	ext(file, dtype=float, d um and minimum values in # Maximum value in the a # Minimum value in the a elts alue element:", mx) alue element:", mn)	array					
arr = np.genfromt # Flatten the arr arr = arr.flatter	the CSV file into a Numext(file, dtype=float, decay to convert it to a 1 n()  nts of the 1-D array in	1-D array	eader er=1, names= <b>True</b> , encoding=l	None)			
( 172., 55.) (     ( 222., 26.) (     ( 322., 26.) (     ( 32., 29.) (     ( 332., 29.) (     ( 37., 37.) (     ( 42., 66.) (     ( 47., 54.) (     ( 52., 21.) (     ( 56., 84.) (     ( 67., 63.) (     ( 77., 77.) (     ( 82., 84.) (     ( 97., 53.) (     ( 92., 42.) (     ( 97., 53.) (     ( 92., 42.) (     ( 107., 42.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 76.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 91.) (     ( 112., 95.) (     ( 113., 82.) (     ( 147., 95.) (     ( 152., 56.) (     ( 157., 87.) (     ( 162., 40.) (     ( 167., 63.) (     ( 172., 25.) (     ( 177., 12.) (     ( 187., 75.) (     ( 192., 44.) (     ( 197., 12.) (     ( 197., 12.) (     ( 197., 12.) (     ( 197., 12.) (     ( 202., 55.) (     ( 207., 57.) (     ( 212., 23.) (     ( 221., 94.) (     ( 232., 93.) (     ( 237., 93.) (     ( 242., 69.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 252., 27.) (     ( 302., 85.) (     ( 337., 83.) (     ( 347., 69.) (     ( 327., 85.) (     ( 337., 83.) (     ( 347., 69.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 252., 70.) (     ( 267., 60.) (     ( 372., 87.) (     ( 442., 100.) (     ( 442., 100.) (     ( 442., 100.) (     ( 447., 15.) (     ( 442., 100.) (     ( 447., 15.) (     ( 562., 74.) (     ( 5	28.         99.         ()         29.         22.           33.         67.         ()         34.         25.           48.         96.         ()         39.         26.           48.         96.         ()         39.         26.           55.         160.         ()         54.         59.           55.         160.         ()         54.         59.           68.         28.         ()         69.         28.           73.         75.         ()         74.         29.           98.         93.         ()         64.         72.           98.         94.         ()         99.         73.           98.         94.         ()         99.         74.           98.         98.         ()         194.         99.           18.         76.         ()         194.         99.           18.         76.         ()         194.         94.           18.         76.         ()         194.         94.           18.         76.         ()         194.         94.           18.         76.         () <th>      280.   42.     286.           280.   63.     36.           280.   63.     36.         380.   63.     381.         380.   63.     381.         380.   55.     381.         380.   55.     381.         380.   58.     391.  </th> <th>52.) 28.) 66.) 55.) 662.) 661.) 67.) 67.) 75.) 681.) 97.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	280.   42.     286.           280.   63.     36.           280.   63.     36.         380.   63.     381.         380.   63.     381.         380.   55.     381.         380.   55.     381.         380.   58.     391.	52.) 28.) 66.) 55.) 662.) 661.) 67.) 67.) 75.) 681.) 97.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19.) 19				
<pre>( 992., 6.) (   ( 997., 95.) (  import numpy as r  # Specify the CSN file = "book1.csN  # Load data from arr = np.genfrom  # Flatten the arr arr = arr.flatter  # Sort the element arr.sort()</pre>	993., 12.) ( 994., 51 998., 29.) ( 999., 65 hp  / file path /"  the CSV file into a Num ext(file, dtype=float, company to convert it to a 1	mPy array, skipping the redelimiter='\t', skip_head	eader				
( 995., 27.) (     (995., 30.) (     (996., 30.) (     (996., 30.) (     (985., 36.) (     (970., 40.) (     (965., 56.) (     (866., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (865., 56.) (     (866., 56.) (     (866., 56.) (     (966., 56.)	999., 54.) ( 993., 12 999., 54.) ( 993., 2 989., 54.) ( 983., 2 989., 12.) ( 983., 2 984., 12.) ( 983., 3 974., 52.) ( 973., 3 974., 52.) ( 973., 3 989., 33.) ( 968., 5 959., 12.) ( 958., 15 959., 12.) ( 958., 15 959., 12.) ( 958., 15 959., 12.) ( 988., 2 939., 43.) ( 938., 8 939., 43.) ( 938., 8 939., 43.) ( 938., 8 939., 43.) ( 938., 8 939., 19.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 983., 10 989., 12.) ( 883., 49 989., 12.) ( 893., 8 989., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98., 12.) ( 883., 49 98.,	2.0 ( 802., 5.) ( 801., 38.) ( 794., 38.) ( 797., 38.) ( 798., 38.) ( 798., 38.) ( 798., 38.) ( 798., 38.) ( 798., 38.) ( 798., 38.) ( 798., 38.) ( 788., 38.) ( 788., 38.) ( 788., 38.) ( 786., 38.) (	83.) 61.) 44.) 49.) 41.) 69.) 52.) 88.) 76.) 88.) 77.) 88.) 78.) 95.) 95.) 95.) 95.) 96.) 12.) 88.) 78.) 61.) 79.) 88.) 78.) 61.) 79.) 88.) 78.) 88.) 78.) 98.) 98.) 98.) 98.) 98.) 98.) 98.) 9				
<pre>( 15., 34.) (   ( 10., 82.) (       ( 5., 85.) (  import numpy as r  # Specify the pate file1 = "book1.cs file2 = "book2.cs file3 = "book3.cs  # Load data from arr1 = np.genfrom arr1 = np.genfrom arr3 = np.genfrom arr3 = np.genfrom # Calculate the r mean_arr = np.arr # Print the means</pre>	14., 6.) ( 13., 4 9., 83.) ( 8., 86 4., 34.) ( 3., 24   ths to the CSV files  sv"  the CSV files into NumP  ntxt(file1, dtype=float, ntxt(file2, dtype=float, ntxt(file3, dtype=float, means of each array ray([arr1.mean(),arr2.me	Py arrays, skipping the hand delimiter=None, skip_he	47.) 17.) eader ader=1)				
Means of Arrays:  import numpy as r import sys import cv2 from matplotlib if  # Read the image image = cv2.imrea  # Convert the image image_rgb = cv2.c  # Convert the image arr = np.array(in	[274.533 50.79422  import pyplot as plt  using OpenCV ad('a.png')  age from BGR to RGB cold cvtColor(image, cv2.COLO age to a NumPy array mage_rgb)  age using Matplotlib						
# Show the image plt.show()							
# Read the color image = cv2.imrea # Convert the color gray_img = np.mea # Store the grays arr = np.array(gray # Display the gray plt.imshow(arr, color)	import pyplot as plt  image using OpenCV ad('a.png')  lor image to grayscale usin(image, axis=-1, dtypenscale image in a NumPy aray_img)  ayscale image using mate cmap='gray')  labels for better visual	array olotlib					
plt.show()							
# Read the color image = cv2.imrea # Convert the col gray_image = np.n # Store the grays arr1 = np.array(g # Transpose X to arr2 = arr1.T	import pyplot as plt  image using OpenCV ad('a.png') lor image to grayscale unean(image, axis=2, dtypensed image in a NumPy argray_image) get Y  multiplication to get Zer1, arr2)  arr3, sep='\n')  6 44 78] 1 58 36]	array					
·	0 64 46] 0 51 82]] 1 83 69] 1 83 69] 1 83 69] 1 70 69] 1 64 51] 2 46 82]] 1 12 181 43] 4 102 94] 173 13 241] 56 196 40] 196 228 0] 40 0 169]]						
# Convert the gragay_image_list = gray_image_list = # Timing matrix m start_time_simple # Transpose matri transposed = [[gragate # Initialize a re result_simple =   # Perform matrix for row in range for col in range for k in result	ad('a.png')  age to grayscale  an(image, axis=2, dtype=  ayscale image to a list  gray_img.tolist()  multiplication using a se  e = time.time()  ix using list comprehens  ray_image_list[col][row]  esult matrix with zeros  [[0 for _ in range(len(tol)) and tolor in	<pre>(for the simple approach simple approach  sion ] for col in range(len(gr transposed[0]))] for _ ir hree nested loops ): cgray_image_list[row][k] *</pre>	ay_image_list))] <b>for</b> row : range(len(gray_image_lis		e_list[0]))]		
# Timing matrix m start_time_numpy  # Perform matrix result_numpy = np elapsed_time_nump  # Print elapsed to print(f"Elapsed to print(f"Elapsed to print(f"Elapsed to print(f"Elapsed to the for Elapsed time for Elapsed time for import matplotlib import cv2  # Path to the image image = 'a.png'  # Read the image	multiplication using Num = time.time()  multiplication using Num o.dot(gray_img, gray_img  by = time.time() - start  time for NumPy and the staine for NumPy: {elapsed time for the simple appr  NumPy: 0.43569684028625 the simple approach: 18  o.pyplot as plt	umPy g.T)  t_time_numpy  simple approach  d_time_numpy} seconds")  roach: {elapsed_time_simp  649 seconds  86.00166749954224 seconds	Le} seconds")				
# Create a histogplt.hist(grayscal # Set the title oplt.title('Pixel # Set labels for plt.xlabel('Pixel plt.ylabel('Frequent # Display the his plt.show()  0.12 -  0.08 -	gram of pixel intensitie Le_img.flatten(), bins=2  of the histogram plot Intensity Histogram')  X and Y axes L Intensity') Juency')  Stogram plot	es	ity= <b>True</b> , color='gray', a	lpha=0.7)			
	o.pyplot as plt ayscale image cale image using OpenCV	150 200 ntensity	250				
<pre># Define coordina top_left = (100, bottom_right = (2) # Create a black- cv2.rectangle(arm # Display the ima plt.imshow(arr, compare)</pre>	(image, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYS) ates for the top-left and 40) 200, 70) -filled rectangle on the r, top_left, bottom_righ	e grayscale image nt, (0, 0, 0), thickness					
# Show the image		transform it into the bi	narized image with thresho	olds: [50, 70, 100, 150	]. Let the binarize	d images are stored in	n Z50, Z70, Z100,
# Show the image plt.show()  #Using the grayso import cv2 import matplotlik # Path to the grayso	o.pyplot <b>as</b> plt						
#Show the image plt.show()  #Using the grayso import cv2 import matplotlik # Path to the graying arr = cv2.imread # Define thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = [50, # Binarize th	o.pyplot as plt  ayscale image  cale image using OpenCV (image, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYS)  Id values for binarizati 70, 100, 150]  mage with different three sholds[0]).astype('uint8 esholds[1]).astype('uint8 esholds[2]).astype('uint8 esholds[3]).astype('uint8 esholds[3]).astype('uint8).astype('uin	esholds 3') * 255 3') * 255 t8') * 255 t8') * 255					
# Show the image plt.show()  #Using the grayso import cv2 import matplotlik # Path to the gray image = 'a.png' # Read the grayso arr = cv2.imread # Define thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = 'arr thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image = [50, # Binarize the imag	cale image using OpenCV (image, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYS  Id values for binarizati 70, 100, 150]  mage with different three sholds[0]).astype('uint8 esholds[1]).astype('uint8 esholds[2]).astype('uint8 esholds[3]).astype('uint8 esholds	esholds 3') * 255 3') * 255 t8') * 255 t8') * 255					
# Show the image plt.show()  #Using the grayso import cv2 import matplotling image = 'a.png'  # Path to the gray image = 'a.png'  # Read the grayso arr = cv2.imreado  # Define thresholds = [50, # Binarize the image of the completed image im	p.pyplot as plt  ayscale image  cale image using OpenCV (image, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYS)  Id values for binarizati cale image with different three sholds[0]).astype('uint8 sholds[1]).astype('uint8 sholds[2]).astype('uint8 sesholds[3]).astype('uint8 sesholds[3]).astype('u	esholds 3') * 255 3') * 255 t8') * 255 t8') * 255	50	Threshold 70			
#Using the grayso import cv2 import matplotlit # Path to the grayso arr = cv2.imreado # Define threshol thresholds = [50, # Binarize the in Z50 = (arr> thres Z70 = (arr> thres Z100 = (	p.pyplot as plt  ayscale image  cale image using OpenCV (image, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYS  Id values for binarizati (70, 100, 150)  mage with different three sholds[0]).astype('uinte sholds[1]).astype('uinte sholds[3]).astype('uinte sholds[3]).astype('uinte iginal and binarized image (12, 8))  (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9	esholds 31) * 255 31) * 255 181) * 255 181) * 255 181) * 255 1819  Threshold	50	Threshold 150	ter to each pixel v	alue in the image. Dis	splay the image at