Ordinary Differential Equations

as an alternative to agent-based modelling

Module

June 18, 2019

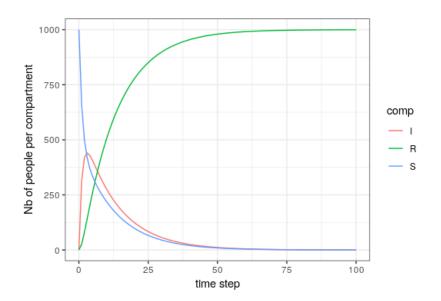
ODE systems

ightarrow widely used to model transmission phenomena



- population split into compartments
- system of ordinary differential equations

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\mathrm{d}S}{\mathrm{d}t} &= -\beta S + \lambda I \\ \frac{\mathrm{d}I}{\mathrm{d}t} &= \beta S - (\lambda + \gamma)I \\ \frac{\mathrm{d}R}{\mathrm{d}t} &= \gamma I \end{cases}$$



ODE

Equation-based
Generic mechanisms

Population scale

Needs less resources

ABM

Precise mechanisms

Individual-based

Individual scale

Computationally expensive

A Zombie situation

How could we model the Zombie invasion?

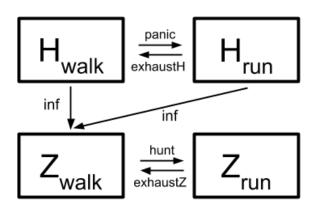
- ► Which mechanisms?
- ► Which parameters?

How could we model the Zombie invasion?

- ► Which mechanisms?
- Which parameters?

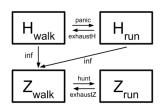
How can we assess our model's ability to reproduce the real data?

- ► Which metrics?
- Which fitness function?



A very simple ODE model





$$\begin{cases} \frac{\mathrm{d}H_{walk}}{\mathrm{d}t} &= -(panic + inf) * H_{walk} + exhaustH * H_{run} \\ \frac{\mathrm{d}H_{run}}{\mathrm{d}t} &= panic * H_{walk} - (exhaustH + inf) * H_{run} \\ \frac{\mathrm{d}Z_{walk}}{\mathrm{d}t} &= inf * (H_{walk} + H_{run}) - hunt * Z_{walk} + exhaustZ * Z_{run} \\ \frac{\mathrm{d}Z_{run}}{\mathrm{d}t} &= hunt * Z_{walk} - exhaustZ * Z_{run} \end{cases}$$

Exploration

Process

Process

► Embed the model in OpenMOLE

Process

- Embed the model in OpenMOLE
- ► Define a fitness function

Process

- Embed the model in OpenMOLE
- Define a fitness function
- Write a calibration task



Parameter set

Adding complexity



What mechanisms could we add to better represent the complexity of our Zombie situation?

Study our model's parcimony

