

① ~~$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) \sin \frac{1}{x} + \cos x$~~
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② $f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & x \leq \pi/2 \\ 1, & x > \pi/2 \end{cases}$

$f(\pi/2) = -0.5$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/2+0} f(x) = 1$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/2-0} f(x) = -1/2$

③ $f(x) = x^3 - x^2$

a) $D(f) = \mathbb{R}, R(f) = \mathbb{R}$

b) $x^3 - x^2 = 0$

$x^2(x-1) = 0 \quad x_{1,2} = 0; x_3 = 1$

c) $\begin{cases} (-\infty, 0) & f(x) < 0 \\ (0, 1) & f(x) < 0 \\ (1, +\infty) & f(x) > 0 \end{cases}$

d) $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 2x$
 $3x^2 - 2x = 0, \quad x_1 = 0; x_2 = 2/3$

$(-\infty, 0) \quad f'(x) \text{ boz.}$

$(0, 2/3) \quad f'(x) \text{ yosq.}$

$(2/3, +\infty) \quad f'(x) \text{ boz.}$

e) $f(x)$ - p.e. obosiro bozqa!

$3x=2: f(2)=4; f(-2)=-12$

$f(x) + f(-x); f(x) \neq -f(-x)$

f) $f(x)$ He op

g) $f(x)$ He neposoz.

④ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - 1}{x} \quad \Delta \quad t = (1+x)^{1/6}; t \rightarrow 1$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - 1}{x}$

$\lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t^3 - 1}{t^2 - 1} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{(t-1)(t^2+t+1)}{(t-1)(t+1)} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t^2+t+1}{t+1} = 3/2$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x+3}{x} \right)^{4x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^{4x+1} = e^4$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^3 - 2x^2}{4x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x - 2}{4} = -1/2$

$= e^2$

$$5) a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{4x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin 2x}{2x} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\frac{\sin x}{x}} = 1$$

$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\arcsin x} = 1$$

$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{4x+3}{4x-3} \right)^{6x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{4x-3+6}{4x-3} \right)^{6x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{6}{4x-3} \right)^{6x} \\ = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{4x-3}{6}} \right)^{\frac{6 \cdot 6x}{4x-3}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{36x}{4x-3}} \\ = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{9 \cdot 4x - 9 \cdot 3 + 9 \cdot 3}{4x-3}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(9 + \frac{27}{4x-3} \right)} = e^9$$

$$e) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x + \ln x}{x} \stackrel{\text{operator.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = 0$$

$$f) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x + \ln x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln x}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\ln x}{x} \right) = \mathbb{R}_+; \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +0} \frac{\ln x}{x} = -\infty$$