

3.2.4.  $3xy'' + 7y'' - 9 - y' = 0$  нениа  $y$

Замина:  $y(x) \rightsquigarrow z(x)$ ,  $y' = z$ ,  $y'' = z'$

$$3xz' + 7z' - 9 - z = 0$$

$$z'(3x + 7) - 9 - z = 0 \quad | : 3x + 7$$

$$0) z' = \frac{9}{3x+7} + \frac{z}{3x+7}$$

$$1) z' = \frac{z}{3x+7}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{z}{3x+7} \mid \cdot \frac{dx}{z}$$

$$\int \frac{dz}{z} = \int \frac{dx}{3x+7}$$

$$\ln|z| = \frac{1}{3} \ln|3x+7| + \ln|C|$$

$$z = (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} C$$

$$2) z = (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} \varphi(x)$$

$$3) \frac{1}{(3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \varphi(x) + \varphi'(x) (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{(3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} \varphi(x)}{(3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}}} +$$

$$+ \frac{9}{3x+7}$$

$$\varphi'(x) (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{9}{3x+7} \mid \cdot (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\varphi'(x) = \frac{9}{(3x+7)^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

$$\varphi(x) = \int \frac{9}{(3x+7)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = -\frac{9}{\sqrt[3]{3x+7}} + C_1$$

$$z = (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( -\frac{9}{\sqrt[3]{3x+7}} + C_1 \right) = -\frac{9\sqrt[3]{3x+7}}{\sqrt[3]{3x+7}} +$$

$$+ (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} C_1$$

$$y' = -9 + (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} C_1$$

$$y = \int (-9 + (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} C_1) dx = \int -9 dx + C_1 \int (3x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx =$$

$$= -9x + C_1 \frac{(3x+7)^{\frac{4}{3}} \sqrt[3]{8x+7}}{4} + C_2$$



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Перевірка:  $3x + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x \approx 1,3$  - не розв.

3.2.9  $x^6 y''' + x^5 y'' = 1$  знайти  $y$

Заміна:  $y(x) \rightarrow z(x)$   $y' = z$ ,  $y'' = z'$ ,  $y''' = z''$

$$x^6 z'' + x^5 z' = 1 \quad | : x^6$$

$$z'' + \frac{z'}{x} = \frac{1}{x^6}$$

$$z'' = \frac{1}{x^6} - \frac{z'}{x}$$

Заміна:  $z' = t$ ,  $z'' = t'$

0)  $t' = \frac{1}{x^6} - \frac{t}{x}$

1)  $t' = -\frac{t}{x}$

$$\frac{dt}{dx} = -\frac{t}{x} \quad | \cdot \frac{dx}{t}$$

$$\int \frac{dt}{t} = - \int \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\ln|t| = -\ln|x| + \ln|C|$$

$$t = x^{-1} C$$

2)  $t = \frac{1}{x} \varphi(x)$

3)  $-\frac{1}{x^2} \varphi(x) + \varphi'(x) \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x^6} - \frac{1}{x^2} \varphi(x)$

$$\varphi'(x) \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x^6} \quad | \cdot x$$

$$\varphi'(x) = \frac{1}{x^5}$$

$$q(x) = \int \frac{1}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^4} + C_1$$

$$t = \frac{1}{x} \left( -\frac{1}{4x^4} + C_1 \right) = -\frac{1}{4x^5} + \frac{C_1}{x}$$

$$z' = -\frac{1}{4x^5} + \frac{C_1}{x}$$

$$y'' = -\frac{1}{4x^5} + \frac{C_1}{x} \text{ — диф. р-ня на відносно перш.}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{16x^4} + C_1 \ln|x| + C_2$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{48x^3} + C_1 x \ln|x| - C_1 x + C_2 x + C_3$$

Перевірка:  $x^6 = 0 \rightarrow$  не розв.,  $y'$  не існує

$$dx = 0 \rightarrow x = C_4$$

$$t=0 \rightarrow z'=0 \rightarrow y''=0 \rightarrow y'''=0$$

$0+0 \neq 1$  не тотожне.

не розв.

3.2.14.  $yy'' + 1 = y'^2$  не має х

Заміна:  $y(x) \rightsquigarrow z(y)$   $y' = z(y)$ ,  $y'' = z'z$

$$yz'z + 1 = z^2 \mid : y$$

$$z'z = \frac{z^2}{y} - \frac{1}{y}$$

Заміна:  $z(y) \rightsquigarrow t(y)$

$$t = z^2 \quad t' = 2zz' \quad z'z = \frac{t'}{2}$$

$$\frac{t'}{2} = \frac{t}{y} - \frac{1}{y} \mid \cdot 2$$



$$0) t' = \frac{2t}{y} - \frac{2}{y}$$

$$1) t' = \frac{2t}{y}$$

$$\frac{dt}{dy} = \frac{2t}{y} \mid \frac{dy}{t}$$

$$\int \frac{dt}{t} = \int \frac{2}{y} dy$$

$$\ln|t| = 2 \ln|y| + \ln|C|$$

$$t = y^2 C$$

$$2) t = y^2 \varphi(y)$$

$$3) 2y\varphi(y) + \varphi'(y)y^2 = \frac{2y^2\varphi(y)}{y} - \frac{2}{y}$$

$$\varphi'(y)y^2 = -\frac{2}{y} \mid : y^2$$

$$\varphi'(y) = -\frac{2}{y^3}$$

$$\varphi(y) = -\int \frac{2}{y^3} dy = \frac{1}{y^2} + C_1$$

$$t = y^2 \left( \frac{1}{y^2} + C_1 \right) = 1 + y^2 C_1$$

$$z^2 = 1 + y^2 C_1 \quad z = \sqrt{1 + y^2 C_1}$$

$$y' = \sqrt{1 + y^2 C_1} \quad - \text{PB3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{1 + y^2 C_1} \mid \cdot \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 + y^2 C_1}}$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{\sqrt{1 + y^2 C_1}} = \int dx$$



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$$\ln \left| y + \frac{\sqrt{C_1 y^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{C_1}} \right| = x + C_2$$

Попробуємо:  $y=0 \rightarrow y'=0 \rightarrow y''=0$

$$0+1 \neq 0$$

$\rightarrow 1 \neq 0$  - не розв., не розв.

$$dy=0 \rightarrow y=C_3 \rightarrow y'=0 \rightarrow y''=0$$

$$t=0 \rightarrow z=0 \rightarrow y'=0 \rightarrow y=C_4$$

$$dx=0 \rightarrow x=C_5 - \text{не розв., } y' \text{ не існує}$$

3.2.29  $(y+1)y'' + y'^2 = (2y-1)y'$ ,  $y(0)=2$ ,  $y'(0)=\frac{2}{3}$   
немає  $x$

Заміна:  $y(x) \rightarrow z(y)$   $y'=z(y)$   $y''=z'z$

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$$(y+1)z'z + z^2 = (2y-1)z \mid z \mid y+1$$

$$z' + \frac{z}{y+1} = \frac{2y-1}{y+1}$$

$$1) z' = \frac{2y-1}{y+1} - \frac{z}{y+1}$$

$$1) z' = -\frac{z}{y+1}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = -\frac{z}{y+1} \mid \frac{dy}{z}$$

$$\int \frac{dz}{z} = -\int \frac{dy}{y+1}$$

$$\ln|z| = -\ln|y+1| + \ln|C|$$

$$z = \frac{1}{y+1} C$$

$$2) z = \frac{1}{y+1} u(y)$$

$$3) \frac{1}{(y+1)^2} u'(y) + u(y) \frac{1}{y+1} = \frac{2y-1}{y+1} - \frac{1}{(y+1)^2} u(y)$$

$$u'(y) \frac{1}{y+1} = \frac{2y-1}{y+1} \mid \cdot y+1$$

$$u'(y) = 2y-1$$

$$u(y) = \int (2y-1) dy = y^2 - y + C_1$$

$$z = \frac{1}{y+1} (y^2 - y + C_1) = \frac{y^2 - y + C_1}{y+1}$$

$$y' = \frac{y^2 - y + C_1}{y+1}$$

$$y'(x) = \frac{(y(x))^2 - y(x) + C_1}{y(x) + 1},$$

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$$y'(0) = \frac{(y(0))^2 - y(0) + C_1}{y(0) + 1}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4 - 2 + C_1}{3}, \quad \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{C_1}{3}, \quad C_1 = 0$$

$$y' = \frac{y^2 - y}{y + 1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 - y}{y + 1} \quad | \cdot \frac{y + 1}{y^2 - y}$$

$$\int \frac{y + 1}{y^2 - y} dy = \int dx$$

$$-\ln|y| + 2\ln|y - 1| = x + C_2$$

$$\ln \left| \frac{y^2 - 2y + 1}{y} \right| = x + C_2$$

$$\ln \left| \frac{(y(x))^2 - 2(y(x)) + 1}{y(x)} \right| = x + C_2$$

$$\ln \left| \frac{4 - 4 + 1}{2} \right| = C_2$$

$$\ln \left| \frac{1}{2} \right| = C_2$$

$$\ln \left| \frac{y^2 - 2y + 1}{y} \right| = x - \ln|2| \quad \text{p-ok zag. koni}$$

Испробуем:  $z=0 \rightarrow y'=0 \rightarrow y=C_3 \quad y'=0 \quad y''=0$

$$(C_3 + 1)0 + 0 = (2C_3 - 1)0$$

$$0=0 \quad \text{p-ok p-ur}$$

$$dy=0 \rightarrow y=C_3$$

$$y=C_3 \quad \text{ne pozb zag. koni} \leftarrow$$





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$$\begin{cases} y(0) = 2 \\ y'(0) = \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} C_3 = 2 \\ 0 \neq \frac{2}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$y+1=0 \Rightarrow y=-1$$

pozb. p-m  
u pozb. zag. koni

$dx=0 \Rightarrow x=C_4$  - u pozb., bo y u ianyt

$$\frac{y^2-y}{y+1}=0$$

$$\begin{aligned} y^2-y &= 0 \\ y(y-1) &= 0 \\ y &= 0 \quad y = 1 \end{aligned}$$