

CS 460/560

Introduction to Computational Robotics  
Fall 2019, Rutgers University

# Course Logistics

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	

Instructor: Jingjin Yu ([jingjin.yu@cs.rutgers.edu](mailto:jingjin.yu@cs.rutgers.edu))

# Logistics, etc. – General

Lectures: Wed 12-1:20pm, Fri 1:40-3pm, SEC 111

Instructor: Jingjin Yu (<https://arc.cs.rutgers.edu>)

Email: [jingjin.yu@cs.rutgers.edu](mailto:jingjin.yu@cs.rutgers.edu)

Email subject line should include 460 or 560 to reach my inbox; otherwise your email may go to in spam/junk.

Office: Hill 277 (may change, always check the webpage below)

Office hours: 2-4pm Wednesdays

TAs (office hours TBD):

Siwei Feng ([siwei.feng@rutgers.edu](mailto:siwei.feng@rutgers.edu))

Baichuan Huang ([baichuan.huang@rutgers.edu](mailto:baichuan.huang@rutgers.edu))

Static page: <https://arc.cs.rutgers.edu/courses/f19/460.html>

# Logistics, etc. – Reference Texts - Downloadable

**[IAMR]** Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots, 2nd Edition

Roland Siegwart, Illah Reza Nourbakhsh, Davide Scaramuzza

**[MR]** Modern Robotics: Mechanics, Planning, and Control

Kevin M Lynch and Frank C. Park

**[PA]** Planning Algorithms

Steve LaValle

**[PRMTAI]** Principles of Robot Motion: Theory, Algorithms, and Implementations

Howie Choset, Kevin M. Lynch, Seth Hutchinson, George A. Kantor, Wolfram Burgard, Lydia E. Kavraki, Sebastian Thrun

# Logistics, etc. – Course Work and Grading

HW + MP: 6-8 sets total, every set carries equal weight (total 55%)

MPs will use mainly **python**; we may have minor hardware project(s), depending on class progress and hardware readiness

Late HW/MP is accepted with 20% daily late penalty

HW and MP can be done by **groups of size of up to 2**

Midterm: time TBD, likely on 10/11 or 11/06 (20%)

Final: Thursday, December 19, 8am-11am (20%)

Participation: class (5%)

For 560, PhD students may choose to do a research project instead of doing exams. Interested students should inform me by 09/15. Must decide (choose one) before 10/01. By default, I assume exams

# Logistics, etc. – Ways to do Well

460 and 560 will have different curves

460: A – 85%, B+ – 80%, B – 75%, C+ – 70%, C – 60%

560: A – 87.5%, B+ – 82.5%, B – 77.5%, C+ – 70%, C – 60%

These cutoffs may be adjusted lower but not higher

For 460, the top 10% students by exam score in either the midterm or the final will automatically receive an A, regardless of HW/MP/participation. Top 20% will automatically get at least a B+. Note that I will not disclose where you place in the midterm; I will only disclose quartile cutoff lines (e.g., 25%, 50%, 75%).

This “exam exception” is to encourage students to actually do the HW/MPs by themselves to truly understand the material. You **will do well in the exams** if you work out the detail in HW and MPs. I hope you all get As!

# Logistics, etc. – Recitations

10-12 sessions on course materials, robotics software and (possibly some) hardware.

Some selected topics other than course materials:

- ⇒ Python intro
- ⇒ 3D-printing get started (we will print a small item for you)
- ⇒ Robotic operating systems (ROS) intro
- ⇒ ROS simulation intro

Will begin in the 2nd week (python intro)

Participation is optional, but

- ⇒ Attendance counts toward the 5% participation credit
- ⇒ Some materials may appear in exams

# Logistics, etc. – Placement of CS 460/560

Placement of CS 460/560 with respect to other robotics courses (in preparation)

## CS 460/560: Computational Foundations of Robotics, Fall

- ⇒ Introductory, mobile robotics focus
- ⇒ With some experimental exposure

## CS (561?): Algorithmic Foundations of Robotics, Spring

- ⇒ Advanced, algorithmic focus with more theory coverage
- ⇒ Covers mobile robots and kinematic chains (e.g., manipulators & humanoids)
- ⇒ I expect to teach one seminar course similar to this in the Spring

## CS (562?): Bio-Inspired Robotics, Spring

- ⇒ With a focus on bio-mechanisms, neuroscience, and learning

# Logistics, etc. – Course Outline

Expected core material (12-13 weeks excluding exam and travel)

- ⇒ ~1 week on logistics/introductory material
- ⇒ ~1.5 weeks on background material (mathematical foundations)
- ⇒ ~2 weeks on sensing and perception
- ⇒ ~6 weeks on planning and decision making
- ⇒ ~2 weeks on actuation and control

I expect to travel on 10/09, 10/11, 11/06, and 12/06

- ⇒ 10/11 or 11/06 will be midterm
- ⇒ Hopefully, I will have someone fill in for me



Questions?

CS 460/560

Introduction to Computational Robotics  
Fall 2019, Rutgers University

# Lecture 00

# Summary of Topics

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

Instructor: Jingjin Yu ([jingjin.yu@cs.rutgers.edu](mailto:jingjin.yu@cs.rutgers.edu))

# Introduction

Why study robotics? What is a robot?

Brief history of robots

Types of robots and their applications

- ⇒ Industrial
- ⇒ Transportation
- ⇒ Home
- ⇒ Medical
- ⇒ Agriculture
- ⇒ Social and entertainment
- ⇒ ...

The main components of robots

- ⇒ Sensing
- ⇒ Computation
- ⇒ Actuation



# Mathematical Foundations

Quick review of sets, functions, etc.

Transformations

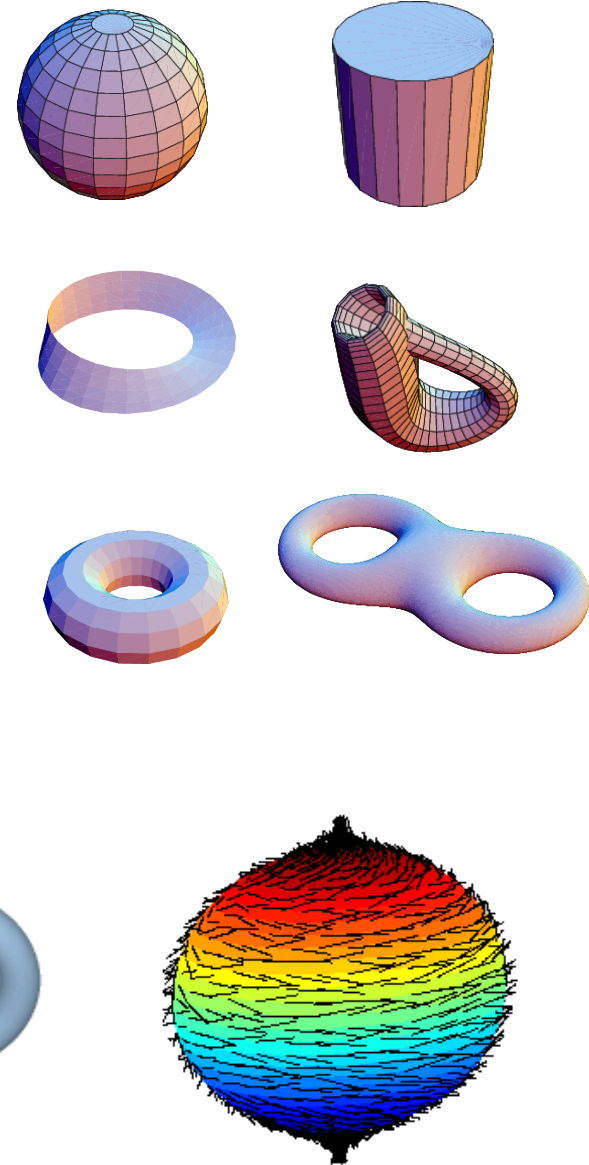
Group concepts

Fun topological concepts

- ⇒ Topological spaces
- ⇒ Fixed-point theorems (continuous, discrete)
- ⇒ Hairy ball theorem

Manifolds

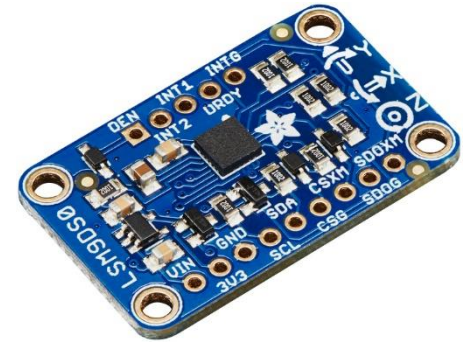
Metric spaces



# Sensors

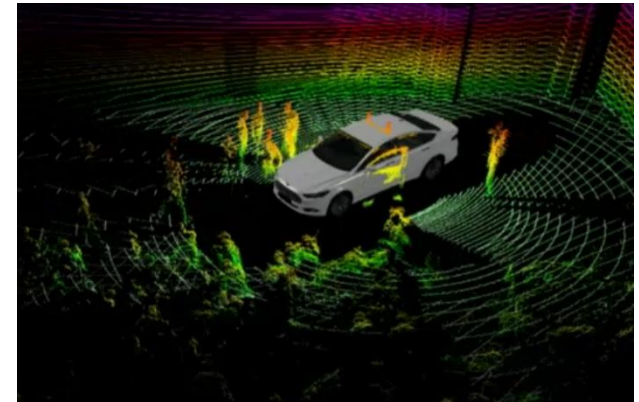
## Real sensors and their mechanism

- ⇒ Compass
- ⇒ Encoders
- ⇒ Accelerometers, gyroscope, magnetic field sensor, IMU
- ⇒ IR sensors, active and passive
- ⇒ Laser scanners
- ⇒ Cameras



## Virtual and abstract sensors

- ⇒ Heading sensors
- ⇒ Distance sensors
- ⇒ Object counters
- ⇒ ....



## Sensor mapping



# State Estimation

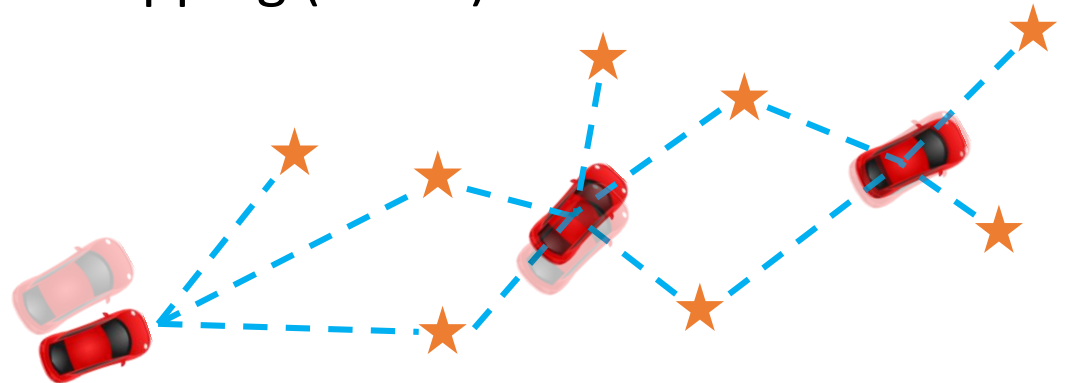
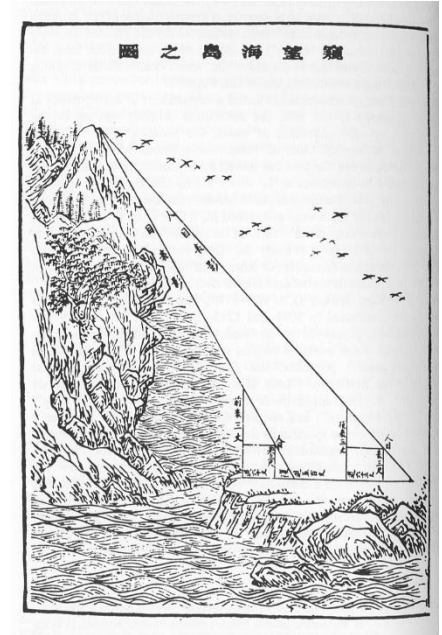
## Localization techniques

- ⇒ Triangulation, trilateration, etc
- ⇒ GPS mechanisms
- ⇒ Other localization methods

## State estimation

- ⇒ Kalman filters
- ⇒ Extended Kalman filters (EKF)
- ⇒ Particle filters
- ⇒ Combinatorial filters

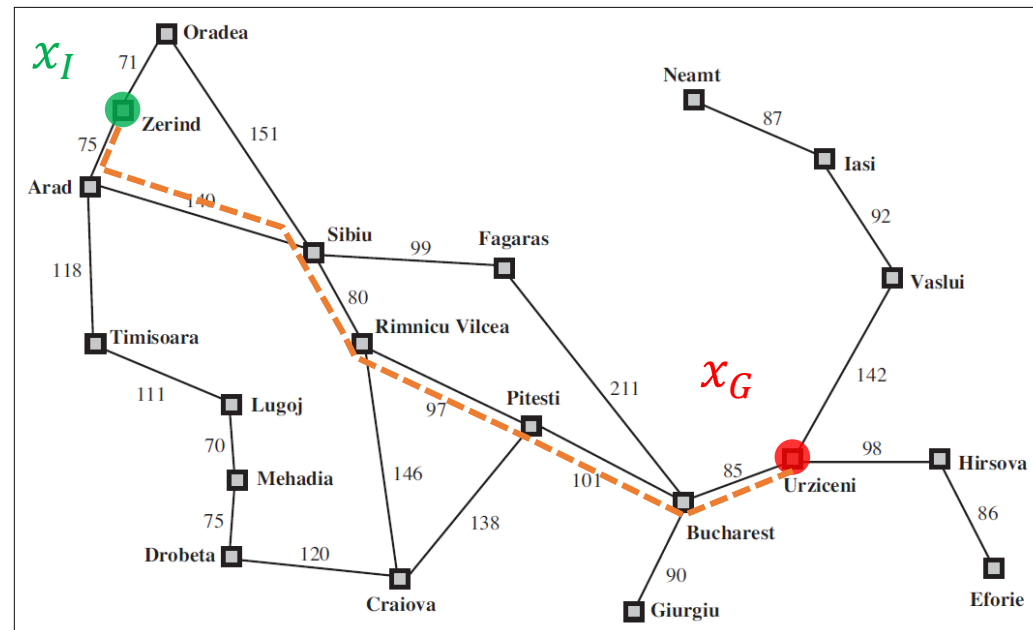
## Simultaneous localization and mapping (SLAM)



# Discrete Planning Review and Extensions

## Review of classical graph search algorithms

- ⇒ DFS, BFS, uniform-cost, A\*
- ⇒ All pairs shortest path
- ⇒ D\* and D\*-lite
- ⇒ Dynamic programming



# Combinatorial Motion Planning

## The configuration space

⇒ Minkowski sum

## Combinatorial planning methods

⇒ Visibility graph and 2D shortest path

⇒ Vertical cell decomposition

⇒ Cylindrical algebraic decomposition

⇒ Canny's algorithm

⇒ Complexity of motion planning

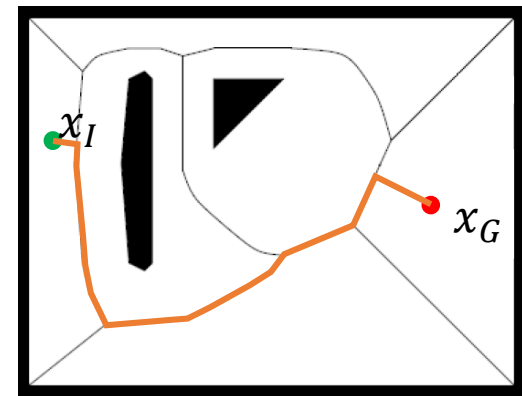
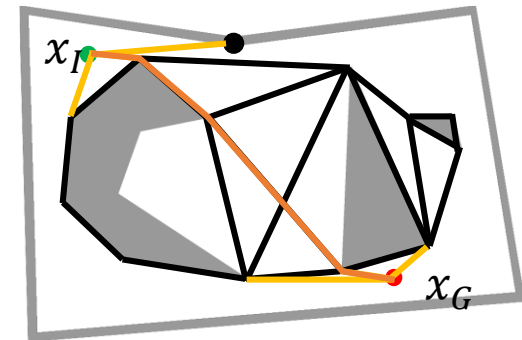
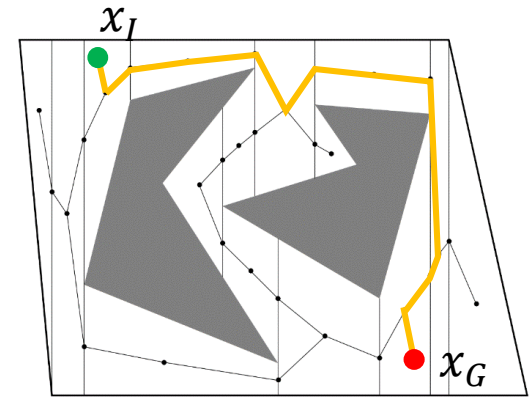
## Extensions

⇒ Time varying obstacles

⇒ Hybrid domain (discrete and continuous)

⇒ Manipulation planning

⇒ Coverage planning





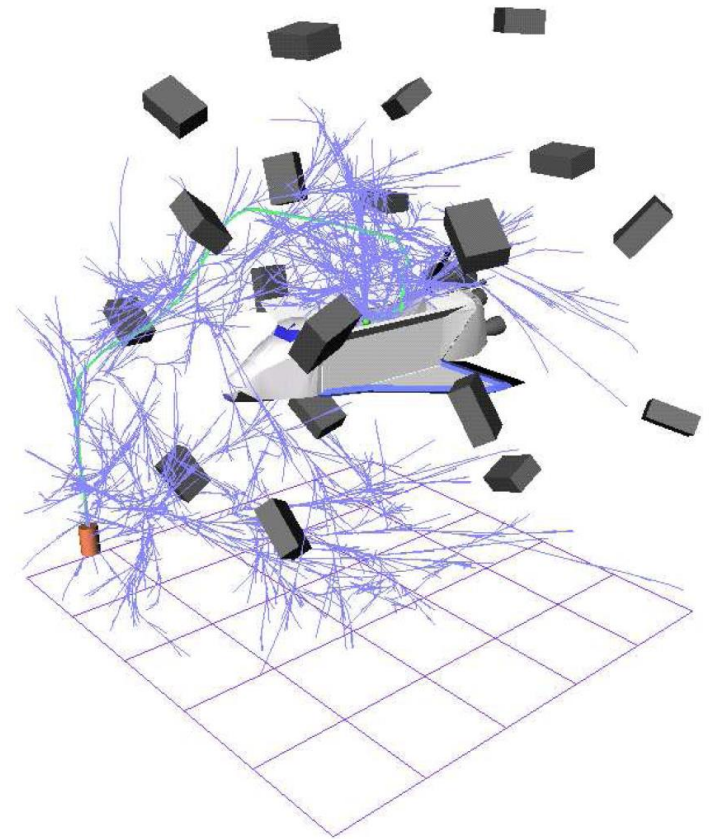
# Probabilistic Motion Planning Methods

Sampling theory

Collision detector

Sampling-based planning methods

- ⇒ Probabilistic road maps (PRM)
- ⇒ Rapidly-exploring random trees (RRT)
- ⇒ Optimal version (RRT\*, SST)



# Multi-Robot Path Planning

## Feasibility

### Optimal solutions for the discrete case

- ⇒ Distinguishable robots
  - ⇒ Complexity
  - ⇒ A\*-based methods
  - ⇒ Integer linear programming methods
- ⇒ Indistinguishable robots
  - ⇒ Network flow

## Continuous domains



# Other Planning Methods

Feedback based planner, artificial potential field

Planning under differential constraints

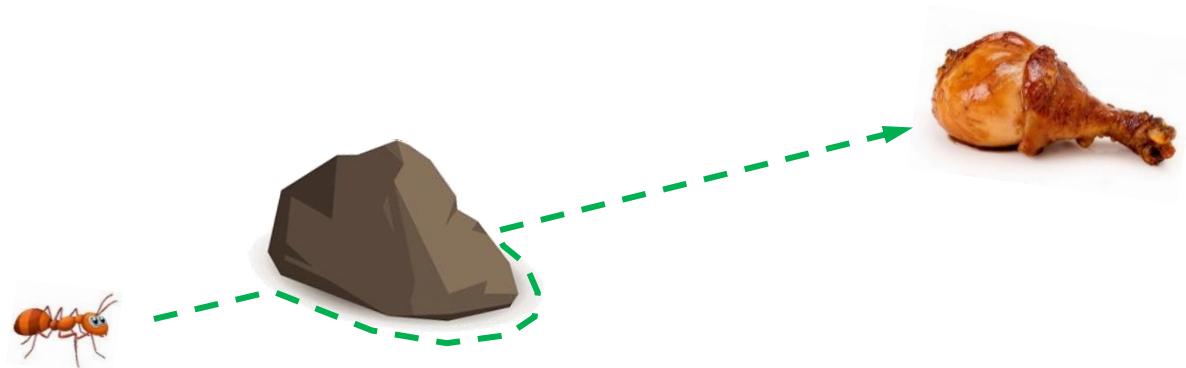
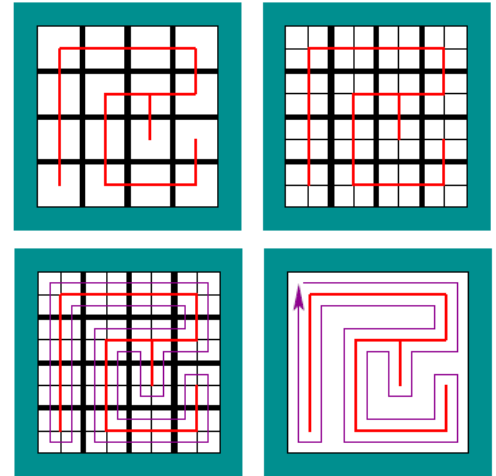
- ⇒ Combinatorial methods
- ⇒ Sampling based methods

Minimalistic planning methods

- ⇒ Bug algorithms
- ⇒ Gap navigation trees
- ⇒ Nonprehensile manipulation

Planning under uncertainty

- ⇒ Discrete MDP
- ⇒ POMDPs



# Control

Trajectory tracking, pure pursuit

PID control

Advanced topics (if we have time)

⇒ Euler-Lagrange

⇒ Dynamic programming and the maximum principle

⇒ Controllability

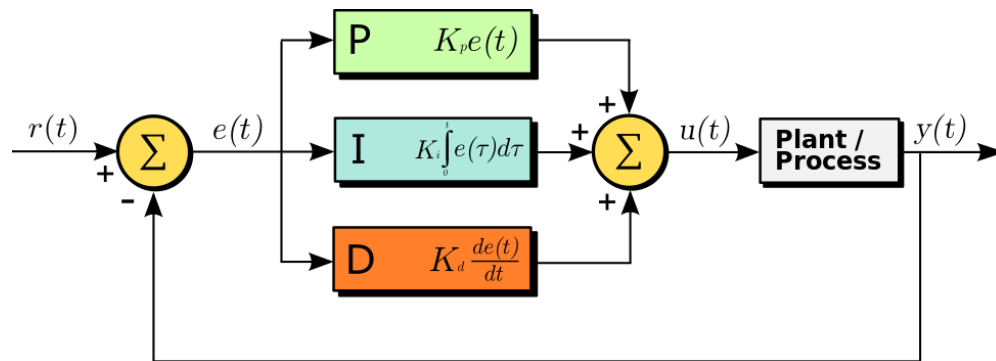


Image source: wikipedia.org

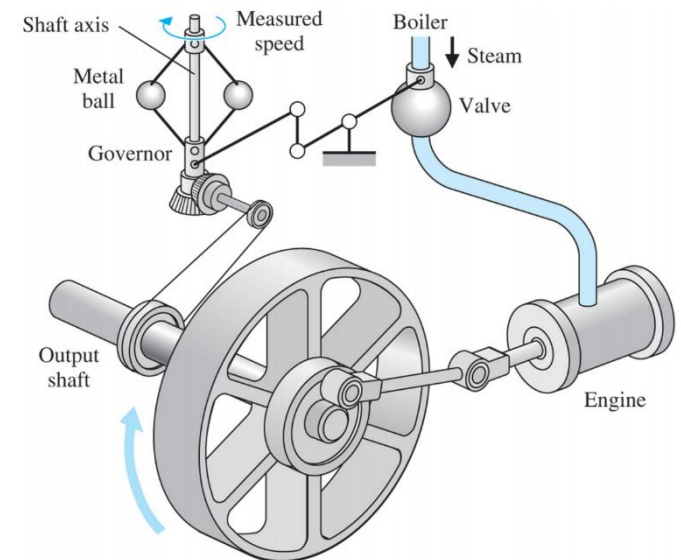
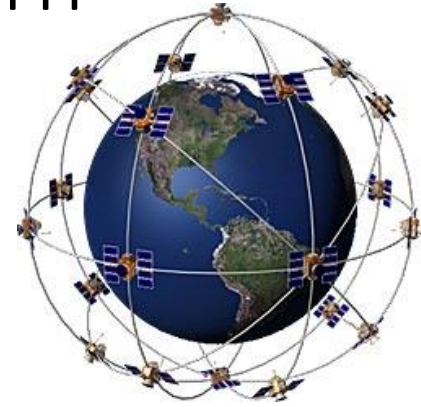


Image source: <http://www.ece.mcmaster.ca/~davidson/>

# Computational Methods You Will Learn

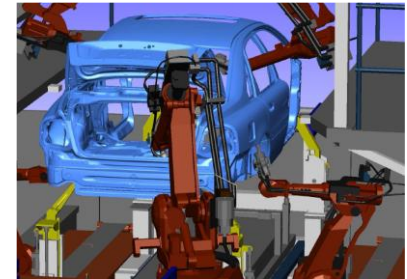
## Example 1: How does GPS navigation work?

- ⇒ GPS hardware basics
- ⇒ Trilateration-based localization
  - ⇒ One of your assignments...
- ⇒ Route planning



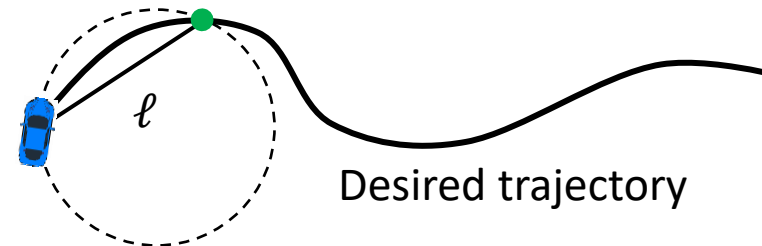
## Example 2: How to move robots?

- ⇒ How to model rigid body motion
- ⇒ Algorithms for solving them



## Example 3: How to actually control robots?

- ⇒ Autonomously moving a car?



# A Word About Easy/Hard

Questions on robots  
and robotics?