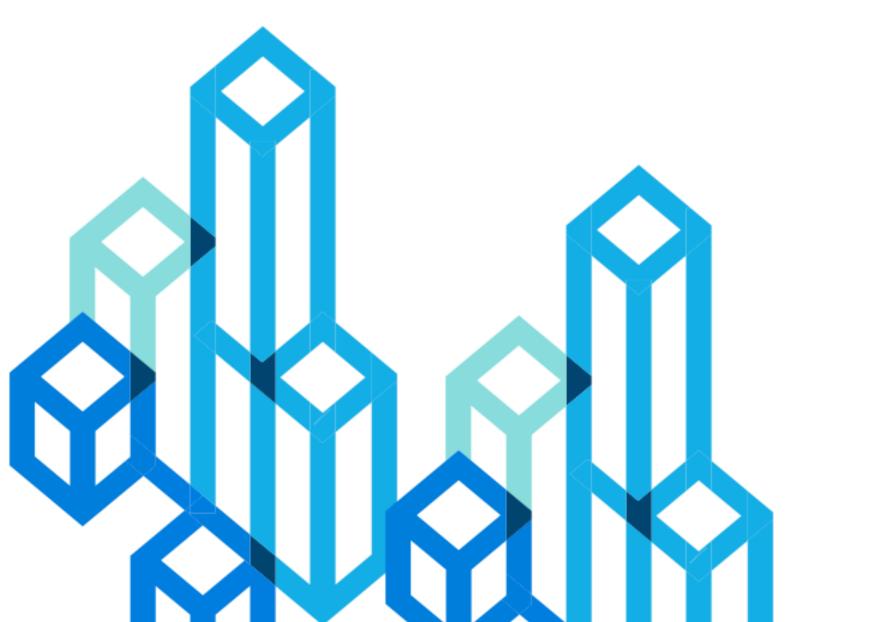
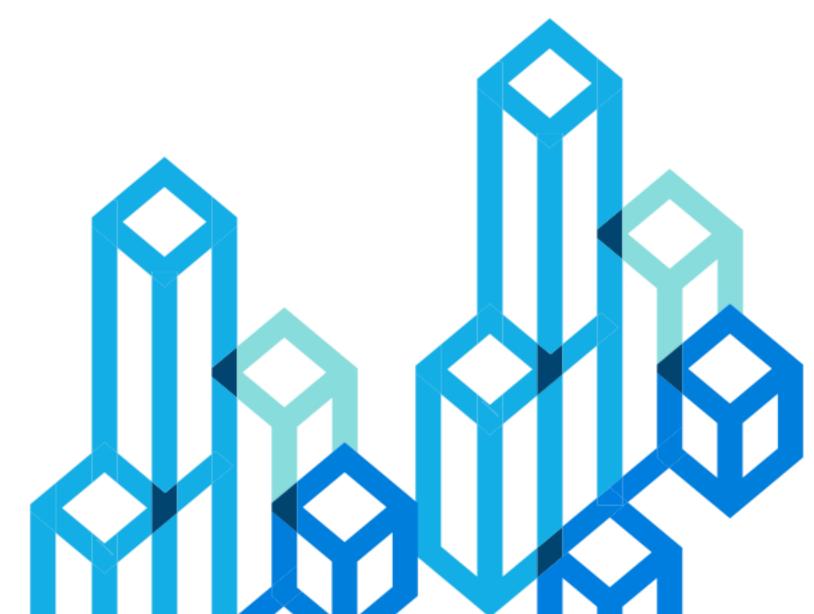


Rust异步编程原理和实践





About me

- ○方圆 (@fanngyuan)
- Samsung
- O CISCO
- **WEIBO**
- ○创业
- ○罗辑思维
- Westar
 - https://github.com/starcoinorg/starcoin
- Github: https://github.com/fanngyuan

Starcoin 新一代Libra

Starcoin x Move 新的数字资产编程方式

PoW

Move

• 分层

Stdlib

欢迎部署Move合约

Outline

- Rust network programming
- Futures
- Tokio
- Async/await
- Rust async@Starcoin

Rust Network Programming Features

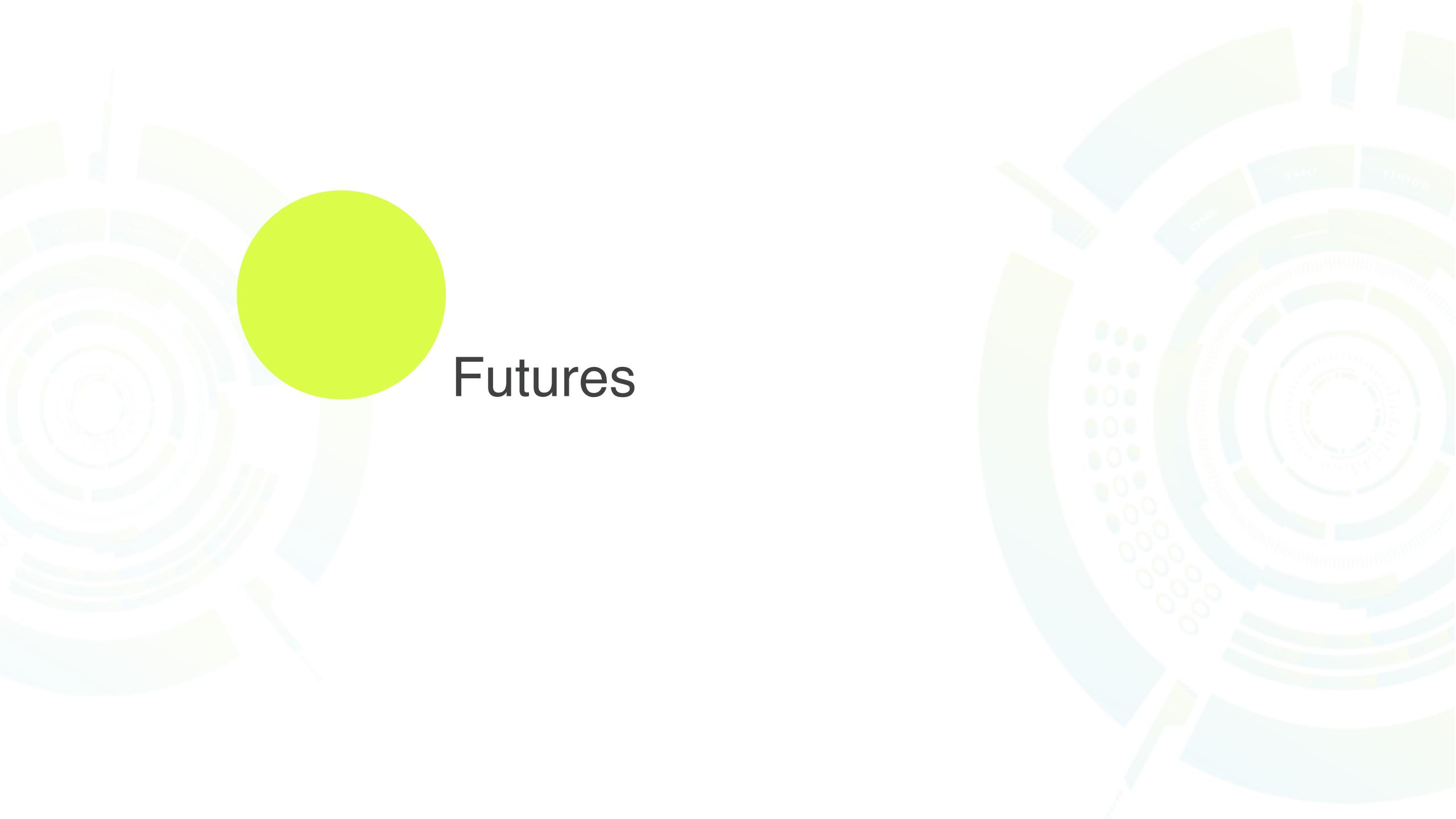
- Block IO + Thread
- NoBlocking IO + Callback
- Coroutine

Rust Async Programming Features

- Future based coroutine
- Zero cost abstraction
- Fast
 - No runtime allocations
 - No dynamic dispatch
 - No gc
- Safety

Tokio and Rust Async

Your program	
Tokio	
Mio	Futures
System selector (epoll/kqueue()/IOCP/etc.)	



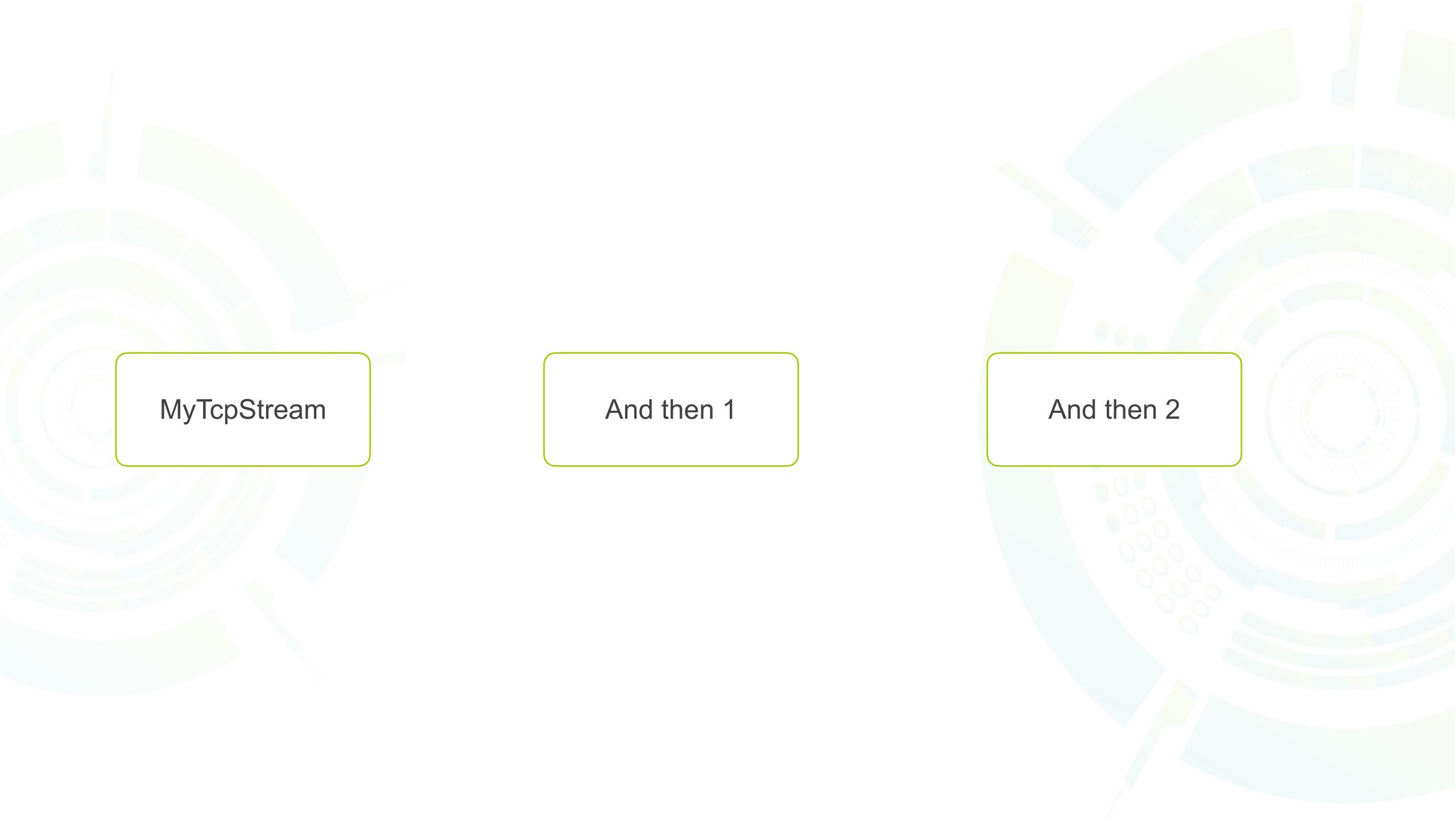
What's future?

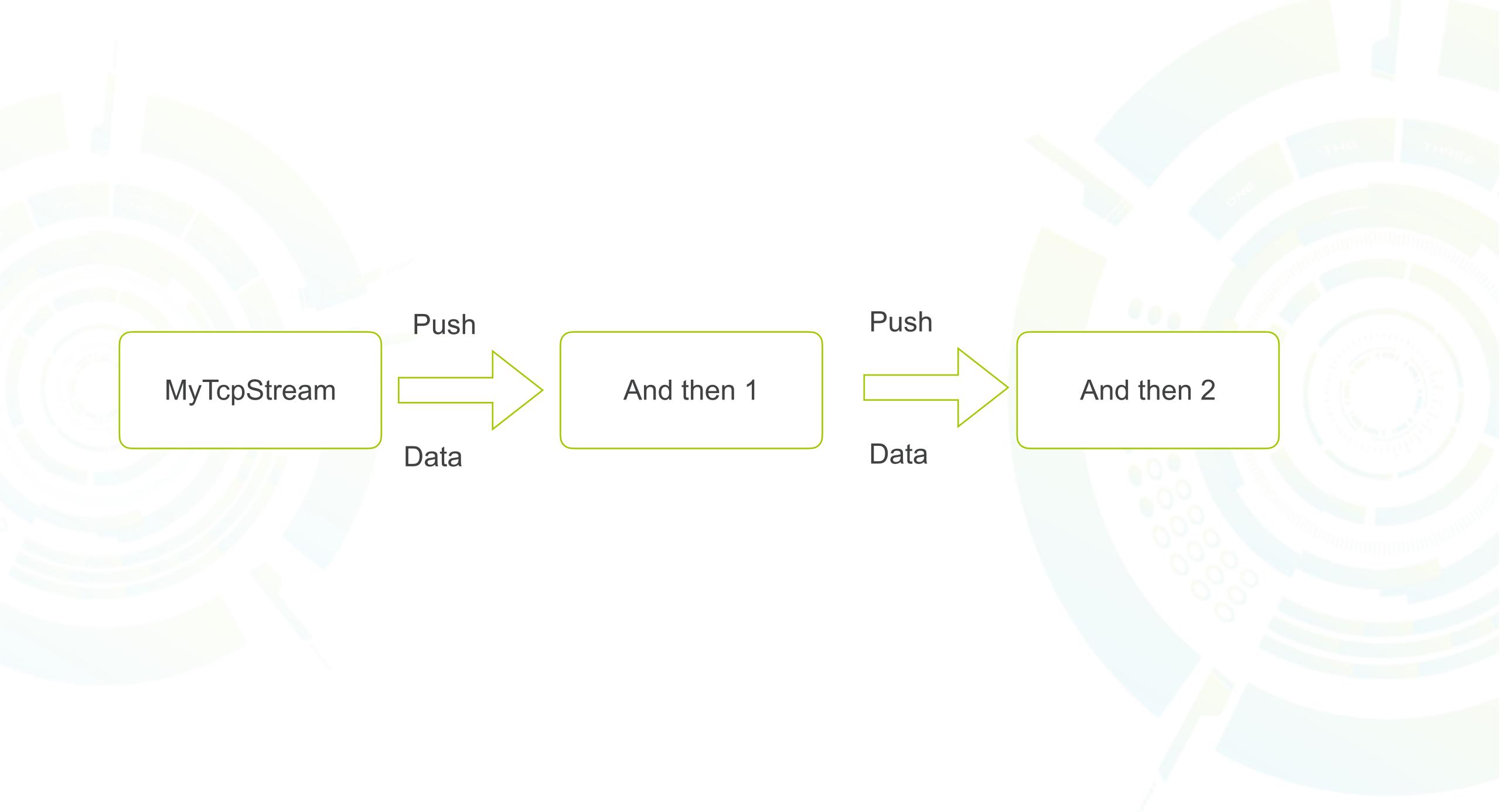
- Database Query
- Rpc
- 0

```
opull, not push struct MyTcpStream {
    nread: u64,
    callback: Option<Box<Fn(u64)>>,
}
// this is push model
```

```
let f=MyTcpStream::connect(&remote_addr)
   .and_then(|sock| io::read_exact(sock, 10))
   .and_then(|(sock, response)| {
      process(response)
   });

tokio::spawn(f);
```





why not push?

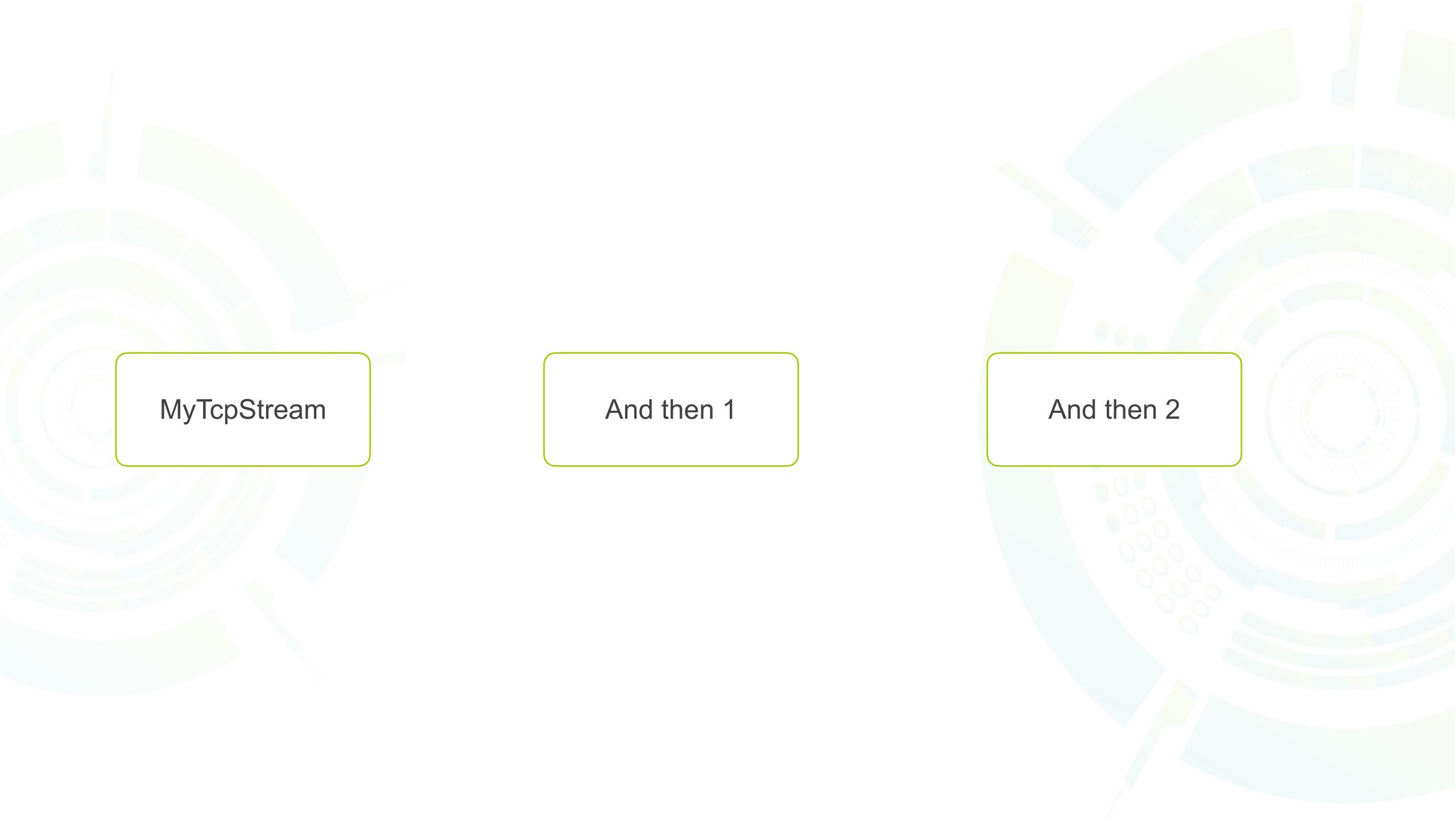
- extra dynamic memory alloc
- control logic
- 0

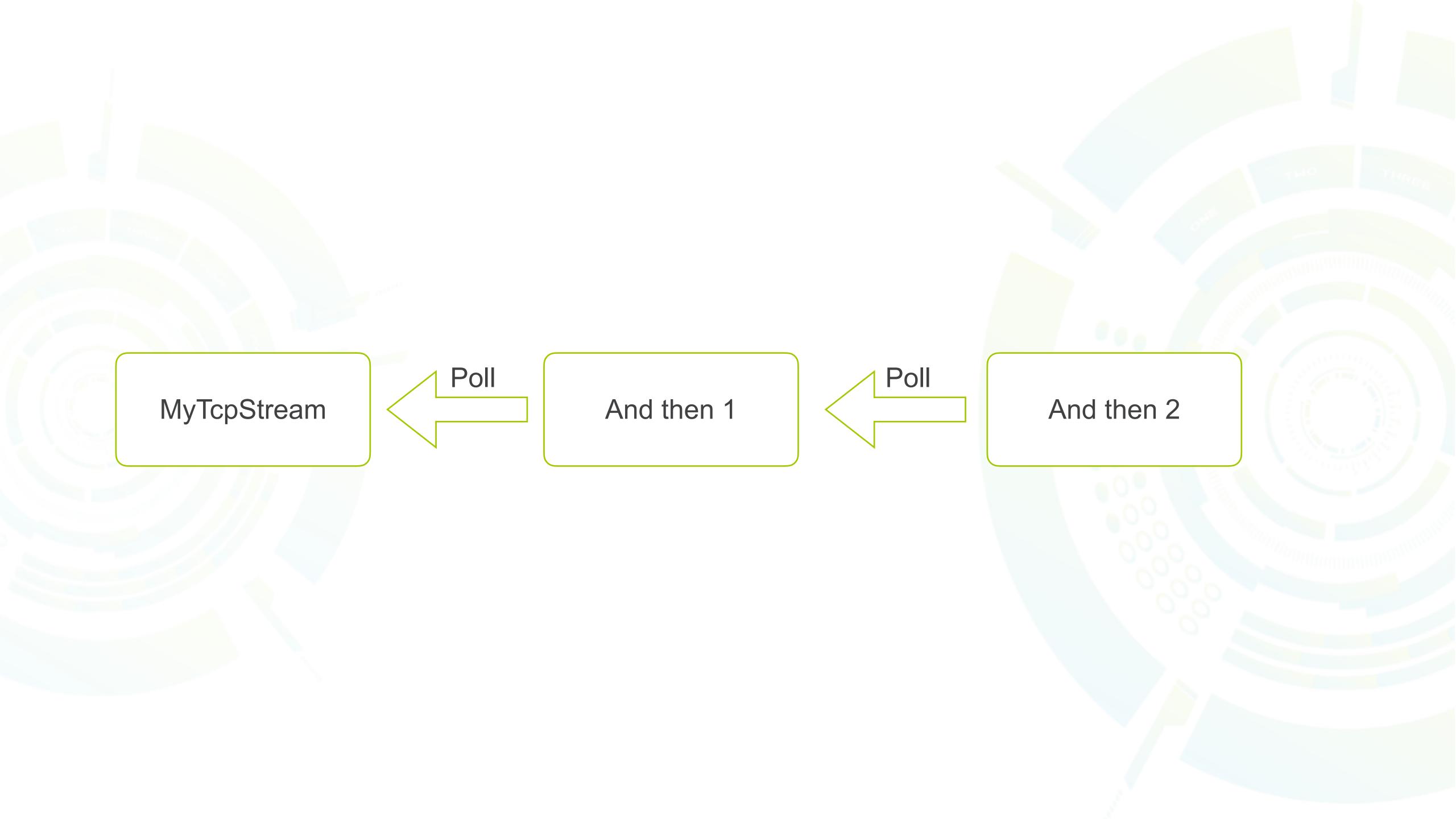
Poll future

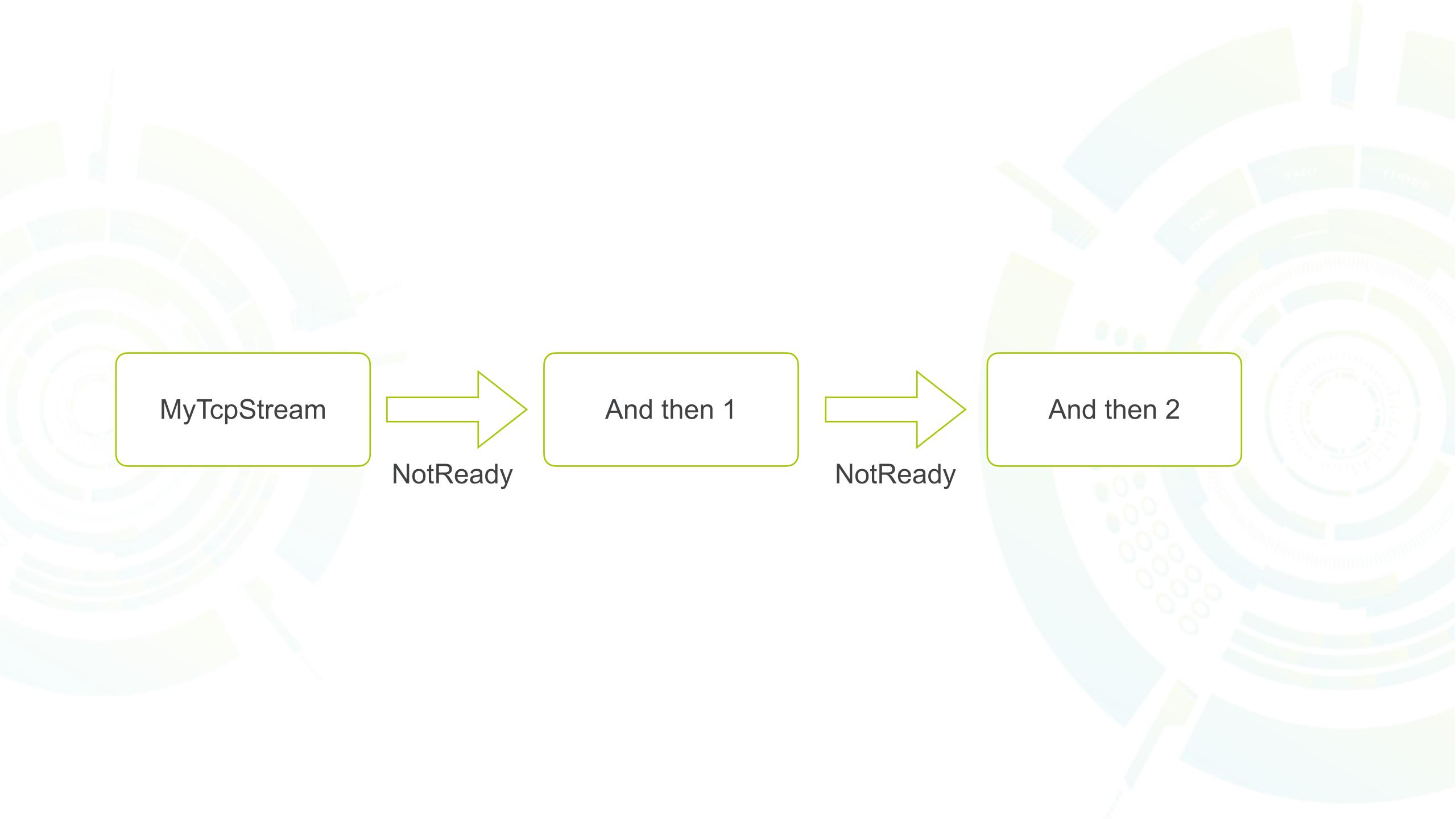
```
pub trait Future {
    type Item;
    type Error;
    fn poll(&mut self) -> Poll<Self::Item, Self::Error>;
```

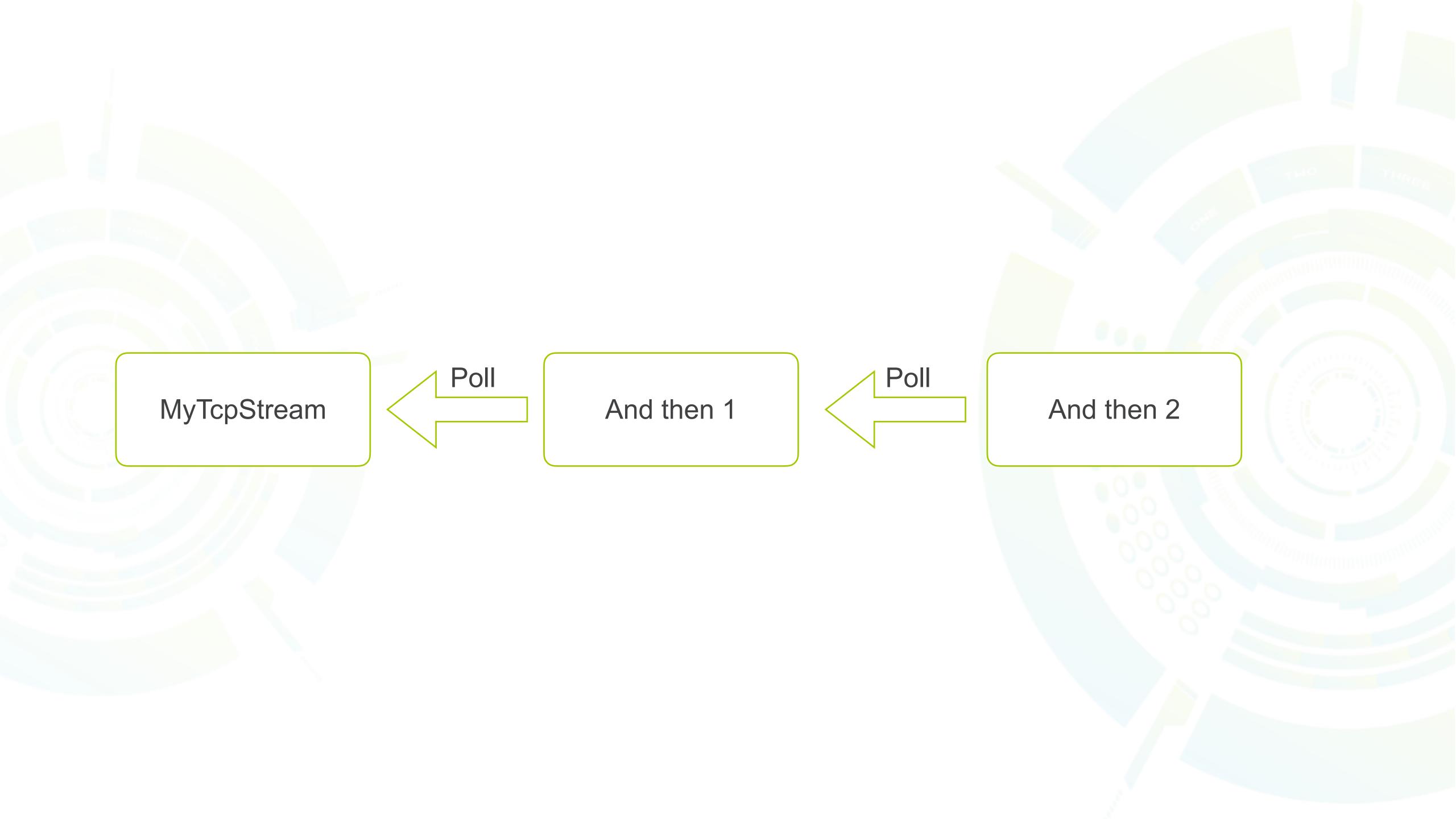
```
struct MyTcpStream {
    socket: TcpStream,
   nread: u64,
impl Future for MyTcpStream {
   type Item =u64;
   type Error = io::Error;
   fn poll(&mut self) -> Poll<Item, io::Error> {
        let mut buf = [0;10];
        loop {
            match self.socket.read(&mut buf) {
                Async::Ready(0) => return Async::Ready(self.nread),
                Async::Ready(n) => self.nread += n,
                Async::NotReady => return Async::NotReady,
```

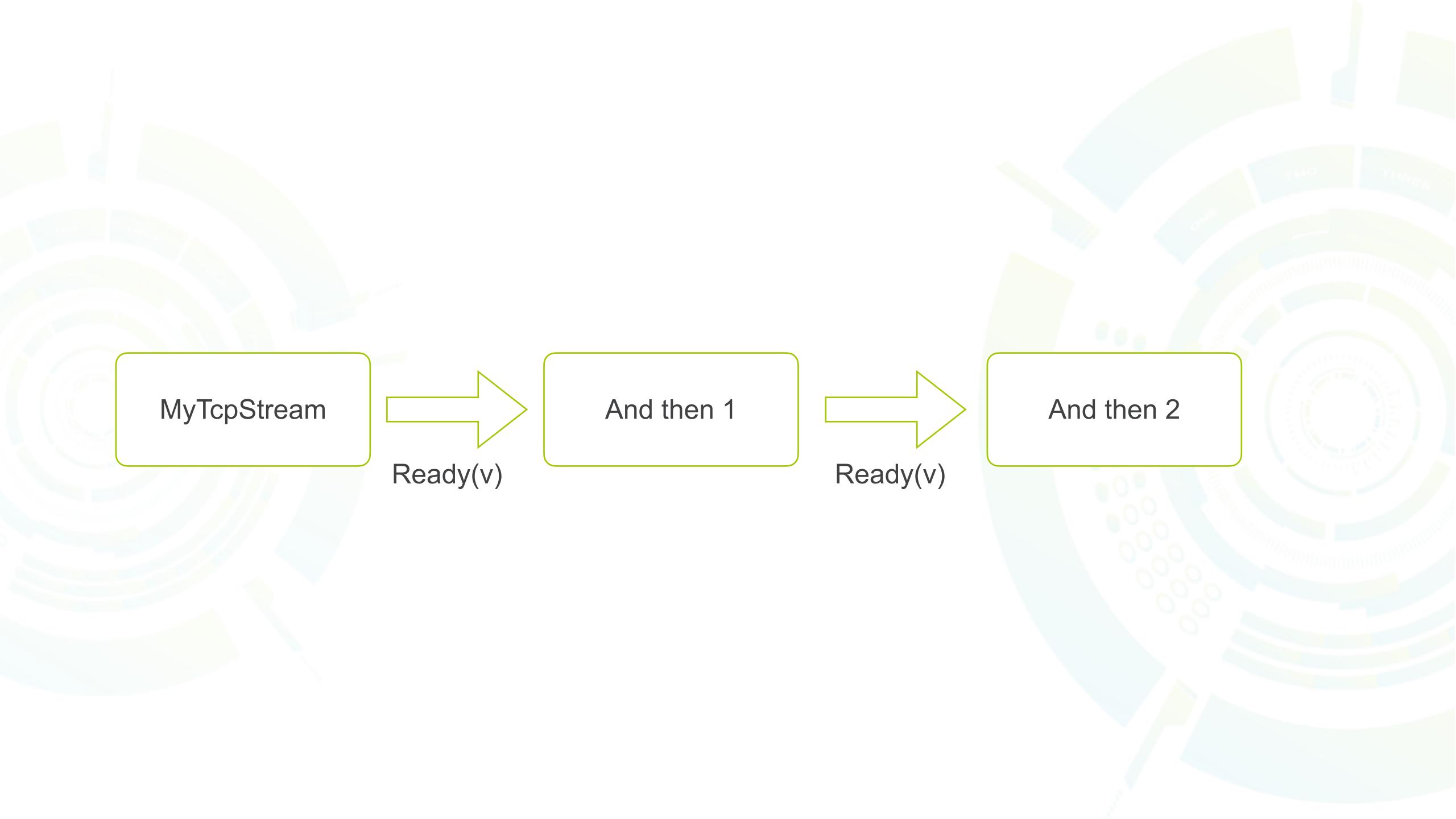
```
enum AndThen<A,F> {
   First(A, F),
fn poll(&mut self) -> Async<Item> {
   match fut a.poll() {
        Async::Ready(v) => f(v),
        Async::NotReady => Async::NotReady,
/// and then will move previous future
```









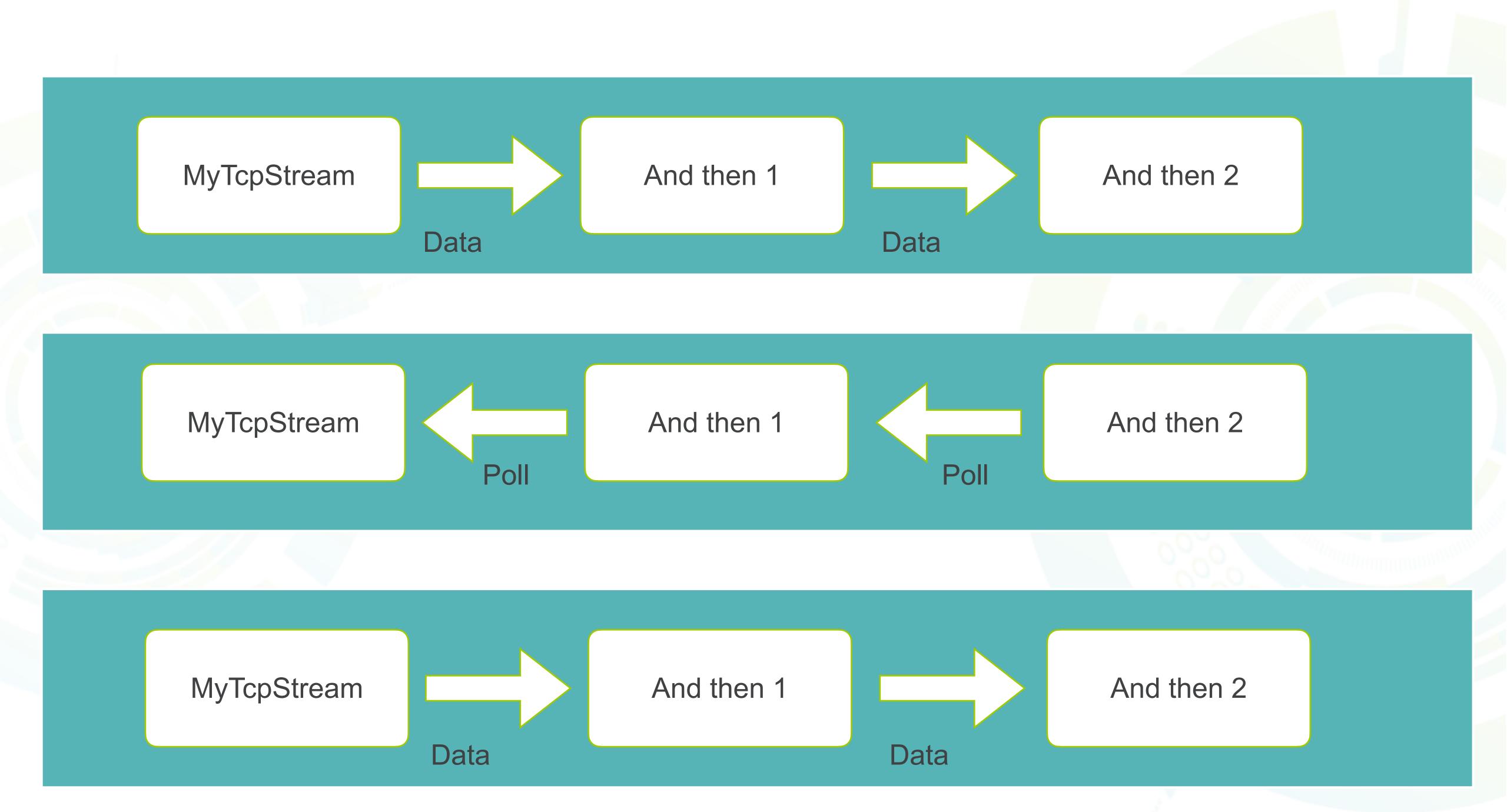


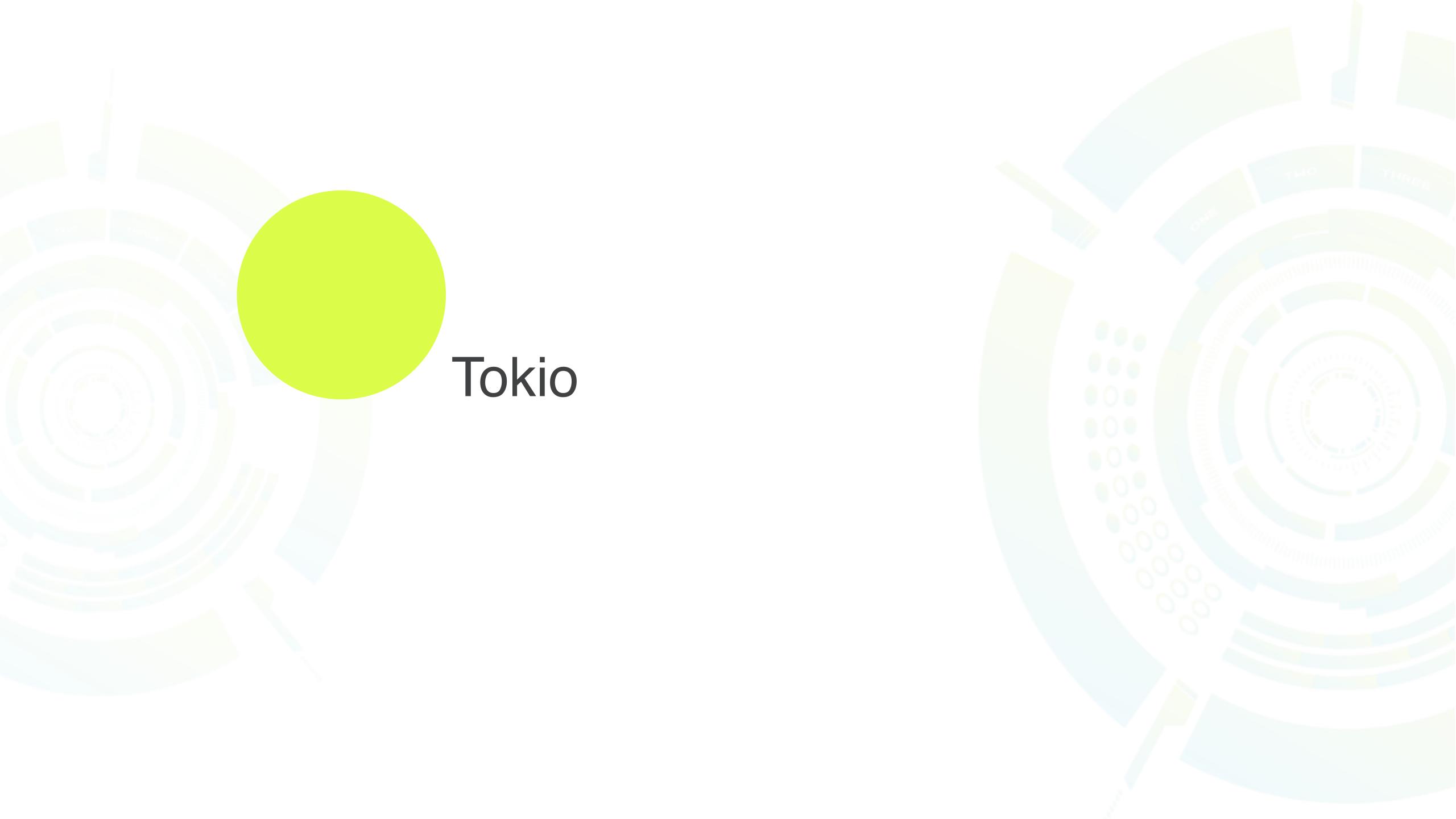
- connect to server
- send handshake
- oread handshake response
- send request
- handle response

```
MyTcpStream::connect(&remote_addr)
  .and_then(|sock| io::write(sock, handshake))
  .and_then(|sock| io::read_exact(sock, 10))
  and_then(|(sock, handshake)| {
    validate(handshake);
    io::write(sock, request)
  .and_then(|sock| io::read_exact(sock, 10))
  and_then(|(sock, response)| {
    process (response)
```



```
pub(crate) struct Task {
    state: AtomicUsize,
    blocking: AtomicUsize,
    next: AtomicPtr<Task>,
    next blocking: AtomicPtr<Task>,
    future: UnsafeCell<Option<TaskFuture>>,
```





- based on Mio
 - © Epoll,kqueue,IOCP
- Timers
- Task scheduling
- File System Access
- Others

```
let listener = TcpListener::bind(&addr).unwrap();
let server = listener.incoming().for each(move | socket| {
    tokio::spawn(process(socket));
    Ok (())
}).map err(|err| {
        println!("accept error = {:?}", err);
});
tokio::run(server);
```

fs poll

network poll

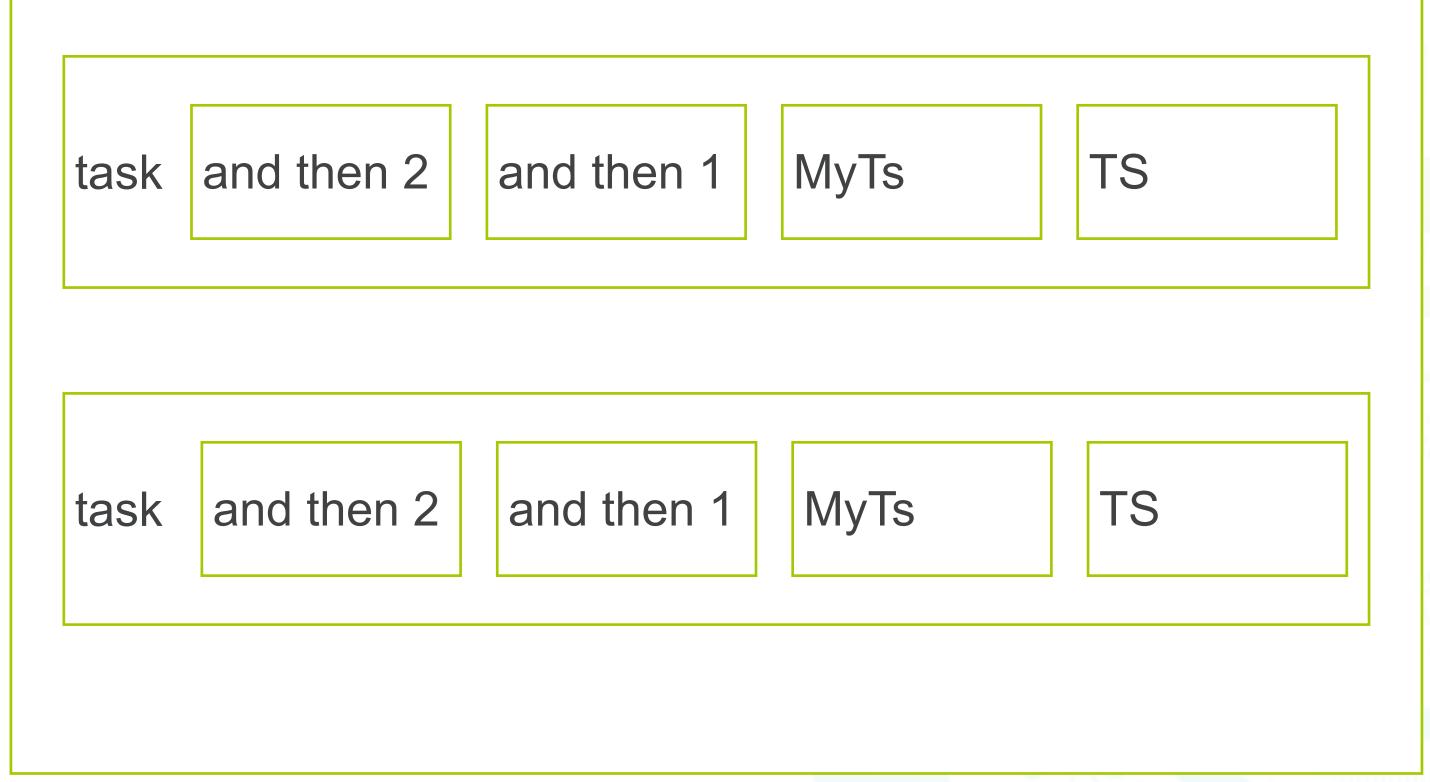
timer poll

Reactor

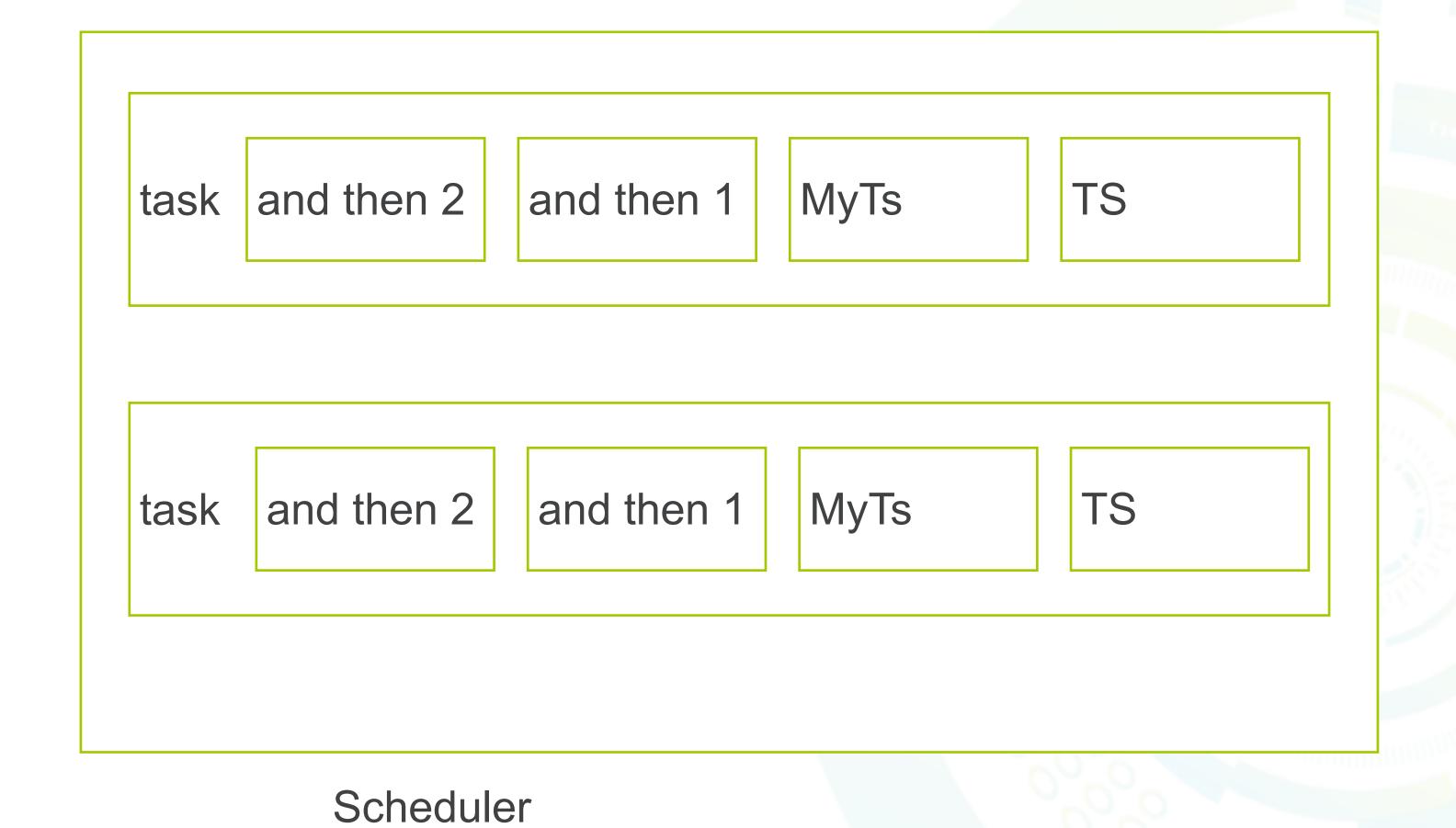
task and then 2 and then 2

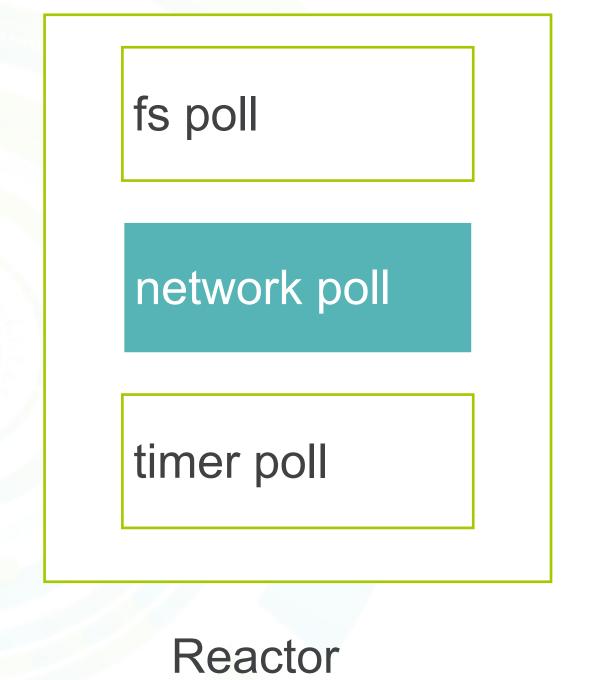
task and then 2

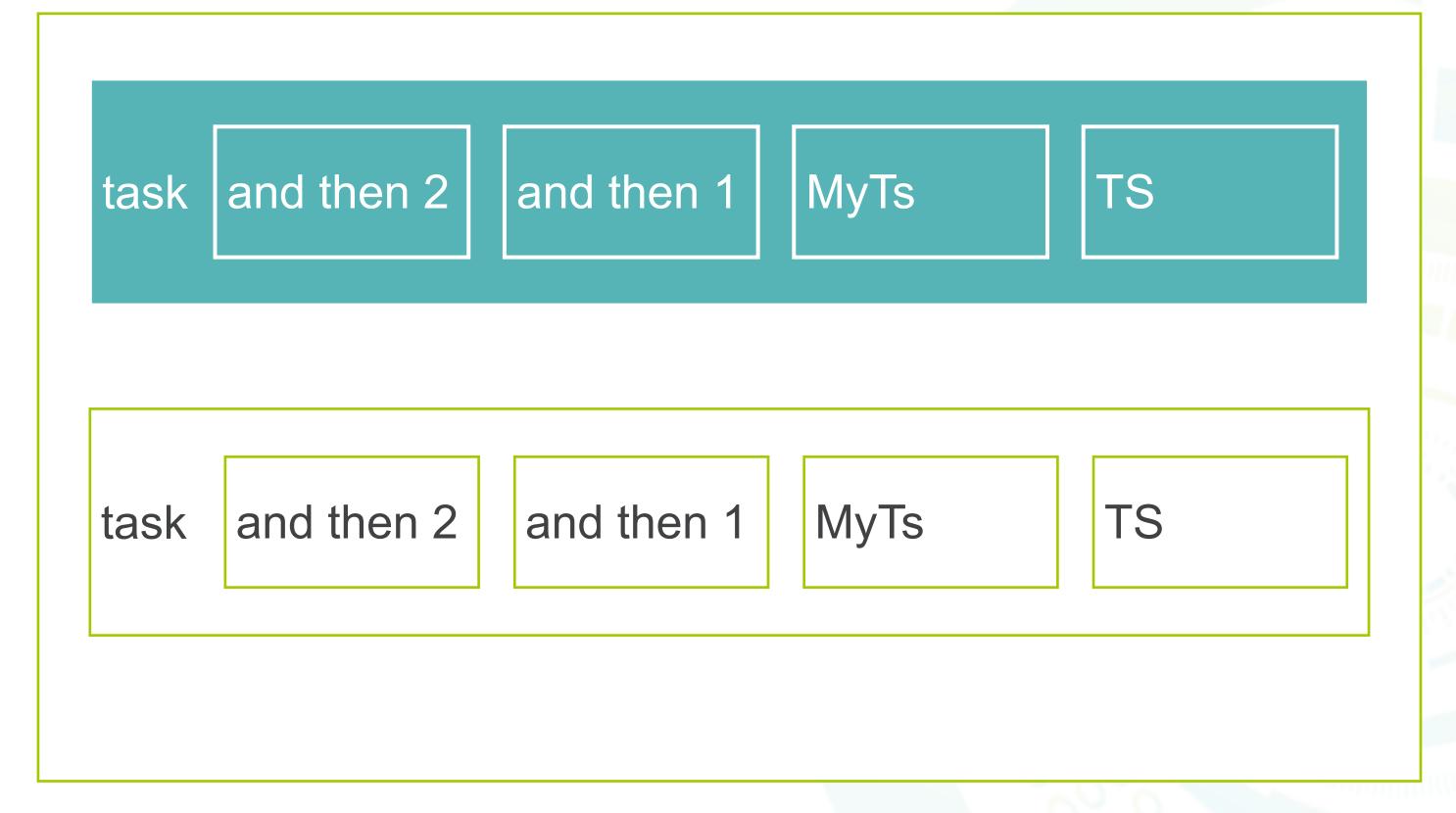
Scheduler



network poll
timer poll
Reactor







Scheduler



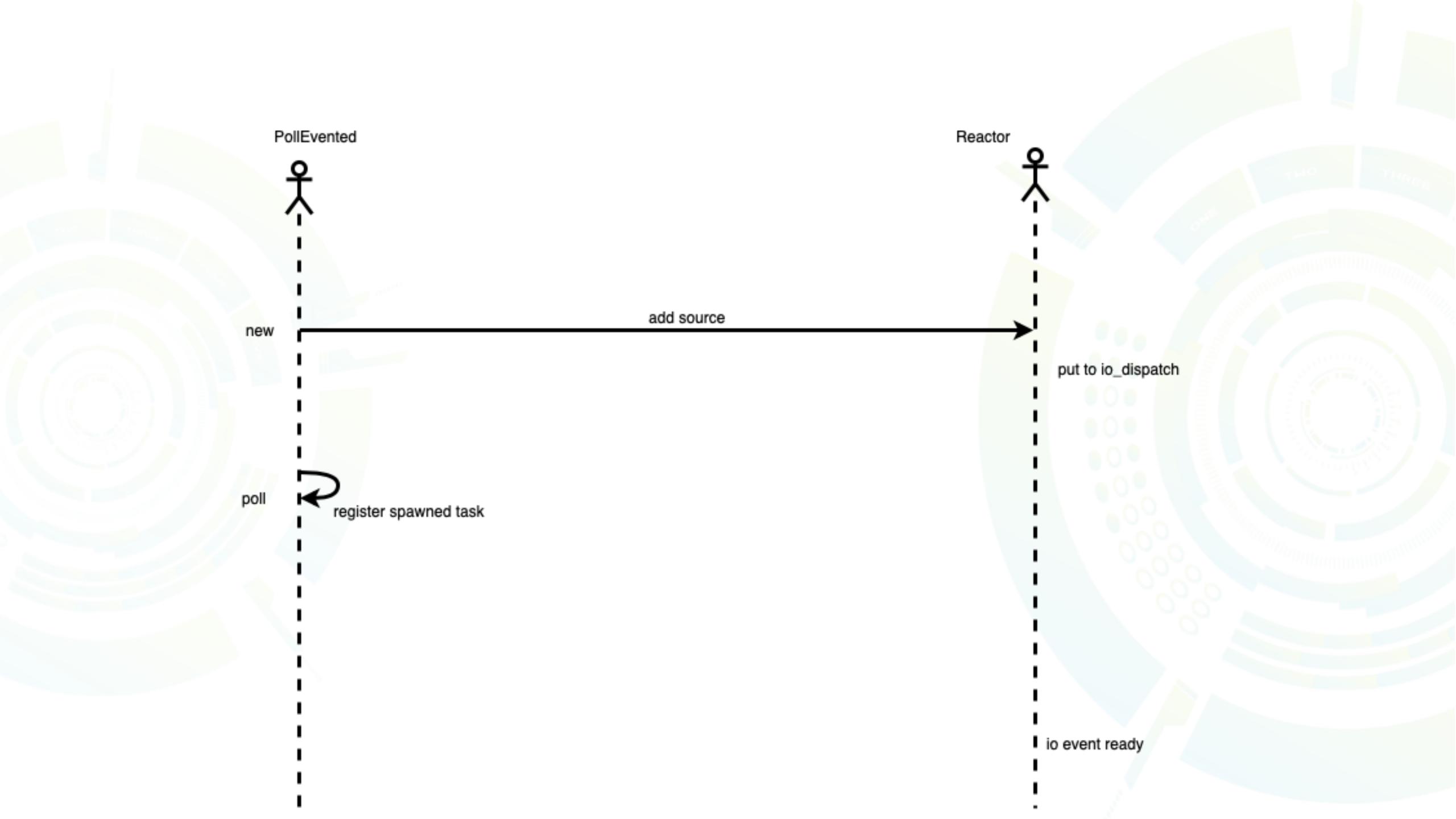
PollEvented<mio::net::TcpStream>

sys::TcpStream

io:mio:Poll

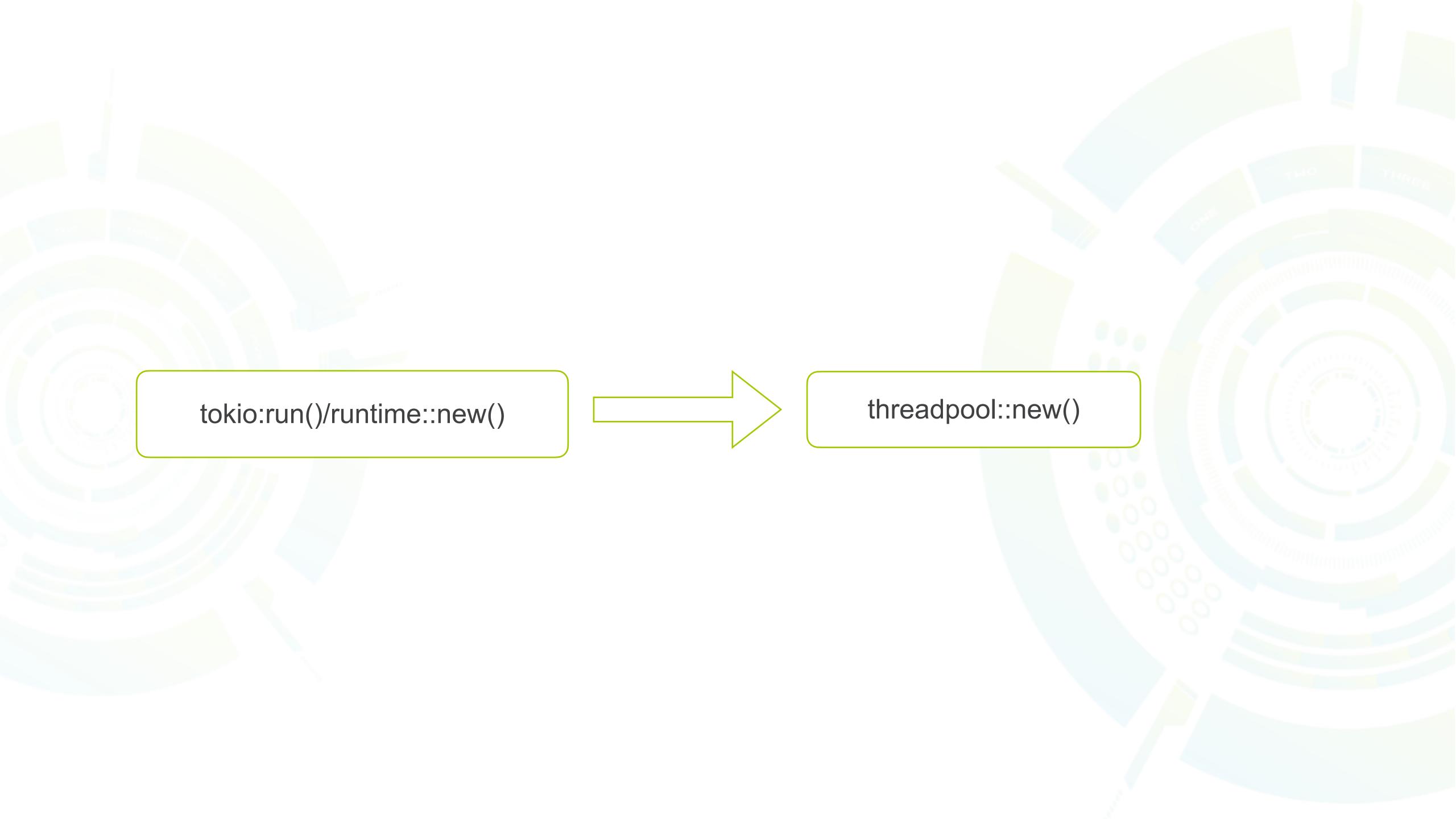
io_dispatch:RwLock<Slab<Scheduledlo>>

Reactor

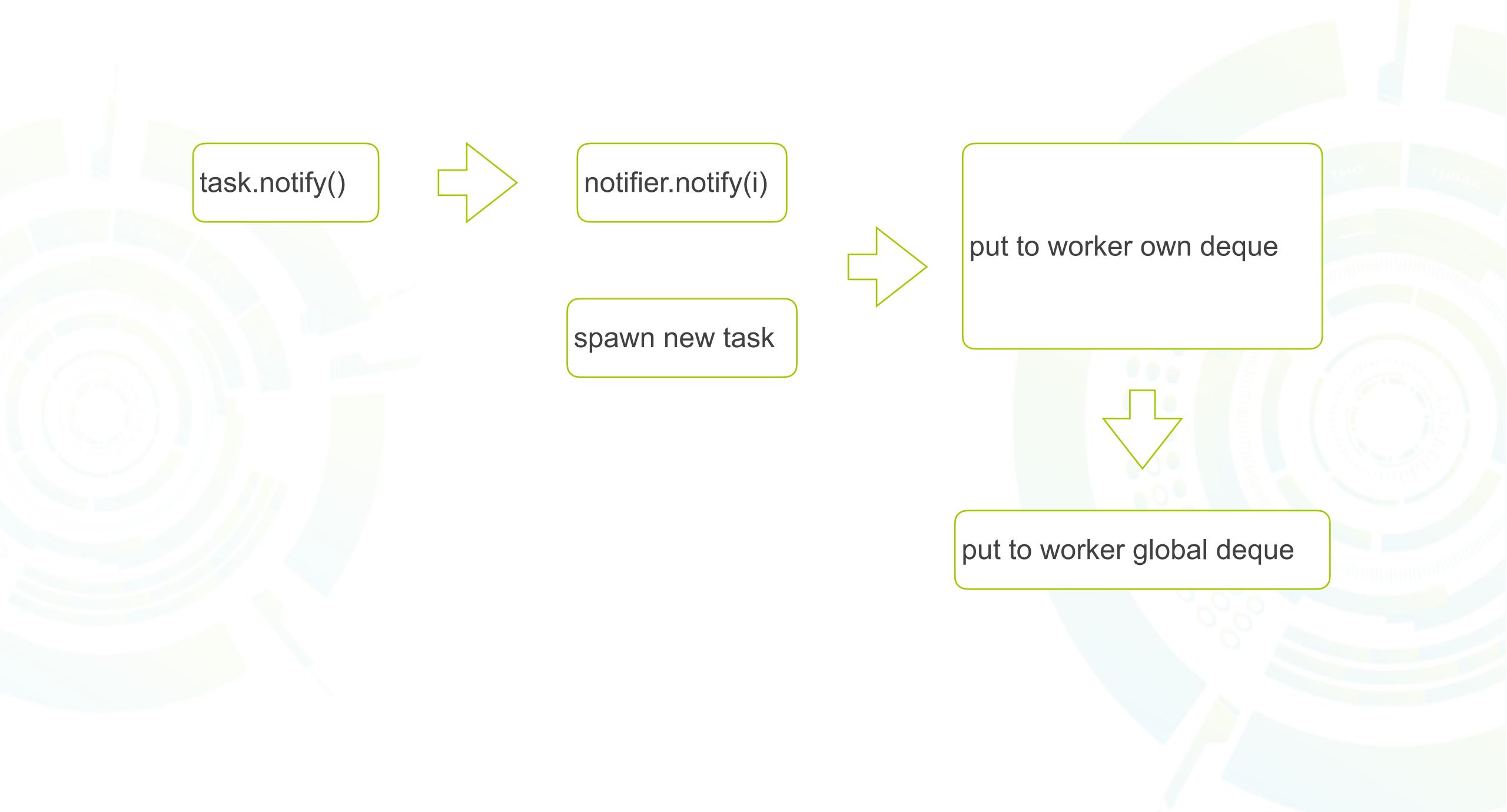


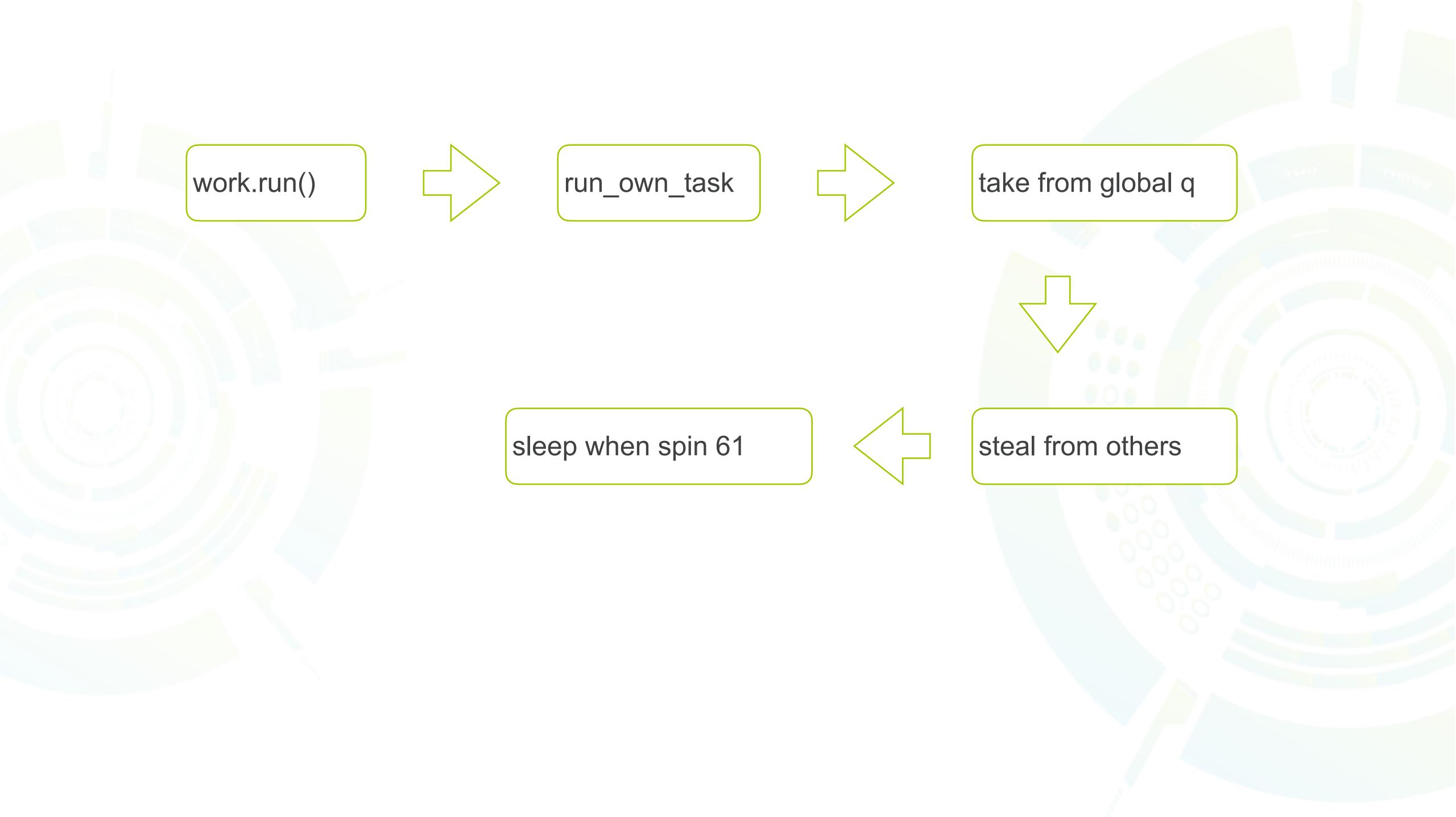
```
task::current() -> Task
Task::notify()
```

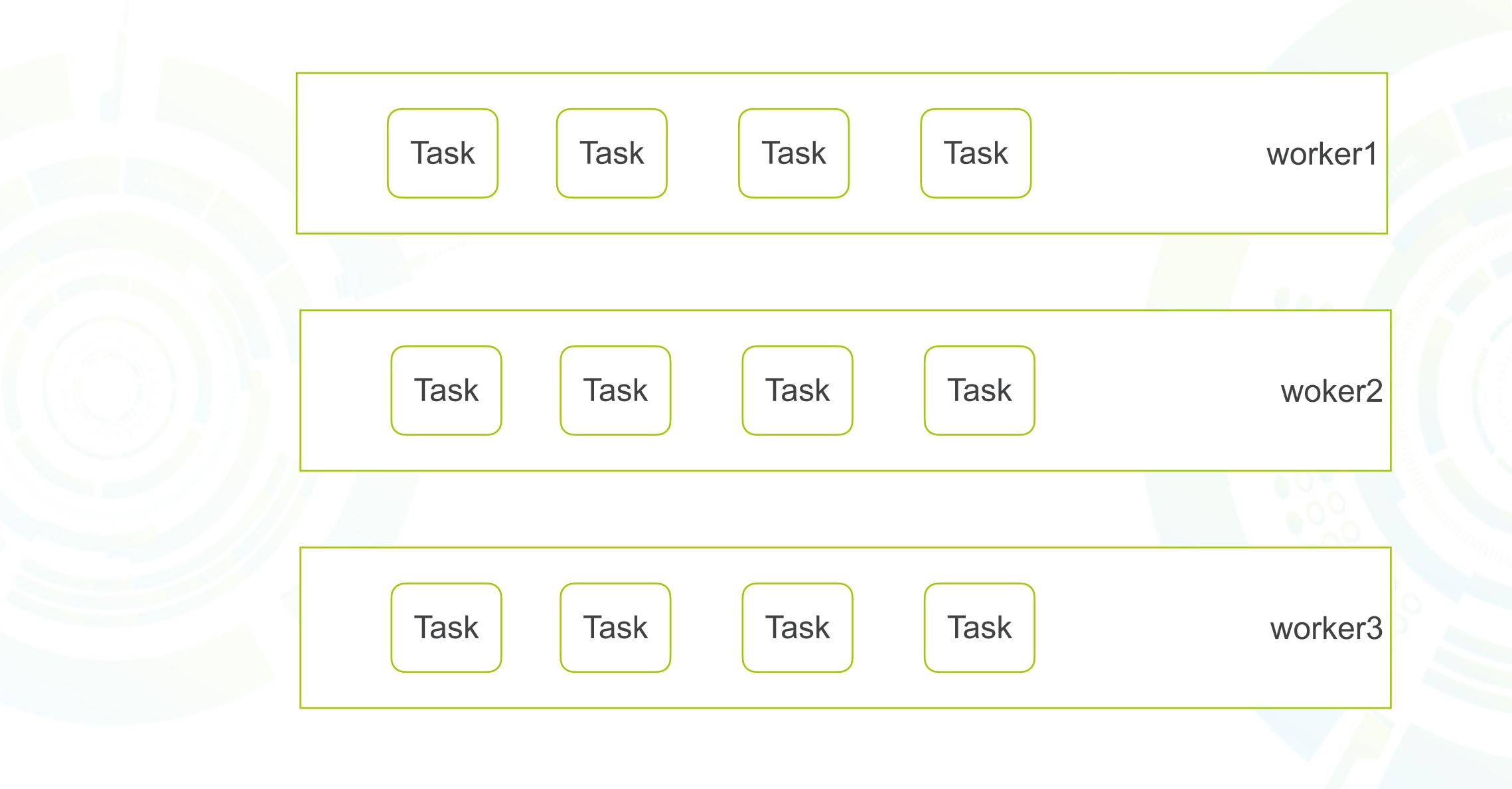
```
pub trait Notify: Send + Sync {
    fn notify(&self, id: usize);
    fn clone id(&self, id: usize) -> usize {
        id
    fn drop_id(&self, id: usize) {
        drop(id);
// this trait need implemented by scheduler
```



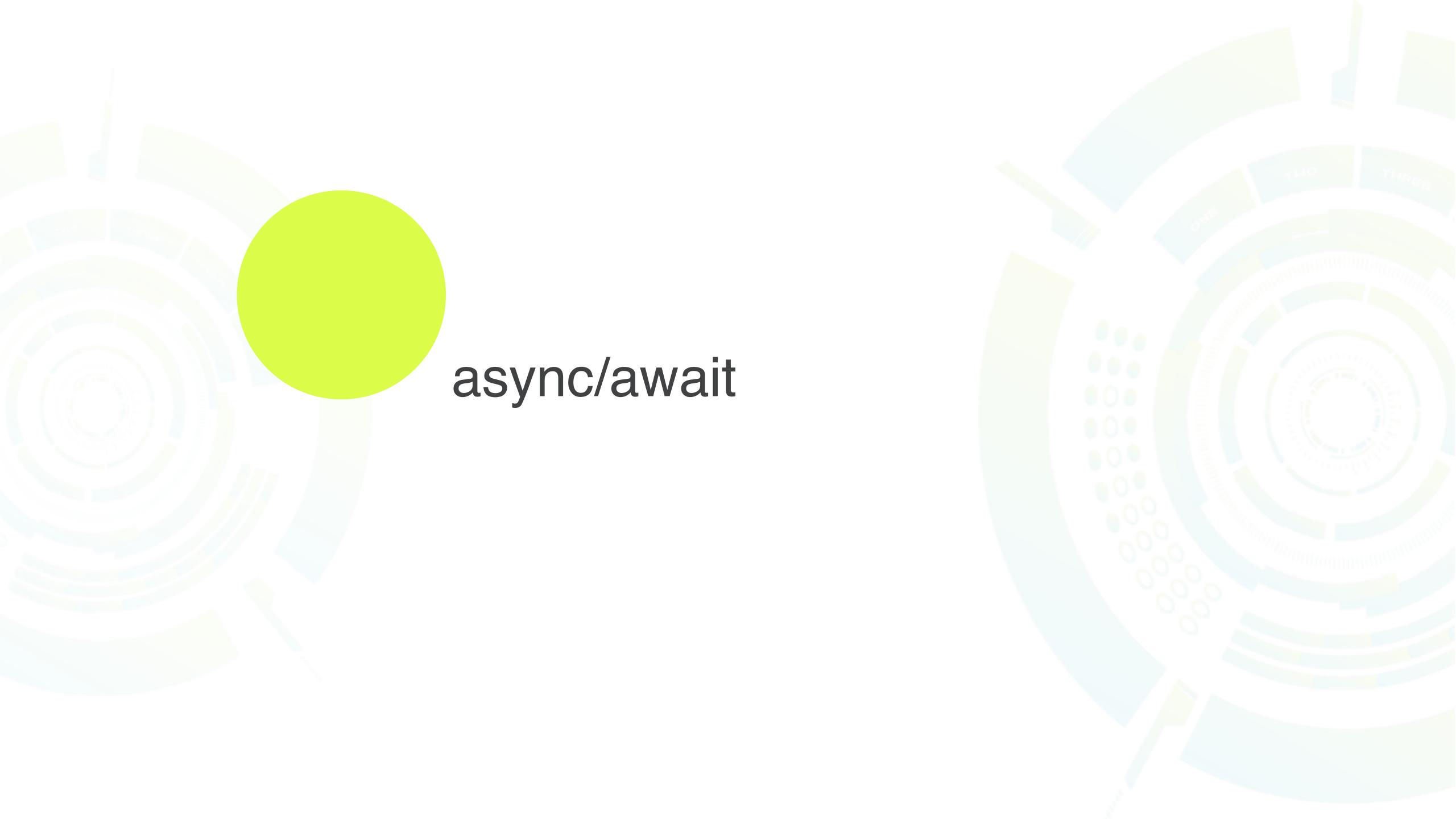
THREE







```
pub struct Waker {
   waker: RawWaker,
impl Waker {
    pub fn wake(self) {
    pub fn wake_by_ref(&self) {
```



```
#[tokio::main]
pub async fn main() -> Result<(), Box<dyn Error>> {
    let mut stream = TcpStream::connect("127.0.0.1:6142").await?;
    println!("created stream");
    let result = stream.write(b"hello world\n").await;
    println!("wrote to stream; success={:?}", result.is_ok());
    Ok(())
}
```

```
async fn f()-> i32 {
   //
}
```



```
fn f() -> impl Future<Output=i32>{
    //
}
```

```
f().await
struct B {
   future_f:Option<FutureF>
impl Future for B {
   type Output = i32;
    fn poll(mut self: Pin<&mut Self>, cx: &mut Context) -> Poll<Self::Output> {
    loop {
            match self.future_f.take().expect("take").poll(tx) {
```

async fn $b() \rightarrow i32$ {

```
async fn off_chain_pay_htlc(
    router:&Router,
    receiver_address: AccountAddress,
    amount: u64,
    hash_lock: Vec<u8>,
    timeout: u64,) -> Result<()> {
    let path = router.find_path_by_addr(self.wallet.account(), receiver_address).await?;
    pay_multi_hop_request(path, amount, hash_lock, timeout).await?
    Ok(())
}
```

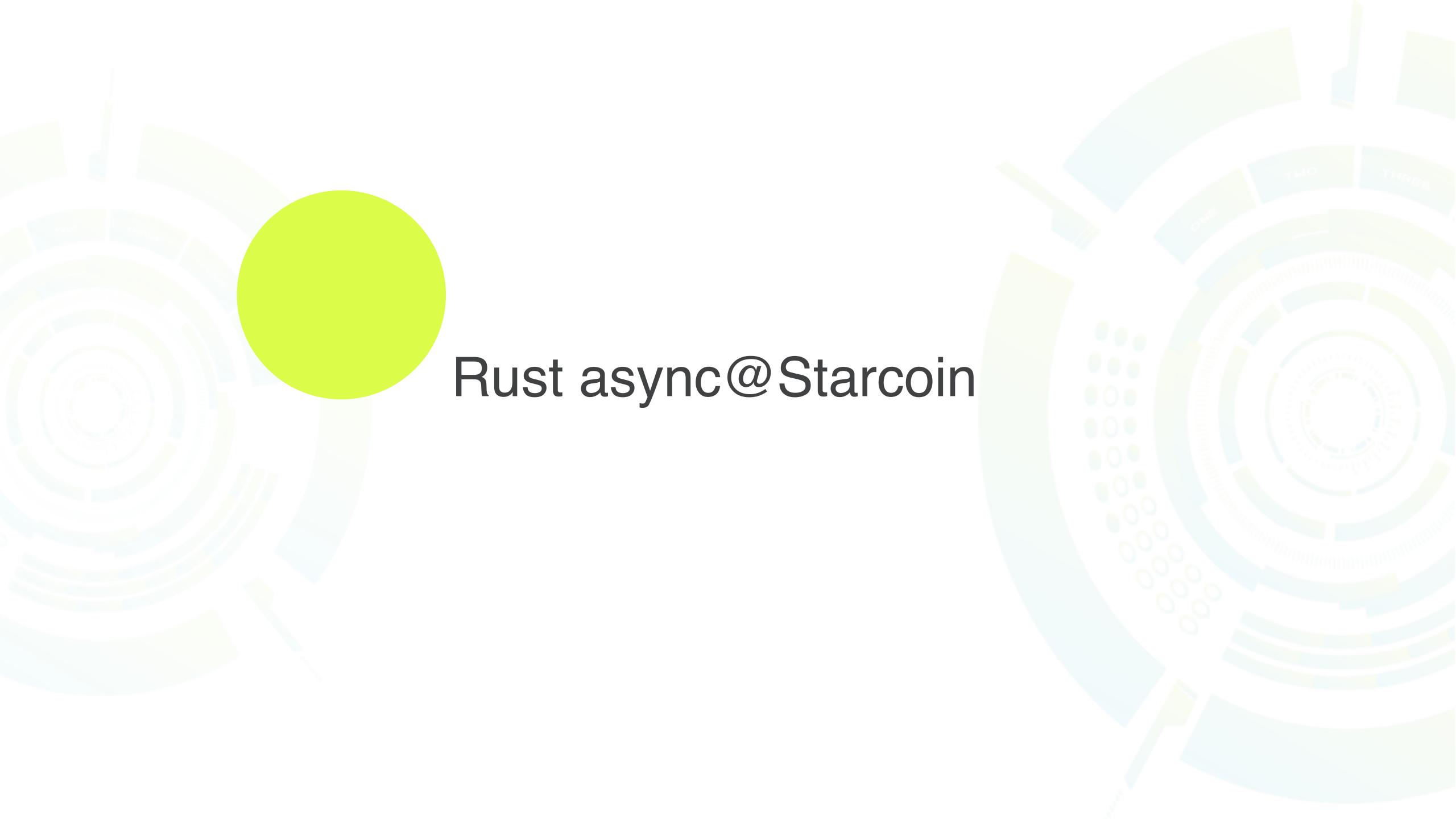
```
impl Future for HtlcHandle {
struct HtlcHandle {
                                              type Output = ();
   receiver_address: AccountAddress,
   amount: u64,
                                              fn poll(mut self: Pin<&mut Self>, cx: &mut Context) -> Poll<Self::Output> {
   hash_lock: Vec<u8>,
                                                  loop {
   timeout: u64,
                                                  match self.state {
   router:Router,
                                                  Unpolled => {
   find_path_future:Option<Future<Output=X>>,
                                                      // ...
   pay_future:Option<Future<Output=()>>,
                                                      self.state=GetPath;
   state:State
                                                  GetPath => {
                                                      match self.find_path_future.poll(cx){
                                                      self.state = Pay;
    enum State {
         Unpolled,
                                                  Pay => {
         GetPath,
                                                      match self.pay_future.poll(cx){
         Pay(path),
         Ready,
                                                      self.state = Ready;
                                                  Ready => {
                                                      return ();
```

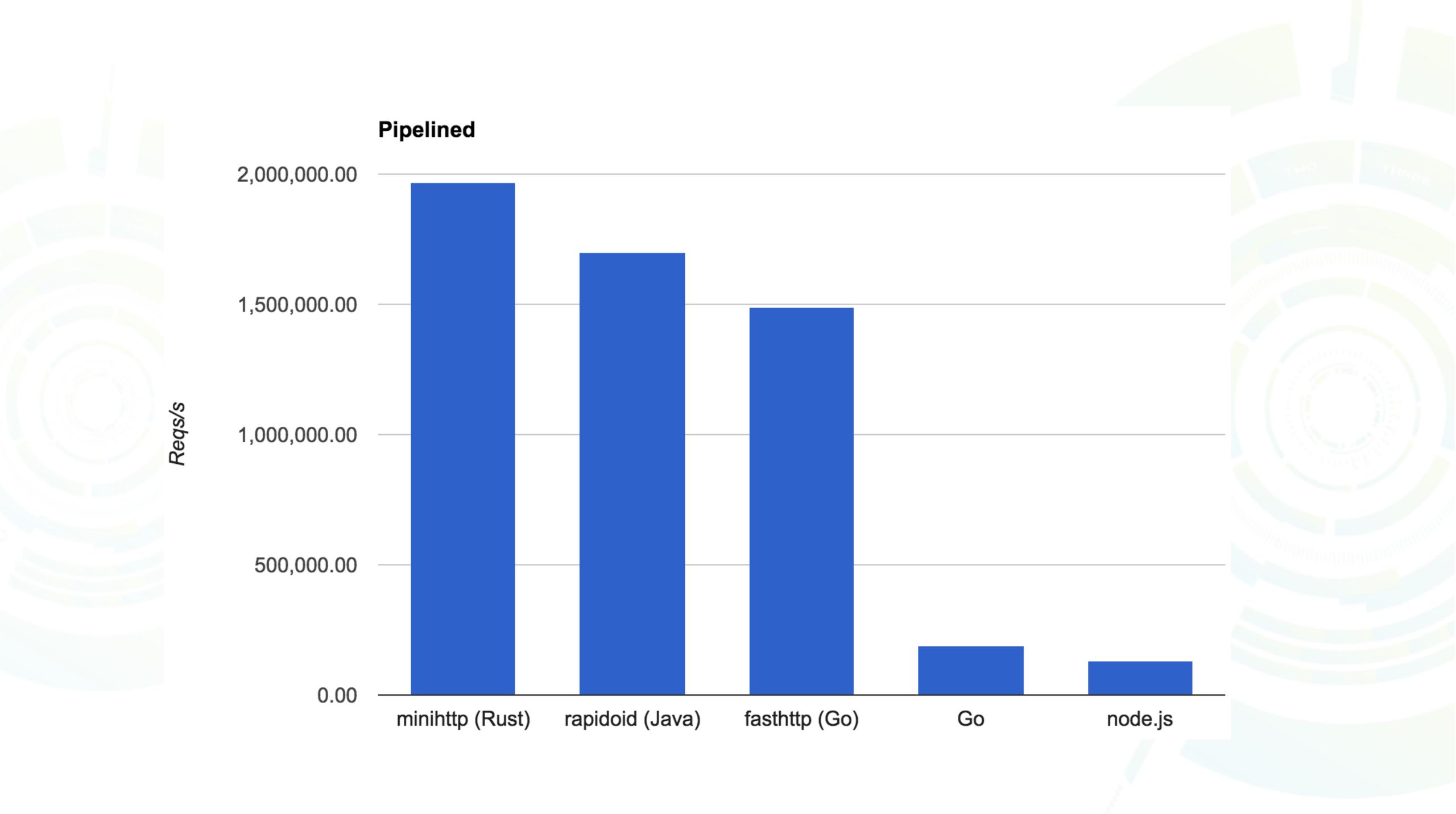
```
#![feature(generators, generator trait)]
use std::ops::{Generator, GeneratorState};
use std::pin::Pin;
fn main() {
    let mut generator = | {
        yield 1;
        return "foo"
    match Pin::new(&mut generator).resume(()) {
        GeneratorState::Yielded(1) => {}
          => panic!("unexpected value from resume"),
    match Pin::new(&mut generator).resume(()) {
        GeneratorState::Complete("foo") => {}
          => panic!("unexpected value from resume"),
```

```
let xs = vec![1, 2, 3];
let mut gen = move|| {
    let mut sum = 0;
    for x in xs {
        sum += x;
        yield sum;
    }
};
```

```
impl<T: Generator<Yield = ()>> Future for GenFuture<T> {
   type Output = T::Return;
   fn poll(self: Pin<&mut Self>, cx: &mut Context<' >) -> Poll<Self::Output> {
       // Safe because we're !Unpin + !Drop mapping to a ?Unpin value
       let gen = unsafe { Pin::map_unchecked_mut(self, | s | &mut s.0) };
       let guard = unsafe { set task context(cx) };
       match gen.resume() {
           GeneratorState::Yielded(()) => Poll::Pending,
           GeneratorState::Complete(x) => Poll::Ready(x),
```

```
macro_rules! await_macro {
    ($e:expr) => ({
        let mut future = $e;
        loop {
            if let Poll::Ready(x) =
            poll_with_tls_context(unsafe { Pin::new_unchecked(&mut future) })
                break x;
            yield
```





Problems

- life cycle
 - self
- futures and tokio
- onotify task by your self
- futures01 and futures 03

Async in Starcoin

- Runtime
 - Different runtime for different business
- TaskExecutor (Handle)
 - tokio::spawn for default runtime
 - get from runtime
 - clone
- async/await
- Actor model

Actor

```
pub struct AntRouter {
    executor: Handle,
    command sender: UnboundedSender<RouterCommand>,
    inner: Option<AntRouterInner>,
    network receiver: Option<UnboundedReceiver<(AccountAddress, RouterNetworkMessage)>>,
    command receiver: Option<UnboundedReceiver<RouterCommand>>,
    control receiver: Option<UnboundedReceiver<Event>>,
    control sender: UnboundedSender<Event>,
    stats mgr: Arc<Stats>,
struct AntRouterInner {
    network sender: UnboundedSender<(AccountAddress, RouterNetworkMessage)>,
   wallet: Arc<WalletHandle>,
    seed manager: SeedManager,
   message processor: MessageProcessor<RouterNetworkMessage>,
    default future timeout: AtomicU64,
    executor: Handle,
    stats mgr: Arc<Stats>,
    path_store: PathStore,
```

Async in Starcoin

- Actor model
 - https://github.com/actix/actix
 - unit test problem
 - service framework on actor model

Actor Service

```
pub struct NetworkActorService {
   worker: Option < Network Worker > ,
    inner: Inner,
   network worker handle: Option<AbortHandle>,
impl ActorService for NetworkActorService {
    fn started(&mut self, ctx: &mut ServiceContext<Self>) -> Result<()> {}
    fn stopped(&mut self, ctx: &mut ServiceContext<Self>) -> Result<()> {}
impl EventHandler<Self, SyncStatusChangeEvent> for NetworkActorService {
    fn handle event(&mut self, msg: SyncStatusChangeEvent, ctx: &mut ServiceContext<Self>) {}
impl EventHandler<Self, Event> for NetworkActorService {
    fn handle event(&mut self, event: Event, ctx: &mut ServiceContext<NetworkActorService>) {}
```

Async in Starcoin

- future work
 - remote actor
 - orpc on actor

Starcoin

- https://starcoin.org/
- https://github.com/starcoinorg
- We are hiring
- ofanngyuan@gmail.com

