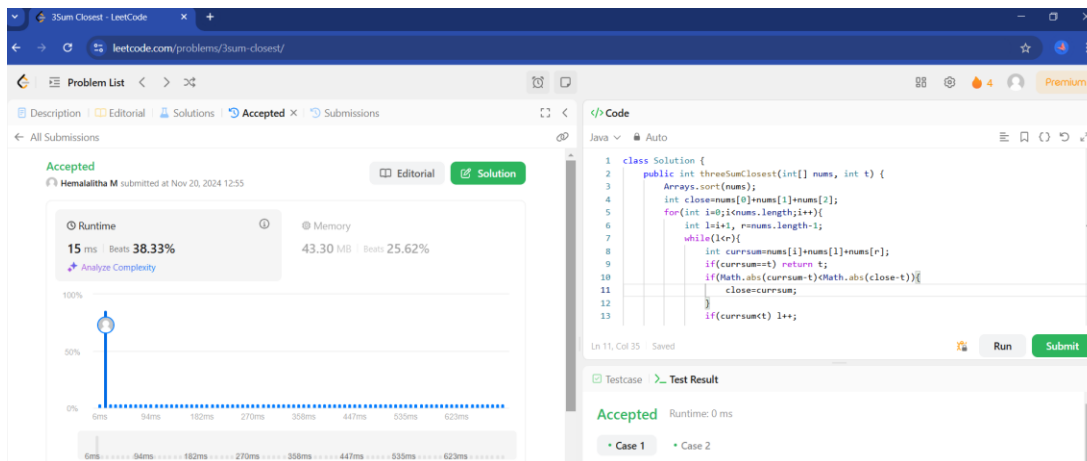


## 1. Triplet sum in array:

CODE:

```
class Solution {
    public int threeSumClosest(int[] nums, int t) {
        Arrays.sort(nums);
        int close=nums[0]+nums[1]+nums[2];
        for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++){
            int l=i+1, r=nums.length-1;
            while(l<r){
                int currsum=nums[i]+nums[l]+nums[r];
                if(currsum==t) return t;
                if(Math.abs(currsum-t)<Math.abs(close-t)){
                    close=currsum;
                }
                if(currsum<t) l++;
                else r--;
            }
        }
        return close;
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:



Time Complexity:  $O(n^2)$

## 2. Jump game 2:

CODE:

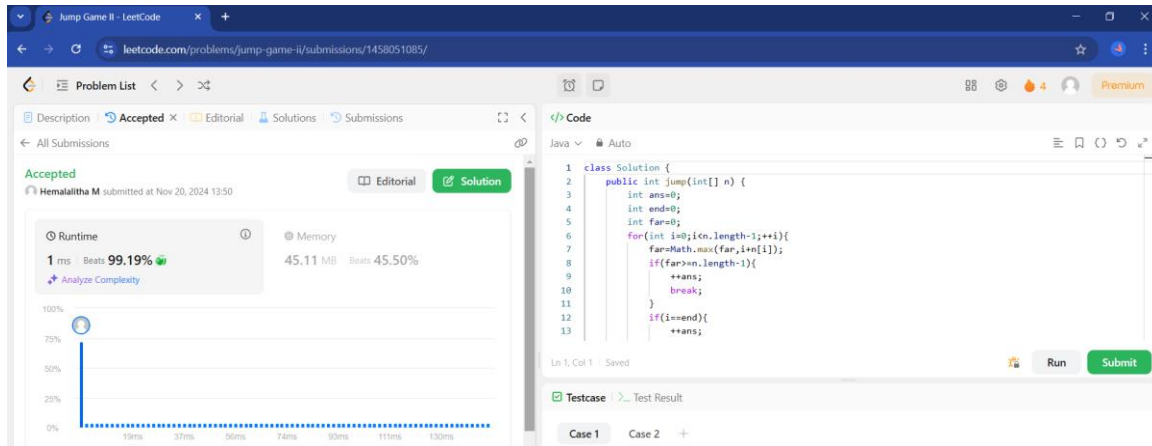
```
class Solution {
    public int jump(int[] n) {
        int ans=0;
        int end=0;
        int far=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n.length-1;++i){
            far=Math.max(far,i+n[i]);
            if(far>=n.length-1){
                ++ans;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        if(i==end){
            ++ans;
            end=far;
        }
    }
    return ans;
}
}

```

**OUTPUT:**



Time Complexity:  $O(n)$

### 3. Group Anagrams:

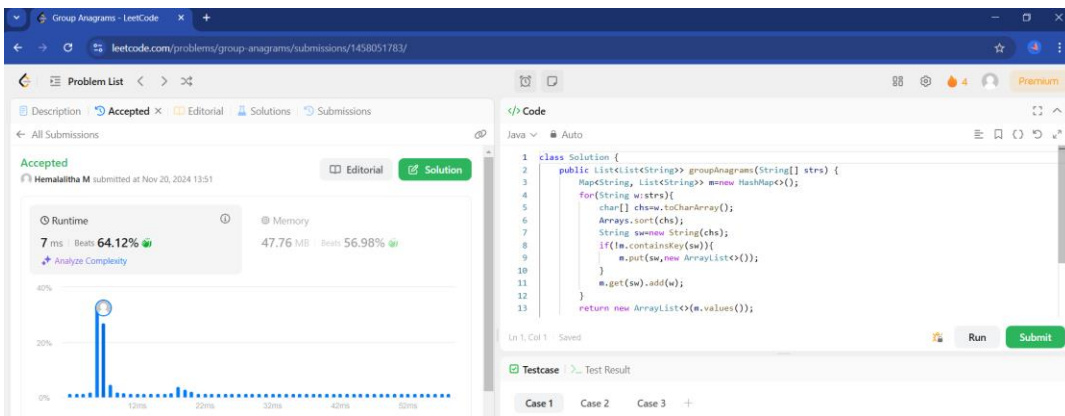
**CODE:**

```

class Solution {
    public List<List<String>> groupAnagrams(String[] strs) {
        Map<String, List<String>> m=new HashMap<>();
        for(String w:strs){
            char[] chs=w.toCharArray();
            Arrays.sort(chs);
            String sw=new String(chs);
            if(!m.containsKey(sw)){
                m.put(sw,new ArrayList<>());
            }
            m.get(sw).add(w);
        }
        return new ArrayList<>(m.values());
    }
}

```

**OUTPUT:**



Time Complexity:  $O(n * m \log m)$

#### 4. Decode ways:

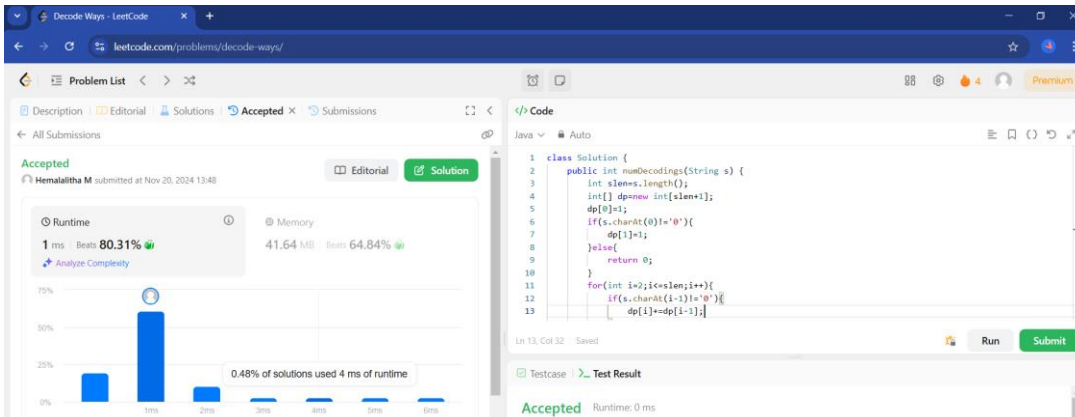
##### CODE:

```

class Solution {
    public int numDecodings(String s) {
        int slen=s.length();
        int[] dp=new int[slen+1];
        dp[0]=1;
        if(s.charAt(0)!='0'){
            dp[1]=1;
        }else{
            return 0;
        }
        for(int i=2;i<=slen;i++){
            if(s.charAt(i-1)!='0'){
                dp[i]=dp[i-1];
            }
            if(s.charAt(i-2)=='1' || (s.charAt(i-2)=='2' && s.charAt(i-1)<='6')){
                dp[i]=dp[i-2];
            }
        }
        return dp[slen];
    }
}

```

##### OUTPUT:

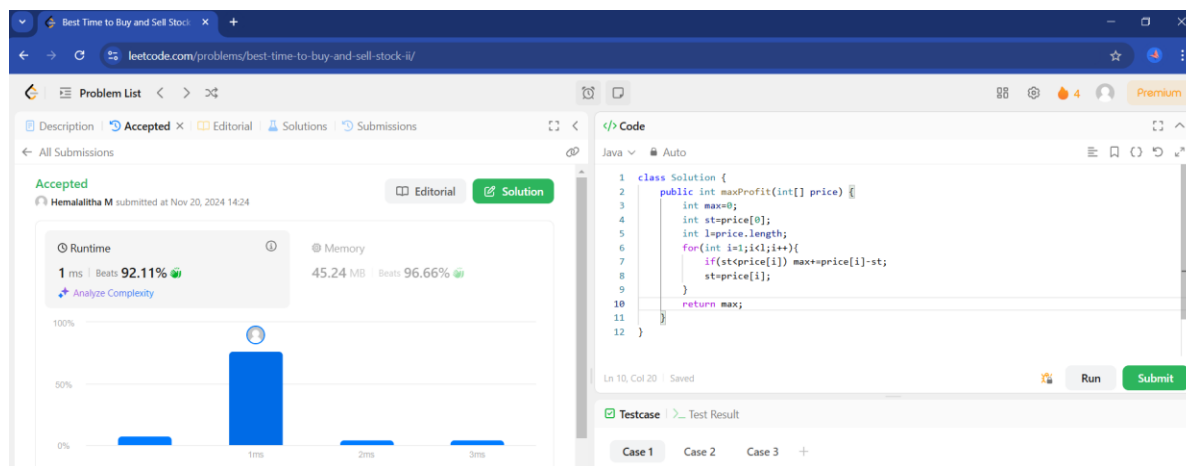


## 5. Best time to buy and sell stock 2:

CODE:

```
class Solution {
    public int maxProfit(int[] price) {
        int max=0;
        int st=price[0];
        int l=price.length;
        for(int i=1;i<l;i++){
            if(st<price[i]) max+=price[i]-st;
            st=price[i];
        }
        return max;
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:



Time complexity:  $O(n)$

## 6. Number of islands:

CODE:

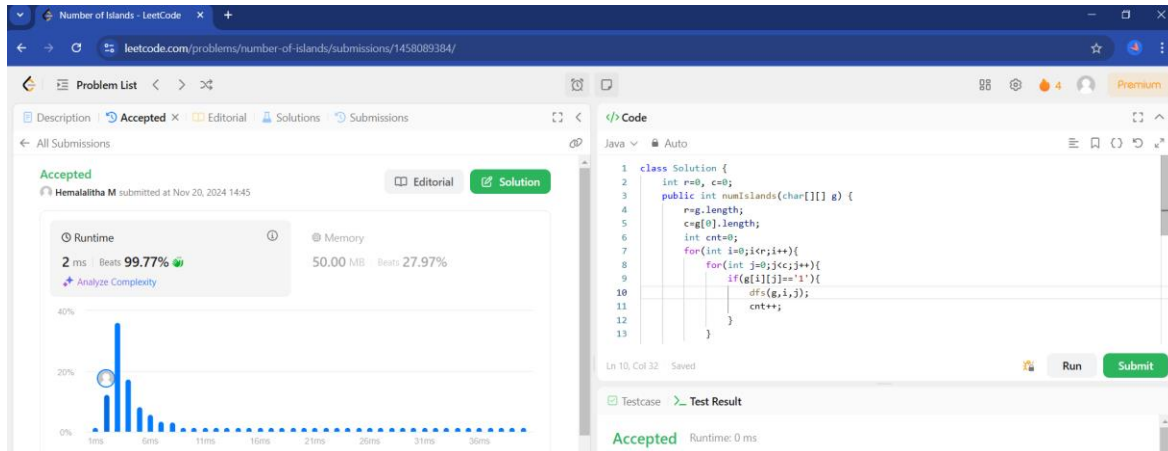
```
class Solution {
    int r=0, c=0;
    public int numIslands(char[][] g) {
        r=g.length;
        c=g[0].length;
        int cnt=0;
        for(int i=0;i<r;i++){
            for(int j=0;j<c;j++){
                if(g[i][j]=='1'){
                    dfs(g,i,j);
                    cnt++;
                }
            }
        }
        return cnt;
    }
    public void dfs(char[][] g, int i, int j){
        if(i<0 || i>=r || j<0 || j>=c || g[i][j]!='1'){
```

```

        return;
    }
    g[i][j]='2';
    dfs(g,i,j-1);
    dfs(g,i-1,j);
    dfs(g,i,j+1);
    dfs(g,i+1,j);
}
}

```

## OUTPUT:



Time complexity:  $O(m \cdot n)$

## 7. Quick sort:

### CODE:

```

import java.util.*;
class quick_sort{
    static int parts(int[] a, int l, int h){
        int piv=a[h];
        int i=l-1;
        for(int j=l; j<=h-1; j++){
            if(a[j]<piv){
                i++;
                swap(a,i,j);
            }
        }
        swap(a,i+1,h);
        return i+1;
    }
    static void swap(int[] a, int i, int j){
        int t=a[i];
        a[i]=a[j];
        a[j]=t;
    }
    static void quicksort(int[] a, int l, int h){
        if(l<h){
            int pi=parts(a,l,h);
            quicksort(a,l,pi-1);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        quicksort(a,pi+1,h);
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args){
    int[] a={10,7,8,9,1,5};
    int n=a.length;
    quicksort(a,0,n-1);
    for(int v:a){
        System.out.print(v+" ");
    }
}
}

```

#### OUTPUT:

```

[Running] cd "c:\Data\Knowledge\DSA\Programs\Day_6\" && javac quick_sort.java && java quick_sort
1 5 7 8 9 10

```

Time Complexity:  $O(n \log n)$

### 8. Merge sort:

#### CODE:

```

class Solution
{
    void merge(int arr[], int l, int m, int r)
    {
        // Your code here
        int n1=m-l+1;
        int n2=r-m;
        int L[]=new int[n1];
        int R[]=new int[n2];
        for(int i=0;i<n1;++i)
            L[i]=arr[l+i];
        for(int j=0;j<n2;++j)
            R[j]=arr[m+1+j];
        int i=0,j=0;
        int k=l;
        while(i<n1 && j<n2){
            if(L[i]<=R[j]){
                arr[k]=L[i];
                i++;
            }else{
                arr[k]=R[j];
                j++;
            }
            k++;
        }
        while(i<n1){
            arr[k]=L[i];
            i++;
            k++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    while(j<n2){
        arr[k]=R[j];
        j++;
        k++;
    }
}
void mergeSort(int arr[], int l, int r)
{
    //code here
    if(l<r){
        int m=l+(r-l)/2;
        mergeSort(arr,l,m);
        mergeSort(arr,m+1,r);
        merge(arr,l,m,r);
    }
}
}

```

## OUTPUT:

The screenshot shows the GeeksforGeeks website interface for the Merge Sort practice problem. The 'Compilation Results' tab is active, displaying the following statistics:

- Test Cases Passed: 1115 / 1115
- Attempts: Correct / Total: 2 / 3
- Accuracy: 66%
- Time Taken: 1.53

The code editor shows the following Java code:

```

1 // Driver Code Ends
2
3
4
5
6
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21
22
23
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25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42 class Solution
43 {
44     // Your code here
45     void merge(int arr[], int l, int m, int r)
46     {
47         int n1=m-l+1;
48         int n2=r-m;
49         int l1=new int[n1];
50         int r1=new int[n2];
51         for(int i=0;i<n1;i++)
52             l1[i]=arr[l+i];
53         for(int j=0;j<n2;j++)
54             r1[j]=arr[m+1+j];
55         int i=0,j=0;
56         int k=l;
57         while(i<n1 && j<n2){
58             if(l1[i]<=r1[j]){
59                 arr[k]=l1[i];
60                 i++;
61             }
62             else{
63                 arr[k]=r1[j];
64                 j++;
65             }
66             k++;
67         }
68         while(i<n1) arr[k]=l1[i++];
69         while(j<n2) arr[k]=r1[j++];
70     }
71 }
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100

```

Time complexity:  $O(n \log n)$

## 9. Ternary search:

### CODE:

```

class ternary_search{
    static int ternarysearch(int l, int r, int k, int a[]){
        if(r>=l){
            int m1=l+(r-l)/3;
            int m2=r-(r-l)/3;
            if(a[m1]==k){
                return m1;
            }
            if(a[m2]==k){
                return m2;
            }
            if(k<a[m1]){
                return ternarysearch(l,m1-1,k,a);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        else if(k>a[m2]){
            return ternarysearch(m2+1,r,k,a);
        }
        else{
            return ternarysearch(m1+1,m2-1,k,a);
        }
    }
    return -1;
}

public static void main(String[] args){
    int l, r, p, k;
    int a[]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};
    l=0;
    r=9;
    k=5;
    p=ternarysearch(l,r,k,a);
    System.out.println("Index of "+k+" is "+p);
}
}

```

#### OUTPUT:

```

[Running] cd "c:\Data\Knowledge\DSA\Programs\Day_8\" && javac ternary_search.java && java
ternary_search
Index of 5 is 4

```

Time complexity:  $O(2 * \log n)$

#### 10. Interpolation search:

##### CODE:

```

import java.util.*;

class interpolation_search{
    public static int interpolationsearch(int[] a, int l, int h, int x){
        int pos;
        if(l<=h && x>=a[l] && x<=a[h]){
            pos=l+(((h-l)/(a[h]-a[l]))*(x-a[l]));
            if(a[pos]==x) return pos;
            if(a[pos]<x) return interpolationsearch(a,pos+1,h,x);
            if(a[pos]>x) return interpolationsearch(a,l,pos-1,x);
        }
        return -1;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args){
        int a[]={10,12,13,16,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,33,35,42,47};
        int n=a.length;
        int x=18;
        int ind=interpolationsearch(a,0,n-1,x);
        if(ind!=-1) System.out.println("Element found at index "+ind);
        else System.out.println("Element not found");
    }
}

```



## OUTPUT:

```
[Running] cd "c:\Data\Knowledge\DSA\Programs\Day_8\" && javac interpolation_search.java && java interpolation_search
Element found at index 4
```

Time complexity:  $O(\log(\log n))$

## 11. Word ladder 2:

### CODE:

```
class Solution {
    public ArrayList<ArrayList<String>> findSequences(String startWord,
                                                    String targetWord,
                                                    String[] wordList) {
        Set<String> wordSet = new HashSet<>(Arrays.asList(wordList));
        ArrayList<ArrayList<String>> result = new ArrayList<>();
        if (!wordSet.contains(targetWord)) return result;
        Queue<List<String>> queue = new LinkedList<>();
        queue.add(Arrays.asList(startWord));
        Set<String> usedOnLevel = new HashSet<>();
        usedOnLevel.add(startWord);
        boolean foundShortest = false;
        int level = 0;
        while (!queue.isEmpty() && !foundShortest) {
            int qSize = queue.size();
            level++;
            for (int i = 0; i < qSize; i++) {
                List<String> currentPath = queue.poll();
                String lastWord = currentPath.get(currentPath.size() - 1);
                for (int j = 0; j < lastWord.length(); j++) {
                    char[] charArray = lastWord.toCharArray();
                    for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++) {
                        charArray[j] = c;
                        String transformedWord = new String(charArray);
                        if (transformedWord.equals(targetWord)) {
                            foundShortest = true;
                            ArrayList<String> newPath = new ArrayList<>(currentPath);
                            newPath.add(transformedWord);
                            result.add(newPath);
                        }
                        if (wordSet.contains(transformedWord)) {
                            usedOnLevel.add(transformedWord);
                            ArrayList<String> newPath = new ArrayList<>(currentPath);
                            newPath.add(transformedWord);
                            queue.add(newPath);
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        for (String word : usedOnLevel) {

```

```

        wordSet.remove(word);
    }
    usedOnLevel.clear();
}
return result;
}
}

```

**OUTPUT:**

The screenshot shows the GeeksforGeeks website interface for the 'Word Ladder II' problem. The 'Output Window' is open, displaying 'Compilation Results' for a submission by 'Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)'. The results indicate that the problem was solved successfully, with 202 out of 202 test cases passed, 1 out of 2 attempts correct, an accuracy of 50%, 8 out of 8 points scored, and a time taken of 0.35 seconds. The user's total score is 49. The code editor on the right shows a Java solution for the problem.

Time complexity:  $O(n * m^2)$

## 12. Tic tac toe:

**CODE:**

```

class Solution {
    public boolean validTicTacToe(String[] board) {
        int[] arr=new int[2];
        boolean xwin=false,owin=false;
        int xdiag=0,odiag=0;
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
            int x=0,o=0;
            for(int j=0;j<3;j++){
                if(i==0){
                    if(board[i].charAt(j)=='X' && board[i+1].charAt(j)=='X' &&
board[i+2].charAt(j)=='X')xwin=true;
                    if(board[i].charAt(j)=='O' && board[i+1].charAt(j)=='O' &&
board[i+2].charAt(j)=='O')owin=true;
                }
                if(board[i].charAt(j)=='X'){
                    if(i==j)xdiag++;
                    arr[1]++;
                    x++;
                }
                else if(board[i].charAt(j)=='O'){
                    if(i==j)odiag++;
                    arr[0]++;
                    o++;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
if(o==3 && owin)return false;
if(owin && xwin)return false;
if(x==3)xwin=true;
else if(o==3)owin=true;
}

if(xdiag==3)xwin=true;
if(oddiag==3)owin=true;

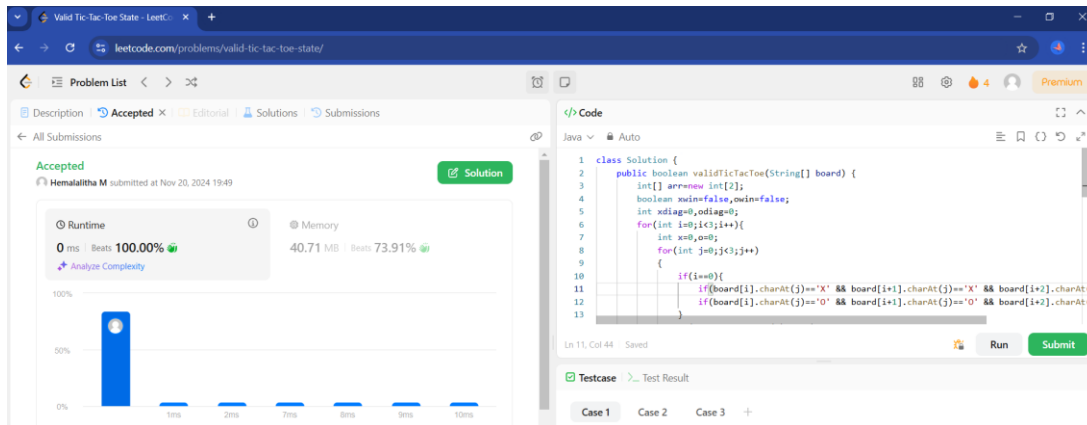
if(board[0].charAt(2)=='X' && board[1].charAt(1)=='X' &&
board[2].charAt(0)=='X')xwin=true;
if(board[0].charAt(2)=='O' && board[1].charAt(1)=='O' &&
board[2].charAt(0)=='O')owin=true;

if(arr[0]>=arr[1] && xwin || (arr[1]>arr[0] && owin))return false;
if(arr[0]>arr[1] || Math.abs(arr[0]-arr[1])>1)return false;

if(xwin&&owin) return false;
else return true;
}
}

```

## OUTPUT:



Time complexity:  $O(1)$