OCaml Syntax Cheatsheet

Basic Values and Types

```
(* Values *)
                    (* int *)
42
                   (* float *)
3.14
"hello"
                   (* string *)
'a'
                   (* char *)
                   (* bool *)
true
                   (* unit *)
( )
                   (* empty array *)
None
                   (* option *)
(* Type Annotations *)
let x: int = 42
let f (x: int) : string = string_of_int x
let g : int \rightarrow int = fun x \rightarrow x + 1
```

Variables and Functions

```
(* Let Bindings *)
let x = 42
let y = x + 1
let z =
 let temp = 10 in
 temp * 2
(* Functions *)
let add x y = x + y
let add2 = fun x y \rightarrow x + y
let add3 = (+) (* operator as function *)
(* Recursive Functions *)
let rec factorial n =
  if n = 0 then 1
  else n * factorial (n - 1)
(* Mutual Recursion *)
let rec even n =
 if n = 0 then true
  else odd (n-1)
and odd n =
 if n = 0 then false
  else even (n-1)
```

Pattern Matching

```
(* Basic Match with Options *)
let extract_value = function
 | Some x -> x
  | None -> 0
(* Match with Lists *)
let describe list = function
  | [] -> "empty"
  | [x] -> "singleton"
  | x::xs -> "non-empty"
(* Match with Tuples *)
let describe_point = function
  | (0, 0) -> "origin"
  |(x, 0)| \rightarrow \text{"on } x-axis"
  | (0, y) -> "on y-axis"
  | (x, y) -> "other"
(* Guards with Complex Conditions *)
let grade score =
  match score with
  \mid n when n >= 90 -> "A"
  | n \text{ when } n >= 80 -> "B"
  \mid n when n >= 70 \rightarrow "C"
  \mid n when n >= 60 -> "D"
  _ -> "F"
(* Guards with Multiple Patterns *)
let describe_number n =
  match n with
  | 0 -> "zero"
  | n when n mod 2 = 0 \rightarrow "even"
  \mid n when n > 100 -> "large odd"
  | _ -> "small odd"
(* Pattern Matching with Variants *)
type payment = Cash | Card of string | Check of int
let process_payment = function
  | Cash -> "processing cash"
  | Card num when String.length num = 16 -> "processing card"
  | Card _ -> "invalid card"
  | Check n when n > 0 -> "processing check"
  | Check _ -> "invalid check"
```

Data Structures

```
(* Lists *)
let empty = []
```

```
let numbers = [1; 2; 3]
let combined = 0 :: numbers
1 :: 2 :: 3 :: [] (* cons operator *)
List.hd numbers
                     (* head *)
List.tl numbers (* tail *)
List.length numbers (* length *)
let concat = [1;2] @ [3;4] (* concatenation *)
(* Tuples *)
let pair = (1, "one")
let triple = (1, "one", true)
let (x, y) = pair (* destructuring *)
(* Records *)
type person = {
 name: string;
 age: int;
 mutable location: string; (* mutable field *)
let bob = { name = "Bob"; age = 25; location = "NY" }
let name = bob.name (* field access *)
bob.location <- "LA" (* mutable field update *)</pre>
(* Variants *)
type shape =
  | Circle of float
  | Rectangle of float * float
let area = function
  | Circle r -> 3.14 *. r *. r
  | Rectangle (w, h) \rightarrow w * h
```

Options and Results

```
(* Option Type *)
type 'a option = None | Some of 'a
let safe_div x y =
   if y = 0 then None
   else Some (x / y)

(* Result Type *)
type ('a, 'e) result = Ok of 'a | Error of 'e
let safe_div x y =
   if y = 0 then Error "Division by zero"
   else Ok (x / y)
```

Modules and Functors

```
(* Module Definition *)
module Math = struct
```

```
let add x y = x + y
  let sub x y = x - y
end
(* Module Signature *)
module type MATH = sig
  val add : int -> int -> int
  val sub : int -> int -> int
end
(* Module with Signature *)
module SafeMath : MATH = Math
(* Module Usage *)
let sum = Math.add 2 3
let open Math in add 2 3 (* local open *)
(* Functor Definition *)
module type Comparable = sig
  type t
  val compare : t -> t -> int
module MakeSet (Item: Comparable) = struct
 type elt = Item.t
 type t = elt list
  (* ... *)
end
```

Operators

```
(* Arithmetic *)
     (* int addition *)
     (* float addition *)
     (* int subtraction *)
     (* float subtraction *)
    (* int multiplication *)
*
    (* float multiplication *)
*.
   (* int division *)
/
    (* float division *)
/.
(* Comparison *)
     (* structural equality *)
     (* physical equality *)
     (* structural inequality *)
<>
!=
   (* physical inequality *)
    (* less than *)
<
<= (* less than or equal *)
    (* greater than *)
>
   (* greater than or equal *)
```

```
(* Boolean *)
&& (* and *)
|| (* or *)
not (* not *)

(* List *)
@ (* list concatenation *)
:: (* cons operator *)
```