

Programming Assignment 3

Assigned 10/9/2017

Due 10/27/2017

Build two hash tables

Assume that in the file, **a3.txt**, there are no more than 50 names (entries). Each entry is less than 15 chars. If a state name is longer than 14, your program needs to truncate it. The data format is as follows:

NewYork

Connecticut

Michigan

Ohio

1. hash table 1

Hash and Linear Probing: You are to construct a closed hash table of total capacity of hosting **100** entries. Using *linear rehash (or linear probe: one step increment)* with the following hash function to insert each string *inString* from the input in **a3.txt** into the hash table:

$$h(\text{inString}) = (\text{inString}[0] + \text{inString}[\text{last}] + i) \bmod 100; i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$\text{inString}[k]$ is the Ascii value of char $\text{inString}[k]$.

Record the cumulative number of steps (i.e., the number of hash table slots examined for available slot) for every string entered; **this number must be printed immediately following each state name in the table.**

Print the resulted hash table on the screen: **4** state names each line; if the bucket entry is NULL, print **15 underscore “_”** that are assigned for each entry. Enumerate each line with the first entry of the four; e.g. for first line, the line number is 01. Each entry should be printed as 15 chars. For a name less than 15 chars, use spaces to make up. For example, if NewYork has **four** collisions, and NewJersey has **twelve** collisions:

NewYork	04	NewJersey	12
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2. hash table 2

Repeat part 1, with Quadratic Probing

$$h(\text{inString}) = (\text{inString}[0] + \text{inString}[\text{last}] + i^2) \bmod 100; i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

3. Comparison: After the hash tables built, do a search for each of these two tables. The search is on each and every entry in **a3.txt**, and count on the number of comparisons for searching each entry. Print out the total number of comparisons in the **hash table 1** and **hash table 2**.