Einsteins theory of relativity

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26/10-2018

- ► The ether and Maxwells equations
- ► Two postulates
 - Laws of physics are the same in all inertial reference frames
 - ► Speed of light is constant

- ► Ground-breaking new ideas
 - Space and time is not independent (spacetime)
 - Simulationous depends upon reference frames

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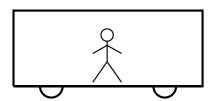
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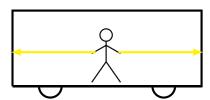
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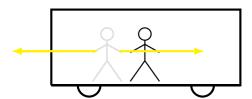
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Lorentz transformation

The transformations between two inertial reference frames moving with a velocity v relative to eachoter is given by the Lorentz transformations. At t'=t=0 the origins of the two coordinates systems are the same.

$$t'=\gamma(t-vx/c^2)$$
 $x'=\gamma(x-vt)$
 $y'=y$
 $z'=z$
where:
 $c={
m Speed\ of\ light}$
 $\gamma=rac{1}{\sqrt{(1-v^2/c^2)}}$

v = 0.87c

~ - 2

 $x_1 = \mathsf{Back}$ of the carpe

 x_2 = Front of the carpet

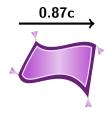


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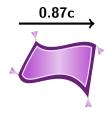


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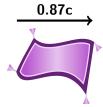
 x_2 = Front of the carpet

$$x_2' - x_1' = \gamma(x_2 - vt_2) - \gamma(x_1 - vt_1)$$

$$t_1 = t_2$$

$$\Delta x' = \gamma \Delta x$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{\Delta x'}{\gamma}$$



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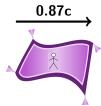
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 $x_2 =$ Front of the carpet

 $t_1 = \mathsf{Start} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{flight}$

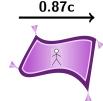
 $t_2 = End of flight$

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$$v = 0.87c$$

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My two hour ride was only one hour(:

In the real world

- ► Atomic clocks in flights
- Muons actually reach the earth
- ► Particle accelerators



Picture by Dave L. Jones

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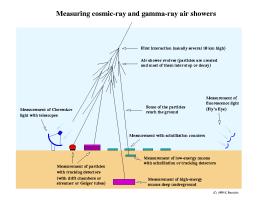


Figure by K.Bernkör

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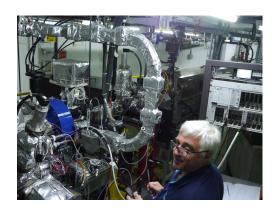
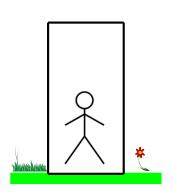


Photo by K.Sjøbæk

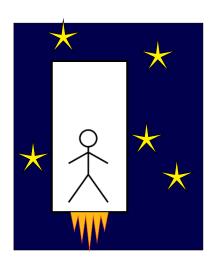
General relativity

- ► In 1907 Einstein had the "happiest thought of his life"
- There is no difference between being in an accelerated elevator in space or being in a gravitational field
- This was a continuation of the the universality of free fall

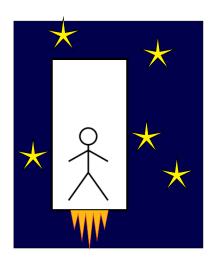
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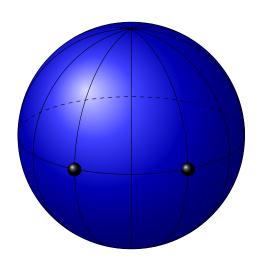


- The equivalence principle is only valid locally
- Globally there is tidal forces
- Can gravity be a geometrical effect

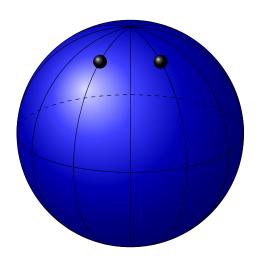
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- General relativity describes spacetime as a manifold
- ► A manifold can describe a space that locally is flat, but is curved on larger scale
- ► The surface of a sphere:
 - Curved on larger scale
 - ► Locally flat
- Spacetime according to general relativity
 - ► Locally it a free falling coordinate system, the weak equivalence principle holds
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- Describing spacetime as a manifold gave the theory a mathematical framework (tensor analysis)

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Field equations

- Left side describes the curvature of space
- Right side describes the content of space
- ► The metric, $g_{\mu_{\nu}}$, is what we want to solve for
- ► The metric is the input to the geodesic equation
- Only solvable in special cases, for instance the Schwarzshild solution

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}g_{\mu\nu} R + g_{\mu\nu}\Lambda = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4}T_{\mu\nu}$$

 $R_{\mu_{\nu}} = \text{Ricci curvature tensor}(f(g_{\mu_{\nu}}))$

 $g_{\mu_{\nu}} = \text{The metric}$

 $\Lambda = \mathsf{Cosmological}\ \mathsf{constant}$

 $T_{\mu
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The geodesic equation

$$\frac{d^2x^{\mu}}{ds^2} + \Gamma^{\mu}{}_{\beta\alpha} \frac{d^2x^{\alpha}}{ds^2} \frac{d^2x^{\beta}}{ds^2} = 0$$

$$\Gamma^{\mu}_{\beta\alpha} = \text{Christoffel sybol}(f(g_{\mu\nu}))$$

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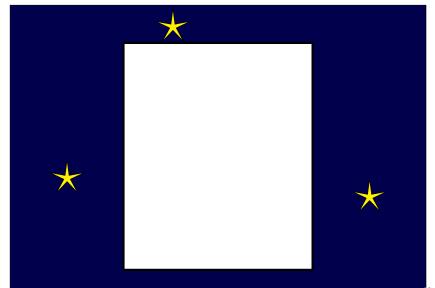
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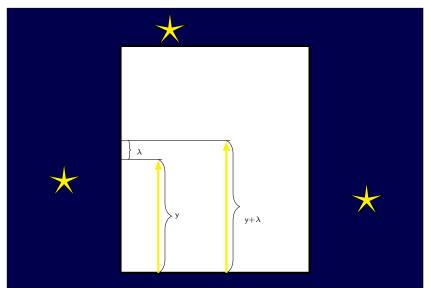
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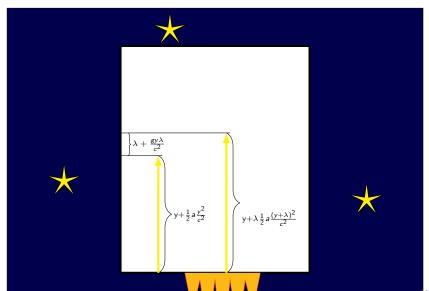
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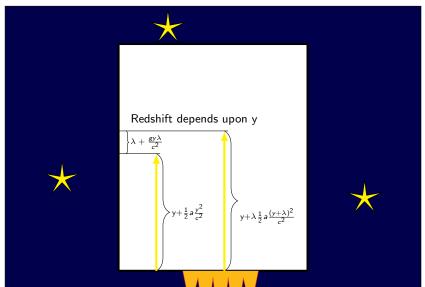
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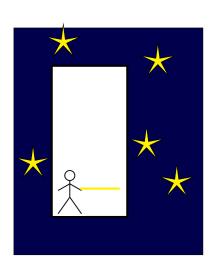






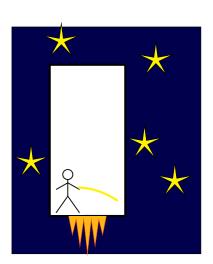
Gravity and light

 Light is being bent by gravitational fields



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Testing the theory

- Bending of light by the sun might alter the position of stars
- ▶ Solar eclipse 1919 was the ultimate test
- ▶ Three possible outcome
 - ▶ No bending
 - Newton bending
 - Bending of light predicted by General relativity
- Turned out that GR was right

