



CS4051NI/CC4059NI Fundamentals of Computing 60% Individual Coursework

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1. Introduction

Python is a potent high-level, general-purpose programming language with a wide range of capabilities. Python is a network-centric, object-oriented, functional, and cross-platform language that is quick, secure, and dependable. Python is a very productive language in modern times that is easy to learn, has clear syntax, and is easy to read. In Python, every step from creating a program to identifying errors—is incredibly simple. (Python-Org, n.d.)

For this coursework, IDLE was the recommended IDE. In this coursework, we are required to create a program for a Laptop Shop. A system is to created which reads a text file, that contains information about the brands of laptops the shop where the shop buys laptops/computers from manufacturers and sells it to customers which might either be individual or company. The Anganas's Computer Store is able to place orders to the manufacturing company and the customers are able to place orders to the shop.

1.1. Goals and Objectives.

- Allow the user to choose the desired choice whether they want to buy, order or quit the program.
- If the user chooses to order a computer, they get to view the stock of the computers and then choose the required computer. They are also able to choose multiple computers.
- To generate an invoice which must consist of the user's name, computer's name, brand name, price, quantity, processor, graphics card. If multiple computers have been purchased, then the invoice must include all the specified information with the total cost.
- If the user chooses to sell a computer, they get to view the list of computers the user might want to sell. They are also able to sell multiple computers.

 To generate an invoice which must consist of the user's name, computer's name, brand name, quantity, processor, graphics card and the price. If multiple computers are being sold, then the invoice must include all the specified information with the total cost.

This program is built to make help accuracy, sales management, time saver, scalability and inventory management for the user.

2. Discussion and Analysis.

2.1. Algorithm.

An algorithm is a group of instructions with clear objectives created to do a certain task. Performing a task could be as simple as multiplying two numbers or as difficult as playing a compressed video file. Algorithm for this project is given below:

STEP 1: START

STEP 2: PRINT Welcome Message.

STEP 3: INPUT your option.

STEP 4: IF n=1, go to Step 5

IF n=2, go to Step 15

IF n=3, END the program.

STEP 5: READ the text file and add it to the dictionary.

STEP 6: DISPLAY the computers present in the dictionary.

STEP 7: INPUT the ID and QUANTITY for desired computer.

STEP 8: INCREASE the quantity of the ordered computer.

STEP 9: ASK if the orderer wants to order more computers.

STEP 10: IF the orderer chooses YES, GO TO Step 5.

STEP 11: IF the orderer chooses NO, GO TO Step 12.

STEP 12: INPUT Customer's Name and Contact Number.

STEP 13: CREATE an invoice with the name, contact number, brand, price, quantity, generation, graphics, current date and time, and the total price with addition VAT amount

STEP 14: DISPLAY the computers have been successfully ordered and the Invoice has been successfully generated.

STEP 15: GO TO Step 2

STEP 16: INPUT option 2.

STEP 17: READ the text file and add it to the dictionary.

STEP 18: DISPLAY the computers present in the dictionary.

STEP 19: INPUT the ID and QUANTITY for desired computer.

STEP 20: DECREASE the quantity of the desired computer.

STEP 21: ASK if the buyer wants to buy more computers.

STEP 22: IF the buyer chooses YES, GO TO Step 17.

STEP 23: IF the buyer chooses NO, GO TO Step 24.

STEP 24: INPUT Customer's Name and Contact Number.

STEP 25: CREATE an invoice with the name, contact number, brand, price, quantity, generation, graphics, current date and time, and the total price with addition of shipping cost.

STEP 26: DISPLAY the computers have been successfully bought and the Invoice has been successfully generated.

STEP 27: GO TO Step 3.

STEP 28: END

.

2.2. Flowchart

A flowchart is a pictorial representation of sequential orders required to complete a certain process, system, or computer algorithm. It is used to document, study, and improve the current plans and change ideas to different ones. It informs how a certain process starts and reaches the end. The steps of the processes are written in a shape that provides a certain meaning. For example, A rectangle is used to write the process that is required to be done, a parallelogram is used for either input or output and many other shapes are used that represent their meanings. Each step/shape is connected using connecting arrows. (Chart, 2020)

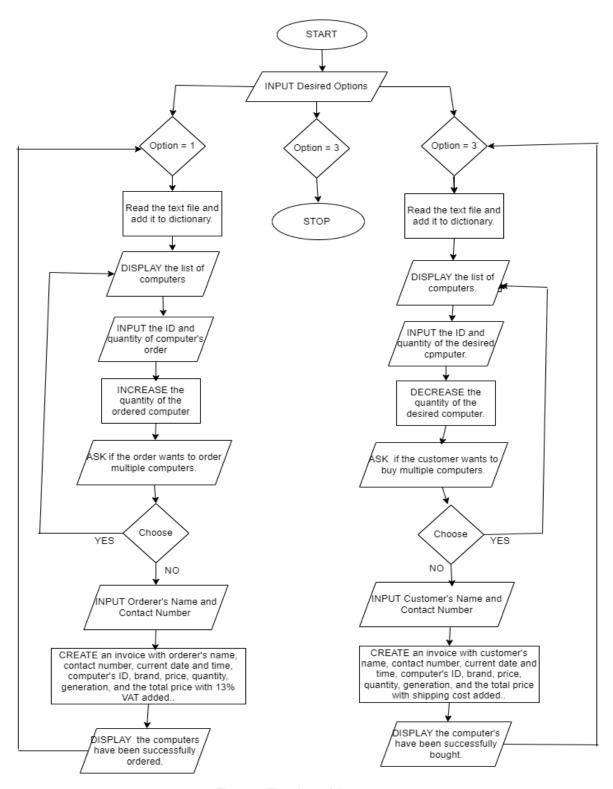


Figure 1: Flowchart of the program.

2.3. Pseudocode

Pseudocode is a language that artificially and informally lets programmers build algorithms. It is an informal means of describing programming without rigid syntaxes and technical concerns. It summarizes the flow of a program to an understanding level for even people out of the technical field increasing its readability which allows programmers to recognize and align code according to the specification of a software project. However, it is not an actual programming language. It also provides rough documentation allowing you to quickly understand the development process for the software. Documentation is an important part that tells what has been done, what can be changed, and what not to do, and here pseudocode is important for explaining precisely what each line of the program can do and making it simpler for the programmer to create the codes. (Times, n.d.)

Listed below are the rules that needed to be followed while writing the pseudocode for any of the programs:

- Initial keywords are capitalized and bold.
- Statements by-lines are printed and not jumbled.
- The DO and ENDDO keyword contain a block of code.
- Multiline form ends with its suffix with END keywords.
- To keep it concise and readable, simple, and plain vocabulary is to be used.
- Indentation and separation shall be handled correctly.

Pseudocode for program to manage laptops in a store and generate invoices for purchases and sales.

Pseudocode of main.py

```
+++++++++++++++++
OUTPUT("|------|")
+++++++++++++++++
DEFINE FUNCTION inv message():
 OUTPUT("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions
properly***\n")
DEFINE FUNCTION main():
 WHILE(True):
   OUTPUT("\nPlease select your option......\n")
   OUTPUT("(1) | | Press 1 to view and order a computer......")
   OUTPUT("(2) | | Press 2 to view and buy a computer......")
   OUTPUT("(3) | | Press 3 to exit......\n")
   INPUT("\nPlease enter your option: ")
   IF option EQUALS '1':
     order_main()
   ELSEIF option EQUALS '2':
     buy.buy main()
```

```
ELSEIF option EQUALS '3':
             BREAK
            ELSE
             inv_message()
        main()
Pseudocode of view.py
DEFINE FUNCTION inv_message():
 OUTPUT("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly***\n")
DEFINE FUNCTION display_computers():
 SET count TO 0
 OUTPUT("-----")
 OUTPUT('ID. \t Computer Name \tBrand \tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\t Graphics')
 OUTPUT("-----")
 SET textdoc TO open("computer.txt","r")
```

```
SET lines TO textdoc.read()
SET lines TO lines.split("\n")
WHILE ("" IN lines):
  lines.remove("")
FOR i IN range(len(lines)):
  SET count TO count+1
  SET d_computer[count] TO lines[i].split(",")
FOR key, value IN d_computer.items():
  OUTPUT(key,end="\t")
  FOR i IN value:
    OUTPUT(i,end="\t")
  OUTPUT("\n")
OUTPUT("-----")
RETURN d_computer
```

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```

```
Pseudocode for buy.py
```

```
DEFINE FUNCTION inv_message():
  OUTPUT("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly***\n")
DEFINE FUNCTION buy_main():
  Loop=True
  WHILE loop EQUALS True:
    view.display_computers()
    SET computer_id TO buy_computer(d_computer)
    SET quantity TO check_quantity(d_computer)
    SET enter TO False
    WHILE enter EQUALS False:
```

up_quantity(d_computer, computer_id, quantity)

update_stock(d_computer)

SET option **TO INPUT**("Do you want to buy more computers?\n Choose 'Y' FOR Yes and 'N' FOR No: ").upper()

```
IF option EQUALS "Y":
        SET enter TO True
      ELSEIF option EQUALS "N":
        gen_invoice(d_computer)
        SET loop TO False
         SET enter TO True
         BREAK
      ELSE
        inv_message()
DEFINE FUNCTION buy_computer(d_computer):
  WHILE True
    TRY
      computer_id=(int(INPUT("\nEnter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: ")))
```

```
IF computer_id<=len(d_computer):
        OUTPUT ("You can now buy the Computer")
        BREAK
      ELSE
        OUTPUT ("Please enter a valid ID")
    EXCEPT
      inv_message()
  RETURN computer_id
DEFINE FUNCTION check_quantity(d_computer):
  TRY
    SET quantity TO int(INPUT("Enter the quantity of the Computers: "))
    IF quantity<0:
      OUTPUT("Please enter the desired quantity IN a proper format! ")
```

```
ELSE
       RETURN quantity
  EXCEPT
    inv_message()
DEFINE FUNCTION up_quantity(d_computer,computer_id,quantity):
  SET quantity_left TO int(d_computer[computer_id][3]) - quantity
  SET d_computer[computer_id][3] TO str(quantity_left)
  buy.append([computer_id,quantity])
  RETURN buy
DEFINE FUNCTION update_stock(d_computer):
  SET s TO open("computer.txt","w")
  FOR key, value IN d_computer.items():
    s.write(",".join(value))
    s.write("\n")
```

```
s.close()
DEFINE FUNCTION gen_invoice(d_computer):
  SET Datetime TO datetime.datetime.now()
  Year=str(Datetime.year)
  Month=str(Datetime.month)
  Day=str(Datetime.day)
  Hour=str(Datetime.hour)
  Minutes=str(Datetime.minute)
  Sec=str(Datetime.second)
  SET Date TO Year+"-"+Month+"-"+Day
  SET Time TO Hour+":"+Minutes+':'+Sec
  SET user_name TO INPUT("Enter your Name: ")
  TRY
    SET ph_number TO INPUT("Enter your contact number: ")
```

```
SET ph TO str(ph_number)
 EXCEPT
   OUTPUT("Please INPUT correct phone number")
*******")
 OUTPUT("\t\t\tInvoice")
OUTPUT("Name: ",user_name)
 OUTPUT("Contact number: ",ph_number)
 OUTPUT("Date: ",Date , "\t\t","Time: ",Time)
 OUTPUT("Status: Paid")
 OUTPUT("SN.\tID\tName\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
```

SET Total TO 0

FOR i IN range(len(buy)):

SET c_id TO int(buy[i][0])

SET csr_id TO str(c_id)

SET c_name TO d_computer[c_id][0]

SET c_brand TO d_computer[c_id][1]

SET c_price TO float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("\$",""))

SET c_quantity TO int(buy[i][1])

SET cr_price TO float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("\$",""))*c_quantity

SET c_generation TO d_computer[c_id][4]

SET c_graphics TO d_computer[c_id][5]

Total += cr_price

SET Tprice TO str(Total)

SET Fprice TO Total + 125

```
SET Fwprice TO str(Fprice)
OUTPUT(str(i+1),"\t",csr_id,"\t",c_name,"\t",c_brand,"\t","$",str(c_price),"\t",str(c_quantit
y), "t", c generation, "t", c graphics)
 OUTPUT("\n")
 OUTPUT("Initial Amount: ",str(Tprice))
******")
 OUTPUT("Note: The shipping cost FOR all transaction is 125$")
OUTPUT("Shipping Cost: 125$")
 OUTPUT("Final Amount: ",str(Fprice))
CREATE notefile
 buyFilename="bought_by_"+user_name+".txt"
 WITH open(buyFilename,"w") as file:
```

file.write("\nName: " + user_name)

```
file.write("\nPhone number: " + ph_number)
    file.write("\nDate of Buy: " + Date + "\t\tTime of Buy: " + Time)
    file.write("\nStatus: Paid")
    file.write("\nSN.\tID\tCostume
Name\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
    FOR j IN range(len(buy)):
       SET cw_id TO int(buy[j][0])
       cw_quantity= int(buy[j][1])
       SET cw name TO d computer[cw id][0]
       SET cw_brand TO d_computer[cw_id][1]
       SET cw_price TO float(d_computer[cw_id][2].replace("$",""))
       SET crw_price TO float(d_computer[cw_id][2].replace("$",""))*c_quantity
       cw_generation =d_computer[cw_id][4]
       cw_graphics =d_computer[cw_id][5]
```

```
file.write("\n"+str(j+1)+"\t"+str(cw\_id)+"\t"+cw\_name+"\t"+cw\_brand+"\t"+"$"+str(cw\_pric)
e)+"\t"+str(cw_quantity)+"\t"+cw_generation+"\t"+cw_graphics)
   file.write("\nTotal Price: " + Tprice + "$")
*******")
   file.write("\nNote: The shipping cost FOR all transaction is 125$")
*******")
   file.write("\nShipping Cost: 125$")
   file.write("\nFinal Amount: " + Fwprice + "$")
   file.close()
```

```
Pseudocode of order.py
```

```
DEFINE FUNCTION inv_message():
```

OUTPUT("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly***\n")

DEFINE FUNCTION order_main():

loop=True

WHILE loop EQUALS True:

view.display_computers()

SET computer_id TO order_computer(d_computer)

SET quantity TO check_quantity(d_computer)

SET enter TO False

WHILE enter EQUALS False:

up_quantity(d_computer, computer_id, quantity)

update_stock(d_computer)

TRY

SET option TO INPUT("Do you want to buy more computers?\n Choose 'Y' FOR Yes and 'N' FOR No: ").upper() IF option EQUALS "Y": **SET** enter **TO** True **ELSEIF** option EQUALS "N": gen_invoice(d_computer) **SET** loop **TO** False **SET** enter **TO** True **BREAK ELSE** inv_message() **DEFINE FUNCTION** order_computer(d_computer): WHILE True:

```
computer_id=(int(INPUT("\nEnter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: ")))
      IF computer_id>0 and computer_id<=len(d_computer):
         OUTPUT ("You can now order the Computer")
         BREAK
      ELSE
         OUTPUT ("Please enter a valid ID")
    EXCEPT
      inv_message()
  RETURN computer_id
DEFINE FUNCTION check_quantity(d_computer):
  TRY
    SET quantity TO int(INPUT("Enter the quantity of the Computers: "))
    IF quantity<0:
```

```
OUTPUT("Please enter the desired quantity IN a proper format! ")
    ELSE
      RETURN quantity
  EXCEPT
    inv_message()
CREATE list
DEFINE FUNCTION up_quantity(d_computer,computer_id,quantity):
  SET quantity_left TO int(d_computer[computer_id][3]) + quantity
  SET d_computer[computer_id][3] TO str(quantity_left)
  order.append([computer_id,quantity])
  RETURN order
```

```
DEFINE FUNCTION update_stock(d_computer):
  SET s TO open("computer.txt","w")
  FOR key, value IN d_computer.items():
    s.write(",".join(value))
    s.write("\n")
  s.close()
DEFINE FUNCTION gen_invoice(d_computer):
  SET Datetime TO datetime.datetime.now()
  Year=str(Datetime.year)
  Month=str(Datetime.month)
  Day=str(Datetime.day)
  Hour=str(Datetime.hour)
  Minutes=str(Datetime.minute)
  Sec=str(Datetime.second)
```

```
SET Date TO Year+"-"+Month+"-"+Day
 SET Time TO Hour+":"+Minutes+':'+Sec
 SET user_name TO INPUT("Enter your Name: ")
 TRY
   SET ph_number TO INPUT("Enter your contact number: ")
   SET ph TO str(ph_number)
   SET ph_length TO len(ph)
 EXCEPT
   OUTPUT("Please INPUT correct phone number")
********")
 OUTPUT("\t\t\tInvoice")
*******")
 OUTPUT("Name: ",user_name)
```

```
OUTPUT("Contact number: ",ph_number)
OUTPUT("Date: ",Date , "\t\t\t","Time: ",Time)
OUTPUT("Status: Paid")
OUTPUT("SN.\tID\tName\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
SET Total TO 0
FOR i IN range(len(order)):
  SET c_id TO int(order[i][0])
  SET csr_id TO str(c_id)
  SET c_name TO d_computer[c_id][0]
  SET c_brand TO d_computer[c_id][1]
  SET c_price TO float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("$",""))
  c_quantity= int(order[i][1])
```

```
SET cr_price TO float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("$",""))*c_quantity
    c_generation =d_computer[c_id][4]
    c_graphics =d_computer[c_id][5]
    Total += cr price
    VAT EQUALS (13/100)*Total
    SET VATw TO str(VAT)
    SET Tprice TO str(Total)
    SET FwPrice TO str (Total +VAT)
OUTPUT(str(i+1),"\t",csr_id,"\t",c_name,"\t",c_brand,"\t","$",str(c_price),"\t",str(c_quantit
y),"t",c_generation,"t",c_graphics)
  OUTPUT("\n")
  OUTPUT("Intial Amount: ",Tprice)
  OUTPUT("VAT Amount: ", str(VAT))
  OUTPUT("Total Amount", str(Total+VAT))
```

```
******")
  orderFilename="ordered by "+user name+".txt"
  WITH open(orderFilename, "w") as file:
    file.write("\nName: " + user_name)
    file.write("\nPhone number: " + ph_number)
    file.write("\nDate of Buy: " + Date + "\t\tTime of Buy: " + Time)
    file.write("\nStatus: Paid")
    file.write("\nSN.\tID\tCostume
Name\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
    FOR | IN range(len(order)):
      SET cw_id TO int(order[j][0])
      cw_quantity= int(order[j][1])
      SET cw_name TO d_computer[cw_id][0]
      SET cw_brand TO d_computer[cw_id][1]
```

```
SET cw_price TO float(d_computer[cw_id][2].replace("$",""))
       SET crw_price TO float(d_computer[cw_id][2].replace("$",""))*cw_quantity
       cw_generation =d_computer[cw_id][4]
       cw_graphics =d_computer[cw_id][5]
file.write("\n"+str(j+1)+"\t"+str(j+1)+"\t"+cw name+"\t"+cw brand+"\t"+"$"+str(j+1)+"\t"+cw pric
e)+"\t"+str(cw_quantity)+"\t"+cw_generation+"\t"+cw_graphics)
     file.write("\nIntial Amount: " +Tprice+"$")
     file.write("\nVAT Amount: "+ VATw+"$")
     file.write("\nFinal Amount: " + FwPrice + "$")
     file.close()
```

2.4. Data Structures.

Data structures are a method for gathering and arranging data so that it is simple to change and retrieve. They make it simple for the user to gather, relate, and manipulate the data. Any computer language's foundation is its data structures. List, dictionary, set, and tuples are the four main and pre-built data structures in Python. The mutability and order of these data structures vary from one another. The ability to modify a state or piece of information after it has been created is referred to as mutability. After they have been formed, mutable objects can be changed, added to, or removed. The order of the elements determines whether or not a particular element may be accessed from its place and is represented by the order.

Lists

One of the fundamental data structures in Python is the list, which is an ordered collection of items. Each item in lists is presented in a different sequence for identification. Because list entries can be changed, added, or removed after the list has been established, lists are changeable. Lists can expand or contract, making them dynamic. A list's element order is a fixed property that endures throughout the list's existence. Indexes are used to access lists. Duplicate values are permitted in lists. Square brackets are used to make lists, and commas are used to divide the entries.

Dictionary

Dictionaries are used to store data values in key: value pairs. A dictionary is mutable. The collection of data can be ordered, changeable but it does not allow duplicates. Dictionaries are dynamic as they can grow and shrink as needed. Dictionaries are created inside curly brackets; the dictionary items are presented in key: value pairs and can be referred using key name. The elements in a dictionary are accessed using the keys. Dictionaries are also generally known as associative array. Each key in a

dictionary is associated with a specific value. A value is retrieved from a dictionary by specifying its corresponding key in square brackets ([]). (Python, 2022)

String

A string is a sort of data that typically consists of a collection of letters that either form a word or a statement. There are numerous characters in it. Values for strings are always encapsulated in quotation marks.

Integer

Whole numbers without any decimals are known as integer data types in python. They can represent both positive or negative numbers. Integers are a crucial data type in python and they are widely used in programming and coding tasks ranging from simple calculation to more complex algorithms and data manipulation.

Boolean

Logical values which are either True or False are known as Boolean data types in python. Boolean values are used in conditional statements and logical operations to control the flow of a program. They control the flow of the program, making decisions, and determining the behavior of the code based on it's conditions.

Characters

Individual characters in python are represented using the string data type.

A single character is just a string of length 1. The concept of characters is fundamental in dealing with text and strings.

3. Program

In this coursework, we are required to create a program for a Computer Store. An application has been created which reads a text file that contains information about the computers available in the store and displays it to the consumer. The consumer can choose if they want to buy or sell the computers. The consumer can also choose the quantity and multiple brands which they want to buy or sell. After the consumer chooses their desired option, the information is to be recorded of the consumer i.e., name, contact number. Then, the invoice is generated in the shell and also in a text file format. The text file format invoice generated will automatically be stored in the folder itself.

When the user runs the application, they get to choose on what they would like to do. main.py runs at the start of the program.

Figure 2: Welcome Message

After the input value is entered, the application reads the text file and displays the list of computers stored in the dictionary. Then the program asks the user to enter the ID of the computer they desire to order.

ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quantit	ΣУ		Ger	neration	Graphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i 7	7th	Gen	GTX 306	0
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	50	i 5	9th	Gen	GTX 307	0
3	Alienware	Alienwa	ire	\$1978	34		15	9th Gen	GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 A	cer	\$900	33	i 5	9th	Gen	GTX 30	70
5	MacbookPro16	Apple	\$3500	30	15	9th	Gen	GTX 307	0

Figure 3: Display of list of computers.

After the display and input of one particular ID, the application asks the user about their desired quantity for the computer. Then the user is also asked if they want to order other computers.

```
Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 2
You can now order the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 3
Do you want to buy more computers?
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No:
```

Figure 4: Choice of Yes and No

If the user chooses to order more computers, the application will display the list of computers available too. The loop continues with the same set of information.

```
Do you want to buy more computers?
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: Y

ID. Computer Name Brand Price Quantity Generation Graphics

1 Razer Blade Razer $2000 40 i7 7th Gen GTX 3060

2 XPS Dell $1976 53 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

3 Alienware Alienware $1978 34 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

4 Swift 7 Acer $900 33 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

5 MacbookProl6 Apple $3500 30 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 1
You can now order the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 2
```

Figure 5: Display of computers to order more computers.

After the input of desired ID and quantity again, the application works on the same loop asking for the user to choose if they still want to order more or not. If the user chooses YES, the loop continues back to displaying the list of computers. If the user chooses NO, the loop breaks and the application ask for the input of name and contact number.

```
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 2
Do you want to buy more computers?
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: N
Enter your Name: PJK
Enter your contact number: 4437225
```

Figure 6: Input of user's information

After the information is given, the invoice is generated in the shell.

Figure 7: Generating invoice or order in the shell

The invoice is also generated is text file format which automatically is saved in the folder.



Figure 8: Invoice text file in folder.

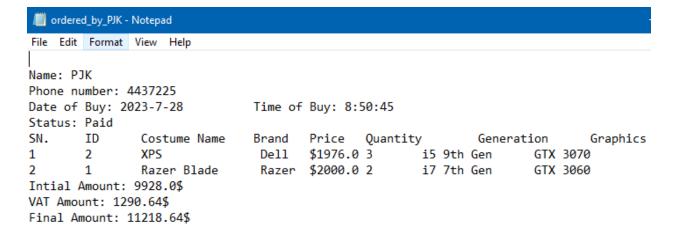


Figure 9: Display of text file invoice for order.

The quantity increases when the user orders computers for the store.

ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quanti	tу	Gen	eration	Graphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i7 7t	th Gen	GTX 3060	
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	50	i5 9t	th Gen	GTX 3070	
3	Alienware	Alienwa	ire	\$1978	34	15	9th Gen (GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 Ac	er	\$900	33	i5 9t	th Gen	GTX 307	0
5	MacbookPro16	Apple	\$3500	30	i5 9t	th Gen	GTX 3070	

Figure 10: Quantity before the order.

ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quantit	ty	Gene	ration	Graphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	42	i7 7th	Gen	GTX 306	0
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	53	i5 9th	Gen	GTX 307	0
3	Alienware	Alienwa	re	\$1978	34	i5 9	th Gen	GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 A	cer	\$900	33	i5 9th	Gen	GTX 30	70
5	MacbookProl6	Apple	\$3500	30	i5 9th	Gen	GTX 307	0

Figure 11: Increase of quantity after the success of order.

The loop goes back to the input of option from the start.

```
Please select your option.....

(1) | | Press 1 to view and order a computer......

(2) | | Press 2 to view and buy a computer......

(3) | | Press 3 to exit......
```

Figure 12: Loop to start.

The user selects 2.

Please	e enter your optio	n: 2						
ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quanti	tу	Ger	neration	Graphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	42	i7 7	th Gen	GTX 306	0
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	53	i5 9	th Gen	GTX 307	0
3	Alienware	Alienwa	ire	\$1978	34	i 5	9th Gen	GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 Ac	er	\$900	33	i5 9	th Gen	GTX 30	70
5	MacbookProl6	Apple	\$3500	30	i5 9	th Gen	GTX 307	0

Figure 13: Display of the list of computers to buy

After the display and input of one particular ID, the application asks the user about their desired quantity for the computer. Then the user is also asked if they want to buy other computers.

```
4 Swift 7 Acer $900 33 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

5 MacbookProl6 Apple $3500 30 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 4
You can now buy the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 3
```

Figure 14: Input of ID and Quantity

If the user chooses to buy more computers, the application will display the list of computers available too. The loop continues with the same set of information.

```
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 3
Do you want to buy more computers?
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: Y
```

Figure 15: Choice of Yes and No

After the input of desired ID and quantity again, the application works on the same loop asking for the user to choose if they still want to buy more or not. If the user chooses YES, the loop continues back to displaying the list of computers. If the user chooses NO, the loop breaks and the application ask for the input of name and contact number.

```
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: Y

ID. Computer Name Brand Price Quantity Generation Graphics

1 Razer Blade Razer $2000 42 i7 7th Gen GTX 3060

2 XPS Dell $1976 53 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

3 Alienware Alienware $1978 34 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

4 Swift 7 Acer $900 30 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

5 MacbookProl6 Apple $3500 30 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 3
You can now buy the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 4
Do you want to buy more computers?
```

Figure 16: Display of list of computers.

With the choice of NO, the application asks the user's information.

```
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: N
Enter your Name: SRK
Enter your contact number: 9813192791
```

Figure 17: Input of user's information

After the information is given, the invoice is generated in the shell.

```
Enter your Name: SRK
Enter your contact number: 9813192791
*******************************
                        Invoice
****************
Name: SRK
Contact number: 9813192791
Date: 2023-7-28
                              Time: 9:4:53
Status: Paid
         Name Brand Price Quantity Generation Graphics
Swift 7 Acer $ 900.0 3 t i5 9th Gen t GTX 3070
Alienware Alienware $ 1978.0 4 t i5 9th Gen t GTX 3070
     ID
Initial Amount: 10612.0
***********************************
Note: The shipping cost for all transaction is 125$
***********
Shipping Cost: 125$
Final Amount: 10737.0
```

Figure 18: Invoice for buy generated in the shell.

The invoice is also generated is text file format which automatically is saved in the folder.



Figure 19: Invoice text file in folder.

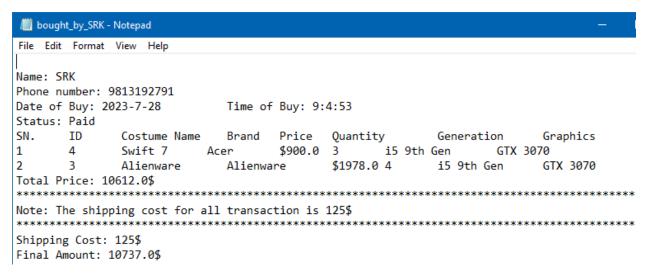


Figure 20: Display of invoice for buy in text file.

After generating the invoice, the application runs back to loop for the user to select if they want to order, buy or end the program.

Figure 21: Select of options

```
Please select your option.....

(1) | Press 1 to view and order a computer.....

(2) | Press 2 to view and buy a computer.....

(3) | Press 3 to exit......

Please enter your option: 3
```

Figure 22: Exit of program:

If the user selects option 3, the user exits from the application and the program ends.

4. Testing

4.1. Test 1

ID.	Computer Name	e Brand	Price	Quantit	У		Ger	nerat	cion		Graphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i 7	7th	Gen		GTX	3060	
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	52	15	9th	Gen		GTX	3070	
3	Alienware	Alienwa	re	\$1978	29		i 5	9th	Gen	(GTX 3070
4	Swift 7	Acer	\$900	36	15	9th	Gen		GT	3070	0
5	MacbookProl6	Apple	\$3500	30	15	9th	Gen		GTX	3070	

You can now order the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: -3
Please enter the desired quantity in a proper format!

Figure 23: Test 1

Objective	To get an error message when a negative
	value as input when entering the desired
	quantity.
Action	ID entered = 2
	Quantity = -3
Expected Result	Error message saying "Please enter the
	desired quantity in a proper format."
Actual Result	Error message saying invalid input is
	displayed.
 Conclusion 	The test is successful.

Table 1: Analysis table for test 1

4.2. Test 2

ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quantit	tу	Ger	neration	Graphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i7 7th	Gen	GTX	3060
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	52	i5 9th	Gen	GTX	3070
3	Alienware	Alienwa	re	\$1978	-3	i5	9th Gen	GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 A	cer	\$900	36	i5 9th	Gen	GTX	3070
5	MacbookProl6	Apple	\$3500	25	i5 9th	Gen	GTX	3070

Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: #

Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly

Figure 24 : Test 2

Objective	Implementation of try and except.
Action	Inputting a character ("#") instead of the
	desired computer's ID.
Expected Result	Error message saying "Invalid Input"
	should be displayed.
Actual Result	Error message with 'invalid input' is
	displayed.
Conclusion	The test is successful.

Table 2: Analysis table for Test 2

4.3. Test 3

```
(2) | | Press 2 to view and buy a computer.....
(3) | | Press 3 to exit......
Please enter your option: 2
ID. Computer Name Brand Price Quantity Generation Graphics
     Razer Blade Razer $2000 40 i7 7th Gen GTX 3060
                    Dell $1976 52 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070
                   Alienware $1978 33 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070
     Alienware
     Swift 7 Acer $900 36
                                       i5 9th Gen
                                                      GTX 3070
     MacbookProl6 Apple $3500 25 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070
Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 2
You can now buy the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 2
Do you want to buy more computers?
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: N
```

Figure 25: Test 3 i.

ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quantit	τу		Ger	neration	Gr	aphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i 7	7th	Gen	GTX	3060	
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	50	i 5	9th	Gen	GTX	3070	
3	Alienware	Alienwa	ire	\$1978	33		i 5	9th Gen	GTX	3070
4	Swift 7 A	cer	\$900	36	i 5	9th	Gen	GT	X 3070	
5	MacbookProl6	Apple	\$3500	25	15	9th	Gen	GTX	3070	

Figure 26: Test 3 ii

Objective	To show the quantity being deducted after the
	selling the computers to buyer.
Action	1. Entering the ID = 2
	2. Entering the quantity = 2
Expected Result	Quantity of the computer is reduced after sales.
Actual Result	Quantity of the computer has been reduced after
	selling.
Conclusion	The test is successful.

Table 3: Analysis table of Test 3

4.4. Test 4

Please select your option.....

(1) | | Press 1 to view and order a computer.....

(2) | | Press 2 to view and buy a computer.....

(3) | | Press 3 to exit......

Please enter your option: 2

ID.	Computer Name			Quantit	-		eration	Graphics
1	Razer Blade		\$2000		i7 7th		GTX 306	0
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	50	i5 9th	Gen	GTX 307	0
3	Alienware	Alienwa	re	\$1978	34	i 5	9th Gen	GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 Ac	cer	\$900	35	i5 9th	Gen	GTX 30	70
5	MacbookProl6	Apple	\$3500	30	i5 9th	Gen	GTX 307	0

Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 4
You can now buy the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 2
Do you want to buy more computers?

Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: N

Enter your Name: Priya

Enter your contact number: 9841424806

Figure 27: Test 4 i.

Figure 28: Test 4 ii.

Name: Priya

Phone number: 9841424806

Status: Paid

SN. ID Costume Name Brand Price Quantity Generation Graphics

1 4 Swift 7 Acer \$900.0 2 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

Total Price: 1800.0\$

Note: The shipping cost for all transaction is 125\$

Shipping Cost: 125\$ Final Amount: 1925.0\$

Figure 29: Test 4 iii.

 To show the complete buy process.
To show the output in the shell
To show the invoice generation of the
process in text file format.
Please enter your option: 2
2. Enter the ID of the computer: 4
3. Enter the quantity for the computer:1
Do you want to buy more? =N
5. Enter your name: Priya
6. Enter your contact number: 9841424806
A complete buying process should be shown, a
computer should be sold to the consumer, and an
invoice text file should be created.
Expected message and note is displayed on the
shell. An invoice text file has been successful
created.
The test is successful.

Table 4: Analysis table of Test 4

4.5. Test 5

```
(1) | | Press 1 to view and order a computer......
(2) | | Press 2 to view and buy a computer......
(3) | | Press 3 to exit......
```

Please enter your option: 1

ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quantit	У		Ger	nerat	ion	Gr	aphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i 7	7th	Gen		GTX	3060	
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	50	15	9th	Gen		GTX	3070	
3	Alienware	Alienwa	re	\$1978	33		15	9th	Gen	GTX	3070
4	Swift 7 Ac	er	\$900	35	15	9th	Gen		GT	X 3070	
5	MacbookPro16	Apple	\$3500	30	15	9th	Gen		GTX	3070	

```
Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 3
You can now order the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 1
Do you want to buy more computers?
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No: N
Enter your Name: Saroj
Enter your contact number: 9841017090
```

Figure 30: Test 5 i.

```
********************
                  Invoice
********************************
Name: Saroj
Contact number: 9841017090
Date: 2023-7-28
                       Time: 7:38:22
Status: Paid
***************
SN. ID Name Brand Price Quantity Generation Graphics
1 3 Alienware Alienware $ 1978.0 1 t i5 9th Gen t GTX 3070
Intial Amount: 1978.0
VAT Amount: 257.14
Total Amount 2235.14
********************************
```

Figure 31: Test 5 ii.

Name: Saroj

Phone number: 9841017090

Date of Buy: 2023-7-28 Time of Buy: 7:38:22

Status: Paid

SN. ID Costume Name Brand Price Quantity Generation Graphics 1 3 Alienware Alienware \$1978.0 1 i5 9th Gen GTX 3070

Intial Amount: 1978.0\$
VAT Amount: 257.14\$
Final Amount: 2235.14\$

Figure 32: Test 5 iii.

Objective	 To show the complete order process.
	To show the output in the shell
	3. To show the invoice generation of the process
	in text file format.
Action	Please enter your option: 1
	2. Enter the ID of the computer: 3
	3. Enter the quantity for the computer: 1
	Do you want to order more? = N
	5. Enter your name: Saroj
	6. Enter your contact number: 9841017090
Expected Result	A complete ordering process should be shown, a
·	computer should be bought by the store owner, and
	an invoice text file should be created.
Actual Result	Expected message and note is displayed on the
	shell. An invoice text file has been successful
	created.
Conclusion	The test is successful.

Table 5: Analysis table of Test 5

4.6. Test 6

ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quantity			Ger	Graphics	
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i 7	7th	Gen	GTX 3060	
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	50	15	9th	Gen	GTX 3070	ı
3	Alienware	Alienwa	re	\$1978	34		15	9th Gen	GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 A	cer	\$900	33	15	9th	Gen	GTX 307	0
5	MacbookPro16	Apple	\$3500	30	15	9th	Gen	GTX 3070	ı

Figure 33: Test 6 i.

Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 2
You can now order the Computer
Enter the quantity of the Computers: 3
Do you want to buy more computers?
Choose 'Y' for Yes and 'N' for No:

Figure 34: Test 6 ii.

Choose	e 'Y' for Yes and	'N' for	No: Y					
ID.	Computer Name	Brand	Price	Quanti	tу	Gener	ation	Graphics
1	Razer Blade	Razer	\$2000	40	i7 7t	h Gen	GTX 306	0
2	XPS	Dell	\$1976	53	i5 9t	h Gen	GTX 307	0
3	Alienware	Alienwa	re	\$1978	34	i5 9t	h Gen	GTX 3070
4	Swift 7 Ac	er	\$900	33	i5 9t	h Gen	GTX 30	70
5	MacbookPro16	Apple	\$3500	30	i5 9t	h Gen	GTX 307	0

Enter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: 1 You can now order the Computer Enter the quantity of the Computers: 2

Do you want to buy more computers?

Figure 35: Test 6 iii.

Objective	To have the increment changes in
• Objective	<u> </u>
	quantity on the list of computers when
	ordered.
Action	 Choose to order laptop.
	Select the desired quantity.
	Input name, contact number.
	4. Generate Invoice.
	Go back to order other computers
Expected Result	The quantity should increase of the
·	computer after the purchase of order.
Actual Result	We can see the quantity increase after
	the purchase.
Conclusion	The test is successful.

Table 6: Analysis Table of Test 6

5. Conclusion

It was assumed that students would have intermediate level Python knowledge and experience when this course material was assigned. a whole new area of real-world project development where we had to create an application that anyone without technical knowledge could use. The fact that the issue was based on the creation of a real-world scenario made the implementation a little challenging because you had to know how to simplify and make the user interface appealing and simple to use. We had a decent amount of time to finish the project. As a result, it was feasible to conduct research using a variety of YouTube teaching videos, review previous lessons, as well as check Internet blogs and materials for more information. Additionally, the goal is to make it simple and unique so that you can think outside the box and try out new ideas. I am appreciative of my teachers for helping me realize my vision and for recognizing the various points of view I wanted to share and experiment with.

Therefore, this coursework has enlarged our horizons and taught us how to develop fundamental real-world projects. Since we now have a solid understanding of the subject, working on projects that are similar to or distinct from this one will be relatively easier. Understanding each component that was needed to make the software simple, lightweight, and functional took a lot of time. There are a lot of work to be done before becoming great and making fewer mistakes. We practiced everything from creating lists and dictionaries to exception handling and its implementation, which is heavily used in real life. Since research was one of the top goals for finishing the coursework, several approaches beyond the requirements for the coursework have also been learned.

I have already gained a lot of knowledge from the coursework by overcoming a number of real-life and coding challenges. Since there was initially no rush, much of my coursework was completed at the last minute, but this time I was able to manage my time well enough to complete the project and learn and review Python from scratch, having a significant impact on my experience, knowledge, and ethics. In the end, I think I have developed the skills to create and implement many programs of a similar level, and in the next days, I am confident that I can complete similar tasks like these.

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7. Appendix

Main.py

```
1#importing order.py
import order
#importing buy.py
import buy
+++++")
print("|-------|")
++++++")
#Creating a function for invalid message
def inv_message():
  print("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly***\n")
#This is the main page that allows an user to choose three options either for ordering or
buying a computer or exit the program all together.
def main():
  ""Creating a function that holds the key components of the main page.
   It uses match-case to allow and link the three options the user might choose. '1' for
viewing and
   ordering a computer, '2' for buying a computer and '3' to exit the program. For any
other
   user input that doesn't satisfy any of the conditions an invalid message is printed.
   Till the condition is true the program keeps on looping"
  while(True):
    print("\nPlease select your option.....\n")
    print("(1) | | Press 1 to view and order a computer......")
    print("(2) | | Press 2 to view and buy a computer......")
```

```
print("(3) | | Press 3 to exit.......\n")
  option= input("\nPlease enter your option: ")
  if option == '1':
     order.order_main()
  elif option == '2':
     buy.buy_main()
  elif option == '3':
     break
  else:
     inv_message()
main()
```

View.py

```
#Creating a dictionary
d_computer={}
def inv_message():
  print("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly***\n")
def display_computers():
  "Creating a function that reads the text file containing information about the
computers with
  their ID number, name, brand, price and quantity. It then removes the commas and
lines
  and stores the data into a dictionary and then returns the given data for viewing
  when function is called"
  count = 0
  print("-----")
  print('ID. \t Computer Name \tBrand \tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\t Graphics')
  print("-----")
  textdoc = open("computer.txt","r")
  lines = textdoc.read()
  lines = lines.split("\n")
  while ("" in lines):
    lines.remove("")
  for i in range(len(lines)):
    count = count + 1
    d_computer[count] = lines[i].split(",")
  for key, value in d_computer.items():
    print(key,end="\t")
```

```
for i in value:
    print(i,end="\t")
    print("\n")

print("-----")

return d_computer
```

#importing view.py

Buy.py

```
import view
# import datetime
import datetime
#importing the dictionary from view
from view import d_computer
#Creating a function for invalid message
def inv_message():
  print("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly***\n")
def buy_main():
  loop=True
  "The main function that calls other functions for buying the computers from the
manufacturer when run. This
  functions runs in a loop until the process is complete or the user chooses to end it.
  This function is responsible in calling all other functions to start and end the computer
buying process'"
  while loop == True:
     view.display_computers()
     computer id = buy computer(d computer)
     quantity = check_quantity(d_computer)
     enter = False
     while enter == False:
       up_quantity(d_computer, computer_id, quantity)
       update_stock(d_computer)
       option = input("Do you want to buy more computers?\n Choose 'Y' for Yes and
'N' for No: " ).upper()
```

```
if option == "Y":
          enter = True
       elif option == "N":
          gen_invoice(d_computer)
          loop = False
          enter = True
          break
       else:
          inv_message()
#function resposible for validating Computer ID
def buy_computer(d_computer):
  ""This function checks the inputted Computer ID compares it to the length in
dictionary,
  checks if the inputted value is less than zero or not. This function takes the dictionary
as the
  parameter and returns the Computer ID. In case an invalid ID is given this function
will
  show an output of invalid ID"
  while True:
    try:
       computer_id=(int(input("\nEnter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: ")))
       if computer_id>0 and computer_id<=len(d_computer):
          print ("You can now buy the Computer")
          break
       else:
          print ("Please enter a valid ID")
    except:
       inv_message()
```

```
return computer id
#function responsible for validating quantity
def check_quantity(d_computer):
  ""Asks the user to input a quantity. Checks if the quantity is less tha zero or not. If it is
less than zero shows invalid input. This function takes the dictionary as the parameter
and returns the
quantity"
  try:
     quantity = int(input("Enter the quantity of the Computers: "))
     if quantity<0:
       print("Please enter the desired quantity in a proper format! ")
     else:
       return quantity
  except:
     inv_message()
#function responsible in updating the quantity
buy=[]#creating a list
def up quantity(d computer,computer id,quantity):
  "This function takes the dictionary, the computer id and the quantity as the
parameter. It calls
the data of the third index of the called computer id converts into integer and allows to
add
bought from the desired quantity of the user and increase the number of computers
after the
user has bought them. It then again converts the increased quantity to a string and
update
```

it to the list. While it is updated to the list the text file hasnot been overwritten"

quantity_left = int(d_computer[computer_id][3]) - quantity

```
d_computer[computer_id][3] = str(quantity_left)
  buy.append([computer_id,quantity])
  return buy
#function responsible in updating the quantity in the text file
"Opens the text file with write function and channges the assigned value adapted
at the dictionary"
def update_stock(d_computer):
  s = open("computer.txt","w")
  for key, value in d_computer.items():
    s.write(",".join(value))
    s.write("\n")
  s.close()
#Function reponsible for generating the invoices
def gen_invoice(d_computer):
  Datetime = datetime.datetime.now()
  Year=str(Datetime.year)
  Month=str(Datetime.month)
  Day=str(Datetime.day)
  Hour=str(Datetime.hour)
  Minutes=str(Datetime.minute)
  Sec=str(Datetime.second)
  Date = Year+"-"+Month+"-"+Day
  Time = Hour+":"+Minutes+':'+Sec
  user_name = input("Enter your Name: ")
  try:
    ph_number = input("Enter your contact number: ")
```

```
ph = str(ph\_number)
 except:
   print("Please input correct phone number")
print("\t\t\tInvoice")
print("Name: ",user_name)
 print("Contact number: ",ph_number)
 print("Date: ",Date , "\t\t","Time: ",Time)
 print("Status: Paid")
print("SN.\tID\tName\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
 Total = 0
 for i in range(len(buy)):
   c_{id} = int(buy[i][0])
   csr_id = str(c_id)
   c_name = d_computer[c_id][0]
   c_brand = d_computer[c_id][1]
   c_price = float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("$",""))
   c_quantity = int(buy[i][1])
   cr_price = float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("$",""))*c_quantity
   c_generation = d_computer[c_id][4]
   c_graphics = d_computer[c_id][5]
   Total += cr_price
   Tprice = str(Total)
```

```
Fprice = Total + 125
    Fwprice = str(Fprice)
print(str(i+1),"\t",csr_id,"\t",c_name,"\t",c_brand,"\t","$",str(c_price),"\t",str(c_quantity),"t",
c generation, "t", c graphics)
  print("\n")
  print("Initial Amount: ",str(Tprice))
print("Note: The shipping cost for all transaction is 125$")
print("Shipping Cost: 125$")
  print("Final Amount: ",str(Fprice))
 #Creating the notepad file
  buyFilename="bought_by_"+user_name+".txt"
  with open(buyFilename, "w") as file:
    file.write("\nName: " + user_name)
    file.write("\nPhone number: " + ph_number)
    file.write("\nDate of Buy: " + Date + "\t\tTime of Buy: " + Time)
    file.write("\nStatus: Paid")
    file.write("\nSN.\tID\tCostume
Name\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
    for j in range(len(buy)):
      cw_id = int(buy[j][0])
      cw_quantity= int(buy[j][1])
      cw name = d computer[cw id][0]
      cw brand = d computer[cw id][1]
```

#importing view.py

Order.py

```
import view
# import datetime
import datetime
#importing the dictionary from view
from view import d_computer
#Creating a function for invalid message
def inv_message():
  print("\n\t\t***Invalid Input!! Please follow the instructions properly***\n")
def order_main():
  loop=True
  "The main function that calls other functions for ordering the computers from the
manufacturer when run. This
  functions runs in a loop until the process is complete or the user chooses to end it.
  This function is responsible in calling all other functions to start and end the comouter
ordering process'"
  while loop == True:
    view.display_computers()
    computer id = order computer(d computer)
    quantity = check_quantity(d_computer)
    enter = False
    while enter == False:
       up_quantity(d_computer, computer_id, quantity)
       update_stock(d_computer)
       option = input("Do you want to buy more computers?\n Choose 'Y' for Yes and
'N' for No: " ).upper()
```

```
if option == "Y":
          enter = True
       elif option == "N":
          gen_invoice(d_computer)
          loop = False
          enter = True
          break
       else:
          inv_message()
#function resposible for validating Computer ID
def order_computer(d_computer):
  ""This function checks the inputted Computer ID compares it to the length in
dictionary,
  checks if the inputted value is less than zero or not. This function takes the dictionary
as the
  parameter and returns the Computer ID. In case an invalid ID is given this function
will
  show an output of invalid ID"
  while True:
    try:
       computer_id=(int(input("\nEnter the ID of Commputer you want to buy: ")))
       if computer_id>0 and computer_id<=len(d_computer):
          print ("You can now order the Computer")
          break
       else:
          print ("Please enter a valid ID")
    except:
       inv_message()
```

```
return computer id
#function responsible for validating quantity
def check_quantity(d_computer):
  ""Asks the user to input a quantity. Checks if the quantity is less tha zero or not. If it is
less than zero shows invalid input. This function takes the dictionary as the parameter
and returns the
quantity"
  try:
     quantity = int(input("Enter the quantity of the Computers: "))
     if quantity<0:
       print("Please enter the desired quantity in a proper format! ")
     else:
       return quantity
  except:
     inv_message()
#function responsible in updating the quantity
order=[]#creating a list
def up quantity(d computer,computer id,quantity):
  "This function takes the dictionary, the computer id and the quantity as the
parameter. It calls
the data of the third index of the called computer id converts into integer and allows to
add
order from the desired quantity of the user and increase the number of computers after
the
user has ordered them. It then again converts the increased quantity to a string and
update
it to the list. While it is updated to the list the text file hasnot been overwritten"
  quantity_left = int(d_computer[computer_id][3]) + quantity
```

```
d_computer[computer_id][3] = str(quantity_left)
  order.append([computer_id,quantity])
  return order
#function responsible in updating the quantity in the text file
"Opens the text file with write function and channges the assigned value adapted
at the dictionary"
def update_stock(d_computer):
  s = open("computer.txt","w")
  for key, value in d_computer.items():
    s.write(",".join(value))
    s.write("\n")
  s.close()
#Function reponsible for generating the invoices
def gen_invoice(d_computer):
  Datetime = datetime.datetime.now()
  Year=str(Datetime.year)
  Month=str(Datetime.month)
  Day=str(Datetime.day)
  Hour=str(Datetime.hour)
  Minutes=str(Datetime.minute)
  Sec=str(Datetime.second)
  Date = Year+"-"+Month+"-"+Day
  Time = Hour+":"+Minutes+':'+Sec
  user_name = input("Enter your Name: ")
  try:
    ph_number = input("Enter your contact number: ")
```

```
ph = str(ph\_number)
   ph_{length} = len(ph)
 except:
   print("Please input correct phone number")
print("\t\t\t\tInvoice")
print("Name: ",user_name)
 print("Contact number: ",ph_number)
 print("Date: ",Date, "\t\t","Time: ",Time)
 print("Status: Paid")
print("SN.\tID\tName\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
 Total = 0
 for i in range(len(order)):
   c_id = int(order[i][0])
   csr_id = str(c_id)
   c_name = d_computer[c_id][0]
   c_brand = d_computer[c_id][1]
   c_price = float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("$",""))
   c_quantity= int(order[i][1])
   cr_price = float(d_computer[c_id][2].replace("$",""))*c_quantity
   c_generation =d_computer[c_id][4]
   c_graphics =d_computer[c_id][5]
   Total += cr_price
```

```
VAT = (13/100)*Total
    VATw = str(VAT)
    Tprice = str(Total)
    FwPrice = str (Total +VAT)
print(str(i+1),"\t",csr_id,"\t",c_name,"\t",c_brand,"\t","$",str(c_price),"\t",str(c_quantity),"t",
c_generation,"t",c_graphics)
  print("\n")
  print("Intial Amount: ",Tprice)
  print("VAT Amount: ", str(VAT))
  print("Total Amount", str(Total+VAT))
orderFilename="ordered_by_"+user_name+".txt"
  with open(orderFilename, "w") as file:
    file.write("\nName: " + user_name)
    file.write("\nPhone number: " + ph_number)
    file.write("\nDate of Buy: " + Date + "\t\tTime of Buy: " + Time)
    file.write("\nStatus: Paid")
    file.write("\nSN.\tID\tCostume
Name\tBrand\tPrice\tQuantity\tGeneration\tGraphics")
    for j in range(len(order)):
       cw_id = int(order[i][0])
       cw_quantity= int(order[j][1])
       cw name = d computer[cw id][0]
       cw_brand = d_computer[cw_id][1]
       cw_price = float(d_computer[cw_id][2].replace("$",""))
       crw_price = float(d_computer[cw_id][2].replace("$",""))*cw_quantity
       cw_generation =d_computer[cw_id][4]
```

```
cw_graphics =d_computer[cw_id][5]

file.write("\n"+str(j+1)+"\t"+str(cw_id)+"\t"+cw_name+"\t"+cw_brand+"\t"+"$"+str(cw_pric
e)+"\t"+str(cw_quantity)+"\t"+cw_generation+"\t"+cw_graphics)

file.write("\nIntial Amount: " +Tprice+"$")

file.write("\nVAT Amount: "+ VATw+"$")

file.write("\nFinal Amount: " + FwPrice + "$")

file.close()
```