

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-1)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-2)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-3)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-4)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-5)}{(5x-1)} = \frac{1}{5^5}$$

## Задача 10

№2.2.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{(1-x)^2} = +\infty$$

$\forall$  Тр. гоб.  $\forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta > 0 \forall x: |1-x| < \delta \Rightarrow \frac{1}{(1-x)^2} > \epsilon$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^2} = \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} = \frac{1}{\delta^2} > \epsilon; \quad \delta^2 < \frac{1}{\epsilon}; \quad \delta < \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \quad \Delta.$$

№2.4.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$$

$\forall$  Тр. гоб.  $\forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta > 0 \forall x: |x| < \delta \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} > \epsilon$

$$\frac{1}{x} > \epsilon; \quad \frac{1}{\delta} > \epsilon; \quad \delta > \frac{1}{\epsilon} \quad \Delta.$$

№2.6



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a+0} f(x) = b \quad \text{def } \forall \epsilon > 0 \quad \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon)$$

$$\forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(a+0) \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(b)\}$$

$$\forall \epsilon > 0 \quad \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0$$

$$\forall x: \{a < x < a+\delta \Rightarrow f(x) < b+\epsilon\}$$

N 2.42

$$a) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2-1}{2x^2-x-1} = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}}{2 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \frac{1}{x^4}}{2 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-1}{2x^2-x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(2x+1)} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$2x^2-x-1=0 \quad \Delta=9 \quad x_1=1 \quad x_2=-1/2$   
 $2x^2-x-1 = 2(x-1)(x+1/2) = (x-1)(2x+1)$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-1}{2x^2-x-1} = \frac{2^2-1}{2 \cdot 2^2-2-1} = \frac{3}{5} = \boxed{0.6}$$

N 2.44

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+x)^5 - (1+5x)}{x^2+x^5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1+5x+10x^2+10x^3+5x^4+x^5 - 1 - 5x}{x^2(1+x^3)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{10x^2+10x^3+5x^4+x^5}{x^2(1+x^3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(10+10x+5x^2+x^3)}{x^2(1+x^3)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{10+10x+5x^2+x^3}{1+x^3} = \frac{10+0+0+0}{1+0} = \boxed{10}$$

N 2.46

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^3+3x^2+2x}{x^2-x-6} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x(x+1)(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x+1}{x-3} =$$

$$= \frac{-2+1}{-2-3} = \boxed{-0.4}$$

N 2.50

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^4-3x+2}{x^5-4x+3} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^3+x^2+x-2)}{(x-1)(x^4+x^3+x^2+x-3)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3+x^2+x-2}{x^4+x^3+x^2+x-3} = \frac{1+1+1-2}{1+1+1+1-3} = \boxed{1}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} x^4 - 3x + 2 \mid x-1 \\ x^4 - x^3 \\ \hline -x^3 + 2x - 2 \\ -x^3 + x^2 \\ \hline x^2 - 3x + 2 \\ -x^2 + x \\ \hline -2x + 2 \\ -2x + 2 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^5 - 12x + 3 \mid x-1 \\ x^5 - x^4 \\ \hline x^4 - 12x + 3 \\ -x^4 + x^3 \\ \hline x^3 - 12x + 3 \\ -x^3 + x^2 \\ \hline x^2 - 12x + 3 \\ -x^2 + x \\ \hline -11x + 3 \\ -11x + 11 \\ \hline -8 \end{array}$$

N2.53

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3 - 2x - 1}{x^5 - 2x - 1} = \frac{0}{0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(x^2 - x - 1)}{(x^4 - x^3 + x^2 - x - 1)(x+1)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x^2 - x - 1)}{(x^4 - x^3 + x^2 - x - 1)} = \frac{1 + 1 - 1}{1 + 1 + 1 - 1 - 1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3 - 2x - 1 \mid x+1 \\ x^3 + x^2 \\ \hline -x^2 - 2x - 1 \\ -x^2 - x \\ \hline -x - 1 \\ -x - 1 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^5 - 2x - 1 \mid x+1 \\ x^5 + x^4 \\ \hline -x^4 - 2x - 1 \\ -x^4 - x^3 \\ \hline x^3 - 2x - 1 \\ x^3 + x^2 \\ \hline -x^2 - 2x - 1 \\ -x^2 - x \\ \hline -x - 1 \\ -x - 1 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

N2.57

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)(x-5)}{(5x-1)^5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x-1)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-2)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-3)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-4)}{(5x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-5)}{(5x-1)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5^5}$$

N2.32

$y \rightarrow b = 0$ , когда  $x \rightarrow -\infty$

$$\forall \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = b = 0 \text{ (def)} \{ (V_\epsilon, \gamma_0) (\exists \delta > 0) \{ \forall x: |x| \leq \delta \} \}$$

$$\{ b - \epsilon < f(x) < b + \epsilon \}$$

N2.34

$y \rightarrow b + 0$ , когда  $x \rightarrow a \Leftrightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow a} y(x) = b + 0$

def  $(V_\epsilon, \gamma_0) \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0$

$$\forall x: \{ x \in U_\delta(a) \Rightarrow y(x) \in U_{\epsilon_0}(b+0) \}$$

$$\{ a - \delta < x < a + \delta \Rightarrow b + \epsilon < y < b + \epsilon \}$$



$$\underline{\text{def}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta(\epsilon) \quad \forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(a) \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(b)\} \\ \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0 \quad \forall x: \{a - \delta < x < a + \delta \Rightarrow f(x) > b\} \\ \underline{N2.8}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = b$$

$$\underline{\text{def}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta(\epsilon) \quad \forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(-\infty) \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(b)\} \\ \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0 \quad \forall x: \{x < -\delta \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(b)\} \\ \underline{N2.16}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a+0} f(x) = \infty$$

$$\underline{\text{def}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) \quad \forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(a+0) \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(\infty)\} \\ \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0 \quad \forall x: \{a < x < a + \delta \Rightarrow f(x) > \epsilon\} \\ \underline{N2.18}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a+0} f(x) = -\infty$$

$$\underline{\text{def}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) \quad \forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(a+0) \Rightarrow f(x) < -\epsilon\} \\ (\forall \epsilon > 0) (\exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0) \quad \forall x: \{0 < x < a + \delta \Rightarrow f(x) < -\epsilon\} \\ \underline{N2.20}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = -\infty$$

$$\underline{\text{def}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) \quad \forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(-\infty) \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(-\infty)\} \\ \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0 \quad \forall x: \{x < -\delta \Rightarrow a - \epsilon < x < a + \epsilon\} \\ \underline{N2.22}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty$$

$$\underline{\text{def}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) \quad \forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(\infty) \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(\infty)\} \\ \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0 \quad \forall x: \{a - \delta < x < a + \delta \Rightarrow x < -\epsilon\} \\ \underline{N2.24}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = +\infty \quad \underline{\text{def}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) \quad \forall x: \{x \in U_\delta(\infty) \Rightarrow f(x) \in U_\epsilon(\infty)\} \\ \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0 \quad \forall x: \{x > \delta \Rightarrow x < -\epsilon\}$$



NL 26

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = -\infty$$

def  $\forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) \forall x: |x| > \delta(-\infty) \Rightarrow f(x) \in (L, L + \epsilon)$

$\forall \epsilon > 0 \exists \delta = \delta(\epsilon) > 0 \forall x: |x| < -\delta \Rightarrow x > L + \epsilon$