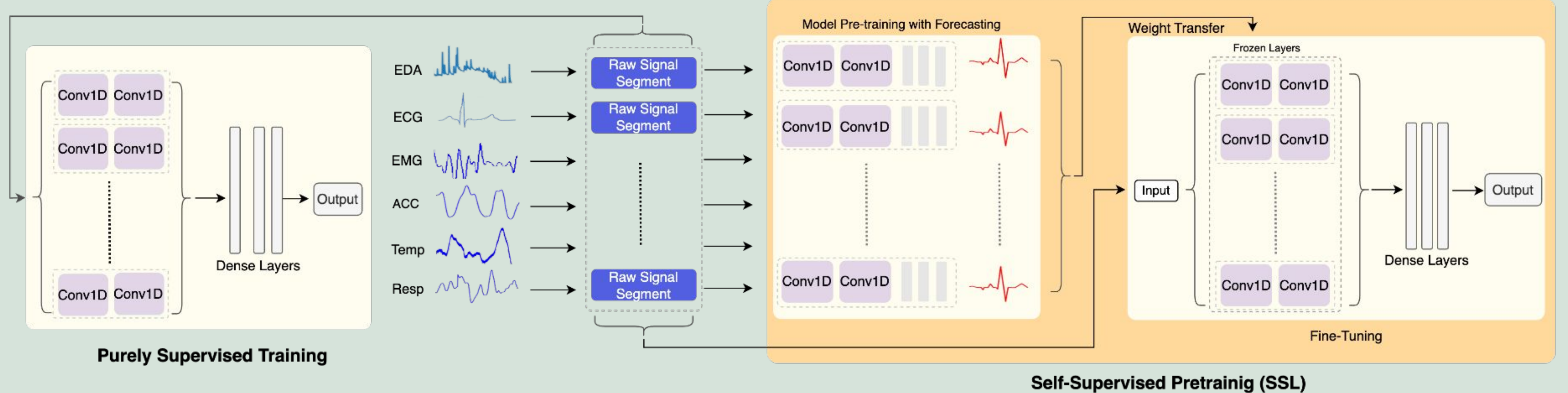
- Counter high-cost label collection
- Navigate individual stress variability
- Simplify feature design from diverse biosignals
- Manage subjectivity and sparse labeling

## Overview

### Personalized Stress Prediction Models



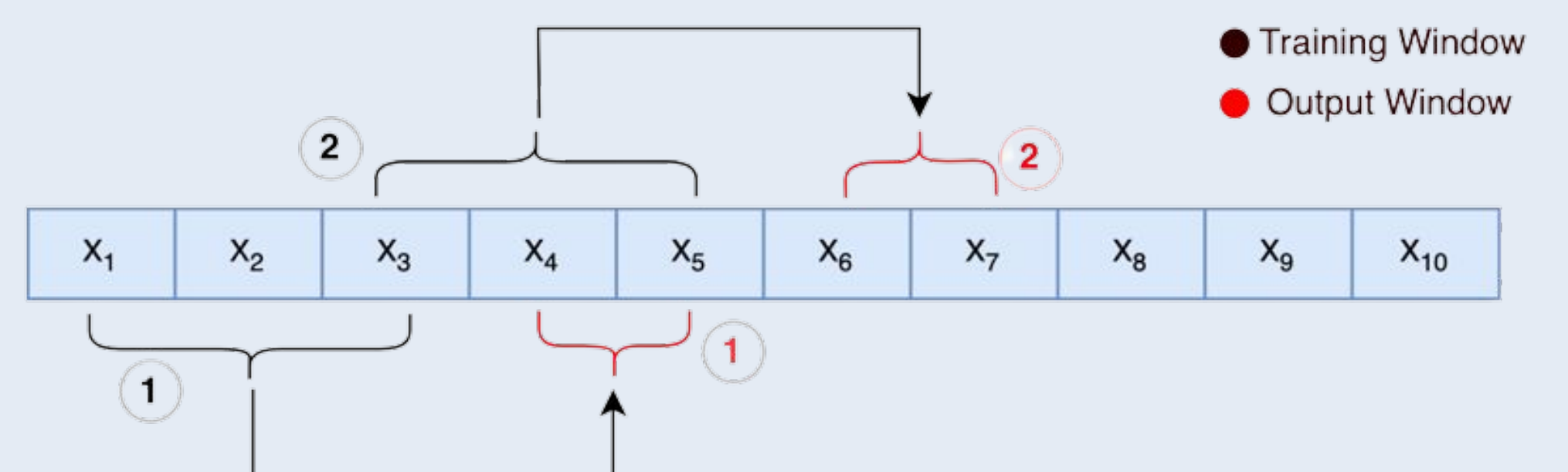
## Experimental Procedure



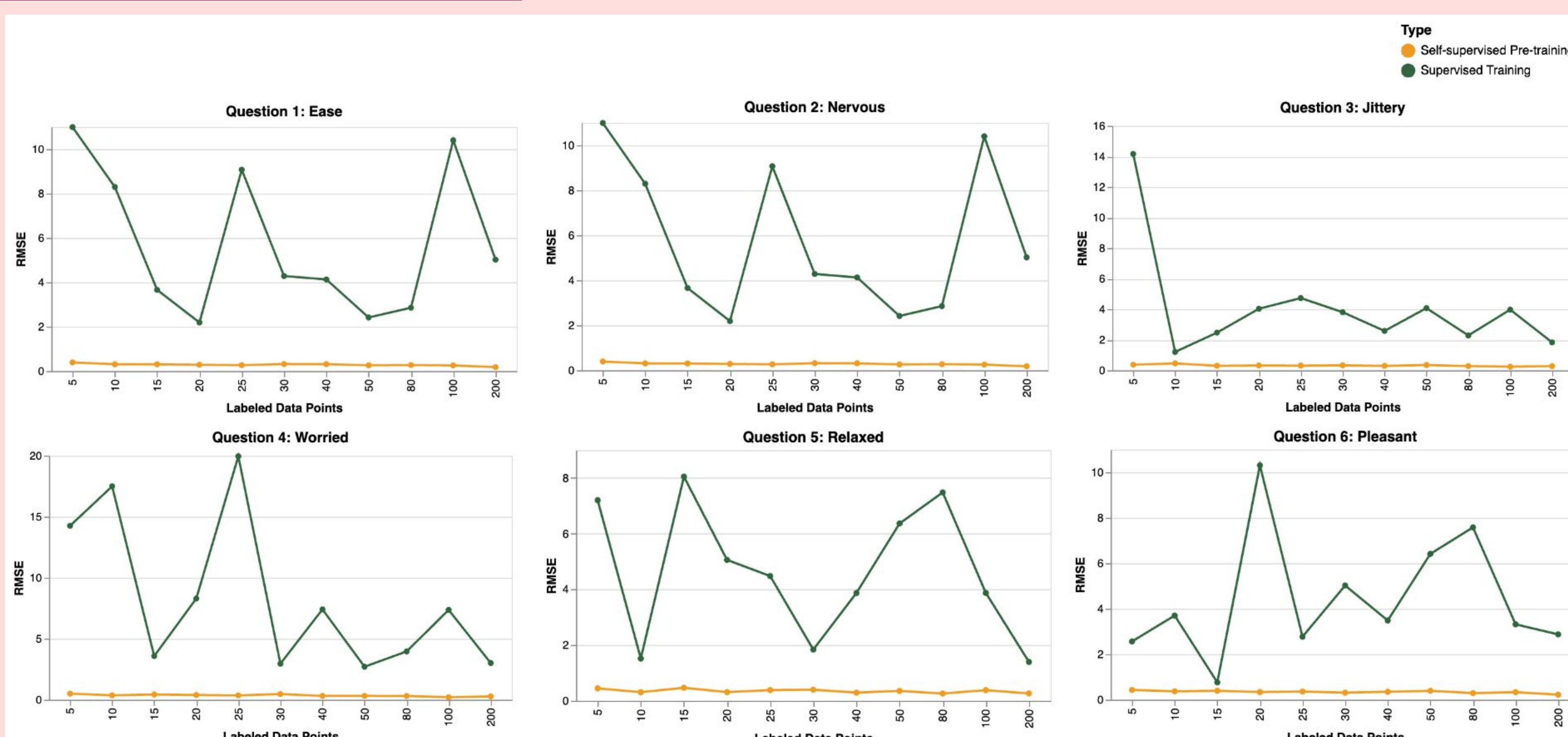
## Contribution Summary

- Harness biosignals for immediate stress detection
- Develop user-specific models that learn from diverse biosignals
- Better prediction with less annotation through personalized, self-supervised models

## SSL Technique



## Experimental Results



Comparison of the performance between SSL pre-training and solely supervised training methods for a demonstrative user