

## Experiment No 1

```
const prompt=require('prompt-sync') ();
function calculateTriangleArea(base, height) {
    return 0.5 * base * height;
}

function calculateRectangleArea(length, width) {
    return length * width;
}

function calculateCircleArea(radius) {
    return Math.PI * radius * radius;
}

const triangleBase = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the base of the triangle: "));
const triangleHeight = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the height of the triangle: "));
const triangleArea = calculateTriangleArea(triangleBase, triangleHeight);
console.log("Area of the triangle: "+triangleArea);

const rectangleLength = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the length of the rectangle: "));
const rectangleWidth = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the width of the rectangle: "));
const rectangleArea = calculateRectangleArea(rectangleLength, rectangleWidth);
console.log("Area of the Rectangle: "+rectangleArea);

const circleRadius = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the radius of the circle: "));
const circleArea = calculateCircleArea(circleRadius);
console.log("Area of the Circle: "+circleArea);
```

Enter the base of the triangle: 10

Enter the height of the triangle: 20

Area of the triangle: 100

Enter the length of the rectangle: 100

Enter the width of the rectangle: 50

Area of the Rectangle: 5000

Enter the radius of the circle: 50

Area of the Circle: 7853.981633974483

## Experiment No 2

```
const prompt=require('prompt-sync')();

function multTable(num) {
  for (let i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
    const res = num * i;
    console.log(`${num} x ${i} = ${res}`);
  }
}

let n = prompt("Enter a Number");
multTable(n);
```

Enter a Number6

6 x 1 = 6

6 x 2 = 12

6 x 3 = 18

6 x 4 = 24

6 x 5 = 30

6 x 6 = 36

6 x 7 = 42

6 x 8 = 48

6 x 9 = 54

6 x 10 = 60

## Experiment No 3

### 3.1] Reverse A String

```
const prompt = require('prompt-sync')();

function revStr(input) {
    return input.split('').reverse().join('');
}

let str = prompt("Enter A String To Reverse")
let reversedStr = revStr(strToReverse);

console.log("Original String:", str);
console.log("Reversed String:", reversedStr);
```

```
Enter A String To Reverse omkar
Original String: omkar
Reversed String: rakmo
```

### 3.2]Replace A Character

```
function replaceChars(input, search, replace) {  
    return input.split(search).join(replace);  
}  
  
const str = "Programming is fun!";  
const searchChar = 'm';  
const replaceChar = 'X';  
  
const replacedStr = replaceChars(str, searchChar, replaceChar);  
  
console.log("Original String:", str);  
console.log("Replaced String:", replacedStr);
```

```
Original String: Programming is fun!  
Replaced String: PrograXXing is fun!
```

### 3.3]Checking Palindrome String

```
const prompt = require('prompt-sync')();

function revStr(input) {
    return input.split('').reverse().join('');
}

function isPalin(input) {
    let original = input.toLowerCase();
    console.log("Original String is : "+original);

    let reversed = revStr(original).toLowerCase();
    console.log("Reversed String is : "+reversed);

    if (original===reversed) {
        console.log("String Is Palindrome");
    } else {
        console.log("String Is Not Palindrome");
    }
}

let str = prompt("Enter A String : ")

isPalin(str);
```

```
Enter A String : omkar
Original String is : omkar
Reversed String is : rakmo
String Is Not Palindrome

Enter A String : madam
Original String is : madam
Reversed String is : madam
String Is Palindrome
```

## Experiment No 4

### Method 1: Using toUpperCase()

```
const string1 = 'JavaScript Program';
const string2 = 'javascript program';

const result = string1.toUpperCase() === string2.toUpperCase();

if(result) {
    console.log('The strings are similar.');
```

```
} else {
    console.log('The strings are not similar.');
```

```
}
```

The strings are similar.

### Method 2: JS String Comparison Using RegEx

```
const string1 = 'JavaScript Program';
const string2 = 'javascript program';

const pattern = new RegExp(string1, "gi");

const result = pattern.test(string2)

if(result) {
    console.log('The strings are similar.');
```

```
} else {
    console.log('The strings are not similar.');
```

```
}
```

The strings are similar.

Method 3: Using localeCompare()

```
const string1 = 'JavaScript Program';
const string2 = 'javascript program';

const result = string1.localeCompare(string2, undefined, { sensitivity: 'base'
});

if(result == 0) {
    console.log('The strings are similar.');
```

```
} else {
    console.log('The strings are not similar.');
```

```
}
```

The strings are similar.