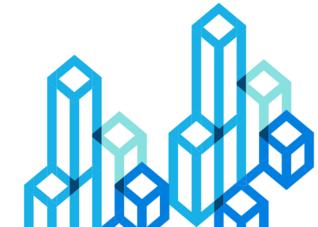


利用dapr轻易开发跨云云原生应用

朱永光







云原生经验谈



分享内容



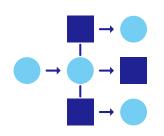
- 云原生开发的现状和挑战
- Dapr的起源、目标和发展情况
- Dapr的原理和组成
- 深入Dapr的7大构建块
- Dapr的托管环境
- 多环境Demo
- 其他话题
 - 和Service Mesh的关系
 - Traffic Control示例讲解



- 指构建软件的过程天生就利用公有云或私有云 提供的服务和基础设施,包括……
 - 计算服务
 - 存储服务
 - 弹性伸缩
 - 并行处理
- 云原生应用能基于某种云平台上开发,但是内置的解耦模式让它们可以被部署到其他云平台
- 云原生应用通常使用微服务(以及分布式)架 构来构建
- 云原生应用的总体目标就是提升敏捷性、开发速度、伸缩能力和最终收益
- 一切皆为服务



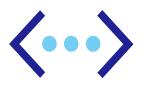






满足灵活性、成本 和效率的要求下, 开发大规模伸缩的 应用 开发需要和其他服 务交互的弹性、可 伸缩、基于微服务 的应用 更加关注于应用程 序的构建而非基础 设施配置





倾向于无服务器平台,将简单的代码 部署到云中 在开发过程中 需要使用多种 语言和框架

开发微服务应用的路上布满荆棘





只能选用有限的工具 和运行时来构建分布 式应用程序



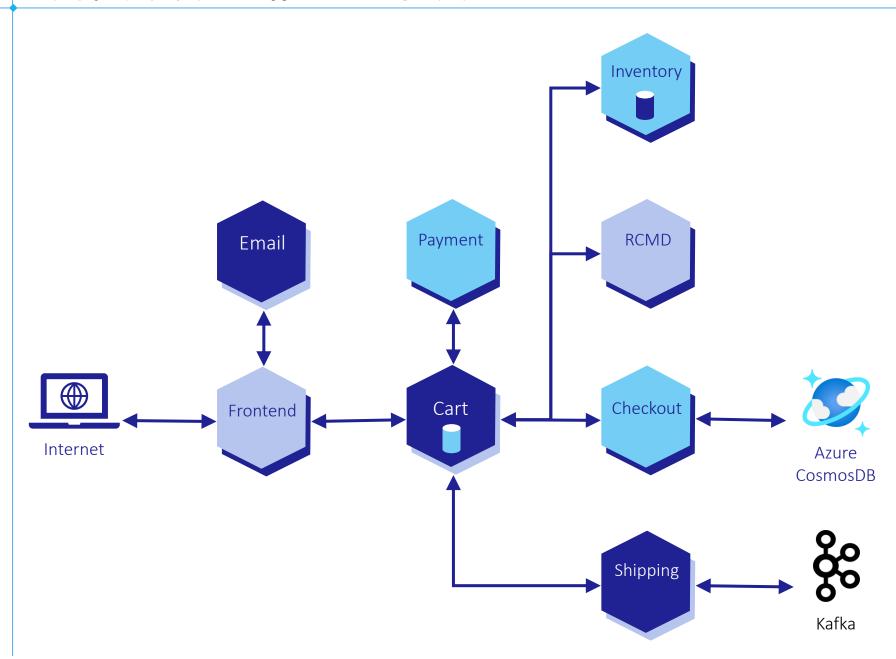
运行时只支持有限的 语言,并和特性紧密 绑定



运行时仅针对特 定的基础设施

假如我们要开发如下这样一个电子商务应用



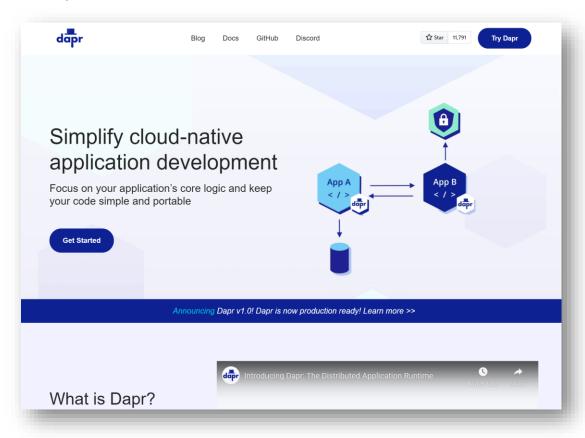






Distributed Application Runtime

dapr.io



可移植的,事件驱动的,用于构建跨云和边缘的分布式应用程序的运行时

Dapr的宏大目标





最佳实践的构建块



任何语言或框架



── 一致、可移植、开放的**API**



采用流行标准



可扩展和可插接的组件



平台无关,支持任意云和边缘



社区驱动, 供应商中立





14.1K

贡献者131













社区客户(20+)	
EKEYNOW	小红书
StaringWorld	中国再保险风险管理公司
Solid Value Software	Endeavour Group
Tdcare	Man Group
腾讯	Border States Electric
钉钉	NashTech
高德	

https://github.com/dapr/dapr/issues/3169





利用开放协议和标准API支持任何语言和框架





在用户服务代码中通过HTTP/gRPC协议访问标准API



为每个服务动态加载一个本地运行 的边车函数库

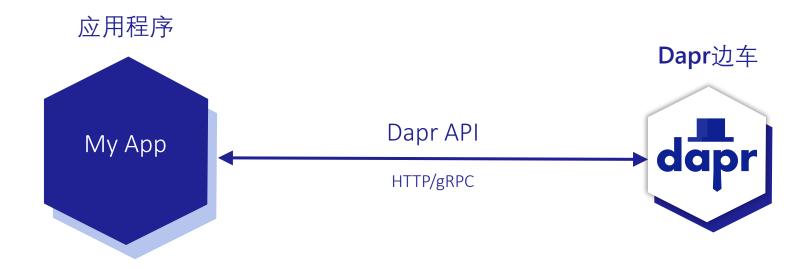


并托管到任意的环境下运行









POST http://localhost:3500/v1.0/invoke/cart/method/neworder

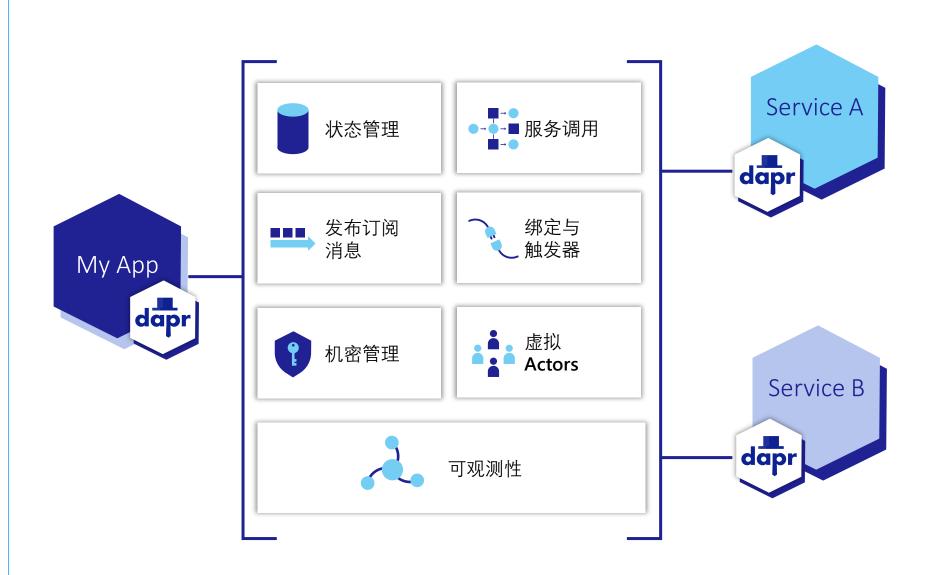
GET http://localhost:3500/v1.0/state/inventory/item67

POST http://localhost:3500/v1.0/**publish**/shipping/orders

GET http://localhost:3500/v1.0/secrets/keyvault/password

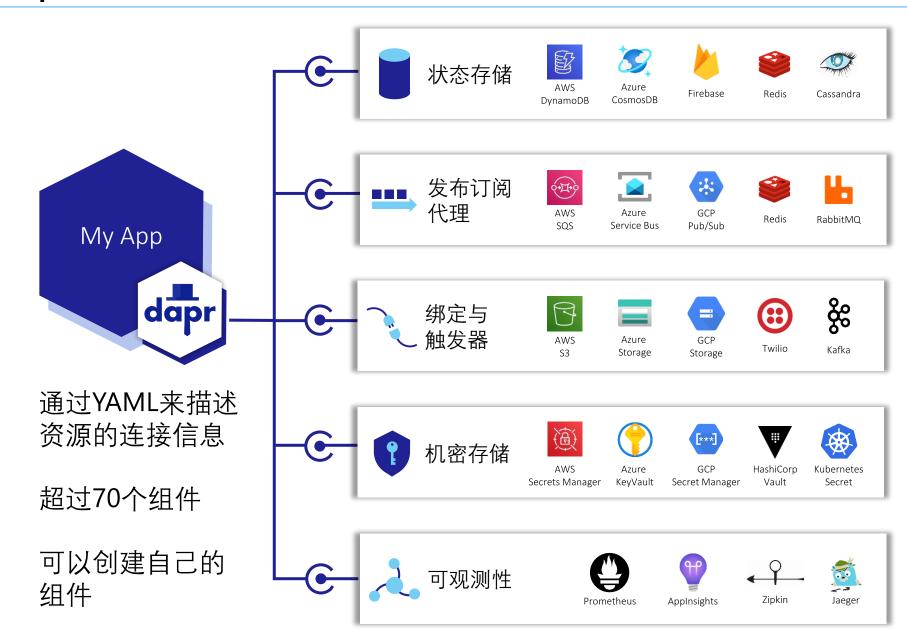
Dapr应用程序的运行模式





Dapr目前支持的组件









服务调用

• 安全的执行服务到服务之间的直接方法调用



状态管理

• 创建长时间运行的有状态或无状态服务



发布订阅

• 在服务之间实现安全可伸缩的消息传递



绑定与触发器

- 绑定输入和输出到外部资源,比如数据库或消息队列
- 基于各类输入触发事件



Actors

• 把代码和数据封装到一个可重用的Actor对象当中,轻易实现很多常见的场景



可观测性

• 观察和测量组件和服务的消息调用情况

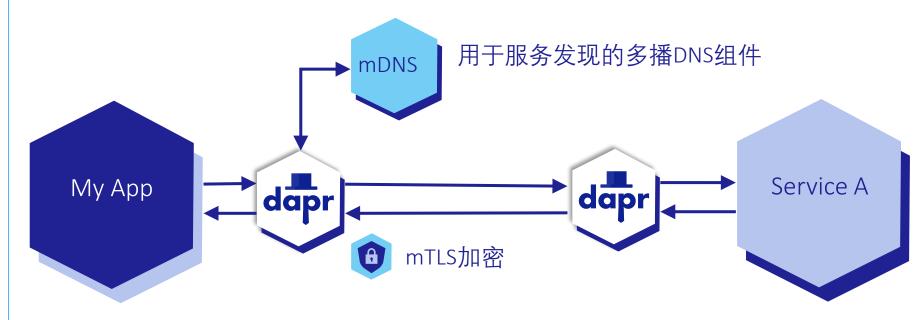


机密管理

• 从你的应用程序中安全地访问机密



服务调用



POST

http://localhost:3500/v1.0/invoke/servicea/method/neworder

{"data":"Hello World"}

POST

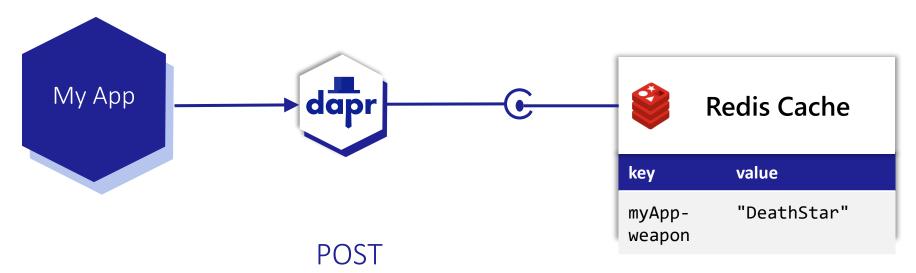
a a 2:8000/neworder

http://10.0.0.2:8000/neworder

{"data":"Hello World"}



状态管理(存)

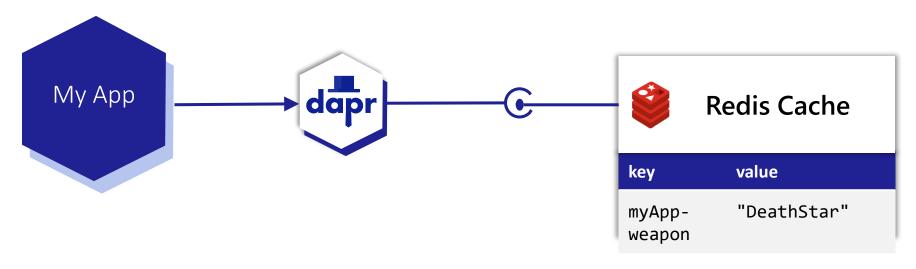


http://localhost:3500/v1.0/state/corpdb

```
[{
    "key": "weapon",
    "value": "DeathStar"
}]
```



状态管理(取)



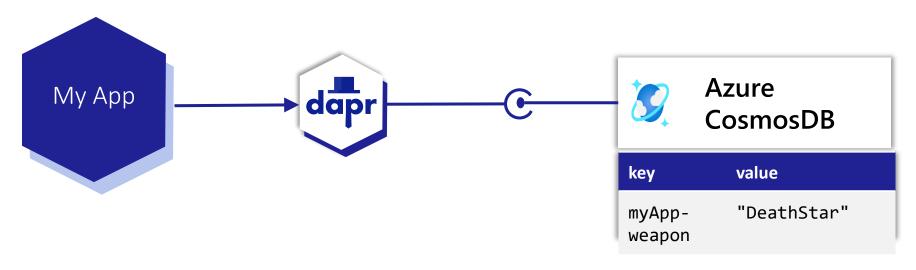
GET

http://localhost:3500/v1.0/state/corpdb/planet

"DeathStar"



状态管理 (不同存储库)



GET

http://localhost:3500/v1.0/state/corpdb/planet

"DeathStar"



Dapr state API

Save state

POST /v1.0/state/corpdb

Retrieve state

GET /v1.0/state/corpdb/mystate

Delete state

DELETE /v1.0/state/corpdb/mystate

Get bulk state

POST /v1.0/state/corpdb/bulk

Submit multiple state transactions

POST /v1.0/state/corpdb/transaction

apiVersion: dapr.io/v1alpha1

kind: Component

metadata:

name: corpdb

spec:

type: state.azure.cosmosdb

version: v1

metadata:

- name: url

value: corpdb.documents.azure.com

- name: masterKey

secretKeyRef:

name: master-key

key: cosmos-key

- name: database

value: orders

- name: collection

value: processed

corpdb-redis.yaml



Dapr state API

Save state

POST /v1.0/state/corpdb

Retrieve state

GET /v1.0/state/corpdb/mystate

Delete state

DELETE /v1.0/state/corpdb/mystate

Get bulk state

POST /v1.0/state/corpdb/bulk

Submit multiple state transactions

POST /v1.0/state/corpdb/transaction

apiVersion: dapr.io/v1alpha1

kind: Component

metadata:

name: corpdb

spec:

type: state.redis

version: v1

metadata:

- name: redisHost

value: redis-

master.default.svc.cluster.local:6379

- name: redisPassword

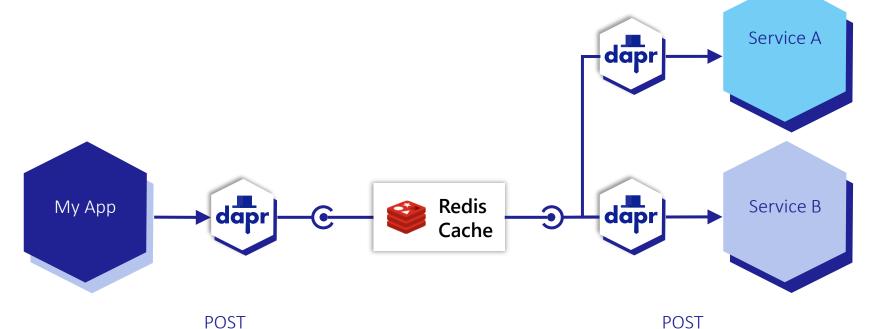
secretKeyRef:

name: redis-secret

key: redis-password



── 发布订阅



http://localhost:3500/v1.0/publish/orders/processed

{"data":"Hello World"}

http://10.0.0.2:8000/orders

http://10.0.0.4:8000/factory/orders

{"data":"Hello World"}



Dapr pub/sub API

App-to-sidecar

Publish a message

POST /v1.0/publish/orders/processed

Sidecar-to-app

Get app subscriptions

GET /dapr/subscribe

Publish to app

POST /order-processing

apiVersion: dapr.io/v1alpha1

kind: Component

metadata:

name: orders

spec:

type: pubsub.redis

metadata:

- name: redisHost

value: leader.redis.svc.cluster.local:6379

- name: redisPassword

secretKeyRef:

name: redis-secret

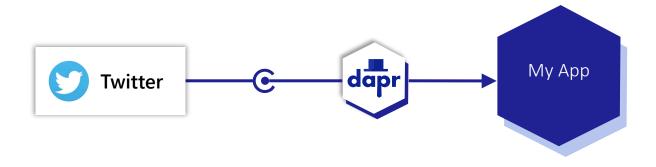
key: password

name: allowedTopics

value: "processed, audit"



输入触发器



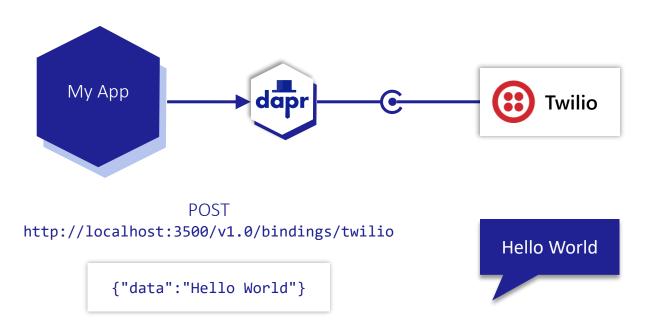


POST http://10.0.0.2:8000/newtweet

{"data":"◀» We are excited to announce the ..."}



输出绑定





Dapr bindings API

App-to-sidecar

Invoke an output binding

POST/PUT /v1.0/bindings/twitter

Sidecar-to-app

Trigger an app

OPTIONS/POST /new-tweet

apiVersion: dapr.io/v1alpha1

kind: Component

metadata:

name: twitter

spec:

type: bindings.twitter

version: v1

metadata:

- name: consumerKey

secretKeyRef:

name: twitter-secret

key: consumerKeys

- name: consumerSecret

secretKeyRef:

name: twitter-secret

key: consumerSecret

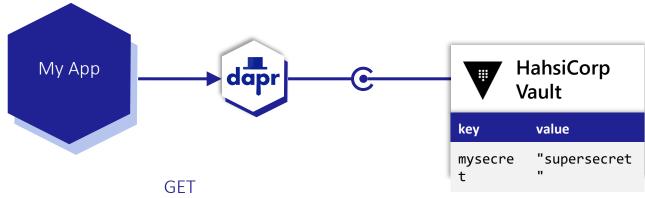
- name: accessToken

secretKeyRef:





机密



http://localhost:3500/v1.0/secrets/vault/mysecret

"supersecret"



Dapr secrets API

App-to-sidecar

Retrieve a secret

GET /v1.0/secrets/vault/mysecret

Retrieve secrets in bulk

GET /v1.0/secrets/vault/bulk

apiVersion: dapr.io/v1alpha1

kind: Component

metadata:

name: vault

spec:

type: secretstores.hashicorp.vault

metadata:

- name: vaultAddr

value: https://127.0.0.1:8200

- name: caCert

value: "ca cert"

- name: caPath

value: "/certs/cert.pem"

- name: caPem

value: "/certs/ca.pem"



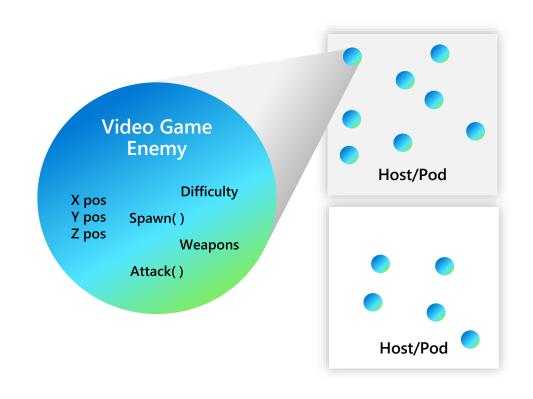


虚拟Actors

有状态的,混合了存储和计 算的对象实例

Dapr Actor 特性:

- ✔ 分布式和故障转移
- ✓ 基于轮次的并发处理
- ✓ 状态管理
- ✓ 计时器
- ✓ 提醒器



虚拟化的方式和Service Fabric Reliable Actors一致



Actor E

Actor F

Actor G

Actor B

Actor C

Actor A

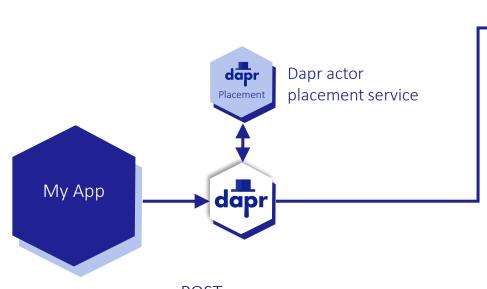
dapr

My

Actor Pod 1

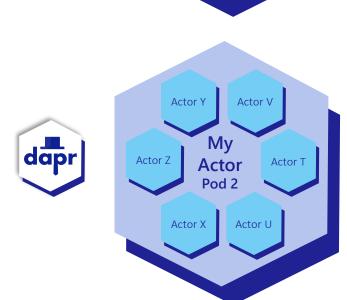


虚拟Actors



POST http://localhost:3500/v1.0/actors/MyActor/A/method/update

{"speed":"1"}





Dapr actors API

App-to-sidecar

Invoke an actor method

POST/GET /v1.0/actors/MyActor/A/method/update

Save actor state

POST/PUT /v1.0/actors/MyActor/A/state

Get actor state

GET /v1.0/actors/MyActor/A/state/status

Create actor reminder

POST/PUT /v1.0/actors/MyActor/A/reminders/process

Create actor timer

POST/PUT /v1.0/actors/MyActor/A/timers/process

Sidecar-to-actor

Invoke an actor method

PUT /actors/MyActor/A/method/update

Deactivate actor

DELETE /actors/MyActor/A

Invoke actor reminder

PUT /actors/MyActor/A/method/remind/process

Invoke actor timer

PUT /actors/MyActor/A/method/timer/process

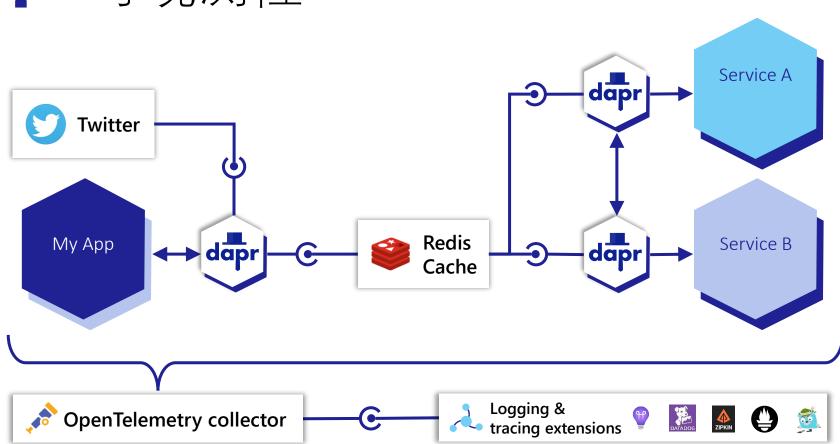
Health check

GET /healthz





可观测性





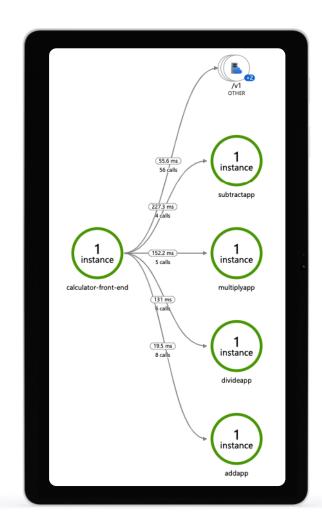


分布式跟踪

收集**Dapr**边车和系统服务跟踪数据,轻 易实现应用程序级的测量

Dapr 分布式跟踪特性:

- ✓ 内置Zipkin收集和查看器
- ✓ 可配置采样率
- ✓ TBD
- ✓ TBD
- ✓ TBD





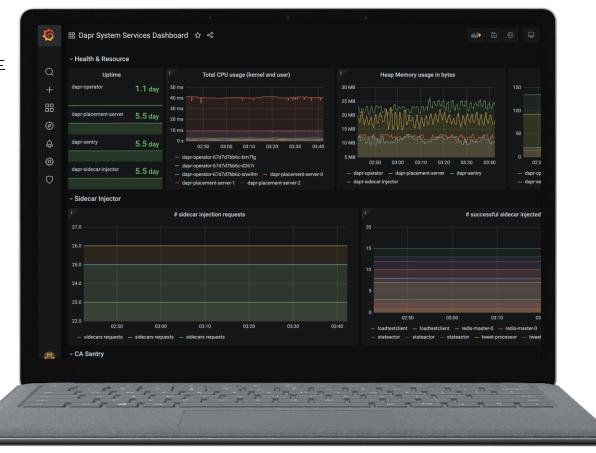


度量

内置的监控能力可以了解**Dapr**边车和系统服务的行为

Dapr 度量特性:

- ✓ 调用延迟
- ✓ CPU/memory利用率
- ✓ 错误率
- ✓ 边车注入失败情况
- ✓ 系统健康





Dapr托管环境

自托管

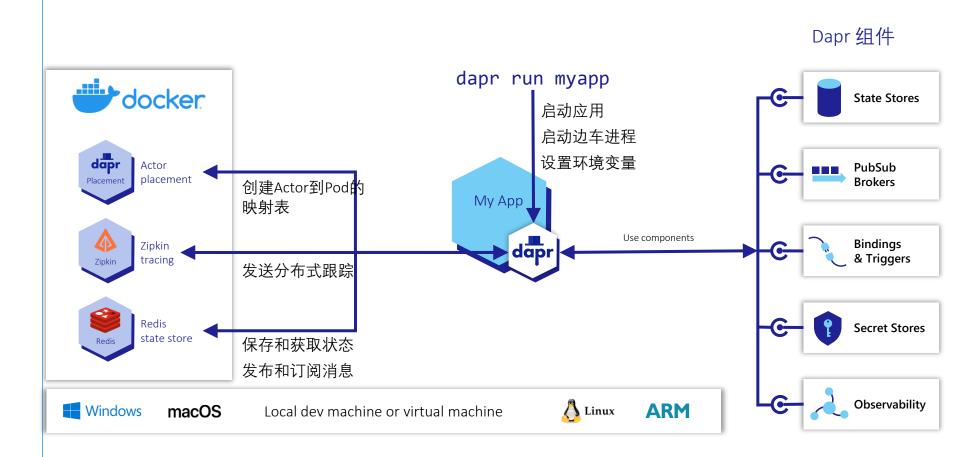
- 使用dapr init配置
- 利用Dockers镜像方便配置
 - 配置placement, Zipkin, Redis容器实例
 - slim-init可无需Docker
- 使用dapr run来启动任何附带Dapr边 车的应用程序

🛞 kubernetes

- 使用dapr init -k来配置
- 完全托管的Dapr控制面
 - 部署dashboard, placement, operator, sentry, and injector pods
- 自动注入Dapr边车到被标记的Pod之内
- ・ 使用dapr upgrade or Helm来升级

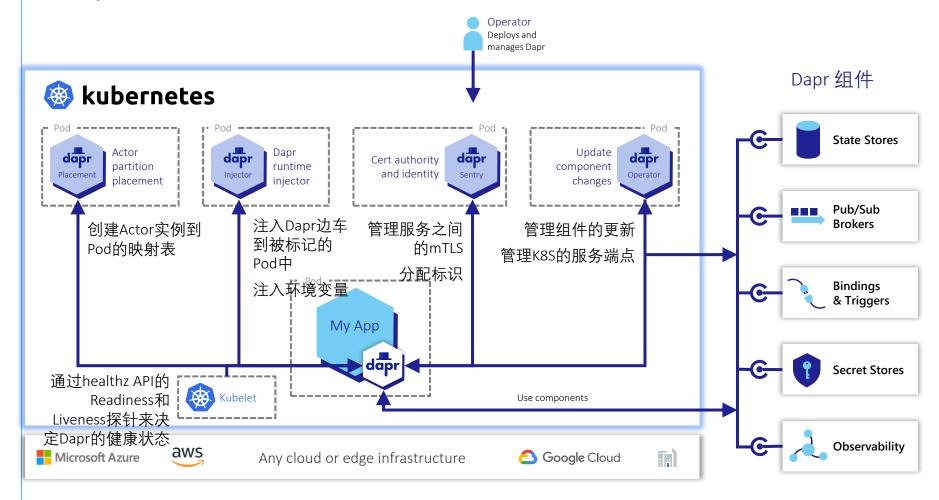


Dapr在自托管的Docker模式下



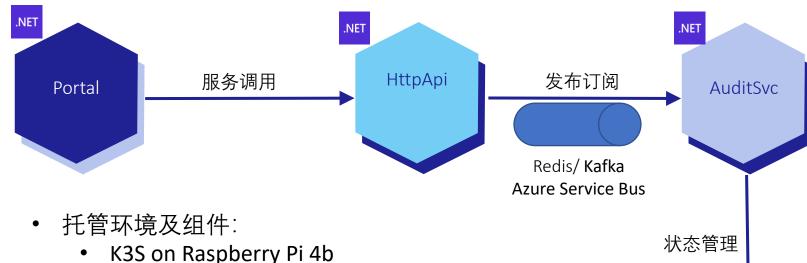


Dapr在Kubernetes之上



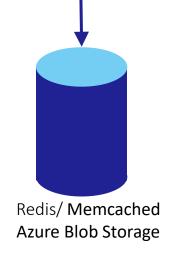
DaprDemo架构





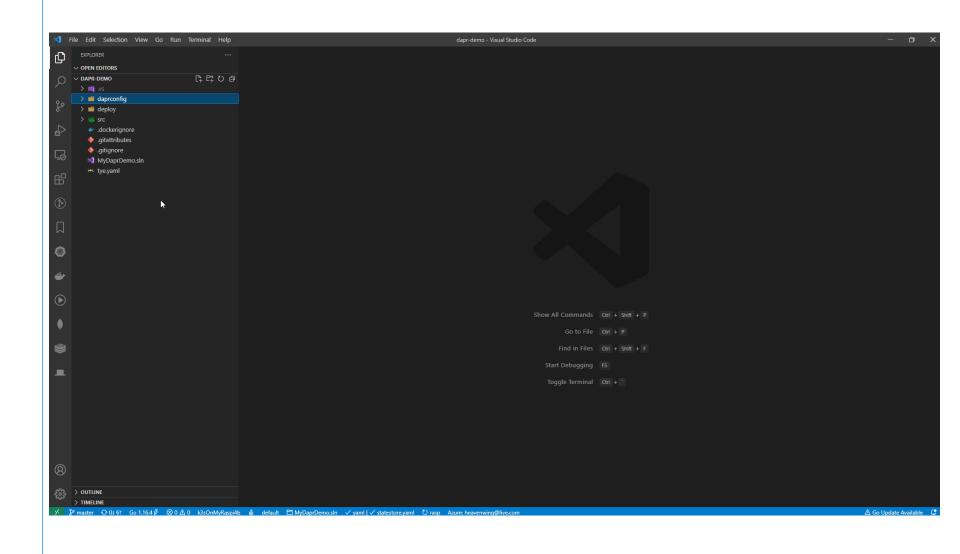
- **佳**群内Padis ⇒
 - 集群内Redis支持发布订阅和状态管理
- K3S on Azure VM
 - 集群内Kafka支持发布订阅
 - 集群内Memcached支持状态管理
- Azure Kubernetes Service
 - Azure Service Bus支持发布订阅
 - Azure Blob Storage支持状态管理

https://github.com/heavenwing/dapr-demo



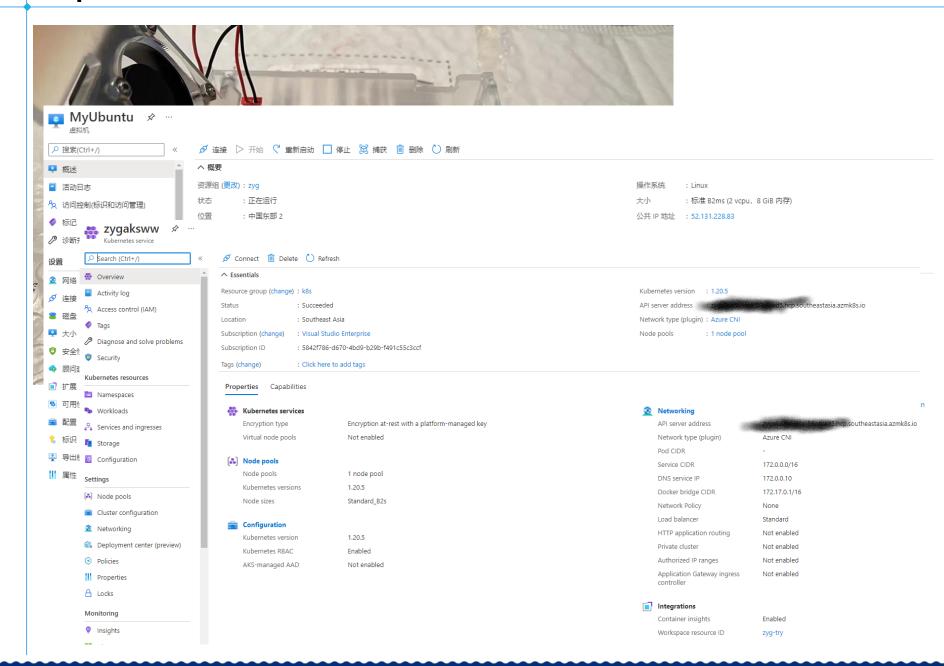
DaprDemo演示





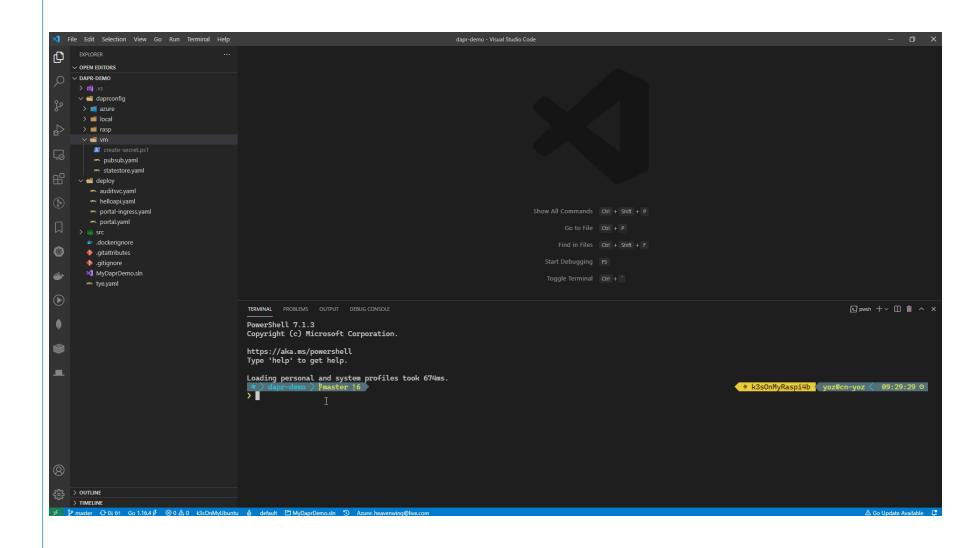
DaprDemo演示



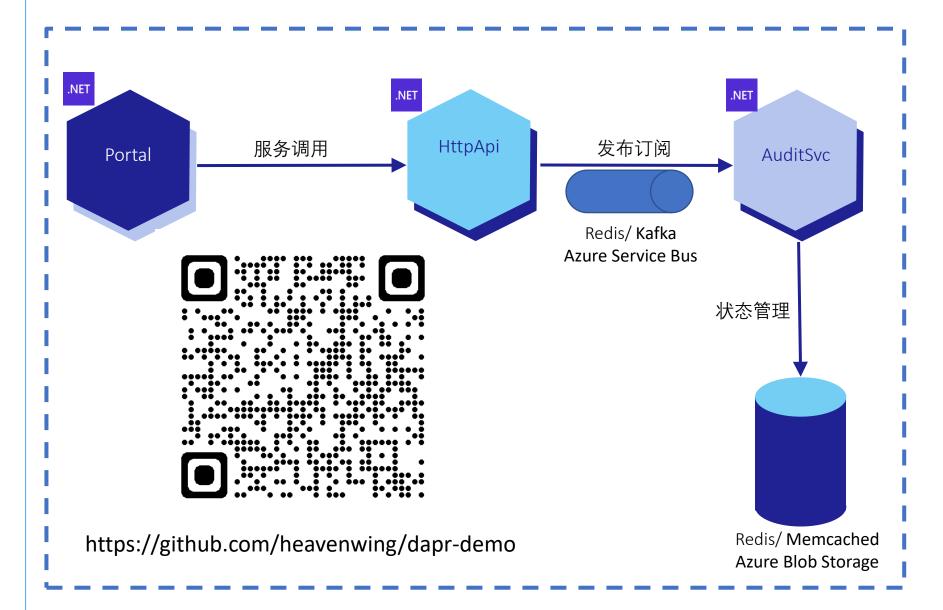


DaprDemo演示



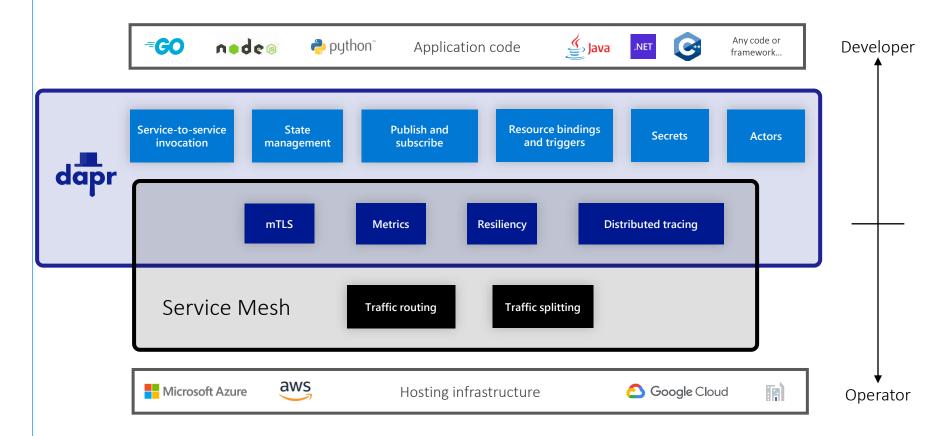








Dapr 和 Service Meshes

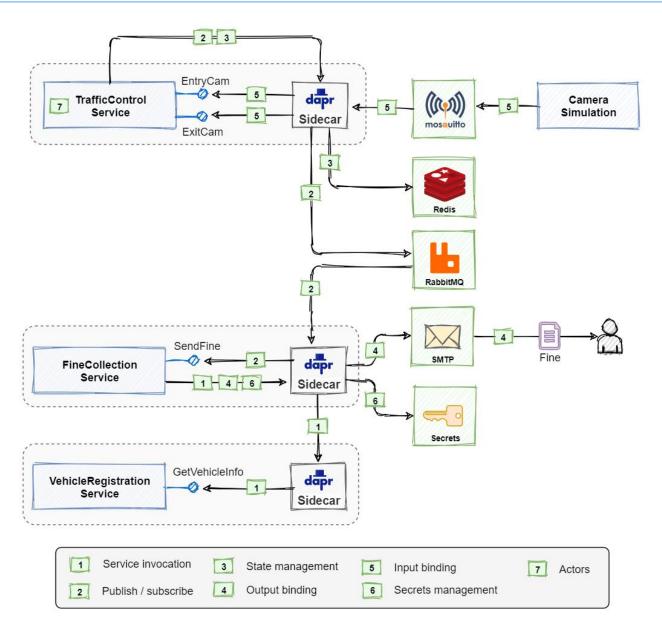


Dapr和Open Service Mesh一起运行:

https://docs.dapr.io/developing-applications/integrations/open-service-mesh/

Traffic Control 示例





https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/architecture/dapr-for-net-developers/sample-application



谢谢你的时间



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