

## Heliophysics Integrated Observatory

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### Metadata Server Infrastructure HEC Architecture

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Editor:	A. Marassi, A. Santin, M. Messerotti (INAF-OATS)
Contributors:	Mauro Messerotti (INAF-OATS)
	Antonio Volpicelli (INAF-OATO)
	Silvio Giordano (INAF-OATO)
	Andrej Santin (INAF-OATS)
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Version	Date	Released by	Detail
1.0	15/03/10	M. Messerotti	Architecture of HEC-Release 1

Note: This document will continue to undergo revisions during the implementation phase of HELIO to incorporate changes and improvements.

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 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Metadata Server Infrastructure-HEC \\ \it Version \ 1.0 \end{tabular}$ 

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#### 1 Introduction

The Heliophysics Event Catalogue (HEC) acts as a special provider to HELIO, capable to answer, both at human and at machine level, SQL queries relevant to metadata specific of selected heliophysics data catalogues (see Table 1). Such data catalogues are ingested into a RDBMS and automatically updated on a daily basis from the source provider when non-static ones.

To speed up the HELIO R1 test phase, an Heliophysics Event Catalogue Release 1 (HEC-R1) has been developed upon the EGSO Solar Event Catalogue (SEC), but with an interface compliant with the related proposal in the preliminary HELIO Interface Document. The catalogues managed by HEC-R1 are the same as the SEC catalogue set and since it is a clone of the existing service, it has therefore the same capabilities as SEC.

The human interface (GUI) of the two services is available respectively at:

EGSO/SEC: <a href="http://sec.oats.inaf.it">http://sec.oats.inaf.it</a> HELIO/HEC: <a href="http://hec.oats.inaf.it">http://hec.oats.inaf.it</a>

HEC-R2 has been developed in parallel and, according to the requirements, in its pre-release implementation is able to process SQL queries like e.g.:

SELECT \* from gev list WHERE time between T1 and T2 AND xray class gt "M1"

Until HEC-R2 will become available, a VOTable generated by HEC-R1 resolves the same SQL query for test purposes.

Purpose	Input	Output
Provide a list of events that meet the selection criteria within the requested time interval  Note: In principle the HEC could be run on a stand-alone basis and the resulting list imported into the HELIO search engine	Search time range Type of event list Qualifiers dependent on type of list	VOTable or text file with selected list elements for requested time range. Parameters determines output format, coordinate type, etc.

Table 1 HEC functional requirements

This document describes the architecture of HEC-R1 and illustrates its usage.

#### 1.1 Relevant Documents

- The concepts behind HELIO are described in the "Concepts Document" https://grid.ie/helio/wiki/FrontPage
- The overall architecture is described in the "Architecture Document" <a href="https://grid.ie/helio/wiki/FrontPage">https://grid.ie/helio/wiki/FrontPage</a>
- Preliminary Interfaces are specified in the "Interface Document" https://grid.ie/helio/wiki/FrontPage

#### 2 General Architecture

The general architecture of HEC-R1 is reported in Figure 1Figure 1.

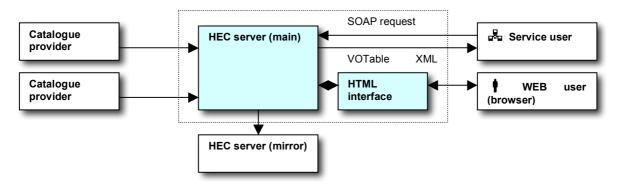


Figure 1 General architecture of HEC-R1

The following operations are relevant to the HEC system:

- a) Data are periodically downloaded from catalogue providers, then converted and stored into the HEC database.
- b) The HEC server can be mirrored by other HEC service providers.
- c) A service user (e.g. a HELIO broker) performs a request (SOAP format) and gets an aswer (VOTable XML).
- d) A web user (e.g. people browsing on internet) retrieves data in HTML. The server itself manages the presentation of XML data.

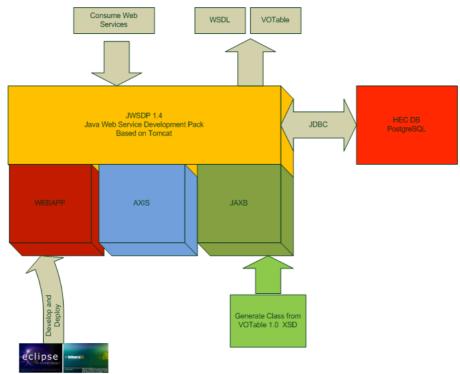


Figure 2 HEC-R1 functional diagram

The functional diagram of the HEC-R1 architecture is reported in Figure 2.

Its features can be summarized as follows:

- The HEC-R1 Web Services architecture is based on the SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) XML Web Services technology.
- It uses an AXIS engine to manage the SOAP envelope and generate WSDL.
- JAXB is used to generate the java classes from VOTable.xsd (v. 1.0) schema %JAXB HOME%\bin\xjc.sh VOTable.xsd
- This will generate all VOTable java classes.
- The datasets from PostgreSQL are binded on a VOTable object instance and returned as string in the "sql" web service method detailed in the following.

#### 2.1 References

Some references for the relevant formats and protocols:

- VOTable (Virtual Observatory Table) : <a href="http://www.us-vo.org/VOTable/">http://www.us-vo.org/VOTable/</a>
- XML (eXtensible Markup Language), RDF (Resource Description Framework), SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol), etc.: <a href="http://www.w3.org/TR/">http://www.w3.org/TR/</a>

#### 2.2 Current Software Versions

- GNU/Linux Fedora 3
- PHP 4.3.10
- Apache 2.0.52
- PostgreSQL 7.4.7
- NuSOAP 1.67: <a href="http://dietrich.ganx4.com/nusoap">http://dietrich.ganx4.com/nusoap</a> (link to PDF documentation:

http://dietrich.ganx4.com/download.php?url=/nusoap/downloads/7469 Chap08.pdf)

- JWSDP 1.4 ( Java Web Services Development Pack) based on Tomcat
- AXIS 1.2 engine for WS
- JAXB java xml binding [JavaTM Architecture for XML Binding(JAXB) Reference Implementation, (build 1.0.4-b18-fcs) ]
- Java: 1.4

#### 3 Database Architecture

Two groups of tables are used:

- Catalogue data tables (one for each data provider);
- Metadata tables describing attributes, catalogue tables and their relationship.

The list of Table names associated with each catalogue and the related URL are reported in **Table 2**. The attributes relevant to each Table are listed in **Table 3**.

Table name	Description	Catalogue URL
goes_xray_flare	GEV GOES event list	ftp://ftp.ngdc.noaa.gov/STP/SOLAR_DATA/SOLAR_FLARES/XRAY_FLARES
halpha_flares_event	Solar H-alpha Flare events	http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/stp/SOLAR/ftpsolarflares.html#halpha
sgas_event	NOAA SGAS Energetic Events	ftp://solar.sec.noaa.gov/pub/forecasts/SGAS
yohkoh_flare_list	Yohkoh HXT Flare List	http://isass1.solar.isas.jaxa.jp/sxt_co/hxt_flare_list.txt
hessi_flare	HESSI Flare List	http://hesperia.gsfc.nasa.gov/ssw/hessi/dbase
kso_flare	Kanzelhoehe Flare List	http://www.kso.ac.at
eit_list	EIT Waves	http://umbra.nascom.nasa.gov/eit #[Contributed by Barbara Thompson (NASA/GSFC)]
yohkoh_sxt_trace_list	Yohkoh SXT TRACE flare list	http://www.lmsal.com/nitta/sxt_trace_flares/list.html
noaa_proton_event	NOAA Proton Events	http://umbra.nascom.nasa.gov/SEP/seps.html
lasco_cme_cat	LASCO CME Catalogue	http://cdaw.gsfc.nasa.gov/CME_list/UNIVERSAL/text_ver/univ_all.txt
lasco_cme_list	LASCO Preliminary CME List	ftp://lasco6.nascom.nasa.gov/pub/lasco/status
bas_magnetic_storms	BAS Magnetic Storms	http://www.antarctica.ac.uk/SatelliteRisks #[Contributed by Richard Horne (BAS)]
srs_list	NOAA SRS Active Regions	ftp://solar.sec.noaa.gov/pub/forecasts/SRS
soho_camp	SoHO Campaign	http://sohowww.nascom.nasa.gov/data/summary/asplanned/campaign/soho_campaign.da
dsd_list	NOAA Daily Solar Data	http://www.sec.noaa.gov/ftpdir/indices/old_indices
sidc_sunspot_number	SIDC Smoothed Monthly Sunspot No.	http://sidc.oma.be/DATA/monthssn.dat
drao_10cm_flux	DRAO 10.7cm Radio Flux Monitor	http://www.spaceweather.gc.ca/sx-eng.php

**Table 2 List of Table names** 

goes_xray_flare	halpha_flares_event	sgas_event	yohkoh_flare_list	hessi_flare	kso_flare	eit_list	yohkoh_sxt_tra	ace_list	noaa_proton_event	
GEV GOES event list		NOAA SGAS Energetic Events	Yohkoh HXT Flare List	HESSI Flare List	Kanzelhoehe Flare List	EIT Waves	Yohkoh SXT TRA	CE flare	NOAA Proton Events	
time start time peak time end nar taltude longitude vary_class optical_class long_car ntime_start time_end	time_peak time_end nar latitude longitude xray_class optical_class long_carr	ime_start ime_peak ime_end nar attude ongitude ray_class optical_class optical_class radio_245mhz radio_sweep_ii adio_sweep_iv swf ong_carr ntime_start ntime_end	time_start time_peak time_geak time_end nar latitude longitude xray_class optical_class hxt_lo hxt_m1 hxt_m2 hxt_hi rem yoh_event	time_peak time_end nar x_arcsec y_arcsec radial_arcsec duration count_sec_peak	time, start time, peak time, peak time, peak time, end latitude longitude optical class long, carr time, start, m time, peak, m time, end_m	pa_central description previmg_time img_time quality speed_planeofsky speed_proj	time_start time_end X_arcsec y_arcsec y_arcsec xray_class link time_start_sxt time_end_sxt n_img X_arcsec_sxt y_arcsec_sxt time_ext_trace wt_dom in71 n195 n284 n1600 n1216 nwt		time_start time_peak nar latitude longitude proton_flux assoc_cme assoc_flare_pk xray_class optical_class	
lasco cme cat	lasco cme list	bas magnetic storms	srs list	soho camp	dsd list	sidc suns	spot number		Irao 10cm flux	
LASCO CME Catalogue	LASCO Preliminary CME List		NOAA SRS Active Regions	SoHO Campaign	NOAA Daily Solar Data	SIDC Smoothed	Monthly Sunspot	DRAO 10.7cm Radio Flux Monitor		
time_start pa_central pa_measure pa_width linear_speed speed2_final speed2_final speed2_20r acceleration	time_start pa_central description	time_end time_end dst hduration	time_start nar latitude longitude long_carr area zurich_class p_value c_value c_value n_spots mag_class region_type	time_start time_end sohoc_num sohoc_name sohoc_type sohoc_obj sohoc_coord sohoc_part sohoc_comm	time_start radio_10cm sesc_ssn ssa new_regions stan_smf xray_bkg c_flares x_flares x_flares opts_flares opt1_flares opt3_flares opt3_flares	time_start time_end ssn	_end time sfu_ sfu_		start	

Table 3 List of attributes

#### 3.1 Catalogue Data and Metadata Tables

```
The creation of catalogue data and metadata tables is carried out by the
sec create.sql procedure as follows:
-- EGSO - SEC server
-- # INAF - Trieste Astronomical Observatory
-- creation script
-- by M.Jurcev, A.Santin last rev. 09-May-2005
-- User creation
DROP USER apache;
CREATE USER apache;
DROP USER root;
CREATE USER root CREATEUSER;
-- Creation of catalogue tables
DROP TABLE sgas_event;
CREATE TABLE sgas_event (
        sgs_id SERI
ntime_start TIMESTAMP,
time_start TIMESTAMP,
time_peak TIMESTAMP,
time_end TIMESTAMP,
ntime_end TIMESTAMP,
                                           SERIAL.
       ntime_end
nar INTEGEN
latitude FLOAT,
longitude FLOAT,
long_carr FLOAT,
xray_class VARCHAR(10),
optical_class VARCHAR(10),
radio_245mhz INTEGER,
radio_10cm INTEGER,
radio_sweep_ii BOOLEAN,
swf VARCHA
                                        INTEGER,
        swf
                                        VARCHAR (10),
        PRIMARY KEY (sgs id)
);
DROP TABLE noaa proton event;
CREATE TABLE noaa_proton_event (
        npe id
        npe_id SERI.
time_start TIMESTAMP,
time_peak TIMESTAMP,
                                         SERIAL,
                                          INTEGER,
        nar
        nar INTEGE
latitude FLOAT,
longitude FLOAT,
proton_flux FLOAT,
assoc_cme VARCHAR(20),
        assoc_flare_pk TIMESTAMP,
xray_class VARCHAR(10),
optical_class VARCHAR(10),
        PRIMARY KEY (npe_id)
);
DROP TABLE hessi flare;
CREATE TABLE hessi flare (
        hef id
                                           SERIAL,
        time_start TIMESTAMP,
```

```
time_peak TIMESTAMP,
time_end TIMESTAMP,
nar INTEG

x_arcsec FLOAT,
y_arcsec FLOAT,
cunt_sec_peak INTEGER,
total_count INTEGER,
energy_kev INTEGER,
primary KEY (hef id)
                                     INTEGER,
         PRIMARY KEY (hef id)
);
DROP TABLE lasco_cme_list;
CREATE TABLE lasco cme list (
        lcl id SERIAL,
         time_start TIMESTAMP,
         pa_central FLOAT,
         description VARCHAR(512),
         PRIMARY KEY (lcl id)
);
DROP TABLE lasco_cme_cat;
CREATE TABLE lasco_cme_cat (
       TE TABLE lasco_cme_cat (

lcc_id SERIA

time_start TIMESTAMP,

pa_central FLOAT,

pa_measure FLOAT,

linear_speed FLOAT,

speed2_init FLOAT,

speed2_final FLOAT,

speed2_20r FLOAT,

acceleration FLOAT,

PRIMARY KEY (lcc_id)
                                               SERIAL,
         PRIMARY KEY (lcc id)
);
DROP TABLE sidc sunspot number;
CREATE TABLE sidc_sunspot_number (
         ssn id SERIAL,
         time start TIMESTAMP,
         time_end TIMESTAMP, ssn FLOA
                                    FLOAT,
         PRIMARY KEY (ssn_id)
);
DROP TABLE drao 10cm flux;
CREATE TABLE drao_10cm_flux (
        sfm_id SERIA

time_start TIMESTAMP,

time_end TIMESTAMP,

sfu_observed FLOAT,

sfu_adjusted FLOAT,

sfu_series_d FLOAT,
                                                SERIAL,
         PRIMARY KEY (sfm_id)
);
DROP TABLE dsd list;
CREATE TABLE dsd_list (
         dsd id
                                      SERIAL,
```

```
time start
                                     TIMESTAMP,
         radio_10cm
                                   INTEGER,
INTEGER,
                                      INTEGER,
         sesc_ssn
        ss_area INTEGEN

new_regions INTEGER,

stan_smf INTEGER,

xray_bkg VARCHAR(10),

c_flares INTEGER,

m_flares INTEGER,

x_flares INTEGER,

opts_flares INTEGER,

opt1_flares INTEGER,

opt2_flares INTEGER,

opt3_flares INTEGER,

PRIMARY KEY (dsd_id)
         ss area
                                          INTEGER,
         PRIMARY KEY (dsd id)
);
DROP TABLE yohkoh flare list;
CREATE TABLE yohkoh flare list (
         yfc_id SERIA
time_start TIMESTAMP,
time_peak TIMESTAMP,
time_end TIMESTAMP,
nar
                                                SERIAL,
         nar
                                               INTEGER,
         latitude FLOAT,
longitude FLOAT,
xray_class VARCHAR(10),
optical_class VARCHAR(10),
hxt_lo INTEGE
         hxt lo
                                            INTEGER,
                                                INTEGER,
         hxt m1
                                                INTEGER,
         hxt m2
                                                INTEGER,
         hxt hi
                                                VARCHAR(3),
         rem
         yoh event
                                      INTEGER,
         PRIMARY KEY (yfc id)
);
DROP TABLE srs list;
CREATE TABLE srs list (
        srs_id SERIAL
time_start TIMESTAMP,
nar INTEGE
latitude FLOAT,
longitude FLOAT,
long_carr FLOAT,
area FLOAT,
zurich_class VARCHAR(2),
p_value VARCHAR
c_value VARCHAR
                                              SERIAL,
                                                INTEGER,
         p_value
c_value
                                              VARCHAR(2),
                                              VARCHAR(2),
         long_extent FLOAT,
         n spots
                                               INTEGER,
         mag_class VARCHAR(20), region_type VARCHAR(30),
         PRIMARY KEY (srs_id)
);
DROP TABLE bas magnetic storms;
CREATE TABLE bas magnetic storms (
         bms id
                              SERIAL,
         time_start TIMESTAMP, time_peak TIMESTAMP,
```

```
TIMESTAMP,
           time end
           hduration
                                                  INTEGER,
                                         INTEGER,
           PRIMARY KEY (bms id)
);
DROP TABLE goes xray flare;
CREATE TABLE goes_xray_flare (
         TABLE goes_xray_flare (
goes_id SERIAL,
ntime_start TIMESTAMP,
time_start TIMESTAMP,
time_peak TIMESTAMP,
time_end TIMESTAMP,
ntime_end TIMESTAMP,
ntime_end TIMESTAMP,
lar INTEGER
latitude FLOAT,
long_carr FLOAT,
xray_class VARCHAR(10),
potical class VARCHAR(10),
       nar
                                                INTEGER,
       longitude
       optical class VARCHAR(10),
       PRIMARY KEY (goes id));
DROP TABLE soho camp;
CREATE TABLE soho_camp (
       soho_id SERIA

time_start TIMESTAMP,

time_end TIMESTAMP,

sohoc_num INTEGER,

sohoc_name VARCHAR(128),

sohoc_type VARCHAR(384),

sohoc_obj VARCHAR(2048),
                                                         SERIAL,
       sohoc coord VARCHAR (128),
       sohoc_part VARCHAR(3328),
sohoc_comm VARCHAR(384),
       PRIMARY KEY (soho id)
);
DROP TABLE kso flare;
CREATE TABLE kso_flare (
       kso_id SERIA:
time_start TIMESTAMP,
time_start_m VARCHAR(2),
time_peak TIMESTAMP,
time_peak_m VARCHAR(2),
time_end TIMESTAMP,
time_end TIMESTAMP,
time_end_m VARCHAR(2),
latitude FLOAT,
longitude FLOAT,
                                                         SERIAL,
           ongitude FLOAT,
long_carr FLOAT,
       optical_class VARCHAR(10),
       PRIMARY KEY (kso_id)
);
DROP TABLE eit list;
CREATE TABLE eit list (
          eit_id SERIAL,
time_start TIMESTAMP,
previmg_time TIMESTAMP,
img_time TIMESTAMP,
quality VARCHAR(4),
latitude FLOAT,
                                                SERIAL,
```

```
longitude FLOAT,
speed_planeofsky FLOAT,
     speed_proj FLOAT,
pa_central FLOAT,
description VARCHAR(128),
        PRIMARY KEY (eit id)
);
DROP TABLE yohkoh sxt trace list;
CREATE TABLE yohkoh_sxt_trace_list (
       yst id
      link VARCHAR (128),
        time_start_sxt
                                          TIMESTAMP,
        time_end_sxt TIMEST xray_class VARCHAR(10), n_img INTEGER,
                                           TIMESTAMP,
        x_arcsec_sxt FLOAT,
        y_arcsec_sxt FLOA'
time_start TIMESTAMP,
time_end TIMESTAMP,
time_sxt_trace TIMESTAMP,
                                          FLOAT,
     time_sxt_trac-
wl_dom INTEGER,
x arcsec FLOAT,
FLOAT,
        y_arcsec FLC
y_arcsec FLC
n171 INTEGER,
n195 INTEGER,
n284 INTEGER,
n1600 INTEGER,
n1216 INTEGER,
nw1 INTEGER,
        PRIMARY KEY (yst id)
);
DROP TABLE halpha flares event;
CREATE TABLE halpha_flares_event (
       ha_id SERIAL,
time_start TIMESTAMP,
time_peak TIMESTAMP,
time_end TIMESTAMP,
                                            INTEGER,
     nar
     latitude FLOAT,
longitude FLOAT,
long_carr FLOAT,
xray_class VARCHAR(10),
     optical class VARCHAR(10),
     PRIMARY KEY (ha id));
-- Creation of metadata tables
DROP TABLE sec catalogue;
        cat_id INTEGE.

cat_id VARCHAR(30),

description VARCHAR(80),

VARCHAR(20),

VARCHA
CREATE TABLE sec_catalogue (
                                            INTEGER,
                                          VARCHAR (20),
         status
                                            VARCHAR (80),
        url
         PRIMARY KEY (cat id)
);
```

```
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DROP TABLE sec attribute;
CREATE TABLE sec attribute (
     attr id
                               INTEGER,
      name
                        VARCHAR (30),
      description
                        VARCHAR (80),
                        VARCHAR (20),
      PRIMARY KEY (attr_id)
);
DROP TABLE sec_cat_attr;
CREATE TABLE sec_cat_attr (
      cat id
                               INTEGER,
      attr id
                               INTEGER
);
-- Permission settings
REVOKE ALL ON TABLE
     sec catalogue,
      sec attribute,
      sec cat attr,
      noaa_proton_event,
      sgas_event,
      hessi_flare,
      lasco_cme_list,
      lasco_cme_cat,
      sidc_sunspot_number,
      drao_10cm_flux,
      dsd list,
      yohkoh flare list,
      srs list,
      bas magnetic storms,
      goes xray flare,
      soho camp,
    kso flare,
    eit list,
    yohkoh sxt trace list,
    halpha_flares_event
FROM apache;
GRANT SELECT ON TABLE
      sec catalogue,
      sec attribute,
      sec_cat_attr,
      noaa proton event,
      sgas event,
      hessi_flare,
      lasco cme list,
      lasco cme cat,
      sidc sunspot number,
      drao 10cm flux,
      dsd list,
      yohkoh_flare_list,
      srs list,
      bas magnetic storms,
      goes xray flare,
      soho camp,
```

kso\_flare,
eit list,

yohkoh\_sxt\_trace\_list, halpha\_flares\_event

```
TO apache;
REVOKE ALL ON TABLE
      sec catalogue,
      sec_attribute,
      sec cat attr,
      noaa_proton_event,
      sgas_event,
      hessi_flare,
      lasco_cme_list,
      lasco_cme_cat,
      sidc_sunspot_number,
      drao 10cm flux,
      dsd list,
      yohkoh_flare_list,
      srs list,
      bas_magnetic_storms,
      goes_xray_flare,
      soho camp,
    kso_flare,
    eit_list,
    yohkoh_sxt_trace_list,
    halpha flares event
FROM root;
GRANT ALL ON TABLE
      sec catalogue,
      sec_attribute,
      sec cat attr,
      noaa proton event,
      sgas event,
      hessi flare,
      lasco cme list,
      lasco cme cat,
      sidc sunspot number,
      drao 10cm flux,
      dsd list,
      yohkoh_flare_list,
      srs list,
      bas magnetic storms,
      goes_xray_flare,
      soho camp,
    kso flare,
    eit list,
    yohkoh_sxt_trace_list,
    halpha flares event
TO root;
```

#### 3.2 Data Attributes

The data attributes are detailed by the **sec\_fillmetadata.sql** procedure, which lists name, meaning and type of all the unique table fields as follows:

```
-- attribute description
-- types:
-- t = datetime
-- i = integer number
-- f = float number
-- b = boolean
```

```
s = string
 DELETE FROM sec_attribute;

1,'time_start', 'event start time', 't');

2,'time_peak', 'event peak time', 't');

3,'time_end', 'event end time', 't');

4,'nar', 'active region number', 'i');

5,'latitude', 'heliographic latitude', 'f');

6,'longitude', 'heliographic longitude', 'f');

7,'x_arcsec', 'x position [arcsec]', 'f');

8,'y_arcsec', 'y position [arcsec]', 'f');

9,'radial_arcsec', 'sun radius [arcsec]', 'f');

10,'pa_central', 'polar angle [deg]', 'f');

11,'pa_measure', 'polar angle measure [deg]', 'f');

12,'proton_flux', 'proton flux units', 'f');

13,'assoc_cme', 'associated CME', 's');

14,'assoc_flare_pk', 'peak time for associated flare', 't');

15,'xray_class', 'x-ray importance class', 's');

16,'optical_class', 'optical importance class', 's');

17,'radio_245mhz', 'radio emission at 245 MHz', 'i');

18,'radio_10cm', 'radio emission at 245 MHz', 'i');

19,'radio_sweep_ii', 'radio sweep type II', 'b');

20,'radio_sweep_ii', 'radio sweep type IV', 'b');

21,'swf', 'short wave fade', 's');

22,'duration', 'duration [s]',

23,'count_sec_peak', 'peak of counts per sec [s-1]', 'i');
     DELETE FROM sec_attribute;
```

```
60,'c value',
                         'c value',
                                                                's');
61, 'long extent',
                         'longitudinal extension',
                                                                'f');
62, 'n spots',
                         'number of sunspots',
                                                                'i');
63, 'mag class',
                         'mag class',
                                                                's');
64, 'region_type',
                         'active region type',
                                                                's');
65,'dst',
                         'magnetic field [nT]',
                                                                'i');
66, 'hduration',
                         'duration [h]',
                                                                'i');
67, 'sohoc num',
                         'SoHO Campaign number',
                                                                'i');
                   'SoHO Campaign objective',
'SoHO Campaign coordinators',
'SoHO Campaign participants',
'SoHO Campaign comments'.
'selection start'
68, 'sohoc name',
                        'SoHO Campaign name',
                                                                's');
69, 'sohoc_type',
                                                                's');
70,'sohoc_obj',
                                                                's');
71, 'sohoc_coord',
                                                                's');
72, 'sohoc_part',
                                                                's');
73, 'sohoc_comm',
                                                                's');
74, 'ntime_start',
                                                                't');
75, 'ntime end',
                         'selection end time',
                                                                't');
76, 'time start m',
                         'event start time modifier',
                                                                's');
77, 'time_peak_m',
                         'event peak modifier',
                                                                's');
78, 'time_end_m',
                         'event end time modifier',
                                                                's');
79, 'previmg_time',
                         'Previous Image Time',
                                                                't');
80,'img_time',
                         'Image Time',
                                                                't');
81,'quality',
                         'Quality Rating',
                                                                's');
                         'Plane-of-Sky Speed',
                                                                'f');
82, 'speed planeofsky',
83,'speed_proj',
                         'Projected Speed',
                                                                'f');
                         'The location of the SXT PFI file at ISAS', 's');
84,'link',
                         'Times of the first flare mode SXT images', 't');
85, 'time start sxt',
                         'Times of the last flare mode SXT images', 't');
86, 'time end sxt',
                         'Number of flare mode SXT images', 'i');
87,'n img',
                         'Coord. X (arcsec from disk center) of the
88,'x arcsec sxt',
                         center of the 6th SXT flare mode image', 'f');
                         'Coord. Y (arcsec from disk center) of the center
89, 'y arcsec sxt',
                         of the 6th SXT flare mode image',
                                                                'f');
                         'Time of the TRACE image closest to
90, 'time sxt trace',
                         time start sxt',
                                                                        't');
                         'Wavelength at which the greatest number of
91,'wl dom',
                   images is taken',
                                       'i');
92,'n171',
                   'Number of TRACE images at 171 A',
                                                                'i');
93,'n195',
                  'Number of TRACE images at 195 A',
                                                                'i');
94,'n284',
                  'Number of TRACE images at 284 A',
                                                                'i');
95,'n1600',
                  'Number of TRACE images at 1600 A',
                                                                'i');
96,'n1216',
                  'Number of TRACE images at 1216 A',
                                                                'i');
97,'nwl', 'Number of TRACE images at WL',
```

#### 3.3 Catalogue-Data Attribute Cross-Matrix

The attribute-catalogue relationship is schematized in Figure 3.

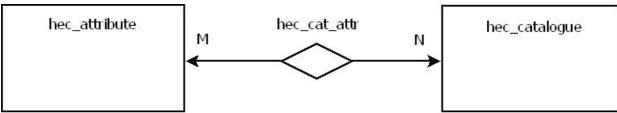


Figure 3 Attribute-catalogue relationship schema

Table 4 excerpted illustrates the correspondence (cross-matrix) between all the catalogue providers available data (columns) and all the above attributes (rows).

Each row of the cross-matrix shows all the available catalogues offering a certain attribute, while every column gives all the available data fields of a single provider.

Field name	Туре	Description	goes_ xray_ flare	halpha_ flares_ event	sgas_ event	yohkoh flare_ fl	hessi_kso_e flare_flare_l	eit_ e list	yohkoh_ sxt_ trace_ list	noaa_ proton_ event	cme_cat	lasco_ cme_ list	bas_ magnetic_ storms	srs_soho_c list_camp	o_dsd_s	sidc_ unspot_ number	drao_ 10cm_ flux
acceleration	float	acceleration [km/sec^2]									×			_	L		
area	float	area						L,						×			
assoc_cme	string	associated CME								×							
assoc_flare_pk	datetime	datetime peak time for associated flare								×							
c_flares	integer	class C flares													×		
count_sec_peak	integer	peak of counts per sec [s-1]					×							_			
c_value	string	c value												×			
description	string	event description						×				×			_		
dst	integer	magnetic field [nT]											×				
duration	integer	duration [s]					×	L,									
energy_kev	float	energy [keV]					×										
flare_number	integer	flare id number					×										
hduration	integer	duration [h]											×				
hxt_hi	integer	HXT hi				×		L						L			
hxt_lo	integer	HXT Io				×											
hxt_m1	integer	HXT m1				×								_			
hxt_m2	integer	HXT m2				×											
img_time	datetime	datetime Image Time						×									
latitude	float	heliographic latitude	×	×	×	×	×	×		×				×			
linear_speed	float	linear speed [km/sec]									×						
link	string	The location of the SXT PFI file at ISAS							×								
long_carr	float	Carrington longitude	×	×	×		×	L						×			
long_extent	float	longitudinal extension												×			
longitude	float	heliographic longitude	×	×	×	×	×	×		×				×			
mag_class	string	mag class				_								×			
m_flares	integer	class M flares													×		
n1216	integer	Number of TRACE images at 1216 A							×								
n1600	integer	Number of TRACE images at 1600 A							×					_			
n171	integer	Number of TRACE images at 171 A							×								
n195	integer	Number of TRACE images at 195 A							×								
n284	integer	Number of TRACE images at 284 A							×								
nar	integer	active region number	×	×	×	×	×			×				×			

Table 4 Catalogue-data attribute cross-matrix

#### 3.4 Function Details

Attribute details

The system cron service activates the download from catalogue providers every day at 04.00

```
Metadata Server Infrastructure – HEC Version 1.0
```

UTC.

#### **Function calls tree**

```
cron -> sec loader.sh
```

sec loader.sh

#### catalogue load and parse functions

```
sec load hef.php
                           HESSI Flare List
sec load npe.php
                           NOAA Proton Events
sec load lcl.php
                           LASCO Preliminary CME List
sec load lcc.php
                           LASCO CME Catalogue
                           SIDC Smoothed Monthly Sunspot No.
sec load ssn.php
sec load sfm.php
                           DRAO 10.7cm Radio Flux Monitor
sec_load dsd.php
                           NOAA Daily Solar Data
sec load sgs.php
                           Solar H-alpha Flare events
sec load yfc.php
                           Yohkoh HXT Flare List
sec load srs.php
                           NOAA SRS Active Regions
sec load bms.php
                           BAS Magnetic Storms
sec load goes.php
                           GEV GOES event list
sec load soho.php
                           SoHO Campaign
sec load kso.php
                           Kanzelhoehe Flare List
sec load eit.php
                           EIT Waves
                           Yohkoh SXT TRACE Flare List
sec load yst.php
sec load ha.php
                           Solar H-alpha Flare events
sec create.sql
                           database structure creation
sec fillmetadata.sql
                           metadata tables popolation
                           HTML documentation from metadata generation
sec doc gen.php
sec insert.sql
                           catalogues tables population
                           HTML catalogue description (date range, # records)
sec range.php
sec graph.php
                           PNG graph list entry population
```

• **sec\_loader.sh** calls all the php functions which download and parse downloaded data from all the catalogues.

Such php functions write temporary converted data files in the temp/ directory and these files are used by the procedure **sec\_insert.sql** to populate/update the PostgreSQL database tables (as detailed in **sec\_create.sql** procedure).

The general scheme of a loader procedure is given in the following:

```
# 1st 26-nov-03, last 26-nov-03
      require ("sec global.php");
      // get files from HTTP or FTP
      // copy files to temporary directory
      // delete local file if needed
      // parse files and create postgres-ready file (\t
                                                          tab
                                                                separated
values)
      $f1 = fopen("$tempdir/XXX.postgres.converted",'w');
      $f2 = fopen("$tempdir/data.dat",'r');
      while (!feof ($f2)) {
           //get one row
    $buffer = fgets($f2);
    //extract needed values
    $year = substr($buffer,0,4);
            $month = substr($buffer,4,2);
            $day = substr($buffer,6,2);
            $x = substr($buffer,9,2);
            if (x == "") x = "\N";//empty values MUST be filled with a \N
null
    //write to postgres-ready file
            $out = sprintf("%04d-%02d-01
                                                00:00:00\t%04d-%02d-%02d
23:59:59\t%f\n", $year, $month, $year, $month, $day, $x);
            fwrite($f1,$out);
      }//while
      fclose($f2);
      fclose($f1);
?>
```

As an example the listing of the **sec\_load\_goes.php** procedure that loads and parses the GEV GOES event list is reported in the following:

```
exec ("wget -P temp/goes -N -A 'XRAY[1-9]*', 'xray[1-9]*'
ftp://anonymous@ftp.ngdc.noaa.gov/STP/SOLAR DATA/SOLAR FLARES/XRAY FLARES/\
*");
            exec ("cat temp/goes/xray* temp/goes/XRAY* > all xray.txt");
            copy ("all xray.txt",$tempdir."/all xray.txt");
            unlink ("all xray.txt");
      // parse files and create postgres-ready file
      $f1 = fopen("$tempdir/GOES.postgres.converted",'w');
      $f2 = fopen("$tempdir/all xray.txt",'r');
      $ntime err=0;
      while (!feof ($f2)) {
            $i=1; //buf array index
            $buffer = fgets($f2);
            $buffer=substr($buffer,1,255);//echo "????????\n";
            // get date
            $y = substr($buffer,5,2);
            if ($y<70) $y=$y+2000; else $y=$y+1900;
            $mo = substr($buffer,7,2);
            $d = substr($buffer,9,2);
            $jd = GregorianToJD ($mo,$d,$y);
            //next day
            $gregorian = JDToGregorian ($jd+1);// mm/dd/yyyy
            $dd=split("/",$gregorian);
            $dateinc=sprintf("%04d/%02d/%02d",$dd[2],$dd[0],$dd[1]);// next
day date
            //day before
            $gregorian = JDToGregorian ($jd-1);// mm/dd/yyyy
            $dd=split("/",$gregorian);
            $datedec=sprintf("%04d/%02d/%02d",$dd[2],$dd[0],$dd[1]);//
previous day date
            //next two day
            $gregorian = JDToGregorian ($jd+2);// mm/dd/yyyy
            $dd=split("/",$gregorian);
            $dateinc2=sprintf("%04d/%02d/%02d",$dd[2],$dd[0],$dd[1]);//
next day date
            //next three day
            $gregorian = JDToGregorian ($jd+2);// mm/dd/yyyy
            $dd=split("/",$gregorian);
            $dateinc3=sprintf("%04d/%02d/%02d",$dd[2],$dd[0],$dd[1]);//
next day date
            if (checkdate($mo,$d,$y)) {
            $date = sprintf("%04d/%02d/%02d",$y,$mo,$d);
        } else {
            $date = "";
        }
        //start time
        if (strlen(trim(substr($buffer,13,4))) == 4) {
$m start=substr($buffer,13,2)*60+substr($buffer,15,2);//start time in
minutes
            if (substr($buffer,13,2)<24) {</pre>
                $buf[$i++]=$date."
".substr($buffer,13,2).":".substr($buffer,15,2).":00";
                        $et=substr($buffer,13,2)+substr($buffer,15,2)/60;
                $buf[$i++]=$dateinc." ".(substr($buffer,13,2)-
24).":".substr($buffer,15,2).":00";
```

```
$et=(substr($buffer,13,2)-
24) +substr($buffer, 15, 2) /60;
        } else {
            $buf[$i++]="";
                  $et=-1;
        //end time
        if (strlen(trim(substr($buffer,18,4)))==4) {
                  $m end=substr($buffer,18,2)*60+substr($buffer,20,2);//end
time in minutes
                  if (substr($buffer,18,2)>=24) // dateinc,h=h-24
              $buf[$i++]=$dateinc." ".(substr($buffer,18,2)-
24).":".substr($buffer,20,2).":00";
                  else {
                if ($m_start>$m_end) // dateinc,h=h
                    $buf[$i++]=$dateinc."
".(substr($buffer,18,2)).":".substr($buffer,20,2).":00";
                      else {
                    $buf[$i++]=$date."
".substr($buffer,18,2).":".substr($buffer,20,2).":00";
            }
        } else {
            $buf[$i++]="";
        //peak time
        if (strlen(trim(substr($buffer,23,4)))==4) {
      $m peak=substr($buffer,23,2)*60+substr($buffer,25,2);//peak time in
minutes
                  if (substr(\$buffer,23,2)>=24) // dateinc,h=h-24
              $buf[$i++]=$dateinc." ".(substr($buffer,23,2)-
24).":".substr($buffer,25,2).":00";
                  else {
                if ($m start>$m peak) // dateinc,h=h
                    $buf[$i++]=$dateinc."
".(substr($buffer,23,2)).":".substr($buffer,25,2).":00";
                else {
                    $buf[$i++]=$date."
".substr($buffer,23,2).":".substr($buffer,25,2).":00";
                }
        } else {
            $buf[$i++]="";
        }
        if ($m start>$m peak) { $m peak+=1440; echo "peakinc:$buffer\n";
$f=1;} else $f=0;
        if ($m start>$m end) $m end+=1440;
            if (($buf[1]!="") and ($buf[2]!="") and ($buf[3]!="")
             and ($m start<=$m peak) and ($m peak<=$m end)) {
                  //ntime start * selection start time (t0) as a full
flare rise time before the declared start time
                  $t0=$m peak-2*($m peak-$m start);
                  $t0 date=$date;
                  if ($t0<0) {
                        $t0+=1440;
                        $t0 date=$datedec;
                  $t0h=sprintf("%02d",floor($t0/60));
```

```
$t0m=sprintf("%02d",$t0 % 60);
                  $ntime start=$t0 date." ".$t0h.":".$t0m.":00";
                  //ntime end * selection end time (t1) as 8 times the
time to half intensity after the flare maximum (=> ~1/50th intensity)
                  $t1=$m peak+8*($m end-$m peak);
                  $t1 date=$date;
                  if ($t1>1439) {
                        $t1=$t1-1440;
                        $t1 date=$dateinc;
                  if ($t1>1439) {
                        $t1=$t1-1440;
                        $t1_date=$dateinc2;
                  if ($t1>1439) {
                        $t1=$t1-1440;
                        $t1_date=$dateinc3;
                  $t1h=sprintf("%02d",floor($t1/60));
                  $t1m=sprintf("%02d",$t1 % 60);
                  $ntime end=$t1 date." ".$t1h.":".$t1m.":00";
            } else {
                  echo ("err:$buffer\n");
            $ntime err++;
                  $ntime start="";
                  $ntime end="";
            }
        //swap end and peak times
        $tmp=$buf[2];
        $buf[2]=$buf[3];
        $buf[3]=$tmp;
        // convert lat
        $st=trim(substr($buffer,28,3));
        if (substr($st,0,1) == "S")
            $buf[$i++]="-".substr($st,1,2);
            $buf[$i++]=substr($st,1,2);
        // convert long
        $st=trim(substr($buffer,31,3));
        if (substr($st,0,1)=="E")
            $buf[$i++]="-".substr($st,1,2);
        else
            $buf[$i++]=substr($st,1,2);
            if (($buf[$i-1]!="") and ($et>-1))
                  $longcarr=long carr($y,$mo,$d,$et,$buf[$i-1]);
            else
                  $longcarr="";
        // optical class
        $buf[$i++] = strtolower(trim(substr($buffer,34,2)));
        // xray class
            $st=sprintf("%.1f",trim(substr($buffer,60,3))/10);
            $buf[$i++] = substr($buffer,59,1).$st;
            $nar = trim(substr($buffer,80,5));// % 10000;
        if (is numeric($nar)) $buf[$i++] = $nar; else $buf[$i++] =
"";//38684
```

```
$buf[$i++]=$ntime_start;
$buf[$i++]=$ntime_end;
$buf[$i++]=$longcarr;
if ($buf[1]=="") $out="\N"; else $out=$buf[1];
for ($k=2;$k<=11;$k++) {
    if ($buf[$k]=="") $buf[$k]="\N";
        $out.="\t".$buf[$k];
    }
    $out.="\n";
    if ($buf[1]!="") fwrite($f1,$out);
}
fclose($f2);
fclose($f1);
echo "ntime_err=$ntime_err\n";
?>
```

- sec insert.sql populates catalogue tables;
- sec fillmetadata.sql populates metadata tables.
- sec\_doc\_gen.php generates HTML documentation page from metadata tables.
- **sec range.php** generates the following HTML table (Table 5):

CATALOGUE	NAME	TYPE	FROM	TO	STATUS	RECORDS
GEV GOES event list	goes_xray_flare	event	1975-Sep-01	2010-Feb-28	active	64761
Solar H-alpha Flare events	halpha_flares_event	event	1980-Jan-01	2008-Dec-11	active	189191
NOAA SGAS Energetic Events	sgas_event	event	1996-Jan-04	2010-Mar-04	active	8125
Yohkoh HXT Flare List	yohkoh_flare_list	event	1991-Oct-01	2001-Dec-14	closed	3112
HESSI Flare List	hessi_flare	event	2002-Feb-12	2010-Mar-13	active	53623
Kanzelhoehe Flare List	kso_flare	event	1984-Jan-02	2010-Feb-09	active	8330
EIT Waves	eit_list	list	1997-Mar-25	1998-Jun-16	closed	460
Yohkoh SXT TRACE flare list	yohkoh_sxt_trace_list	list	1900-Jan-22	1999-Dec-27	closed	392
NOAA Proton Events	noaa_proton_event	event	1976-Apr-30	2006-Dec-13	active	224
LASCO CME Catalogue	lasco_cme_cat	event	1996-Jan-11	2009-Sep-30	active	14562
LASCO Preliminary CME List	lasco_cme_list	event	1900-May-26	2909-Dec-23	active	12170
BAS Magnetic Storms	bas_magnetic_storms	index	1992-Jan-08	2002-Dec-28	inactive	372
NOAA SRS Active Regions	srs_list	index	1996-Jan-02	2010-Mar-14	active	35159
SoHO Campaign	soho_camp	list	1996-Mar-06	2010-May-07	active	1305
NOAA Daily Solar Data	dsd_list	index	1994-Jan-01	2010-Mar-13	active	5916
SIDC Smoothed Monthly Sunspot No.	sidc_sunspot_number	index	1749-Jul-01	2009-Aug-31	active	3122
DRAO 10.7cm Radio Flux Monitor	drao_10cm_flux	index	1975-Jan-01	2010-Mar-13	active	22917

Table 5 List of catalogue time spans, activity status and data volume

• **sec\_graph.php** generates the following PNG image:

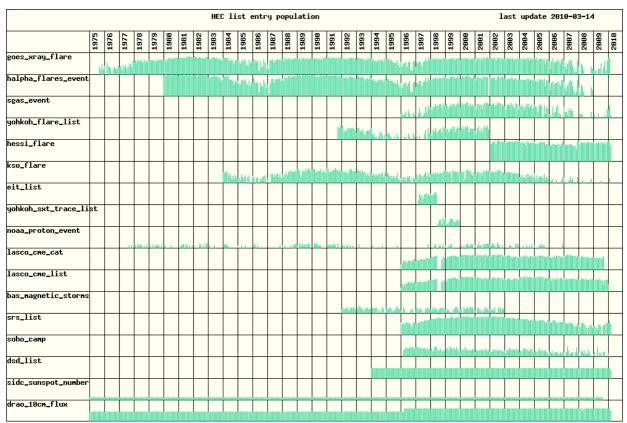


Figure 4 Graph reporting the list entry population

#### 4 Web Service

The HEC Web Service wsSEC (see Figure 5) publishes one web method named "sql".

The "sql" method accepts as input a string, formatted as any SQL (SELECT) statement on any table/view defined inside the DB and return a string formatted as a VOTable.

To consume an axis Web Service one needs to generate stubs using Axis WSDL-to-Java tool in "org.apache.axis.wsdl.WSDL2Java".

The basic invocation form looks like this:

#### % java org.apache.axis.wsdl.WSDL2Java (WSDL-file-URL)

Applied to HEC it looks like:

% java org.apache.axis.wsdl.WSDL2Java http://imhotep.oats.inaf.it:8080/axis/services/wsSEC?wsdl

This will generate all java proxies classes needs to consume HEC methods.

In this release NetBeans is used as IDE but is possible to use Eclipse as well.

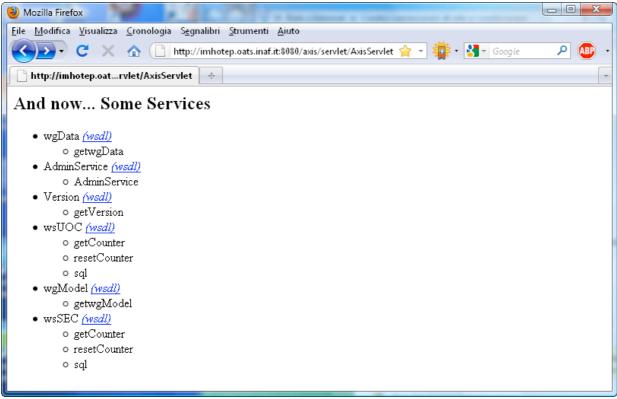


Figure 5 The wsSEC web service and the related wsdl file link

The related wsdl file is reported in the following.

```
- <wsdl:output name="getCounterResponse">
         <wsdlsoap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:output>
    </wsdl:operation>
  - <wsdl:operation name="resetCounter">
      <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
    - <wsdl:input name="resetCounterRequest">
         <wsdlsoap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:input>
    - <wsdl:output name="resetCounterResponse">
        <wsdlsoap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:output>
    </wsdl:operation>
  -<wsdl:operation name="sq1">
      <wsdlsoap:operation soapAction=""/>
    - <wsdl:input name="sqlRequest">
         <wsdlsoap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:input>
    - <wsdl:output name="sqlResponse">
        <wsdlsoap:body use="literal"/>
      </wsdl:output>
    </wsdl:operation>
  </wsdl:binding>
- <wsdl:service name="wsSECService">
  - <wsdl:port binding="impl:wsSECSoapBinding" name="wsSEC">
      <wsdlsoap:address location="http://imhotep.oats.inaf.it:8080/axis/services/wsSEC"/>
    </wsdl:port>
  </wsdl:service>
</wsdl:definitions>
```

#### 5 Graphical User Interface

The GUI provides the user with three different levels of search modes via a web page (Figure 6).

The outcome of all of them is an HTML page with the results formatted in tabular form, a VOTable and a text file.

In the following we illustrate such modes by means of some standard searches.

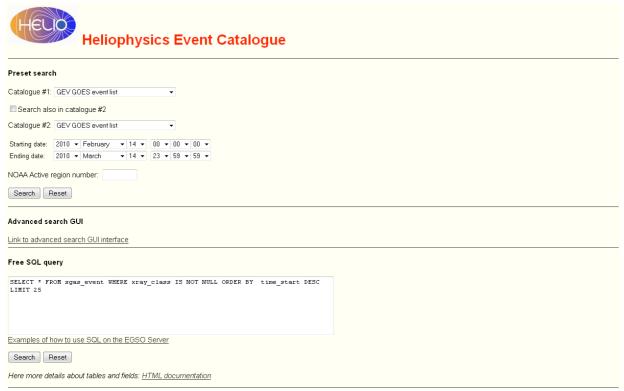
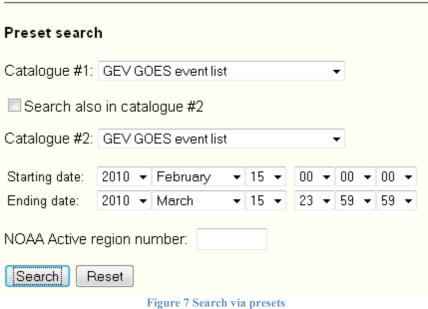


Figure 6 GUI main page

#### 5.1 Search Mode via Presets

The Preset Search (Figure 7) is based on a coded set of options relevant to the available catalogues (Figure 8) and to the starting and ending date and time.

When the GEV GOES Event List is selected and the dates and times are specified, the relevant HTML (Figure 10), VOTable (Figure 11) and TXT file (Figure 12) are generated.



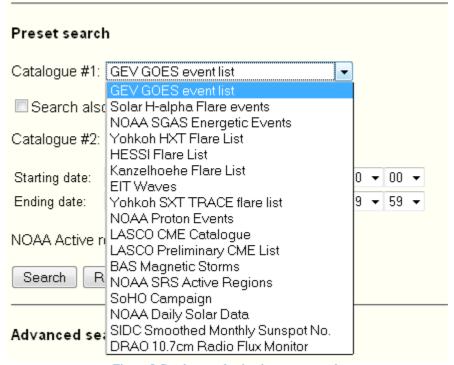


Figure 8 Catalogue selection in preset search

Preset searcl	n											
Catalogue #1:	GEV GC	ES event lis	t					<u></u>	•			
Search also	o in catal	ogue #2										
Catalogue #2:	GEV GC	ES event lis	t						•			
Starting date:	2010 🕶	February	•	15	•	0	0	•	00	•	00	<b>~</b>
Ending date:	2010 ▼	March	•	15	•	2	3	•	59	•	59	•
NOAA Active r	egion nu	mber:										
Search R	eset											

Figure 9 Launch of a sample search for the GEV GOES event list

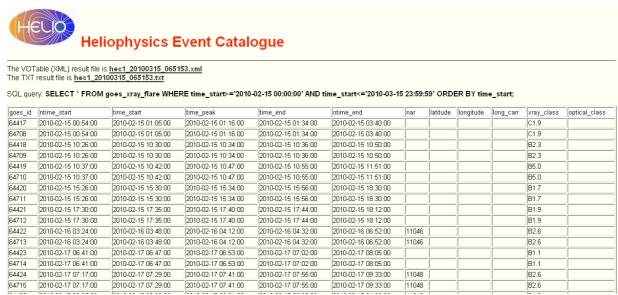


Figure 10 HTML page reporting the search results

```
- <VOTABLE version="1.0">
   <DEFINITIONS/>
  - < RESOURCE >
      <DESCRIPTION>EGSO SEC Server</DESCRIPTION>
    - <TABLE>
        <FIELD name="goes_id" datatype="int"/>
        <FIELD name="ntime_start" datatype="char" arraysize="3400"/>
        <FIELD name="time_start" datatype="char" arraysize="3400"/>
        <FIELD name="time_peak" datatype="char" arraysize="3400"/>
        <FIELD name="time_end" datatype="char" arraysize="3400"/>
        <FIELD name="ntime_end" datatype="char" arraysize="3400"/>
        <FIELD name="nar" datatype="int"/>
        <FIELD name="latitude" datatype="float"/>
        <FIELD name="longitude" datatype="float"/>
        <FIELD name="long_carr" datatype="float"/>
        <FIELD name="xray class" datatype="char" arraysize="3400"/>
        <FIELD name="optical_class" datatype="char" arraysize="3400"/>
      < CDATA >
        - <TABLEDATA>
           -<TR>
              <TD>64417</TD>
              <TD>2010-02-15 00:54:00</TD>
              <TD>2010-02-15 01:05:00</TD>
              <TD>2010-02-15 01:16:00</TD>
              <TD>2010-02-15 01:34:00</TD>
              <TD>2010-02-15 03:40:00</TD>
              <TD/>
              <TD/>
              <TD/>
              <TD/>
              <TD>C1.9</TD>
              <TD/>
            </TR>
```

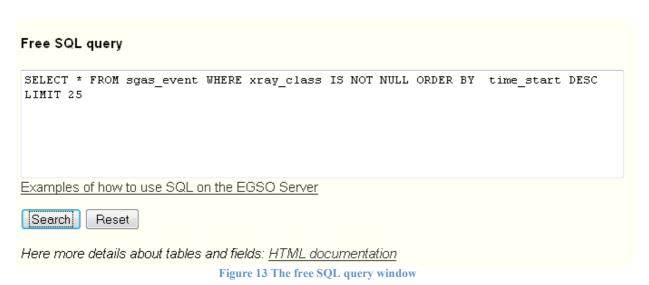
Figure 11 VOTable reporting the search results

goes i	intime start time :	start time peak	time end ntime e	end nar latit	ude longitude	long carr	xray class	
64417	2010-02-15 00:54:00	2010-02-15 01:05:00	2010-02-15 01:16:00	2010-02-15 01:34:00	2010-02-15 03:40:00			optical_class C1.9
64708	2010-02-15 00:54:00	2010-02-15 01:05:00	2010-02-15 01:16:00	2010-02-15 01:34:00	2010-02-15 03:40:00			C1.9
64418	2010-02-15 10:26:00	2010-02-15 10:30:00	2010-02-15 10:34:00	2010-02-15 10:36:00	2010-02-15 10:50:00			B2.3
64709	2010-02-15 10:26:00	2010-02-15 10:30:00	2010-02-15 10:34:00	2010-02-15 10:36:00	2010-02-15 10:50:00			B2.3
64419	2010-02-15 10:37:00	2010-02-15 10:42:00	2010-02-15 10:47:00	2010-02-15 10:55:00	2010-02-15 11:51:00			B5.0
64710	2010-02-15 10:37:00	2010-02-15 10:42:00	2010-02-15 10:47:00	2010-02-15 10:55:00	2010-02-15 11:51:00			B5.0
64420	2010-02-15 15:26:00	2010-02-15 15:30:00	2010-02-15 15:34:00	2010-02-15 15:56:00	2010-02-15 18:30:00			B1.7
64711	2010-02-15 15:26:00	2010-02-15 15:30:00	2010-02-15 15:34:00	2010-02-15 15:56:00	2010-02-15 18:30:00			B1.7
64421	2010-02-15 17:30:00	2010-02-15 17:35:00	2010-02-15 17:40:00	2010-02-15 17:44:00	2010-02-15 18:12:00			B1.9
64712	2010-02-15 17:30:00	2010-02-15 17:35:00	2010-02-15 17:40:00	2010-02-15 17:44:00	2010-02-15 18:12:00			B1.9
64422	2010-02-16 03:24:00	2010-02-16 03:48:00	2010-02-16 04:12:00	2010-02-16 04:32:00	2010-02-16 06:52:00	11046		B2.6
64713	2010-02-16 03:24:00	2010-02-16 03:48:00	2010-02-16 04:12:00	2010-02-16 04:32:00	2010-02-16 06:52:00	11046		B2.6
64423	2010-02-17 06:41:00	2010-02-17 06:47:00	2010-02-17 06:53:00	2010-02-17 07:02:00	2010-02-17 08:05:00			B1.1
64714	2010-02-17 06:41:00	2010-02-17 06:47:00	2010-02-17 06:53:00	2010-02-17 07:02:00	2010-02-17 08:05:00			B1.1
64424	2010-02-17 07:17:00	2010-02-17 07:29:00	2010-02-17 07:41:00	2010-02-17 07:55:00	2010-02-17 09:33:00	11048		B2.6
64715	2010-02-17 07:17:00	2010-02-17 07:29:00	2010-02-17 07:41:00	2010-02-17 07:55:00	2010-02-17 09:33:00	11048		B2.6
64425	2010-02-17 20:25:00	2010-02-17 20:28:00	2010-02-17 20:31:00	2010-02-17 20:35:00	2010-02-17 21:03:00	11049		B1.3
64716	2010-02-17 20:25:00	2010-02-17 20:28:00	2010-02-17 20:31:00	2010-02-17 20:35:00	2010-02-17 21:03:00	11049		B1.3
64426	2010-02-17 23:38:00	2010-02-17 23:41:00	2010-02-17 23:44:00	2010-02-17 23:52:00	2010-02-18 00:48:00	11049		B1.1
64717	2010-02-17 23:38:00	2010-02-17 23:41:00	2010-02-17 23:44:00	2010-02-17 23:52:00	2010-02-18 00:48:00	11049		B1.1
64427	2010-02-18 00:40:00	2010-02-18 00:50:00	2010-02-18 01:00:00	2010-02-18 01:05:00	2010-02-18 01:40:00	11049		B1.3
64718	2010-02-18 00:40:00	2010-02-18 00:50:00	2010-02-18 01:00:00	2010-02-18 01:05:00	2010-02-18 01:40:00	11049		B1.3
64428	2010-02-18 11:27:00	2010-02-18 11:32:00	2010-02-18 11:37:00	2010-02-18 11:45:00	2010-02-18 12:41:00	11049		B1.8
64719	2010-02-18 11:27:00	2010-02-18 11:32:00	2010-02-18 11:37:00	2010-02-18 11:45:00	2010-02-18 12:41:00	11049		B1.8
64429	2010-02-19 08:54:00	2010-02-19 09:05:00	2010-02-19 09:16:00	2010-02-19 09:33:00	2010-02-19 11:32:00	11049		B2.7
64720	2010-02-19 08:54:00	2010-02-19 09:05:00	2010-02-19 09:16:00	2010-02-19 09:33:00	2010-02-19 11:32:00	11049		B2.7
64430	2010-02-20 09:11:00	2010-02-20 09:15:00	2010-02-20 09:19:00	2010-02-20 09:27:00	2010-02-20 10:23:00	11046		B1.2
64721	2010-02-20 09:11:00	2010-02-20 09:15:00	2010-02-20 09:19:00	2010-02-20 09:27:00	2010-02-20 10:23:00	11046		B1.2
64431	2010-02-21 01:44:00	2010-02-21 01:50:00	2010-02-21 01:56:00	2010-02-21 02:01:00	2010-02-21 02:36:00			B1.4
64722	2010-02-21 01:44:00	2010-02-21 01:50:00	2010-02-21 01:56:00	2010-02-21 02:01:00	2010-02-21 02:36:00			B1.4
64432	2010-02-21 10:08:00	2010-02-21 11:12:00	2010-02-21 12:16:00	2010-02-21 12:26:00	2010-02-21 13:36:00			B1.2
64723	2010-02-21 10:08:00	2010-02-21 11:12:00	2010-02-21 12:16:00	2010-02-21 12:26:00	2010-02-21 13:36:00			B1.2
64433	2010-02-21 15:12:00	2010-02-21 15:40:00	2010-02-21 16:08:00	2010-02-21 16:41:00	2010-02-21 20:32:00			B1.4
64724	2010-02-21 15:12:00	2010-02-21 15:40:00	2010-02-21 16:08:00	2010-02-21 16:41:00	2010-02-21 20:32:00			B1.4
			40.00				-	B2 2

Figure 12 Text file reporting the search results

#### **5.2 SQL Free Search**

For test purposes any SQL string can be manually entered in a window to be parsed and processed by the system (Figure 13).



5.3 Advanced GUI

An advanced GUI has been developed for extended search tests on a single catalogue.

It can be used both via presets and via interactive selection of parameters (see Figure 14, Figure 15, Figure 16, Figure 17).

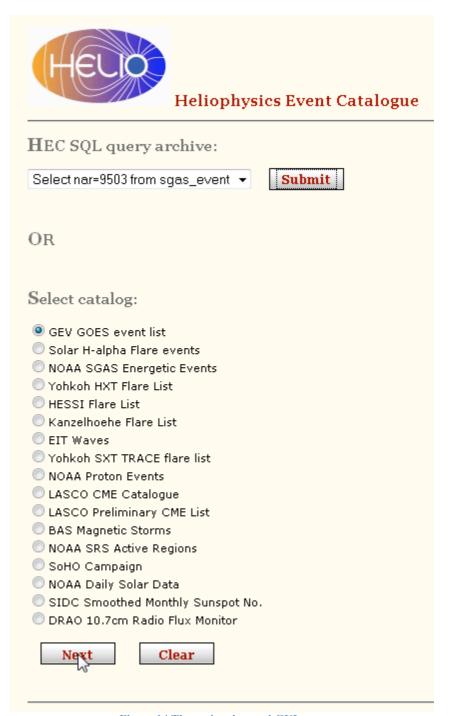


Figure 14 The main advanced GUI page

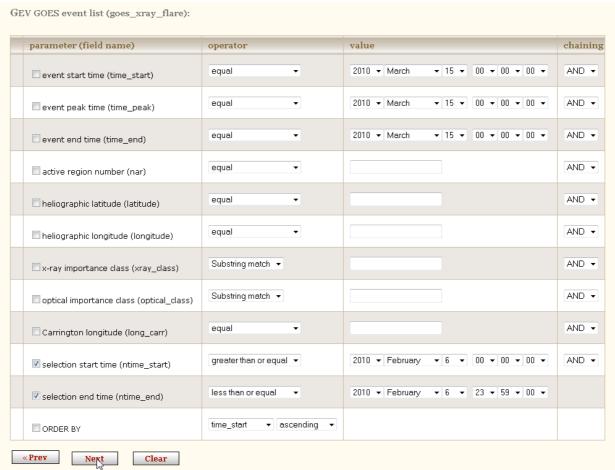


Figure 15 Conditions setup table for the advanced search

64612 |2010-02-06 21:25:00 | 64613 | 2010-02-06 22:23:00

returned rows = 22

2010-02-06 22:27:00

2010-02-06 22:31:00

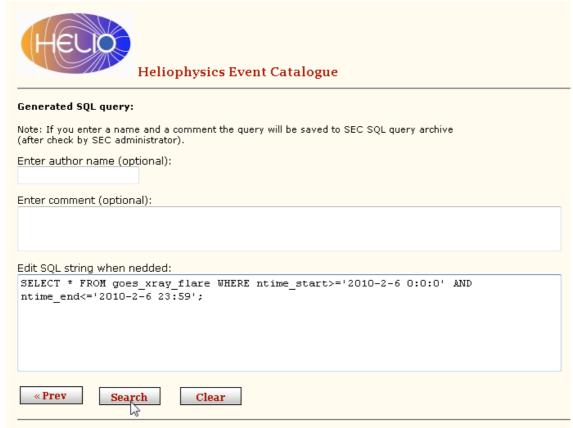


Figure 16 SQL string built up from the selected advanced search conditions

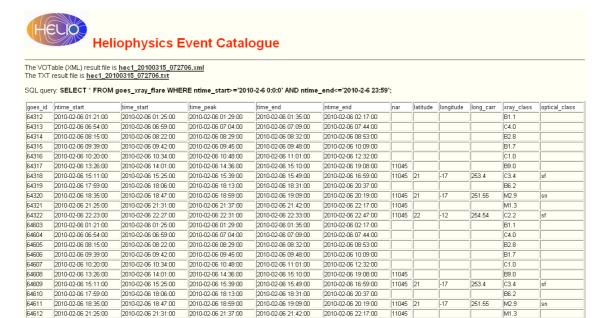


Figure 17 Advanced search results

2010-02-06 22:47:00

11045 2

2010-02-06 22:33:00

254 54