## 第 42 弹



原文: South Korea, formerly beloved by Chinese consumers for its K-pop and cosmetics, is in the sin bin for agreeing to host a missile defense system for the US.

翻译:韩国, 其流行文化和化妆品曾被中国消费者所喜爱的国度, 现如今因同意为美国部署萨德系统而受冷遇。

## 分解:

1. South Korea, formerly beloved by Chinese consumers for its K-pop and cosmetics,

## 韩国、其流行文化和化妆品曾被中国消费者所喜爱的国度

- 1) formerly beloved by Chinese consumers for its K-pop and cosmetics,这个部分是一个后置定语,以"插入成分"的形式出现,修饰主语 South Korea
- 2) formerly 表示 "曾经", 相当于 once
- 3) sth. is beloved by sb. for…:…因…而被…所喜爱;这个句型不错;造句:iPhone is beloved by a lot of people for its fashionable design as well as its powerful functions.
- 4) K-pop:就是 Korean pop culture, 韩国流行文化; "韩国的", 在媒体经常以"K-" 这样的前缀出现, 比如"韩星", 可以说成"K-star"
- 5) cosmetics: 化妆品

- 2. ···, is in the sin bin for agreeing to host a missile defense system for the US. 现如今因同意为美国部署萨德系统而受冷遇。
- 1) is 是整句话的系动词
- 2) sin bin 是一个关键名词词组,表示"受罚席",是美国俚语,暂时被罚下场的运动员坐席。表示"冷板凳",而"be in sin bin"翻译中可以处理为"受冷遇"、"打入冷宫"等
- 3) for 介词, 后跟动名词, 表示"因为"
- 4) agree to do sth.: 同意做某事;造句: She agreed to lend me 10 thousand dollars.
- 5) host:动词,表示"主持",其宾语 a missile defense system for the US,什么叫"为美国主持导弹防御系统"?其实这里的"主持(host)"就是"部署"的意思。此处说的"导弹防御系统"就是指"萨德系统"。

## 最后再对照学习一遍:

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