

$$c) (\nabla f(x_2) - \nabla f(x_1))^T (x_2 - x_1) \geq \frac{1}{L} \|\nabla f(x_2) - \nabla f(x_1)\|_2^2$$

Let define two convex functions  $f_{x_1}, f_{x_2}$  with  $\mathbb{R}^n$  domain

$$\begin{cases} f_{x_1}(z) = f(z) - \nabla f(x_1)^T \cdot z \\ f_{x_2}(z) = f(z) - \nabla f(x_2)^T \cdot z \end{cases}$$

These two functions have  $L$ -Lipschitz continuous gradient. We know that if  $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $f$  has a minimizer  $x^*$  then from the inequality in problem 1.2 b we have:

$$f(z) \geq f(x^*) + \nabla f(x^*)^T (z - x^*) + \frac{1}{2L} \|\nabla f(z) - \nabla f(x^*)\|_2^2$$

$$\Rightarrow f(z) - f(x^*) \geq \frac{1}{2L} \|\nabla f(z)\|_2^2$$

$\Rightarrow z = x_1$  minimize  $f_{x_1}(z)$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad f(x_2) - f(x_1) - \nabla f(x_1)^T (x_2 - x_1) &= f_{x_1}(x_2) - f_{x_1}(x_1) \\ &\geq \frac{1}{2L} \|\nabla f_{x_1}(x_2)\|_2^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2L} \|\nabla f(x_2) - \nabla f(x_1)\|_2^2 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly  $z = x_2$  minimize  $f_{x_2}(z)$

$$(2) \quad f(x_1) - f(x_2) - \nabla f(x_2)^T (x_1 - x_2) \geq \frac{1}{2L} \|\nabla f(x_2) - \nabla f(x_1)\|_2^2$$

now we can combine 1, 2 inequality:

$$(\nabla f(x_2) - \nabla f(x_1))^T (x_2 - x_1) \geq \frac{1}{L} \|\nabla f(x_2) - \nabla f(x_1)\|_2^2$$