Part 1: Let's investage the denominator.

$$-61\cos\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{7}-4}\lambda^{3}\sqrt{7}$$

$$-\cos\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)(2\sqrt{7}+4)^{3+2}\lambda^{3}$$

$$+6\cos\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{7}+4}\lambda^{3}\sqrt{7}$$

$$-12\cos\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{7}-4}\lambda^{3}$$

$$+24\sin\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{7}+4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4\lambda^{2}$$

$$-12\cos\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{7}+4}\lambda^{3}$$

$$+60\cos\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{7}+4}\lambda$$

$$+60\cos\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{7}+4}\lambda$$

$$+96\sin\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\lambda^{2}$$

$$-120\sin\left(\frac{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}{2}\right)\left(10-21\sqrt{3}\right)\right/$$

$$\left(\sqrt{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4-1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}\lambda^{5}\sqrt{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}\right)\left(10-21\sqrt{3}\right)\right)$$

$$\left(\sqrt{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4-1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}\lambda^{5}\sqrt{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}+4+1\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}-4)\lambda}\right)$$

$$true_deno:=evalf(eval(E_denom, lambda=lambda0))$$

 $true \ deno := 2.666108263$

(9)

 $plot(E_denom, lambda = 0..3)$

 \rightarrow deno_appx_func := **proc**(d, n, lambda_star) **local** J1, beta_minus, beta_plus, eta_minus,

```
beta plus := \operatorname{sqrt}(2 \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(d) + d - 3) + I \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(2 \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(d) - d + 3); beta minus := \operatorname{sqrt}(2 \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(d) + d - 3) + I \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(2 \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(d) + d + 3);
                              \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(d) + d - 3) - I \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(2 \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(d) - d + 3); eta plus := d + 3 + \operatorname{sqrt}(d^2 - 10 \cdot d + 9);
                               eta\_minus := d + 3 - \operatorname{sqrt}(d^2 - 10 \cdot d + 9); J1 := evalf(eval) \text{ BesselJ}(\frac{d}{2} - 1),
                                  \frac{beta\_minus \cdot lambda}{2} \right), \ lambda = lambda\_star \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) ; J1\_appx := evalf \left( \frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{d}{2} \right) 
                                  \frac{beta\_minus \cdot lambda}{2}, n \right), lambda = lambda\_star \right); J2 := evalf \left( eval \left( BesselJ \left( \frac{d}{2}, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right); J2 := evalf \left( eval \left( BesselJ \left( \frac{d}{2}, \frac{d}{2} \right) \right) \right)
                                  \frac{beta\_plus \cdot lambda}{2} \right), \ lambda = lambda\_star \right) \right); \ J2\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{a}{2} \right) \right) \right); \ J2\_appx := evalf \left( eval \left( J\_appx \left( \frac{a}{2} \right) \right) \right); \ description of the lambda is a substitution of the lambda is a substitution
                                  \frac{beta\_plus \cdot lambda}{2}, n \right), lambda = lambda\_star \right); err1 := evalf \left( eval \left( error\_bar \right) \right)
                                     \frac{|beta\_plus| \cdot \text{lambda}}{2}, n, \frac{d}{2}, \text{lambda} = 3); err := \max(err1, err2);
                              printf("|J1-J1\_appx|= \%f; err \%f", |J1-J1\_appx|, err);
                              printf("|J2-J2 \text{ appx}| = \%f; \text{ err } \%f; ", |J2-J2 \text{ appx}|, err); deno \text{ appx} :=
                             evalf(eval(Im(eta\ minus \cdot beta\ minus \cdot J1\ appx \cdot J2\ appx), lambda = lambda\ star));
                               acum err := evalf(|eta\ minus \cdot beta\ minus|\cdot err^2 + |J2\ appx|\cdot |eta\ minus \cdot beta\ minus|\cdot err
                               +|eta\_minus \cdot beta\_minus| \cdot |J1\_appx| \cdot err); E\_denom := Im (eta\_minus \cdot beta\_minus \cdot beta\_min
                              ·BesselJ \left(\frac{d}{2} - 1, \frac{beta\_minus \cdot lambda}{2}\right) ·BesselJ \left(\frac{d}{2}, \frac{beta\_plus \cdot lambda}{2}\right);
                                 true\_deno := evalf \left( eval \left( E\_denom, lambda = lambda\_star \right) \right);
                            printf ("the bound for denominator for lambda = %f: [%f, %f] (true value %f) \n",
                               lambda \ star, deno \ appx - acum \ err, deno \ appx + acum \ err, true \ deno); end proc
deno\_appx\_func := \mathbf{proc}(d, n, lambda \ star)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           (12)
                 local J1, beta minus, beta plus, eta minus, eta plus, J1 appx, J2, J2 appx, err1, err2, err,
                 deno appx, acum err, E denom, true deno;
                 beta plus := \operatorname{sqrt}(2 * \operatorname{sqrt}(d) + d - 3) + \operatorname{I*} \operatorname{sqrt}(2 * \operatorname{sqrt}(d) - d + 3);
                 beta minus := \operatorname{sqrt}(2 * \operatorname{sqrt}(d) + d - 3) - \operatorname{I*} \operatorname{sqrt}(2 * \operatorname{sqrt}(d) - d + 3);
                 eta plus := d + 3 + \operatorname{sqrt}(d^2 - 10 * d + 9);
                 eta minus := d + 3 - \operatorname{sqrt}(d^2 - 10 * d + 9);
                J1 := evalf(eval(BesselJ(1/2*d - 1, 1/2*beta minus*lambda), lambda
                   = lambda \ star));
                JI \ appx := evalf(eval(J \ appx(1/2*d-1, 1/2*beta \ minus*lambda, n), lambda
                   = lambda \ star));
                J2 := evalf(eval(BesselJ(1/2*d, 1/2*beta plus*lambda), lambda = lambda star));
                J2 \ appx := evalf(eval(J \ appx(1/2*d, 1/2*beta \ plus*lambda, n), lambda
                  = lambda star);
                 err1 := evalf(eval(error\ bar(1/2*abs(beta\ plus)*lambda, n, 1/2*d-1), lambda
                   =3));
                 err2 := evalf(eval(error bar(1/2*abs(beta plus)*lambda, n, 1/2*d), lambda = 3));
```

eta plus, J1 appx, J2, J2 appx, err1, err2, err, deno appx, acum err, E denom, true deno;

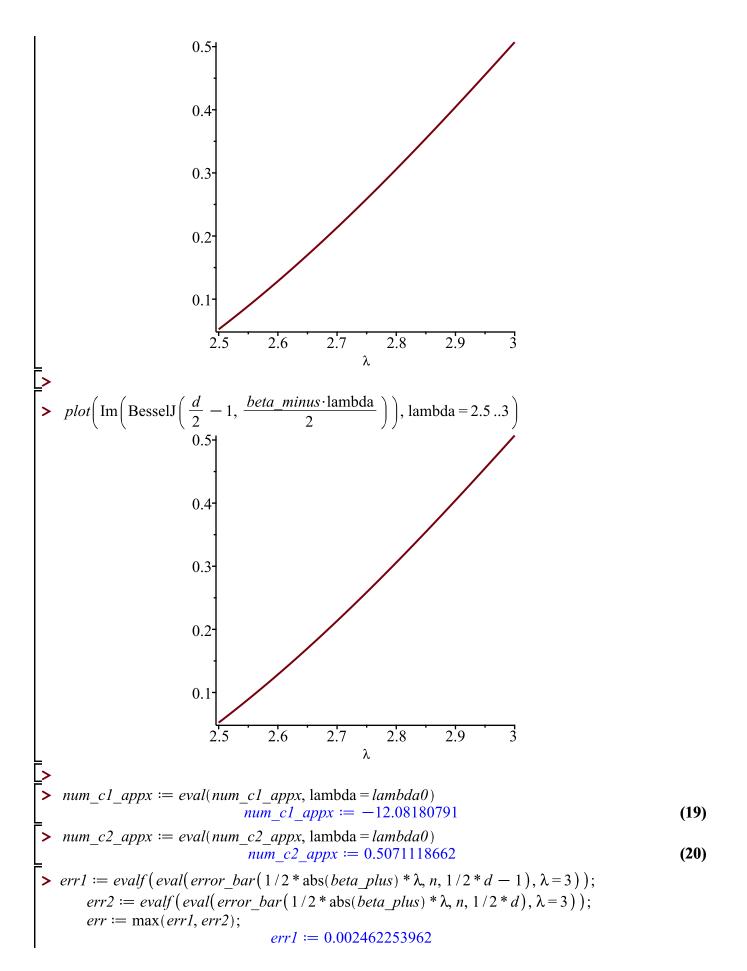
```
printf("|J1-J1 appx|=\%f; err \%f", abs(J1 - J1 appx), err);
    printf("|J2-J2 appx| = \%f; err \%f;", abs(J2 - J2 appx), err);
    deno appx := evalf(eval(Im(eta\ minus*beta\ minus*J1\ appx*J2\ appx), lambda
     = lambda star);
    acum err := evalf(abs(eta\ minus*beta\ minus)*err^2 + abs(J2\ appx)*abs(eta\ minus
     * beta minus) * err + abs(eta\ minus * beta\ minus) * abs(J1\ appx) * err);
    E \ denom := \operatorname{Im}(eta \ minus * beta \ minus * \operatorname{BesselJ}(1/2 * d - 1, 1/2 * beta \ minus
     * lambda) * BesselJ(1/2*d, 1/2*beta plus*lambda));
    true\ deno := evalf(eval(E\ denom, lambda = lambda\ star));
    printf ("the bound for denominator for lambda = %f: [%f, %f] (true value %f) \n",
    lambda \ star, deno \ appx - acum \ err, deno \ appx + acum \ err, true \ deno)
end proc
\rightarrow deno appx func(d, n, 3)
|J1-J1| appx|= 0.000029; err 0.002462|J2-J2 appx|= 0.000006; err
0.0024\overline{6}2; the bound for denominator for lambda = 3.000000:
[2.530460, 2.802594] (true value 2.666108)
\rightarrow deno appx func(d, n, 2.5)
|J1-J1| appx|= 0.000001; err 0.002462|J2-J2 appx|= 0.000000; err
0.0024\overline{6}2; the bound for denominator for lambda = 2.500000:
[-0.907522, -0.693811] (true value -0.800674)
Part2: Let's study the numerator at lambda within the interval [2.5, 3]
> lambda0 := 3
                                                \lambda 0 := 3
                                                                                                          (13)
 > num\_c1 := evalf \Big( eval \Big( \operatorname{Im} \Big( eta\_minus \cdot beta\_minus \cdot \operatorname{BesselJ} \Big( \frac{d}{2}, \frac{beta\_plus \cdot \operatorname{lambda}}{2} \Big) \Big), \operatorname{lambda} 
       = lambda0
                                     num \ c1 := -12.08181828
                                                                                                          (14)
                                            \left(\frac{d}{2}-1, \frac{beta\_minus \cdot lambda}{2}\right), lambda = lambda0)
> num_c2 := evalf \mid eval \mid Im \mid BesselJ \mid
                                      num \ c2 := 0.5071037176
                                                                                                          (15)
   num\ c1\ err := evalf(err \cdot | eta\ minus \cdot beta\_minus|)
                                  num\ c1\ err := 0.08477081569
                                                                                                          (16)
> num_c1\_appx := evalf\left(\operatorname{Im}\left(eta\_minus \cdot beta\_minus \cdot J\_appx\left(\frac{d}{2}, \frac{beta\_plus \cdot \operatorname{lambda}}{2}, n\right)\right)\right)
        assuming lambda \geq 0
num c1 appx := \Im ((26.54521225 - 21.92369252 I) (0.0006716542660 ((3.048196618)
                                                                                                          (17)
```

 $err := \max(err1, err2);$

```
+1.136442969 \text{ I}) \lambda)^{7/2} - (0.00007462825178)
      + 0.00006462996187 \,\mathrm{I}) \, \left( (3.048196618 + 1.136442969 \,\mathrm{I}) \,\lambda \right)^{7 \, | \, 2} \, \lambda^2
      + (8.480483165 10^{-7} + 5.875451083 10^{-6} I) ((3.048196618
      +1.136442969 \text{ I}) \lambda)^{7/2} \lambda^4 + (1.087241430 10^{-7})
      -1.694841658\ 10^{-7}\ I)\ \left(\ (3.048196618+1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda\right)^{7\ |\ 2}\lambda^{6}
      +(-4.258362270\ 10^{-9}+1.255438266\ 10^{-9}\ I)((3.048196618
      +1.136442969 \text{ I}) \lambda)^{7/2} \lambda^{8} + (6.288945529 10^{-11})
      +2.861660748\ 10^{-11}\ I)\ ((3.048196618+1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda)^{7/2}\ \lambda^{10}
      -(3.342697039\ 10^{-13} + 7.287760823\ 10^{-13}\ I)((3.048196618
      +1.136442969 \text{ I}) \lambda)^{7/2} \lambda^{12} + (-2.019516306 \ 10^{-15}
      +6.926953313\ 10^{-15}\ I)\ ((3.048196618+1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda)^{7/2}\lambda^{14}))
> plot\left(\operatorname{Im}\left(eta\_minus \cdot beta\_minus \cdot \operatorname{BesselJ}\left(\frac{d}{2}, \frac{beta\_plus \cdot \operatorname{lambda}}{2}\right)\right), \operatorname{lambda} = 2.5..3\right);
          plot(num_c1\_appx, lambda = 2.5..3)
```

```
2,5 2,6 2,7 2,8 2,9 3
-3
-4
-5
-6
-7
-8
-9
-10
-11
-12
```

>
$$num_c 2_appx := evalf\left(\operatorname{Im}\left(J_appx\left(\frac{d}{2}-1, \frac{beta_minus\cdot\operatorname{lambda}}{2}, n\right)\right)\right)$$
 assuming lambda ≥ 0
 $num_c 2_appx := 1.806291924\ 10^{-20}\ \Im\left(5.205780748\ 10^{17}\ ((3.048196618) -1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda\right)^{5/2} + (-7.436829641\ 10^{16} +6.440483391\ 10^{16}\ I)\ ((3.048196618-1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda\right)^{5/2}\ \lambda^2 + (1.032893007\ 10^{15}-7.156092662\ 10^{15}\ I)\ ((3.048196618-1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda\right)^{5/2}\ \lambda^4 + (1.564989402\ 10^{14}+2.439577042\ 10^{14}\ I)\ ((3.048196618-1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda\right)^{5/2}\ \lambda^6 - (7.072548262\ 10^{12}+2.085108585\ 10^{12}\ I)\ ((3.048196618-1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda)^{5/2}\ \lambda^8 + (1.183774035\ 10^{11}-5.386530500\ 10^{10}\ I)\ ((3.048196618-1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda\right)^{5/2}\ \lambda^8 + 1.533168075\ 10^9\ I)\ ((3.048196618-1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda)^{5/2}\ \lambda^{12} - (4.695790515\ 10^6 +1.610659026\ 10^7\ I)\ ((3.048196618-1.136442969\ I)\ \lambda)^{5/2}\ \lambda^{14}\right)$
> $plot(num\ c^2\ appx, lambda=2.5..3)$



```
err2 := 0.0008582238388
err := 0.002462253962
(21)

> printf ("the numerator = [%f, %f] (true value %f)", num\_c1\_appx + num\_c2\_appx - (1 + |beta\_minus \cdot eta\_minus|) \cdot err, num\_c1\_appx + num\_c2\_appx + (1 + |beta\_minus \cdot eta\_minus|) \cdot err, num\_c1 + num\_c2

the numerator = [-11.661929, -11.487463] (true value [-11.574715)

> |num\_c1| - |num\_c2|

11.57471456
(22)
```