AC_Va_h2_R_2023

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```
#load packages
library(lme4)
## Loading required package: Matrix
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----
                                                  ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr
             1.1.4
                                     2.1.5
                        v readr
## v forcats 1.0.0
                        v stringr
                                     1.5.1
## v ggplot2 3.4.4
                       v tibble
                                     3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                         v tidyr
                                     1.3.0
## v purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x tidyr::expand() masks Matrix::expand()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## x tidyr::pack() masks Matrix::pack()
## x tidyr::unpack() masks Matrix::unpack()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(lmerTest)
##
## Attaching package: 'lmerTest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
##
       lmer
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       step
library(car)
## Loading required package: carData
##
## Attaching package: 'car'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       recode
```

##

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
##################################
Read in the data:
AC_23 <- read_csv(here::here("data_sheets", "compiled_sheets", "AC_mastersheet_Fitness-mains_2023.csv")
## Rows: 545 Columns: 50
## -- Column specification -------
## Delimiter: ","
        (5): Gen, Donor, Recipient, sample_ID_SEG, SegPos
## dbl (35): Year, Transect, Sequence, Plant_ID, days_sow2flower, days_plant2f...
        (2): F_plant, F_Num_03
## lgl
## date (8): Sow_Date, Plant_Date, FFD, LFD, F_Num_01, F_Num_02, photo_date, p...
\mbox{\tt \#\#} i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
AC_23_fit <- AC_23 %>%
 filter(Gen == "G1")
AC_22_23_full <- read_csv(here::here("data_sheets", "compiled_sheets", "AC_22_23_full.csv"))
## Rows: 6733 Columns: 65
## -- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: ","
        (7): Gen, Donor, Recipient, sample_ID_SEG, SegPos, Block, Replicated
## dbl (45): Year, Transect, Sequence, Plant_ID, days_sow2flower, days_plant2f...
        (4): F_plant, F_Num_03, Rep_FitP, any_FitP
## date (9): Sow_Date, Plant_Date, FFD, LFD, F_Num_01, F_Num_02, photo_date, p...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
# Calculate the mean surv_to_flower for each group in AC_22_23_full and add it as a new column
AC_22_23_full <- AC_22_23_full %>%
 group_by(Year, Gen, Transect, Sequence, Donor, Recipient, SegPos) %>%
 mutate(prop_surv_to_flower = mean(surv_to_flower, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
 ungroup() # Remove grouping
AC prop sample <- AC 22 23 full %>%
 select(c(Year, Gen, Transect, Sequence, Donor, Recipient, SegPos, prop_surv_to_flower)) %>%
   distinct()
AC 23 fit <- AC 23 fit %>%
 left_join(AC_prop_sample %>% select(Year, Gen, Transect, Sequence, Donor, Recipient, SegPos, prop_sur
           by = c("Year", "Gen", "Transect", "Sequence", "Donor", "Recipient"))
# Create the new column
AC_23_fit <- AC_23_fit %>%
 mutate(est_fitness = prop_surv_to_flower * est_fecundity)
#log transform traits that need it
AC_23_fit$skel_dryweight_mg_SEG <- log(AC_23_fit$skel_dryweight_mg_SEG)
```

```
AC_23_fit$msm_all <- log(AC_23_fit$msm_all)
AC_23_fit$SLA_SEG <- log(AC_23_fit$SLA_SEG)
AC_23_fit$set_fitness <- sqrt(AC_23_fit$est_fitness)

#mean center the traits of interest

traits <- c("corolla_diam_mm_SEG", "skel_dryweight_mg_SEG", "fl_duration", "est_fecundity", "msm_all",

# Mean center each trait
for (trait in traits) {
    trait_mean <- mean(AC_23_fit[[trait]], na.rm = TRUE)
    AC_23_fit[[paste0(trait, "_centered")]] <- AC_23_fit[[trait]] - trait_mean
}

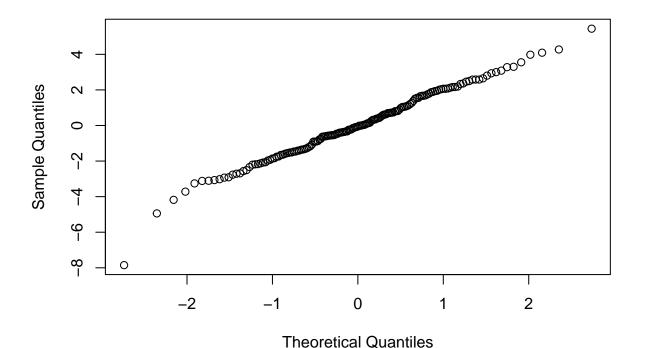
# Create the mixed model for corolla area

corolla_model <- lmer(corolla_diam_mm_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)

# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(corolla_model)

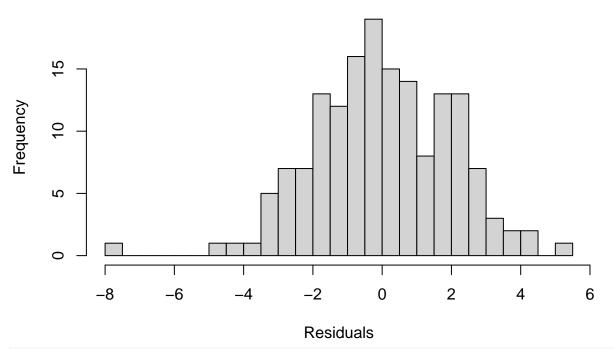
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #looks good
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal

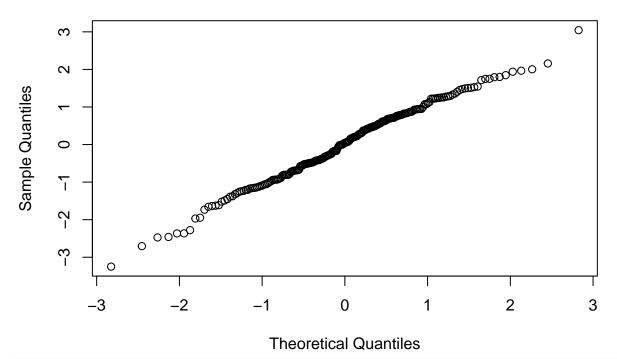
Histogram of Residuals



```
# Create the mixed model for skeleton weight, with skeleton weight log transformed
\#corolla\_model\_2 \leftarrow lmer(log(corolla\_diam\_mm\_SEG\_centered) \sim (1 | Transect) + (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Done 
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(corolla_model_2)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #looks good
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#corolla_model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
      #Model = c("corolla_model", "corolla_model_2"),
      #AIC = c(AIC(corolla_model), AIC(corolla_model_2)),
      #BIC = c(BIC(corolla_model), BIC(corolla_model_2)),
      #LogLikelihood = c(logLik(corolla_model), logLik(corolla_model_2))
# Print model comparison
#print(corolla_model_comparison)
# Test the significance of the random effects
rand(corolla_model)
```

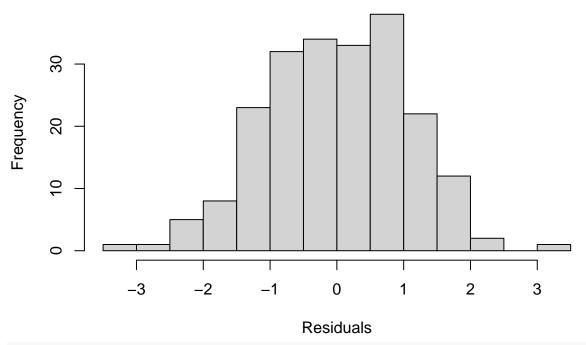
```
## Model:
## corolla_diam_mm_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor)
                   npar logLik
                                   AIC
                                          LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
                      4 -385.64 779.28
## <none>
## (1 | Recipient)
                      3 -388.35 782.69 5.4124 1
                                                     0.01999 *
## (1 | Donor)
                      3 -385.76 777.51 0.2324 1
                                                     0.62978
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#model 2 is the best
# Create the mixed model for skeleton weight, with skeleton weight log transformed
\#skel\_model \leftarrow lmer((skel\_dryweight\_mg\_SEG\_centered) \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(skel_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #looks good
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal
# Test the significance of the random effects
#rand(corolla_model)
# Create the mixed model for skeleton weight, with skeleton weight log transformed
skel_model_2 <- lmer((skel_dryweight_mg_SEG_centered) ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
# Test the significance of the random effects
rand(skel_model_2)
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## (skel_dryweight_mg_SEG_centered) ~ (1 | Donor)
##
               npar logLik
                                          LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
                               AIC
## <none>
                  3 -316.02 638.05
## (1 | Donor)
                  2 -316.02 636.05 0.00042227 1
                                                      0.9836
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(skel_model_2)
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #looks good
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal

Histogram of Residuals



Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#skel_model_comparison <- data.frame(
 #Model = c("skel_model", "skel_model_2"),</pre>

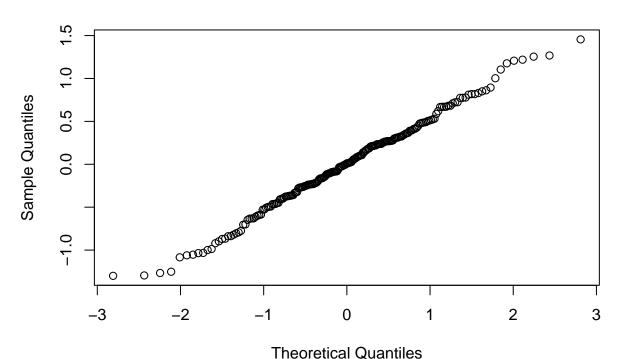
```
#AIC = c(AIC(skel_model), AIC(skel_model_2)),
  #BIC = c(BIC(skel_model), BIC(skel_model_2)),
  #LogLikelihood = c(logLik(skel_model), logLik(skel_model_2))
# Print model comparison
#print(skel_model_comparison)
#model 1 is the best
# Create the mixed model for flowering duration
\#fl\_duration\_model \leftarrow lmer(fl\_duration\_centered \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#Sin
# Check if the model is singular
#fl_duration_model <- lmer(fl_duration_centered ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit) #Singular
# Create the mixed model for estimated fecundity, sqrt transforming estimated fecundity
#est_fecundity_model <- lmer((est_fecundity_centered) ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit</pre>
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(est_fecundity_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Create the mixed model for estimated fecundity, sqrt transforming estimated fecundity
\#est\_fecundity\_model\_2 <- lmer((est\_fecundity\_centered) \sim (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#still singular + AC\_23\_fit)
# Test the significance of the random effects
#rand(est_fecundity_model)
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(est_fecundity_model_2)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#est_fecundity_model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
 #Model = c("est_fecundity_model", "est_fecundity_model_2"),
  #AIC = c(AIC(est_fecundity_model), AIC(est_fecundity_model_2)),
 #BIC = c(BIC(est_fecundity_model), BIC(est_fecundity_model_2)),
```

```
\#LogLikelihood = c(logLik(est\_fecundity\_model), logLik(est\_fecundity\_model\_2))
#)
# Print model comparison
#print(est_fecundity_model_comparison)
#model 2 is the best
# Create the mixed model for mean seed mass, log transformed mean seed mass
#msm_model <- lmer((msm_all_centered) ~ (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit) #Singular</pre>
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(msm_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #qood enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Create the mixed model for mean seed mass, log transformed mean seed mass
\#msm_model_2 \leftarrow lmer((msm_all_centered) \sim (1 \mid Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(msm_model_2)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#msm_model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
 #Model = c("msm_model", "msm_model_2"),
 \#AIC = c(AIC(msm\_model), AIC(msm\_model\_2)),
 \#BIC = c(BIC(msm\_model), BIC(msm\_model\_2)),
  #LogLikelihood = c(logLik(msm_model), logLik(msm_model_2))
# Print model comparison
#print(msm model comparison)
#model 1 is the best
# Test the significance of the random effects
#rand(msm_model_2)
# Create the mixed model for SLA
\#SLA\_model \leftarrow lmer((SLA\_SEG\_centered) \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#singular
# Extract residuals from the model
```

```
#residuals <- resid(SLA_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #okay..
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #definitely a few ou
##adding in transect##
# Create the mixed model for SLA
\#SLA\_model\_2 \leftarrow lmer((SLA\_SEG\_centered) \sim (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(SLA_model_2)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #okay..
# Histogram for normality
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #definitely a few ou
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#SLA_model_comparison <- data.frame(
  \#Model = c("SLA_model", "SLA_model_2"),
 \#AIC = c(AIC(SLA\_model), AIC(SLA\_model\_2)),
 #BIC = c(BIC(SLA_model), BIC(SLA_model_2)),
  #LogLikelihood = c(logLik(SLA_model), logLik(SLA_model_2))
# Print model comparison
#print(SLA_model_comparison)
#model 2 is the best
# Create the mixed model for mean seed mass, log transformed mean seed mass
\#LMA\_model \leftarrow lmer(LMA\_SEG\_centered \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#Singular
# Create the mixed model for mean seed mass, log transformed mean seed mass
#LMA_model <- lmer(LMA_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit) #Singular
# Create the mixed model for d13C, log transformed mean seed mass
\#d13C\_model \leftarrow lmer(d13C\_SEG\_centered \sim (1 \mid Recipient) + (1 \mid Donor), data = AC\_23\_fit) \#Singular
# Extract residuals from the model
#residuals <- resid(d13C_model)</pre>
# Q-Q plot for normality
#qqnorm(residuals) #good enough
# Histogram for normality
```

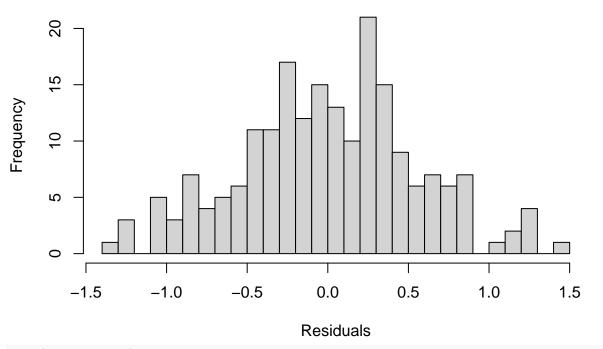
```
#hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish
# Create the mixed model for d13C, log transformed mean seed mass
d13C_model_2 <- lmer(d13C_SEG_centered ~ (1 |Transect) + (1 | Donor), data = AC_23_fit)
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(d13C_model_2)
# Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #good enough</pre>
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish

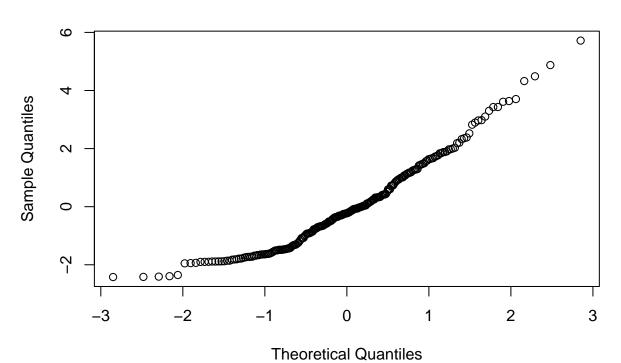
Histogram of Residuals



```
rand(d13C_model_2)
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
## Model:
## d13C_SEG_centered ~ (1 | Transect) + (1 | Donor)
##
                  npar logLik
                                  AIC
                                         LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
                     4 -193.09 394.18
## <none>
                     3 -217.30 440.61 48.429
                                                  3.424e-12 ***
## (1 | Transect)
                                               1
                     3 -194.25 394.51 2.334
## (1 | Donor)
                                              1
                                                     0.1265
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Compare models using AIC, BIC, and log-likelihood
#d13C_model_comparison <- data.frame(</pre>
  \#Model = c("d13C_model", "d13C_model_2"),
  \#AIC = c(AIC(d13C_model), AIC(d13C_model_2)),
  \#BIC = c(BIC(d13C\_model), BIC(d13C\_model\_2)),
  #LogLikelihood = c(logLik(d13C_model), logLik(d13C_model_2))
# Print model comparison
#print(d13C_model_comparison)
#model 2 is the best
# Create the mixed model for d13C, log transformed mean seed mass
est_fitness_model <- lmer(est_fitness_centered ~ (1 Transect) + (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor), data = A
# Extract residuals from the model
residuals <- resid(est_fitness_model)</pre>
```

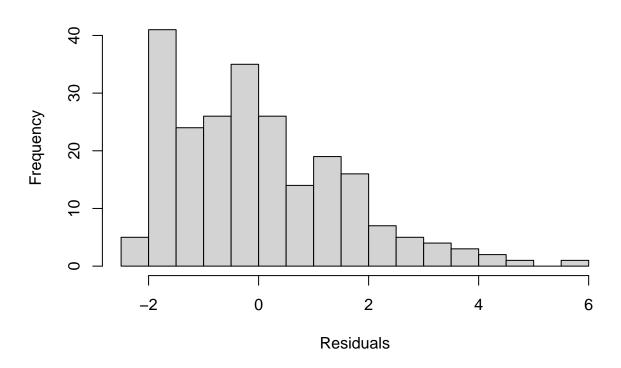
Q-Q plot for normality
qqnorm(residuals) #good enough

Normal Q-Q Plot



Histogram for normality
hist(residuals, breaks = 20, main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals") #normal-ish

Histogram of Residuals



```
# Test the significance of the random effects
rand(est_fitness_model) #all Random effects significantly improve the models fit!
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
## ANOVA-like table for random-effects: Single term deletions
## Model:
## est_fitness_centered ~ (1 | Transect) + (1 | Recipient) + (1 | Donor)
                   npar logLik
                                   AIC
                                           LRT Df Pr(>Chisq)
## <none>
                      5 -441.61 893.21
## (1 | Transect)
                      4 -443.62 895.25 4.0364 1
                                                      0.04453 *
## (1 | Recipient)
                      4 -441.66 891.33 0.1180 1
                                                      0.73122
## (1 | Donor)
                      4 -441.61 891.22 0.0116 1
                                                      0.91441
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# Function to round values to a specified number of significant digits
round_df <- function(df, digits) {</pre>
 df[] <- lapply(df, function(x) if(is.numeric(x)) signif(x, digits) else x)</pre>
 return(df)
}
# Function to extract variance components and calculate required values
calculate variances <- function(model, trait name) {</pre>
  var_components <- as.data.frame(VarCorr(model))</pre>
  # Initialize variables
  V_mat <- NA
  V_sd_mat <- NA
  Va_mat <- NA
  V_pat <- NA
  V_sd_pat <- NA
  Va_pat <- NA
  res_var <- NA
  Vp <- NA
  Vp_sd <- NA
 h2 <- NA
  # Check if "Recipient" is included as a random effect
  if ("Recipient" %in% var_components$grp) {
   V_mat <- var_components$vcov[var_components$grp == "Recipient"]</pre>
    V_sd_mat <- sqrt(V_mat)</pre>
    Va_mat <- V_mat * 4</pre>
  }
  # Calculate other variance components
  if ("Donor" %in% var_components$grp) {
    V_pat <- var_components$vcov[var_components$grp == "Donor"]</pre>
    V_sd_pat <- sqrt(V_pat)</pre>
    Va_pat <- V_pat * 4</pre>
  if ("Residual" %in% var_components$grp) {
    res_var <- var_components$vcov[var_components$grp == "Residual"]</pre>
```

```
# Calculate total phenotypic variance and narrow-sense heritability if components are available
  if (!is.na(Va_mat) & !is.na(Va_pat) & !is.na(res_var)) {
    Vp <- Va_mat + Va_pat + res_var</pre>
    Vp_sd <- sqrt(Vp)</pre>
    h2 <- Va_pat / Vp # assumed calculation
  # Extract the number of observations
  n_obs <- nobs(model)</pre>
  # Create the dataframe and add the traits column
  df <- data.frame(traits = trait_name, V_mat, V_sd_mat, Va_mat, V_pat, V_sd_pat, Va_pat, Vp, Vp_sd, h2
  # Round the dataframe values to four significant digits
  df <- round_df(df, 4)
 return(df)
}
\# Calculate variances for each model and add trait names
corolla_variances <- calculate_variances(corolla_model, 'corolla_diameter')</pre>
skel_variances <- calculate_variances(skel_model_2, "skel_biomass_mg")</pre>
#est_fecundity_variances <- calculate_variances(est_fecundity_model, "estimated_fecundity")</pre>
#msm_variances <- calculate_variances(msm_model_2, "mean_seed_mass")</pre>
#SLA variances <- calculate variances(SLA model, "SLA")
#LMA_variances <- calculate_variances(LMA_model, "LMA")
d13C_variances <- calculate_variances(d13C_model_2, "delta_C_13")</pre>
est_fitness_variances <- calculate_variances(est_fitness_model, "est_fitness")</pre>
# Combine the results into a single dataframe
variance_AC_2023_G1 <- rbind(</pre>
  corolla_variances,
  skel_variances,
 d13C_variances,
  est_fitness_variances
# Print the dataframe
print(variance_AC_2023_G1)
##
                         V_mat V_sd_mat Va_mat
                                                    V pat V sd pat
                                                                     Va pat
                                                                                 Vр
                                 1.4310 8.1920 0.3126000 0.55910 1.251000 14.530
## 1 corolla_diameter 2.04800
## 2 skel_biomass_mg
                            NA
                                     NA
                                            NA 0.0009319 0.03053 0.003728
                                                                                 NA
## 3
                                            NA 0.0256700 0.16020 0.102700
           delta_C_13
                            NA
                                     NA
                                                                                 NΑ
## 4
          est_fitness 0.07652
                                 0.2766 0.3061 0.0140600 0.11860 0.056240 2.944
               h2 n_obs
    Vp_sd
## 1 3.811 0.0861
## 2
                    212
        NA
               NΑ
                    202
        NA
               NA
                    229
## 4 1.716 0.0191
```

```
#Save the csv file if you want
write_csv(x = variance_AC_2023_G1, here::here("data_sheets", "compiled_sheets", "AC_Va_h2_R_2023.csv"))
```