Python Evaluation



Problem Statement

The eval() expression is a very powerful built-in function of Python. It helps in evaluating an expression. The expression can be a Python statement, or a code object.

For example:

```
>>> eval("9 + 5")

14
>>> x = 2
>>> eval("x + 3")

5
```

Here, eval() can also be used to work with Python keywords or defined functions and variables. These would normally be stored as strings.

For example:

```
>>> type(eval("len"))
<type 'builtin_function_or_method'>

Without eval()

>>> type("len")
<type 'str'>
```

Task

You are given an expression in a line. Read that line as a string variable, such as *var*, and print the result using *eval(var)*.

NOTE: Python2 users, please import from future import print function.

Constraint

Input string is less than 100 characters.

Sample Input

```
print(2 + 3)
```

Sample Output

5