Introduction to Semantic Systems - Final Report

188.399-2019W

Group 01

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Task 1: Project Idea

Our project idea is to create a mobile app (platform independent, using HTML technology) for students, developers and data scientists.

Based on data from developer surveys, repositories and university lectures, it will answer questions about location, income, lectures and programming languages.

Specifically we want it to be able to answer the following questions:

- I am living in *(country)* and want to earn as much money as possible. What programming language promises the most income?
- I live in (country), have experience in (programming language) and want to earn at least (amount) USD per year. Can I achieve this in my country, or shall I consider relocating, and where shall I relocate to?
- I can develop in (programming language). Which repository is a good starting point to practise?
- I want to learn more about (programming language). Which lectures at TU Wien deal with this programming language?

The app displays the four core questions as four tiles. When selecting a tile, the user is asked for details, like their knowledge, location, or their desired income level. Then the app will submit these details and provide the answer to the question.

Figure 1 shows a mockup of the start screen of the mobile app.

Task 2: Data Collection

We have been decided on the following four data sources:

- Kaggle User Survey (László Király) Data Scientists, Country, Job Role, Programming Language, Income
- StackOverflow User Survey (Cem Bicer) Software Developer, Country, Job Role, Programming Language, Income
- GitHub Repositories Data (Helmuth Breitenfellner) Repository URL, Popularity, Programming Language, Issues
- TISS Lectures (Gerald Weber)
 Lectures, Lecturer, Description, Programming Language



Figure 1: Mockup of Mobile Start Screen

Data 1: Kaggle User Survey

Data 2: StackOverflow User Survey

Data 3: GitHub Repositories Data

To obtain the data we were considering two options:

- gathering live data from GitHub, using e.g. the GraphQL API
- downloading collected data from e.g. ghtorrent.org.

Both options have their advantages and disadvantages. At the end we went for downloading collected data, as this required less manual work (compared to performing one query per language) and also makes more data available for other questions which might be asked.

The biggest issue was dealing with the large amount of data from ghtorrent.org. The download consists of a file with size 100GB compressed, which then had to be extracted and analysed.

The download contains the following files:

```
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                                              2019 ORDER
                                  310 Jun
                                           1
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                                              2019 README.md
                                 5326 Jun
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                           1033941154 Jun
                                              2019 commit_comments.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                          27874983212 Jun 1
                                              2019 commit_parents.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                        137449918096 Jun 1
                                              2019 commits.csv
                           1118734835 Jun
                                              2019 followers.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                                           1
-rwxrwxr-x 1 helmuth idc
                                 2228 Jun 1
                                              2019 ght-restore-mysql
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                                  703 Jun 1
                                              2019 indexes.sql
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                           7464558601 Jun 1
                                              2019 issue_comments.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                           9437001225 Jun
                                              2019 issue events.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                            489917235 Jun 1
                                              2019 issue_labels.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                           5862007798 Jun 1 2019 issues.csv
```

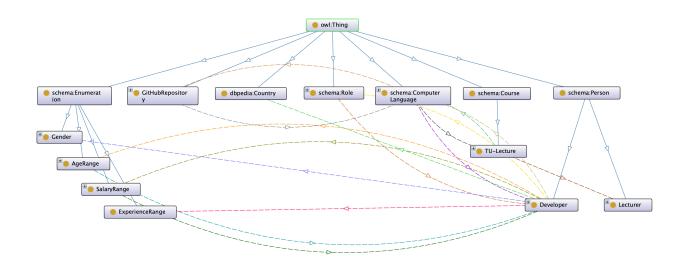


Figure 2: Ontology Diagram

```
2019 organization_members.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                              25594106 Jun
                                               2019 project_commits.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                          116067628357 Jun
                                            1
                                               2019 project_languages.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                            6189106041 Jun
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                             663446623 Jun
                                               2019 project_members.csv
                                               2019 project_topics.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                              23548935 Jun
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                           23464280056 Jun
                                            1
                                               2019 projects.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                            6029885297 Jun
                                               2019 pull_request_comments.csv
                                               2019 pull_request_commits.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                            5059804548 Jun
                                            1
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                            7720141155 Jun
                                               2019 pull request history.csv
                            2715930046 Jun
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                                               2019 pull_requests.csv
                                            1
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                           11886216368 Jun
                                               2019 repo labels.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                                     0 Jun 1
                                               2019 repo_milestones.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                                 18833 Jun 1
                                               2019 schema.sql
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                            2767031027 Jun 1
                                               2019 users.csv
-rw-rw-r-- 1 helmuth idc
                            5769651559 Jun 1
                                               2019 watchers.csv
```

Relevant for our use case are the files projects.csv and issues.csv.

As a first step, the data was filtered and merged, using an R script. This script is called transform.R.

Only original repositories (not forked ones) were taken into account, and only those which have been forked more than 50 times (as a measure of *popularity*) were looked at.

Similarly the issues per repository were counted. Only repositories with at least one issue are considered.

As an output the script created a combined file, repos_issues.csv. Here some sample lines from this script:

```
id,url,description,language,forks,issues
3,https://api.github.com/repos/matplotlib/basemap,,C++,211,515
6,https://api.github.com/repos/cocos2d/cocos2d-x,cocos2d-x for C++,C++,5715,19559
```

Overall, 95576 repositories from GitHub have been created as output in CSV format.

Data 4: TISS Lectures

Task 3: Ontology

When designing the ontology we were looking at reusing existing vocabulary as much as possible.

We are using the following existing classes:

- schema: Enumeration: Our enumerations (e.g. Gender, AgeRange, or SalaryRange) are subclasses of schema: Enumeration.
- schema:gender: The (functional) attribute specifying the gender of a person is taken the schema vocabulatory.
- schema:homeLocation: The (functional) attribute specifying the home country of a person is taken from the schema vocabulatory.
- schema:instructor: The (functional) attribute specifying the lecturer of a lecture is taken from the schema vocabulatory.
- schema: name: The data property specifying the name of an instance is taken from the schema vocabulatory.
- dbpedia:Country: Countries are matched with corresponding countries from dbpedia.
- schema: ComputerLanguage: For the programming languages we use entities of schema: ComputerLanguage.
- schema: Course: The class TU-Lecture, representing a lecture at TU Wien, is modelled as a subclass of schema: Course.
- schema: Person: The two types of person we deal with, Developer and Lecturer, are modelled as subclasses of schema: Person.
- schema: Role: The developer and data scientiest roles are modelled as subclasses of schema: Role.

We have specified attributes like inverse, functional or range and domain for all relations.

The ontology developed is depicted in Figure 2.

Task 4: Knowledge Graph

Kaggle User Survey

StackOverflow User Survey

GitHub Repositories Data

The CSV file created from the data gathering and compilation, as described in the Task 2 description, is then processed using a Python script to create a Turtle RDF file. Here is just the representation of the first two repositories:

```
@prefix rdf: <a href="mailto://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">
@prefix schema: <a href="mailto://schema.org/">
@prefix schema: <a href="mailto://schema.org/">
@prefix group1: <a href="mailto://www.semanticweb.org/sws/ws2019/group1#">
@prefix xsd: <a href="mailto://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
@prefix xsd: <a href="mailto://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
@prefix xsd: <a href="mailto://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
@prefix xsd: <a href="mailto://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
@prefix group1:github.com/repos/mailto://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
@prefix group1:github.com/repos/cocos2d/cocos2d-x> rdf:type group1:GithubRepository ;
group1:isDevelopedIn group1:Cplusplus ;
schema:name "cocos2d/cocos2d-x"^xsd:string ;
group1:issues "19559"^xsd:integer ;
```

```
group1:popularity "5715"^^xsd:integer .
```

The most tedious task of the cleanup is to make the programming languages of GitHub match with them from the other data sources. E.g. in GitHub it is written C++, while in the other data sources this language is referred to Cplusplus.

TISS Lectures

Task 5: Triple Store

For storing the data we were using Jena. We have installed an instance on the Internet for easier collaboration and app deployment.

Task 6: SPARQL Queries

These are just two sample SPARQL queries we have been developing.

Query 1: Which TU lectures deal with a specific programming language?

```
PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX group1: <http://www.semanticweb.org/sws/ws2019/group1#>
PREFIX schema: <http://schema.org/>

SELECT ?name ?programming_language
WHERE {
    ?lecture schema:name ?name .
    ?lecture group1:dealsWith ?programming_language .
    FILTER (?programming_language = ${language})
}
LIMIT 25
```

Query 2: With my income wish, role and programming language skills - shall I stay or shall I go?

```
PREFIX rdf:<http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX group1:<a href="http://www.semanticweb.org/sws/ws2019/group1#">http://www.semanticweb.org/sws/ws2019/group1#>
PREFIX schema:<a href="http://schema.org/">http://schema.org/>
PREFIX dbpedia:<a href="http://dbpedia.org/resource/">http://dbpedia.org/resource/</a>
PREFIX rdfs:<a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema">http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema">
PREFIX sc:<a href="http://purl.org/science/owl/sciencecommons/">http://purl.org/science/owl/sciencecommons/>
PREFIX xsd:<ahttp://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
ASK
WHERE {
  ?developer a group1:Developer .
  ?developer schema:homeLocation ?country .
  ?developer group1:developsIn ?language .
  ?developer group1:hasRole ?role .
     SELECT ?country (AVG(?avgRange) as ?averageK)
     WHERE {
          ?developer a group1:Developer .
          ?developer group1:hasRole ?role .
          ?developer schema:homeLocation ?country .
```

```
?developer group1:developsIn ?language .
      ?developer group1:hasSalaryRange ?salaryRange .
      ?salaryRange group1:minSalary ?minSalary .
      ?salaryRange group1:maxSalary ?maxSalary.
      BIND ((?minSalary + ?maxSalary)/2 AS ?avgRange)
   GROUP BY ?country
  }
   SELECT ?country (AVG(?salaryValue) as ?averageS)
      ?developer a group1:Developer .
      ?developer group1:hasRole ?role .
      ?developer schema:homeLocation ?country .
      ?developer group1:developsIn ?language .
      ?developer group1:salary ?salaryValue .
   }
   GROUP BY ?country
  BIND ((?averageK + ?averageS)/2 as ?average)
  FILTER (?language = ${language} && ?country = ${country} &&
          ?average > "${salary}"^^xsd:integer && ?role = ${role})
}
GROUP BY ?country ?average
```

Task 7: App Implementation

We used jquery when implementing the app. The app is interacting with Apache Jena using SOH - SPARQL over HTTP.

To avoid dealing with *CORS* (Cross-Origin Resource Sharing) issues, we have deployed the app in the same server as Apache Jena. It is accessible at https://jena.helmuth.at/app. For security reasons we have added username and password protection. Please use the following credentials to access the app (https://jena.helmuth.at/app) or the Jena Server (https://jena.helmuth.at/):

Username: group1 Password: gurus2020