The Case for Distance-Bounded Spatial Approximations

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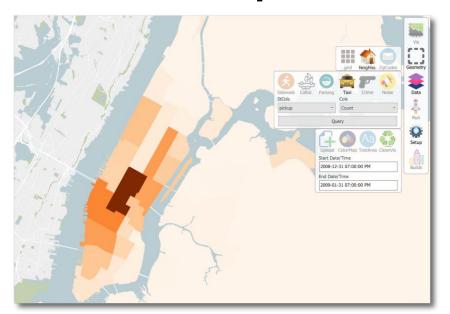
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Visual Exploration of Mobility Data



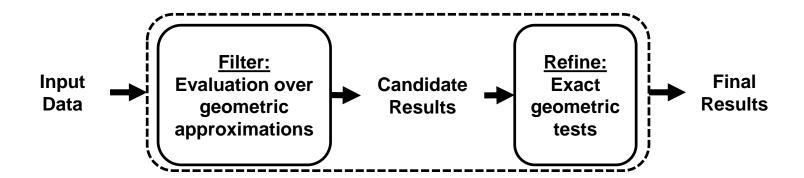
- Need: interactivity
- Approximate visualizations
- "Level-of-detail" exploration
- Imprecise GPS positions
- Fuzzy region boundaries

Distribution of taxi pickup locations per neighborhood in Manhattan



Paradigm shift: approximate spatial data processing

Traditional Spatial Query Evaluation

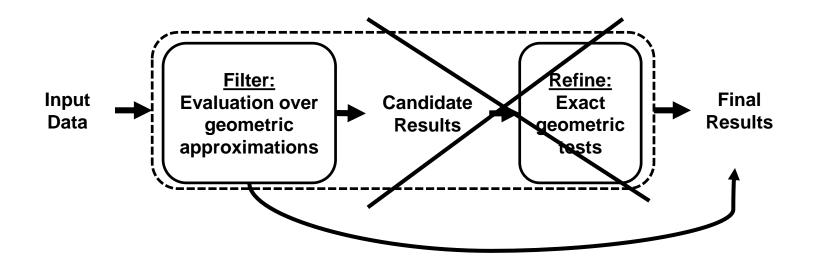


Imprecise geometric approximations

Expensive geometric tests



Spatial Query Evaluation Revisited



Increase the geometric approximation precision

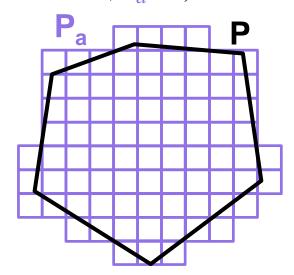
Make the precision tunable

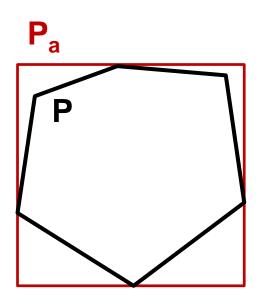


Distance Bound

 Bound on the Hausdorff distance between the approximate (purple) and the original polygon:

$$H(P_a, P) \leq \varepsilon$$





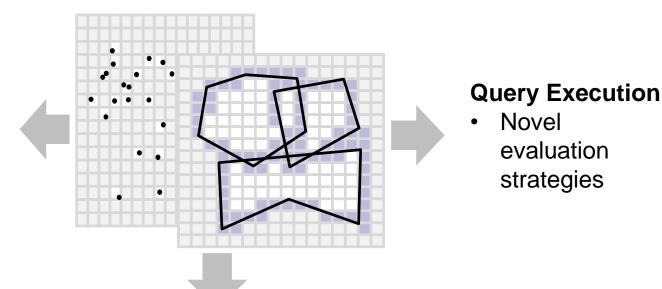
Geometry-independent, tunable precision



Vision: Raster Approximations at the Core

Data Access

Novel indexes



Query Optimization

- Novel data representation & GPU-friendly operators
- Enabling fine-grained optimization

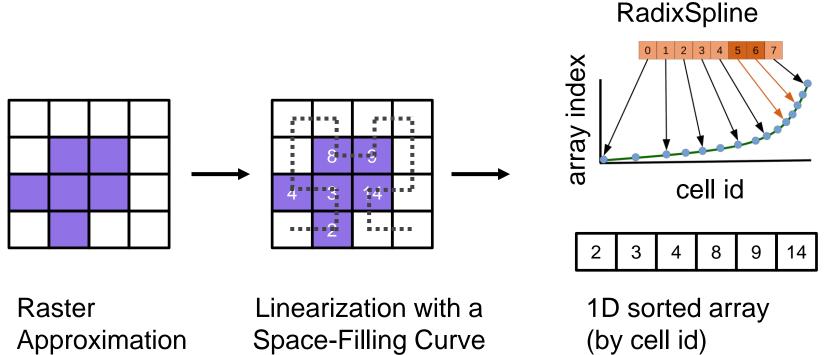


Novel

evaluation

strategies

A Learned Index for Rasterized Points



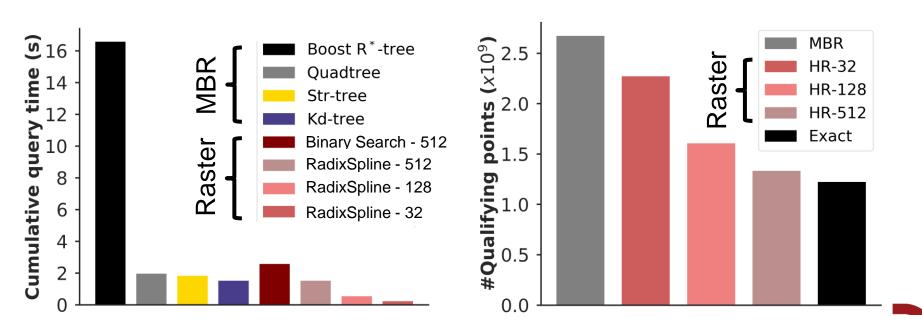
Map raster cells to an array and learn their position



Containment Query Performance

COUNT Taxi rides (1.2 B points) WITHIN NYC census region (39,200 polygons)

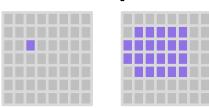
Single-threaded, Intel Xeon Gold 6230 CPU @ 3.9 GHz turbo, 256 GB RAM



Sweet spot in the trade-off between precision and query time

Spatial Data Representation & Query Operators

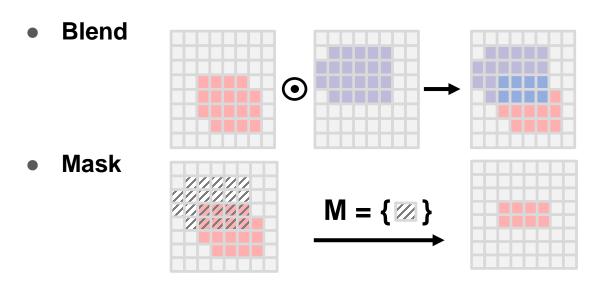
- Filter & Refine based processing
 - Monolithic operators
 - Geometry-specific implementations
 - Limited optimization options
- Approximate rasterization based processing
 - Geometry-agnostic





Unified representation of geometric objects

Geometry - Independent Operators

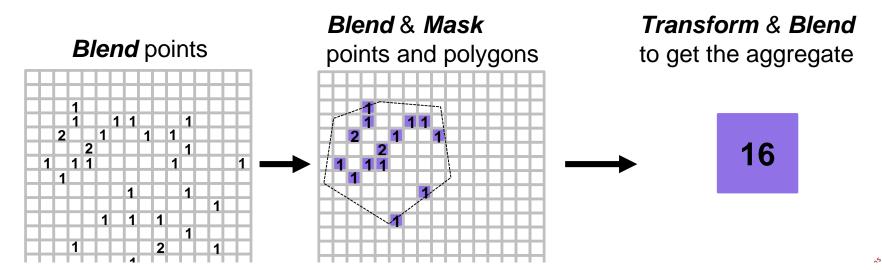


Affine transformations

Common graphics operations supported by GPUs Enable finer-grained optimization over a wider set of options

Spatial Aggregation Query Evaluation

SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM taxi ride *T*, neighborhoods *N*WHERE *T*.pickup INSIDE *N*.geometry
GROUP BY *N*.id

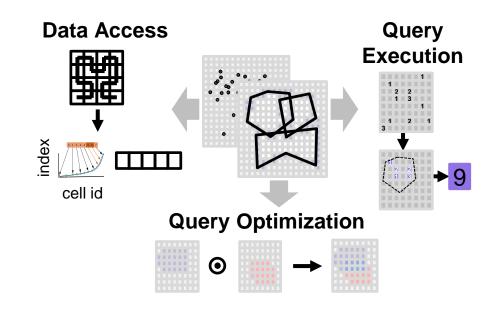


Orders of magnitude speedup over typical evaluation strategies

The Case for Distance-Bounded Spatial Approximations

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- Approximate spatial data processing techniques need a distance bound
- Trade precision for interactivity
- Express spatial operators as graphics primitives and use modern GPUs



We envision novel spatial systems that employ distance-bounded spatial approximations at their core