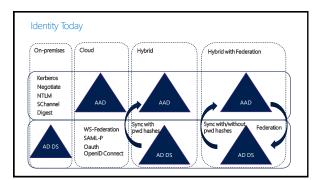


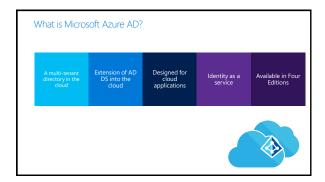
Agenda

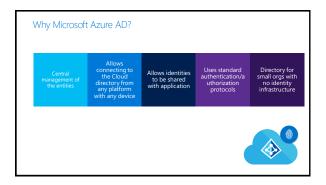
- Azure AD
- Azure AD Domain Services
- Role Based Access Control (RBAC)
- Azure AD B2B & B2C
- Azure Multi-Factor Authentication
- Azure AD Application Proxy
- Azure AD Conditional Access
- Azure AD Privileged Identity Management

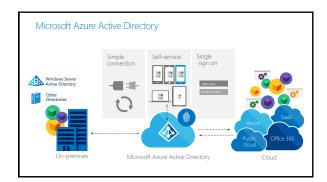


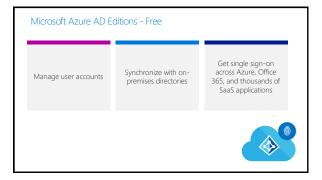


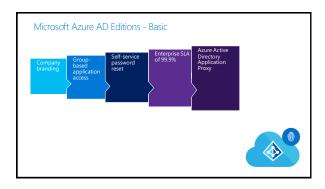
Pro	blem Statement			
	Traditional directories and cloud workloads	The protocols not designed for cloud	New authentication protocols are better suited for cloud	
	Connection to the directory is not permanent	Need for interoperable authentication/author ization protocol	Multiple authentication systems break the SSO consolidation	**************************************

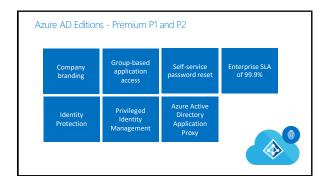




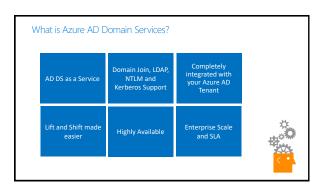








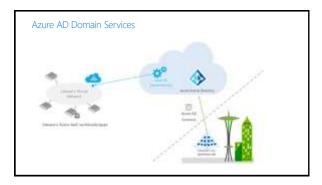




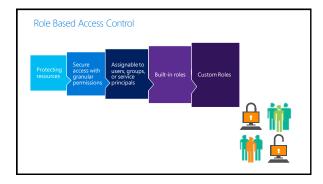
What you can do

- LDAP bind and LDAP read support
- · Group Policy*
- Manage DNS
- Custom OUs*
- Deploy to ASM (Classic) VNet today*
- Deploy without VPN or ExpressRoute
- Manage with AD Admin Center and AD PowerShell

What you cannot do today AD DS Trusts Extend Schema Deploy to multiple Azure VNet's (Geo Distributed) Deploy to multiple Azure VNet's (Geo Distributed) Edit Default Domain Orbefault Domain Controllers Policy Edit Default Domain Admin or Enterprise Admin access Connect to DCs via RDP



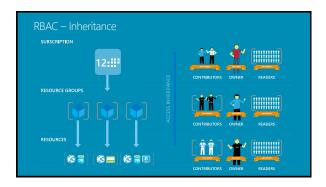


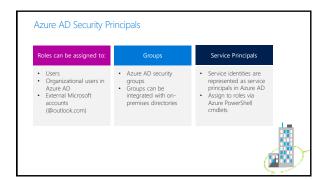




RBAC- Concepts • Role Definitions • permissions • multiple assignments • Role Assignments • associate role with an identity at a scope • always inherited

MUNICE IN MOLE	ACTIONS	NOTACTIONS
Description of actions)		
Contribute rollowed at the concept wiring or defining role assignmental		Microsoft Authorization/1744 kg. Microsoft Authorization/1786 kg.
Pearly John of real ottens	Treed	









Management Groups

- Management groups are containers that are used to store multiple subscriptions
- These containers are a level of scope above the subscription level
- Azure Policies and Role Based Access Control can now be applied at the following levels:
- Management GroupSubscriptionResource GroupResource



Root Management Group

Management Group Limits

- 10,000 management groups can be supported in a single directory (Azure Active Directory tenant)
- A management group tree can support up to six levels of depth
- This limit doesn't include the Root level or the subscription level
- Each management group and subscription can only support one parent
- All subscriptions and management groups are contained within a single hierarchy in each directory



Demo: Role Based Access Control & Management Groups









Azure Active Directory B2B Concept

Azure AD B2B allows external and authenticated access to key applications and data:

- You do not need a Security Token Service (STS) nor to federate with a partner
- You do not have to create and manage the external accounts in your internal directory
- Partners can use their Azure AD tenant credentials to access your resources and their access is terminated after the user is removed
- If a partner does not already have Azure AD, the B2B collaboration has a streamlined sign-up experience to provide the Azure AD accounts to your business partners
- You can control what partners can access

Provisioned user objects User object provisioned into inviter's directory UserType = guest - Regular user object is provisioned, with UserType attribute set to 'guest' - Sourced from "Microsoft Azure Active Directory" No credentials for user stored in Contoso directory No direct link between accounts - If Woodgrove account gets deleted, the guest account in Contoso remains

Viral tenant provisioning When invited partners do not have Azure AD tenants • User is asked to create an account • Actually creates a 'viral' Azure AD tenant without the user knowing Tenant without a Company Administrator • Domain has isAdminiManaged flag set to false • User has UserType attribute set to Viral Admin can takeover the tenant • DNS take over process • Uses MX or TXT record • Tenant can be merged into an existing managed tenant





Provision your B2B users — Build the CSV File The following sample file will provide B2B access for three users for the SalesForce application: Use comma as a separator Required fields: Email: Email address of the invited user DisplayMame: Display name for the invited user (typically, the first and last names) InviteOnatorMatt B7R in ordical on email invitations in case the invited user wants to contact your organization InviteOnatorMatt B7R in ordical or email invites and the acceptance pages InvitedApplaSecures: Application to use for branding the email invites and the acceptance pages InvitedApplaSecures: ObjectIDs for the groupt to which you want to assign users InvitedRepublications cost bit this openional field is no stopping to the provisional field is not specified, the invited user is indirected to the App Access panel from where users can access the corporate apps that you assigned to them. Alter Display and the invited user after invite acception. With English as the default when unspecified

Provisioning Your AAD B2B Users

• Use the **New guest user** function on the All users menu



• Bulk users can be added using PowerShell

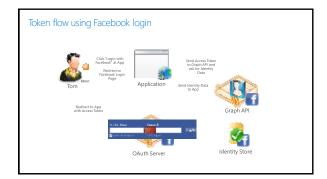
Sinvitations = import-csv C'vinvitations csv SmessageInfo = New-Object Microsoft-Open.MSGraph.Model.InvitedUserMessageInfo SmessageInfo.customizedMessageBody = "Hey there! Check this out." I created an invitation through PowerShell"

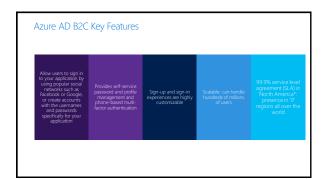
FowerSnern in Sinvitations] (New-AzureADMSInvitation-InvitedUserEmailAddress Semail InvitedUserEmailAddress -InvitedUserDisplayName SemailName -InviteRedirectUrl https://wingiptoysonline-dev-ed.my.salesforce.com -InvitedUserMessageInfo SmessageInfo - SendinvitationMessage Strue)

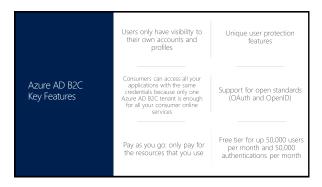
Azure Active Directory B2C

- · Identity management
- · Consumer facing applications
- Existing social accounts or local accounts
- Sign-up policies
- Tokens
- Multi Factor Authentication Support
- · Customizable user interface









Azure AD B2C – Build the Tenant • Create and managed in the Azure Portal.

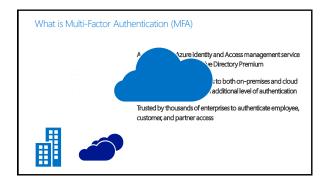




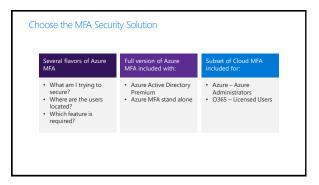


Any two or more of th	le following factors.		
Something you know - a password or PIN	Something you have - a phone, credit card, or hardware token	Something you are - a fingerprint, retinal scan, or other biometric	Stronger when using two different channels (out- of-band)







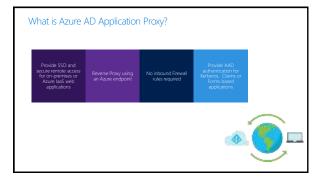


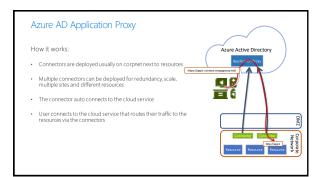
Choose the MFA Security Solution		
What are you trying to secure	Multi-Factor Authentication in the cloud	Multi-Factor Authentication Server
First party Microsoft apps	*	*
SaaS apps in the app gallery	*	*
IIS applications published through Azure AD App Proxy	*	*
IIS applications not published through Azure AD App Proxy		*
Remote access such as VPN, RDG		*

Solution
Multi-Factor Authentication in the cloud
Both MFA in the cloud and MFA Server are available options
Both MFA in the cloud and MFA Server are available options
Multi-Factor Authentication in the cloud
Multi-Factor Authentication Server

	MFA for Office 365/Azure Administrators	Azure Multi-Factor Authentication
Administrators can enable/enforce MFA to users	⊘	Ø
Use mobile app (online and OTP) as second authentication factor	⊘	⊘
Use phone call as second authentication factor	Ø	⊘
Use SMS as second authentication factor	⊘	⊘
Application passwords for non-browser clients (for example, Outlook, Skype for Business)	Ø	⊘
Default Microsoft greetings during authentication phone calls	⊘	⊘
Custom greetings during authentication phone calls		⊘
Fraud alert		⊘
MFA SDK		⊘
Security reports		⊘
MFA for on-premises applications/ MFA Server		⊘
One-Time Bypass		⊘
Block/Unblock Users		Ø
Customizable caller ID for authentication phone calls		Ø

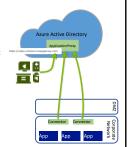


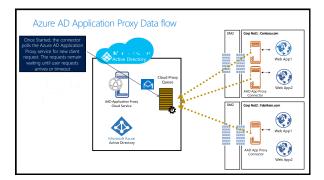


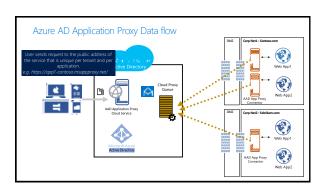


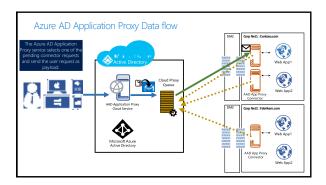
Cloud Scale Security

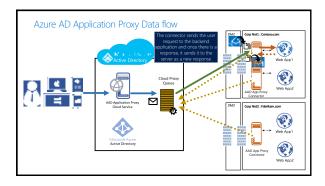
- All HTTP/S traffic is terminated in the cloud blocking most HTTP level attacks.
- Unauthenticated traffic filtered in the cloud will not arrive on-prem.
- No incoming connections to the corporate network
 only outgoing connection to the Azure AD
 Application Proxy service
- Internet facing service always up to date with latest security patches and server upgrades
- Login abnormalities detection, reporting and auditing by Azure AD

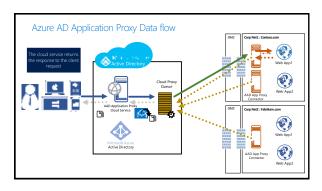


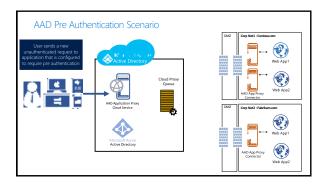


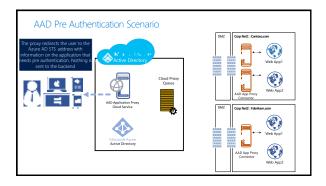


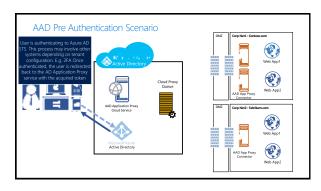


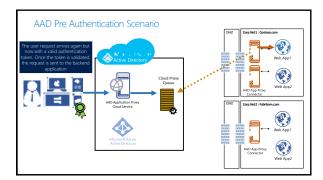












Other Features

User Your Own Domain:

- Publish applications using one of your own verified domains. Upload a PFX certificate.
 DNS—Create a CNAME record for your custom name to app-yourtennantname.msappproxy.com

- Connector Groups:
 Group connectors for location (e.g. Azure East US, On premises Data center etc)
 Adds redundancy
 Assign applications to a specific Connector Group



Other Features

SSO for on-premises IWA apps using KCD:

- Configure on -premises application for Kerberos (register SPNs).
- $\bullet \quad {\sf Configure\,Connector\,servers\,for\,Kerberos\,Constrained\,Delegation\,with\,Protocol\,Transition}.$
- Proxy validates the token (from Azure AD) and retrieves the User Principal Name (UPN) from it, and then sends
 the request, the UPN, and the Service Principal Name (SPN) to the Connector through a dually authenticated
 secure channel.
- The Connector performs Kerberos Constrained Delegation (KCD) negotiation with the on–premises AD, impersonating the user to get a Kerberos token to the application.





What is Azure AD Conditional Access?

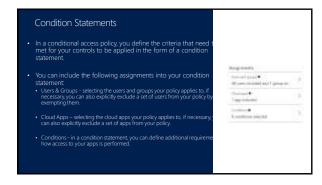
- Conditional access is a feature of Azure Active Directory that allows you to enforce controls on access to apps in your environment based on specific conditions.
- $\bullet~$ With controls, you can either tie additional requirements to the access or you can block it.
- Conditional access is based on policies.
- Typically, you define your access requirements using statements that are based on the following pattern:

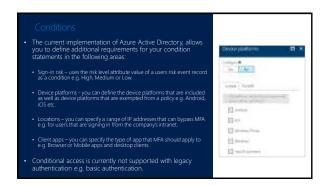
When this happens Then sky this

 E.g. when contractors are trying to access our cloud apps from networks that are not trusted, then block access.

In a conditional access policy, controls define what should happen when a condition statement has been satisfied. The current implementation of Azure Active Directory enables you to configure the following grant control requirements: Multifactor Authoritication—you can use Azure Multi-Factor or an on-premise multi-factor authoritication provider, combined with Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) Compliant device—you can set up a policy to allow only computers that are compliant, or mobile device that are enrolled in a mobile device management application, to access your organizations.

 Domain joined device - you can require the device to be a domain joined device, this policy applies to Windows desktops, laptops, and







What is Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)?

PIM is a feature of Azure Active Directory that allows you to manage, control, and monitor access within your organization.

Azure AD PIM allows you to:

- See which users are Azure AD administrators Enable on-demand, "just in time" administrative access to Microsoft Online Services like Office 365 and Intune
- Get reports about administrator access history and changes in administrator assignments
- Get alerts about access to a privileged role

Azure AD PIM can manage the following Azure AD organizational roles, including (but not limited

- to): Global Administrator
- Billing Administrator
- Service Administrator
 User Administrator
- · Password Administrator

Just in time Administrator access (JIT)

- Allows you to assign a role permanently or for a predetermined amount of time
- Users who have been assigned a role permanently are known as permanent admins and users who have been assigned a role for a period of time are known as eligible admins
- An eligible admins role is inactive until they require access, they then complete an activation process and become an active admin for a period of time
- User account must be an organizational account
- To configure JIT access:
 Configure role activation settings e.g., the duration the role is active for
 Add user or group to the role



PIM Administration

- Run the security wizard which walks you through the initial assignment experience



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