

Ozn. 2.1.3 Vucio a nazubajopio garagero rucuoboi nocingobrocni esc. 3, escuso b Eggi-erany E-oriani esc. rucua a microenice bei elementu nocingobrocni esc. romanom z genroro namena.

2.1 Oznarenne manuji nochigobrocni Ozn. 2.11. Yercio a ER nazerbaione marenjero ruendoi nochigobrocmi exent, exuso (YE > 0) (JN & N) (Yn > N) E) con-a1 (E3 Mogi numyro a= lim xn ado son a n -> 00, i kasicymb, yo nocigo briens ex n3 zoircemece go a at mae manyoa Tochigobricas, uso max maximum, nazubarons збільною, а послідовність, що не має границі, -- pozdincholo Thou goakm, upo rucuo a ne e manusero nocaigobrocai forno. Januareno mak: (JE>O)(YNEN)(Jh>N) (Joh-a) > E3 Dyr. 2.1.2. Sumerbou UE(a) = (a-E, a+E) hazubaione E-oraian rucia a. La gonomororo nohamma E-okany oznarenna panuj soncha repeoplazifoanu mak.

1. 6.2.2. (meopena dayangrica) Hercai opymousie y= F(sc)? 1) Henepepha na bignizzy ca, b] 2) gupenengiuobna na inmenbasi (a,b). Mogi icuje morka & E (a,b) maka, ujo  $F(b) - F(a) = F(\varepsilon)(b-a).$ 206: Pogresseus na bignizery Ca, bi apyricqies  $F_{(\infty)} = F_{(\infty)} - F_{(\alpha)} - \frac{F_{(b)} - F_{(\alpha)}}{b - a} (xc - a)$ Baybancumo, uso op-yie y=F(x) zagobonine bei ymobi T. B. 2.1. Capabogi, op-yie y=F(x) E keneperbroso Ha ca, b3, gupepengitiobrow ra (a,b), njuroug F(x)=F(x)- F(b)-t(a), i F(a) = F(b) = 0. Mony 3 ormagy na T.6.2.1. znangembre morka & e (0,6 que stoi F(E) = F(E) - +(B) - +(a) = 0 abique bunubac conbbiguouenne (6.1)

1. 6.2.3 (meopena Houri) Hercon prynkyli F(x) ma g(x)? 1) herepepulari na bignizky ca, b3; 2) gropepenyinobri na imephani (0,6); 3)  $(\forall x \in (ab)) \in g'(x) \neq 03$ . Mogi ichuse morka  $\xi \in (a,b)$  maioa,  $y_0$   $\frac{f(b)-f(a)}{g(b)-g(a)}=\frac{f'(\xi)}{g'(\xi)}.$ 206: Dobegens, up chibbighometre (6.2) mas cerc, motro 40 glb) = gla). Hachpalogi, extou gla) = glb), no que p-yii g(x) bucomplance of yusbu T. 6.2.1 (bue) i zigue z viero meoperioro ichiplana d'morka n E (a.b). marco, uso g'(n)=0. It ye cyneperuso d'yuobi megneur. Omnice, g(a) ≠ g(b). Degnereus opynkyis  $F(\infty) = F(\infty) - F(\alpha) - \frac{F(b) - F(\alpha)}{g(b) - g(\alpha)} \circ (g(\infty) - g(b)).$ 

3 отляду на ушови теорени ср-уля F(sc) задовольняе ушови теорени Голи, тану існує точка  $\mathcal{E}$   $\mathcal{E}$  (a,b) така, що  $F(\mathcal{E})=0$ , тобто  $F(\mathcal{E})=\frac{F(b)-F(a)}{g(b)-g(a)}$   $g'(\mathcal{E})$ , звідки випиває стіввідношення (6.2).

T. 3.9.1 (nepura basecuba pranuye).
Cympobogracyenece pibrica lim sinx = 1 206: 1/2 (3.9) bunubce, up npu x E (0; 1/2)  $1 \leq \frac{\infty}{\sin x} \leq \frac{1}{\cos x}$ , Omnice  $0 > \frac{\sin x}{x} - 1 > \cos x - 1$ ,  $0 \leq 1 - \frac{\sin x}{x} \leq 1 - \cos x$ . Danak 1-cos x = 2sin2 = 2sin2 < 2sin x < se, mally 1- Sinx | < |x| 3 naproconi opyricini sino ma (sc) bunubae, up ocmanne republicano capalogragemens i repu oc E (- \$\frac{17}{2},0).

Troumablum y chibbignomensi (3.10) 90 grammi rem x→0, Ompungeno lim 11 - sinx =0, zbigku Vim Sinx = 1

7. 3.9.2 (grupa bancuba manuje) Cympabopagembre pibricus lim (1+x)= e Mescati ( Xx3 - gobiusha nochigobricmo gogamuse rucer mara, uso lim scx =0 ( he zuenwyron zaraturocmi, bbancommeno, uso ock <1). Illogi (YKEN) (JnKEN) { THAT LOCK & TIKES, Omnice (1+ 1/nx+1) < (1+xx) x < (1+ 1/nx) nx+1 Opilone e Many lim (1+  $\frac{1}{h_{k+1}}$ ) = e moi manuel digo-deci nignociquobrati gopilone e Many lim (1+  $\frac{1}{h_{k+1}}$ ) = lim  $\frac{(1+\frac{1}{h_{k+1}})^{n_{k+1}}}{1+\frac{1}{h_{k+1}}}$  = e lim (1+ 1 ) = lim (1+ 1 ) hk (1+ 1 ) = e Sbigan z yparaybaruen (3.11) orpunyeno liml1+x)= e Davi  $\lim_{x\to+0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{t\to+0} (1-t)^{-\frac{1}{t}} = \lim_{t\to+0} (1+\frac{t}{1-t})^{\frac{1-t}{t}} (1+\frac{t}{1-t}) = e,$ Ochiusku t >+0 mu t >+0.

Т. 2.2.2 Збілина поснідовність общелина. Dob: Hexait lim son = a. Brigger z oznarennen manung hocigobrocmi, gile E = 1 hacus (JNE N)(Yn>N) [1> (n-a)<13, (motimo (th>N) {a-120cn < a+13. Trumeno M = max {|x1|, |x2|, ..., |xn|, |a-1|, |a+1|3. Omnce, (the EN) sloch | = M3.

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