# AC\_Va\_h2\_G2\_2023

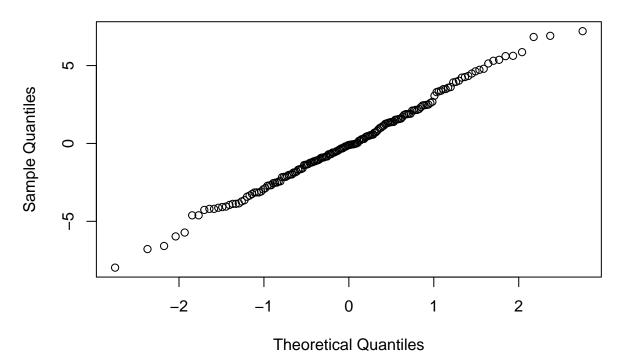
#### Helen Payne

2024-07-07

```
#load packages
library(lme4)
## Loading required package: Matrix
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----
                                                  ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr
            1.1.4
                                     2.1.5
                        v readr
## v forcats 1.0.0
                        v stringr
                                     1.5.1
## v ggplot2 3.4.4
                       v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                        v tidyr
                                    1.3.0
## v purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x tidyr::expand() masks Matrix::expand()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## x tidyr::pack() masks Matrix::pack()
## x tidyr::unpack() masks Matrix::unpack()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(lmerTest)
##
## Attaching package: 'lmerTest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
##
       lmer
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       step
library(car)
## Loading required package: carData
##
## Attaching package: 'car'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       recode
##
```

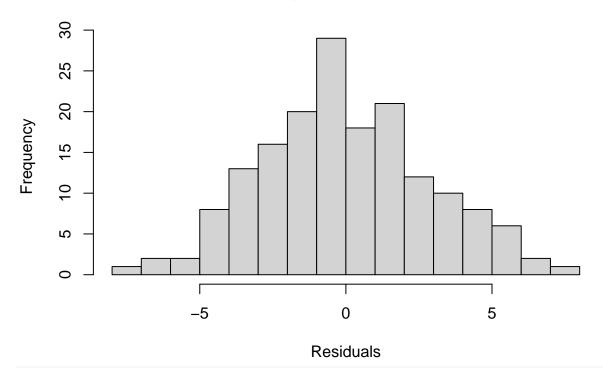
```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
##################################
Read in the data:
AC_23 <- read_csv(here::here("data_sheets", "compiled_sheets", "AC_mastersheet_Fitness-mains_2023.csv")
## Rows: 545 Columns: 50
## -- Column specification -------
## Delimiter: ","
        (5): Gen, Donor, Recipient, sample_ID_SEG, SegPos
## dbl (35): Year, Transect, Sequence, Plant_ID, days_sow2flower, days_plant2f...
        (2): F_plant, F_Num_03
## lgl
## date (8): Sow_Date, Plant_Date, FFD, LFD, F_Num_01, F_Num_02, photo_date, p...
\mbox{\tt \#\#} i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
AC_23_fit <- AC_23 %>%
 filter(Gen == "G2")
AC_22_23_full <- read_csv(here::here("data_sheets", "compiled_sheets", "AC_22_23_full.csv"))
## Rows: 6733 Columns: 65
## -- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: ","
        (7): Gen, Donor, Recipient, sample_ID_SEG, SegPos, Block, Replicated
## dbl (45): Year, Transect, Sequence, Plant_ID, days_sow2flower, days_plant2f...
        (4): F_plant, F_Num_03, Rep_FitP, any_FitP
## date (9): Sow_Date, Plant_Date, FFD, LFD, F_Num_01, F_Num_02, photo_date, p...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
# Calculate the mean surv_to_flower for each group in AC_22_23_full and add it as a new column
AC_22_23_full <- AC_22_23_full %>%
 group_by(Year, Gen, Transect, Sequence, Donor, Recipient, SegPos) %>%
 mutate(prop_surv_to_flower = mean(surv_to_flower, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
 ungroup() # Remove grouping
AC_prop_sample <- AC_22_23_full %>%
 select(c(Year, Gen, Transect, Sequence, Donor, Recipient, SegPos, prop_surv_to_flower)) %>%
   distinct()
AC 23 fit <- AC 23 fit %>%
 left_join(AC_prop_sample %>% select(Year, Gen, Transect, Sequence, Donor, Recipient, SegPos, prop_sur
           by = c("Year", "Gen", "Transect", "Sequence", "Donor", "Recipient"))
## Warning in left_join(., AC_prop_sample %>% select(Year, Gen, Transect, Sequence, : Detected an unexp
## i Row 132 of `x` matches multiple rows in `y`.
## i Row 285 of `y` matches multiple rows in `x`.
## i If a many-to-many relationship is expected, set `relationship =
   "many-to-many" to silence this warning.
```

```
# Create the new column
AC_23_fit <- AC_23_fit %>%
 mutate(est_fitness = prop_surv_to_flower * est_fecundity)
#log transform certain variables
AC_23_fit$skel_dryweight_mg_SEG <- log(AC_23_fit$skel_dryweight_mg_SEG)
AC 23 fit$msm all <- log(AC 23 fit$msm all)
AC_23_fit$SLA_SEG <- log(AC_23_fit$SLA_SEG)
AC_23_fit$est_fitness <- sqrt(AC_23_fit$est_fitness)</pre>
#mean center the traits of interest
traits <- c("corolla_diam_mm_SEG", "skel_dryweight_mg_SEG", "fl_duration", "est_fecundity", "msm_all",
# Mean center each trait
for (trait in traits) {
 trait_mean <- mean(AC_23_fit[[trait]], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
 AC_23_fit[[paste0(trait, "_centered")]] <- AC_23_fit[[trait]] - trait_mean
}
# Create the mixed model for corolla area
#corolla model <- lmer(corolla diam mm SEG centered ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = AC 23 fit)
corolla_model <- lmer(corolla_diam_mm_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
rand(corolla_model)
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
## Model:
## corolla_diam_mm_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Donor)
##
               npar logLik
                               AIC
                                       LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
                  3 -425.97 857.95
## <none>
                  2 -426.22 856.44 0.49272 1
## (1 | Donor)
                                                   0.4827
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(corolla_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #looks good
```



# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal

# **Histogram of Residuals**



```
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(skel_model)

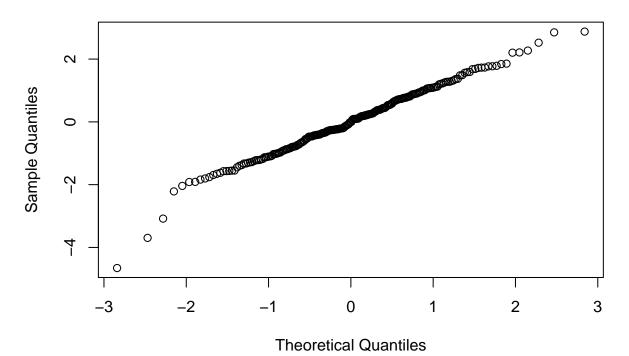
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #looks good

# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal

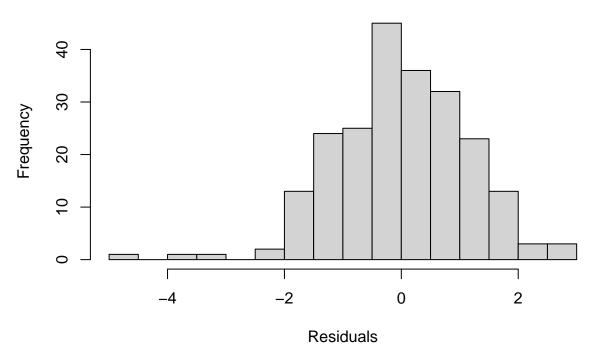
# Create the mixed model for skeleton weight, with skeleton weight log transformed
skel_model_2 <- lmer((skel_dryweight_mg_SEG_centered) ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)

# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(skel_model_2)

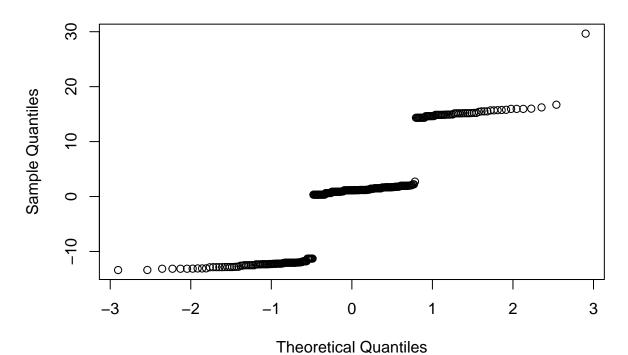
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #looks good</pre>
```



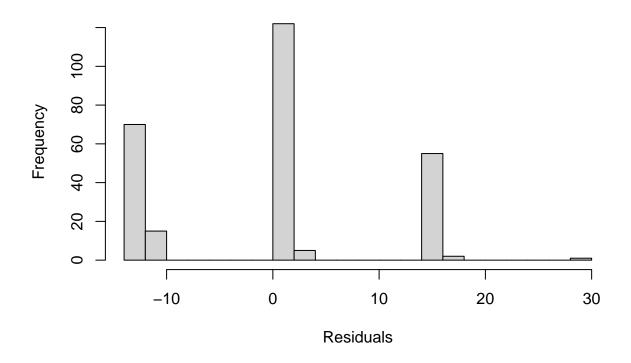
# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal



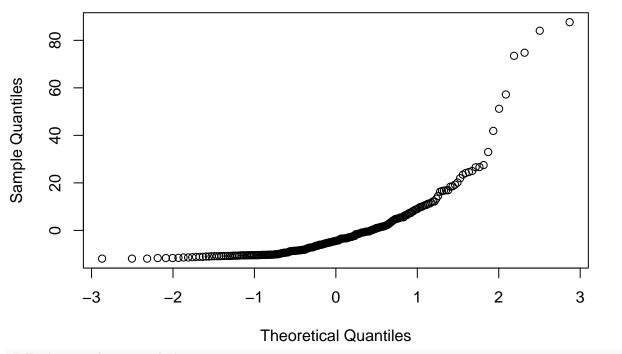
```
rand(skel_model_2)
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
## Model:
## (skel_dryweight_mg_SEG_centered) ~ (1 | Donor)
               npar logLik
                                           LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
                                AIC
## <none>
                   3 -342.14 690.28
## (1 | Donor)
                  2 -342.14 688.29 0.0076466 1
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#skel_model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
  #Model = c("skel_model", "skel_model_2"),
  #AIC = c(AIC(skel_model), AIC(skel_model_2)),
  #BIC = c(BIC(skel_model), BIC(skel_model_2)),
  #LogLikelihood = c(logLik(skel_model), logLik(skel_model_2))
# Print model comparison
#print(skel_model_comparison)
#model 1 is the best
# Create the mixed model for flowering duration
\#fl\_duration\_model \leftarrow lmer(fl\_duration\_centered \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#Sin(Left)
fl_duration_model <- lmer(fl_duration_centered ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(fl_duration_model)</pre>
```



# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal

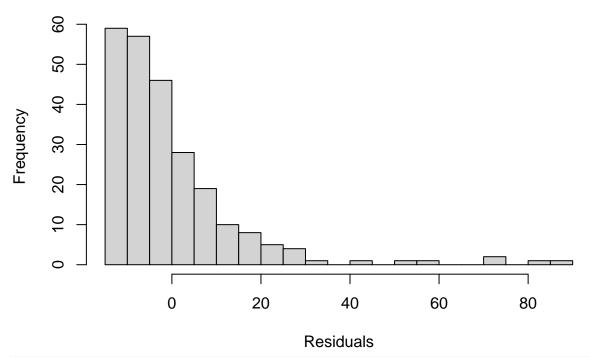


```
rand(fl_duration_model)
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## fl_duration_centered ~ (1 | Donor)
##
               npar logLik
                               AIC
                                       LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
                  3 -1009.7 2025.3
## <none>
## (1 | Donor)
                  2 -1009.9 2023.8 0.40791 1
                                                    0.523
# Create the mixed model for estimated fecundity, sqrt transforming estimated fecundity
#est_fecundity_model <- lmer((est_fecundity_centered) ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit</pre>
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(est_fecundity_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Create the mixed model for estimated fecundity, sqrt transforming estimated fecundity
est_fecundity_model_2 <- lmer((est_fecundity_centered) ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(est_fecundity_model_2)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
```



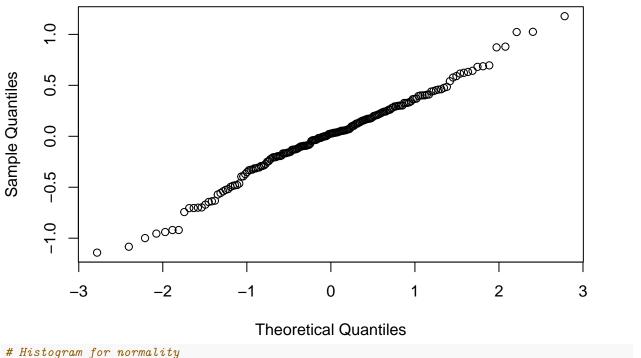
# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish

# **Histogram of Residuals**



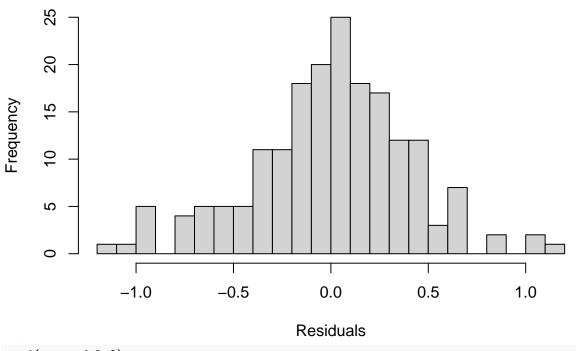
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#est\_fecundity\_model\_comparison <- data.frame(
 #Model = c("est\_fecundity\_model", "est\_fecundity\_model\_2"),</pre>

```
#AIC = c(AIC(est_fecundity_model), AIC(est_fecundity_model_2)),
  #BIC = c(BIC(est_fecundity_model), BIC(est_fecundity_model_2)),
  \#LogLikelihood = c(logLik(est\_fecundity\_model), logLik(est\_fecundity\_model\_2))
rand(est_fecundity_model_2)
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## (est_fecundity_centered) ~ (1 | Donor)
##
               npar logLik
                                AIC
                                        LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
                  3 -1011.6 2029.2
## <none>
                  2 -1011.7 2027.4 0.14879 1
## (1 | Donor)
                                                    0.6997
# Print model comparison
#print(est_fecundity_model_comparison)
#model 2 is the best
# Create the mixed model for mean seed mass, log transformed mean seed mass
\#msm\_model \leftarrow lmer((msm\_all\_centered) \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#singular
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(msm model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Create the mixed model for mean seed mass, log transformed mean seed mass
msm_model_2 <- lmer((msm_all_centered) ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)</pre>
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(msm_model_2)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
```



# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish

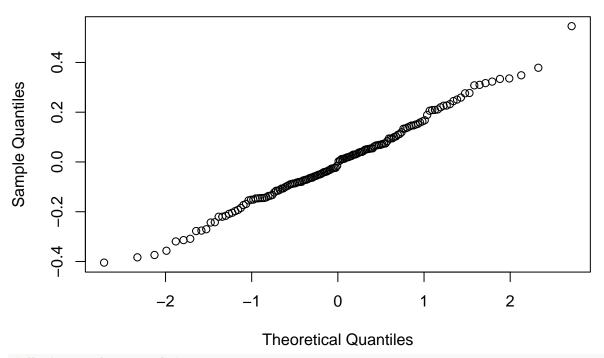
# **Histogram of Residuals**



rand(msm\_model\_2)

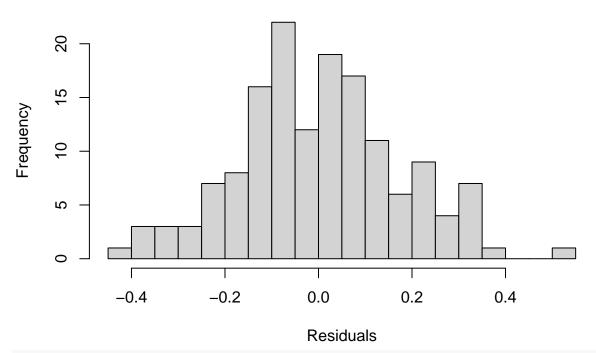
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions

```
##
## Model:
## (msm_all_centered) ~ (1 | Donor)
               npar logLik
                                        LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
                                AIC
## <none>
                  3 -104.38 214.76
## (1 | Donor)
                  2 -104.65 213.31 0.54049 1
                                                    0.4622
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#msm_model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
  #Model = c("msm_model", "msm_model_2"),
  \#AIC = c(AIC(msm\_model), AIC(msm\_model\_2)),
  \#BIC = c(BIC(msm\_model), BIC(msm\_model\_2)),
  \#LogLikelihood = c(logLik(msm_model), logLik(msm_model_2))
# Print model comparison
#print(msm_model_comparison)
#model 1 is the best
# Create the mixed model for SLA
\#SLA\_model \leftarrow lmer((SLA\_SEG\_centered) \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#Singular
##adding in transect##
# Create the mixed model for SLA
SLA_model <- lmer((SLA_SEG_centered) ~ (1 | Transect) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
rand(SLA_model)
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
## Model:
## (SLA_SEG_centered) ~ (1 | Transect) + (1 | Donor)
##
                                          LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
                  npar logLik
                                   AIC
## <none>
                      4 32.390 -56.780
## (1 | Transect)
                      3 29.308 -52.616 6.1641 1
                                                     0.01304 *
## (1 | Donor)
                     3 31.855 -57.709 1.0709 1
                                                     0.30074
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(SLA_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #okay...
```



# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #definitely a few out

# **Histogram of Residuals**



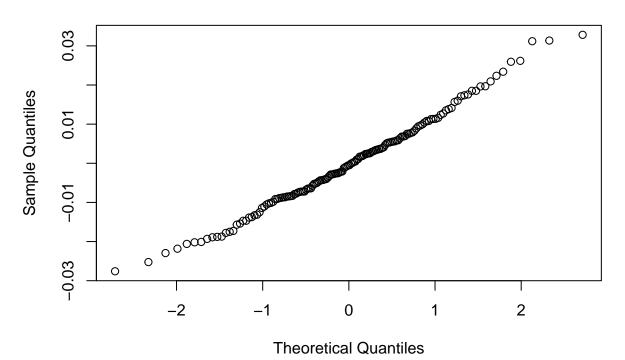
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#SLA\_model\_comparison <- data.frame(
# Model = c("SLA\_model", "SLA\_model\_2"),</pre>

```
# AIC = c(AIC(SLA_model), AIC(SLA_model_2)),
# BIC = c(BIC(SLA_model), BIC(SLA_model_2)),
# LogLikelihood = c(logLik(SLA_model), logLik(SLA_model_2))
#)

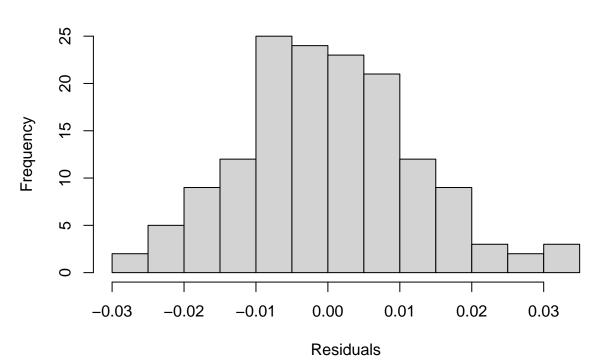
# Print model comparison
#print(SLA_model_comparison)

#model 2 is the best
# Create the mixed model for mean seed mass, log transformed mean seed mass
#LMA_model <- lmer(LMA_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit) #Singular

LMA_model <- lmer(LMA_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(LMA_model)
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #good enough</pre>
```



# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish



```
# Create the mixed model for d13C, log transformed mean seed mass
\#d13C\_model \leftarrow lmer(d13C\_SEG\_centered \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#Singular
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(d13C_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
\# Create the mixed model for d13C, log transformed mean seed mass
\#d13C\_model\_2 \leftarrow lmer(d13C\_SEG\_centered \sim (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(d13C_model_2)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#d13C_model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
  \#Model = c("d13C_model", "d13C_model_2"),
 \#AIC = c(AIC(d13C_model), AIC(d13C_model_2)),
```

```
#BIC = c(BIC(d13C_model), BIC(d13C_model_2)),
#LogLikelihood = c(logLik(d13C_model), logLik(d13C_model_2))
#)

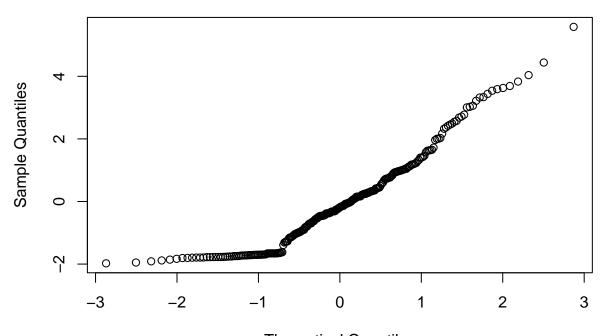
# Print model comparison
#print(d13C_model_comparison)

#model 2 is the best

# Create the mixed model for d13C, log transformed mean seed mass
est_fitness_model <- lmer(est_fitness_centered ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)

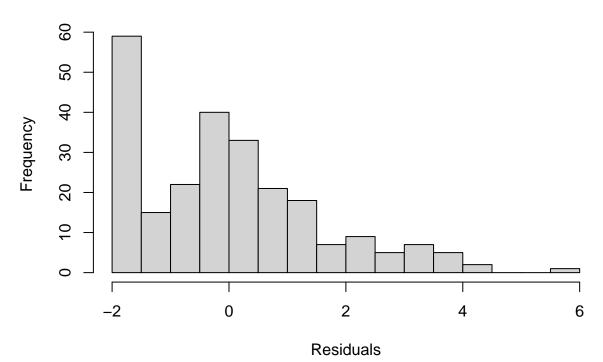
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(est_fitness_model)

# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #good enough</pre>
```



**Theoretical Quantiles** 

# Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish



```
# Test the significance of the random effects
rand(est_fitness_model) #all Random effects significantly improve the models fit!
```

```
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
## Model:
## est_fitness_centered ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor)
                                            LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
                   npar logLik
                                    AIC
                      4 -462.64 933.27
## <none>
## (1 | Recipient)
                      3 -462.86 931.73 0.45578
                                                        0.4996
## (1 | Donor)
                      3 -462.64 931.27 0.00000 1
                                                        1.0000
# Function to round values to a specified number of significant digits
round_df <- function(df, digits) {</pre>
  df[] <- lapply(df, function(x) if(is.numeric(x)) signif(x, digits) else x)
  return(df)
# Function to extract variance components and calculate required values
calculate_variances <- function(model, trait_name) {</pre>
  var_components <- as.data.frame(VarCorr(model))</pre>
  # Initialize variables
  V_mat <- NA
  V_sd_mat <- NA
  Va_mat <- NA
  V_pat <- NA
  V_sd_pat <- NA
  Va_pat <- NA
```

```
res_var <- NA
  Vp <- NA
  Vp sd <- NA
  h2 <- NA
  # Check if "Recipient" is included as a random effect
  if ("Recipient" %in% var_components$grp) {
   V_mat <- var_components$vcov[var_components$grp == "Recipient"]</pre>
    V sd mat <- sqrt(V mat)</pre>
    Va_mat <- V_mat * 4</pre>
  # Calculate other variance components
  if ("Donor" %in% var_components$grp) {
    V_pat <- var_components$vcov[var_components$grp == "Donor"]</pre>
    V_sd_pat <- sqrt(V_pat)</pre>
    Va_pat <- V_pat * 16</pre>
  if ("Residual" %in% var_components$grp) {
    res_var <- var_components$vcov[var_components$grp == "Residual"]</pre>
  # Calculate total phenotypic variance and narrow-sense heritability if components are available
  if (!is.na(Va_mat) & !is.na(Va_pat) & !is.na(res_var)) {
    Vp <- Va_mat + Va_pat + res_var</pre>
    Vp_sd <- sqrt(Vp)</pre>
    h2 <- Va_pat / Vp # assumed calculation
  # Extract the number of observations
  n_obs <- nobs(model)
  # Create the dataframe and add the traits column
  df <- data.frame(traits = trait_name, V_mat, V_sd_mat, Va_mat, V_pat, V_sd_pat, Va_pat, Vp, Vp_sd, h2
  # Round the dataframe values to four significant digits
 df <- round df(df, 4)
 return(df)
# Calculate variances for each model and add trait names
corolla_variances <- calculate_variances(corolla_model, 'corolla_diameter')</pre>
skel_variances <- calculate_variances(skel_model_2, "skel_biomass_mg")</pre>
est_fecundity_wariances <- calculate_variances(est_fecundity_model_2, "estimated_fecundity")
msm_variances <- calculate_variances(msm_model_2, "mean_seed_mass")</pre>
SLA_variances <- calculate_variances(SLA_model, "SLA")</pre>
LMA_variances <- calculate_variances(LMA_model, "LMA")</pre>
fl_duration_variances <- calculate_variances(fl_duration_model, "flowering duration")</pre>
#d13C_variances <- calculate_variances(d13C_model_2, "delta_C_13")</pre>
est_fitness_variances <- calculate_variances(est_fitness_model, "est_fitness")</pre>
```

```
# Combine the results into a single dataframe
variance_AC_2023_G2 <- rbind(</pre>
  corolla_variances,
  skel variances,
  fl_duration_variances,
  LMA_variances,
  SLA_variances,
  msm variances,
  est_fecundity_variances,
  #d13C_variances,
  est_fitness_variances
# Print the dataframe
print(variance_AC_2023_G2)
##
                  traits V_mat V_sd_mat Va_mat
                                                     V_pat V_sd_pat
                                                                       Va_pat
                                                                                 Vр
## 1
        corolla_diameter
                                      NA
                                              NA 3.994e-01 0.63200 6.391e+00
## 2
                                             NA 4.626e-03 0.06802 7.402e-02
         skel_biomass_mg
                             NA
                                      NA
                                                                                 NA
## 3 flowering duration
                             NA
                                             NA 2.323e+00 1.52400 3.716e+01
## 4
                                             NA 7.670e-06 0.00277 1.227e-04
                     LMA
                             NA
                                      NA
                                                                                 NA
## 5
                     SLA
                             NA
                                      NA
                                             NA 2.334e-03 0.04831 3.734e-02
## 6
          {\tt mean\_seed\_mass}
                                      NA
                                             NA 6.558e-03 0.08098 1.049e-01
                             NA
## 7 estimated_fecundity
                                             NA 4.293e+00 2.07200 6.869e+01
                             NA
                                      NA
             est_fitness 0.1342
                                 0.3664 0.5369 0.000e+00 0.00000 0.000e+00 2.987
## 8
## Vp_sd h2 n_obs
        NA NA
## 1
                169
## 2
        NA NA
                222
## 3
        NA NA
                270
## 4
        NA NA
                150
## 5
        NA NA
                150
## 6
        NA NA
                185
## 7
        NA NA
                244
## 8 1.728 0
               244
#Save the csv file if you want
write_csv(x = variance_AC_2023_G2, here::here("data_sheets", "compiled_sheets", "AC_Va_h2_R_2023.csv"))
```