

R Club Sewer Project

Sewer and Surface Temperature Regression

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```
## Define column classes to read data
## there are text comments in line with data
## force measurement cols to read as numeric
# Interceptor,Manhole,Date,Time,Temp,ph,Tot. Sulfide,Dis. Sulfide,Tot. Iron,Ferrous Fe,,
.colClasses <- c(Interceptor='factor', Manhole='factor', Date='character', Time='character', Temp=
## read grab-data
## path relative to current dir
##
sewtemp <- read.table("allgrabdata_datefix.csv", sep=',', header=T, comment.char='#', colClasses=
## xian - posixct gives a full date spec,
## can't use it *just* for time
## we're not really using this though
## do this *before* date col
sewtemp$DateTime <- with(sewtemp,
  as.POSIXct( paste(Date, Time),
    format='%d-%m-%y %H:%M'
  ))
sewtemp$Date <- as.POSIXct(sewtemp$Date, format='%d-%m-%y') # fix dates

# some Temperatures have been entered as Celsius; most are Fahrenheit
## above freezing
.F.rows <- which(sewtemp$Temp > 32)
sewtemp$Temp[.F.rows] <- fahrenheit.to.celsius(sewtemp$Temp[.F.rows])
sewtemp <- unique(sewtemp) # remove duplicate entries
#sewtemp$ph[sewtemp$ph > 14] <- NA # remove erroneous entries
str(sewtemp) # inspect

## 'data.frame': 1998 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ Interceptor: Factor w/ 3 levels "Edith","Valley",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
```

```
## $ Manhole      : Factor w/ 15 levels "12stove","blakeco",...: 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 ...
## $ Date         : POSIXct, format: "2005-12-14" ...
## $ Time         : chr  "14:15" "11:15" "09:50" "11:51" ...
## $ Temp         : num  21.1 20.6 25.6 26.1 26.1 ...
## $ DateTime     : POSIXct, format: "2005-12-14 14:15:00" ...
```

```
## read weather
weather <- read.csv('http://unm-r-programming.googlecode.com/git/sewer/abq-temps-2005-2014.csv')
## shorten colnames for convenience
colnames(weather) <- gsub('.Temperature', 'Temp', colnames(weather))

#weather <- read.csv('http://unm-r-programming.googlecode.com/files/kabq-2009-2013.csv')
# Turn factor into date
weather$Date <- as.POSIXct(weather$MST, format='%Y-%m-%d')
# Convert Fahrenheit into Celsius
## find cols containing temp
.wcols <- grep('TempF', colnames(weather))
weather[,.wcols] <- fahrenheit.to.celsius(weather[,.wcols])
## update colnames to reflect C
colnames(weather) <- gsub('TempF', 'TempC', colnames(weather))
#weather <- rename(weather, c(MST =
# Inspect
str(weather)

## 'data.frame': 3550 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ MST          : Factor w/ 3288 levels "2005-10-1","2005-10-10",...: 32 73 115 118 119 120 121 122 ...
## $ MaxTempC     : num  12.22 7.22 8.89 10 5.56 ...
## $ MeanTempC    : num  7.22 5 5.56 5.56 2.78 -1.11 0 6.67 8.89 10 ...
## $ MinTempC     : num  2.22 2.78 2.78 0.56 -3.33 -6.11 -4.44 1.11 3.89 3.89 ...
## $ Date         : POSIXct, format: "2005-01-01" ...

## join to sewer temperatures
#intersect(colnames(weather), colnames(sewtemp)) # both contain 'Date
sewer.weather <- join(sewtemp, weather)

## Joining by: Date

summary(sewer.weather)

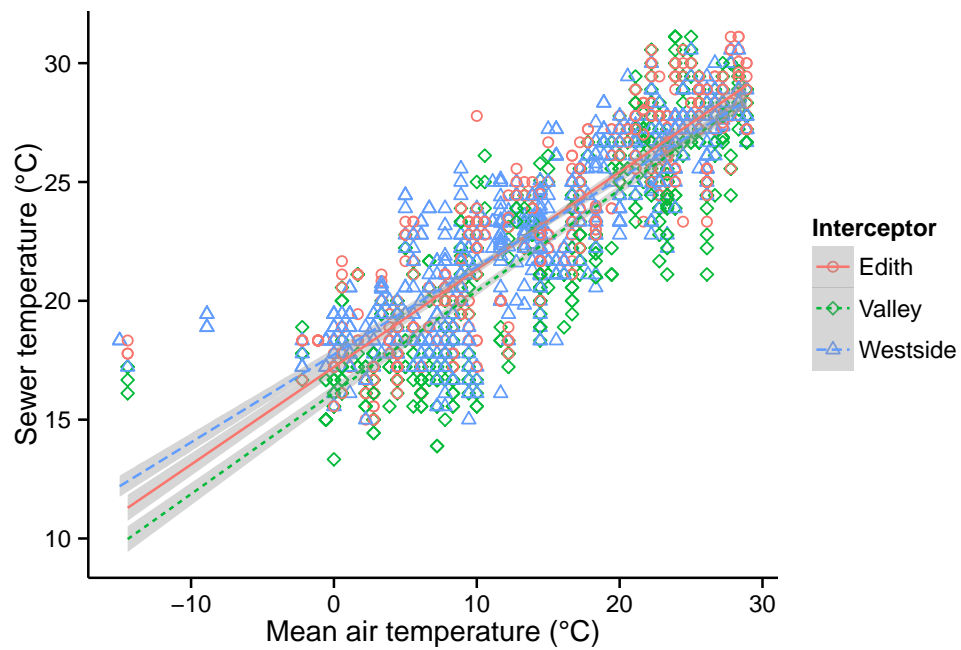
##      Interceptor      Manhole      Date
## Edith      :522  lttwenty:228  Min.    :2005-09-28 00:00:00
## Valley     :682  plantin:220   1st Qu.:2007-08-07 00:00:00
## Westside:940  blakeco:195   Median :2009-11-18 00:00:00
##              oldcoor:187   Mean   :2009-07-31 21:34:46
```

```
##          broadwa:168   3rd Qu.:2011-07-21 00:00:00
##          12stove:162   Max.    :2012-12-19 00:00:00
##          Time          Temp          DateTime
## Length:2144          Min.    :13.3   Min.    :2005-09-28 11:45:00
## Class :character     1st Qu.:18.9   1st Qu.:2007-06-20 11:35:00
## Mode  :character     Median :22.8   Median :2010-01-05 11:25:00
##                               Mean  :22.8   Mean  :2009-08-10 12:36:08
##                               3rd Qu.:26.7   3rd Qu.:2011-08-02 14:00:00
##                               Max.    :31.1   Max.    :2012-12-19 14:45:00
##          MST          MaxTempC      MeanTempC      MinTempC
## 2008-1-22: 28   Min.    : -12.8   Min.    : -15.00   Min.    : -21.67
## 2009-1-21: 24   1st Qu.:  14.0   1st Qu.:   7.22   1st Qu.:   0.56
## 2007-1-23: 22   Median :  22.2   Median :  14.44   Median :   7.22
## 2010-1-19: 22   Mean    :  21.3   Mean    :  14.60   Mean    :   7.63
## 2012-1-17: 22   3rd Qu.:  30.0   3rd Qu.:  22.78   3rd Qu.:  16.11
## (Other) :2004   Max.    :  36.7   Max.    :  28.89   Max.    :  22.22
## [ reached getOption("max.print") -- omitted 1 row ]
```

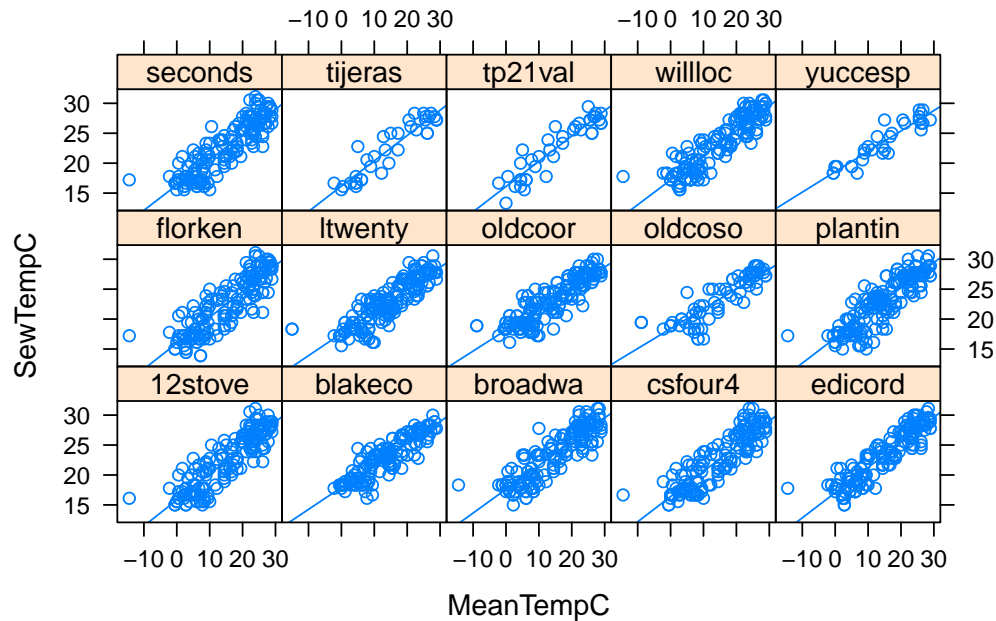
```
## inspect, explicitly remove NAs
sewer.weather <- na.omit(sewer.weather)
## rename sewer temp col
sewer.weather <- rename(sewer.weather, c(Temp='SewTempC'))

## xian - changed to merge, added suffixes
# head(sewer.weather)
```

```
# plot with ggplot
p <- ggplot(sewer.weather)
p <- p + geom_point(aes(x=MeanTempC, y=SewTempC,
                        colour=Interceptor, shape=Interceptor))
p <- p + scale_shape_manual(values=c(21, 23, 24))
p <- p + geom_smooth(aes(x=MeanTempC, y=SewTempC,
                        colour=Interceptor, linetype=Interceptor), method='lm')
p <- p + theme_classic()
p <- p + xlab('Mean air temperature (C)') + ylab('Sewer temperature (C)')
print(p)
```



```
xyplot(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC | Manhole, sewer.weather,
       type=c('p', 'r'))
```



```
## First, basic anova shows effect of Interceptor but not Manhole
anova(lm(SewTempC ~ Manhole, sewer.weather))

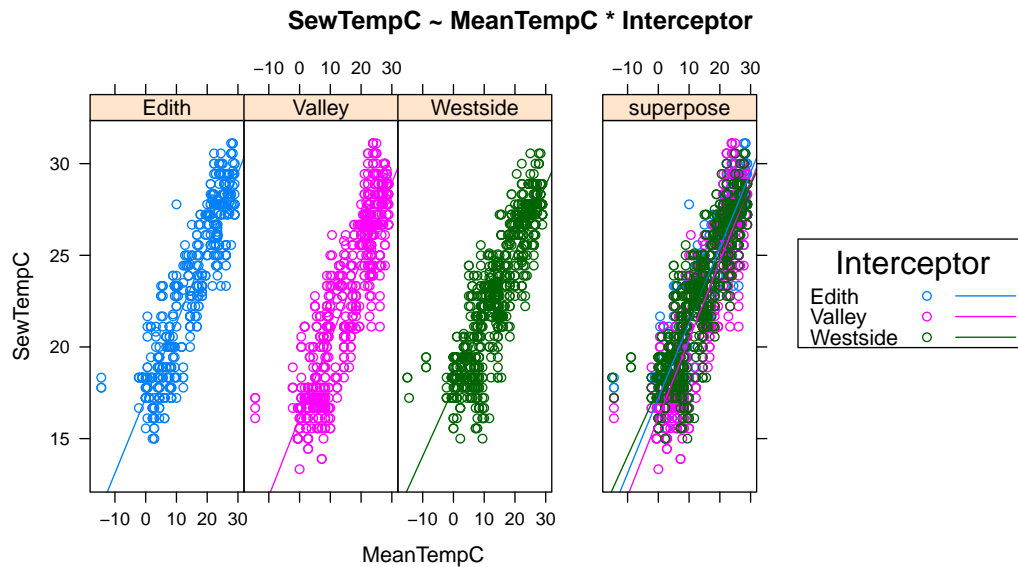
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: SewTempC
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Manhole    14    275    19.6    1.12  0.34
## Residuals 1900  33410    17.6

##
anova(lm(SewTempC ~ Interceptor, sewer.weather))

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: SewTempC
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Interceptor  2    215   107.3    6.13 0.0022 **
## Residuals  1912  33470    17.5
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

ancova(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC * Interceptor, data=sewer.weather)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: SewTempC
##
##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## MeanTempC      1  25828    25828  6598.2 < 2e-16 ***
## Interceptor     2    283      142    36.2 3.8e-16 ***
## MeanTempC:Interceptor 2    100      50    12.8 3.0e-06 ***
## Residuals    1909   7473         4
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```



```
## build all possible models in named list
## y = mx + b
temp.lin.models <- list(
  null=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC, data=sewer.weather),
  ## including min & max temp - signif but doesn't help much
  #all.temp=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + Max, data=sewer.weather),
  b.by.interceptor=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + Interceptor, data=sewer.weather),
  b.by.manhole=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + Manhole, data=sewer.weather),
  m.by.interceptor=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC : Interceptor, data=sewer.weather),
  m.by.manhole=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC : Manhole, data=sewer.weather),
  mb.by.interceptor=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC * Interceptor, data=sewer.weather),
  mb.by.manhole=lm(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC * Manhole, data=sewer.weather)
)
## xian - shared intercept, different slopes
```

```

## best model??
## use maximum likelihood (REML=F) so results are comparable w/anova
temp.mix.models <- list(
  rand_both=lmer(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + (1|Interceptor:Manhole), data=sewer.weather, REML=F),
  rand_both_1=lmer(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + (1|Interceptor/Manhole), data=sewer.weather, REML=F),
  rand_interceptor=lmer(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + (1|Interceptor), data=sewer.weather, REML=F),
  rand_manhole=lmer(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + (1|Manhole), data=sewer.weather, REML=F),
  fixed_b_by_interceptor.rand_manhole=lmer(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC+Interceptor + (1|Manhole), da
  fixed_m_by_interceptor.rand_manhole=lmer(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC:Interceptor + (1|Manhole), da
  fixed_mb_by_interceptor.rand_manhole=lmer(SewTempC ~ MeanTempC*Interceptor + (1|Manhole), d
)

## compare linear models
##
## convenience function
## function returns the list elements with the n best scores
.best.n <- function(.list, .scores, n=2) {
  ## order list
  .list <- .list[ order(unlist(.scores)) ]
  ## only return the first n elements
  ret <- .list[ 1:n ]
  ret
}
## show BIC of each model
## smaller is better
.lin.bic <- lapply(temp.lin.models, function(x) BIC(x))
.lin.bic

## $null
## [1] 8160
##
## $b.by.interceptor
## [1] 8105
##
## $b.by.manhole
## [1] 8177
##
## $m.by.interceptor
## [1] 8147
##
## $m.by.manhole
## [1] 8229
##
## $mb.by.interceptor
## [1] 8095

```

```

##
## $mb.by.manhole
## [1] 8243

## pull out best 2
.lin.best <- .best.n(temp.lin.models, .lin.bic)
## compare with anova
anova(.lin.best[[2]], .lin.best[[1]])

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + Interceptor
## Model 2: SewTempC ~ MeanTempC * Interceptor
##   Res.Df  RSS Df Sum of Sq   F Pr(>F)
## 1    1911 7573
## 2    1909 7473   2      100 12.8 3e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## same for mix models
## show BIC of each model
.mix.bic <- lapply(temp.mix.models, function(x) BIC(x))
.mix.bic

## $rand_both
## [1] 8120
##
## $rand_both_1
## [1] 8117
##
## $rand_interceptor
## [1] 8110
##
## $rand_manhole
## [1] 8120
##
## $fixed_b_by_interceptor.rand_manhole
## [1] 8113
##
## $fixed_m_by_interceptor.rand_manhole
## [1] 8123
##
## $fixed_mb_by_interceptor.rand_manhole
## [1] 8102

```



```

## best 2
.mix.best <- .best.n(temp.mix.models, .mix.bic)
## compare with anova
anova(.mix.best[[2]], .mix.best[[1]])

## Data: sewer.weather
## Models:
## .mix.best[[2]]: SewTempC ~ MeanTempC + (1 | Interceptor)
## .mix.best[[1]]: SewTempC ~ MeanTempC * Interceptor + (1 | Manhole)
##
##      Df   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## .mix.best[[2]]  4 8088 8110  -4040      8080
## .mix.best[[1]]  8 8058 8102  -4021      8042    38    4    1.1e-07
##
## .mix.best[[2]]
## .mix.best[[1]] ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## From Bolker's lmm page:
## http://glmm.wikidot.com/faq
.pseudo.r.sq1 <- function(m) {
  1-var(residuals(m))/(var(model.response(model.frame(m))))
}
.pseudo.r.sq2 <- function(m) {
  lmfit <- lm(model.response(model.frame(m)) ~ fitted(m))
  summary(lmfit)$r.squared
}
## xian - I'm *not* sure the BIC numbers above are directly comparable
## between linear models and mixed models
## I *think* they are??
## In any case, the simple mb.by.interceptor model is good
## the best mixed model might satisfy model assumptions a little better...
##
## note that the model also fails badly in the lower tail -
## e.g. nonlinear at low temps

## pseudo-r-sq of both are approx equivalent to each other
## and to r-sq of best linear model
.pseudo.r.sq1(.mix.best[[1]])

## [1] 0.7784

.pseudo.r.sq2(.mix.best[[1]])

## [1] 0.7784

```

```

## show summary of best linear and mixed model;
summary(.lin.best[[1]])

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = SewTempC ~ MeanTempC * Interceptor, data = sewer.weather)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -6.233 -1.412  0.094  1.272  7.246
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      17.2139     0.1631  105.51 < 2e-16
## MeanTempC         0.4103     0.0094   43.66 < 2e-16
## InterceptorValley -1.0761     0.2168   -4.96 7.5e-07
## InterceptorWestside  0.5294     0.2112    2.51 0.0122
## MeanTempC:InterceptorValley  0.0165     0.0125    1.32 0.1864
## MeanTempC:InterceptorWestside -0.0406     0.0124   -3.27 0.0011
##
## (Intercept)          ***
## MeanTempC             ***
## InterceptorValley      ***
## InterceptorWestside    *
## MeanTempC:InterceptorValley
## MeanTempC:InterceptorWestside **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.98 on 1909 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.778, Adjusted R-squared:  0.778
## F-statistic: 1.34e+03 on 5 and 1909 DF, p-value: <2e-16

summary(.mix.best[[1]])

## Linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood ['lmerMod']
## Formula: SewTempC ~ MeanTempC * Interceptor + (1 | Manhole)
## Data: sewer.weather
##
##      AIC      BIC  logLik deviance df.resid
##   8058    8102   -4021    8042     1907
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.149 -0.711  0.049  0.645  3.672

```

```

##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev.
##   Manhole  (Intercept) 0.00193  0.0439
##   Residual          3.90027  1.9749
## Number of obs: 1915, groups:  Manhole, 15
##
## Fixed effects:
##                                     Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)                      17.21001    0.16460   104.6
## MeanTempC                        0.41033    0.00938    43.7
## InterceptorValley                 -1.07273    0.21870    -4.9
## InterceptorWestside               0.53512    0.21302     2.5
## MeanTempC:InterceptorValley       0.01655    0.01249     1.3
## MeanTempC:InterceptorWestside    -0.04059    0.01241    -3.3
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) MnTmpC IntrcV IntrcW MTC:IV
## MeanTempC    -0.828
## IntrcptrVll  -0.753  0.623
## IntrcptrWst -0.773  0.639  0.582
## MnTmpC:IntV  0.622 -0.751 -0.829 -0.480
## MnTmpC:IntW  0.626 -0.756 -0.471 -0.832  0.568

```