Prn -09

Book Management System (CRUD)

MVC is a design pattern used to decouple user-interface (view), data (model), and application logic (controller). This pattern helps to achieve separation of concerns.

Using the MVC pattern for websites, requests are routed to a Controller that is responsible for working with the Model to perform actions and/or retrieve data. The Controller chooses the View to display and provides it with the Model. The View renders the final page, based on the data in the Model.

Models & data

Create clean model classes and easily bind them to your database. Declaratively define validation rules, using C# attributes, which are applied on the client and server.

Controllers

Simply route requests to controller actions, implemented as normal C# methods. Data from the request path, query string, and request body are automatically bound to method parameters.

Views with Razor

The Razor syntax provides a simple, clean, and lightweight way to render HTML content based on your view. Razor lets you render a page using C#, producing fully HTML5 compliant web pages.

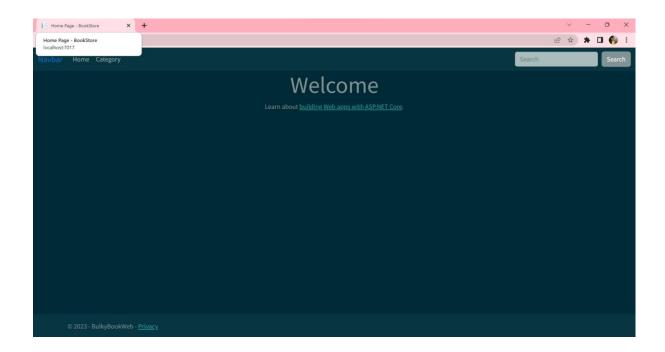
Steps

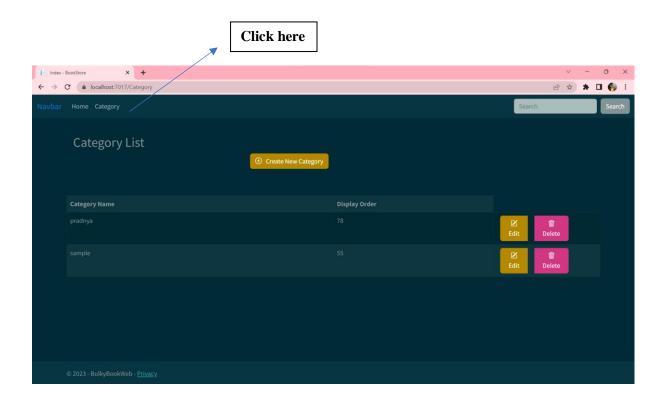
Prn -09

- Set up your development environment: Install Visual Studio with the .NET development tools and set up a database server, such as SQL Server.
- Create a new ASP.NET MVC project: Open Visual Studio and create a new ASP.NET MVC project. Choose the appropriate project template and configure the project settings.
- Define your database schema: Create a database schema that includes tables for books, authors, publishers, and any other relevant entities. Define relationships between the tables as needed.
- Create models: Create C# classes that represent the entities in your database. Use the Entity Framework to map these classes to your database tables.
- Create controllers: Create controllers to handle requests from users and interact with your models. For example, you might create a BookContr
- oller to handle requests related to books, such as adding a new book or editing an existing one.
- Create views: Create views to display data to users and allow them to interact with your application. For example, you might create a view that displays a list of all the books in your system, along with options to edit or delete them.
- Implement authentication and authorization: Implement authentication and authorization to restrict access to certain parts of your application. For example, you might restrict access to the ability to add or delete books to certain user roles.
- Test and debug: Test your application and debug any issues that arise.

Prn -09

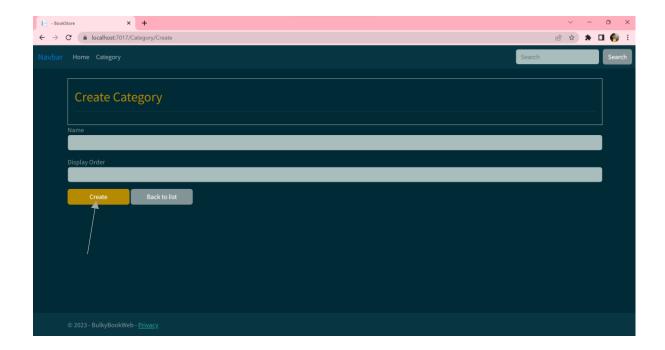
Home page --



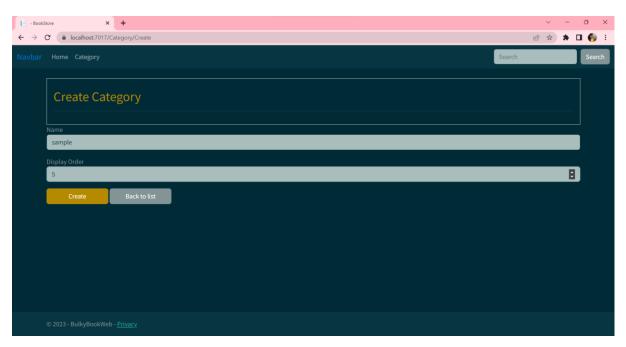


Prn -09

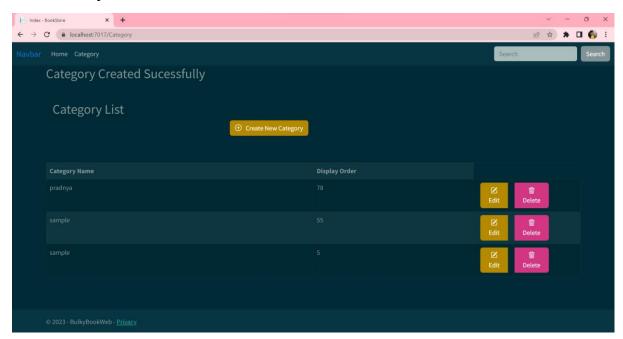
Create new Category—



Prn -09

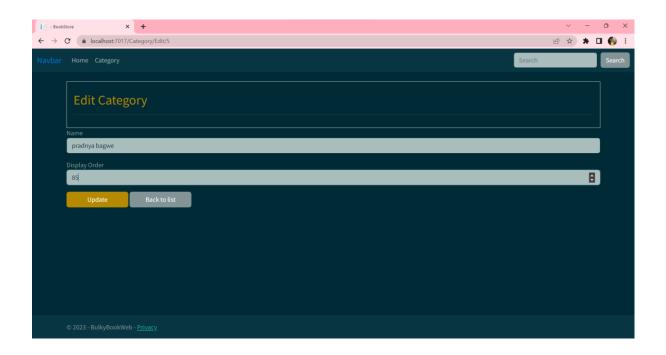


Successfully Created--

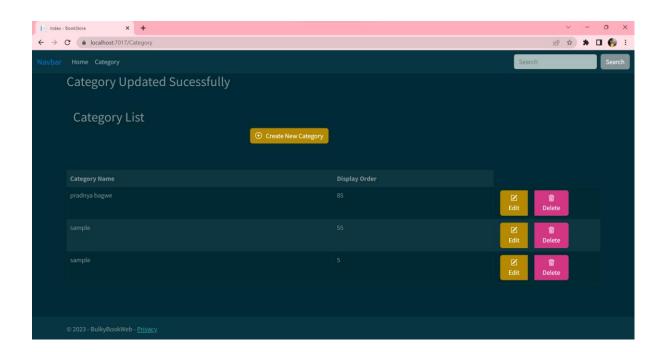


Prn -09

Edit Existing Category



Updated Sucessfully



Prn -09

Delete Unwanted Category

